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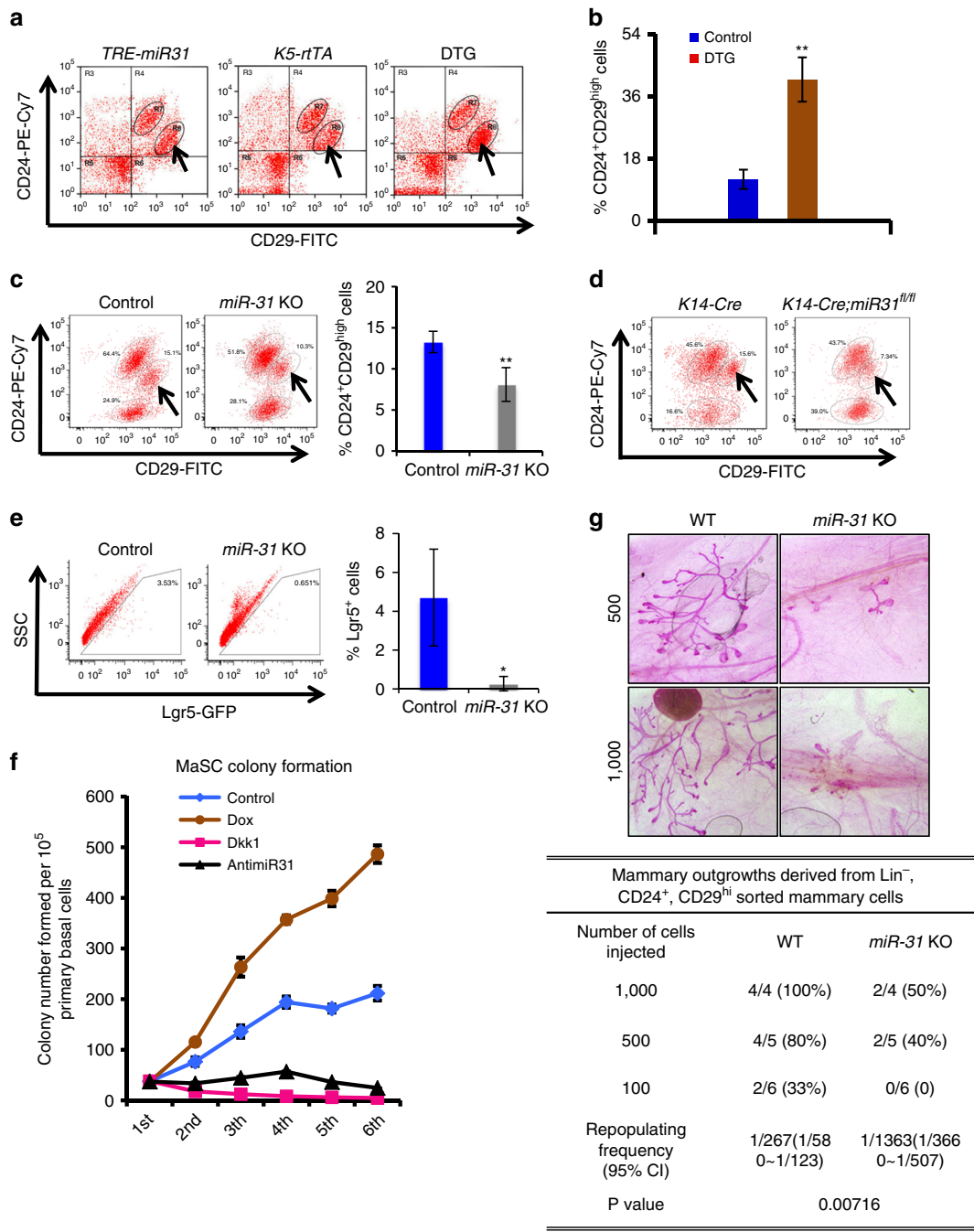
# Author Correction: *MiR-31* promotes mammary stem cell expansion and breast tumorigenesis by suppressing Wnt signaling antagonists

Cong Lv, Fengyin Li, Xiang Li, Yuhua Tian, Yue Zhang, Xiaole Sheng, Yongli Song, Qingyong Meng, Shukai Yuan, Liming Luan, Thomas Andl, Xu Feng, Baowei Jiao , Mingang Xu, Maksim V. Plikus, Xing Dai, Christopher Lengner, Wei Cui , Fazheng Ren, Jianwei Shuai, Sarah E. Millar & Zhengquan Yu 

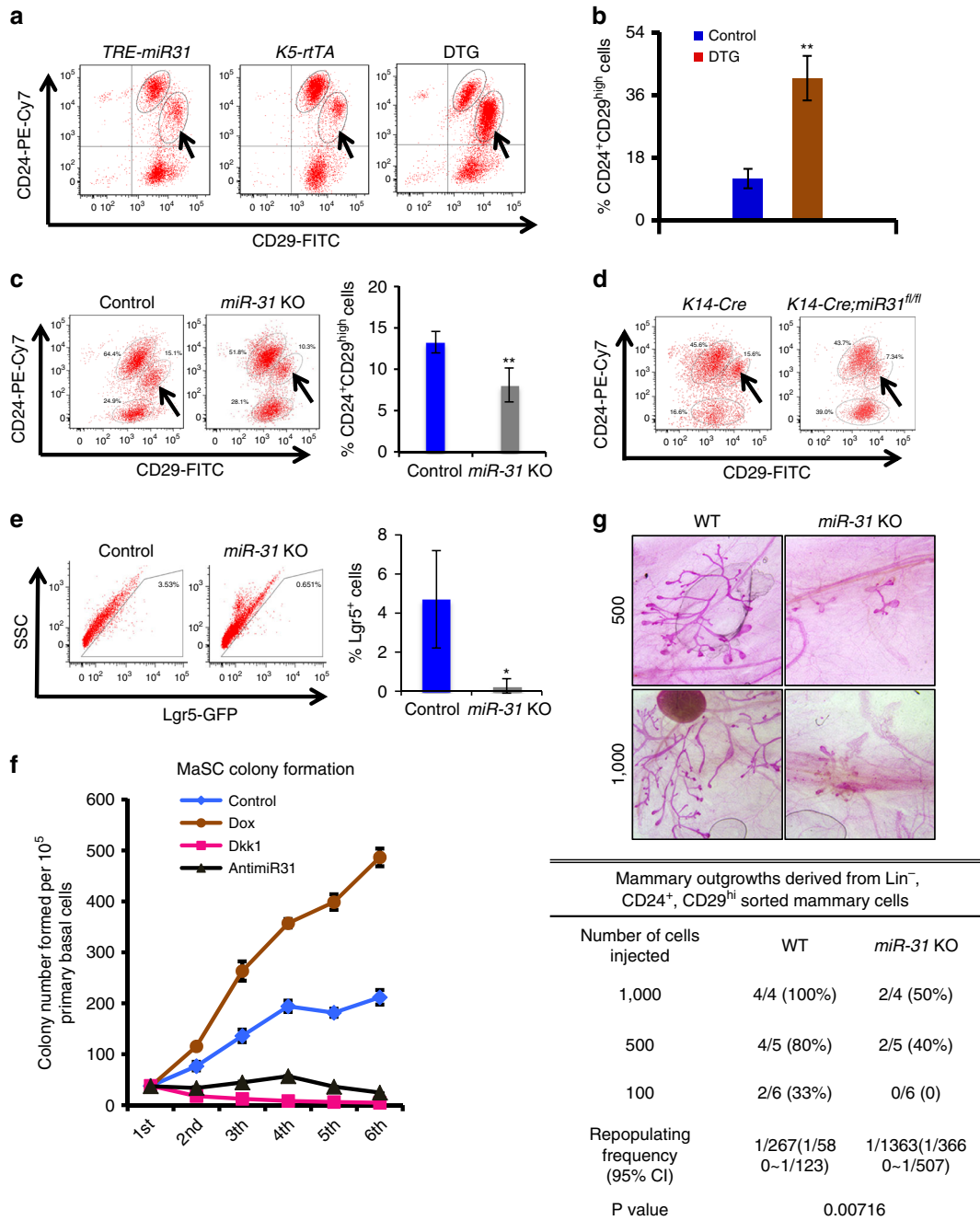
Correction to: *Nature Communications* <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-017-01059-5>, published online 19 October 2017.

The original version of this Article contained an error in Fig. 4. In the original Fig. 4a (shown below), different quadrants within the same FACS plot and between different plots contained similar unexplained groups of data points. The raw data of the original figure are not available as they were deleted at the FACS facility where the analysis was performed. The experiments have several original replicates, for which raw data are available. The experiments have also been repeated for added robustness and the new version of Fig. 4a is shown below. This has been corrected in both the PDF and HTML versions of the Article.

Original version of Fig. 4



Corrected version of Fig. 4



The original conclusion of a significant increase in CD24<sup>+</sup>/CD29<sup>high</sup> mammary epithelial cells in DTG vs. control mice (as shown in Fig. 4a) remains unchanged and was already supported by the original Fig. 8i. In addition, repeats, gating strategies and raw data of Fig. 4a as well as gating strategies and raw data of the original Fig. 8i have been deposited in figshare (<https://doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.13013813>).

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