Throughput Improvement of RIPEMD-160 Design using Unfolding Transformation **Technique**

Shamsiah binti Suhaili¹, Takahiro Watanabe², Norhuzaimin Julai¹

¹Faculty of Engineering, Universiti Malaysia Sarawak, 94300 Kota Samarahan, Sarawak, Malaysia,

² Graduate School of Information, Production and Systems, Waseda University, 2-7 Hibikino, Wakamatsu-ku, Fukuoka 808-

0135, Japan

¹sushamsiah@unimas.my, ²watt@waseda.jp, ¹jnorhuza@unimas.my

Abstract: RIPEMD-160 hash functions are widely used in many applications of cryptography such as

digital signature, Hash Message Authentication Code (HMAC) and other data security application. There

are three proposed RIPEMD-160 design namely RIPEMD-160 iterative design, RIPEMD-160 unfolding

with factor two and RIPEMD-160 unfolding design with factor four. These techniques were applied to

RIPEMD-160 designs to examine the inner structure of RIPEMD-160 in terms of area, maximum

frequency and throughput of the design. In this project, RIPEMD-160 hash function using unfolding

transformation technique with factor four provided high throughput implementation. The throughput of

the RIPEMD-160 unfolding design increase significantly. The objective of this project is to enhance the

performance of RIPEMD-160 in terms of throughput. By using unfolding transformation factor four

technique, the throughput of RIPEMD-160 can be improved which is about 1753.50 Mbps. The percentage

of performance to area ratio of RIPEMD-160 unfolding with factor four designs increase 1.51% if

compared with RIPEMD-160 design. The results show performance of proposed designs give the highest

value compare with other designs. The simulation results were obtained from ModelSim Altera-Quartus

II to verify the correctness of the RIPEMD-160 designs in terms of functional and timing simulations.

Keywords: FPGA, Hash Function, RIPEMD-160, Throughput, Unfolding

1. Introduction

There are different types of hash functions such as SHA-1, MD5, RIPEMD-160, SHA-2 and

others [1]. Hash function is important for some security application such as Hash Message

Authentication Codes (HMAC), digital signature and others. The RIPEMD-160 hash function can also

be used in the implementation of cryptocurrency. Cryptocurrency is a digital currency that transfers

the coin in blockchain where each block consists of hash of the previous block. Therefore, RIPEMD-