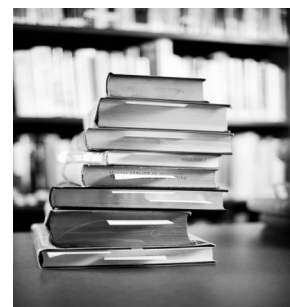




Standards for Proficiencies for Instruction Librarians and Coordinators: A Practical Guide



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A Practical Guide**

Association of College and Research Libraries
A division of the American Library Association

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Standards for Proficiencies for Instruction Librarians and Coordinators

Introduction

As the role of instruction and information literacy continues to grow in the academic library, librarians are faced with a need to develop a more focused set of skills to teach effectively in library instruction programs. At the same time, many libraries struggle to offer meaningful training and professional development to improve instruction, especially without a set of established standards for what makes a good instructor. This document is intended to help instruction librarians define and gain the skills needed to be excellent teachers in library instruction programs and to foster collaboration necessary to create and improve information literacy programs.

In many academic libraries, instruction librarians also serve as coordinators of instructional services and as instructional leaders in their organization. In addition to proficiencies needed for librarians with teaching responsibilities are the skills required for instruction coordinators to manage programs. They also must operate effectively at all levels of the academic organization in order to implement broad-reaching, curriculum-integrated information literacy programs.

Background

The ACRL Instruction Section (IS) Proficiencies for Instruction Librarians Task Force was formed in December 2004 and given the charge:

To develop a list of proficiencies required of instruction librarians and other librarians who contribute to instructional services and programs at their institutions, focusing on broad areas of proficiency rather than a comprehensive list of skills; consider similar documents such as RUSA's "Professional Competencies for Reference and User Services Librarians"; outline an approach to assist individuals and organizations in selecting the proficiencies most appropriate for their environment; design the document in a manner that would lend itself to publication as an ACRL standard or guideline; and provide the IS Executive Committee with a final document and recommendations for dissemination prior to the 2005 Annual Conference.

The Proficiencies for Instruction Librarians Task Force was designated as a virtual task force, and all of its work was conducted using online communication technologies. The task force started its work based on the results reported in the 1999 final report from the ACRL IS Skill Areas for Instruction Librarians Task Force.

After reviewing the literature (the resources consulted may be viewed in the online version of this document at www.ala.org/ala/mgrps/divs/acrl/standards/profstandards.cfm), the Proficiencies for Instruction Librarians Task Force identified broad categories and then specific proficiencies that comprise an instruction librarian's areas of responsibility. While some institutions have designated instruction librarians, the task force defined the proficiencies to be appropriate for any librarian with instruction responsibilities. Since the size of institution may affect the scope of librarians' instruction responsibilities, proficiencies are included that are applicable to librarians in all types of academic environments. Proficiencies in this document received approval from a majority of the task force members. The task force solicited comments from the instruction community through electronic discussion groups and the IS Web site, and revised this document based on the feedback received.

Application of Proficiencies in Academic Libraries

The "Standards for Proficiencies for Instruction Librarians and Coordinators" allows academic libraries to begin with a common definition for the scope of responsibilities for instruction librarians and coordinators of instruction programs. At a basic level, they can be used as standards to create professional development opportunities for librarians with teaching responsibilities in order to improve or expand their skills. They can also be used by administrators and coordinators of instructional services to clearly define the responsibilities of these positions.

For this document, the term *instruction librarian* refers to any librarian with instruction responsibilities. However, some academic libraries have nonlibrarian professional staff who provide instructional services. These organizations may need to evaluate whether some or all of the proficiencies are appropriate for all staff who teach. In libraries where the organizational structure is team-based, the role of the instruction coordinator may be shared by multiple team members. In these situations, the instruction team should use the coordinator proficiencies to allocate areas of responsibility for managing programs and leading initiatives.

Whether identifying responsibilities of librarians who teach or coordinators who manage programs, each organization must decide to implement the proficiencies in a manner best suited for its own institution. These proficiencies are designed to fit a wide range of environments. However, emphasizing some criteria over others may be appropriate for individual libraries. The decision to emphasize criteria should be made after assessing the library instruction and information literacy needs of the institution and the current state of the instruction program. Before implementing these proficiencies, the entire library instruction staff should be consulted and given an opportunity to provide input. Rather than serving as inflexible criteria for evaluating instruction librarians and coordinators, these proficiencies will assist the librarians to improve instruction and programs. For example, they could be used to guide peer evaluations in order to provide librarians with constructive feedback. Or librarians could decide to assess their proficiency in one or more categories over multiple classes in a semester.

In conjunction with other ACRL documents, including the ACRL "Information Literacy Competency Standards for Higher Education" and the ACRL Instruction Section's "Guidelines for Instruction Programs in Academic Libraries," the "Standards for Proficiencies for Instruction Librarians and Coordinators" should be a basis for broader library discussions regarding the staffing and skills necessary to create library instruction and information literacy programs that meet curricular demands.

Organization of the Proficiencies

The proficiencies are organized alphabetically into the following 12 categories:

1. Administrative skills
2. Assessment and evaluation skills
3. Communication skills
4. Curriculum knowledge
5. Information literacy integration skills
6. Instructional design skills
7. Leadership skills
8. Planning skills
9. Presentation skills
10. Promotion skills
11. Subject expertise
12. Teaching skills

Each category contains core skills for instruction librarians and many categories contain additional skills for instruction coordinators. The standards define 41 core proficiencies for instruction librarians and 28 additional proficiencies for instruction coordinators.

Proficiencies for Instruction Librarians

1. Administrative skills

The effective instruction librarian:

- 1.1. Communicates own instruction activities and goals with the instruction coordinator on a regular basis to ensure alignment with desired learning outcomes and goals and objectives of the overall instruction program.

1.2. Works well in a team environment and provides team with knowledge, skill, and time to improve instructional services.

1.3. Maintains and regularly reports accurate statistics and other records reflecting own instruction activities.

The effective coordinator of instruction:

1.4. Ensures that all library instructors are aware of the desired learning outcomes and goals and objectives of the overall instruction program.

1.5. Recognizes and uses the skills of other librarians and teaching staff, assigns classes and related tasks, when relevant, to those best suited for the objectives of the class.

1.6. Represents the instructional program in the strategic planning process.

1.7. Documents the activities, effectiveness, and needs of the instruction program through statistical analysis, formal reports, presentations, and data analysis.

1.8. Helps create teaching environments that support the needs of the instruction program.

2. Assessment and evaluation skills

The effective instruction librarian:

2.1. Designs effective assessments of student learning and uses the data collected to guide personal teaching and professional development.

The effective coordinator of instruction:

2.2. Develops and implements iterative peer instructor assessment models in order to provide constructive feedback to librarians on teaching effectiveness. Stresses commitment to improving teaching, rather than exclusively evaluating job performance.

2.3. Assists librarians to develop programmatic assessment models that measure the incremental development of information literacy skills throughout a student's matriculation.

2.4. Identifies and analyzes factors that measure the impact of library instruction programs on library services, campus programs, academic departments, and student learning.

2.5. Identifies national, regional, state, local, and institution assessment and evaluation efforts and works with instruction librarians to connect them with the library's instructional efforts.

3. Communication skills

The effective instruction librarian:

- 3.1. Maintains awareness of communication needs of different learning styles, and adjusts own communication style and methods accordingly.
- 3.2. Leads or facilitates discussion of controversial or unexpected issues in a skillful, nonjudgmental manner that helps students to learn.
- 3.3. Uses common communication technologies to provide assistance to students in and outside the classroom.
- 3.4. Requests feedback from peers on instruction-related communication skills and uses it for self improvement.

4. Curriculum knowledge

The effective instruction librarian:

- 4.1. Analyzes the curriculum in assigned subject area(s) to identify courses and programs appropriate for instruction.
- 4.2. Keeps aware of student assignments and the role of the library in completing these assignments.

The effective coordinator of instruction:

- 4.3. Identifies and communicates regularly with those responsible for curriculum decisions at the institution, college, or department level.

5. Information literacy integration skills

The effective instruction librarian:

- 5.1. Describes the role of information literacy in academia and the patrons, programs, and departments they serve.
- 5.2. Collaborates with classroom faculty to integrate appropriate information literacy competencies, concepts, and skills into library instruction sessions, assignments, and course content.
- 5.3. Communicates with classroom faculty and administrators to collaboratively plan and implement the incremental integration of information literacy competencies and concepts within a subject discipline curriculum.

The effective coordinator of instruction:

- 5.4. Investigates aligning information literacy standards with the institution's program review, departmental learning objectives, and/or accreditation standards.

5.5. Collaborates with institution-wide faculty development programs to support ongoing faculty training.

5.6. Encourages, guides, and supports instruction librarians to collaborate with classroom faculty and administrators in the development of increased focus on information literacy whether at the course, program, department, or campus-wide level.

6. Instructional design skills

The effective instruction librarian:

6.1. Collaborates with classroom faculty by defining expectations and desired learning outcomes in order to determine appropriate information literacy proficiencies and resources to be introduced in library instruction.

6.2. Sequences information in a lesson plan to guide the instruction session, course, workshop, or other instructional material.

6.3. Creates learner-centered course content and incorporates activities directly tied to learning outcomes.

6.4. Assists learners to assess their own information needs, differentiate among sources of information, and help them to develop skills to effectively identify, locate, and evaluate sources.

6.5. Scales presentation content to the amount of time and space available.

6.6. Designs instruction to best meet the common learning characteristics of learners, including prior knowledge and experience, motivation to learn, cognitive abilities, and circumstances under which they will be learning.

6.7. Integrates appropriate technology into instruction to support experiential and collaborative learning as well as to improve student receptiveness, comprehension, and retention of information.

The effective coordinator of instruction:

6.8. Identifies, encourages, and supports training opportunities for librarians in instructional design and incorporating technology to support pedagogy.

7. Leadership skills

The effective instruction librarian:

7.1. Demonstrates initiative by actively seeking out instruction opportunities or instruction committee work within the library, at the institution, and in regional or national organizations.

7.2. Encourages librarians and classroom faculty to participate in discus-

sions, ask questions, and share ideas regarding instruction.

The effective coordinator of instruction:

7.3. Mentors librarians and provides constructive feedback to improve instruction.

7.4. Works effectively with the head of the library and other supervisors to promote and develop library instruction on campus.

7.5. Seeks leadership roles within the library and institution that promote library instruction initiatives.

7.6. Advocates for improving instructional services through support for training or improving skills of instruction librarians, better facilities, increased emphasis on library instruction by library administration, and dedication of resources to these areas.

8. Planning skills

The effective instruction librarian:

8.1. Plans presentation content and delivery in advance, and manages preparation time for instruction.

The effective coordinator of instruction:

8.2. Seeks potential partners to create new instruction opportunities.

8.3. Anticipates growth and change when planning instructional services, and adapts plans to these changes.

8.4. Links instructional services to the mission of the institution and other campus planning documents and relevant off-campus documents (e.g., national standards, key publications, and reports).

8.5. Leads instructional staff in creating short- and long-term goals and objectives in order to continuously develop and improve instruction programs.

9. Presentation skills

The effective instruction librarian:

9.1. Makes the best possible use of voice, eye contact, and gestures to keep class lively and students engaged.

9.2. Presents instructional content in diverse ways (written, oral, visual, online, or using presentation software), and selects appropriate delivery methods according to class needs.

9.3. Uses classroom instructional technologies and makes smooth transitions

between technological tools.

9.4. Seeks to clarify confusing terminology, avoids excessive jargon, and uses vocabulary appropriate for level of students.

9.5. Practices or refines instruction content as necessary in order to achieve familiarity and confidence with planned presentation.

The effective coordinator of instruction:

9.6. Encourages librarians to experiment and take risks, to try new approaches and technologies, and to share experiences and materials.

10. Promotion skills

The effective instruction librarian:

10.1. Promotes library instruction opportunities and services to new faculty, underserved departments and programs, and elsewhere on campus, as relevant to instruction responsibilities and subject areas served.

10.2. Establishes and maintains a working relationship with assigned academic departments and programs in order to incorporate library instruction into the curriculum and other educational initiatives.

10.3. Represents the library and the instruction program in an effective and positive manner at local, regional, and national meetings and conferences.

The effective coordinator of instruction:

10.4. Identifies relevant existing events, lobbies to be included in those events, and creates new special events promoting the library instruction program.

10.5. Collaborates with graphic designers and Web editors to create effective promotional materials for the print and Web environments.

10.6. Establishes and maintains a working relationship with various campus-wide publications in order to promote the library and the instruction program.

10.7. Identifies and creates training opportunities for librarians in marketing and outreach basics to enable more effective collaboration with classroom faculty.

11. Subject expertise

The effective instruction librarian:

11.1. Keeps current with basic precepts, theories, methodologies, and topics in assigned and related subject areas and incorporates those ideas, as relevant, when planning instruction.

11.2. Identifies core primary and secondary sources within a subject area or related disciplines and promotes the use of those resources through instruction.

11.3. Uses the vocabulary for the subject and related disciplines in the classroom and when working with departmental faculty and students.

12. Teaching skills

The effective instruction librarian:

12.1. Creates a learner-centered teaching environment by using active, collaborative, and other appropriate learning activities.

12.2. Modifies teaching methods and delivery to address different learning styles, language abilities, developmental skills, age groups, and the diverse needs of student learners.

12.3. Participates in constructive student-teacher exchanges by encouraging students to ask and answer questions by allowing adequate time, rephrasing questions, and asking probing or engaging questions.

12.4. Modifies teaching methods to match the class style and setting.

12.5. Encourages teaching faculty during the class to participate in discussions, to link library instruction content to course content, and to answer student questions.

12.6. Reflects on practice in order to improve teaching skills and acquires new knowledge of teaching methods and learning theories.

12.7. Shares teaching skills and knowledge with other instructional staff.

Recommended Readings

This bibliography contains a selective list of resources intended to serve as a starting point for librarians seeking to improve their instructional skills and beginning to implement the proficiencies at their own institutions. Compiled by the Instruction Section Management and Leadership Committee 2008-2009, these resources were selected for their practical emphasis. Additional information may be found through searches of the library literature and Web sites published by the Association of College and Research Libraries (ACRL), more specifically, the Instruction Section (IS) of ACRL and the Library Instruction Round Table (LIRT).

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Standards for Proficiencies for Instruction Librarians and Coordinators, including the list of resources consulted by the task force, is available at:

www.ala.org/ala/mgrps/divs/acrl/standards/profstandards.cfm

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