CORRECTION Open Access

Correction to: Coincidence analysis: a new method for causal inference in implementation science



Rebecca Garr Whitaker¹, Nina Sperber², Michael Baumgartner³, Alrik Thiem⁴, Deborah Cragun⁵, Laura Damschroder⁶, Edward J. Miech⁷, Alecia Slade⁸ and Sarah Birken^{9*}

Correction to: Implement Sci (2020) 15:108 https://doi.org/10.1186/s13012-020-01070-3

Following publication of the original article [1], the authors reported a missing funding declaration in the Acknowledgements declaration. The declaration is the following:

Michael Baumgartner gratefully acknowledges financial support from the Bergen Research Foundation, grant number 811886.

The original article has been updated to include this statement.

Author details

¹Duke-Margolis Center for Health Policy, 100 Fuqua Drive, Box 90120, Durham, NC 27708, USA. ²Duke University School of Medicine, Department of Population Health Sciences, 215 Morris Street, Durham, NC 27701, USA. ³University of Bergen, Department of Philosophy, Postboks 7805, 5020 Bergen, Norway. ⁴University of Lucerne, Frohburgstrasse 3, P.O. Box 4466, 6002 Lucerne, Switzerland. ⁵Department of Global Health, College of Public Health, University of South Florida, 3802 Spectrum Boulevard, Tampa, FL 33612, USA. ⁶VA Ann Arbor Center for Clinical Management Research, University of Michigan, North Campus Research Complex, 2800 Plymouth Road, Building 18, Ann Arbor, MI 48109-2800, USA. ⁷Center for Health Services Research, Regenstrief Institute, 1101 West 10th Street, Indianapolis, IN 46202, USA. ⁸Avalere Health, 1201 New York Avenue NW, Suite 1000, Washington, DC 20005, USA. ⁹Department of Implementation Science, Wake Forest School of Medicine, 525@Vine Room 5219, Medical Center Boulevard, Winston-Salem, NC 27157, USA.

Published online: 12 January 2021

Reference

 Whitaker RG, Sperber N, Baumgartner M, et al. Coincidence analysis: a new method for causal inference in implementation science. Implement Sci. 2020;15:108 https://doi.org/10.1186/s13012-020-01070-3.

The original article can be found online at https://doi.org/10.1186/s13012-020-01070-3.

Full list of author information is available at the end of the article



© The Author(s). 2021 **Open Access** This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License, which permits use, sharing, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons licence, and indicate if changes were made. The images or other third party material in this article are included in the article's Creative Commons licence, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article's Creative Commons licence and your intended use is not permitted by statutory regulation or exceeds the permitted use, you will need to obtain permission directly from the copyright holder. To view a copy of this licence, visit http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/. The Creative Commons Public Domain Dedication waiver (http://creativecommons.org/publicdomain/zero/1.0/) applies to the data made available in this article, unless otherwise stated in a credit line to the data.

^{*} Correspondence: sbirken@wakehealth.edu

⁹Department of Implementation Science, Wake Forest School of Medicine, 525@Vine Room 5219, Medical Center Boulevard, Winston-Salem, NC 27157, LISA