

Could thioredoxin h be involved in early response to gravitropic stimulation of poplar stems?

Wassim Azri, Eric Badel, Nicole Brunel, Jérôme Franchel, I. Ben-Rejeb, J.P. Jacquot, Jean-Louis Julien, Stéphane Herbette, Patricia Roeckel-Drevet

▶ To cite this version:

Wassim Azri, Eric Badel, Nicole Brunel, Jérôme Franchel, I. Ben-Rejeb, et al.. Could thioredoxin h be involved in early response to gravitropic stimulation of poplar stems?. International Symposium on Wood Structure in Plant Biology and Ecology, Apr 2013, Naples, Italy. 2013. https://doi.org/10.1003/phys.org/

HAL Id: hal-01190309 https://hal.archives-ouvertes.fr/hal-01190309

Submitted on 1 Sep 2015

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers. L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.



U.M.R. PIAF

Could thioredoxin h be involved in early response to gravitropic stimulation of polar

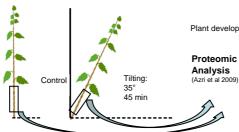
W. Azri¹, E. Badel^{2,3}, N. Br**sterns**. Franchel ^{2,3}, I. Ben Rejeb¹, J-P.Jacquot⁴, J-L. Julien^{2,3}, S. Herbette^{2,3}, P. Roeckel-Drevet^{2,3}

- ¹ Plant Biology and Physiology, Faculty of Sciences, Tunis, Tunisia
- ² INRA, UMR 547 PIAF, Clermont-Ferrand ³ University Blaise Pascal, UMR 547 PIAF, 63000 Clermont-Ferrand, France
- ⁴ UMR 1136 INRA, Faculty of Sciences, University Henri-Poincaré-Nancy I, 54506 Vandoeuvre cedex, France **Introduction:**

The perception of gravity is essential for plant development. Trees constantly develop specialized woody tissues, termed « reaction wood » to correct inclined branch and stem growth in order to adopt an optimal position. Despite the economical impact of reaction wood occurrence and its importance from a developmental point of view, the perception and response to the gravitational stimulus have not been extensively studied in woody species in which primary and secondary growth occur.

In trees, sedimentable amyloplasts in the endodermal cells may play a role in gravity perception leading to secondary xylem formation, eccentric growth and reaction wood formation in gravi-stimulated tree stems (Nakamura et al., 2001). How the displacement of amyloplasts might trigger a signalling cascade is still a matter of debate. Reactive oxygen species (ROS) are possible second messengers. Redox-dependent regulators are central and flexible mechanisms to control metabolic and developmental activities of the cells. Thioredoxins (Trxs) are 12 kDa proteins that contribute to the redox control by dithiol/disulfide exchange. Thioredoxins *h* were firstly found in the cytoplasm compartment; mitochondria, endoplasmic reticulum and nuclear localization have also been reported (Buchanan and Balmer, 2005). Trxs *h* are encoded by a multigenic family of 8 genes in *Arabidopsis thaliana*, and at least five in *Populus* sp. (Gelhaye et al., 2004). In addition to their role as antioxidant, Trxs *h* was proposed to be involved in modulating redox-dependent signalling cascades (Dietz 2003).

Starting from the observation that many proteins involved in gravitropic response are potential Thioredoxins targets, we is response to gravitropic stimulation in poplar stems.



Plant developmental stage: 20 developed internodes

300 spots were analyzed 120 spots showed significant changes after inclination - Mass spectrometry analysis of these spots led to the identification of 60 proteins

36/60 proteins (60%) were potential Thioredoxin targets

Results:

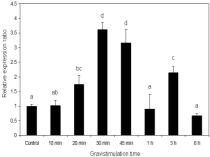


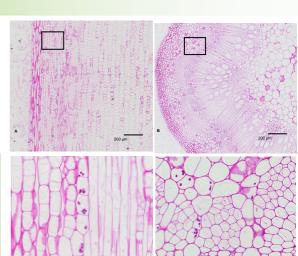
Figure 1.

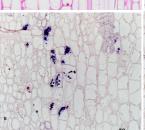
Time course accumulation of Trx h after gravitational stimulus. Total RNAs were extracted from basal internodes of inclined plants for 0 (control), 10, 20, 30, 45 min, 1h, 3h and 6h. The accumulation of relative transcripts was determined by RT-qPCR. Mean values (+SE) of there replicates are shown. Data were analyzed using ANOVA (Stagraphics Plus, version 5.1). Different letters indicate significant differences (P<0.05) for Fisher's LSD painwise companisons.

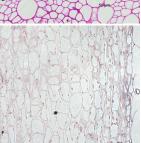
Thioredoxin h expression was induced following gravistimulation

Figure 2. Sections of poplar stem (4th bottom internode) inclined during 45 min. Longitudinal sections (A, C) or transversal sections (B, D) were stained using Periodic acid/ Schiff (PAS) reaction to detect starch and polysaccharides. Photographs C and D are respectively enlarged views of the photographs A and B (black rectangle area). Transversal sections were probed with the antibody anti-Trx h1 (E) or incubated without primary antibody as a negative control (F)

Amyloplasts sedimented at the base of starch sheath cells of poplar stems (Fig. 2A, C). Using in situ immunolocalization approach, Trx h1 co-localized with the amyloplasts of endoderm cells of the stem (Fig. 2E). A control section incubated without primary antibody (Fig. 2F) attested of the specificity of the signal.







Conclusions and prospect: As a conclusion, our results support an involvement of Thioredoxin *h* (POPTR_0005s25420.1 (Phytozome http://www.phytozome. Net - JGI v2.2)) in the early response to gravitropic stimulus leading to reaction wood formation and poplar stem reorientation: We observed The next step would be to identify the components interacting with amyloplast associated-Thioredoxin in order to dissect the events linked to gravity sensing.