

GFC-206 – FUEL GAS PIPE WELDING I

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OVERVIEW

- INTRODUCTION API 1104
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WHAT IS API 1104?

- American Petroleum Institute
- This standard covers the gas and arc welding of butt, fillet, and socket welds in carbon and low-alloy steel piping used in the compression, pumping, and transmission of crude petroleum, petroleum products, fuel gases, carbon dioxide, nitrogen, and where applicable, covers welding on distribution systems. It applies to both new construction and in-service welding.



WELDING EQUIPMENT AND MATERIAL

Welding equipment, both gas and arc, shall be of a size and type suitable for the work and shall be maintained in a condition that ensures acceptable welds, continuity of operation, and safety of personnel. Arc welding equipment shall be operated within the amperage and voltage ranges given in the qualified welding procedure specification. Gas welding equipment shall be operated with the flame characteristics and tip sizes given in the qualified welding welding procedure specification. Equipment that does not meet these requirements shall be repaired or replaced.

What determines the tip size for gas welding equipment?



WELDING EQUIPMENT AND MATERIAL

4.2 Materials

4.2.1 Pipe and Piping Components

This standard applies to the welding of pipe and piping components that conform to material and product specifications including, but not limited to:

- a) API specifications,
- b) ASME International specifications,
- c) ASTM International specifications,
- d) Manufacturers Standardization Society (MSS) specifications,
- e) American National Standards Institute (ANSI) specifications.

This standard also applies to materials with chemical and mechanical properties that comply with one of the specifications listed in Items a) through e) above, even though the material is not manufactured in accordance with the specification.



WELDING EQUIPMENT AND MATERIAL

4.2.2 Filler Metals and Fluxes

4.2.2.1 Types

All filler metals and fluxes shall conform to one of the following, except as provided below:

- a) AWS A5.1,
- b) AWS A5.2,
- c) AWS A5.5,
- d) AWS A5.17,
- e) AWS A5.18,
- f) AWS A5.20,
- g) AWS A5.23,
- h) AWS A5.28,
- i) AWS A5.29.

Filler metals and fluxes that do not conform to the specifications above may be used provided the welding procedure specifications involving their use are qualified.



WELDING EQUIPMENT AND MATERIAL

 Filler metals and fluxes shall be stored and handled to avoid damage to them and to the containers in which they are shipped.
Filler metals and fluxes in opened containers shall be protected from deterioration, and filler metals that are coated shall be protected from excessive changes in moisture. Filler metals and fluxes that show signs of damage or deterioration shall not be used.





Schematic flux cored arc welding process.



WELDING EQUIPMENT AND MATERIAL

• Shielding gases shall be kept in the containers in which they are supplied, and the containers shall be stored away from extremes of temperature. Gases shall not be **field intermixed** in their containers. Gases of questionable purity and those in containers that show signs of damage shall not be used.







WELDING PROCEDURE

- Developing a welding procedure specification (WPS).
- Establishing a procedure qualification record (PQR) by identifying the essential variables of that WPS.
- Implementing welder testing to verify that the welders are capable of performing the procedure.
- API 1104 Section 5.1 also requires destructive testing to determine the quality of the welds, unless the company specifically authorizes a different method.
- API 1104 Section 5.2 requires the company to record the complete details of each qualified procedure, and to keep that record as long as the procedure is in use. The section provides sample forms for this purpose. Figure 1 is a sample WPS. Figure 2 is a sample that can be used as a PQR, a WQTR, or both.



WELDING PROCEDURE

WELDING PROCEDURE SPECIFICATION NUMBER

For	Welding	of		Pipe and fittings
Process	\$\$			
Material				
Pipe outside diameter and wall thicknes	s			
Joint design				
Filler metal and number of beads				
Electrical or flame characteristics				
Position				
Direction of welding				
Number of welders				
Time lance between nasses				
Type and removal of lineup clamp				
Cleaning and/or grinding				
Dreheat/postweld heat treatment				
Shielding gas and flow rate				
Shielding flux				
Shielding hux	Dies	ma ana flow rate		
Disemo das composition	Fida	sina gas now rate		
Plasma gas composition				
Plasma gas onfice size				
Sketches and tabulations attached				
Tested				
Welder				
Approved				
Welding supervisor				
Adopted		_		
Chief engineer				
			- 1/16 in. (1.6 mm)	
	×		-1/32 in to 1/16 in	(0.8 mm to 1.6 mm)
			102 111 10 710 1	
			<u>'</u>	
			777	
	÷ {//////		NN I	
1		/// <i>//////////////////////////////////</i>	1115	
1	<u> </u>	224/11111111111111111111111111111111111	<u></u>	
A		' ≜		
Approxima	ately 1/16 in. (1.6 mm) -		1/16 in. ± 1/32 in. (1.6	mm ± 0.8 mm)
	Standar	d V bevel Butt Joint		
		5	Approx	kimately 1/8 in.
		4 2011	(3 mm)
		A 3 AMM	11172	
	. 4//////	A 2 AMM		
1	<u> </u>		7774 T	
	Sea	uence of Beads		
NOTE Dimensions are for evan	nle only			
	ipio only.			
	ELECTRODE	E SIZE AND NUMBE	R OF BEADS	
	Electrode		Amperage	
	Size and		and	
Bead Number	Type	Voltage	Polarity	Speed
	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			

Figure 1—Sample Welding Procedure Specification Form



WELDING PROCEDURE



NOTE Dimensions are for example only.

ELECTRODE SIZE AND NUMBER OF BEADS

Bead Number	Electrode Size and Type	Voltage	Amperage and Polarity	Speed

Figure 1—Sample Welding Procedure Specification Form



WELDING PROCEDURE

Date			Test No.				
Location							
State			Weld Po	sition:	Roll 🗆		Fixed
Welder			Mark				
Welding time			Time of	day			
Mean temperature			Wind break used				
Weather conditions							
Voltage			Amperag	ge			
Welding machine type			Welding	machine size			
Filler metal							
Reinforcement size							
Pipe type and grade							
Wall thickness			Outside	diameter			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Coupon stenciled							
Driginal specimen dimensions							
Driginal specimen area							
Aaximum load							
ensile strength							
Fracture location							
		ualifying test			Qualified		
U Welder		ine test			Disqualified		
Maximum tensile Remarks on tensile strength tests 1.	Mir	nimum tensile			Average te	ensile	
2.							
3							
4							
Remarks on bend tests							
n							
2							
t. Demarke on nick break tests							
1							
2							
-							
2							
3 4							
3 4 lest made at		D	ate				

Figure 2—Sample Coupon Test Report



WELDING PROCEDURE

 Filler metals and fluxes shall be stored and handled to avoid damage to them and to the containers in which they are shipped.
Filler metals and fluxes in opened containers shall be protected from deterioration, and filler metals that are coated shall be protected from excessive changes in moisture. Filler metals and fluxes that show signs of damage or deterioration shall not be used.



API 1104 ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

Defect Type	Acceptance Limits	Remarks
Misalignment	Not Exceeds 3.0 mm	7.2



Acceptance Limit : Not Exceed 3 mm , Refer : 7.2 of API 1104



Defect Type	Acceptance Limits	Remarks
Incomplete Penetration Without HI-LO (IP)	Individual IP not exceeds 25 mm Aggregate IP not exceeds 25 mm in 30 cm weld length	9.3.1.a 9.3.1.b

INCOMPLETE PENETRATION without HI-LO



Incomplete Penetration

Acceptance Limit: Individual IP not exceeds 25 mm –Refer 9.3.1 a Aggregate IP not exceeds 25 mm in 30.00 cm weld length –Refer 9.3.1 b



Imperfection Type	Acceptance Limits	Remarks
Incomplete	Individual IP not exceeds 50 mm	9.3.2.a
Penetration With HI-LO (IP)	Aggregate IP not exceeds 75 mm in 30 cm weld length	9.3.2.b

INCOMPLETE PENETRATION with HI-LO



Inadequate Penetration Due to High-Low



Acceptance Limit : Individual IP not exceeds 50 mm –Refer 9.3.2 a Aggregate IP not exceeds 75 mm in 30.00 cm weld length-Refer 9.3.2 b



Imperfection Type	Acceptance Limits	Remarks
Incomplete Fusion (IF)	Individual IF not exceeds 25 mm Aggregate IF not exceeds 25 mm in 30 cm weld length	9.3.4.a 9.3.4.b

INCOMPLETE FUSION



Incomplete Fusion

Acceptance Limit: Individual IF not exceeds 25 mm –Refer 9.3.4 a Aggregate IF not exceeds 25 mm in 30.00 cm weld length –Refer 9.3.4 b



Imperfection Type	Acceptance Limits	Remarks
	Individual CL not exceeds 50 mm	9.3.5.a
Cold Lap (CL)	Aggregate CL not exceeds 50 mm in 30 cm weld length	9.3.5.b

COLD LAP / OVERLAP



Acceptance Limit : Individual CL not exceeds 50 mm –Refer 9.3.5 a Aggregate CL not exceeds 50 mm in 30.00 cm weld length -Refer 9.3.5 b



Imperfection Type	Acceptance Limits	Remarks
Internal Concavity (IC)	The density of the concave area shall not exceed the density of the adjacent of the base metal . And if the density is more the burn through acceptance limits should be applied.	9.3.6

INRERNAL CONCAVITY





Imperfection Type	Acceptance Limits	Remarks
Decure Thereas als	Individual BT not exceeds 6 mm	9.3.7.a
Burn Through (BT)	Aggregate BT not exceeds 13 mm in	9.3.7.b
()	30 cm in weld length	9.3.7.c

BURN THROUGH



Acceptance Limit : Individual BT not exceeds 6 mm Aggregate BT not exceeds 13 mm in 30.00 cm in weld length

Refer -9.3.7 a, 9.37 b & 9.37 c



Imperfection Type	Acceptance Limits	Remarks
Slag Inclusion (SI)	Individual elongated SI shall not exceed 50 mm in length and 1.6 mm in width. Aggregate elongated SI shall not exceed 50 mm in length in 30 cm weld length.	9.3.8.a 9.3.8.b 9.3.8.c 9.3.8.d





Imperfection Type	Acceptance Limits	Remarks
Porosity (P)	Individual pore size shall not exceed 3 mm Cluster porosity longest diameter shall not exceed 13 mm. Aggregate cluster porosity length shall not exceed 13 mm in 30 cm weld length.	9.3.9

POROSITY





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API 1104 ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

Imperfection Type	Acceptance Limits	Remarks
Hollow Bead (HB)	Individual HB shall not exceeds 13 mm length. Aggregate HB shall not exceeds 50 mm in 30 cm in weld length.	9.3.9.4

HOLLOW BEAD / Elongated Linear Porosity





Imperfection Type	Acceptance Limits	Remarks
Cracks	Only star cracks and crater cracks are permitted with length shall not exceed 4 mm.	9.3.10







Imperfection Type	Acceptance Limits	Remarks
Undercut (UC)	Undercut length shall not exceed 50 mm in 30 cm weld length.	9.3.11

UNDERCUT





HOW ABOUT WELDING TESTING?

• This standard also covers the procedures for radiographic, magnetic particle, liquid penetrant, and ultrasonic testing, as well as the acceptance standards to be applied to production welds tested to destruction or inspected by radiographic, magnetic particle, liquid penetrant, ultrasonic, and visual testing methods.



NON-DESTRUCTIVE TEST - RADIOGRAPHIC





NON-DESTRUCTIVE TEST – MAGNETIC PARTICLE





NON-DESTRUCTIVE TEST – LIQUID PENETRANT





NON-DESTRUCTIVE TEST – ULTRASONIC





THANK YOU