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#### Spy1 Levels Predict Sensitivity of Refractory Multiple Myeloma to Therapy

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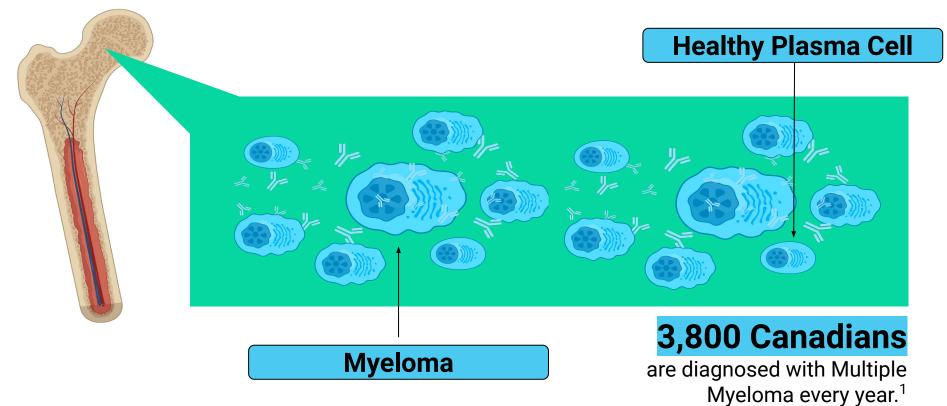


# Spy1 Levels Predict Sensitivity of Relapsed Multiple Myeloma to Therapy

**Renaud, A.,** Brown, J., Soliman, M., Lubanska, D., Ferraiuolo, R., Mathews, K., Woldie, I., Hudson, J., and Porter, L.

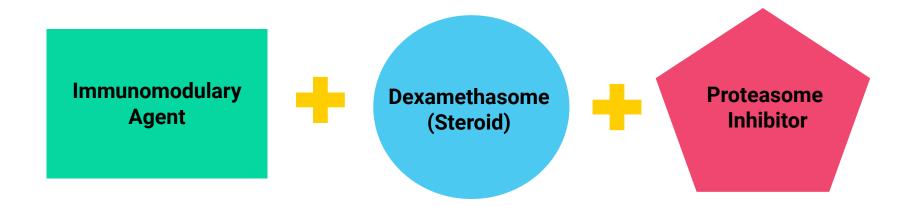


## What is Multiple Myeloma (MM)?





## **Current Treatment of MM**



Most MM patients will eventually relapse with a more aggressive and

untreatable form of the disease.

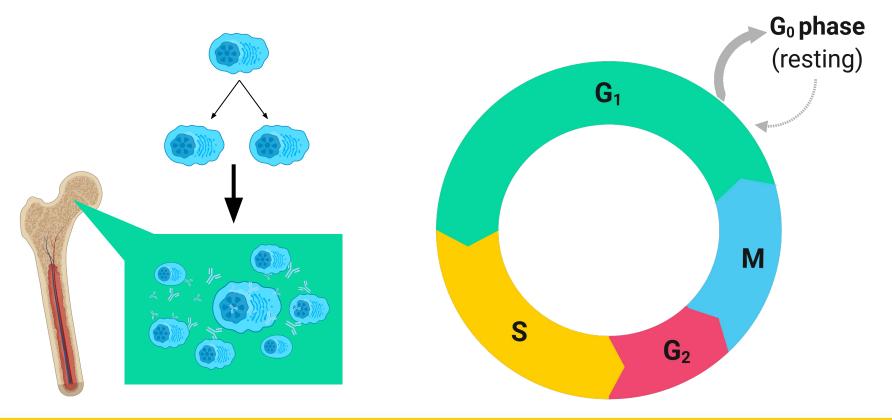
In Canada, the 5-year net survival for patients newly diagnosed and treated with the current standard of care is 44%.<sup>1</sup>

1. CCS (2022). https://cancer.ca/en/cancer-information/cancer-types/multiple-myeloma/statistics



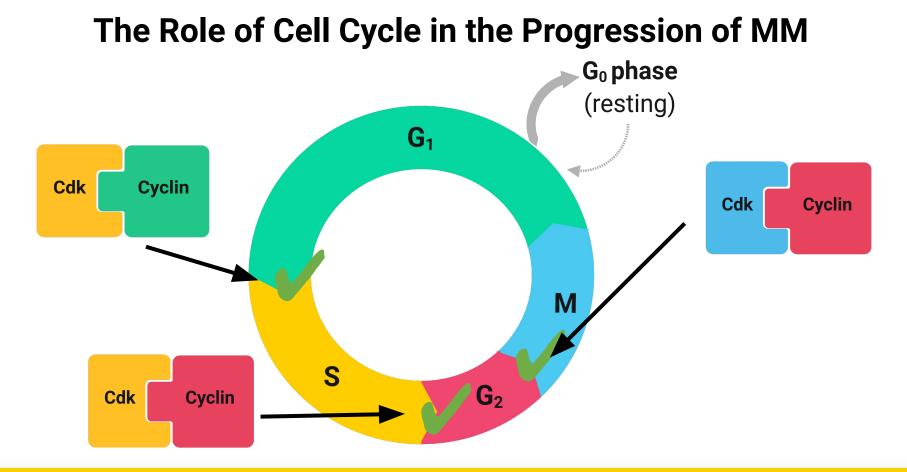


## The Role of Cell Cycle in the Progression of MM





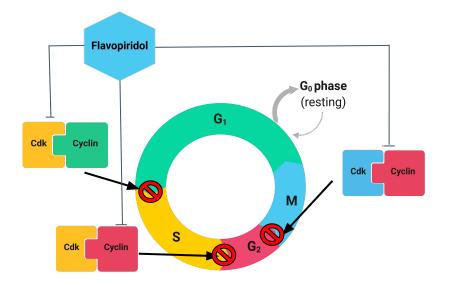




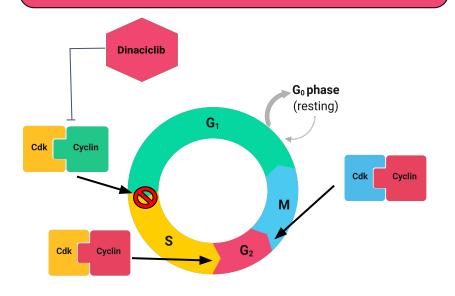


## **Cdk Inhibitors & Cell Cycle Progression**

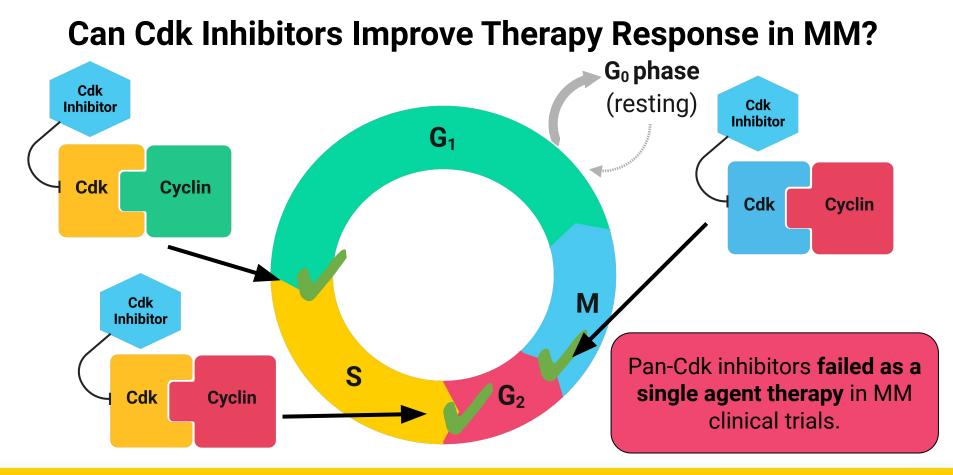
Pan-Cdk inhibitors, such as Flavopiridol & Purvalanol A, inhibit <u>all</u> Cdks.



# Specific Cdk inhibitors, such as dinaciclib, inhibit <u>select</u> Cdks.

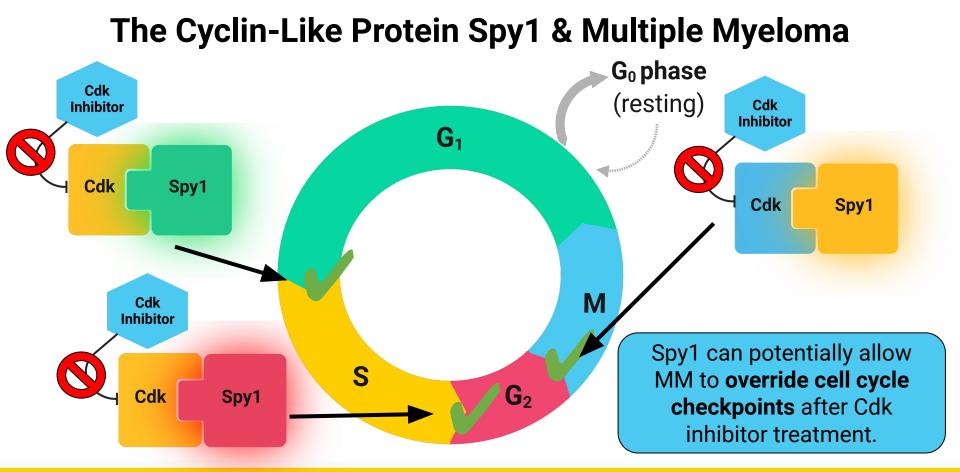










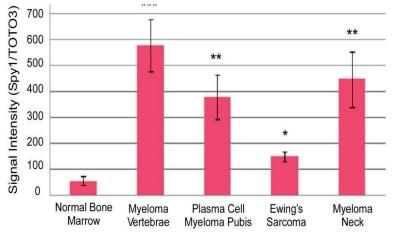




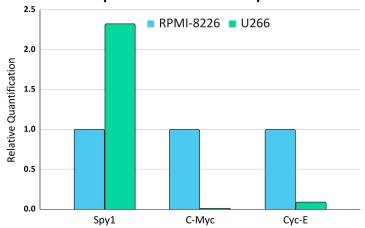


Spy1 is highly expressed in MM tissue samples and human cell lines.

#### Tissue Microarray Stained with anti-Spy1 and Corrected for a Nuclear Control TOTO-3

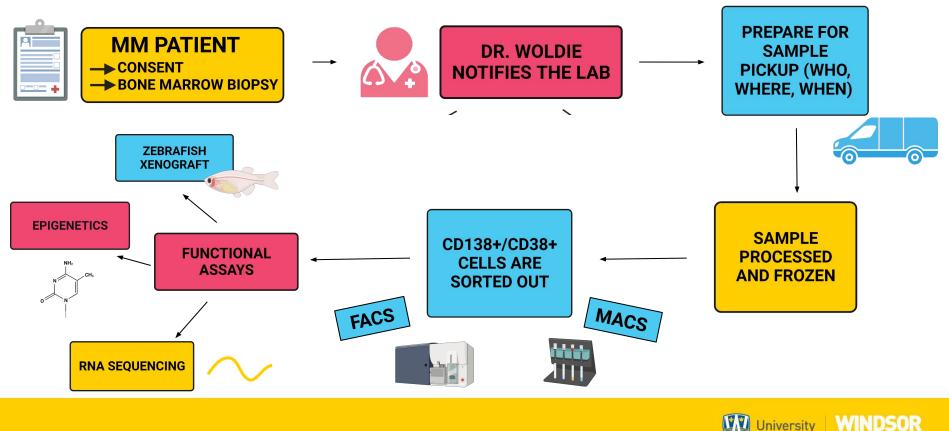


qRT-PCR analysis for RPMI-8226 and U266 for specific mRNA transcripts





### **MM Patient Sample Collection Flowchart**







## **MM Clinical Data**

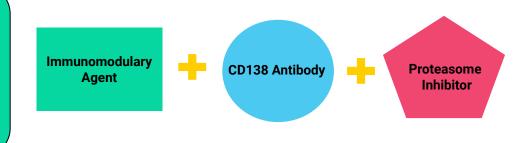
#### **PATIENT DEMOGRAPHIC**

- 5 Patients
- M:F 1.5
- Median Age: 59 (50-84)
- 3 Relapsed MM



#### TREATMENT

- All had proteasome inhibitor
- 2 had proteasome inhibitor + immunomodulator
- 2 had CD138 Monoclonal Antibody

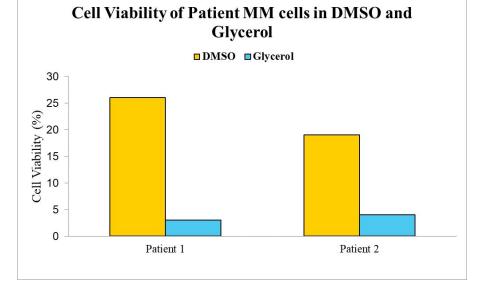


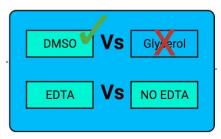




Comparing cell viability of patient samples stored using different cryopreservation protocols.

Higher cell viability for patient samples stored in DMSO compared to Glycerol.

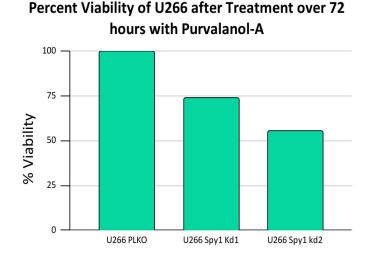




#### Next Steps: EDTA vs No EDTA



## Knockdown of Spy1 in a human MM cell line shows an increased sensitivity to Pan-Cdk inhibitor treatment.

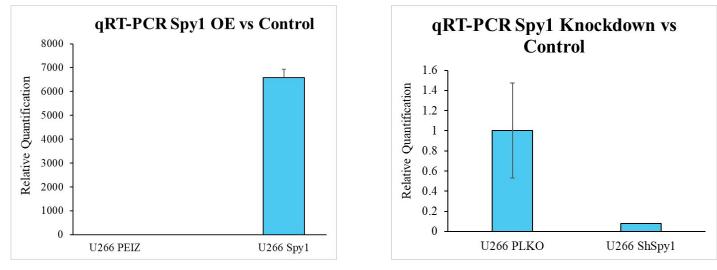


U266 cells are B Lymphocytes derived from the peripheral blood of a human MM patient.





# qRT-PCR analysis of Spy1 gene expression after lentiviral infection.

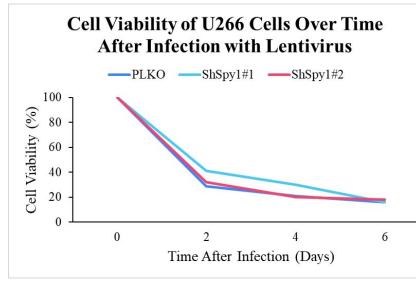


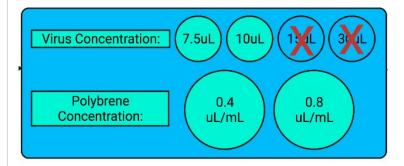
Successful Spy1 overexpression

#### Successful Spy1 knockdown



# Cell viability over time of U266 cells after infection with lentivirus.



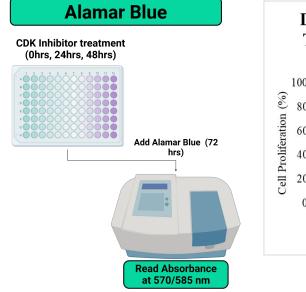


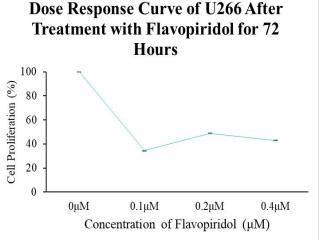
Optimization of infections using different concentrations of virus and polybrene

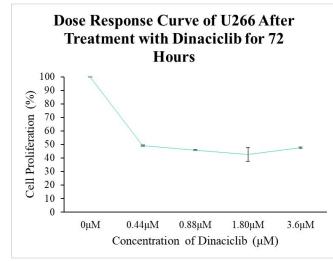
Low cell viability after lentiviral infection



## Determination of IC50 values for Flavopiridol and Dinaciclib in U266 cells.





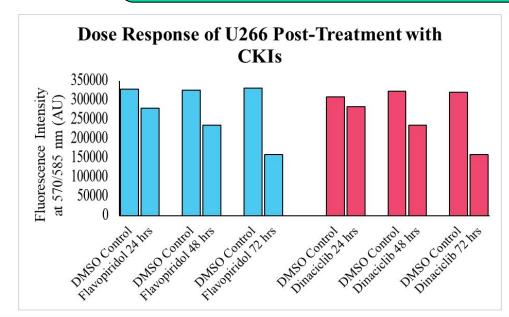


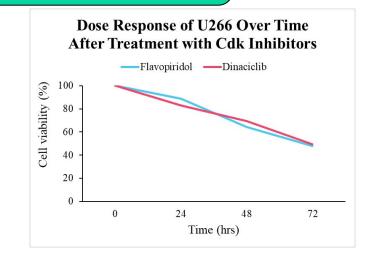
IC50: 0.2µM

#### IC50: 0.44µM



#### Proliferation time course of U266 cells after treatment with Flavopiridol vs Dinaciclib.



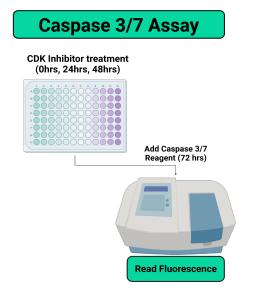


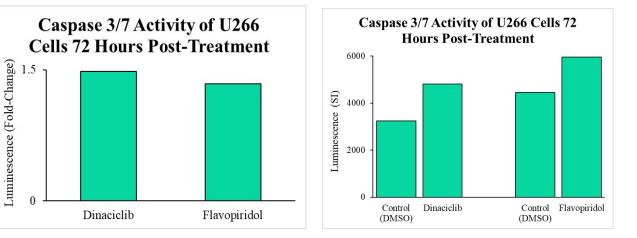
No significant difference in pan vs specific in U266 cell proliferation.





## Cell death in U266 cells treated with Flavopiridol vs Dinaciclib.





No significant difference in cell death in U266 cells treated with Flavopiridol vs Dinaciclib.





## **Work in Progress**

Spy1-bound Cdks may be a potent therapeutic direction for MM.

More research needs to be conducted to characterize the response of MM to pan vs specific Cdk inhibitors.

Optimization of the storage and processing of MM patient samples will be beneficial for future research.



### Acknowledgements

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