

INTERNET ADDICTION AMONG GREEK ADOLESCENTS.
PREDICTION FROM FLOW OF INTERNET ACTIVITY AND
IMPULSIVE COMPULSIVE BEHAVIOR

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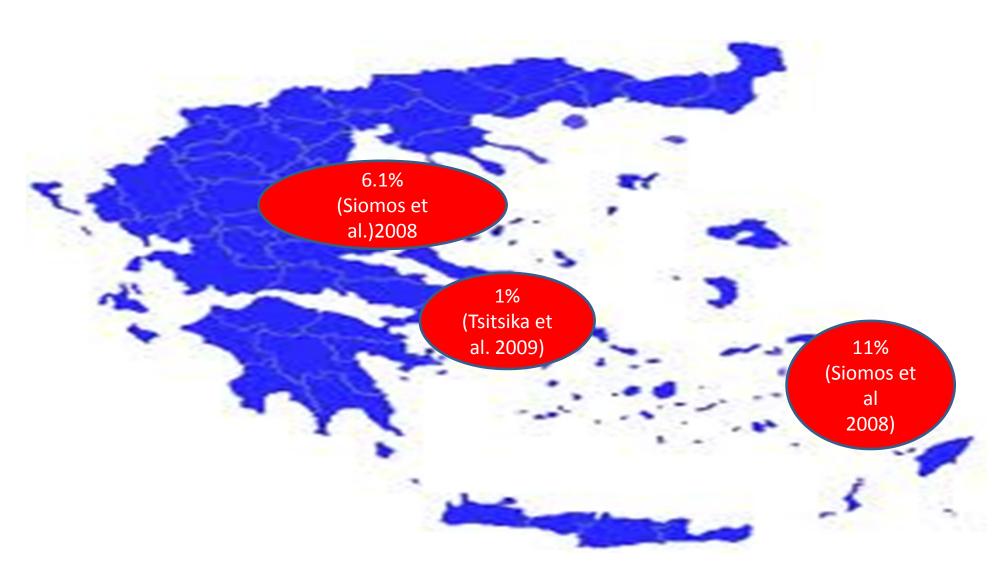
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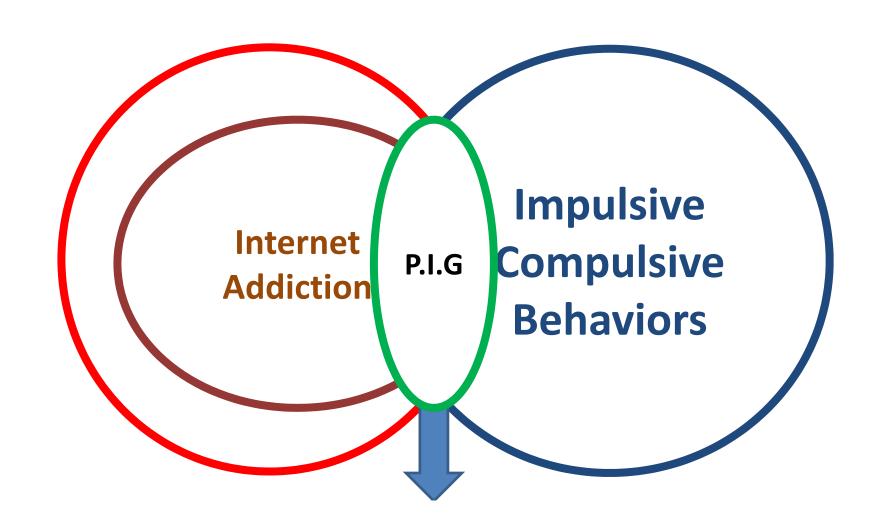
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### Impetus for this research project

 Contradictory findings regarding the prevalence of internet addiction among Greek adolescents



#### **Impulsive- Compulsive Behaviors and Internet Addiction**



Positive Immediate Gratification Phenomenon (Marlatt & Gordon, 1985)

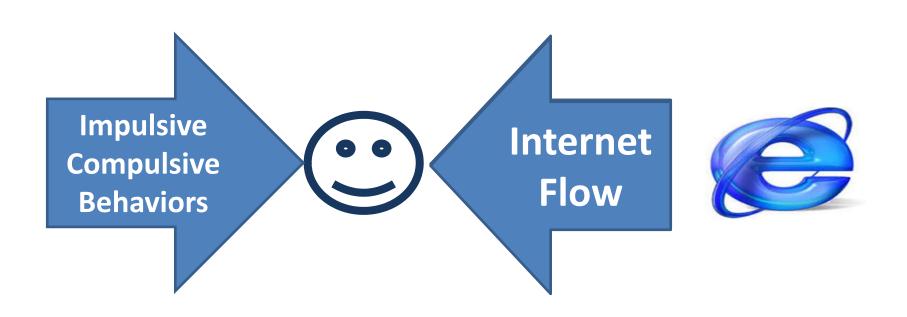
# Internet Flow and Internet Addiction (Chen, 2006)

 An individual who abuses the Internet must be absorbed by his Online Activity (Chen, 2006)

• As Flow defines the level the user is absorbed in the online activity (Chen, 2006), achieved through a Positive Immediate Gratification mechanism

• The user must be in a state of Flow (Weibel et al, 2008)

# Model of Understanding Internet Addiction (Douglas et al, 2008)



Consequently In the present study as Predictors of Internet Addiction were examined:

Impulsive Compulsive Behaviors

Internet Flow



#### Research Questions

- 1. What is the prevalence of Internet Addiction among Greek high school students?
- 2. Do Impulsive Compulsive behaviors and Internet Flow predict Internet Addiction?
- 3. Does impulsive compulsive behavior mediate the relationship between Flow of internet activity and levels of Internet Addiction?

## Research Sample

- N= 2090 Adolescents
- Boys=1035 (49,7%)
- Girls=1048 (50,3%)
- Attica= 1919 (91,8%)
- Korinthia= 171 (8,2%)
- General High Schools= 1728 (82,7 %)
- Technical High Schools=362 (17,3 %)
- Mean Age= 16,16



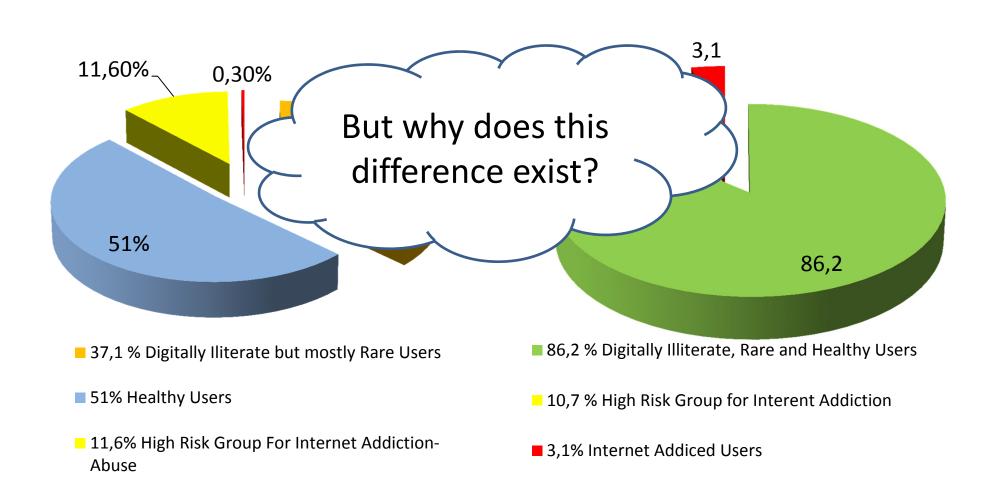
#### Instruments

- Internet use was assessed with:
- The Internet Addiction Test (Young, 1998) Cronbach a= 0,91
- The Young Diagnostic Questionnaire (Young, 1998)
- Internet Flow was assessed with:
- Internet Flow Questionnaire (Chen, Wigand & Nilan, 1999) Cronbach a= 0,58
- Impulsivity- Compulsivity was assessed with:
- The Impulsive Compulsive scale of the Symptom Check List – 90 (Derogatis, 1994) Cronbach a= 0,79

#### Question 1

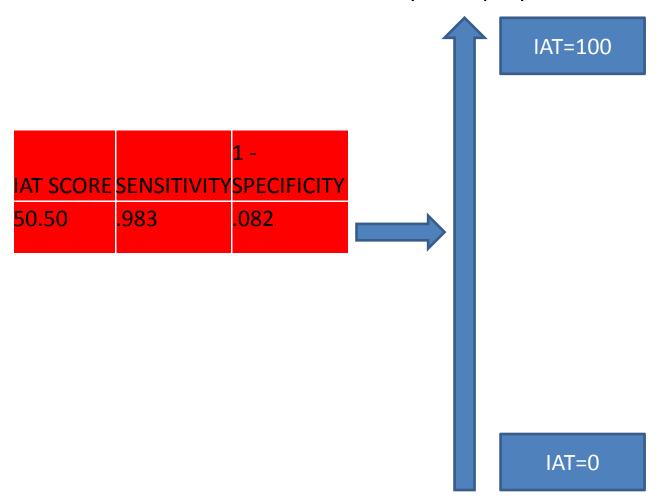
What is the prevalence of Internet Addiction among Greek high school students?

## One sample, two different criteria

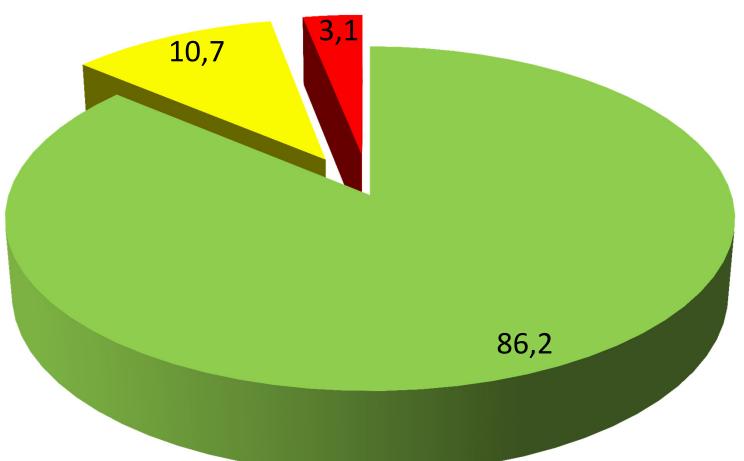


#### Possible Answer....

- Crosscultural Differences in cut off point scores...
- To examine this hypothesis
- We conducted ROC curve analysis to propose new cut of points...



#### Based on our results we estimate the Prevalence of IAD



- 86,2 % Digitally Illiterate, Rare and Healthy Users
- 10,7 % High Risk Group for Interent Addiction
- 3,1% Internet Addiced Users

#### Question 2

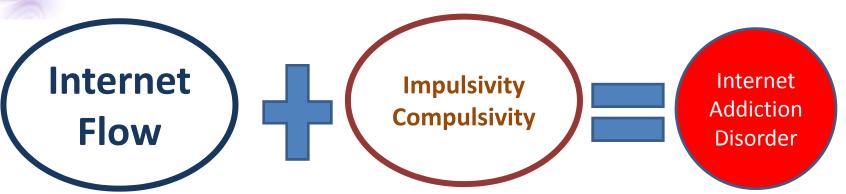
Do Impulsive Compulsive behaviors and Internet Flow predict Internet Addiction?



 In order to answer this question we performed a multiple linear regression analysis (Stepwise Method)

All Collinearity Diagnostic Criteria were within permitable for the analysis limits (VIF < 2, Tolerance > 0,5, Condition Index < 15)</li>





Predictors	В	SE	Beta	p
Flow	5.01	0.30	0.39	0.000
Impulsivity	6.05	5.90	0.24	0.000

- Compulsivity



- The analysis findings supported our initial hypotheses.
- Multiple Correlation Index was R = 0.52
- Regression Coefficient was R2 = 0.27
- Adjusted Regression Coefficient was R2 = 0,27
- The slope of the regression line was significantly different from zero  $\{F(1, 1442) = 265.72, p = 0,0000.\}$

#### Question 3

Does Impulsive Compulsive behavior mediate the relationship between Flow of internet activity and levels of Internet Addiction?



- We examined Impulsivity and Compulsivity, as proposed mediator of the effect of Flow on Internet Addiction.
- For this purpose we performed bootstrapping on the minimum recommended 1000 samples
- we calculated the Sobel test for the total and specific indirect effects as well bias-corrected and accelerated bootstrap confidence intervals for the indirect effects as proposed by Preacher and Hayes at 2008 \*.



# Results seem to support our hypotheses

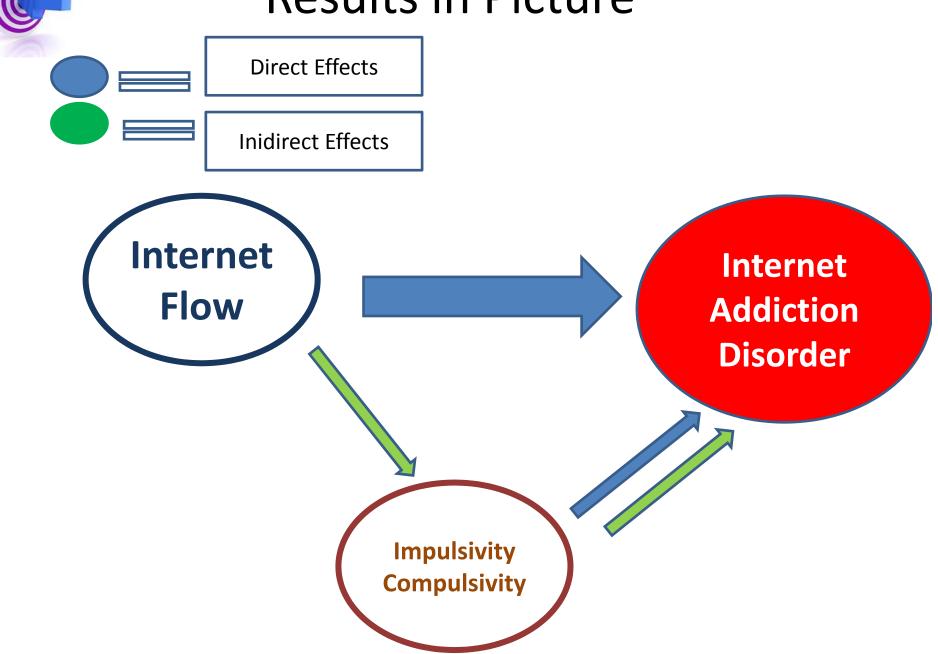
Table 2
Mediation of the Effect of Flow on Internet Addiction through Impulsivity Compulsivity

	-	Product o	Bootstrapping				
	Point				BCa 99% CI		
	Estimate	SE	Z	P	Lower	Upper	
			Indirect Effects				
Impulse							
Compulse	0.90	0.12	7.71	.001	0.66	1.17	
Total	0.90	0.12	7.71	.001	0.66	1.17	

Note—BC, bias corrected; BCa, bias corrected and accelerated; 1,000 bootstrap samples.



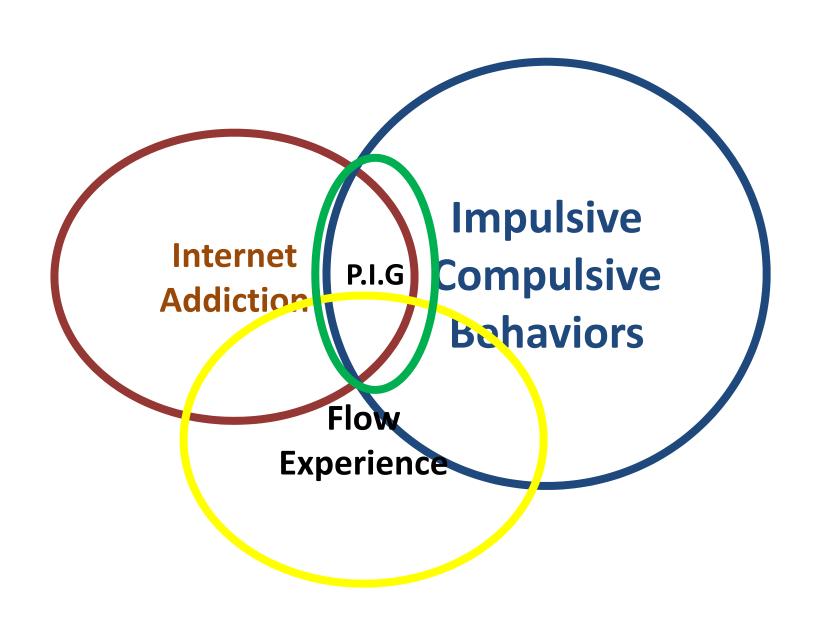
#### Results in Picture



# Take Home Message

- A user who is in Flow when online
- stimulates Positive Immediate Gratification tendencies
- Which might progressively recycle and expand to other aspects of his life
- Ending either to strengthen Impulsive Compulsive manifestations that already exist, or initializing them

#### **Take Home Message**



Thank you

#### Discussion: Question 1 Finding:

- The significantly lower than the U.S. Greek Cut off point in IAT Stresses:
- The need for indigenous measures(emic approach)
- The possible effect of the individualism Collectivism Cultural Dimension
- Countries with higher individualism show a higher rate of internet adoption, because as something new, it is considered less trheatening for the prevailing norm (Erumban & De Jong, 2006).
- Higher collectivism gives more modest answers to likert sacles, due to less tolerance of inequality (Triandis, 1996)
- Matters of Scalar Equivalence: Collectivists direct their evaluation more toward interdependency with their in group and less to selfrelated issues (Triandis, 1996)
- And Less than one fourth of IAT questions refers to consequences in relations with others.