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# Divergent Total Syntheses of Yaequinolone-Related Natural Products by Late-Stage C-H Olefination 

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#### Abstract

Divergent total syntheses of 10 yaequinolone-related natural products have been achieved for the first time by latestage $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ olefination of 3,4-dioxygenated 4 -aryl-5-hydroxyquinolin-2 $(1 \mathrm{H})$-ones, core structures of this family of natural products. A robust synthetic methodology to construct the core structures has been established, and the $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ olefination reaction has been carried out with synthetically useful yields and high levels of site-selectivity under mild reaction conditions in the presence of a $\mathrm{Pd} /$ S,O-ligand catalyst.


## INTRODUCTION

Yaequinolones and related compounds that comprise 3,4dioxygenated 4-aryl-quinolin-2 $(1 H)$-one cores represent a growing family of biologically active alkaloids isolated from marine and plant fungi (Figure 1a). ${ }^{1}$ The first two members, NTC-47A and B, were isolated from the second metabolites of Penicillium sp. by Nakaya in 1995 and they showed promising insecticidal activities. ${ }^{2}$ Since then, many more related compounds have been discovered and their structures, bioactivities, and biosynthetic mechanisms have been intensively studied. ${ }^{3-6}$ Structurally, the two oxygenated functional groups at 3 - and 4 -positions have a cis-configuration for most of the members. ${ }^{7}$ Moreover, the majority of these natural products possess a hydroxyl group at the 5 -position and only differ from each other in the olefin moiety present at the 6position (Figure 1b).

This family of natural products has attracted great attention in the last few years due to their unique structures and biological activities, and the total syntheses of few members of this family of natural products have been reported. The first total synthesis of this family of natural products was the synthesis of ( $\pm$ )-yaequinolone A2, the structurally simplest molecule among the family (Scheme 1a). ${ }^{8}$ The key step of this approach is the intramolecular aldol reaction of N -glycolated 2aminobenzophenone to construct the quinolone core, generating the two oxygenated functional groups in a cisfashion. The first enantioselective total syntheses of $(-)$-yaequinolones J1 and J2 were reported in 2018 by the group of Hanessian (Scheme 1b). ${ }^{9}$ The authors used an Evans-type chiral auxiliary to provide the syn-aldol diol as a $1: 1$ mixture of
diastereoisomers that differ in the configuration of the pyranyl tertiary methyl group. The group of Christmann successfully synthesized ( $\pm$ )-peniprequinolone, $( \pm)$-aflaquinolones E and $F,( \pm)$-6-deoxyaflaquinolone $E,( \pm)$-quinolinones $A$ and $B$, and $( \pm)$-aniduquinolone C by developing a general method for the construction of N -glycolated 2-aminobenzophenone via aryne insertions into unsymmetrical imides in flow (Scheme 1c). ${ }^{10}$

In spite of this progress, a general strategy to access these natural products in a direct and divergent manner is still elusive. ${ }^{11}$ As many members of this family of natural products ( $>20$ ) only differ from each other in the structure of the olefin at the 6-position, we envisioned that their syntheses can be achieved from a key common intermediate in a divergent manner using late-stage site-selective $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ olefination. ${ }^{12}$ Herein, we report a new methodology for the late-stage $\mathrm{C}(6)-\mathrm{H}$ olefination of 3,4-dioxygenated 4-aryl-5-hydroxy-quinolin- $2(1 H)$-ones and its successful application in the divergent total syntheses of 10 yaequinolone-related natural products, which are synthesized for the first time (Scheme 1d).

[^0]
a. General structure of yaequinolone related natural products

b. Selected natural products bearing an olefin at 6-position


Penigequinolone $\mathbf{A}$



Penigequinolone $B$




Aspoquinolones C, D

Figure 1. Structures of yaequinolone-related natural products.

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

In 2019, we reported a highly selective $\mathrm{C}(6)-\mathrm{H}$ olefination reaction of tetrahydroquinolines (THQs) in the presence of a $\mathrm{Pd} / \mathrm{S}, \mathrm{O}-$ ligand catalyst (Scheme 2a). ${ }^{13}$ We hypothesized that late-stage selective $\mathrm{C}(6)-\mathrm{H}$ olefination of 3,4-dioxygenated 4-aryl-5-hydroxy-quinolin- $2(1 \mathrm{H})$-one cores could be developed in the presence of a $\mathrm{Pd} / \mathrm{S}, \mathrm{O}-$ ligand catalyst to directly access yaequinolone-related natural products in a divergent manner.

First, we evaluated the $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ olefination reaction of N -methyl-3,4-dihydroquinolin-2(1H)-one (1a), the simplified backbone of yeaquinolone-related natural products, with ethyl acrylate under reported reaction conditions for the olefination of THQs. As expected, because the aromatic ring is less activated, ${ }^{13,14}$ the reaction only provided the olefinated product in less than $10 \%{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR yield (Scheme 2b). When the reaction was performed at $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, a slightly higher yield of $23 \%$ was achieved (Scheme 2b).

Because all our target natural products have a hydroxyl group at the 5-position, we decided to investigate the effect of this functional group on the reactivity of the $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ olefination of quinolin- $2(1 H)$-ones. We tested $N$-methyl-3,4-dihydro$2(1 \mathrm{H})$-quinolinones bearing an $\mathrm{OMe}, \mathrm{OEt}$, or/and OMOM group at the 5-position ( $\mathbf{2 a} \mathbf{- 4 a}$, Scheme 3). As expected, because these substrates are more activated, synthetically useful yields ( $45-57 \%$ ) were observed and the C(6)-olefinated products were exclusively formed. The reaction of the OMe derivative $\mathbf{2 a}$ without the S,O-ligand only gave a trace amount of olefinated product, highlighting the key role of the S,Oligand in this transformation. We also evaluated the olefination reaction of substrate $\mathbf{5 a}$ bearing a free OH group at the 5position, but the olefinated product $\mathbf{5 b}$ was obtained only in $27 \%$ yield due to its instability under the reaction conditions. ${ }^{15}$ Having established the beneficial effect of the oxygenated moiety at the 5 -position in the $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ olefination reaction, we decided to evaluate other protecting groups at the nitrogen atom. The reaction with the MOM-protected substrate $\mathbf{6 a}$ provided the desired olefinated product $\mathbf{6 b}$ in $46 \%$ yield with slightly lower $\mathrm{C}(6)$-selectivity. When the benzyl-protected substrate 7 a was subjected to the standard reaction conditions,
the olefinated product was obtained in $48 \%$ yield with good C (6)-selectivity.

After having proved the suitability of the $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ olefination reaction on model substrates, we proposed the retrosynthetic route for 3,4 -dioxygenated 4 -aryl-5-hydroxy-quinolin-2(1H)ones as outlined in Figure 2. 3,4-dioxygenated 4-aryl-5-hydroxy-quinolin- $2(1 \mathrm{H})$-one can be obtained by cyclization as reported by the group of She. ${ }^{8}$ The starting diarylketone can be synthesized from the nucleophilic addition of the lithiated 3-oxygenated 2-bromonitrobenzene, which can be prepared from commercially available 2 -bromo-3-nitrophenol, to paraanisaldehyde, followed by oxidation.

The synthesis of the core structure is shown in Scheme 4. 2-Bromo-3-nitrophenol (8) was first protected with a benzyl group in $91 \%$ yield, followed by lithiation at low temperature and reaction with para-anisaldehyde, providing the corresponding alcohol 10 in $86 \%$ yield. We then reduced the nitro group using sodium sulfide to form the aniline intermediate 11, followed by amide formation with methoxyacetyl chloride. The formed amide intermediate 12 was oxidized with PCC, providing the ketone 13 in $94 \%$ yield. The cyclization of 13 under reported reaction conditions produced ( $\pm$ )-14 in $80 \%$ yield as a single diastereoisomer. ${ }^{8}$ Then, we decided to protect the nitrogen atom with 2 -(trimethylsilyl)ethoxymethyl (SEM), as it can be deprotected using mild reagents, such as tetrabutylammonium fluoride (TBAF). ${ }^{16}$ Then, we introduced the SEM-protecting group to ( $\pm$ )-14 using LiHMDS as the base. SEM-protected 3,4-dihydro-2(1H)-quinolinone derivative ( $\pm$ )-16 was obtained in $95 \%$ yield after benzyl deprotection of $( \pm)-\mathbf{1 5}$ using $\mathrm{Pd} / \mathrm{C}$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ (Scheme 4).

For the $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ olefination of $( \pm)-\mathbf{1 6}$, we slightly optimized the reaction conditions and found that the best conditions were 2.0 equiv of $\mathrm{PhCO}_{3}{ }^{\text {}} \mathrm{Bu}$ in dichloroethane (DCE) at 80 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 16 h , providing the olefinated product $( \pm)-\mathbf{1 7}$ in $59 \%$ isolated yield with a regioselectivity of $6: 1(\mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B})$ together with $5 \%$ of the diolefinated product (Table 1). However, the regioisomers were not separable by flash column chromatography. We, therefore, continued the total synthesis with the mixture of regioisomers.

Scheme 1. Total Syntheses of Yaequinolone-Related Natural Products
a. Total synthesis of $( \pm)$-yaequinolone A2

b. Enantioselective total syntheses of (-)-yaequinolone J1 and J2





(-)-Yaequinolone (J1)

(-)-Yaequinolone (J2)
c. Aryne insertion to unsymmetrical imides in flow to construct $N$-glycolated 2-aminobenzophenone

$\mathrm{R}^{1}=\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OBn}$, OAlly; $\mathrm{R}^{2}=\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Br}, \mathrm{OMe} ; \mathrm{R}^{3}=\mathrm{Me}, \mathrm{Bn}$
Yield: 18\%~60\%
d. Our approach: divergent total syntheses of 10 natural products by late-stage $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ olefination


Scheme 2. Reactivity Comparison of THQs and 1a

b. $\mathrm{Pd} / \mathrm{S}, \mathrm{O}$-ligand catalyzed $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ olefination of N -methyl-3,4-dihydroquinolin-2(1H)-one (1a)


Scheme 3. C-H Olefination of 5-Oxgenated $N$-Methyl-3,4-dihydro-2(1H)-quinolinones ${ }^{a, b, c}$

${ }^{a}$ Reaction conditions: a $(0.1 \mathrm{mmol})$, ethyl acrylate $(0.15 \mathrm{mmol}), \mathrm{Pd}(\mathrm{OAc})_{2}(0.01 \mathrm{mmol}), \mathrm{S}, \mathrm{O}-l i g a n d(0.01 \mathrm{mmol})$, and $\mathrm{PhCO}{ }_{3}{ }^{t} \mathrm{Bu}(0.1 \mathrm{mmol}) \mathrm{in}$ DCE ( 0.5 mL ) at $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 16 h . ${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Isolated yield. ${ }^{\mathrm{c}}$ Regioselectivity was determined based on the analysis of crude mixture.


Figure 2. Retrosynthetic analysis of 3,4-dioxygenated 5-hydroxy-4-aryl-quinolin-2(1H)-ones.

We performed the deprotection of the SEM group with TBAF, and it was found out that a high concentration of TBAF is required to obtain the desired product in good yield. For instance, when the concentration of TBAF was 0.1 M , no product was observed even after refluxing the reaction for 20 h . When we increased the concentration to 1.0 M , to our delight, the reaction reached full conversion after refluxing for 15 h and $( \pm)$-yaequinolone B was obtained in $60 \%$ isolated yield as a single regioisomer (Scheme 5). Its ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR data matched with those reported in the literature. ${ }^{4 \mathrm{c}}$ Hence, the total synthesis of ( $\pm$ )-yaequinolone B was achieved in $10.6 \%$ overall yield in 10 synthetic steps starting from commercially available 2-bromo-3-nitrophenol.

Encouraged by these results, we moved our attention to the total syntheses of ( $\pm$ )-penigequinolones $A$ and $B$, which can be accomplished by only changing the olefin coupling partner while keeping the same core structure ( $\pm$ )-16. Olefin ( $\pm$ )-18 was prepared in six synthetic steps starting from ethyl isobutyrate (see the Experimental Section). The $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ olefination of $( \pm)-16$ using ( $\pm$ )-18 as the olefin under standard reaction conditions furnished the olefinated product $( \pm)-19$ in $50 \%$ yield with a regioselectivity of $8.8: 1(\mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B})$ and a diastereoselectivity of $1: 1$. The SEM deprotection of $( \pm)$-19 with TBAF $(4.0 \mathrm{M})$ almost quantitatively yielded a mixture of $( \pm)$-penigequinolones A and $\mathrm{B}(\mathrm{dr}=1: 1)$ with improved regioselectivity (13.5:1) (Scheme 6). Their ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR data matched with those reported in the literature. ${ }^{4 \mathrm{c}}$

For the synthesis of ( $\pm$ )-yaequinolone C , as the relative stereochemistry of the olefin moiety was not determined in the
initial report from the group of O Omura, we decided to first try the olefin ( $\pm$ )-trans-20 (see the Experimental Section). ${ }^{4 \mathrm{c}}$ To our delight, the olefinated product $( \pm)-21$ was isolated in $52 \%$ yield with a regioselectivity of $7: 1$ (A/B) (Scheme 7a). However, we observed the formation of four diastereoisomers, indicating that racemization of one of the stereocenters of the olefin moiety has occurred. To prove this, we performed the olefination of ( $\pm$ )-16 with a mixture of ( $\pm$ )-trans- and ( $\pm$ )-cis-20 (1:1), and we observed the formation of the same four diastereoisomers (Scheme 7b). Moreover, we further tried the olefination of the model substrate $5 \mathrm{5a}$ with ( $\pm$ )-trans-20 and with a 1:1 mixture of ( $\pm$ )-trans- and ( $\pm$ )-cis-20 and in both cases, the olefinated product was obtained as a mixture of diastereoisomers in almost $1: 1$ ratio, confirming that racemization has occurred in one of the stereocenters of the olefin moiety during the $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ olefination (Scheme 7 c ). ${ }^{17}$

The deprotection of the olefinated product $( \pm)-21(\mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B}=$ 7:1) using 4.0 M of TBAF reached full conversion after refluxing overnight, providing ( $\pm$ )-yaequinolone $C$ together with three other diastereoisomers in $79 \%$ isolated yield with an improved regioselectivity of $10.4: 1$ (Scheme 8). Based on the results obtained from the reaction of $( \pm)-16$ with ( $\pm$ )-trans20 and with a $1: 1$ mixture of ( $\pm$ )-trans- and ( $\pm$ )-cis-20, we proposed that the olefin moiety has a trans-configuration (see Supporting Information). Therefore, the structure of $( \pm)$-yaequinolone C is either 22-A or 22-B.

In an effort to synthesize $( \pm)$-aspoquinolones C and D , we performed the olefination reaction of $( \pm)-16$ with $( \pm)$-cis- 23 , but no desired product was observed and ( $\pm$ )-16 was fully

Scheme 4. Synthesis of the Core Structure ( $\pm$ )-16



over two steps


Table 1. Reaction Conditions for the $\mathbf{C}-\mathbf{H}$ Olefination of ( $\pm$ )-16


| entry | temp. $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $x$ | time $(\mathrm{h})$ | ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR yield ${ }^{a}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 80 | 1.5 | 16 | $49 \%$ |
| 2 | 60 | 1.5 | 16 | $31 \%$ |
| 3 | 80 | 1.5 | 6 | $45 \%$ |
| 4 | 80 | 1.0 | 16 | $42 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{8 0}$ | 2.0 | $\mathbf{1 6}$ | $54 \%\left(59 \%^{b, c}+\mathbf{5} \boldsymbol{N}^{b, d}\right)$ |
| $\mathbf{6}^{e}$ | 80 | 1.5 | 16 | $55 \%$ |

${ }^{a} \mathrm{H}$ NMR yield of the desired regioisomer was determined by using $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Br}_{2}$ as the internal standard. ${ }^{b}$ Isolated yield. ${ }^{c}$ Regioselectivity was determined from the crude mixture: $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{B}=6: 1$. ${ }^{d}$ Diolefinated product. ${ }^{e} 15 \mathrm{~mol} \%$ of $\mathrm{Pd}(\mathrm{OAc})_{2}$ and S,O-ligand were used.

Scheme 5. Synthesis of ( $\pm$ )-Yaequinolone B


Scheme 6. Syntheses of ( $\pm$ )-Penigequinolones A and B


Scheme 7. C-H Olefination of ( $\pm$ )-16 and 5a with ( $\pm$ )-19
a. Olefination of $( \pm)$-16 with ( $\pm$ )-trans-20


dr not determined
b. Olefination of $( \pm)$-16 with a mixture of $( \pm)$-trans- and $( \pm)$-cis- $\mathbf{2 0}$


( $\pm$ )-21, 50\%, regioselectivity (a:b=5.3:1)
dr not determined

recovered (Scheme 9a). Considering that the free hydroxyl group from the olefin might be the problem, we protected the OH of ( $\pm$ )-cis- 23 with the TMS group. The reaction of $( \pm)$ - 16 with TMS-protected olefin ( $\pm$ )-cis- 24 gave a mixture of TMS-protected and unprotected olefinated products with $50 \%$ conversion (Scheme 9 b ). To simplify the purification, we directly treated the crude mixture with TBAF to deprotect the TMS group. ${ }^{18}$ After purification, the olefinated product ( $\pm$ )-25 was isolated in $43 \%$ yield as a single regioisomer
[the other regioisomer was detected by ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR analysis of the crude and separated by preparative thin layer chromatography (TLC)]. Unfortunately, like in the previous case, epimerization also occurred and four diastereoisomers were detected with a ratio of 2.2:2.2:1:1. The SEM deprotection of $( \pm)-25$ with TBAF led to full decomposition of the starting material. Then, we performed the deprotection reaction using $\mathrm{Me}_{2} \mathrm{AlCl} .{ }^{19}$ This two-step deprotection procedure provided $( \pm)$-aspoquinolones C and D together with two other

Scheme 8. Synthesis of ( $\pm$ )-Yaequinolone C


Scheme 9. Syntheses of ( $\pm$ )-Aspoquinolones C and D

a. Olefination of $( \pm)$-16 with olefin $( \pm)$-cis-23

b. Olefination of $( \pm)-16$ with olefin $( \pm)$-cis- 24

c. SEM deprotection of $( \pm)$ - $\mathbf{2 5}$ to prepare ( $\pm$ )-aspoquinolone $C$ and $D$

$( \pm)-\mathbf{2 5}, \mathrm{dr}=2.2: 2.2: 1: 1$
$( \pm)-\mathbf{2 6}, 73 \%, \mathrm{dr}=2.2: 2.2: 1: 1$
diastereoisomers with diastereoselectivity (2.2:2.2:1:1) remaining in $73 \%$ combined yield (Scheme 9c). As the relative stereochemistry of the olefin moieties of aspoquinolones C and D was not determined in the initial report, ${ }^{4 \mathrm{~b}}$ we propose, based on our results, that one has the cis-configuration on the olefin moiety and the other one has the trans-configuration.

After proving the synthetic power of late-stage $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ olefination by the $\mathrm{Pd} / \mathrm{S}, \mathrm{O}$-ligand catalyst in the divergent synthesis of ( $\pm$ )-yaequinolones B and C , ( $\pm$ )-penigequinolones A and B , and $( \pm)$-aspoquinolones C and D , we decided to move our attention to the total syntheses of another class of
closely related quinolone natural products, which all share a slightly different backbone (a phenyl group located at the 4 position instead of a 4-methoxyphenyl group). We prepared the corresponding 3,4-dihydro-2(1H)-quinolinone derivative $( \pm)-27$ in seven synthetic steps starting from 9 using the same procedure for the preparation of $( \pm)-16$ (see Experimental Section) (Scheme 10).

To synthesize ( $\pm$ )-aflaquinolones $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{C}$, and D , we prepared olefin ( $\pm$ )-28 as a mixture of diastereoisomers (trans/cis = $5: 4$ ) in seven synthetic steps starting from ethyl 4oxocyclohexanecarboxylate (see the Experimental Section). ${ }^{20}$

Scheme 10. Syntheses of ( $\pm$ )-Aflaquinolones A, C, and D and ( $\pm$ )-Scopuquinolone B


b. Syntheses of ( $\pm$ )-Scopuquinolone B


The coupling of this unactivated olefin 28 with ( $\pm$ )-27 gave the olefinated product $( \pm)-29$ in $34 \%$ yield with perfect regioselectivity ( $>20: 1$ ) and with a diastereoselectivity of $1: 1: 1.6: 1.6$. The SEM deprotection of $( \pm)-29$ with TBAF failed to give any desired product, while the reaction with $\mathrm{Me}_{2} \mathrm{AlCl}$ provided ( $\pm$ )-aflaquinolones $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{C}$, and D together with another diastereoisomer in near-quantitative yield with a diastereoselectivity of $1: 1: 1: 1$. Thus, epimerization occurred during the deprotection reaction probably at the $\alpha$-position of the ketone.

Our last target was the synthesis of $( \pm)$-scopuquinolone $B$ that can be synthesized by coupling the core structure ( $\pm$ )-27 with the trans-olefin $( \pm)-31$. The olefination reaction of $( \pm)-27$ with olefin $( \pm)-31$ furnished the olefinated product $( \pm)-32$ in $39 \%$ yield with a diastereoselectivity of 1:1:1:1. The SEM deprotection of ( $\pm$ )-32 with $\mathrm{Me}_{2} \mathrm{AlCl}$ provided $( \pm)$-scopuquinolone B together with three other diastereoisomers in $89 \%$ yield with retained diastereoselectivity of 1:1:1:1.

## CONCLUSIONS

In summary, we have developed novel divergent syntheses of 10 yaequinolone-related natural products, which are synthesized for the first time, by late-stage $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ olefination of $3,4-$ dioxygenated 4 -aryl-5-hydroxyquinolin-2(1H)-ones, core structures of this family of natural products. A robust synthetic methodology is established to construct the core structures and the $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ olefination reaction is efficient and site-selective under mild reaction conditions in the presence of a $\mathrm{Pd} / \mathrm{S}, \mathrm{O}$ -
ligand catalyst. The power of the olefination reaction was showcased by successfully using unactivated olefins as coupling partners. Through this synthetic approach, the relative configuration of the olefin moiety of some of these natural products has been elucidated. Our future efforts will be devoted toward the divergent enantioselective total syntheses of this family of natural products.

## EXPERIMENTAL SECTION

General Information. Chromatography: Silicycle Silica Flash P60 size $40-63 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ ( $230-400$ mesh), TLC: Merck silica gel 60 ( 0.25 mm ), and preparative TLC: Analtech silica gel G $1500 \mu \mathrm{~m} 20 \times 20$ cm . Visualization of the TLC plate was performed with phosphomolybdic acid or KMnO 4 staining reagent and UV light. Mass spectra were recorded on AccuTOF GC v 4g, JMS-T100GCV mass spectrometers. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ were recorded on Bruker 500 AMX, 400 and Bruker DRX 300 using $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ as the solvent otherwise it will be noted. Chemical shift values are reported in ppm with the solvent resonance as the internal standard $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}: \delta 7.26\right.$ for ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ and $\delta 77.16$ for ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$; dimethyl sulfoxide: $\delta 2.50$ for ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ and $\delta 39.52$ for ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$; and acetone: $\delta 2.05$ for ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ and $\delta 206.26$ for ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ ). Data are reported as follows: chemical shifts, multiplicity ( $\mathrm{s}=$ singlet, $\mathrm{d}=$ doublet, $\mathrm{dd}=$ doublet of doublets, $\mathrm{t}=$ triplet, $\mathrm{q}=$ quartet, and $\mathrm{m}=$ multiplet), coupling constants ( Hz ), and integration. IR spectra were recorded on a Bruker Alpha Fourier transform infrared machine and wavelengths are reported in $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$. The melting point was measured in melting point apparatus Büchi M-565. Tetrahydrofuran (THF) and diethyl ether were dried over Na using benzophenone as the indicator. Dichloromethane was dried over $\mathrm{CaH}_{2}$ and was used freshly after distillation. Anhydrous dimethylformamide (DMF) was purchased from Acros and used as received. Absolute ethanol was purchased
from VWR Amsterdam and was used as received. TBAF solution (1.0 M in THF) was purchased from Fluorochem And $\mathrm{Pd}(\mathrm{OAc})_{2}$ was purchased from Strem. The S,O-ligand was prepared using the procedure reported in the literature. ${ }^{13 \mathrm{~b}}$

Synthesis of Olefins. 2,5,5-Trimethyl-2-vinyltetrahydro-2Hpyran (18) was prepared using the following procedures: Step A: In a flame-dried Schlenk flask were added ethyl isobutyrate $(5.563 \mathrm{~mL}$, $4.84 \mathrm{~g}, 41.7 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) and anhydrous THF ( 40 mL ) under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$. In another flask, lithium diisopropylamide (LDA) ( $50 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.2$ equiv) was prepared and transferred to the substrate flask at $-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ via a cannula over a period of 0.5 h . The reaction was stirred for 2 h before 1-bromo-2-chloroethane ( $8.613 \mathrm{~mL}, 14.34 \mathrm{~g}, 100 \mathrm{mmol}, 2.4$ equiv) was added. The reaction was then warmed up to room temperature and stirred overnight. The reaction was quenched by adding saturated aqueous $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ solution and was extracted with EtOAc three times. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and evaporated in vacuo. The product was purified by flash column chromatography ( $\mathrm{PE} / \mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}, 100: 1$ to $50: 1$ ) giving ethyl 4-chloro-2,2-dimethylbutanoate (Int-A) as a colorless oil $(6.10 \mathrm{~g}, 82 \%)$. Its ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR data matched with those reported in the literature. ${ }^{21}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 4.16(\mathrm{q}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.57-$ $3.48(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.12-2.03(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.28(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.24(\mathrm{~s}$, $6 \mathrm{H})$.

Step B: In a flame-dried Schlenk flask were added $\mathrm{LiBH}_{4}(0.92 \mathrm{~g}$, 42 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and anhydrous DCM ( 20 mL ). To this suspension was then slowly added $\mathrm{MeOH}(1.7 \mathrm{~mL})$. After the evolution of $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ has ceased, Int-A ( $5.00 \mathrm{~g}, 28 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) was added. The reaction was then heated under reflux at $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ overnight. The reaction was quenched by carefully adding water and the mixture was extracted with EtOAc three times. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and evaporated in vacuo. The product was purified by flash column chromatography $\left(\mathrm{PE} / \mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right.$, 100:1 to $1: 1$ ) giving 4-chloro-2,2-dimethylbutan-1-ol (Int-B) as a colorless oil $(2.50 \mathrm{~g}, 65 \%)$. Its ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR data matched with those reported in the literature. ${ }^{22}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(300 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 3.64-3.51$ (m, $2 \mathrm{H}), 3.35(\mathrm{~d}, J=0.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.88-1.75(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 0.93(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H})$.

Step C: In a round-bottom flask were successively added Int-B ( $1.37 \mathrm{~g}, 10 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv), DCM $(15 \mathrm{~mL})$, and $\mathrm{TBSCl}(3.01 \mathrm{~g}, 20$ mmol, 2.0 equiv). After stirring the mixture for 5 min , 1 -imidazole ( $1.36 \mathrm{~g}, 20 \mathrm{mmol}, 2.0$ equiv) was then added and the stirring was continued for another 2 h . Saturated aqueous $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ solution was added to quench the reaction and the mixture was extracted with EtOAc three times. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and evaporated in vacuo. The product was purified by flash column chromatography ( $\mathrm{PE} / \mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}, 20: 1$ ) giving tert-butyl(4-chloro-2,2-dimethylbutoxy) dimethylsilane (Int-C) as a colorless oil ( 2.50 g , quantitative yield). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 300 MHz$): \delta 3.62-3.50$ $(\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.25(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.84-1.72(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 0.89(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}), 0.81(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H})$, $0.03(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR ( 75 MHz ): $\delta 71.7,42.7,41.8,36.0,26.0$, 24.3, 18.4, -5.4. HRMS (FD) $m / z:\left[\mathrm{M}-{ }^{t} \mathrm{Bu}\right]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{8} \mathrm{H}_{18} \mathrm{ClOSi}^{+}, 193.0815$; found, 193.0854 .

Step D: In a flame-dried Schlenk flask were added Int-C (1.50 g, $5.98 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv), $\mathrm{Mg}(0.18 \mathrm{~g}, 7.41 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.24$ equiv), and anhydrous THF ( 2 mL ) under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$. The mixture was then heated to reflux and a few drops of 1,2-dibromoethane were slowly added to the reaction. The reaction was continued to stir for another 6 h while refluxing at $80{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. In another flame-dried Schlenk flask were added anhydrous $\mathrm{CeCl}_{3}(1.47 \mathrm{~g}, 5.98 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) and anhydrous THF $(12 \mathrm{~mL})$, and the suspension was stirred at room temperature for 1 h . The freshly prepared Grignard reagent was transferred to the suspension via a cannula at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The reaction was further stirred at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 h before but-3-en-2-one ( $1.0 \mathrm{~mL}, 11.96 \mathrm{mmol}, 2.0$ equiv) was added. After stirring it at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 h , the reaction was quenched by adding saturated aqueous $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ solution and the mixture was extracted with EtOAc three times. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and evaporated in vacuo. The product was purified by flash column chromatography ( $\mathrm{PE} / \mathrm{EtOAc}$, 15:1) giving 7-[(tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy]-3,6,6-trimethylhept-1-en-3-ol (Int-D) as a colorless oil ( $1.01 \mathrm{~g}, 59 \%$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz ): $\delta$ $5.89(\mathrm{dd}, J=17.4,10.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.20(\mathrm{dd}, J=17.3,1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.04$
$(\mathrm{dd}, J=10.8,1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.22(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.51-1.46(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.27(\mathrm{~s}$, $3 \mathrm{H}), 1.25-1.20(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 0.89(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}), 0.02(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR ( 75 MHz ): $\delta 145.4,111.8,77.4,73.5,71.4,36.5,35.0,32.5,27.8,26.1$, 24.3, 24.3, 18.4, -5.4. HRMS (EI) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}:[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{34} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{Si}^{+}$, 286.2328; found, 286.2295 .

Step E: In a round-bottom flask were added Int-D ( $1.00 \mathrm{~g}, 3.49$ mmol, 1.0 equiv) and THF ( 15 mL ). TBAF solution ( 1.0 M in THF, $8.7 \mathrm{~mL}, 8.7 \mathrm{mmol}, 2.5$ equiv) was added dropwise. The reaction was left to stir at room temperature for 4 h before it was quenched by adding saturated aqueous $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ solution. The mixture was extracted with EtOAc three times. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and evaporated in vacuo. The product was purified by flash column chromatography ( $n$-hexane/EtOAc, 11:1) giving 2,2,5-trimethylhept-6-ene-1,5-diol (Int-E) as a white solid ( $0.50 \mathrm{~g}, 83 \%$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}(300 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 5.85(\mathrm{dd}, J=17.3,10.7 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 5.16(\mathrm{dd}, J=17.4,1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.01(\mathrm{dd}, J=10.8,1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 3.33-3.18 (m, 2H), 2.76 (br s, 2H), 1.48-1.42 (m, 2H), 1.28-1.20 $(\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.25(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 0.82(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 0.81(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR $(75$ $\mathrm{MHz}): \delta 145.2,111.8,73.4,70.7,35.9,34.75,31.6,27.9,24.5,24.2$. HRMS (FD) $m / z:[M]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{10} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{O}_{2}{ }^{+}, 172.1463$; found, 172.1470.

Step F: In a flame-dried Schlenk flask were successively added IntE ( $200 \mathrm{mg}, 1.16 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv), DCE $(25 \mathrm{~mL})$, and anhydrous $\mathrm{ZnCl}_{2}$ ( 158 mg , $1.16 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$. The reaction was then stirred at $70{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 h before it was quenched by adding saturated aqueous $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ solution. The mixture was extracted with $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ three times. The combined extracts were passed through a short plug of silica gel and rinsed with $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}$. The filtrate was evaporated in vacuo giving 2,5,5-trimethyl-2-vinyltetrahydro-2H-pyran (18) as a colorless oil ( $130 \mathrm{mg}, 73 \%$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz ): $\delta 5.78$ (dd, $J=$ $17.4,11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.17(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.13$ (dd, $J=7.9,1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.33$ $(\mathrm{d}, J=11.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.21(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.3,2.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.73-1.61(\mathrm{~m}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 1.45-1.37(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.35-1.28(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.23(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 0.99(\mathrm{~s}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 0.81(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\} \mathrm{NMR}(101 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 143.3,114.3,74.2$, $72.7,33.5,30.7,29.8,28.7,26.7,24.2$. HRMS (FD) $m / z:[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$ calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{10} \mathrm{H}_{18} \mathrm{NaO}^{+}, 177.1255$; found, 177.1268.
trans-Linalool oxide (trans-20) was prepared using the following procedures: Linalool oxide was purchased from TCI as a mixture of diastereoisomers (1:1) not separable by flash column chromatography. To separate the diastereoisomers, the hydroxyl group was first protected with TMS using the following procedure:

In a round bottom flask were successively added linalool oxide (20, $\mathrm{dr}=1: 1)(1.01 \mathrm{~g}, 5.92 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv $)$, DCM $(12 \mathrm{~mL}), 1$-imidazole $(1.21 \mathrm{~g}, 17.8 \mathrm{mmol}, 3.0$ equiv), and TMSCl ( $1.13 \mathrm{~mL}, 8.88 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5$ equiv). The reaction was then stirred at room temperature for 0.5 h before water was added. The mixture was extracted with $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ three times. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and evaporated in vacuo. The product TMS-translinalool oxide (TMS-trans-20) was obtained as a colorless oil after purification by flash column chromatography using PE as the eluent. Its ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR data matched with those reported in the literature. ${ }^{24}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz ): $\delta 5.86$ (dd, $J=17.2,10.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.16(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $17.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.97(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.74(\mathrm{t}, J=6.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $1.94-1.76(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.71-1.63(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.30(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.21(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H})$, $1.20(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 0.11(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H})$.

The TMS-protecting group was then removed by using the following step: In a round bottom flask were added TMS-trans$20(2.70 \mathrm{~g}, 11.13 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) and THF ( 50 mL ). TBAF solution ( $33 \mathrm{~mL}, 1.0 \mathrm{M}$ in THF, 3.0 equiv) was then added slowly. The reaction was stirred for 1 h before water was added. The mixture was extracted with $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ three times. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and evaporated in vacuo. The sample was purified by flash column chromatography ( $n$-hexane/ EtOAc, 5:1) giving trans-linalool oxide (trans-20) as a colorless oil $(1.70 \mathrm{~g}, 89 \%)$. Its ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR data matched with those reported in the literature. ${ }^{23}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 5.88(\mathrm{dd}, J=17.3,10.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $5.19(\mathrm{~d}, J=17.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.00(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.80(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.10-1.79(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}), 1.78-1.67(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.32(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.23$ (s, 3H), $1.14(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H})$.

TMS-cis-2,2,6-trimethyl-6-vinyltetrahydropyran-3-ol (cis-24). 2,2,6-Trimethyl-6-vinyltetrahydropyran-3-ol (23) was purchased from TCI as a mixture of diastereoisomers (1:1) not separable by flash column chromatography. The TMS protection and deprotection strategy was used to separate them as presented for the separation of linalool oxide (20). TMS protection was performed using the same procedure as the TMS protection of linalool oxide, and cis- 24 was isolated as a colorless oil after purification by flash column chromatography with PE as the eluent. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz ): $\delta$ 5.96 (ddd, $J=18.2,10.9,1.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.99-4.91(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.40$ (dd, $J$ $=11.3,4.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.10(\mathrm{dt}, J=12.7,3.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.80-1.65(\mathrm{~m}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 1.62-1.48(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.15(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.14(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.13(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H})$, $0.10(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 9 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR ( 101 MHz ): $\delta 146.6,110.6$, 76.6, 75.7, 73.5, 32.9, 32.2, 30.1, 26.4, 20.9, 0.05. HRMS (FD) $m / z$ : $[\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{Me}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{Si}^{+}, 227.1467$; found, 227.1485.
cis-2,2,6-Trimethyl-6-vinyltetrahydropyran-3-ol (cis-23). Deprotection of cis-24 ( $0.60 \mathrm{~g}, 2.475 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was performed using the same procedure as the deprotection of TMS-trans-linalool oxide (TMS-trans-20). cis-23 was isolated as a wax ( 0.42 g , quantitative yield) and its ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR data matched with those reported in the literature. ${ }^{24}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz ): $\delta 5.99$ (dd, $J=18.1,11.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$ ), $5.03(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.5$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.99(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.51-3.43(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.15(\mathrm{dt}, J=$ $13.6,3.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.77-1.71(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.64-1.58(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.28(\mathrm{~s}$, $3 \mathrm{H}), 1.20(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.19(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H})$.

2,4-Dimethyl-4-vinylcyclohexanone (28) and 2,4-dimethyl-4-vinylcyclohexanol (31) were prepared using the following procedures: Step A: In a round-bottom flask were successively added ethyl 4-oxocyclohexane-1-carboxylate $(9.29 \mathrm{~mL}, 10.00 \mathrm{~g}, 58.8 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv), ethylene glycol ( $11.5 \mathrm{~mL}, 12.77 \mathrm{~g}, 205.8 \mathrm{mmol}, 3.5$ equiv), $p$ toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate ( $137 \mathrm{mg}, 0.012$ equiv), and anhydrous toluene $(30 \mathrm{~mL})$. The reaction was then stirred overnight at room temperature. Saturated aqueous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ solution was added and the reaction was extracted with EtOAc three times. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and evaporated in vacuo. The product was purified by flash column chromatography ( $\mathrm{PE} / \mathrm{EtOAc}, 15: 1$ ) giving ethyl 1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]decane-8-carboxylate as a colorless oil (10.94 g, $87 \%$ ). Its ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR data matched with those reported in the literature. ${ }^{25}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 4.05(\mathrm{q}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.86(\mathrm{~s}$, $4 \mathrm{H}), 2.29-2.22(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.91-1.80(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.79-1.64(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H})$, $1.54-1.42(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.17(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H})$.

Step B: In a flame-dried Schlenk flask were successively added 1,4dioxaspiro[4.5] decane-8-carboxylate ( $10.94 \mathrm{~g}, 51.1 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) and anhydrous THF ( 70 mL ). The solution was slowly transferred to another Schlenk flask containing freshly prepared LDA ( 66.4 mmol , 1.3 equiv) at $-78{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ over a period of 0.5 h . THF ( 10 mL ) was used to rinse the flask and was also transferred. The reaction was then slowly warmed up to room temperature and stirred for 0.5 h before it was cooled to $-78{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ again. $\mathrm{MeI}(6.36 \mathrm{~mL}, 14.50 \mathrm{~g}, 102.2 \mathrm{mmol}, 2.0$ equiv) was added dropwise and the reaction was slowly warmed up to room temperature. After stirring it overnight, the reaction was quenched by adding saturated aqueous $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ solution and was extracted with EtOAc three times. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and evaporated in vacuo. The product was purified by flash column chromatography (PE/ EtOAc, 20:1) giving ethyl 8-methyl-1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]decane-8carboxylate as a colorless oil ( $9.68 \mathrm{~g}, 83 \%$ ). Its ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR data matched with those reported in the literature. ${ }^{25}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (400 $\mathrm{MHz}): \delta 4.02(\mathrm{q}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.81(\mathrm{~s}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 2.00(\mathrm{dt}, J=13.0,3.6$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.58-1.32(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}), \delta 1.13(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.06(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H})$.

Step C: In a flame-dried Schlenk flask were added ethyl 8-methyl-1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5] decane-8-carboxylate ( $7.20 \mathrm{~g}, 31.5 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) and anhydrous DCM ( 70 mL ). LAH ( $2.63 \mathrm{~g}, 69.4 \mathrm{mmol}$, 2.2 equiv) was added in small portions at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The reaction was stirred at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 0.5 h before it was warmed up to room temperature slowly. After the reaction was stirred for 1.5 h , the reaction was diluted with DCM and saturated aqueous potassium sodium tartrate solution was carefully added. The reaction was then stirred vigorously for 1 h . The mixture was extracted with DCM three times. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over
$\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and evaporated in vacuo to give (8-methyl-1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)methanol as a white solid ( $5.81 \mathrm{~g}, 99 \%$ ), which was pure enough to continue for the next step without further purification. Its ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR data matched with those reported in the literature. ${ }^{25}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz ): $\delta 3.94(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 3.39(\mathrm{~s}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 1.73-1.49(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}), 1.45-1.34(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 0.96(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H})$.

Step D: In a round-bottom flask were successively added (8-methyl-1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5] decan-8-yl) methanol ( $4.90 \mathrm{~g}, 26.3 \mathrm{mmol}$, 1.0 equiv), DCM ( 60 mL ), and PCC $(12.48 \mathrm{~g}, 57.9 \mathrm{mmol}, 2.2$ equiv). After the reaction was stirred at room temperature for 1 h , it was filtrated through a plug of silica gel and rinsed with EtOAc. The filtrate was evaporated and purified by flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc, 5:1) giving 8-methyl-1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5] decane-8-carbaldehyde a colorless oil ( $4.20 \mathrm{~g}, 87 \%$ ). Its ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR data matched with those reported in the literature. ${ }^{26}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 9.46$ (s, $1 \mathrm{H}), 3.93(\mathrm{~s}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 2.07-1.92(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.70-1.49(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}), 1.04(\mathrm{~s}$, $3 \mathrm{H})$.

Step E: In a flame-dried Schlenk flask were added methyl triphenylphosphonium bromide ( $13.44 \mathrm{~g}, 37.6 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.65$ equiv) and anhydrous THF $(75 \mathrm{~mL})$ at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ under $\mathrm{N}_{2} . n-\operatorname{BuLi}(13.7 \mathrm{~mL}, 2.5$ M in hexanes, $34.25 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5$ equiv) was then added dropwise. The reaction was warmed up to room temperature and stirred for 0.5 h before it was cooled to $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ again. In another flask, a solution of 8 -methyl-1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]decane-8-carbaldehyde ( $4.20 \mathrm{~g}, 22.8 \mathrm{mmol}$, 1.0 equiv) in anhydrous THF ( 20 mL ) was prepared and the solution was slowly transferred to the Wittig reagent flask via a cannula over a period of 0.5 h .10 mL of anhydrous THF was used to rinse the flask and was also transferred. The reaction was then stirred at room temperature for 3 h . Acetone $(5 \mathrm{~mL})$ was added to quench the Wittig reagent. The mixture was filtrated and washed with $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}$. The filtrate was evaporated and purified by flash column chromatography ( $n$ pentane $/ \mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}$, 15:1) giving 8-methyl-8-vinyl-1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]decane as a pale yellow oil ( $3.46 \mathrm{~g}, 83 \%$ ). Its ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR data matched with those reported in the literature. ${ }^{26}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 5.79$ (dd, $J=17.8,10.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.01(\mathrm{~d}, J=4.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.98(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $3.93(\mathrm{~s}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 1.69-1.61(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}), 1.53-1.44(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.01(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H})$.

Step F: 8-Methyl-8-vinyl-1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5] decane (3.40 g, 18.7 $\mathrm{mmol})$ was dissolved in acetone $(60 \mathrm{~mL}) .10 \% \mathrm{HCl}(24 \mathrm{~mL})$ was then added dropwise. The reaction was stirred for 2.5 h before brine was added. The mixture was extracted with $\mathrm{DCM} / \mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ (1:2) three times. The volatiles were carefully evaporated in vacuo giving 4 -methyl-4-vinylcyclohexan-1-one as a colorless oil ( 2.57 g , quantitative yield). Its ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR data matched with those reported in the literature. ${ }^{26}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz ): $\delta 5.89(\mathrm{dd}, J=17.5,11.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 5.18-5.08 (m, 2H), 2.45-2.25 (m, 4H), 1.97-1.90 (m, 2H), 1.74$1.67(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.12(\mathrm{~d}, J=0.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H})$.

Step G: In a flame-dried Schlenk flask was added LiHMDS (7.6 $\mathrm{mL}, 1.0 \mathrm{M}$ in THF, $7.6 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.05$ equiv) under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ and 4-methyl-4-vinylcyclohexan-1-one $(1.00 \mathrm{~g}, 7.2 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) in DMF ( 4 mL ) was added dropwise at $-78{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The reaction was then left to stir for 1.5 h before MeI ( $446 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 7.2 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) was added dropwise. The reaction was slowly warmed up to room temperature and stirred overnight. The reaction was quenched by adding saturated aqueous $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ solution and was extracted with $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ three times. The combined extracts were washed with water three times and brine, dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and evaporated in vacuo. The product was purified by flash column chromatography ( $n$-pentane $/ \mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}, 20: 1$ ) giving 2,4-dimethyl-4-vinylcyclohexan-1-one (28) as a pale yellow oil ( $0.82 \mathrm{~g}, 74 \%, \mathrm{dr}:$ trans $/ \mathrm{cis}=5: 4$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 5.98$ (dd, $J$ $=17.6,10.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\text {trans }}$ ), $5.84\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=17.5,10.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\text {cis }}\right.$ ), $5.26-$ $5.19\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\text {trans }}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\text {cis }}\right), 5.04-4.95\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\text {trans }}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\text {cis }}\right), 2.66-$ $2.41\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\text {trans }}\right.$ and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{cis}}\right), 2.34\left(\mathrm{dt}, J=14.4,3.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{cis}}\right), 2.25$ (ddd, $\left.J=14.0,4.5,2.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\text {trans }}\right)$, $2.10-2.01\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\text {trans }}\right.$ and $1 \mathrm{H}_{\text {cis }}$ ), $1.81-1.77\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\text {trans }}\right), 1.73-1.65\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{cis}}\right), 1.51(\mathrm{t}, J=13.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\text {cis }}\right), 1.44\left(\mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{t}, J=13.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\text {trans }}\right), 1.33\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{cis}}\right), 1.06(\mathrm{~s}$, $3 \mathrm{H}_{\text {trans }}$ ), $1.04\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\text {cis }}\right), 1.01\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\text {trans }}\right)$. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR $(75 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 213.9,213.5,148.3,144.8,113.5,110.6$, 47.0, 46.4, 41.3, 40.7, 38.5 (trans and cis), 37.9 (trans and cis), 37.7, 37.5, 30.3, 22.1, 14.7, 14.5. HRMS (FD) $m / z:[M]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{10} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{O}^{+}, 152.1201$; found, 152.1211.

Step H: In a flame-dried Schlenk flask were added $37(\mathrm{dr}=5: 4$, $0.36 \mathrm{~g}, 2.36 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) and anhydrous $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}(70 \mathrm{~mL}) . \mathrm{LAH}$ ( $0.18 \mathrm{~g}, 4.74 \mathrm{mmol}, 2.0$ equiv) was added in small portions at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The reaction was stirred for 0.5 h before it was warmed up to room temperature slowly. After the reaction was stirred for 1.5 h , the reaction was diluted with $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ and saturated aqueous potassium sodium tartrate solution was carefully added. The reaction was then stirred vigorously for 1 h . The mixture was extracted with $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ three times. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and evaporated in vacuo. The product was purified by flash column chromatography ( $n$-pentane $/ \mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}, 5: 1$ ) giving 2,4-dimethyl-4-vinylcyclohexanol (31) as a pale yellow oil ( $0.35 \mathrm{~g}, 96 \%$, dr: $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{B}=5: 4$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 300 MHz ): $\delta 5.78(\mathrm{dd}, J=17.6,10.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 5.07-4.84\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 3.14-3.05\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 1.87-1.22\left(\mathrm{~m}, 7 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.7 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 1.05\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 0.99(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $\left.6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 0.97\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right), 0.95\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\} \mathrm{NMR}$ $(75 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 150.4,146.2,112.5,109.4,45.4,44.4,37.2,36.5,36.4$, 36.1, 35.5, 35.5, 31.9 (A and B), 31.2, 31.1, 22.4 (A and B), 18.8, 18.7. HRMS (FD) $m / z$ : $[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{10} \mathrm{H}_{18} \mathrm{O}^{+}, 154.1358$; found, 154.1360.

Synthesis of Model Substrates. 5-Methoxy-N-methyl-3,4-dihydroquinolin-2(1H)-one (2a). In a flame-dried Schlenk flask were added 5-hydroxy-3,4-dihydroquinolin-2 $(1 \mathrm{H})$-one ( 326 mg , 2.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and anhydrous DMF ( 10 mL ) under $\mathrm{N}_{2} . \mathrm{NaH}(240$ $\mathrm{mg}, 60 \%$ in mineral oil, $6.0 \mathrm{mmol}, 3.0$ equiv) was then added at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and stirred for 0.5 h . MeI ( $500 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 8.0 \mathrm{mmol}, 4.0$ equiv) was then added dropwise at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The reaction was then warmed up to room temperature and stirred overnight. The reaction was quenched by adding water and extracted with EtOAc three times. The combined organic extracts were washed with water three times and brine two times, dried with $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo to give 2a as a pale yellow solid ( $380 \mathrm{mg}, 99 \%$ ). Its ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR data matched with those reported in the literature. ${ }^{27}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 7.21$ $(\mathrm{t}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.64(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.85(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.35(\mathrm{~s}$, $3 \mathrm{H}), 2.89(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.6,6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.60(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.6,6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$.

5-Hydroxy-N-methyl-3,4-dihydroquinolin-2(1H)-one (5a). In a flame-dried Schlenk flask were added $2 \mathrm{a}(1.15 \mathrm{~g}, 6.0 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) and anhydrous DCM $(10 \mathrm{~mL})$ under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$. A solution of $\mathrm{BBr}_{3}$ in DCM $\left(18 \mathrm{~mL}, 1.0 \mathrm{M}, 18.0 \mathrm{mmol}, 3.0\right.$ equiv) was added dropwise at $-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. After stirring the reaction for another 1 h at $-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, the reaction was slowly warmed up to room temperature and stirred for additional 3 h . Water was slowly added to quench the reaction and the reaction was extracted with DCM three times. The combined organic extracts were washed with water and brine, dried with $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo to give 5 a as a pale yellow solid ( $1.02 \mathrm{~g}, 96 \%$ ). Its ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR data matched with those reported in the literature. ${ }^{28}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz ): $\delta 7.11(\mathrm{t}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.61(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 6.54(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.35(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.90(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.7,6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 2.64$ (dd, $J=8.5,6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$.

5-(Methoxymethoxy)-N-methyl-3,4-dihydroquinolin-2(1H)-one (4a). In a flame-dried Schlenk flask were added 5 a $(532 \mathrm{mg}, 3.0$ mmol, 1.0 equiv) and freshly distilled THF ( 10 mL ) under $\mathrm{N}_{2} . \mathrm{NaH}$ ( $156 \mathrm{mg}, 60 \%$ in mineral oil, $3.9 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.3$ equiv) was then added portionwise at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. After stirring it at room temperature for 0.5 h , $\mathrm{MOMCl}(1.127 \mathrm{~g}, 15.1 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.2$ equiv) was added to the reaction dropwise at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. After stirring it for 3 h at room temperature, the reaction was quenched by slowly adding water and extracted with EtOAc three times. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and evaporated in vacuo. The product was purified by flash column chromatography ( $n$-hexane/EtOAc, $3: 1$ ) giving 4 a as a pale yellow solid ( $500 \mathrm{mg}, 75 \%$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz ): $\delta 7.18(\mathrm{t}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.85(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.4,0.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.68(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.21(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.49(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.35(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.93$ (dd, $J=$ $8.6,6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.61(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.6,6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\} \operatorname{NMR}(75$ $\mathrm{MHz}): \delta 170.6,154.1,141.9,127.8,115.5,109.3,108.8,94.8,56.3$, 31.2, 29.9, 18.3. HRMS (FD) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}:[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{NO}_{3}{ }^{+}$, 221.1052; found, 221.1061.

5-Ethoxy-3,4-dihydroquinolin-2(1H)-one. In a flame-dried Schlenk flask were added 5-hydroxy-3,4-dihydroquinolin-2( 1 H )-one $\left(0.70 \mathrm{~g}, 4.29 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0\right.$ equiv), $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}(1.23 \mathrm{mg}, 8.93 \mathrm{mmol}, 2.1$
equiv), $\operatorname{EtBr}$ ( $0.7 \mathrm{mg}, 6.42 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5$ equiv), and anhydrous DMF (5 mL ) under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$. The reaction was then stirred at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 5 h . Water was then added and the mixture was extracted with EtOAc three times. The combined organic extracts were washed with water three times and brine two times, dried with $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo to yield 5-ethoxy-3,4-dihydroquinolin-2 $(1 \mathrm{H})$ one as a white solid ( $800 \mathrm{mg}, 98 \%$ ), which was pure enough to be directly used for the next step. Its ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR data matched with those reported in the literature. ${ }^{29}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 7.58(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $7.10(\mathrm{t}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.56(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.35(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 4.05(\mathrm{q}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.97(\mathrm{t}, J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.60(\mathrm{dd}, J=$ $8.4,6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.42(\mathrm{t}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H})$.

5-Ethoxy-N-methyl-3,4-dihydroquinolin-2(1H)-one (3a). In a flame-dried Schlenk flask were added 5-ethoxy-3,4-dihydroquinolin$2(1 H)$-one ( $191 \mathrm{mg}, 1.0 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) and anhydrous DMF (2 mL ) under $\mathrm{N}_{2} . \mathrm{NaH}(60 \mathrm{mg}, 60 \%$ in mineral oil, $1.5 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5$ equiv) was then added at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and stirred for 0.5 h . MeI $(170 \mathrm{mg}, 1.2 \mathrm{mmol}$, 1.2 equiv) was then added dropwise at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The reaction was then warmed up to room temperature and stirred overnight. The reaction was quenched by adding water and extracted with EtOAc three times. The combined organic extracts were washed with water three times and brine two times, dried with $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo to give 3 a as a white solid ( $200 \mathrm{mg}, 98 \%$ ). Its ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR data matched with those reported in the literature. ${ }^{29}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (400 $\mathrm{MHz}): \delta 7.20-7.15(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.63-6.61(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.05(\mathrm{q}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 3.34(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.93-2.88(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.60(\mathrm{t}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.42$ $(\mathrm{t}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H})$.

5-Ethoxy- N -(methoxymethyl)-3,4-dihydroquinolin-2(1H)-one (6a). In a flame-dried Schlenk flask were added 5-ethoxy-3,4-dihydroquinolin- $2(1 H)$-one $(150 \mathrm{mg}, 0.78 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) and freshly distilled THF ( 3 mL ) under $\mathrm{N}_{2} . \mathrm{NaH}(47 \mathrm{mg}, 60 \%$ in mineral oil, $1.17 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5$ equiv) was then added at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. After stirring it for 0.5 h at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{MOMCl}(70 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.94 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.2$ equiv) was added to the reaction at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ dropwise. After stirring it for 2 h at room temperature, the reaction was quenched by slowly adding water and extracted with EtOAc three times. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and evaporated in vacuo. The product was purified by flash column chromatography (PE/ EtOAc, 4:1) giving $6 \mathbf{a}$ as a pale yellow solid ( $99 \mathrm{mg}, 54 \%$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(300 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 7.21-7.12(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.93(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.63(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.30(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.05(\mathrm{q}, J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.40(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H})$, $2.93(\mathrm{t}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.68-2.62(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.42(\mathrm{t}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H})$. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR $(101 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 171.7,155.7,140.9,127.9,114.7,108.8$, 107.1, 74.2, 64.1, 56.4, 31.5, 18.3, 15.0. HRMS (FD) $m / z:[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{NO}_{3}{ }^{+}$, 235.1208; found, 235.1219.

4-\{[5-Ethoxy-2-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinolin-1(2H)-yl]methyl\}phenyl Acetate (7a). In a flame-dried Schlenk flask were added 5-ethoxy-3,4-dihydroquinolin- $2(1 H)$-one $(215 \mathrm{mg}, 1.12 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) and anhydrous DMF ( 3 mL ) under $\mathrm{N}_{2} . \mathrm{NaH}(54 \mathrm{mg}, 60 \%$ in mineral oil, $1.35 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.2$ equiv) was then added at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and stirred for 0.5 h at $0{ }^{\circ}$ C. 4-(Bromomethyl) phenyl acetate $(332 \mathrm{mg}, 1.46 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.3$ equiv) was then added at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The reaction was then warmed up to room temperature and stirred overnight. The reaction was quenched by adding water and extracted with EtOAc three times. The combined organic extracts were washed with water three times and brine two times, dried over MgSO 4 , filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by flash column chromatography ( $n$-hexane/ EtOAc, 3:1) giving 7 a as a pale yellow solid ( $250 \mathrm{mg}, 66 \%$ ) mp $102.0-103.3{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 7.22(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $7.07-7.01(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 6.58(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.51(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 5.15(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.04(\mathrm{q}, J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.98(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.6,6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 2.73(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.7,6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.27(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.42(\mathrm{t}, J=6.9,3 \mathrm{H})$. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR $(101 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 170.8,169.6,155.9,149.7,141.0,135.0$, 127.8, 127.6, 121.9, 114.8, 108.5, 106.8, 64.1, 46.0, 31.5, 21.3, 18.3, 15.0. IR $\nu: 2977,1758,1671,1594,1467,1188,728 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. HRMS (FD) $m / z:[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{NO}_{4}{ }^{+}, 339.1471$; found, 339.1471.

Synthesis of Core Structures ( $\pm$ )-16 and ( $\pm$ )-27 of Yaequinolone-Related Natural Products. Synthesis of ( $\pm$ )-16. 1-(Benzyloxy)-2-bromo-3-nitrobenzene (9). In a round-bottom flask were added 2-bromo-3-nitrophenol (8) (2.18 g, $10.0 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$
equiv), $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}(4.15 \mathrm{~g}, 30.0 \mathrm{mmol}, 3.0$ equiv), benzyl chloride ( 2.3 $\mathrm{mL}, 20 \mathrm{mmol}, 2.0$ equiv), and $\mathrm{EtOH}(15 \mathrm{~mL})$ successively. The mixture was then refluxed at $85{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ overnight. The volatiles were removed in vacuo. The product was purified by flash column chromatography ( $\mathrm{PE} / \mathrm{EtOAc}, 3: 1$ ) giving 9 as a yellow solid ( 2.80 g , $91 \%) . \mathrm{mp} 73.0-74.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 7.49(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 7.48-7.26(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}), 7.17-7.09(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.25(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR ( 101 MHz ): $\delta 156.6,135.6,128.9,128.7,128.5,127.2,117.0$, 116.4, 105.5, 71.8. HRMS (FD) $m / z:[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{BrNO}_{3}{ }^{+}$, 306.9844; found, 306.9816.
[2-(Benzyloxy)-6-nitrophenyl](4-methoxyphenyl)methanol (10). In a flame-dried Schlenk flask were added 9 ( $4.00 \mathrm{~g}, 13.0 \mathrm{mmol}$, 1.0 equiv) and freshly distilled THF ( 50 mL ) under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$. At $-95^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, $n$ BuLi ( $6.24 \mathrm{~mL}, 2.5 \mathrm{M}$ in hexanes, $15.6 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.2$ equiv) was then added dropwise. The reaction was continued to stir at $-95^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1.5 h before a solution of $p$-anisaldehyde ( $3.54 \mathrm{~g}, 26.0 \mathrm{mmol}, 2.0$ equiv) in THF $(10 \mathrm{~mL})$ was added dropwise. After stirring the reaction for another 2 h , the reaction was quenched by slow addition of saturated solution of $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ and extracted with EtOAc three times. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and concentrated in vacuo. The sample was purified by flash column chromatography ( $n$-hexane/EtOAc, $5: 1$ to $3: 1$ ) giving 10 as a pale yellow oil ( $2.20 \mathrm{~g}, 46 \%$ ). Another reaction using 4.00 g of 9 ( 13.0 mmol ) with 0.95 equiv of $n-\mathrm{BuLi}$ and 0.5 equiv of para-anisaldehyde was also performed, and 2.06 g of 10 was obtained ( $86 \%$ based on para-anisaldehyde). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz ): $\delta 7.44-7.36(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $7.31-7.27(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.24-7.18(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.02(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.5,2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 6.86-6.82(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.23(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.07(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.5$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.99(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.81(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR (101 $\mathrm{MHz}): \delta 158.8,157.1,150.7,135.1,134.6,129.2,128.6,128.4,127.5$, 127.1, 126.4, 116.6, 116.5, 113.5, 71.2, 69.4, 55.3. IR $\nu: 3545,2934$, 1604, 1509, 1356, 1246, 1025, $737 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. HRMS (FD) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}:[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$ calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{NO}_{5}{ }^{+}, 365.1263$; found, 365.1248 .
[2-Amino-6-(benzyloxy)phenyl](4-methoxyphenyl)methanol (11). In a round bottom flask were added $10(2.00 \mathrm{~g}, 5.5 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv), $\mathrm{EtOH}(30 \mathrm{~mL})$, and $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~S}(1.28 \mathrm{~g}, 16.4 \mathrm{mmol}, 3.0$ equiv) successively. The reaction was then refluxed at $85{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 15 min before water was added to quench the reaction. The mixture was then extracted with EtOAc three times. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and evaporated in vacuo. The obtained 11 was directly used for the next step. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 $\mathrm{MHz}): \delta 7.38-7.30(\mathrm{~m}, 8 \mathrm{H}), 7.04(\mathrm{t}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.87-6.82(\mathrm{~m}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 6.49(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.45(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.3,1.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.32(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.0,0.9$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.08(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.02(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.78(\mathrm{~s}$, $3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 101 MHz ): $\delta$ 158.7, 156.9, 146.4, 137.1, 135.0, 129.1, 128.6, 128.0, 127.5, 127.2, 116.6, 113.7, 111.1, 102.7, 70.6, 68.4, 55.4.

N-\{3-(Benzyloxy)-2-[hydroxy(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]phenyl\}-2-methoxyacetamide (12). In a flame-dried Schlenk flask were added crude 11 obtained from the previous step, ${ }^{i} \operatorname{Pr}_{2} \mathrm{NEt}(853 \mathrm{mg}, 6.6$ mmol, 1.2 equiv), and freshly distilled DCM ( 25 mL ). 2Methoxyacetyl chloride ( $657 \mathrm{mg}, 6.05 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.1$ equiv) was then added dropwise at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The reaction was stirred for another 40 min at room temperature before it was quenched by adding water. The reaction was extracted with DCM three times and the combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by flash column chromatography ( $n$-hexane/EtOAc, 2:1) giving 12 as a pale yellow oil ( $1.40 \mathrm{~g}, 61 \%$ over two steps). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 10.09(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.95(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.38-7.22(\mathrm{~m}, 8 \mathrm{H}), 6.82-6.78(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 6.65(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $5.11(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.04(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.87(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.4$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.77(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.69(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.28(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H})$. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR $(101 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 168.2,158.3,155.4,137.6,136.6,134.4$, $128.5,128.3,127.7,127.1,127.0,121.1,115.2,113.2,108.0,72.0$, 70.3, 67.4, 59.1, 54.9. IR $\nu: 3282,2934,2834,1665,1593,1472,1249$, $1116 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. HRMS (FD) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}:[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{NO}_{5}{ }^{+}, 407.1733$; found, 407.1746 .

N-[3-(Benzyloxy)-2-(4-methoxybenzoyl)phenyl]-2-methoxyacetamide (13). In a round bottom flask were added 12 ( $1.40 \mathrm{~g}, 3.44$ mmo, 1.0 equiv) and $\operatorname{DCM}(30 \mathrm{~mL})$. PCC ( $1.48 \mathrm{~g}, 6.88 \mathrm{mmol}, 2.0$
equiv) was then added portionwise. After stirring it at room temperature for 1 h , TLC showed full conversion of the reaction. The reaction was then quenched by a saturated solution of $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{3}$ and extracted with DCM three times. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and evaporated in vacuo. The product was purified by flash column chromatography ( $n$ hexane/EtOAc, 1.5:1) giving 13 as a pale yellow oil ( $1.30 \mathrm{~g}, 94 \%$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz ): $\delta 9.32(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.99(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.82-$ $7.75(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.37(\mathrm{t}, J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.19-7.06(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 6.91-$ $6.82(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 6.78(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.89(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.87(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $3.78(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.32(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR ( 101 MHz$): \delta 194.9,168.1$, 163.7, 156.6, 136.3, 136.0, 131.7, 131.5, 128.0, 127.4, 126.5, 119.1, $114.8,113.5,108.3,71.9,70.0,59.2,55.3$. IR $\nu: 3359,2935,2837$, 1692, 1592, 1461, 1253, $927 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. HRMS (FD) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}:[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{NO}_{5}^{+}, 405.1576$; found, 405.1591.
( $3 R^{*}, 4 R^{*}$ )-5-(Benzyloxy)-4-hydroxy-3-methoxy-4-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-3,4-dihydroquinolin-2(1H)-one [( $\pm \mathbf{)}$-14]. In a flame-dried Schlenk flask were added $13(0.94 \mathrm{~g}, 2.32 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) and freshly distilled THF ( 50 mL ) at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$. A solution of $\mathrm{KO}^{t} \mathrm{Bu}$ ( $16.2 \mathrm{~mL}, 1.0 \mathrm{M}$ in THF, $16.2 \mathrm{mmol}, 7.0$ equiv) was then added dropwise. After stirring it at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for $2 \mathrm{~h}, \mathrm{TLC}$ showed full conversion of the reaction. The reaction was quenched by adding water and extracted with EtOAc (three times). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and evaporated in vacuo. The product was purified by flash column chromatography ( $n$ hexane/EtOAc, 1:1.5) giving ( $\pm$ )-14 as a single diastereoisomer: white solid $(0.75 \mathrm{~g}, 80 \%) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 8.80(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $7.32-7.25(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.25-7.16(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.12(\mathrm{dd}, J=6.3,2.7 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 6.86-6.77(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.73(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.55(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.1$, $0.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.33(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.07(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.99(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.5$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.83(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.77(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.61(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR (101 MHz): $\delta 168.3,159.7,158.0,137.1,135.7,133.6,129.9$, 128.7, 128.4, 127.6, 127.5, 115.3, 114.0, 109.6, 108.7, 85.1, 78.1, 71.1, 59.7, 55.3. IR $\nu: 3509,2932,1692,1607,1509,1259,1103 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. HRMS (FD) $\mathrm{m} / z:[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{NO}_{5}{ }^{+}, 405.1576$; found, 405.1591.
(3R*,4R*)-5-(Benzyloxy)-4-hydroxy-3-methoxy-4-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-\{[2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy]methyl\}-3,4-dihydroquinolin$2(1 H)$-one $[( \pm)-15]$. In a flame-dried Schlenk flask were added $( \pm)-14$ ( $1.20 \mathrm{~g}, 2.96 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) and anhydrous THF ( 50 mL ) under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ LiHMDS solution in THF ( $3.26 \mathrm{~mL}, 1.0 \mathrm{M}, 3.26 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.1$ equiv) was then added dropwise at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. After stirring it for 0.5 h , SEMCl ( $0.59 \mathrm{~g}, 3.55 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.2$ equiv) was added dropwise. The reaction was continued to stir at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 h before water was added to quench the reaction. The mixture was extracted with EtOAc three times. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and evaporated in vacuo. The product was purified by flash column chromatography ( $\mathrm{PE} / \mathrm{EtOAc}, 3: 1$ ) giving ( $\pm$ )-15 as a white solid $(1.40 \mathrm{~g}, 88 \%) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz ): $\delta 7.33(\mathrm{t}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.30-7.26(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.19-7.11(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}), 6.84-6.80(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H})$, $5.67(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.49(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.10(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $5.01(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.96(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.92(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $3.78(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.67-3.54(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.58(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 0.98-0.94(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $0.00(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR (101 MHz): $\delta 167.6,159.8,157.4,139.8$, 135.7, 133.5, 129.7, 128.8, 128.4, 127.7, 127.5, 116.9, 114.0, 110.0, 109.3, 85.3, 77.4, 72.2, 71.2, 66.0, 59.4, 55.3, 18.1, -1.3 . IR $\nu: 3508$, 2952, 1693, 1594, 1465, 1385, 1247, 1064, $832 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. HRMS (FD) $m / z:[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{30} \mathrm{H}_{37} \mathrm{NO}_{6} \mathrm{Si}^{+}, 535.2390$; found, 535.2383.
$\left(3 R^{*}, 4 R^{*}\right)-4,5-D i h y d r o x y-3-m e t h o x y-4-(4-m e t h o x y p h e n y l)-1-\{[2-$ (trimethylsilyl)ethoxy]methyl\}-3,4-dihydroquinolin-2(1H)-one [( $\pm$ )-16]. In a Schlenk flask were added ( $\pm$ )-15 ( 430 mg ), EtOH (5 $\mathrm{mL})$, EtOAc $(5 \mathrm{~mL})$, and $\mathrm{Pd} / \mathrm{C}(100 \mathrm{mg}, 10 \mathrm{wt} \%)$ under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$. The flask atmosphere was then changed to $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ by using a balloon filled with $\mathrm{H}_{2}$. The reaction was then stirred for 2 h under $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ (1 atm. pressure). The reaction was filtrated and evaporated in vacuo. The product was purified by flash column chromatography ( $n$-hexane/ EtOAc, 3:1) giving ( $\pm$ )-17 as a white solid ( $446 \mathrm{mg}, 95 \%$ ). 430 mg of $( \pm)-\mathbf{1 5}(0.80 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $100 \mathrm{mg} \mathrm{Pd} / \mathrm{C}(10 \% \mathrm{wt})$ were used. Purification was performed using $\mathrm{PE} / \mathrm{EtOAc}(3: 1)$ as an eluent. Product $( \pm)-16$ was isolated as a white solid in $95 \%$ yield $(340 \mathrm{mg})$.
${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 8.86(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.28(\mathrm{t}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.17-$ $7.15(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.98(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.85-6.82(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.74(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.65(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.00(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $4.53(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.85(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.77(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.63-3.53(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.59(\mathrm{~s}$, $3 \mathrm{H}), 0.96(\mathrm{t}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 0.00(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR (101 $\mathrm{MHz}): \delta 166.1,160.4,157.6,138.1,130.4,129.0,128.2,114.3,113.8$, 112.3, 107.7, 84.6, 78.1, 72.2, 66.1, 58.8, 55.3, 18.1, -1.3 . IR $\nu: 3353$, 2953, 1677, 1613, 1470, 1243, 1073, $834 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. HRMS (FD) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ : $[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{31} \mathrm{NO}_{6} \mathrm{Si}^{+}, 445.1921$; found, 445.1939.

Synthesis of ( $\pm$ )-27. [2-(Benzyloxy)-6-nitrophenyl](phenyl)methanol (Int-F). The procedure for the preparation of 10 was followed. 4.00 g of $9(13.0 \mathrm{mmol})$ was used and purification was performed using PE/EtOAc (7:1 to $3: 1$ ) as an eluent. Product Int-F was isolated as a yellow oil in $48 \%$ yield $(2.10 \mathrm{~g})$. Another reaction using 4.00 g of $9(13.0 \mathrm{mmol})$ with 0.95 equiv of $n-\mathrm{BuLi}$ and 0.5 equiv of anisaldehyde was also performed, and 1.93 g of Int-F was obtained ( $88 \%$ based on anisaldehyde). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz ): $\delta 7.41-7.36(\mathrm{~m}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 7.34-7.20(\mathrm{~m}, 8 \mathrm{H}), 7.15(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.94-6.87(\mathrm{~m}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 6.26(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.02(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.6,2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.92(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.5$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR $(101 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 157.3,151.0,142.6,135.0$, 129.4, 128.8, 128.6, 128.3, 127.6, 127.3, 126.6, 125.8, 116.8, 77.4, 71.5, 69.6. IR $\nu: 3031,1528,1452,1356,1023,737,697 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. HRMS (EI) $m / z:[\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{OH}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{NO}_{3}{ }^{+}, 318.1130$; found, 318.1110 .
[2-Amino-6-(benzyloxy)phenyl](phenyl)methanol (Int-G). The procedure for the preparation of 11 was followed. 1.80 g of Int-F ( 5.4 mmol ) was used and the reaction was refluxed for 0.5 h . Product Int-G was used for the next step without purification. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (400 $\mathrm{MHz}): \delta 7.46(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.42-7.16(\mathrm{~m}, 8 \mathrm{H}), 7.08(\mathrm{t}, J=8.2$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.57(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.49(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.35(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 5.17-5.02(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR ( 101 MHz$): \delta 156.9,146.1$, 143.0, 137.1, 129.2, 128.6, 128.3, 128.0, 127.5, 127.0, 125.9, 116.7, 111.2, 102.9, 70.6, 68.5 .

N-\{3-(Benzyloxy)-2-[hydroxy(phenyl)methyl]phenyl\}-2-methoxyacetamide (Int-H). The procedure for the preparation of $\mathbf{1 2}$ was followed. The crude sample Int-G from the previous step was used and purification was performed using $\mathrm{PE} / \mathrm{EtOAc}(2.5: 1)$ as an eluent. Product Int-H was isolated as a yellow oil in $67 \%$ yield $(2.10 \mathrm{~g})$ over two steps. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 9.76(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.89(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.41-7.16(\mathrm{~m}, 11 \mathrm{H}), 6.82(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.67(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $5.13(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.05(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.89(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.4$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.67(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.29(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR (101 $\mathrm{MHz}): \delta 168.3,156.0,142.0,137.7,136.7,129.3,128.7,128.2,128.2$, 127.6, 127.2, 125.8, 121.4, 116.1, 108.7, 72.4, 71.0, 68.2, 59.5. IR $\nu$ : 3293, 2934, 1665, 1592, 1443, 1261, 1117, $736 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. HRMS (EI) m/ $z:\left[\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{NO}_{3}{ }^{+}, 359.1521$; found, 359.1513.

N-[2-Benzoyl-3-(benzyloxy)phenyl]-2-methoxyacetamide (Int-I). The procedure for the preparation of 13 was followed. 1.46 g of Int-H ( 3.87 mmol ) was used and purification was performed using PE/ EtOAc (2:1) as eluent. Product Int-I was isolated as a pale yellow solid in $89 \%$ yield $(1.29 \mathrm{~g}) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 9.53(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.04$ $(\mathrm{d}, J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.79(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.59-7.50(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H})$, $7.46-7.40(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.20-7.11(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 6.81(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $6.76(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.88(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.92(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 3.39(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\} \mathrm{NMR}(101 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 197.0$, 168.4, 157.3, 139.3, 137.0, 135.9, 133.0, 132.4, 129.2, 128.4, 128.2, 127.7, 126.7, 118.6, 115.0, 108.4, 72.2, 70.3, 59.5. IR $\nu: 3354,2936$, 1692, 1581, 1466, 1274, 1070, 923, $697 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. HRMS (EI) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}:[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$ calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{NO}_{4}{ }^{+}, 375.1471$; found, 375.1464.
( $3 R^{*}, 4 R^{*}$ )-5-(Benzyloxy)-4-hydroxy-3-methoxy-4-phenyl-3,4-di-hydroquinolin- $2(1 \mathrm{H})$-one $[( \pm)$-Int-J]. The procedure for the preparation of $( \pm)-\mathbf{1 4}$ was followed. 1.15 g of Int-I ( 3.06 mmol ) was used and purification was performed using $\mathrm{PE} / \mathrm{EtOAc}(1: 1)$ as an eluent. Product $( \pm)$-Int-J was isolated as a white solid in $95 \%$ yield $(1.10 \mathrm{~g})$. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz ): $\delta 8.76(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.27-7.18(\mathrm{~m}, 9 \mathrm{H}), 7.06-$ $7.03(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.70(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.55(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.28$ (br s, 1H), $5.03(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.93(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.83$ $(\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.59(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR ( 101 MHz$): \delta 168.1,158.0$, $141.9,137.2,135.7,130.0,128.7,128.7,128.4,128.3,127.4,126.2$,
115.2, 109.6, 108.7, 85.0, 78.3, 71.0, 59.8. Its NMR data matched with those reported in the literature. ${ }^{10 a}$
(3R*,4R*)-5-(Benzyloxy)-4-hydroxy-3-methoxy-4-phenyl-1-\{[2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy]methyl\}-3,4-dihydroquinolin-2(1H)-one $[( \pm)$-Int-K]. In a flame-dried Schlenk flask were added ( $\pm$ )-Int-J (0.90 $\mathrm{g}, 2.40 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) and anhydrous THF ( 35 mL ). LiHMDS solution in THF ( $3.12 \mathrm{~mL}, 1.0 \mathrm{M}, 3.12 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.3$ equiv) was then added dropwise at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. After stirring it for 0.5 h , SEMCl $(0.60 \mathrm{~g}$, $3.60 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5$ equiv) was added dropwise. The reaction was first stirred at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 0.5 h and then 2 h at room temperature. Water was added to quench the reaction. The mixture was extracted with EtOAc three times. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and evaporated in vacuo. The sample was purified by flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc, 4:1) giving ( $\pm$ )-Int-K as a white solid $(1.15 \mathrm{~g}, 94 \%) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 7.31(\mathrm{t}, J=8.3$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.29-7.20(\mathrm{~m}, 8 \mathrm{H}), 7.16(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.08-6.99(\mathrm{~m}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 6.80(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.64(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.47(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 5.05(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.97-4.94(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.91(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $3.66-3.53(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.56(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 0.98-0.93(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}),-0.02(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H})$. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR $(101 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 167.5,157.4,141.7,139.9,135.7,129.8$, 128.7, 128.6, 128.5, 128.3, 127.4, 126.3, 116.7, 109.9, 109.2, 85.2, 77.6, 72.2, 71.2, 66.0, 59.5, 18.1, -1.3. IR $\nu: 3507,2951,1693,1593$, 1469, 1376, 1247, 1062, 833, 730, $696 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. HRMS (FD) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}:[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$ calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{29} \mathrm{H}_{35} \mathrm{NO}_{5} \mathrm{Si}^{+}$, 505.2284; found, 505.2302.
(3R*,4R*)-4,5-Dihydroxy-3-methoxy-4-phenyl-1-\{[2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy]methyl\}-3,4-dihydroquinolin-2(1H)-one $[( \pm)-27]$. The procedure for the preparation of $( \pm)$ - $\mathbf{1 6}$ was followed. 0.90 g of $( \pm)$-Int-K $(2.17 \mathrm{mmol})$ was used and purification was performed using PE/EtOAc (4:1) as an eluent. Product ( $\pm$ )-27 was isolated as a white solid in $94 \%$ yield $(0.70 \mathrm{~g}) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400 \mathrm{MHz})$ : $\delta 8.80(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.32-7.29(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.28-7.20(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 6.98(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.72(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.65(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $5.00(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.54(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.82(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.60-3.54(\mathrm{~m}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 3.58(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 0.97-0.92(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}),-0.02(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR (101 MHz): $\delta 165.9,157.6,138.3,137.3,130.6,129.5,129.0,126.7$, 113.9, 112.2, 107.8, 84.6, 78.3, 72.3, 66.2, 58.9, 18.1, -1.3. IR $\nu: 3325$, 2952, 1680, 1470, 1241, 1070, $834 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. HRMS (FD) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}:[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$ calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{29} \mathrm{NO}_{5} \mathrm{Si}^{+}, 415.1815$; found, 415.1836 .

C(6)-H Olefination of 3,4-Dihydro-2(1H)-quinolinone Derivatives. General Procedure. In a pressure tube containing a suitable stirring bar were added the corresponding 3,4-dihydro$2(1 \mathrm{H})$-quinolinone derivative ( 1.0 equiv), $\mathrm{Pd}(\mathrm{OAc})_{2}(10 \mathrm{~mol} \%)$, $\mathrm{PhCO}_{3}{ }^{t} \mathrm{Bu}$ (1.0-2.0 equiv), olefin ( 1.5 equiv), S,O-ligand stock solution in DCE ( $0.1 \mathrm{M}, 10 \mathrm{~mol} \%$ ), and DCE. The tube was introduced into an oil bath preheated at $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and was stirred for 16 $h$. The tube was then removed from the oil bath and cooled to room temperature. The reaction was filtrated through Celite and rinsed with DCM. The filtrate was then washed with a saturated solution of $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$, dried with $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by flash column chromatography.
(E)-Ethyl 3-(1-Methyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinolin-6-yl)acrylate (1b). Substrate 1a ( $16.1 \mathrm{mg}, 0.1 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was olefinated using ethyl acrylate ( $16.3 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.15 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5$ equiv) and $\mathrm{PhCO}_{3}{ }^{t} \mathrm{Bu}$ ( $18.6 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.1 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) for 16 h following the general procedure, and the sample was purified by preparative TLC (PE/ EtOAc, 5:1) to give $\mathbf{1 b}$ as a yellow oil ( $9.0 \mathrm{mg}, 35 \%$ ) as a mixture of regioisomers (para/others 4.3:1). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 7.63(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $16.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.42(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.4,2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.35(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 6.98 (d, $J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.37(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.26(\mathrm{q}, J=7.1$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.37(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.93(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.6,6.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.68(\mathrm{dd}, J=$ $8.7,6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}$ ), $1.34(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H})$. HRMS (FD) $m / z:[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$ calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{NO}_{3}{ }^{+}, 259.1208$; found, 259.1184.
(E)-Ethyl 3-(5-Methoxy-1-methyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquino-lin-6-yl)acrylate (2b). Substrate 2a ( $19.1 \mathrm{mg}, 0.1 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was olefinated using ethyl acrylate ( $16.3 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.15 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5$ equiv) and $\mathrm{PhCO}_{3}{ }^{t} \mathrm{Bu}$ ( $18.6 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.1 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) following the general procedure, and the sample was purified by flash column chromatography ( $\mathrm{PE} / E t \mathrm{OAc}, 3: 1$ ) to give $\mathbf{2 b}$ as a yellow oil (13.0 $\mathrm{mg}, 45 \%$, C6/others $>20: 1$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 7.88(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $16.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.47(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.80(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.45$
$(\mathrm{d}, J=16.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.27(\mathrm{q}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.74(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.36(\mathrm{~s}$, $3 \mathrm{H}), 2.97(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.6,6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.63(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.6,6.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $1.34(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\} \operatorname{NMR}(101 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 170.3,167.4$, 156.7, 143.7, 139.0, 127.2, 123.1, 120.1, 118.3, 111.4, 62.0, 60.6, 31.1, 29.9, 18.8, 14.5. IR $\nu: 2923,2852,1675,1628,1596,1265,1167$ $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$. HRMS (FD) $m / z:[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{NO}_{4}^{+}, 289.1314$; found, 289.1319. A parallel reaction was performed without using the S,O-ligand and only a trace amount of desired product was detected.
(E)-Ethyl 3-(5-Ethoxy-1-methyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquino-lin-6-yl)acrylate (3b). Substrate $3 \mathrm{a}(20.5 \mathrm{mg}, 0.1 \mathrm{mmol})$ was olefinated using ethyl acrylate ( $16.3 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.15 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5$ equiv) and $\mathrm{PhCO}_{3}{ }^{\mathrm{B}} \mathrm{Bu}$ ( $18.6 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.1 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) following the general procedure, and the sample was purified by flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc, 3:1) to give $\mathbf{3 b}$ as a yellow oil (17.3 $\mathrm{mg}, 57 \%$, C6/others > 20:1). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz ): $\delta 7.90(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $16.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.47(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.79(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.42$ $(\mathrm{d}, J=16.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.25(\mathrm{q}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.86(\mathrm{q}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 3.35(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.95(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.6,6.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.61(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.5,6.2$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.42(\mathrm{t}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.33(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR ( 101 MHz ): $\delta 170.3,167.3,155.7,143.7,139.3,126.8,123.3$, 120.3, 118.0, 111.3, 70.7, 60.5, 31.2, 29.9, 19.0, 15.6, 14.5. IR $\nu: 2977$, 1679, 1598, 1441, 1352, 1177, 1125, $1044 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. HRMS (FD) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ : $[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{NO}_{4}^{+}, 303.1471$; found, 303.1488 .
(E)-Ethyl 3-[5-(Methoxymethoxy)-1-methyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetra-hydroquinolin-6-yl]acrylate (4b). Substrate 4 a $(22.1 \mathrm{mg}, 0.1$ mmol ) was olefinated using ethyl acrylate ( $16.3 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.15 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5$ equiv) and $\mathrm{PhCO}_{3}{ }^{t} \mathrm{Bu}(18.6 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.1 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) following the general procedure, and the sample was purified by flash column chromatography ( $\mathrm{PE} / \mathrm{EtOAc}, 3: 1$ ) to give $\mathbf{4 b}$ as a yellow oil $(15.0 \mathrm{mg}$, $47 \%$, C6/others > 20:1). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 7.93(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.1$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.50(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.82(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.38(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $=16.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.97(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.25(\mathrm{q}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.62(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H})$, $3.35(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.97(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.6,6.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.61(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.6,6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 1.33(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR ( 101 MHz ): $\delta 170.3$, 167.2, 154.2, 143.7, 139.4, 126.5, 123.5, 120.5, 118.0, 111.8, 100.7, 60.6, 58.1, 31.2, 30.0, 19.6, 14.5. IR $\nu: 2852,1677,1598,1354,1251$, 1124, $812 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. HRMS (FD) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}:[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{NO}_{5}{ }^{+}$, 319.1420; found, 319.1415.
(E)-Ethyl 3-(5-Hydroxy-1-methyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquino-lin-6-yl)acrylate (5b). Substrate 5 a ( $17.7 \mathrm{mg}, 0.1 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was olefinated using ethyl acrylate ( $16.3 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.15 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5$ equiv) and $\mathrm{PhCO}_{3}{ }^{t} \mathrm{Bu}$ ( $18.6 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.1 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) following the general procedure, and the sample was purified by preparative TLC (PE/ EtOAc, $2: 1$ ) to give $5 \mathbf{b}$ as a yellow oil ( $7.4 \mathrm{mg}, 27 \%$ ). (The product is not stable, as after the sample solution in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ was stored overnight at room temperature and was measured again, many new peaks appeared.) ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(300 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 7.97(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.40$ $(\mathrm{d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.64(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.45(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 5.88(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.27(\mathrm{q}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.36(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.96-2.83$ $(\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.67(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.8,6.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.34(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H})$.
(E)-Ethyl 3-[5-Ethoxy-1-(methoxymethyl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahy-droquinolin-6-yl]acrylate (6b). Substrate $\mathbf{6 a}(81.6 \mathrm{mg}, 0.35 \mathrm{mmol})$ was olefinated using ethyl acrylate ( $57.0 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.525 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5$ equiv), $\mathrm{PhCO}_{3}{ }^{\text {t }} \mathrm{Bu}(67.0 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.35 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) following the general procedure, and the sample was purified by flash column chromatography ( $\mathrm{PE} / \mathrm{EtOAc}, 3: 1$ ) to give a mixture of $\mathbf{6 b}-\mathbf{a}$ and $\mathbf{6 b}-\mathbf{b}$ as a yellow oil $(50.8 \mathrm{mg}, 44 \%, \mathbf{6 b}-\mathbf{a} / \mathbf{6 b}-\mathbf{b}=9.1: 1)$ and $\mathbf{6 b}-\mathbf{c}$ as a yellow oil $(1.7 \mathrm{mg}, 1.5 \%) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400 \mathrm{MHz})(\mathbf{6 b}-\mathbf{a}): \delta 7.91(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=16.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.46(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.11(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $6.43(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.31(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.26(\mathrm{q}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.86$ $(\mathrm{q}, J=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.41(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.97(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.76-2.63$ $(\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.43(\mathrm{t}, J=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.34(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR ( 101 MHz ) ( $\mathbf{6 b}-\mathbf{a}$ ): $\delta$ 171.1, 167.3, 155.6, 142.6, 139.2, 126.9, $123.9,120.3,118.2,112.5,74.0,70.8,60.5,56.5,31.3,19.1,15.6,14.4$. IR (6b-a) $\nu: 2976,1711,1680,1626,1598,1393,1166,1041 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. HRMS ( $6 \mathbf{b}-\mathbf{a}$ ) (FD) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}:[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{NO}_{5}, 333.1576$; found, 333.1575. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400 \mathrm{MHz})(\mathbf{6 b}-\mathbf{c}): \delta 7.64(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.0$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.12(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.79(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.41(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.31(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.27(\mathrm{q}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.08(\mathrm{q}, J=7.0$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.41(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.95-2.92(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.66(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.4,6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$,
$2 \mathrm{H}), 1.44(\mathrm{t}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.34(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\} \mathrm{NMR}$ $(101 \mathrm{MHz})(6 \mathrm{~b}-\mathrm{c}): \delta 171.4,167.0,156.0,144.7,141.3,134.5,118.5$, 117.2, 109.0, 106.1, 74.2, 64.2, 60.7, 56.5, 31.2, 18.5, 15.0, 14.5. IR $(\mathbf{6 b}-\mathbf{c}) \nu: 2979,2931,1690,1601,1270,1177 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. HRMS (6b-c) (FD) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}:[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{NO}_{5}{ }^{+}, 333.1576$; found, 333.1575.
(E)-Ethyl 3-[1-(4-Acetoxybenzyl)-5-ethoxy-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahy-droquinolin-6-yl]acrylate (7b). Substrate 7a ( $33.9 \mathrm{mg}, 0.1 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was olefinated using ethyl acrylate ( $16.3 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.15 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5$ equiv) and $\mathrm{PhCO}_{3}{ }^{t} \mathrm{Bu}(18.6 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.1 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) following the general procedure, and the sample was purified by flash column chromatography ( $\mathrm{PE} / \mathrm{EtOAc}, 3: 1$ to $2: 1$ ) to give $7 \mathbf{b}$ as a yellow oil $(21.0 \mathrm{mg}, 48 \%$, C6/others $>20: 1) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 7.87(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $=16.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.34(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.23-7.21(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.05-$ $7.03(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.69(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.37(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $5.15(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.25(\mathrm{q}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.87(\mathrm{q}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.02$ (dd, $J=8.6,6.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.78-2.72(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.28(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.44(\mathrm{t}, J$ $=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.33(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\} \operatorname{NMR}(101 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta$ 170.4, 169.6, 167.3, 155.8, 149.9, 142.8, 139.1, 134.4, 127.7, 126.8, 123.6, 122.0, 120.5, 118.1, 112.0, 70.8, 60.6, 45.9, 31.4, 21.3, 19.2, 15.7, 14.5. IR $\nu: 2927,1761,1681,1371,1166 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. HRMS (FD) m/ $z:[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{27} \mathrm{NO}_{6}{ }^{+}$, 437.1838; found, 437.1837.
(E)-5-Hydroxy-6-\{2-[5-(2-hydroxypropan-2-yl)-2-methyltetrahy-drofuran-2-yl]vinyl\}-1-methyl-3,4-dihydroquinolin-2(1H)-one (5c) and 2-[5-(2-Hydroxypropan-2-yl)-2-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl]-6-methyl-8,9-dihydrofuro[2,3-f]quinolin-7(6H)-one (5d). Substrate 5a ( $44.3 \mathrm{mg}, 0.25 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was olefinated using trans-29 $(63.8 \mathrm{mg}$, $0.375 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5$ equiv) and $\mathrm{PhCO}_{3}{ }^{t} \mathrm{Bu}(86.0 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.45 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.8$ equiv) for 16 h following the general procedure, and the sample was purified by preparative TLC ( $\mathrm{PE} / \mathrm{EtOAc}, 3: 1$ ) to give 5 c as a yellow oil $(41.4 \mathrm{mg}, 48 \%, \mathrm{dr}=1.3: 1)$ and 5 d as a yellow oil $(15.4 \mathrm{mg}, 18 \%$, dr not determined). Another reaction was also performed using a mixture of trans-29 and cis-29 as the olefin, and the same results were obtained regarding both the yield and diastereoselectivity. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 5 c ) $(300 \mathrm{MHz})$ (two diastereoisomers: $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{B}=1: 1.3): \delta 7.17(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $\left.8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 7.15\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right), 6.83\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right)$, $6.71\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 6.55\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 6.54(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.5$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right), 6.12\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right), 6.10\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$, $3.96-3.90\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 3.33\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 3.33\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right), 2.93-$ $2.86\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 2.63-2.57\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 2.04-1.81$ $\left(\mathrm{m}, 4 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.4 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 1.42\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 1.32\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right), 1.18\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right), 1.16$ $\left(\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right) \cdot{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\} \operatorname{NMR}(\mathbf{5 c})(75 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 170.6$ (A and B), 150.3 (A and B), 141.0 (A and B), 137.7 (A or B), 137.1 (A or B), 125.7 (A or B), 125.6 (A or B), 122.0 (A or B), 121.1 (A or B), 120.3 (A or B), $120.0(A$ or $B), 113.2(A$ and $B), 107.5$ (A and B), 86.1 (A or B), 86.0 (A or B), 83.6 (A or B), 83.1 (A or B), 72.1 (A or B), $72.0(A$ or $B)$, 38.7 (A or B), 38.3 (A or B), 31.2 (A and B), 29.9 (A and B), 27.5 (A and B), 27.0 (A or B), 26.9 (A or B), 26.7 (A or B), 26.5 (A or B), 25.3 (A or B), 23.9 (A or B), 18.4 (A and B). IR (5c) $\nu: 3306,2972$, 2929, 1652, 1624, 1472, 1372, 1126, 1041, $729 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. HRMS (5c) (FD) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}:[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{NO}_{4}, 343.1784$; found, 343.1771. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(5 \mathrm{~d})(400 \mathrm{MHz})$ (two diastereoisomers: A and B. Ratio was not determined): $\delta 7.38\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 6.94(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.5$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 6.57\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 4.05-4.01(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{HA}$ and $1 \mathrm{HB}), 3.44\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 3.19-3.14\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 2.77-$ $2.72\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 2.52-2.43\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 2.10-1.97$ $\left(\mathrm{m}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 1.70\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right), 1.69\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 1.31\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right), 1.30$ $\left(\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 1.21\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 1.20\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\} \operatorname{NMR}(5 \mathrm{~d})(75 \mathrm{MHz})$ : $\delta 170.2$ (A and B), 162.4 (A and B), 152.4 (A or B), 152.2 (A or B), 137.8 (A or B), 137.6 (A or B), 124.0 (A or B), 123.8 (A or B), 119.0 (A or B), 118.9 (A or B), 110.9 (A or B), 110.8 (A or B), 109.7 (A and $B$ ), 101.5 (A or B), 101.3 (A or B), 86.7 (A and B), 81.0 (A or B), $80.7(A$ or $B), 71.5(A$ or $B), 71.3(A$ or B), $38.6(A$ or B), $37.5(A$ or B), 31.3 (A and B), 30.3 (A and B), 27.9 (A and B), 27.4 (A or B), 27.1 (A or B), 26.7 (A or B), 26.6 (A or B), 24.7 (A or B), 24.4 (A or B), 18.7 (A or B), 18.6 (A or B). IR (5d) $\nu: 3444,2975,2928,1671$, 1632, 1470, 1375, 1127, 1026, $819 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. HRMS (5d) (FD) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ : $[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{27} \mathrm{NO}_{4}{ }^{+}, 345.1940$; found, 345.1944 .
(3R*,4R*)-4,5-Dihydroxy-3-methoxy-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-6-[(E)-3-oxobut-1-en-1-yl]-1-\{[2-(Trimethylsilyl)ethoxy]methyl\}-3,4-di-hydroquinolin-2(1H)-one [( $\pm$ )-17]. The substrate $( \pm)-16(44.5 \mathrm{mg}$,
$0.1 \mathrm{mmol})$ was olefinated using but-3-en-2-one ( $12.5 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.15 \mathrm{mmol}$, 1.5 equiv) and $\mathrm{PhCO}_{3}{ }^{t} \mathrm{Bu}(38.0 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.2 \mathrm{mmol}, 2.0$ equiv) following the general procedure, and the sample was purified by flash column chromatography ( $n$-hexane/EtOAc, 3:1) to give $( \pm)$-17 as a mixture of regioisomers [ $30.3 \mathrm{mg}, 59 \%$, yellow oil, $( \pm)-17-\mathrm{A} /( \pm)-17-\mathrm{B}=$ 6:1], and ( $\pm$ )-17-di ( $2.9 \mathrm{mg}, 5 \%$, yellow oil). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(300 \mathrm{MHz})$ $[( \pm)-17-\mathrm{A}]: \delta 9.52(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.82(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.55(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.7$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.15-7.10(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.99(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.84-6.78(\mathrm{~m}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 6.72(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.61(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.01(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $11.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.62(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.84(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.75(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.58-3.52(\mathrm{~m}$, $5 \mathrm{H}), 2.34(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 0.96-0.93(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}),-0.03(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR $(75 \mathrm{MHz})[( \pm)-17-\mathrm{A}]: \delta 199.3,165.9,160.6,156.9,139.9,138.1$, $129.5,128.4,128.1,127.0,119.5,114.5,112.6,108.2,84.4,78.2,72.0$, 66.4, 58.9, 55.4, 27.0, 18.1, -1.3. IR [( $\pm$ )-17-A] $\nu: 3259,2953,2926$, 1692, 1605, 1369, 1252, 1081, $834 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. HRMS [( $\pm$ )-17-A] (FD) $m / z:[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{27} \mathrm{H}_{35} \mathrm{NO}_{7} \mathrm{Si}^{+}$, 513.2183; found, 513.2208. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz ) $[( \pm)-\mathbf{1 7}-\mathrm{di}]: \delta 9.41(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.82(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.75(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.58(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.53(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $2.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.05(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.8,2.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.02(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $6.81(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.74(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.67(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.5$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.64(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.01(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.59(\mathrm{~s}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 3.86(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.81(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.60(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.60-3.53(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, 2.37 (s, 2H), $2.36(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 0.96-0.92(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}),-0.03(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H})$. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR $(101 \mathrm{MHz})[( \pm)-17-$ di $]: \delta 199.2,199.1,165.7,159.1$, 156.8, 139.8, 138.2, 137.9, 129.9, 129.8, 128.9, 128.7, 127.2, 127.2, 124.2, 119.8, 112.1, 111.6, 108.4, 84.3, 78.0, 72.1, 66.4, 59.0, 55.8, 27.4, 27.2, 18.1, -1.3. IR [( $\pm$ )-17-di] $\nu: 3251,2954,1692,1604$, 1368, 1253, 1082, $836 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. HRMS [( $\pm$ )-17-di] (FD) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}:[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$ calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{31} \mathrm{H}_{39} \mathrm{NO}_{8} \mathrm{Si}^{+}$, 581.2445; found, 581.2443.
(E)-4,5-Dihydroxy-3-methoxy-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-\{[2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy]methyl\}-6-[2-(2,5,5-trimethyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)vinyl]-3,4-dihydroquinolin-2(1H)-one (19). Substrate $( \pm)-16(111.2 \mathrm{mg}, 0.25 \mathrm{mmol})$ was olefinated using olefin 18 ( $57.8 \mathrm{mg}, 0.375 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5$ equiv) and $\mathrm{PhCO}_{3}{ }^{t} \mathrm{Bu}(86.0 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.45$ $\mathrm{mmol}, 1.8$ equiv) following the general procedure, and the sample was purified by preparative TLC ( $n$-hexane/acetone, $6: 1$ ) to give 19 as a mixture of regioisomers ( $75.0 \mathrm{mg}, 50 \%$, yellow oil, regioselectivity: 8.8:1, $\mathrm{dr}=1: 1$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz ) (two diastereoisomers: A and B): $\delta 9.18\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 9.17\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 7.48(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 7.18-7.13\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 6.96(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 6.83-6.80\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 6.77(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.7$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 6.18\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 6.17(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $16.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 5.63\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 4.99(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $=10.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 4.45\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 3.81\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 3.80\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 3.76\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ or $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 3.75\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ or $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 3.59-3.53\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 3.58\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ or $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 3.57(\mathrm{~s}$, $3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}$ or $3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}$ ), 3.41-3.36 $\left(\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 3.25-3.21\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 1.86-1.79\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 1.75-1.67\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 1.52-$ $1.44\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 1.36-1.32\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 1.31\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 1.01\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ or $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 1.00\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ or $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 0.95-0.91\left(2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 0.79\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right),-0.03\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.9 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR ( 101 MHz ): $\delta 165.9$ (A and B), 160.5 (A and B), 154.7 (A and B), 137.1 (A and B), 134.8, 134.7, 128.8 (A and B), 128.2 (A and B), $127.4,127.3,123.3$ (A and B), 122.4 (A and B), 114.4 ( A and B ), 112.3 (A and B), 107.7 (A and B), 84.7 (A and B), 78.3 (A and B), 74.5 (A and B), 73.0, 72.9, 72.1 (A and B), 66.2 (A and B), 58.9 ( A and B), 55.4 (A and B), 33.7 (A and B), 31.3, 31.1, 29.9 (A and B), 29.4, 29.2, 26.8 (A and B), 24.2, 24.1, 18.2 (A and B), -1.3 (A and B). IR $\nu: 3314,2950,1690,1611,1511,1441,1390,1250,1083,834$ $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$. HRMS (FD) $m / z:[M]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{33} \mathrm{H}_{47} \mathrm{NO}_{7} \mathrm{Si}^{+}$, 597.3122; found, 597.3134 .
(E)-4,5-Dihydroxy-6-\{2-[5-(2-hydroxypropan-2-yl)-2-methyltetra-hydrofuran-2-yl]vinyl\}-3-methoxy-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-\{[2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy]methyl\}-3,4-dihydroquinolin-2(1H)-one (21). Substrate $( \pm)-16(44.5 \mathrm{mg}, 0.1 \mathrm{mmol})$ was olefinated using trans-20 $\left(25.5 \mathrm{mg}, 0.15 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5\right.$ equiv) and $\mathrm{PhCO}_{3}{ }^{t} \mathrm{Bu}(34.2 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.18 \mathrm{mmol}$, 1.8 equiv) following the general procedure, and the sample was purified by flash column chromatography ( $n$-hexane/EtOAc, $3: 1$ ) to give 21 as a mixture of regioisomers ( $32.0 \mathrm{mg}, 52 \%$, yellow oil, $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{B}=$ $7: 1$, dr: not determined). From the ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 21 , we mainly
found two groups of peaks. That is because the ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of $( \pm)$-21-A and $( \pm)$-21-B were highly identical, while the ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of ( $\pm$ )-21-C and ( $\pm$ )-21-D were also highly identical. Therefore, we were not able to determine the ratios of $( \pm)-21-A /$ $( \pm)-21-B$ and $( \pm)-21-C /( \pm)-21-D$, but we assumed that they were both $1: 1$. Also, because of overlapping of these two groups of peaks, we were not able to determine their ratio. A reaction using a mixture of trans- and cis-20 (1:1) as the olefin was also performed [0.1 mmol scale for $( \pm)-16]$, and the product 21 was isolated as a mixture of regioisomers $(A / B=5.3: 1)(30.0 \mathrm{mg}, 50 \%$, mixture of four diastereoisomers). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz ): $\delta 9.19$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}$, $1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$ and $1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}$ ), $7.43\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 7.41(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 7.16-7.11\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 6.93(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 6.82-6.77\left(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 6.33\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 6.32(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 6.28\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 6.27(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 5.62\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 5.61(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.9$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 4.98\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 4.97(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $11.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 4.47\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 3.91-$ $3.82\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 3.80\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 3.75\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 3.59-3.52\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right.$, $2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$ and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 3.57\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$, $3.56\left(3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 2.05-$ $1.73\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 4 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 4 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.4 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 1.41\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 1.40(\mathrm{~s}$, $3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 1.24\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 1.23\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 1.14$ $\left(\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 1.13\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 0.95-0.91\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right.$, $2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$ and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right),-0.03\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 9 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 9 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.9 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\} \mathrm{NMR}$ $(101 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 165.9(\mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{C}$, and D), $160.4(\mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{C}$, and D), 154.9 (A, B, C, and D), 137.2 (C or D), 137.1 (C or D), 137.0 (A and B), 136.0 (C or D), 135.9 (C or D), 135.6 (A or B), 135.5 (A or B), 128.9 (A and B), 128.8 (C and D), 128.2 (A, B, C, and D), 127.8 (A or B), 127.7 (A or B), 127.6 (C and D), 122.3 (A, B, C, and D), 121.3 ( C and D ), 120.9 (A and B), 114.4 (A, B, C, and D), 112.2 (A, B, C, and D), 107.7 (A, B, C, and D), 85.8 (C and D), 85.7 (A and B), 84.7 (A, B, C, and D), 83.4 (A and B), 83.2 (C and D), 78.3 (A, B, C, and D), 72.1 (A, B, C, and D), 71.3 (A and B), 71.2 (C and D), 66.2 (A, B, C, and D), 58.9 (A, B, C, and D), 55.4 (A, B, C, and D), 38.7 (C or D), 38.6 (C or D), 38.1 (A and B), 27.5 (A, B, C, and D), 26.6 (A, B, C, and D), 24.3 (A, B, C, and D), 18.1 (A, B, C, and D), -1.3 (A, B, C, and D). IR $\nu: 3295,2967,2929,1688,1611,1511,1441,1374$, 1082, $835 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. HRMS (FD) $m / z:[M]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{33} \mathrm{H}_{47} \mathrm{NO}_{8} \mathrm{Si}^{+}$, 613.3071; found, 613.3064.
(E)-4,5-Dihydroxy-6-[2-(5-hydroxy-2,6,6-trimethyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)vinyl]-3-methoxy-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-\{[2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy]methyl\}-3,4-dihydroquinolin-2(1H)-one (25). Substrate $( \pm)-16(44.5 \mathrm{mg}, 0.1 \mathrm{mmol})$ was olefinated using olefin cis$24\left(36.4 \mathrm{mg}, 0.15 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5\right.$ equiv) and $\mathrm{PhCO}_{3}{ }^{t} \mathrm{Bu}(34.2 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.18$ mmol, 1.8 equiv) following the general procedure.

Before performing purification, the crude sample was deprotected by using the following procedure: The sample was dissolved in THF $(2 \mathrm{~mL})$ and TBAF solution $(1.0 \mathrm{~mL}, 1.0 \mathrm{M}$ in THF) was added dropwise. After stirring it for 4 h , the reaction was quenched by adding water. The mixture was extracted with EtOAc three times. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried with $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, and evaporated in vacuo. the sample was purified by preparative TLC ( $n$ hexane/EtOAc, 4:1) to give 25 as a single regioisomer ( $26.3 \mathrm{mg}, 43 \%$, yellow oil, $\mathrm{dr}=2.2: 2.2: 1: 1) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(300 \mathrm{MHz})$ [two groups of diastereoisomers: $(\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}) /(\mathrm{C}+\mathrm{D}), 2.2: 1] 9.21-9.19\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right.$, $1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$, and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 7.45\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right), 7.45\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 7.44\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 7.19-7.14\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$, $2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$, and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 6.96\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)$, 6.89-6.79 $\left(\mathrm{m}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)$, $6.38-6.26\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right.$, $1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$, and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 5.64\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 5.01$ $\left(\mathrm{d}, J=10.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 4.48\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$, $4.47\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 3.95-3.88\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)$, $3.78\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)$, $3.62-3.54\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 3.59\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 2.08-1.70\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$, $4 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 4 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$, and $\left.4 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 1.44\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 1.42\left(3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right)$, $1.26\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)$, $1.16\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 0.98-0.92\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right),-0.01\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 9 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right.$, $9 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$, and $9 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}$ ). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\} \operatorname{NMR}(75 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 167.2(\mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{C}$, and D),
161.7 (A, B, C, and D), 156.1 (A, B, C, and D), 138.4 (C and D), 136.8 (A and B), 137.3 ( C or D), 137.1 (C or D), 136.8 ( A and B ), 130.1 (A, B, C, and D), 129.4 (A, B, C, and D), 129.1 (A or B), 129.0 (A or B), 128.9 (C or D), 128.8 (C or D), 123.6 (A or B), 123.5 (A or B), 123.51 (C and D), 122.6 (C or D), 122.5 (C or D), 122.2 (A or B), 122.1 (A or B), 115.6 (A, B, C, and D), 113.5 (A, B, C, and D), 109.0 (A, B, C, and D), 87.1 (C and D), 86.9 (A and B), 85.9 (A, B, C, and D), $84.7(A$ and $B), 84.4(C$ and $D), 79.5(A, B, C$, and $D)$, 73.4 (A, B, C, and D), 72.6 (A, B, C, and D), 67.5 (A and B), 67.4 (C and D), 60.1 (A, B, C, and D), 56.6 (A, B, C, and D), 40.0 (C or D), 39.9 (C or D), 39.4 (A and B), 29.0 (C or D), 28.9 (C or D), 28.8 ( and B), 28.7 (A, B, C, and D), 28.0 (C and D), 27.8 (A and B), 25.8 (C and D), 25.6 (A and B), 19.4 (A, B, C, and D), 0.0 (A, B, C, and D). IR $\nu: 3296,2956,2927,1688,1611,1511,1441,1250,1082,834$ $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$. HRMS (FD) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}:[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{33} \mathrm{H}_{47} \mathrm{NO}_{8} \mathrm{Si}^{+}, 613.3071$; found, 613.3084.
(E)-6-[2-(1,3-Dimethyl-4-oxocyclohexyl)vinyl]-4,5-dihydroxy-3-methoxy-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-\{[2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy]-methyl\}-3,4-dihydroquinolin-2(1H)-one (29). Substrate ( $\pm$ )-27 ( $103.9 \mathrm{mg}, 0.25 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was olefinated using olefin $28(\mathrm{dr}=5: 4$, $57.1 \mathrm{mg}, 0.375 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5$ equiv) and $\mathrm{PhCO}_{3}{ }^{t} \mathrm{Bu}(86.0 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.45 \mathrm{mmol}$, 1.8 equiv) following the general procedure, and the sample was purified by flash column chromatography ( $n$-hexane/EtOAc, 2.5:1) to give 29 as a yellow oil ( $48.0 \mathrm{mg}, 34 \%$, regioselectivity $>20: 1 \mathrm{dr}=$ 1:1:1.6:1.6). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz ) [two groups of diastereoisomers: $(\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}) /(\mathrm{C}+\mathrm{D}), 1: 1.6]: \delta 9.18\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 9.17(\mathrm{C}$ and D$)$, $7.49\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 7.42\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 7.31-7.21\left(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 5 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 5 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.5 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 6.98(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 6.95\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 6.82(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.6$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 6.65\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 6.31(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $16.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 6.18\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 5.65(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=10.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 5.63\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 5.02$ $\left(\mathrm{d}, J=10.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 5.00\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)$, $4.59\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 4.58\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 3.80\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right.$, $1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$, and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 3.59-3.53\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 3.58(\mathrm{~s}$, $3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$, $3.57\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 2.66-2.46\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right.$, $2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$, and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 2.37-2.09\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 1.91-1.84$ $\left(\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 1.76-1.68\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 1.63-$ $1.55\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 1.51-1.43\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)$, $1.40\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 1.11\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 1.02(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$ and $3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}$ ), $0.99\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 0.95-0.91(\mathrm{~m}$, $2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$, and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right),-0.03\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 9 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 9 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.9 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)$. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR $(75 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 213.9$ (A and B), 213.5 ( C and D ), 165.8 (A, B, C, and D), 154.5 (A, B, C, and D), 139.9 (A, B, C, and D), 137.2 (A or B), 137.1 (C or D), 137.1 (A or B), 137.0 (C or D), 136.2 (A, B, C, and D), 129.5 (A and B), 129.0 (C and D), 129.0 (A, B, C, and D), 127.2 (A, B, C, and D), 126.6 (A, B, C, and D), 122.8 ( C and D ), 122.6 ( A and B ), 119.8 ( $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$, and D$), 112.3$ ( A and B ), $112.2(\mathrm{C}$ and D$), 107.8(\mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{C}$, and D), $84.6(\mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{C}$, and D$), 78.5$ $(\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$, and D$), 72.1[(\mathrm{~A}$ and B$)$ or $(\mathrm{C}$ and D$)], 71.5[(\mathrm{~A}$ and B$)$ or $(C$ and $D)], 66.3[(A$ and $B)$ or $(C$ and $D)], 66.0[(A$ and $B)$ or $(C$ and D)], 58.9 (A, B, C, and D), 47.7 (A and B), $46.9(\mathrm{C}$ or D), 46.8 $(\mathrm{C}$ or D$), 41.4$ ( A and B$), 40.8(\mathrm{C}$ and D$), 38.7(\mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{C}$, and D$)$, 38.5 (A and B), 38.2 ( C or D), 38.1 (C or D), 38.0 (C and D), 37.5 (A and B), 30.6 (A, B, C, and D), 18.2 (A, B, C, and D), 14.7 (C and D), 14.6 (A and B), -1.3 (A, B, C, and D). IR $\nu: 3294,2955,2926$, 1689, 1612, 1439, 1376, 1246,1079, $836 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. HRMS (FD) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ : $[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{32} \mathrm{H}_{43} \mathrm{NO}_{6} \mathrm{Si}^{+}, 565.2860$; found, 565.2885.
(E)-4,5-Dihydroxy-6-[2-(4-hydroxy-1,3-dimethylcyclohexyl)-vinyl]-3-methoxy-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-\{[2-(trimethylsilyl)-ethoxy]methyl\}-3,4-dihydroquinolin-2(1H)-one (32). Substrate $( \pm)-27(41.6 \mathrm{mg}, 0.1 \mathrm{mmol})$ was olefinated using olefin $31(\mathrm{dr}=$ $5: 4,23.1 \mathrm{mg}, 0.15 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5$ equiv) and $\mathrm{PhCO}_{3} t \mathrm{Bu}(34.2 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.18$ mmol, 1.8 equiv) using the following the general procedure, and the sample was purified by flash column chromatography ( $n$-hexane/ EtOAc, $3: 1$ to $1: 1$ ) to give 32 as a yellow oil ( $22.0 \mathrm{mg}, 39 \%$, regioselectivity: $>20: 1$, $\mathrm{dr}=1: 1: 1: 1$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz ) [two groups of diastereoisomers: $(\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}) /(\mathrm{C}+\mathrm{D}), 1: 1]: \delta 9.13\left[\mathrm{~s},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)$, 9.11 [ $\mathrm{s},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right], 7.45\left[\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right]$, 7.43
$\left[\mathrm{d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right], 7.31-7.21(\mathrm{~m}$, $5 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 5 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 5 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$, and $\left.5 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 6.95\left[\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right], 6.93\left[\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right], 6.63\left[\mathrm{~d}, J=16.7 \mathrm{~Hz},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right], 6.59$ $\left[\mathrm{d}, J=16.7 \mathrm{~Hz},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right], 6.17[\mathrm{~d}, J=16.4$ $\mathrm{Hz},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right], 6.16\left[\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}$ ) or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right], 5.63\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}$ ), $5.00\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 4.55(\mathrm{~s}$, $1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$, and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 3.79\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 3.57$ $\left(\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 3.59-3.53\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 3.15-3.06\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 1.88-1.73\left(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$, $3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$, and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 1.66-1.20\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 4 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 1.14$ $\left(\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 1.07\left(\mathrm{t}, J=12.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 1.06\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 1.01-0.98\left(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR $(101 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 165.8(\mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{C}$, and D$), 154.4$ [( A and B ) or $(\mathrm{C}$ and D) ], 154.3 [(A and B) or (C and D)], 142.3 (A, B, C, and D), 138.0 (A, B, C, and D), 137.2 (A, B, C, and D), 129.5 (A, B, C, and D), 129.0 (A, B, C, and D), 127.1 [(A and B) or $(C$ and $D)$ ], 127.0 [(A and B) or (C and D)], 126.7 (A, B, C, and D), 123.3 (A, B, C, and D), $121.6(A, B, C$, and $D), 112.1(A, B, C$, and $D), 107.8[(A$ and $B)$ or $(C$ and $D)], 107.7[(\mathrm{~A}$ and B$)$ or $(\mathrm{C}$ and D$)], 84.6(\mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{C}$, and D), 78.5 (A, B, C, and D), 76.3 (A, B, C, and D), 72.1 (A, B, C, and D), 66.2 (A, B, C, and D), 58.9 (A, B, C, and D), 46.0 [(A and B) or $(\mathrm{C}$ and D$)], 44.8[(\mathrm{~A}$ and B$)$ or $(\mathrm{C}$ and D$)], 37.4(\mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{C}$, and D$)$, 37.4 (A, B, C and D), 37.2 (A, B, C, and D), 34.0 (C and D), 32.9 (A and $B)$, 32.1 [(A and B) or $(C$ and $D)], 32.0[(A$ and $B)$ or $(C$ and $D)], 18.8[(A$ and $B)$ or $(C$ and $D)], 18.7[(A$ and $B)$ or $(C$ and $D)]$, 18.2 (A, B, C, and D), -1.3 (A, B, C, and D). IR $\nu: 3338,2952,2926$, 2855, 1689, 1612, 1440, 1375, 1247, 1080, 1043, $804 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. HRMS (FD) $m / z:[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{32} \mathrm{H}_{45} \mathrm{NO}_{6} \mathrm{Si}^{+}, 567.3016$; found, 567.3011.

Deprotection of SEM to Complete the Total Syntheses of Yaequinolone Natural Products. General Procedure for the Deprotection of SEM with TBAF. In a 10 mL round bottom flask containing the substrate ( 1.0 equiv) was added a solution of TBAF (1.0 M in THF, $10-15$ equiv) (in cases where more concentrated TBAF was required, after mixing TBAF solution with the substrate in the flask, the THF was quickly evaporated using a rotary evaporator and the right amount of THF was then added). The reaction was then left to stir under reflux at $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ overnight. The reaction was then quenched by adding water. The mixture was extracted with EtOAc three times. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried with $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and concentrated in vacuo. The sample was purified by flash column chromatography.

General Procedure for the Deprotection of SEM with $\mathrm{Me}_{2} \mathrm{AlCl}$. In a flame-dried Schlenk flask were added substrate ( 1.0 equiv) and anhydrous DCM ( $0.4-0.5 \mathrm{M}$ ) under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$. A solution of $\mathrm{Me}_{2} \mathrm{AlCl}(1.0$ in hexanes, 6.0 equiv) was then added dropwise at $-78{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and the reaction was stirred for 1 h before it was warmed up to $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. After stirring it for another 1 h , the reaction was quenched by adding water. The mixture was extracted with EtOAc three times. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried with $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and concentrated in vacuo to give the hydroxymethyl protected intermediate, which was then mixed with $\mathrm{MeOH}(0.4-0.5 \mathrm{M})$ and ${ }^{i} \mathrm{Pr}_{2} \mathrm{NEt}$ ( 7.0 equiv) and heated at $55{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ overnight. The reaction was quenched by adding saturated solution of $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ and extracted with EtOAc three times. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried with $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and concentrated in vacuo. The sample was purified by flash column chromatography.
( $\pm$ )-Yaequinolone B. SEM Deprotection of ( $\pm$ )-17 with TBAF. 20 mg of $( \pm)-17$ [regioisomers ( $6: 1$ ), $0.039 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv] and 600 $\mu \mathrm{L}$ TBAF ( 1.0 M in THF, 15 equiv) solution were used. Purification was performed using $n$-hexane/EtOAc $(1: 1)$ as an eluent to give $( \pm)$-yaequinolone $\mathbf{B}$ as a single regioisomer (pale yellow solid, 9.0 $\mathrm{mg}, 60 \%) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}(400 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 9.44(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.80(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.70(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.49(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.20-7.13(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $6.86-6.78(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.70(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.40(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 4.62(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.77(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.73(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.62(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.35(\mathrm{~s}$, $3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR $(101 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 199.3,165.5,160.6,157.5,138.1$, $137.2,129.8,128.6,127.9,126.8,119.3,114.5,111.2,107.5,84.0$,
78.8, 59.1, 55.5, 27.1. IR $\nu: 3251,2926,1691,1599,1257,1079,805$ $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$. Its data matched with those reported in the literature. ${ }^{4 \mathrm{c}}$
$( \pm)$-Penigequinolones $A$ and $B$. Deprotection of 19 with TBAF. 23 mg of 19 [regioisomers ( $8.8: 1$ ), $\mathrm{dr}=1: 1,0.0385 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv] and $385 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ TBAF ( 1.0 M in THF, 10 equiv) solution were first mixed in the reaction flask. After quickly removing the THF using a rotary evaporator, $90 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ THF was added. Purification was performed using $n$-hexane/EtOAc (2:1) as an eluent to give the product as a mixture of regioisomers ( $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{B}=13.5: 1, \mathrm{dr}=1: 1$ ) (pale yellow solid, 16.9 mg , $94 \%) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz ) (Two diastereoisomers): $\delta 9.12$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 7.84\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 7.40\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 7.39\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 7.21-7.16\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 6.84-6.80\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 6.73\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 6.35\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 6.34\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 6.14\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 6.13\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 4.56\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 3.76\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 3.70(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 3.69\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 3.60\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 3.38\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 3.37(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 3.24-3.20\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 1.84-1.76\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 1.73-1.66\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 1.51-1.46\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$, $1.30\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 1.00\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 0.79\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}$ ). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR $(101 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 165.8$ (A and B), 160.4 (A and B), 155.3 (A and B), $134.5,134.43,134.37$ (A and B), 129.1 ( A and B), 127.6, 127.5, 123.3 (A and B), 122.1 (A and B), 114.4 (A and B), 110.9 (A and B), 107.0 (A and B), 84.3 (A and B), 74.5 (A and B), $72.9(A$ and $B), 59.0(A$ and $B), 55.4$ (A and B), 33.7 (A and B), 31.2, 31.1, 29.9 (A and B), 29.3 (A and B), 26.8, 26.7, 24.2 (A and B). IR $\nu$ : 3269, 2927, 1686, 1616, 1508, 1256, 1079, $806 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. HRMS (FD) $m / z:[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{27} \mathrm{H}_{33} \mathrm{NO}_{6}{ }^{+}, 467.2308$; found, 467.2287. The data matched with those reported in the literature. ${ }^{4 \mathrm{c}}$
( $\pm$ )-Yaequinolone C. Deprotection of 21 with TBAF. 24 mg of 21 [regioisomers ( $6.8: 1$ ), dr not determined, $0.039 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv] and $400 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ TBAF ( 1.0 M in THF, 10 equiv) solution were first mixed in the reaction flask. After quickly removing the THF using a rotary evaporator, $100 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ THF was added. Purification was performed using $n$-hexane/EtOAc (1.5:1) as an eluent to give the product 22 as a mixture of regioisomers ( $10: 1, \mathrm{dr}=1: 1: 0.6: 0.6$ ) (pale yellow solid, $15.0 \mathrm{mg}, 79 \%) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz ), two groups of diastereoisomers: $(A+B) /(C+D)=1: 0.6$. The NMR data of groups $A$ and $B$ matched with those of yaequinolone $C$ reported in the literature. ${ }^{4 c}$ Therefore, either $( \pm)-22-\mathrm{A}$ or $( \pm)-22-B$ is $( \pm)$-yaequinolone $C$. The olefin moiety of $( \pm)$-yaequinolone C has a trans-configuration]: $\delta 9.16$ ( A and/or B and/or C and/or D ), 9.15 ( A and/or B and/or C and/or D), $7.84\left(\mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{C}\right.$, and D), $7.37\left[\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right], 7.36\left[\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 7.22-7.17\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 6.85-6.83\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$, $2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$, and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 6.79\left[\mathrm{~d}, J=16.4 \mathrm{~Hz},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right], 6.78\left[\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right]$, $6.34-6.21\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 4.56\left[\mathrm{~s},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right]$, $4.57\left[\mathrm{~s},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right]$, 3.91$3.83\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 3.76\left[\mathrm{~s},\left(3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right]$, $3.75\left[\mathrm{~s},\left(3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right]$, $3.69-3.68$ $\left(\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 3.60\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)$, 2.04-1.75 (m, $4 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 4 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 4 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$, and $\left.4 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 1.40\left[\mathrm{~s},\left(3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right], 1.39\left[\mathrm{~s},\left(3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right], 1.24$ $\left(\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)$, $1.14\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)$. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR $(101 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 165.7(\mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{C}$, and D), 160.4 (A, B, C, and D), 155.4 (A, B, C, and D), 135.7 (A or B or C or D), 135.6 (A or B or C or D), 135.3 (A and/or B and/or C and/or D), 134.5 (A or B or C or D), 134.4 (A or B or C or D), 134.3 (A and/or B and/or C and/or $D), 129.2$ [(A and B) or (C and D)], 129.1 [(A and B) or $(C$ and D$)], 128.0(\mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{C}$, and D$), 127.9[(\mathrm{~A}$ and B$)$ or $(\mathrm{C}$ and D$)]$, $127.8[(A$ and $B)$ or $(C$ and $D)], 122.0[(A$ and $B)$ or $(C$ and $D)]$, 121.9 [ $(\mathrm{A}$ and B$)$ or $(\mathrm{C}$ and D$)$ ], 121.3 [ $(\mathrm{A}$ and B$)$ or $(\mathrm{C}$ and D$)$ ], 121.0 (A or B or C or D$), 120.9$ (A or B or C or D$), 114.4$ (A, B, C, and D), 110.9 (A, B, C, and D), $107.0(A, B, C$, and D), 85.8 [(A and B) or $(C$ and $D)], 85.7$ [(A and B) or $(C$ and D $)], 84.3(A, B, C$, and D), $83.4[(A$ and $B)$ or $(C$ and $D)], 83.2[(A$ and $B)$ or $(C$ and $D)]$, $78.9(\mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{C}$, and D$), 71.4[(\mathrm{~A}$ and B$)$ or $(\mathrm{C}$ and D$)], 71.3$ [( A and B) or (C and D)], $59.0(A, B, C$, and D), $55.4(A, B, C$, and D), 38.7
(A or B or C or D), 38.6 (A or B or C or D), 38.1 [(A and B) or (C and D)], 27.5 (A, B, C, and D), 26.7 (A, B, C, and D), 26.6 (A, B, C, and D), 24.6 (A or B or C or D), 24.5 (A or B or C or D), 24.3 [(A and B) or (C and D)]. IR $\nu: 3249,2966,2927,1686,1602,1419$, 1373, 1254, 1030, $804 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. HRMS (FD) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}:[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{27} \mathrm{H}_{33} \mathrm{NO}_{7}{ }^{+}, 483.2257$; found, 483.2262.
( $\pm$ )-Aspoquinolones $C$ and D. Deprotection of 25 with $\mathrm{Me}_{2} \mathrm{AlCl}$. 38 mg of $25(\mathrm{dr}=2.2: 2.2: 1: 1,0.062 \mathrm{mmol})$ was used and the product 26 was isolated as a mixture of diastereoisomers ( $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{B} / \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{D}=$ 2.2:2.2:1:1) (pale yellow solid, $22.0 \mathrm{mg}, 73 \%$ ) after purification with $n$-hexane/EtOAc (1:1) as an eluent. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz ), two groups of diastereoisomers: $(\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}) /(\mathrm{C}+\mathrm{D})=2.2: 1$. Aspoquinolones C and D were reported as a mixture and we found out that one of the mixtures matched with the NMR data of group A and the other one matched with those of Group B. ${ }^{4 b}$ Therefore, we concluded that one of the natural products has a cis-configuration for the olefin moiety and the other has a trans-configuration for the olefin moiety. $\delta 9.13\left(\right.$ br s, $1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 9.13\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 9.12(\mathrm{br}$ $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$, $9.11\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 8.12\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)$, $8.08\left(\right.$ br s, $1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 7.35-7.31\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)$, $7.18-7.14\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 6.82-6.73\left(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right.$, $3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$, and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 6.34-6.21\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 4.59-4.57$ $\left(\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 3.90-3.83\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 3.75-3.74\left(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 3.69-3.68\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$, $1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$, and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 3.60-3.59\left(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)$, $2.03-1.74\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 4 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 4 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.4 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 1.40-1.38\left(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right.$, $3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$, and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 1.25-1.23\left(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 1.13(\mathrm{~s}$, $3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$, and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\} \mathrm{NMR}(75 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 165.9(\mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~B}$, C, and D), 160.4 (A, B, C, and D), 155.4 (A, B, C, and D), 135.7 (C or D), 135.6 ( C or D ), 135.3 (A or B), 135.2 (A or B), 134.4 (C and D), $134.4(C$ and D), 129.2 (A and B), 129.1 (C and D), 128.0 ( $A$ and B), 127.9 (C or D), 127.8 (C or D), 122.0 (C and D), 121.9 (A and $B), 121.4(C$ or $D), 121.3(C$ or $D), 121.0(A$ or $B), 120.9(A$ or B), 114.4 (A, B, C, and D), 110.9 (A, B, C, and D), 107.0 (A, B, C, and D), $85.8(\mathrm{C}$ and $D), 85.7(A$ and $B), 84.3(A, B, C$, and $D), 83.4$ (A and B), 83.2 (C and D), 78.9 (A and B), 78.8 (C and D), 71.4 (C and D), 71.3 (A and B), $59.0(A, B, C$, and D), 55.4 (A, B, C, and D), 38.7 (C and D), 38.6 (A and B), 27.7 (C and D), 27.5 (A, B, C, and D), 27.4 (A and B), $26.8(C$ or D), $26.7(C$ or D), $26.7(A$ or B), 26.6 (A or B), 24.6 (C or D), 24.5 (C or D), 24.3 (A and B). IR $\nu: 3261$, 2924, 1686, 1600, 1377, 1262, 1077, 1026, $734 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. HRMS (FD) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}:[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{27} \mathrm{H}_{33} \mathrm{NO}_{7}{ }^{+}, 483.2257$; found, 483.2272 .
( $\pm$ )-Aflaquinolones $A, C$, and $D$. Deprotection of 29 with $\mathrm{Me}_{2} \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{Cl} .40 \mathrm{mg}$ of $29(\mathrm{dr}=1: 1: 1.6: 1.6,0.071 \mathrm{mmol})$ was used and the product 30 was isolated as a mixture of diastereoisomers $(\mathrm{dr}=$ $1: 1: 1: 1$ ) (pale yellow solid, $30.0 \mathrm{mg}, 97 \%$ ) after purification with $n$ hexane/EtOAc (1.5:1) as an eluent. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz ) [two groups of diastereoisomers: $(\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}) /(\mathrm{C}+\mathrm{D})=1: 1$, The ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR data of $( \pm)$-aflaquinolones $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{C}$, and D matched with those reported in the literature.: ${ }^{5 \mathrm{~b}} \delta 9.11\left[\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right]$, $9.09\left[\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right], 8.35\left[\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)$ ], 8.33 [br s, $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)$ ], $7.39\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 7.34-7.25\left(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 5 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right.$, $6 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$, and $\left.6 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 6.78\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 6.61(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.5$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 6.39\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 6.36(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 6.27\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 6.13(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $=16.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 4.69\left[\mathrm{~s},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right], 4.67\left[\mathrm{~s},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right]$, $3.69(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.6$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$, and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 3.61\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)$, 2.65-2.44 (m, $2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$, and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 2.36-2.31\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 2.28-2.21\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 2.21-2.08\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 1.76-1.68\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 1.62-1.54\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 1.43-1.39\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right) 1.39\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 1.10\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 1.02\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)$, $0.93\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ or $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 0.92\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ or $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, acetone- $\left.d_{6}\right): \delta 9.62\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ or $1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}$ or $1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 9.61\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ or $1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}$ or $1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 9.59\left[\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)$, 9.37 [br s, $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)$, $9.36\left[\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right], 7.53(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 7.52\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 7.43(\mathrm{~d}, J=$
$8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 7.37-7.32\left(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 5 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 5 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.5 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)$, $6.84\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 6.65\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 6.60\left[\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right], 6.57$ $\left[\mathrm{d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right], 6.44(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.6$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 6.37\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ or $1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}$ or $1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 6.36\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ or $1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}$ or $1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$ or $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 6.36\left[\mathrm{~s},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right]$, $6.23\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 3.68\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right.$, $1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)$, $3.52\left[\mathrm{~s},\left(3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right], 3.51[\mathrm{~s}$, $\left(3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)$ ], 2.73-2.47 $\left(\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 2.22-2.09\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 1.91-1.81(\mathrm{~m}$, $2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$, and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 1.75-1.67\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 1.58-1.49$ $\left(\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 1.42\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 1.11\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$, $0.95\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 0.93\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ or $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$, $0.92\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ or $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\} \mathrm{NMR}(101 \mathrm{MHz}): \delta 214.0$ $[(A$ and $B)$ or $(C$ and $D)], 213.6[(A$ and $B)$ or $(C$ and $D)], 165.9$ $(\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$, and D), $155.0(\mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{C}$, and D), 137.4 (A, B, C, and D), 136.0 (A, B, C, and D), 134.5 [(A and B) or (C and D)], 134.4 [(A and B) or (C and D)], 129.4 (A, B, C, and D), 129.1 [(A and B) or $(C$ and $D)], 129.0[(A$ and $B)$ or $(C$ and $D)], 127.4[(A$ and $B)$ or $(C$ and $D)], 127.3[(A$ and $B)$ or $(C$ and $D)], 126.4(A, B, C$, and $D)$, $122.6(\mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{C}$, and D$), 122.5$ [(A and B) or $(\mathrm{C}$ and D$)$ ], 122.4 [(A and $B)$ or $(C$ and $D)], 110.9$ [ $(A$ and $B)$ or $(C$ and $D)], 110.8$ [ $(A$ and B) or (C and D)], $107.2(A, B, C$, and D), $84.2(A, B, C$, and D), 79.0 (A, B, C, and D), 59.1 (A, B, C, and D), 47.7 (A or B), 47.6 (A or $B), 46.9(C$ or $D), 46.8(C$ or $D), 41.5(A$ and $B), 40.8(C$ and $D)$, 38.7 (A, B, C, and D), 38.5 [(A and B) or (C and D)], 38.2 [(A and B) or (C and D)], 38.0 (C and D), 37.4 (A and B), 30.6 (A, B, C, and D), 14.7 (A or B or C or D), 14.6 (A or B or C or D), 14.3 [(A and B) or (C and D)]. IR $\nu: 3221,2923,1689,1377,1260,1080,1026$, $800 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. HRMS (FD) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}:[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{26} \mathrm{H}_{29} \mathrm{NO}_{5}^{+}, 435.2046$; found, 435.2047.
$( \pm)$-Scopuquinolone B. Deprotection of 32 with $\mathrm{Me}_{2} \mathrm{AlCl} .19 \mathrm{mg}$ of $32(\mathrm{dr}=1: 1: 1: 1,0.0335 \mathrm{mmol})$ was used and the product 33 was isolated as a mixture of daistereosiomers $(\mathrm{dr}=1: 1: 1: 1)$ (pale yellow solid, $13.0 \mathrm{mg}, 89 \%$ ) after purification with $n$-hexane $/ E t O A c(1: 1)$ as an eluent. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz , acetone- $d_{6}$ ) [two groups of diastereoisomers: $(\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}) /(\mathrm{C}+\mathrm{D})=1: 1$. The NMR data of groups C and D matched with those of scopuquinolone B reported in the literature.: ${ }^{6 \mathrm{c}} \delta 9.55\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 9.33\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$, $1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$, and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 7.44\left[\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right], 7.42\left[\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right]$, $7.37-7.32\left(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 5 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 5 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.5 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 6.65-6.55\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right.$, $2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}$, and $\left.2 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 6.20\left[\mathrm{~d}, J=16.5 \mathrm{~Hz},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right], 6.17\left[\mathrm{~d}, J=16.5 \mathrm{~Hz},\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right], 3.66$ $\left(\mathrm{d}, J=1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 3.52\left[\mathrm{~s},\left(3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right]$, $3.51\left[\mathrm{~s},\left(3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ or $\left(3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)\right]$, $3.06-$ $2.97\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)$, 1.81-1.68 $\left(\mathrm{m}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right), 1.64-1.27\left(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}, 4 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$, and $\left.4 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)$, $1.13\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 1.07\left(\mathrm{t}, J=12.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{c}}\right.$ and $\left.1 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{d}}\right), 1.01\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}\right)$, $0.98\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right), 0.96\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{A}}\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$ NMR $\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, acetone- $\left.d_{6}\right): \delta 166.3(\mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{C}$, and D), 156.1 (C and D), 155.9 (A and B), 141.8 (A and B), 140.3 ( C and D), 137.6 (A, B, C, and D), 136.9 (A, B, C, and D), 129.7 (A, B, C, and $D), 129.6(A, B, C$, and $D), 127.5[(A$ and $B)$ or $(C$ and $D)]$, 127.5 [(A and B) or $(C$ and $D)], 127.4$ [(A and B) or $(C$ and $D)$, 127.3 [(A and B) or (C and D)], 122.6 (A, B, C, and D), 122.3 (A, B, C, and D), 112.1 (A, B, C, and D), 107.7 (A, B, C, and D), 85.8 (A, B, C, and D), 80.0 (A, B, C, and D), 76.8 (A, B, C, and D), $59.0(A, B$, C, and D), $46.9(\mathrm{C}$ and D$), 45.9$ (A and B), 37.7 (A, B, C, and D), $37.7(A, B, C$, and $D), 37.0[(A$ and $B)$ or $(C$ and $D)], 36.9[(A$ and B) or $(C$ and $D)], 34.0(A$ and $B), 33.1(C$ and $D), 31.9[(A$ and $B)$ or $(\mathrm{C}$ and D$)], 31.8[(\mathrm{~A}$ and B$)$ or $(\mathrm{C}$ and D$)], 19.5[(\mathrm{~A}$ and B$)$ or $(C$ and $D)], 19.4[(A$ and B) or $(C$ and $D)]$. IR $\nu: 3274,2926,1687$, 1620, 1452, 1378, 1261, 1082, 1039, $803 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. HRMS (FD) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ : $[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{26} \mathrm{H}_{31} \mathrm{NO}_{5}{ }^{+}, 437.2202$; found, 437.2198.

## ASSOCIATED CONTENT

## (s) Supporting Information

The Supporting Information is available free of charge at https://pubs.acs.org/doi/10.1021/acs.joc.1c00042.

General schemes for the synthesis of 18, trans-20, 28, 31 , and ( $\pm$ )-27; comparison of the ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of olefinated product 21 when using trans- 20 or a mixture of trans- and cis-20; comparison of the NMR data of natural and synthetic products; and copies of the ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra for all new compounds (PDF)

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## Notes

The authors declare no competing financial interest.

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