



University of Groningen

Visualizing multidimensional data similarities

Rodrigues Oliveira da Silva, Renato

IMPORTANT NOTE: You are advised to consult the publisher's version (publisher's PDF) if you wish to cite from it. Please check the document version below.

Document Version Publisher's PDF, also known as Version of record

Publication date: 2016

Link to publication in University of Groningen/UMCG research database

Citation for published version (APA):

Rodrigues Oliveira da Silva, R. (2016). Visualizing multidimensional data similarities: Improvements and applications. [Thesis fully internal (DIV), University of Groningen]. University of Groningen.

Other than for strictly personal use, it is not permitted to download or to forward/distribute the text or part of it without the consent of the author(s) and/or copyright holder(s), unless the work is under an open content license (like Creative Commons).

The publication may also be distributed here under the terms of Article 25fa of the Dutch Copyright Act, indicated by the "Taverne" license. More information can be found on the University of Groningen website: https://www.rug.nl/library/open-access/self-archiving-pure/taverneamendment.

If you believe that this document breaches copyright please contact us providing details, and we will remove access to the work immediately and investigate your claim.

Downloaded from the University of Groningen/UMCG research database (Pure): http://www.rug.nl/research/portal. For technical reasons the number of authors shown on this cover page is limited to 10 maximum.

Download date: 21-01-2023

PROPOSITIONS

accompanying the PhD thesis

VISUALIZING MULTIDIMENSIONAL DATA SIMILARITIES IMPROVEMENTS AND APPLICATIONS

by

RENATO RODRIGUES OLIVEIRA DA SILVA

- 1. The success of any visualization depends on its ability to provide access to information, so that the user may gain knowledge.
- 2. Visualizations are important tools to provide useful insights in data and to communicate. But like words, they can also lie.
- 3. The lack of a clear and intuitive meaning of which dimensions influence a projection is a major drawback for its interpretation. The same holds for similarity trees.
- 4. Interactive explanatory tools can help on the challenge of interpreting multidimensional projection layouts by means of the data's original attributes. However, they have a different nature, and thus offer a possibly deceiving point of view on the data.
- 5. Trees and graphs are flexible and powerful tools to reflect similarity present in multidimensional data.
- 6. Data aggregations can improve the visual and computational scalability of visualizations, by trading precision for generality.
- 7. Edge bundling techniques trade clutter for overdraw to depict a graph's main edge patterns. Their descriptive power is enhanced by including multiscale capabilities.
- 8. There is no universal truth. The same fact may have different interpretations, depending of the ability, experience, and also the culture of the observer.
- The period that yields more knowledge and experience is also the hardest of one's life.