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# Low-Cost Desalination Unit: Direct Contact Membrane Distillation

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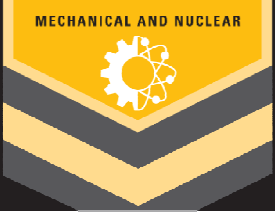
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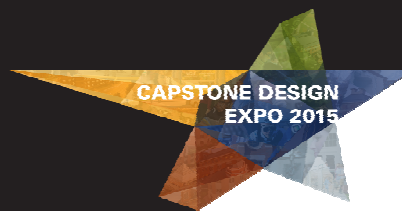
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# Low-Cost Desalination Unit

## Direct Contact Membrane Distillation



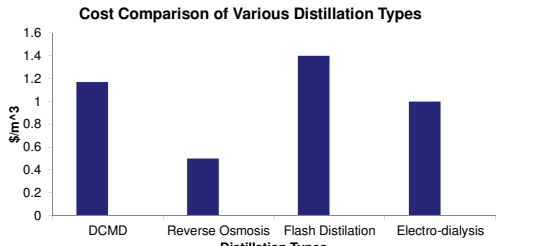
### Introduction

•Overpopulation and pollution have diminished the world's fresh water sources leaving 783 million people without access to clean water.

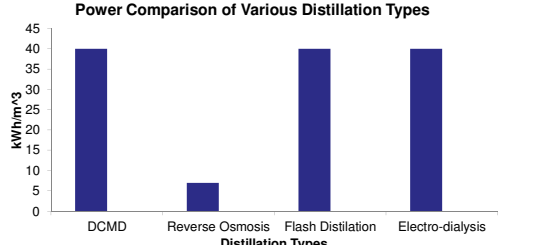
•There are three leading desalination techniques: Reverse Osmosis, Flash Distillation, Electro-dialysis.

•Direct Contact Membrane Distillation (DCMD) is a newer promising method with potential for lower cost and energy use.

**The goal of the project was to design and build a low-cost and low-energy DCMD unit**



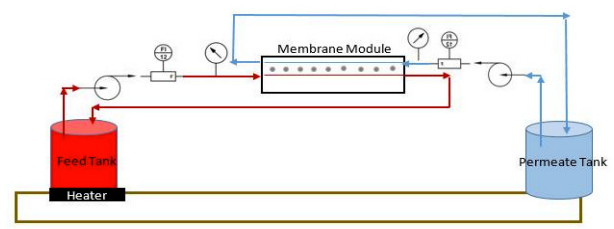
Al-Obeidani, et al. "Potential of Membrane Distillation in Seawater Desalination: Thermal Efficiency, Sensitivity Study and Cost Estimation." *Science Direct. Journal of Membrane Science*, 1 Oct. 2008.



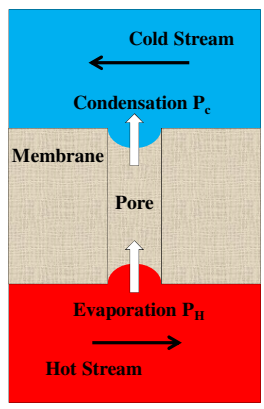
Zuo, Guangzhi, et al. "Energy Efficiency Evaluation and Economic Analyses of Direct Contact Membrane Distillation System." *Science Direct*, 1 Dec. 2011.

### DCMD Design

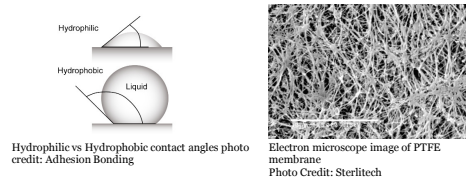
#### System Schematic



#### Inside the Membrane Housing



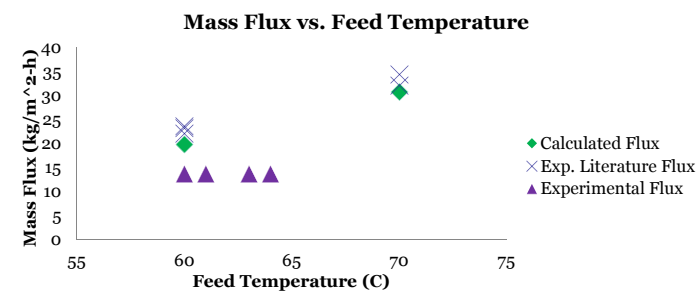
- A portion of the contaminated hot water evaporates up to the cold stream.
- Once through the hydrophobic membrane, the water condenses.
- The properties of the Teflon membrane allows for only steam to pass through.



DCMD water flow through membrane diagram

### Results

Avg. Flux: 13.624 (kg/m²-h)      Avg. ΔSalinity (Permeate): -0.014 ppt  
 Avg. ΔVolume: 16.39 (cm³/h)      Avg. ΔSalinity (Feed): 0.356 ppt



$$N = \frac{kmDp(T_h - T_c)}{3600}$$

• N, the mass flux, determines the expected mass transport through the membrane.

$$K_m = \frac{eD_v M_v P_t}{\tau d P_{avg} R T_{avg}}$$

• K<sub>m</sub>, the membrane coefficient, is based on material properties.

#### Conclusion:

- Final Cost: \$624.93
- Achieved goal of successfully producing drinkable water.

#### Future Research and Applications:

- Super hydrophobic membrane
- Alternative energy sources
- Larger scale for higher production rate

#### Acknowledgments:

- VCU School of Engineering

