Dark Chocolate as a promising carrier for probiotic strains



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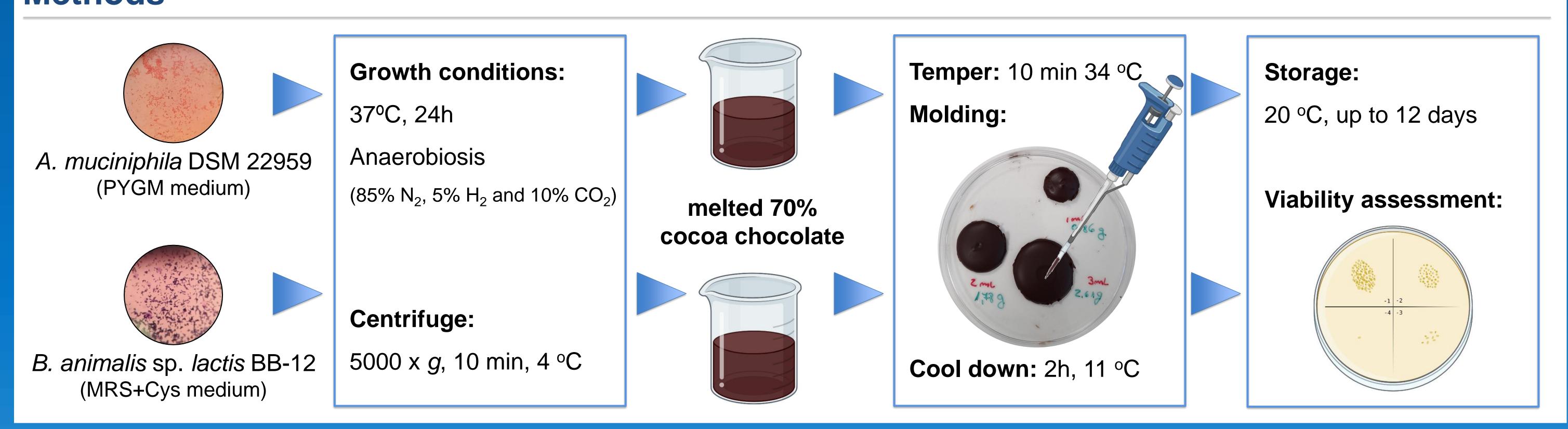
Objectives

Chocolate is one of the most attractive food products among the majority of population. Furthermore, probioticcontaining chocolates have been proposed as new functional food candidates.

Akkermansia muciniphila is a promising next-generation probiotic candidate, due to its positive impact in several diseases such as type 2 diabetes and obesity. *Bifidobacterium animalis* is a classical probiotic currently used as food supplement.

This study aims to evaluate flavanol-rich dark chocolate as a carrier for probiotic bacteria (*Bifidobacterium animalis* subsp. lactis BB-12 and Akkermansia muciniphila DSM 22959), through measurement of cell viability during aerobic storage at 20°C.

Methods



Results

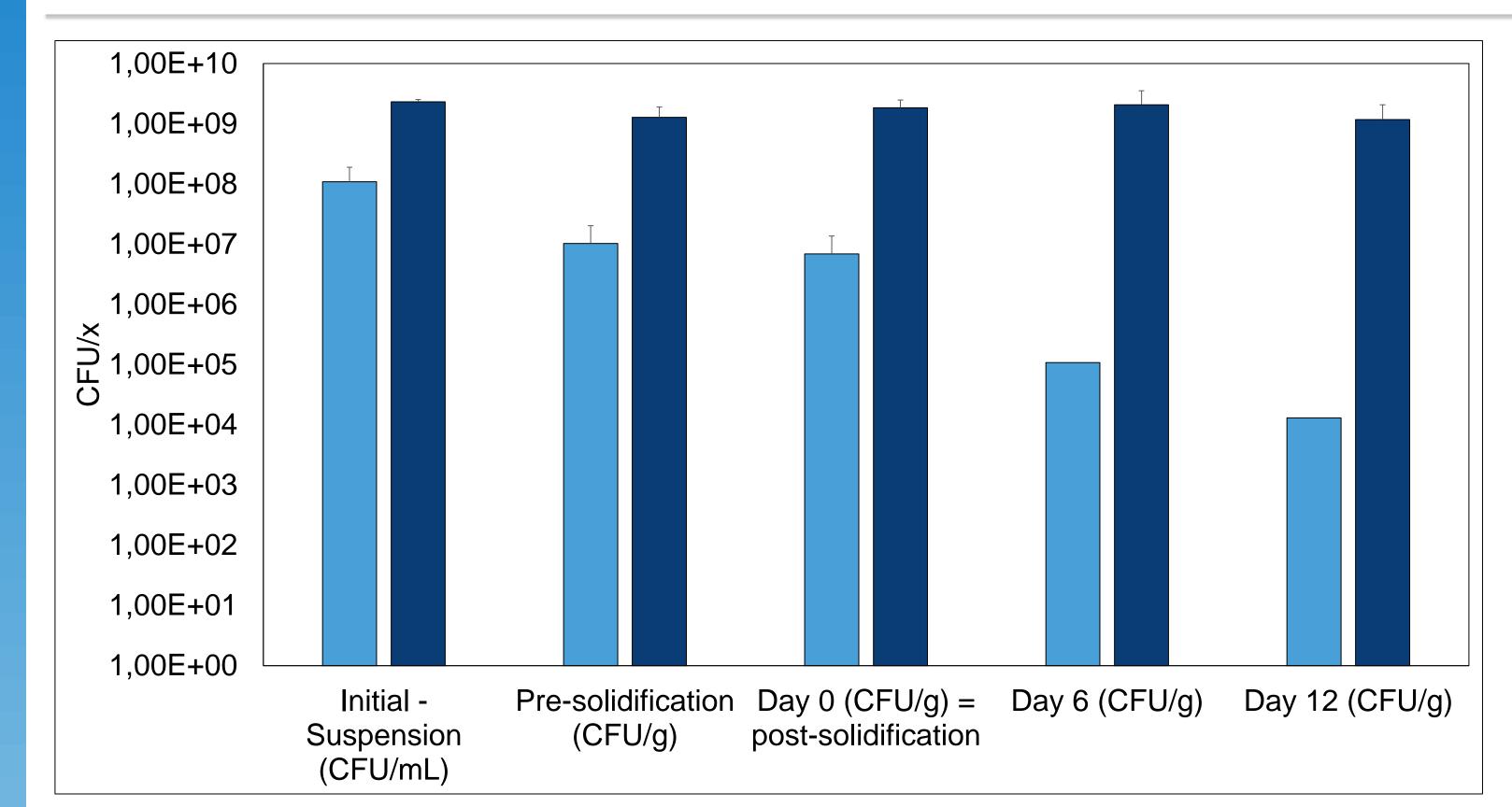


Figure 1. Viability of *A. muciniphila* DSM 22959 (light blue) and *B. animalis* subsp. *lactis* BB-12 (dark blue) during incorporation procedure and subsequent storage. All results are expressed as the average of CFU/x and standard deviation (error bars) from two independent assays.

Main Findings:

- The incorporation procedure does not highly impact the viability of the probiotic strains.
- Bifidobacterium animalis subsp. lactis BB-12 viability was maintained throughout the whole assay.
- Akkermansia muciniphila DSM 22959 viability decreased during storage (~3 log reduction).
- Dark chocolate is a promising carrier for probiotics delivery, as shown for *B. animalis* subsp. *lactis* BB-12.
- A. muciniphila DSM 22959 requires an additional protection, so that the viability can be maintained at high levels in these conditions.

Conclusion

This work provides novel insights regarding the promising application of dark chocolate as a probiotic carrier suitable for lactose-intolerant people, while representing an addedvalue product for obese and diabetic patients.

References

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