

## **Aalborg Universitet**

# **Learning from Corona**

Community and social infrastructure in Danish housing areas Stender, Marie; Nordberg, Lene Wiell

Publication date: 2021

Document Version Accepted author manuscript, peer reviewed version

Link to publication from Aalborg University

Citation for published version (APA): Stender, M., & Nordberg, L. W. (2021). Learning from Corona: Community and social infrastructure in Danish housing areas. Abstract from RGS-IBG Annual Conference 2021.

### General rights

Copyright and moral rights for the publications made accessible in the public portal are retained by the authors and/or other copyright owners and it is a condition of accessing publications that users recognise and abide by the legal requirements associated with these rights.

- Users may download and print one copy of any publication from the public portal for the purpose of private study or research.
- You may not further distribute the material or use it for any profit-making activity or commercial gain
   You may freely distribute the URL identifying the publication in the public portal -

If you believe that this document breaches copyright please contact us at vbn@aub.aau.dk providing details, and we will remove access to the work immediately and investigate your claim.

## Learning from Corona – Density, community and social infrastructure in Danish housing areas

Marie Stender, Anthropologist, Senior researcher, Department of the Built Environment, Aalborg University

Lene Wiell Nordberg, Architect, Researcher, Department of the Built Environment, Aalborg University

The postwar housing areas originally epitomized the dawn of the welfare state with modern housing blocks organized as enclaves surrounded by open green spaces, promoting ideals like hygiene, light, fresh air, equity and community. Often, these postwar housing areas were developed on open fields and the planning of social infrastructure became an important part of stimulating the sense of community. Social infrastructure and common facilities served as physical frames for organized social activities. Some of these areas have today become disadvantaged neighbourhoods and in Denmark many of them are currently regenerated in an attempt to increase their density, urban infrastructure as well as the social and functional mix. The current corona-pandemic has however revealed critical aspects of how population density, community and social infrastructure interact in such housing areas. Dense neighborhoods and shared spaces have thus proven to entail danger of contamination, and most places tenants' houses and common facilities were temporarily closed and all organized social activities canceled. Yet, the Corona pandemic also activated communities in new ways and rendered visible more informal and ad hoc social infrastructure with new channels of communication, practical help among neighbors, and community singing from balconies. Based on recent architectural-anthropological field studies in Danish housing areas, this paper localizes social infrastructure in a time of corona, and discusses what general lessons regarding density and community can be learned from the pandemic's period of emergency.