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Drug Discovery: Towards the Synthesis of Novel CDK2-Spy1 Inhibitors

Aiyireti (Dina) Dilinaer
dilinae@uwindsor.ca

Dr. John J. Hayward
Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, University of Windsor

Daniel Meister
Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, University of Windsor

Samra Khan

Lavleen Mader
University of Windsor

See next page for additional authors

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Submitter and Co-author information

Aiyireti (Dina) Dilinaer, Dr. John J. Hayward, Daniel Meister, Samra Khan, Lavleen Mader, and Dr. John F. Trant



Drug Discovery: Towards The Synthesis of Novel CDK2-Spy1 Inhibitors



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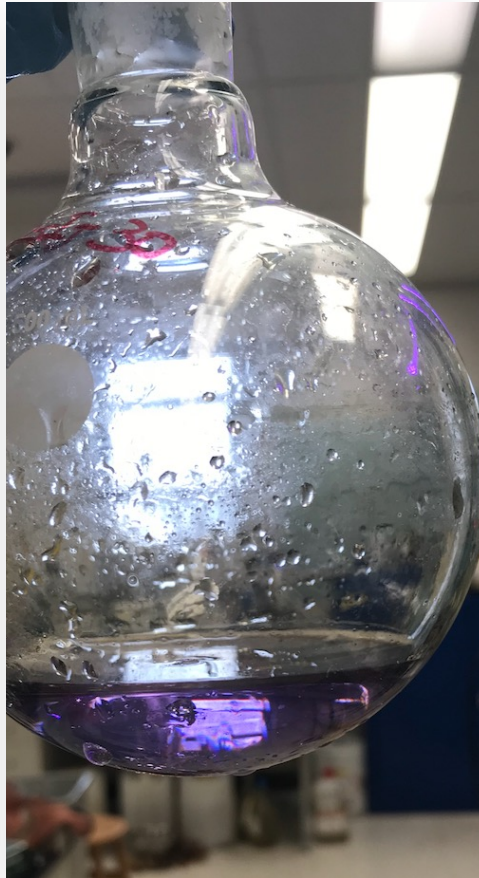
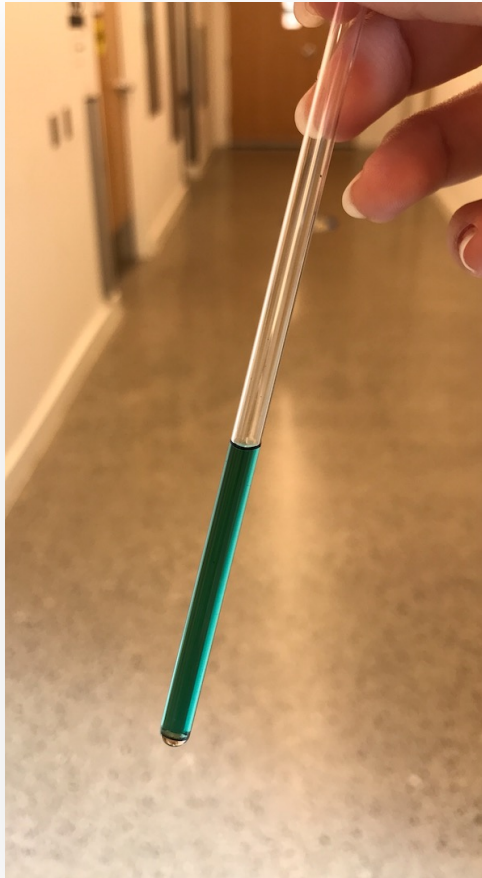
Mar 26th, 2022



University of Windsor



About Me...

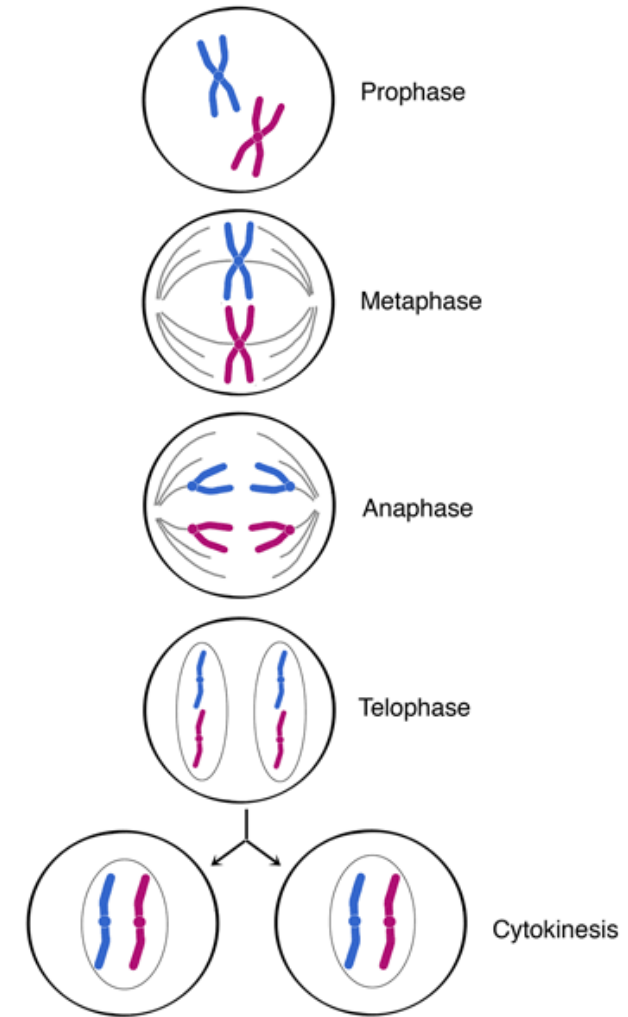
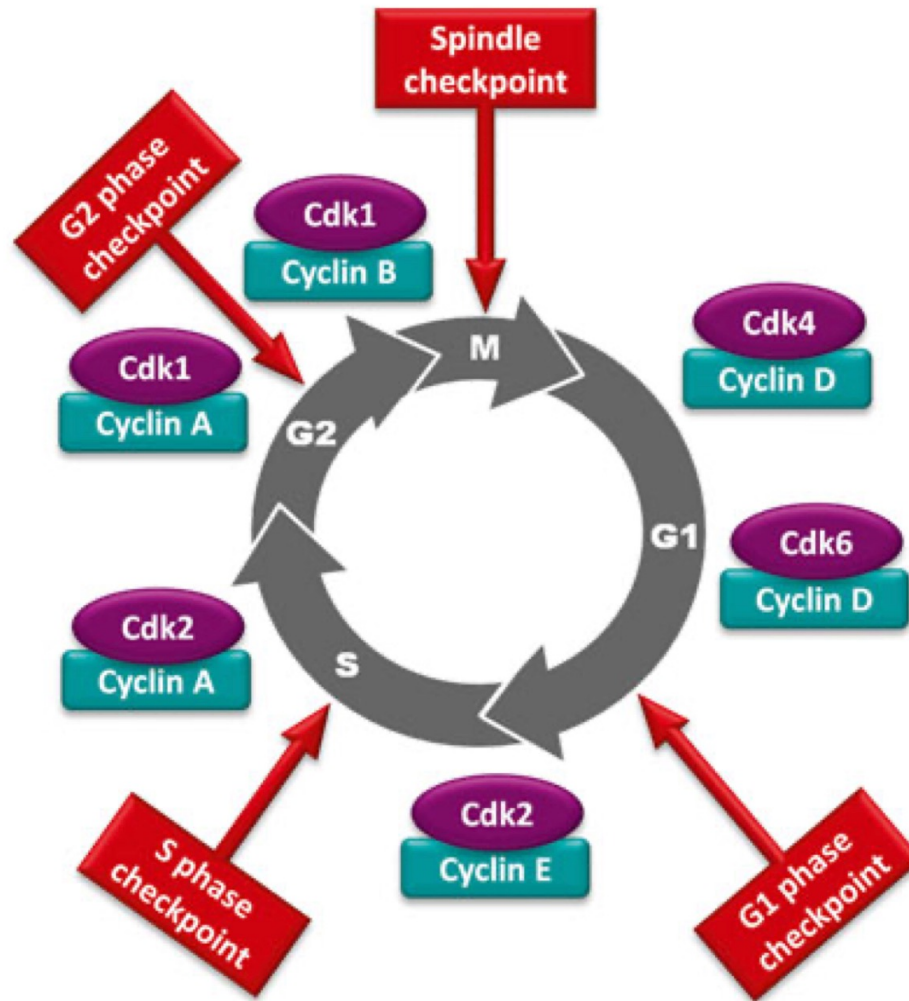


- 4th year Honours Chemistry
- Organic chemistry and total synthesis
- Uyghur international student from Xinjiang
- Supervisor: Dr. John F. Trant



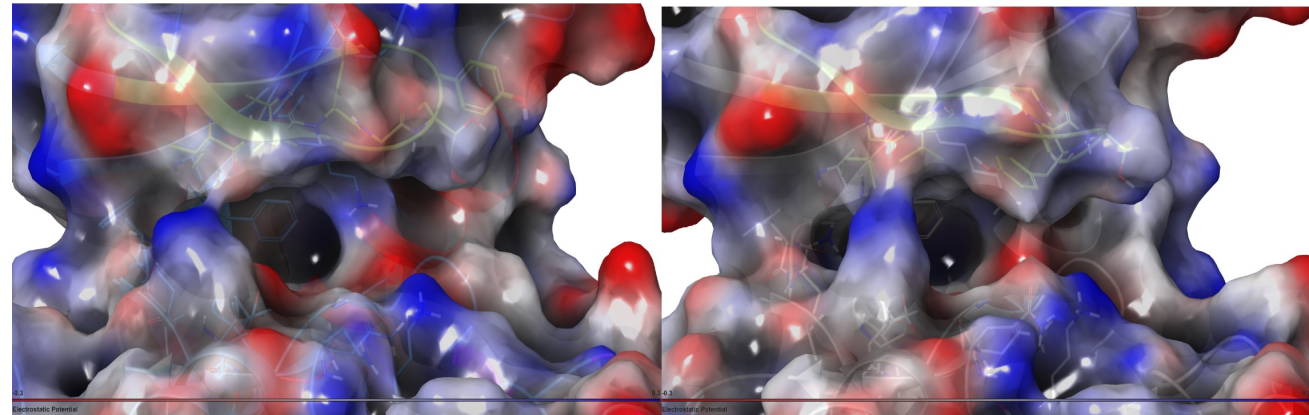
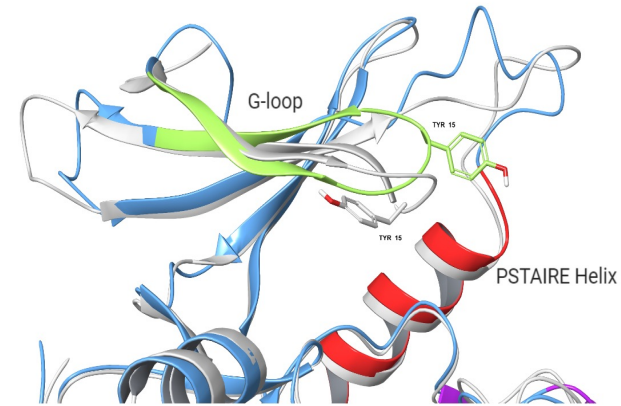
Proteins In Cell Regulation

- CDKs and Cyclins: regulates cell proliferation
- Unregulated CDK complexes lead to uncontrolled cell growth = cancer
- Existing treatments target CDK/Cyclin complexes cause cytotoxicity due to lack of selectivity



A New Target

- CDK2-Spy1 complex: partner in crime
- Practicality: non-essential protein
- Not been selectively targeted before in terms of CKI (cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor) therapy
- Current CKIs show decreased affinity to CDK2-Spy1 complex
- Selectivity due to difference in active site conformation

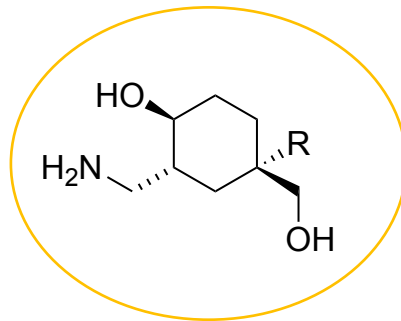


CDK2-Cyclin A

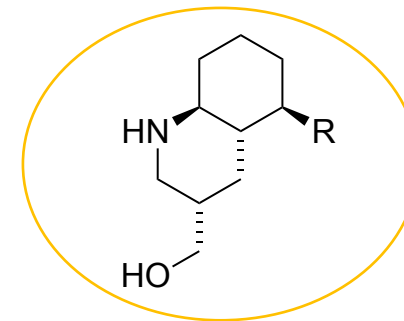
CDK2-Spy1

Current Focus

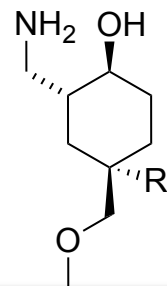
- Synthesis of alcohol moieties based on computational work
- Methodology developed by previous members of Trant Team



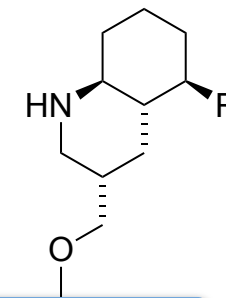
target #1



target #2



Purine core

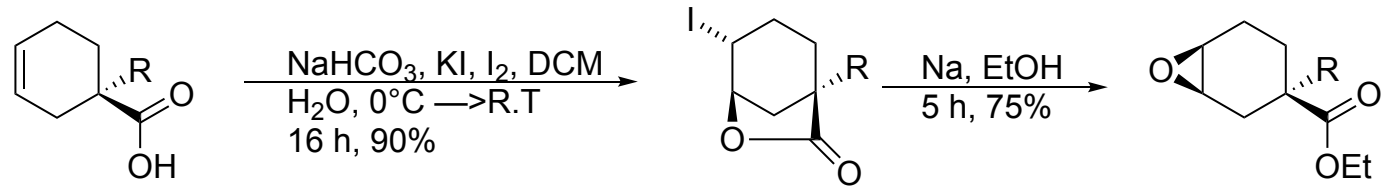


Purine core



Target #1: Smooth Sailing

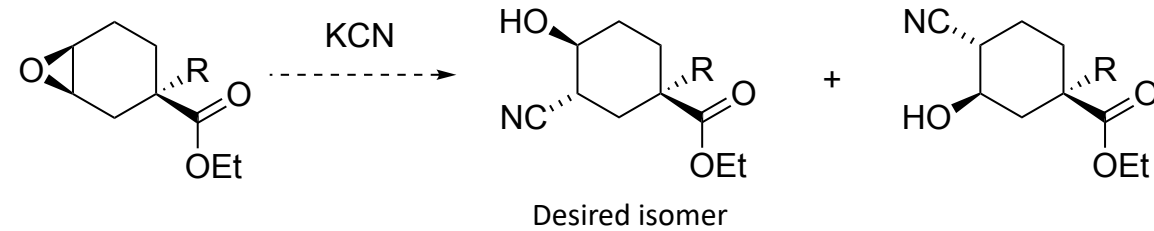
- Iodolactonization
- Epoxidation



Base Equiv.	Base	Solvent	Time	Product Yield
1.2	2M NaOH aq.	EtOH	5 h	0%
1.2	NaOH	EtOH	5 h	31%
1.2	Na	EtOH	5 h	75%



Target #1: Bottleneck



- Solubility issue of cyanide
- Computational work indicates regioselective ring opening is difficult to achieve
- IR, ^1H NMR, ^{13}C NMR, 2D NMR used

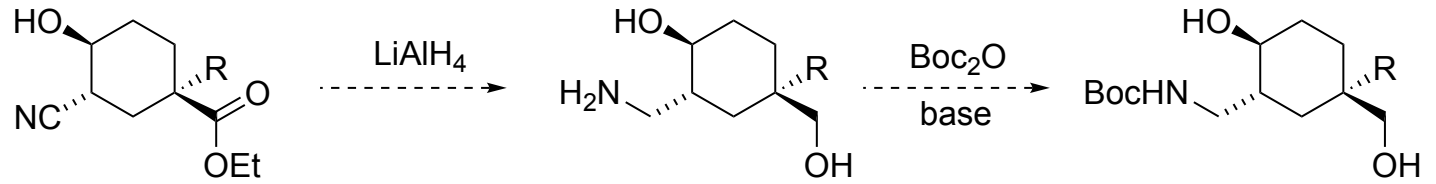
Cyanide source	Cyanide Equiv.	Temperature	18-Crown-6 Equiv.	Acid Source	Acid Equiv.	Solvent	Time	Product Yield
TMSCN	1.1	0 °C → R.T.	-----	LaCl ₃ ·7H ₂ O	0.15	DCM	48 h	0%
TMSCN	1.1	0 °C → R.T.	-----	LaCl ₃	0.15	DCM	48 h	0%
TBACN	1.1	0 °C → 40 °C	-----	-----	-----	TFE	120 h	0%
KCN	1.1	0 °C → 40 °C	0.55	-----	-----	TFE	120 h	0%
KCN	2.2	0 °C → 40 °C	1.1	-----	-----	TFE	120 h	0%
KCN	1.1	0 °C → 40 °C	1.21	-----	-----	MeCN	120 h	0%
KCN*	3.5	0 °C → 40 °C	3.6	-----	-----	HMPA/DME/DMF	120 h	0%
KCN*	3.5	0 °C → 120 °C	3.6	NH ₄ Cl	1.0	HMPA/DME/DMF	120 h	0%
KCN	1.5	0 °C → 80 °C	-----	NH ₄ Cl	1.0	H ₂ O	16 h	29%

*TBAI was added for these reactions



Currently:

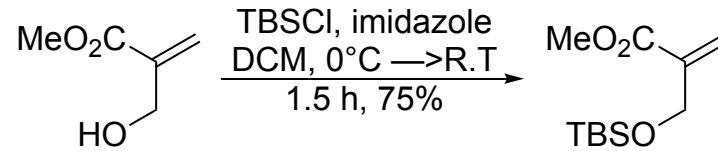
- Fieser workup
- Polarity issue
- Purification





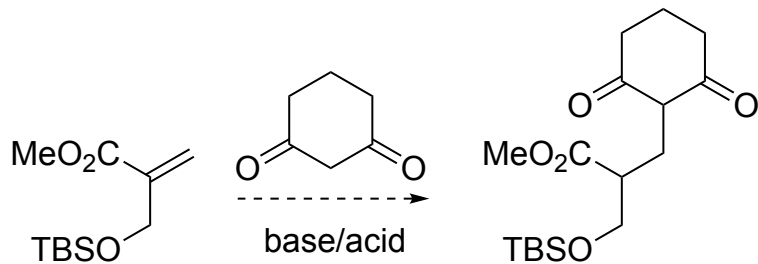
Target #2: Also Smooth Sailing

- TBS protection
- Reduced reaction time
- Simple purification





Target #2: Also... Bottleneck



- Impurity in ketone starting material
- Decomposition of compounds at high temperature
- Difficulty in extraction
- Low mass recovery

Substrate	Base/Acid	Base/Acid Equiv.	Temperature**	Ketone Equiv.	Solvent	Time	Product Yield
R-OH	NaOH	1.0	R.T.	1.2	H ₂ O	144 h	SM recovered
R-OH	Na	1.2	R.T.	1.2	EtOH	144 h	0%
R-OH	Na	2.4	R.T.	1.2	EtOH	144 h	0%
R-OH	NaH	1.2	R.T. → 80 °C	1.3	DMSO	22 h	0%
R-OH	K ₂ CO ₃	2.0	R.T. → 80 °C	1.2	DMSO	22 h	0%
R-OH	BF ₃ ·OEt ₂	1	R.T.	1.0	THF	22 h	0%
R-OH	BF ₃ ·OEt ₂	0.1	R.T.	1.0	THF	22 h	SM recovered
R	NaH	1.2	R.T. → 80 °C	1.3	DMSO	22 h	0%
R	K ₂ CO ₃	2.0	R.T. → 80 °C	1.2	DMSO	22 h	0%
R-OTBS	NaH	0.8	R.T. → 80 °C	0.8	DMSO	22 h	0%
R-OTBS	NEt ₃	2.0	80 °C	1.2	DMSO	96 h	0%
R-OTBS	DBU	2.0	80 °C	1.2	DMSO	96 h	0%
R-OTBS	NEt ₃	2.0	R.T.	1.2	DCE	48 h	SM recovered
R-OTBS	NEt ₃	2.0	R.T.	1.2	THF	48 h	SM recovered
R-OTBS	DBU	2.0	R.T.	1.2	THF	48 h	SM recovered
R-OTBS	KHMDS	2.0	R.T.	1.2	THF	144 h	0%
R-OTBS	LiHMDS	2.0	R.T.	1.2	THF	144 h	0%
R-OTBS	LDA	1.2	R.T.	1.2	THF	48 h	SM recovered

*R = methyl acrylate

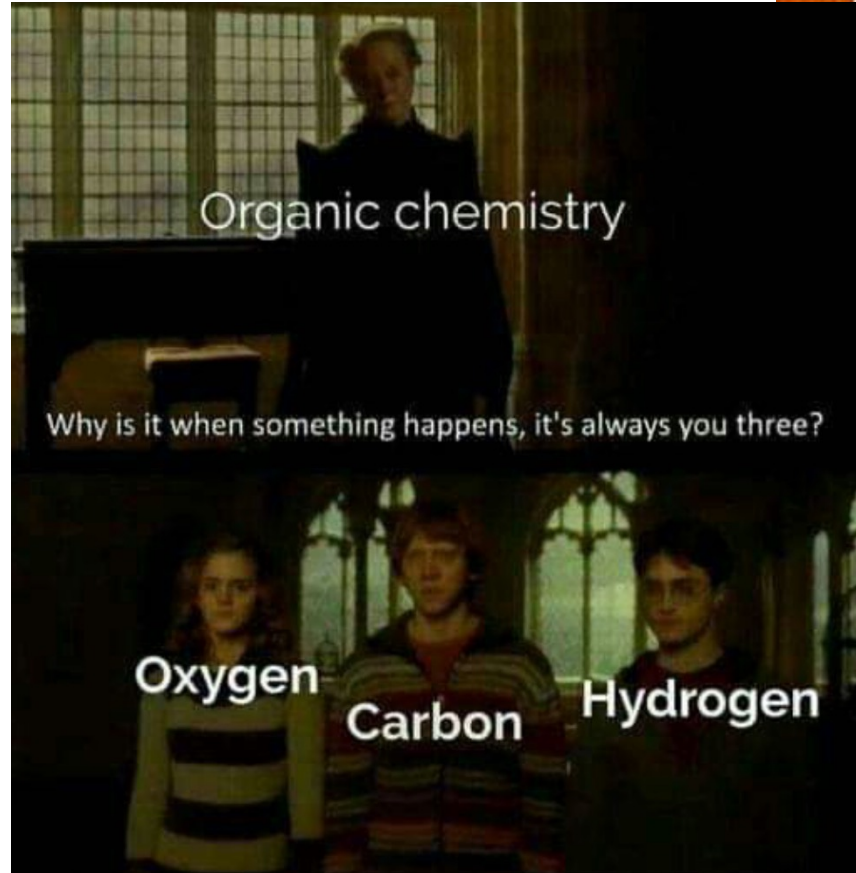
**For R.T. → 80 °C temperature change, the first 16 h is done at R.T. and the last 6 h is done at 80 °C





Next Step In The Journey

- Reduction of cyanation product
- Link to the purine core
- Drug testing in collaboration with The Porter Lab
- Screening conditions for Michael addition (ongoing)





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