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6-17-2016

Metrics, Software Engineering, Small Systems – the Future of Systems Development

William L. Honig

Loyola University Chicago, whonig@luc.edu

Recommended Citation

Honig, William L.. Metrics, Software Engineering, Small Systems – the Future of Systems Development. , , : , 2016. Retrieved from Loyola eCommons, Computer Science: Faculty Publications and Other Works,

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Research Presentation 17 June 2016

Metrics, Software Engineering, Small Systems the Future of Systems Development

William L. Honig, Ph.D.

Associate Professor Department of Computer Science Loyola University Chicago Visiting Researcher, Keio University Tokyo, Japan

whonig@luc.edu

Metrics, Software **Engineering, Small** Systems the Future of **Systems** Development

Outline

- Where I Started = Early Metrics Metrics Today
- What are "Embedded Systems" Where / What Today
- Growing Importance of Small Systems (and their networks)
- Why Good Software Engineering is Essential
- Summary Thoughts

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What I Hope You Will Remember:

- 1. Trend to smaller and smaller computing devices will continue
- 2. Quality, Reliability, Trustworthiness of computer systems will increase in importance
- 3. Metrics, and good software engineering are key to it all

What I want YOU to do!

- 1. Questions are GOOD!
- 2. You can ask anytime.
- 3. It is not BAD to ask questions or make comments

It does not mean "I don't understand"

It does not mean "I am stupid"

4. It is GOOD to ask questions

Shows you are awake

Shows you are interested

Help others understand too!

I am expecting you to ask questions ANY TIME!! whonig@luc.edu

My First Computer





- Instruction Speed: 1 instruction every 2 msec
- QUIZ: What speed processor would this be in today's terms (Ghertz)?

Quiz 1



1 instruction every .002 seconds 1/.002 = 500 instructions a second (assume 1 clock cycle for instruction) Today Mcycles or Gcycles per second 500/10**6

Speed→

.0005 Mhz processor (and I had the whole computer to myself for a few seconds)



Programming Tools









- One punched card per line of program (72 characters)

My First Job – Bell Labs







- Metrics:

 1. Seconds to complete a
- call Number of customers an
- hour Customers who call back
- Computer controlled telephone switching
- Reliability and performance
- EVERYTHING is measured = METRICS
- Metrics can be used for GOOD and BAD

- 1. Where I Started = Early Metrics
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I did not know at this point how important it would be! whonig@luc.edu

What are Metrics?



Measures, Quantitative Values, Numbers

Things you need or want to measure

IEEE Standard Glossary of Software Engineering Terminology Std 610.12 -1990:

Metric. A quantitative measure of the degree to which a system, component, or process possesses a given attribute.



Food Metrics

Things you may want to know before buying a food item





- Example Metrics: 1. Protein per servings
- 2. Salt (NaCl per

What are some typical software development metrics?



SLOC, KSLOC - Source Lines of Code (may distinguish new, reused, changed, ...) Still the best measure of size / how big something is

Person Hours - Actual Time Worked (e.g. on coding, or on Why many developers have to record time worked. whole development project) My first job: time card

Defects - Count of Bugs or Problems Found (tracking where defects are found and where they were caused is key to process improvement)

DEFECT = fancy word for bug

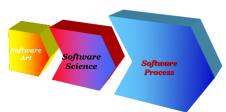
Earned Value - A Measure of Performance to Schedule

> More complex development metrics

AFR - Appraisal to Failure Ratio (comparing time spent preventing bugs to time spent fixing them)

History of System Development

1960 1990



Why bother?

If you don't know where you're going, any road will do!



Questions:

How good is my system (right now)? How good is my software process (right now)? What must I do to improve it? Where do I start?

What am I doing well (and not so well)? Am I on schedule? Is the system high quality

Will it be high quality when finished? The general quality process:

Measure (something(s)) Set Targets, Goals Try to Improve to Meet Goals Do it again (and again...)



The Quality Process and Metrics (two parts of a whole)

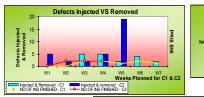
Defined Process; Repeatable Process; Quality Process

- · Known steps, known inputs and outputs, entry and exit criteria
- Cost to remove defects or correct mistakes doubles each step further into the development
- Feedback: defect reporting, cause analysis, corrective action plan

Measurement and Metrics

- · Data gathering for understanding, evaluation, control, prediction. (Data gathering can be expensive)
- · Metrics can be objective or subjective

EMPHASIS ON QUALITY METRICS AND PROCESS METRICS







SSTSPi ProductSummary Team (KingMe), Cycle (3), 4/13/2015

A1: Product Size - Documents (Count New	and Changed)				
Team Goals	pages	1	2	200%	Number of Goals: 7
SRS	pages	7	3	43%	Number of Use Cases: 2
STP	pages	4	11	275%	Number of Test Cases: 43
SDS	pages	1	1	100%	Class Diagram
Inspection form	pages	16	14	88%	
Personal review	pages	16	14	88%	
Other (specify)	pages				
Total	pages	45	45	100%	
A2: Product Size - Software (Count New an	id Changed)				
CheckersGame	LOC	507	940	185%	many reusable methods
CheckersSystem	LOC	229	261	114%	Comments on limits, design issues, e
Color	LOC	4	4	100%	
CurrentBoard	LOC	54	59	109%	
Piece	LOC	29	47	162%	
LocalMultiPlayerActivity	LOC	82	80	98%	
Rank	LOC	4	4	100%	
RemoteMultiPlayerActivity	LOC	306	257	84%	
Square java	LOC	159	256	161%	
SquareView	LOC	84	159	189%	
GameListener	LOC	17	17	100%	
GameState	LOC	6	6	100%	
ViewUpdateListener	LOC	21	21	100%	
BaseKMPPacket	LOC	75	75	100%	
KMPAcknowledgement	LOC	45	46	102%	
KMPChallenge	LOC	100	69	69%	
KMPMove	LOC	100	85	85%	
KMPResponse	LOC	100	94	94%	





Software Engineering Institute (SEI) - the world's premier metrics and process organization



Want to know more? As a real world software engineer, you should...

✓ See more on SEI

http://www.sei.cmu.edu/about/index.cfm

✓ Learn more on quality process https://asq.org/learn-about-quality/total-qualitymanagement/overview/deming-points.html



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I soon realized that this kind of computer work was different!

My First Programming Work (Bell Labs)







- Cross Development
 Develop programs on one computer, run on another
- Time Sharing
 - » many users at once
- Embedded System
- » Computer inside to do things

 "Hands off" or "Lights out" Computing

 » Do not expect or need human's around

My First Keyboard







ormal output: paper tape Could Wire to Computer as Input/Output

IBM Time Sharing System:

Many people used the computer at

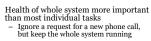
You typed a command and get an

Metrics == Run Time (for reliability and quality)

- · Lights out system, watches itself
 - Part of the software does the "job"
 - Other parts watch for hardware failures
 - Other parts correct software failures
 - Measure (Count and Keep) EVERYTHING
- Count, Measure, Report all Events
- Key goal RELIABILITY
 - five 9's (99.999% availability)







Quiz: How long can a 59's system be down in a week (or in a year)?

Quiz 2



99.999% availability 24 * 365 days = 8760 hour in a year .99999 * 8760 = .0876 hours per year Or 5.26 minutes a year Or 6 seconds a week

Availability >>

This includes: Hardware problems System upgrades Power Failures

Bugs

Also→

Never write code without knowing how long it might take to run



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What a wonderful world it will be....





Small Systems - Wearables

- Personal Area Network or Wearable Area Network
- Things we keep around us and use to do what we do
- Likely to become much smaller than a phone or tablet



· Increased Importance

- Metrics
- Quality
- Reliability

Power?
"Hey, can
you spare a
charge?"

Small Systems



Shrinking Computer parts means small systems

Examples

Toaster

Home appliances

https://juneoven.com/

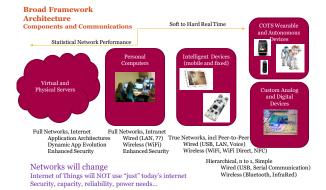
These systems change the kind of software developers need to know

Embedded System

 \rightarrow

- 1. Programs run inside a device.
- 2. Computer may not be seen.
- 3. System is Always
 On
- 4. Expect 5 9's Reliability





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What is needed to make it all work?

Early Anti-Computer Movement









Luddites Destroying Loon

Early reaction to automated ("computer driven") manufacturing ("embedded systems")



Code sheets were calculated by hand by women "computers" Is it bad they lost their jobs? Replaced by machines.

Does Software Engineering Work?



Dr. William L Honig



.of Software Engineering Dr. S. Takada (高田眞吾) Keio University

Many definitions exist, but the core is:

"The study of the development (including maintenance) of software of high quality in a highly productive manner."

「質のよいソフトウェアの効率よい開発、 およびその運用・保守を扱う学問」

Software Process

- Policies, techniques, procedures, etc for developing software
 - Activities such as analysis and design
- Software is normally developed by a <u>team</u>.
 - Not by just one individual.
 - Need to manage the team.
 - → Need to define the process.
 - → Process may need to be defined per organization.

Why Software Engineering

Problems:

- Systems Late
- Incomplete
- Buggy
- No one knows when it's "done"

If you don't know where you are going, any road will get you there.

Paraphrase of exchange between whom? Hint: Lewis Carroll

Possible Solutions:

- > Requirements
- ➤ Analysis & Design
- Metrics and Measures
- Continuous Quality Improvement

The disciplined development of great computer based systems for the world!

Quiz 4



Alice and the Cheshire Cat (of course)

Reading ->

(1865..) Alice's Adventures in Wonderland; Through the Looking Glass Math and programming fundamentals

(1995) Neal Stephenson, The Diamond Age: Or, A Young Lady's Illustrated Primer
Nano technology, virtual reality

(2009) Paolo Bacigalupi, The Windup Girl

Post oil, biotechnology



A Growing Problem



- · Software that has hidden features
 - spyware
 - Unexpected functions and impacts
- Why?
 - Malicious intend (a whole other issue)
 - Poor systems thinking and analysis

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Software Transparency and Purity



Transparency: All functions are disclosed to the users / owners / operators of the system

Purity: system does nothing irrelevant to its stated purpose, nothing foreign to it's advertised nature

For more details see Pascal Meunier, Software Transparency and Purity, Communications of the ACM (51,2) Feb 2008.

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Quiz 5



A team of programmers has been working hard to finish a system. They have written 2347 lines of Java code over the last 3 months.

They have been testing for the last two weeks.

So far they have found and fixed 23 bugs

How many more bugs may be in the system?

Are they finished testing? Or should they keep working? Is the system finished and ready to release?

Management ->

What if the future of the company depends on this system coming out on time and with good quality?



Quiz 5

Defects→

Another word for bugs, errors, mistakes.

Answer→

It's impossible to tell how many bugs remain



BUT!

Good software engineering + quality processes can solve it

Metrics that can give answers: Defect Density (past and similar projects) Defect Arrival Rate and Defect Fix Rate Cost of Rework (Defects caused by other fixes) Capture / Recapture Calculation (Inspections)

Don't you want to be able to do this???



Believe Me...

Maturity to use Metrics and Software Engineering Process

· Alternative is chaos, heroes, burnout, no predictability

Democratic Development Teams

- Teams can control their own destiny, schedule, results, rewards...
- · No need to guess (schedules, results, quality)





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My thoughts.....who knows for sure? whonig@luc.edu

What does this mean to computer science students today?

Learn the difference between Great, Good, and OK programming

- · Even more important for small systems
- · To me, this requires metrics, good software engineering process

Growth opportunities in

- · Reliable, secure, trustworthy systems
- Small systems, their networks and security





Three waves of computing systems....

- Large dedicated mainframes (eventually mini computers)
- Large and reliable embedded systems
- Global access to applications
- Large programming organizations

Big Computing

whonig@luc.edu

- Go to computer to do work
- Democratic applications
- Quality and Reliability Suffers; Defects Acceptable
- More, smaller, quicker programming teams

Personal Computing





Devices with us

all the time (in

other

Who and how will the software be made?

Pervasive Computing

