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**ELICITING JORDAN'S SECONDARY SCHOOLS'  
STAKEHOLDERS PERCEPTIONS ON THE USE OF  
EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY IN THE TEACHING AND  
LEARNING OF ENGLISH**



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**DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY  
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## Abstrak

Pada masa kini, pelbagai jenis teknologi pendidikan lanjutan digunakan dan digunakan dalam proses pengajaran dan pembelajaran di pelbagai tetapan dan tahap pendidikan. Dalam banyak cara, teknologi dilihat sebagai penyumbang kepada proses pengajaran dan pembelajaran. Terdapat keperluan untuk kerjasama semua yang secara langsung dan tidak langsung terlibat dalam persaudaraan itu. Tanpa latihan dan peluang yang mencukupi untuk belajar dan mempelajari semula teknologi baru, kajian ini bertujuan dan tertanya-tanya bagaimana menimbulkan dan menyasat cabaran dan masalah penggunaan ETT di sekolah menengah persendirian Jordan? Kajian ini bertujuan untuk mengkaji kesan jantina, pengalaman, dan kelayakan penggunaan ETT oleh guru bahasa Inggeris menengah dari perspektif penyelia pendidikan. Kajian ini telah direka bentuk menggunakan pendekatan kes-kajian kaedah campuran, untuk melihat perspektif Penyelia Pendidikan (ES) mengenai penggunaan Alat Teknologi Pendidikan (ETT) untuk Pengajaran dan Pembelajaran Bahasa Inggeris (TLE) yang memberi tumpuan kepada data yang dikumpul dari semua pihak berkepentingan yang berkaitan. Responden kajian ini adalah penyelia pendidikan dan guru yang berafiliasi dengan sekolah menengah yang terletak di Amman. Penemuan menunjukkan bahawa terdapat kekurangan persetujuan dalam penggunaan ETT dalam proses pengajaran muncul sebagai data yang dikemukakan. Kebimbangan bahawa dalam kedua-dua pandangan penyelia guru dan pendidikan, sangat mempengaruhi penggunaan teknologi dan proses pengajaran. Motivasi rendah, dan kepuasan kerja, serta kekurangan ETT di sekolah-sekolah Jordan. Kajian semasa ini boleh memberi sumbangan penting kepada bidang ini terutamanya dalam mengisi jurang yang menghubungkan aliran semasa ke atas penggunaan ETT dalam bidang pendidikan bahasa Inggeris di sekolah menengah Yordania swasta

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**Kata kunci:** Penyelia Pendidikan, Alat Teknologi Pendidikan, Pengajaran dan pembelajaran Bahasa Inggeris, Teknologi Pendidikan.

## Abstract

Recently, different types of advanced educational technology is being used and employed in the teaching and learning processes at various educational settings and levels. In many ways, technology it has seen as an enabler to both the teaching and learning processes. There is a need for collaboration of all who are directly and indirectly involved in teaching process. Without sufficient training and opportunities to learn and relearn new technology. This study is intended and wondering how to elicit and investigate the challenges and problems on the Educational Technological Tools (ETT) Usage in Jordan private secondary schools?

This research aimed to examine the effect of gender, experience, and qualification on the use of (ETT) by secondary English language teachers from the perspective of the educational supervisors. This study was design, using a mix-method case-study approach, to explore Educational Supervisors' (ES) perspectives on the use of Educational Technological Tools (ETT) for Teaching and Learning of English (TLE) focusing on the data collected from all the relevant stakeholders.

The respondents of the study were educational supervisors and teachers affiliated to secondary schools located in Amman. The findings revealed that there is a lack of agreement in ETT Usage in the teaching process surfaced as the data presented. A concern that in both the teachers' and educational supervisors' views, strongly affected the using technology and teaching process. Low motivation, and job satisfaction, as well as the shortage of ETT in the Jordanian schools. This current study could make a significant contribution to this area particularly in filling in the gaps connecting the current trends on the ETT Usage in the field of English language education in Jordan private secondary schools.

**Keywords:** Educational Supervisors, Educational Technological tools, Teaching and learning English, Education technology.

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“Work; so Allah will see your work and (so will) His Messenger and the believers;”

(The Holy Quran - AtTawbah 9:105)

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## Table of Contents

Permission to Use.....	ii
Abstrak.....	iii
Abstract.....	iv
Acknowledgement.....	v
Table of Contents.....	vi
List of Tables.....	vii
List of Figures.....	viii
List of Appendices.....	xi
List of Abbreviations.....	x
<b>CHAPTER ONE STUDY INTRODUCTION.....</b>	<b>1</b>
1.1 Introduction.....	6
1.2 Personal Research Discourse.....	7
1.3 Study Background.....	12
1.3.1 Jordan Education System.....	18
1.4 Problem Statement.....	22
1.5 Theoretical Framework.....	29
1.6 Research Objective.....	37
1.7 Research Questions.....	37
1.8 Research Hypothesis.....	38
1.9 Significance of the Study.....	39
1.10 Scope of the study.....	42
1.11 Study Limitation.....	43
1.12 Operational Definitions.....	44
1.13 Summary.....	46
<b>CHAPTER TWO LITRATURE REVIEW.....</b>	<b>48</b>
2.1 Information System Acceptance Models and Theories.....	48

2.1.1 The Theory of Acceptance and Use Technology Model (UTAUT).....	49
2.1.2 Technology Acceptance Model (TAM).....	50
2.1.3 Extension of the TAM (TAM2).....	51
2.2 Contextual information on Jordan Educational System.....	53
2.3 Importance of English Language .....	54
2.4 Plausible Challenges on Teaching and Learning of English in Jordan.....	58
2.5 Jordan’s English Language Teaching and Learning Policy.....	65
2.6 The Provision for ETT in Education.....	68
2.7 The Skills and Knowledge of ETT and Pedagogy.....	71
2.8 Supervisors versus Teachers Role in Education .....	73
2.9 Studies on the ETT Usage in Schools .....	75
2.10 Knowledge Gap.....	80
2.11 Gender.....	82
2.12 Qualification.....	82
2.13 Experiences .....	83
2.14 Factors selected for Investigation.....	83
2.14.1 Challenges.....	83
2.14.2 Availability .....	84
2.15 Summary.....	84
<b>CHAPTER THREE RESEARCH METHODOLOGY .....</b>	<b>86</b>
3.1 Research Design.....	86
3.2 Mix-Method Case Study .....	90
3.3 Participants of the Study .....	93
3.4 Research Procedures .....	98
3.5 Research Instrumentation.....	100
3.5.1 Questionnaire .....	101
3.6 Likert Scale.....	101
3.7 Secondary Data Collection: Interview .....	103
3.7.1 Interview protocol.....	104
3.8 Validity and Reliability.....	106

3.8.1 Validity .....	107
3.8.2 Reliability.....	108
3.9 Ethics Considerations.....	110
3.10 Research Fieldwork and Data Collection Process .....	112
3.11 Statistic Treatment .....	113
3.12 Data Analysis.....	111
3.13 Data Analysis Strategy .....	111
3.14 Data Analysis for the Interview .....	115
3.15 Summary.....	117
<b>CHAPTER FOUR FINDINGS .....</b>	<b>119</b>
4.1 The Field work .....	119
4.2.1 Phase 1: Discover The Issues and Concerns.....	120
4.2.1 Phase 2: The Actual Fielwork (Data Collection).....	121
4.3 Respondents File .....	122
4.4 Data Management and Data Cleaning Process .....	123
4.4.1 Missing Data .....	124
4.4.2 Outliers Identification .....	124
4.5 The Availability of (ETT).....	125
4.6 The Usability of (ETT).....	125
4.7 Discriptive Analysis Use of (ETT) in Classroom .....	127
4.8 Relationship among Variables .....	130
4.9 Effect of Gender, Qualification and Experience on the ETT Usage.....	132
4.10 Descriptive Analysis of Challenges of ETT in Classroom. ....	133
4.11 Hypotheses Test. ....	136
4.12 Moderating Effect of Gender, Qulification and Experience .....	146
4.13 Profile of Teachers at each School.....	149
4.14 Emerging Themes in The Study.....	158
4.15 Professionalism .....	158
4.15.1 Teachers' Perceptionon what is Effective English Teacher.....	159
4.15.2 Teachers' weakness in English .....	161

4.15.2.1 Attitude and Motivation to Enhance Teachers' Professionalism.....	163
4.15.2.2 No Opportunity to Practice English.....	164
4.15.3 Students' Weakness at English Language.....	166
4.16 Lack of Motivation for English Tea-chers .....	167
4.17 English language Pedagogy .....	168
4.17.1 Impact Technology Toolson Interaction in the Classroom.....	168
4.17.2 Using Arabic Translation.....	169
4.18 English language Teaching Policy .....	172
4.18.1 The Currnt Policy on EFL Teaching .....	172
4.18.2 Focus on Grammar in Teaching.....	173
4.18.3 Shortage of Teaching Materials.....	175
4.19 Summary... ..	178
<b>CHAPTER FIVE DISCUSSIONS.....</b>	<b>179</b>
5.1 Introduction.....	180
5.2 Teachers' Perceptions on English Teaching in Jordan .....	181
5.3 The Challenges and Problems That Prevent Teaching English in Jordan .....	185
5.4 Teachers' Perceptions About The Challenges They Face in Teaching .....	193
5.5 English Teachers' Conception About The Present English Curriculum .....	194
5.6 Summary... ..	195
<b>CHAPTER SIX RECOMMENDATIONS AND CONCLUSION.....</b>	<b>197</b>
6.1 Introduction .....	182
6.2 Measures That Need to be Taken by The Ministry of Education .....	183
6.3 The Efforts of The English Teachers .....	193
6.4 Summary .....	199
6.5 Future Research.....	200
<b>REFERANCES.....</b>	<b>217</b>

## List of Tables

Table 1. 1	Jordan Educational System .....	19
Table 3. 1	Sample Size Calculation .....	98
Table 3. 2	Cronbach’s alpha for the pilot study .....	109
Table 3. 3	Hypothesis Testing.....	115
Table 4. 1	Demographic Characteristics of the Sample.....	122
Table 4. 2	The Availability of Educational Technological Tools (ETT).....	125
Table 4. 3	The usability of Educational Technological Tools (ETT) .....	126
Table 4. 4	Analysis Use of (ETT) in Classroom.....	127
Table 4. 5	Relationship among Variables .....	132
Table 4. 6	Effect of Gender, Qualification and Experience on the ETT Usage... 133	
Table 4. 7	Analysis of Challenges of ETT in Classroom.....	134
Table 4. 8	Effect of Availability on the Actual Usage of ETT.....	138
Table 4. 9	Effect of Challenges of ETT Usage on Actual ETT Usage.....	138
Table 4.10	Independent Sample T-test ETT Usage due to gender .....	139
Table 4. 11	Independent Sample T-test Challenges of ETT due to gender.....	140
Table 4.12	One Way ANOVA test Use ETT due to Qualification of Educational Supervisor.....	141
Table 4. 13	One Way ANOVA test challenges ETT due to qualification of Educational Supervisor .....	142
Table 4. 14	One Way ANOVA test Use ETT due to work Experience of Educational Supervisor .....	143
Table 4. 15	One Way ANOVA test Challenges of ETT due to work Experience of Educational Supervisor .....	145
Table 4. 16	Effect of Gender, Qualification and Experience as the Moderating Variables .....	148

## List of Figures

Figure 1.1	ICT usage for Education in private schools in Jordan .....	24
Figure 1.2	ICT Adoption in private schools in Jordan .....	25
Figure 1.3	The Study Framwork .....	36
Figure 2.1	Unified Theory of Acceptance and Use of Technology (UTAUT) .....	49
Figure 2.2	Technology Acceptance Model (TAM).....	50
Figure 2.3	Extension of the TAM (TAM2).....	52
Figure 3.1	Research Design.....	88
Figure 3.2	Research Procedures .....	99
Figure 4.1	The usability of ETT in private secondary schools in Amman. ....	127
Figure 4.2	Effect of Qulification as the Moderating Variable in the Relationship between Challenges and ETT Usage.....	149





## LIST OF APPENDICES

Appendix A:	Consent from UUM to conduct the study in Jordan.....	244
Appendix B:	Research Questionnaire .....	245
Appendix C:	The Validation Committee of The Questionnaire and The Interview Questions.....	249
Appendix D:	Interview Protocol .....	250
Appendix D (1):	Possible Interview Questions for Varions Stakeholders in the Study .....	251
Appendix E:	Item Total Statistics.....	255
Appendix F:	Research Questionnaire (Arabic Version) .....	256
Appendix F (1):	Interview Questions (Arabic Version) .....	260
Appendix G:	Regression Analysis.....	262
Appendix H:	One Sample T-Test (Use).....	263
Appendix I:	One Sample T-Test (Challenge).....	264
Appendix J:	Independent Sample T-Test (Gender and Use).....	265
Appendix K:	Independent Sample T-Test (Gender and Challenge).....	266
Appendix L:	ANOVA (Use).....	267
Appendix M:	ANOVA (Challenge).....	268
Appendix N:	Approval Letter From Ministry of Education In Jordan to Conduct The Study in The Jordanian Private Schools.....	269
Appendix O:	Approval Letter From Amman Education Directorate to Conduct The Study in The Jordanian Private Schools.....	270
Appendix M:	Approval Letter From Amman Private Education Directorate In to Conduct The Study in The Jordanian Private Schools.....	271

## LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

<b>ETT</b>	Educational and Technological Tools
<b>MOE</b>	Ministry of Education
<b>PED</b>	Private Education Directorate
<b>PSS</b>	Private Secondary Schools
<b>EIE</b>	Evaluation in Education
<b>ES</b>	Educational Supervisors
<b>UTAUT</b>	Unified Theory of Acceptance and Use Technology Model
<b>TAM</b>	Technology Acceptance Model
<b>TAM 2</b>	Extension of the TAM
<b>EFL</b>	English as a Foreign Language
<b>GCSE</b>	General Certificate of Secondary Education
<b>ITL</b>	Information technology and learning
<b>ICDL</b>	International Computer Driving License
<b>ITG</b>	Information Technology Group
<b>ICT</b>	Information and communication technology
<b>GDP</b>	Gross domestic product
<b>CALL</b>	Computer Assisted Language Learning
<b>IWB</b>	Interactive white board
<b>IQ</b>	Intelligence quotient
<b>IT</b>	Information Technology
<b>FL</b>	Foreign Language
<b>MOICT</b>	Ministry of Information and Communication Technology
<b>ERFKBF</b>	Education Reform for Knowledge Based Economic
<b>ECDL</b>	European Computer Driving License

## CHAPTER ONE

### STUDY INTRODUCTION

Education has always been seen as an enabler to one country's progress and development. Many countries are investing large percentages of their GDP on education. Better infrastructure, schools, universities, systems, curriculum change and new technology are always been sought to provide better education to the learning communities. This is even much more important today than ever. The information revolution and advancement of technology have certainly made all stakeholders in education to focus on technology to grow and progress into the future. Similar changes and progresses have also been seen in the English language teaching and learning. The conventional way of teaching and learning of English language with heavy reliance on selected textbooks within the four walls of a classroom is no longer the current lexicon and norm. Now, more advanced and better educational software and hardware programs are available to assist and make language classrooms more interactive, fun and engaging.

Due to the rapid developments in the various fields, the world in general and the Arab countries and related communities specifically, are facing challenges of technology advancement as the newly discovered science and knowledge is quickly making progress and dramatically changing in the 21<sup>st</sup> century (Tarhini & Hone, 2017). Technological advancement has influenced all facets of human life and will continue to do so in many years to come. Among these, one of the strongly impacted sectors is 'education'. Today, education, teaching and learning are uniquely different

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## APPENDICES

### Appendix A: Consent form UUM to conduct the study in Jordan



PUSAT PENGAJIAN PENDIDIKAN DAN BAHASA MODEN  
SCHOOL OF EDUCATION AND MODERN LANGUAGES  
College of Arts and Sciences  
Universiti Utara Malaysia  
06010 UUM SINTOK  
KEDAH DARUL AMAN  
MALAYSIA



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16 February, 2015

To Whom It May Concern:

#### PROGRESS REPORT OF STUDY AND PERMISSION TO ENTER RESEARCH SITE(S) IN JORDAN

It is a great pleasure to inform that Miss Reem Zaid Khalaf is progressing well in her PhD research entitled *Accessibility, and Challenges on the Integration of Educational Technological Tools and Application in English Language Education in Jordan Private Schools: Case Study of the Supervisors' Perspectives*. Presently she is finalising her first 3 chapters (research proposal) and will be submitting the final draft to School of Education and Modern Languages for her proposal defence in early March 2015. She intends to return to Jordan and enter her research site commencing end of March or early April 2015 for her official data collection for her study.

With the above progress in her study, I ask for your utmost consideration to provide Miss Reem the permission and support for her to return to Jordan to enter her research sites so that she can begin the official data collection for her study. As her supervisor, I am confident that Miss Reem's research has the potential to contribute to new knowledge, and most importantly would be able to contribute to improvement on ICT and educational technology integration amongst teachers in English language teaching and learning. Following are some specific information pertaining her intended data collection in Jordan:

Intended respondents: *School Supervisors (Primary Respondents)*  
Other Respondents: *English Language Teachers; School Principals; Students and other stakeholders in English Language Education*  
Research Methodology: *Questionnaires (Primary) and Interviews (Secondary)*

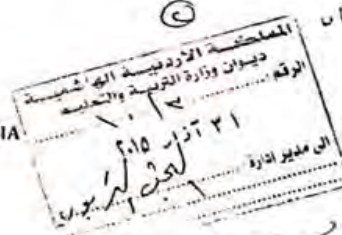
Your consideration and approval on the above matter is greatly appreciated.

If you have any questions or any inquiries on Miss Reem Zaid Khalaf's PhD studies please contact me at [hisham@uum.edu.my](mailto:hisham@uum.edu.my) or call me at +60166602801.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR DR. HISHAM DZAKIRIA  
Thesis Supervisor  
School of Education and Modern Languages  
Universiti Utara Malaysia



لدينا في هذا اليوم  
تمت  
مصدق  
عبدالله

c.c Awang Had Salleh Graduate School, Universiti Utara Malaysia

## **Appendix B: Research Questionnaire**

**Universiti Utara Malaysia**  
**College of Art & Sciences**  
**School of Education & Modern Language**

### **Greetings**

**Dear Supervisor,**

This research, with God's willing, Insha Allah intends to pursue a study entitled **Adaptation and Challenges on the Use of Educational Technological Tools in Teaching and Learning of English in Jordan Private Schools: from the Supervisors' Perspectives** to meet the full requirements for obtaining a Ph.D. in Philosophy of Education at Universiti Utara Malaysia.

With due respect to your esteemed reputation, and years of experiences in your position and professional life, I am grateful for your utmost consideration to participate in this study by answering the questionnaire attached. Your participation will always be guarded with the highest respect and confidentiality.

I personally thank your participation and willingness to help me pursue this research successfully.

Regards,

#### **Researcher**

Reem Zeid Khalaf  
PhD. Philosophy of Education student at  
School of Education & Modern Language/  
College of Art & Sciences/ University of  
Utara Malaysia  
Phone number: 0060168112540  
E-mail : [r\\_queen84@yahoo.com](mailto:r_queen84@yahoo.com)

#### **Supervisor**

Dr. Hisham Dzakiria  
Associate Professor at Universiti Utara  
Malaysia  
Phone number: 0060166602801  
E-mail: [hisham@uum.edu.my](mailto:hisham@uum.edu.my)

<b>Part 1: Demographics Information</b>
<b>Gender:</b> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female <input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Qualification:</b> Diploma <input type="checkbox"/> Bachelor <input type="checkbox"/> Master or higher <input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Experience of work:</b> 1 year - 5 years <input type="checkbox"/> 6 years - 10 years <input type="checkbox"/> 11 + years <input type="checkbox"/>

<b>Part 2: The availability of Educational Technological Tools (ETT)</b>
Put (√) next to an educational device available in the school.
Television <input type="checkbox"/> Audio <input type="checkbox"/> Recorder <input type="checkbox"/> Data Show <input type="checkbox"/>
Computers <input type="checkbox"/> Interactive Whiteboard, Electronic (IWE) <input type="checkbox"/>
What is the other Educational Technological Tools (ETT) in the school? ..... ..... .....



**Description:** Please follow the figures, which indicate the following responses tick mark one response to each question.

Strongly disagree	Disagree	Neither agree or disagree	Agree	Strongly agree
1	2	3	4	5

**Part 3: Use of the Educational Technological tools (ETT) in the classroom.**

No.	The Phrases'	Grade				
		1	2	3	4	5
1.	The teacher uses educational tools and techniques continuously in the class.					
2.	The teacher uses a variety of educational tools according to his level of qualifications.					
3.	The teacher is proficient in using modern teaching tool (i.e computer and other).					
4.	Teacher employs modern educational technology in the classroom to achieve the behavioral objectives of the lesson					
5.	The teacher uses the means at the right time and place.					
6.	The teacher only adopt one educational tool throughout the school term causing boredom of the teaching approach, the teaching materials, and the teacher					
7.	The teacher receives sufficient training courses on how to use the tools and educational technologies in education					
8.	Provide opportunities for free choice activity appropriate for the students' abilities and interests.					
9.	Encourages learners to use of educational technology in the classroom.					
10.	Educational technology tools are suitable for the growth characteristics of students					
11.	Take into account the individual differences of students when choosing educational technological tools.					
12.	The educational methods increase the students' ability to absorb the lesson and access the facts, concepts, skills and knowledge better					
13.	Effectively the educational technological tools in the educational situation.					
14.	Educational technological tools used appropriate way which can increases the effectiveness of teaching.					
15.	The teacher creates conducive environment to use educational tools and techniques					
16.	The teacher chooses the appropriate educational technological tools to the objectives of the lesson.					

**Part 4: Challenges of educational technological tools (ETT) in the classroom.**

No.	The Phrases'	Grade				
		1	2	3	4	5
1.	Materials are available for producing the means and educational programs in the school.					
2.	Maintenance techniques on educational tools are available in the school.					
3.	Provide a plan for the use of educational media during the semester					
4.	Teachers lack the knowledge and training on modern educational technological tools					
5.	Provides special educational technological tools in the school budget.					
6.	Classrooms are equipped technically to use educational technological tools and computer display screens and other					
7.	Students do accept the means and techniques of modern educational approaches used in lessons.					
8.	Management attention motivation of teachers towards the use of educational technological tools.					
9.	The teacher is able to use educational tools and techniques.					
10.	Lesson time is sufficient to use educational technology and ICT in classrooms					
11.	Provide technical support for the use of educational technological tools in school.					
12.	Maintenance for the educational technology tools in school is good					
13.	There is a clear urgency or specific timetable or schedule on when to use educational tools and techniques.					
14.	The teacher know about the availability educational technology tools and equipment available in the school.					
15.	Provides educational techniques attractions and suspense					
16.	Heavy loads of teaching and responsibility by the teacher prevent them from incorporating educational tools in their respective classrooms.					
17.	Predominantly, there is no relevance between the methods, techniques and the educational curriculum subjects.					
18.	There are limited number of educational technology tools and techniques in the school compared with the number of students who use them.					

**Appendix C : The Validation Committee of The Questionnaire and The Interview Questions**

<b>No</b>	<b>The member</b>	<b>Qualification</b>	<b>The Affiliation</b>
1.	Prof. Dr. Adnan Al-gadire	Curriculum and Teaching Methods	Amman Arab University
2.	Prof. Dr. Abdul Rahman Al-Hashimi	Arabic language curriculum	Amman Arab University
3.	Dr. Fatima Jaffer	English curriculum	Amman Arab University
4.	Dr. Auoda Abu Sneineh	Curriculum and Teaching Methods	Amman Arab University
5.	Prof. Imad Al-Zuhairi	Mathematics Curricula	Amman Arab University
6.	Dr. Mohamed Elmasry	Measuring and evaluating	Amman Arab University
7.	Dr. Farid Kamel Abu Zeinah	Mathematics Curricula	Amman Arab University
8.	Dr. Mufid Hawashin	Educational Psychology	Al-Ahliyya Amman University
9.	Ahmed Jamil Al-Jawaodh	Psychological school counselor	Al- Jazeera National Academy
10.	Musa Suleiman Al-Shaiban	School manager	The Pioneer Educational School
11.	Maha Samih Halsah	English Supervisor	Victoria Collage Schools
12.	Aseel Hasan Tobail	English Supervisor	Modern System Schools
13.	A. Dr. Naifeh Kitami	Educational Psychology	Amman Arab University
14.	A. Dr. Hani tawil	Educational administration	University of Jordan
15.	A. Dr. Yacoub Abu helo	Curricula and teaching methods of social workers	Amman Arab University
16.	Dr. Ahmed Kilani	Islamic education curricula	Amman Arab University
17.	Dr. Ahmed Ayasra	Science curricula	Amman Arab University
18.	Dr. Suhaila Banat	Educational and psychological guidance	Amman Arab University
19.	Dr. Salim alzboon	Educational and psychological guidance	Amman Arab University
20.	Dr. Atef Muqabla	Educational administration	Amman Arab University
21.	Dr. Abdul-Mahdi Aljarah	Education Technology	University of Jordan
22.	A. Dr. Khaled Alqudah	Education Technology	Al al-Bayt University
23.	A. Dr. Salamah yoseph Tanash	Educational administration	University of Jordan
24.	A. Dr. Amin Abu Levi	Islamic education curricula	Amman Arab University
25.	A. Dr. Amin Alkkhan	Arabic language curricula	University of Jordan



## Appendix D : Interview Protocol

Focus Group Steps	Time	Notes to Facilitator	Questions- Responses should be verbal unless noted.
Introduction of the researcher Warm up	10 min	Ensure participants that researcher will not give out their contact information and their answers will be used only for the purposes of scientific research.	The researcher explain to the participant the purpose of the focus group
Availability of technological tools in the classrooms	15 min	Examples of the tools that should be provided in the classroom that participants may find helpful include data show, IWB, recorder, etc.	1. What types of technologies are available in the classroom? 2. How do you correlate the technology use with the textbook lessons in the classroom?
Technology Use in the classroom	15 min	Examples of using educational technological tools for participants to look at during the Group Activity. Examples will be used as a reference to generate ideas	3. How do you feel while using technological tools as an instructional strategy? 4. How much time do you spend on the use of technologies for educational purposes in the classroom, comparing to the administrative purposes? 5. How do you feel currently while using technologies as an educational strategy?
The challenges or the barriers that facing the teachers	15 min	Ask participants to briefly describe the challenges or the barriers that facing them, while they using this tools in order to give some context for their thoughts.	6. What are the challenges or barriers that you encounter during the use of technology in the classroom? 7. How can you eliminate or control the challenges or the barriers, if any, that you are facing?
Closing	5 min	Concluding remarks & conclude the focus group	What the important things that we did not touch on today?

**Appendix D: (1) Possible Interview Questions for Various Stakeholders in the Study.**

**A. English Language Teachers**

1. How long have you been teaching English ?
2. What are the challenges (or problems) Faced by EFL teachers in Jordan today ?
3. What are the challenges (or problems) faced by you as an English teacher?
4. What is your role in promoting English language teaching?
5. How you consider yourself as an effective English teacher?
6. If given a task to review the current curriculum, what would you like to change in the present curriculum?
7. How do you increase your skills in language teaching (ways of developing professionalism in language teaching)?
8. Describe the types of instruction you utilize in the class to facilitate the process of learning?
9. What is your main purpose in English classroom instruction?
10. How can you employ technology in teaching English?
11. How often do you use or speak students' first language (Arabic) in classroom instruction? Why?
12. Do you think that English teachers are weak in the language? why?
13. Have you taken courses on teaching English?
14. How do you perceive the cooperation between you and the school management and the English teachers?
15. What are your perceptions of an effective English language classroom?

## **B. English Language Students**

1. What do you think of the English language?
2. What do you think of your English teacher?
3. What are some of the characteristics of a good language teacher would you like to have?
4. What do you think of your ability in using the language?
5. How do you increase your proficiency in the language?
6. Of all the skills (speaking, listening, reading and writing), what is the most important skill to learn?
7. If you were asked to make changes in language teaching, what would you change ?
8. What are the problems that you face in learning English?
9. How do you perceive the activities performed in the classroom to master the language?
10. Does your English teacher often bring any teaching aids to your classroom?

## **C. Ministry Officers**

1. What do you think of the current English proficiency level among our students?
2. What do you think of the current English proficiency level among our teachers?
3. What are your perceptions of effective English language teachers?
4. What do you think of the current EFL teaching in schools?
5. What do you think of the current EFL teachers in schools?

6. What is the new skill teachers need to acquire in promoting English language in national schools?
7. What changes can be made in our current curriculum to ensure effective command of the English language?
8. What are your perceptions of effective English language classrooms?

**D. Parents**

1. What do you think of the English language?
2. What do you think about your children's proficiency in English?
3. What do you think of the current English teachers in schools?
4. If you were asked to make changes in language teaching, what would you change?

**E. English Professors in Jordan**

1. What do you think of English language teaching in Jordan ?
2. Why do you think that English language lecturers in universities use Arabic in instruction?
3. In your opinion, why do English teachers use Arabic in the classroom? Why are English teachers weak in schools?
4. Why are English language teachers unaware of learning theories and teaching methods?
5. What do you think of the policy of education regarding teaching English in our schools?
6. What do you think of English teachers today?
7. What do you think of the training course for the English teachers?

## **F. School Principal**

1. What are the problems that English teachers encounter in your schools?
2. What do you think of English teachers today?
3. How do you perceive the current policy of the Ministry of Education?



## Appendix E: Item- Total Statistics

**Item-Total Statistics**

	Scale Mean if Item Deleted	Scale Variance if Item Deleted	Corrected Item-Total Correlation	Cronbach's Alpha if Item Deleted
q1	93.0000	116.558	.339	.823
q2	90.9429	115.612	.129	.831
q3	92.2762	120.048	-.013-	.829
q4	92.7714	120.159	-.045-	.835
q5	93.0000	119.019	.091	.827
q6	93.0000	120.308	-.036-	.829
q7	92.9714	119.490	.047	.828
q8	93.0286	118.509	.138	.826
q9	92.3714	117.640	.180	.826
q10	90.8667	109.790	.526	.815
q11	92.2095	118.783	.084	.828
q12	90.3714	114.793	.221	.826
q13	93.0095	118.125	.179	.825
q14	92.3143	118.871	.083	.827
q15	92.2476	116.496	.261	.824
q16	92.2476	118.246	.133	.826
a1	91.2571	103.770	.653	.808
a2	93.0667	126.178	-.344-	.843
a3	91.0857	103.021	.716	.805
a4	92.6667	120.186	-.033-	.831
a5	91.1429	104.931	.589	.811
a6	93.0190	120.577	-.062-	.830
a7	90.9143	104.810	.645	.809
a8	92.3143	112.102	.578	.816
a9	91.2667	112.601	.482	.818
a10	91.1810	103.630	.659	.807
a11	91.1333	102.367	.738	.804
a12	91.1714	103.028	.699	.806
a13	90.4476	120.673	-.074-	.830
a14	91.0381	106.018	.612	.810
a15	90.9048	101.125	.713	.804
a16	91.5238	116.040	.104	.833
a17	91.2571	105.770	.566	.812
a18	92.9238	119.513	.050	.828

## Appendix F: Research Questionnaire (Arabic Version)

جامعة قوتار ملينزيا

لكلي فانيون ولنجوم

مدرس التربية في لغات الحبيثة

لس الم عليكم ورحمهم لابرلكم ه

لمن اذالمشرف / لمن اذالمشرفة .....المضرم /المضرفة

تقواله باضحة بعوف لاجراء دراس قبجوان لتلكيف والتحيات لتيتواجه م علمي لغة النجيني في استخدا لمقري التتكن ولنجيني في نتائجي في لمدارس لتثري لخص في الردن من وجهه نظر لمشرفي لتبهيي " ذلك لتتكم ال لتل بات لتاحصول نجي درجة لتتورا في لسفة التبري، ونظر لتتكم من ذوي ال ضرر التبري لكون محقق لتتول لتكب لتلجة عرفت لتتبدل لتتولي ابض عقي لتتكم أمام كل فقرة من فقرات لتتبدل، والتشكفي انجاح هذه ال دراس لتتوقف نجي مشاركتك لتتبدل، علم بان جي ع لتتات لتتخدم لتل غراض لتتال علمي.

Universiti Malaysia

المشرف	لباظة
الاستاذ لتتور هشام لتتري	نيم لتت خلف لتتوري
لتتاذم لتتورك في جامعة قوتار ملينزيا	تتبدل لتتورا لتتبدل لتتبدل لتتبدل
لتتصل: 006010166602801	جامعة قوتار ملينزيا
<a href="mailto:hisham@uum.edu.my">hisham@uum.edu.my</a>	لتتصل: 00962791560031
	<a href="mailto:r_queen84@yahoo.com">r_queen84@yahoo.com</a>

لمحور الأول: معلوماتي الشخصية التي تلتزم بها				
لجنس: ذكر <input type="checkbox"/>		أنثى <input type="checkbox"/>		
لمؤهل علمي بدبلوم علي <input type="checkbox"/>		بكلويوس <input type="checkbox"/>		اجهت يرفأعلى <input type="checkbox"/>
سنوات الخبرة: سنة - سنوات <input type="checkbox"/>		6 سنوات - 10 سنوات <input type="checkbox"/>		11 سنوات وأكثر <input type="checkbox"/>

لمحور الثاني: توفر الأدوات والوجوه التعليمية				
ضوضعي (بجنب لجه الاليلعي مي لمتفرفي لمرسه):				
جهازتفزيون <input type="checkbox"/>		مسجلاسيت <input type="checkbox"/>		اشرطتسويي <input type="checkbox"/>
عارضالشرئح <input type="checkbox"/>		لحميوتر <input type="checkbox"/>		لسلبورةلكيي <input type="checkbox"/>
ماهي الجهزقيلعيمي الخرى لمتفرفي لمرسه أنكره/ لآويها؟				
.....				
.....				
.....				

مالحظة ضوعالمة ( ) ألم كللقة أو بنهفي لمبع الاليلتنللمبع رأيك أو اتجاهك

الوافقبشدة	الوافق	محيي	الوافق	لوق بشدة
1	2	3	4	5





لمحور لربط عمل الصعوبات التي تواجهه لم يخدم في طيات تخلف الوسائل وتطبيقها في الامتحان.

ت	العبارة	لدرجة / مستوى				
		5	4	3	2	1
1.	تتوفر المواد لطلبة بنيت احال ويرولة والبرامج على علم في المادة داخل المدرسة					
2.	صيرل التقي التل على في الوجود داخل المدرسة بصورة دورية					
3.	توفر خطة عمل سنوية للموسم على التل في خال الفصل الدراسي					
4.	توفر لدورات التل في والتدريبات عبر فام في أهم التل في التل في الوجود ولغيره استخامها					
5.	توفر فيزياء ختم الوسم على في المدرسة					
6.	الغرف الصوية مجهزة في الوجود التل على في الوجود من كيميائية وشاشات عرض وغيرها					
7.	توفر لطلبة التل على في الوجود في المدرسة					
8.	لقام الال باف في الوجود استخام الوسم على في					
9.	قدرة الوجود على استخام التل على في					
10.	وقت الوجود في استخام التل على في الوجود					
11.	توفر لطلبة الوجود التل على في داخل المدرسة					
12.	توفر في التل على في المدرسة بطريقة مناسبة					
13.	توفر جدول زمني لطلبة التل على في					
14.	معرفة الوجود التل على في الوجود داخل المدرسة					
15.	توفر التل على في عن لاجذب والتشويق					
16.	توفر الوجود التل على في الوجود عن التل على في من استخام التل على في					
17.	توفر التل على في التل على في الموضوعات في ه في الخ لالان					
18.	توفر عدد التل على في داخل المدرسة مع عدد الال في في الوجود					



6 حسب رطيك اي م هار اتلغ لمان جليزي قتعء الهم: التحدث والستماع الى قراءة والتتبعه؟)

7لو طلب منك أن إجراء تعديلي في تدري سللغ، م في شأن متغير؟

8. م ا هيا المشكالت يتواج هون هتي عل طالغ لمان جليزي؟

9. اي فستنظرون إلى ألتش طلقت يتو دوفالي فصول الدراسي ة يلق انزالغ؟

10 لهي جل بم عل طالغ لمان جليزي ة اي قورينة علي بي ق لصف؟



## Appendix G: Regression Analysis

**Model Summary**

Model	R	R Square	Adjusted R Square	Std. Error of the Estimate
1	.137 <sup>a</sup>	.019	-.010	.24781

a. Predictors: (Constant), experie, qualif, gender

**ANOVA<sup>b</sup>**

Model		Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
1	Regression	.119	3	.040	.645	.588 <sup>a</sup>
	Residual	6.202	101	.061		
	Total	6.321	104			

a. Predictors: (Constant), experie, qualif, gender

b. Dependent Variable: Use

**Coefficients<sup>a</sup>**

Model		Unstandardized Coefficients		Standardized Coefficients	t	Sig.
		B	Std. Error	Beta		
1	(Constant)	2.363	.173		13.645	.000
	gender	-.038	.052	-.076	-.745	.458
	qualif	-.001	.033	-.002	-.021	.983
	experie	.040	.039	.104	1.035	.303

a. Dependent Variable: Use

## Appendix H: One Sample T-Test (USE)

**One-Sample Statistics**

	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error Mean
Use	105	2.4060	.24654	.02406

**One-Sample Test**

	Test Value = 3					
	t	df	Sig. (2-tailed)	Mean Difference	95% Confidence Interval of the Difference	
					Lower	Upper
Use	-24.691	104	.000	-.59405	-.6418	-.5463



**UUM**  
Universiti Utara Malaysia

## Appendix I: One Sample T-Test (CHALLENGE)

### One-Sample Statistics

	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error Mean
challenge	105	3.1222	.52289	.05103

### One-Sample Test

	Test Value = 3					
	t	df	Sig. (2-tailed)	Mean Difference	95% Confidence Interval of the Difference	
					Lower	Upper
challenge	2.395	104	.018	.12222	.0210	.2234



## Appendix J: Independent Sample T-Test (Gender and Use)

**Group Statistics**

gender		N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error Mean
Use	1	40	2.4344	.21741	.03438
	2	65	2.3885	.26297	.03262

**Independent Samples Test**

		Levene's Test for Equality of Variances		t-test for Equality of Means						
		F	Sig.	t	df	Sig. (2-tailed)	Mean Difference	Std. Error Difference	95% Confidence Interval of the Difference	
									Lower	Upper
Use	Equal variances assumed	1.167	.283	.926	103	.357	.04591	.04958	-.05241	.14424
	Equal variances not assumed			.969	94.273	.335	.04591	.04739	-.04817	.14000



### Appendix K: Independent Sample T-Test (Gender and Challenge)

**Group Statistics**

gender	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error Mean
challenge 1	40	3.1583	.52502	.08301
2	65	3.1000	.52440	.06504

**Independent Samples Test**

		Levene's Test for Equality of Variances		t-test for Equality of Means							
		F	Sig.	t	df	Sig. (2-tailed)	Mean Difference	Std. Error Difference	95% Confidence Interval of the Difference		
										Lower	Upper
challenge	Equal variances assumed	.027	.870	.553	103	.581	.05833	.10543	-.15076	.26743	
	Equal variances not assumed			.553	82.612	.582	.05833	.10546	-.15144	.26811	

## Appendix L: ANOVA (USE)

### ANOVA

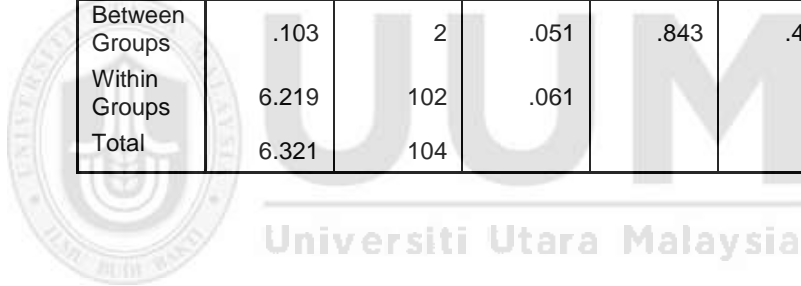
Use

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	.002	2	.001	.019	.981
Within Groups	6.319	102	.062		
Total	6.321	104			

### ANOVA

Use

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	.103	2	.051	.843	.434
Within Groups	6.219	102	.061		
Total	6.321	104			



## Appendix M: ANOVA (CHALLENGE)

### ANOVA

challenge

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	.076	2	.038	.136	.873
Within Groups	28.359	102	.278		
Total	28.435	104			

### ANOVA

challenge

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	.519	2	.260	.949	.391
Within Groups	27.915	102	.274		
Total	28.435	104			



Appendix O: Approval Letter From Amman Education Directorate to Conduct The Study in The Jordanian Private Schools.

  
 وزارة التربية والتعليم العالي  
 مديرية التربية والتعليم للواء قصبة عمان

مديرى ومديرات المدارس الخاصة

الرقم  
 التاريخ  
 الموافق

٦٥٤٥  
 ١٢  
 ٥  
 ٥١٤٦٦٧١٨  
 ٢٠١٥/٤/١٥

تم المرفق  
 مع المرفق

الموضوع / البحث التربوي

السلام عليكم ورحمة الله وبركاته

إشارة لكتاب معالي وزير التربية والتعليم رقم ١٦١٦٤/١٠/٣ تاريخ ٢٠١٥/٤/١ م.

تقوم الطالبة ريم زيد خلف بإجراء دراسة عنوانها:

"التحديات التي تواجه مستخدمي التكنيات التكنولوجية التربوية في تعلم وتعليم اللغة الانجليزية في المدارس الخاصة في الأردن: دراسة حالة من وجهة نظر المشرفين التربويين"

وذلك استكمالاً لمتطلبات الحصول على درجة الكتوراة تخصص فلسفة التربية من جامعة أوتار ماليزيا الأمر الذي يحتاج إلى توزيع استبانة على عينة من مشرفي اللغة الانجليزية وإجراء مقابلات مع عينة من مديري المدارس ومديراتها ومعلمي اللغة الانجليزية والطلبة وأولياء أمورهم.

أملاً لتسهيل مهمة الطالبة المذكورة وتقديم المساعدة الممكنة لها، على أن يتم مطابقة الاستبانة المرفقة مع الاستبانة المطبقة.

و تفضلوا بقبول الاحترام

مدير التربية والتعليم

د. رشيد بنات  
 مدير الشؤون التعليمية والفنية

- نسخة : مدير الشؤون التعليمية والفنية .

- نسخة : ر.ق التدريب والتأهيل والإشراف التربوي .

- نسخة : عضو قسم الإشراف .

المرفقات: الاستبانة ٤ صفحات

ص.ب: (٩٥٧٩ اللويذة)

فلكس : (٠٦-٥٦٩٩٥٨٠)

تلفون : (٠٦-٥٦٩٩١٨١ - ٦)



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للسلكة الأردنية الهاشمية

هاتف: ٥٦٠٧١٨١ - ٦٦٦٠١٩ فاكس: ٥٦٦٦٠١٩ ص.ب: ١٦٤٦ عمان ١١١٨٨ الأردن، الموقع الإلكتروني: www.moe.gov.jo

