



University of Groningen

Qualitative and Quantitative Comparison of Curve and Surface Skeletons - A State of the Art Review

Sobiecki, Andre; Jalba, Andre C.; Telea, Alexandru C.

Published in: Proceedings ISMM

IMPORTANT NOTE: You are advised to consult the publisher's version (publisher's PDF) if you wish to cite from it. Please check the document version below.

Document Version Final author's version (accepted by publisher, after peer review)

Publication date: 2013

Link to publication in University of Groningen/UMCG research database

Citation for published version (APA): Sobiecki, A., Jalba, A. C., & Telea, A. C. (2013). Qualitative and Quantitative Comparison of Curve and Surface Skeletons - A State of the Art Review. In *Proceedings ISMM* (pp. 452-439). Springer.

Copyright

Other than for strictly personal use, it is not permitted to download or to forward/distribute the text or part of it without the consent of the author(s) and/or copyright holder(s), unless the work is under an open content license (like Creative Commons).

The publication may also be distributed here under the terms of Article 25fa of the Dutch Copyright Act, indicated by the "Taverne" license. More information can be found on the University of Groningen website: https://www.rug.nl/library/open-access/self-archiving-pure/taverneamendment.

Take-down policy

If you believe that this document breaches copyright please contact us providing details, and we will remove access to the work immediately and investigate your claim.

Downloaded from the University of Groningen/UMCG research database (Pure): http://www.rug.nl/research/portal. For technical reasons the number of authors shown on this cover page is limited to 10 maximum.

Qualitative and Quantitative Comparison of Curve and Surface Skeletons – A State of the Art Review

Author listingAndré Sobiecki, Institute Johann Bernoulli, University of Groningen, <u>a.sobiecki@rug.nl</u>
Andrei Jalba, Dept. of Math. and Computer Science, TU Eindhoven <u>a.c.jalba@tue.nl</u>
Alexandru Telea, Institute Johann Bernoulli, University of Groningen, <u>a.c.telea@rug.nl</u>

Key words Curve and surface skeletons, shape analysis, shape representation

3D shape skeletons are useful in many fields such as shape representation, shape matching and animation. Both curve and surface skeletons can be extracted by a variety of methods that work on either polygonal mesh or voxel representations. However, the latest extensive comparison of such methods dates from 2007 [1].

In this work, we compare six mesh-based curve-skeletonization methods and ten voxel-based curve- and surface-skeletonization methods along criteria proposed in [1]: homotopy, invariance, thinness, centeredness, smoothness, detail preservation, and resolution robustness. Most tested methods were not included in [1]. Besides this qualitative comparison, we also propose a quantitative comparison based on the Haussdorff distance. Thereby, we extend our earlier work [2] which compared only mesh-based curve skeletonization methods qualitatively. All methods were tested on the same platform, for input volume resolutions ranging from 128³ to 1000³ voxels, and mesh resolutions from 10K to 500K faces respectively.

Figures 1 and 2 show a selection of our results. These show that, despite recent advances in the field, the fundamental robustness problem of skeletons is still open. Also, different methods produce significantly different skeletons from the same input. Both these observations apply to curve and surface, as well as to mesh-based and voxel-based skeletonization methods. This supports the claim that further fundamental and applied research is needed in the skeletonization field.

^[1] N. Cornea, D. Silver and P. Min (2007) *Curve-Skeleton Properties, Applications and Algorithms*, IEEE TVCG 13(3):530-548.

^[2] A. Sobiecki, H. Yasan, A. Jalba, and A. Telea (2013) *Qualitative Comparison of Contraction-based Curve Skeletonization Methods*. In Proc. ISMM, Springer LNCS 7883, 452-439



Figure 1: Skeleton comparison: (a) Tagliasacchi et al, 2009; (b) Cao *et al.*, 2010; (c) Arcelli *et al.*, 2011; (d) Siddiqi et *al.*, 2002; (e) surface skeletons, Reniers *et al.*, 2008; (f) Hesselink and Roerdink, 2009.



Figure 2: Skeleton comparison (cont.): (a) Palagyi *et al.*, 1999; (b) Liu *et al.*, 2010; (c) curve skeletons, Ju *et al.*, 2006; (d) curve skeletons, Reniers *et al.*, 2008; (e) surface skeletons, Ju *et al.*, 2006;