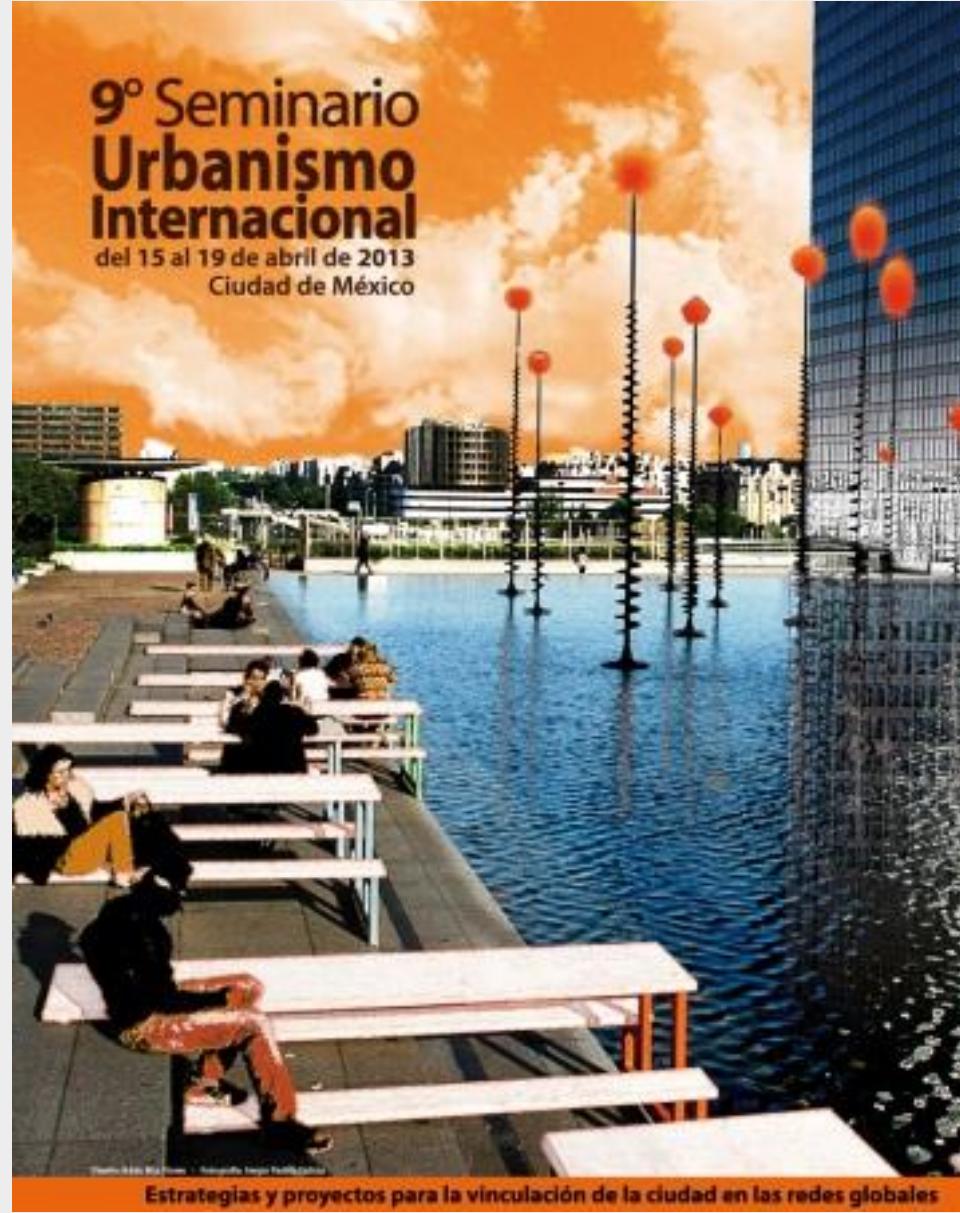
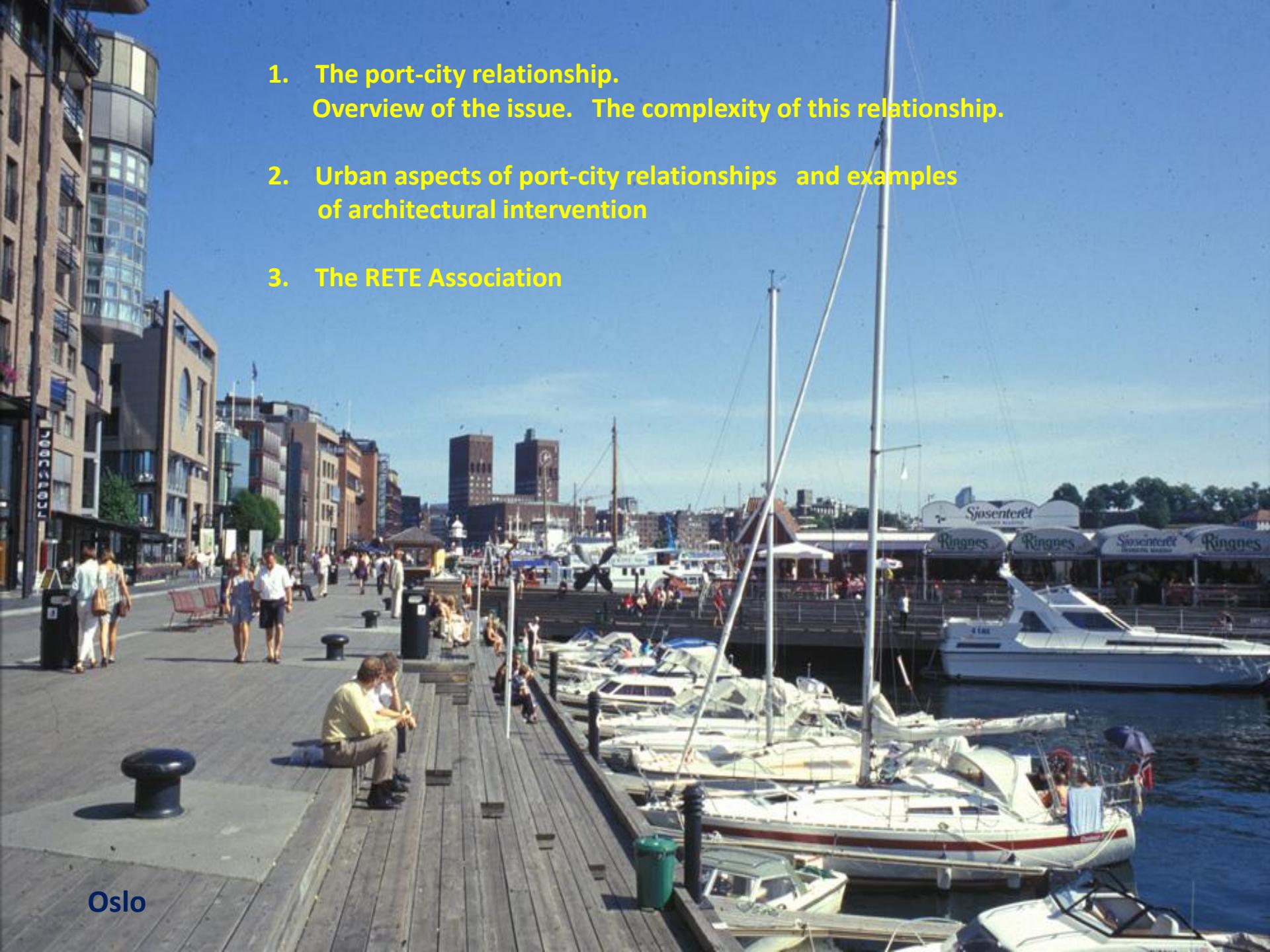




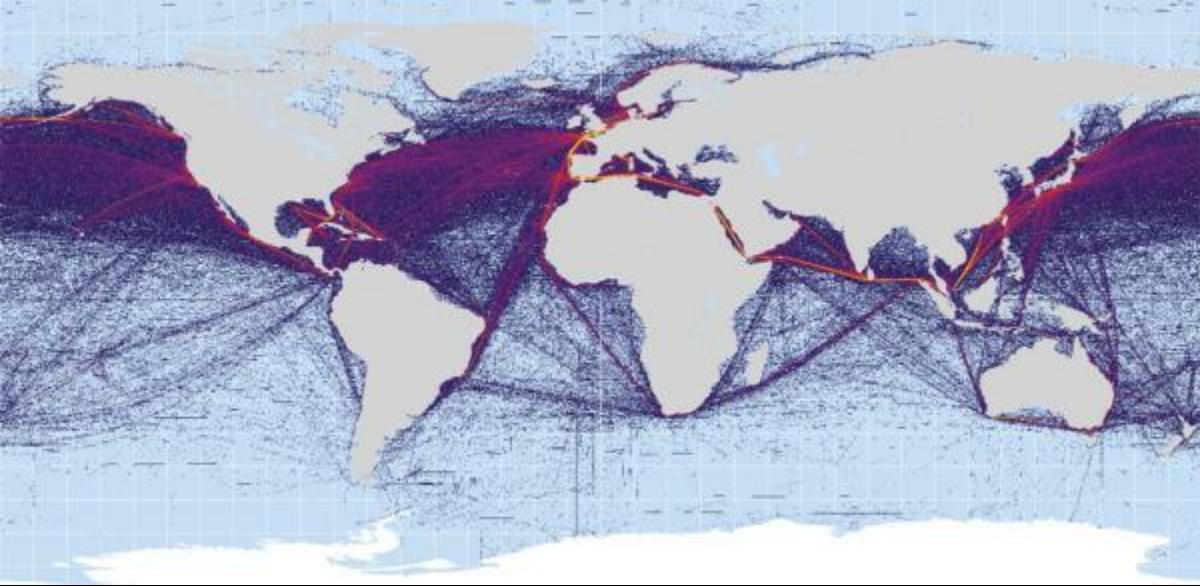
**TOWARD A BALANCED RELATIONSHIP
CITY-PORT :
A STRATEGIC CHOICE FOR THE ECONOMY OF
THE PORT
AND THE QUALITY OF ENVIRONMENT AND
URBAN LIFE**

Rinio Bruttomesso
Vice President, RETE



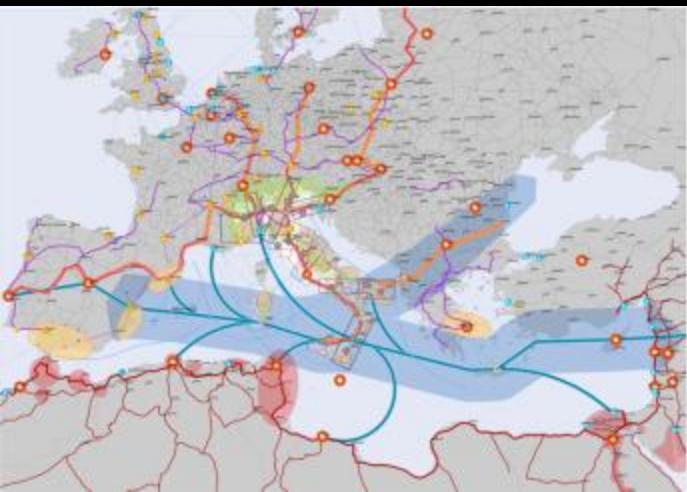
- 
1. The port-city relationship.
Overview of the issue. The complexity of this relationship.
 2. Urban aspects of port-city relationships and examples of architectural intervention
 3. The RETE Association

Oslo



Map of the World's
Maritime Trade Routes

United Nations estimates that
80% of the goods produced
in the world transits by sea.



In 2010 only were loaded
goods for
8.400 million tons

Map of the Mediterranean
Basin Transport Routes





1900

ESLORA (m)	120
MANGA (m)	14
CALADO (m)	7

1960

ESLORA (m)	154
MANGA (m)	22
CALADO (m)	9

1968

ESLORA (m)	206
MANGA (m)	29
CALADO (m)	10
CAPACIDAD (TEU)	750

1980

ESLORA (m)	275
MANGA (m)	32
CALADO (m)	12,5
CAPACIDAD (TEU)	3.000

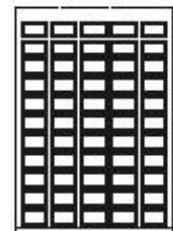
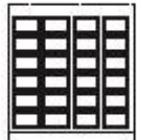
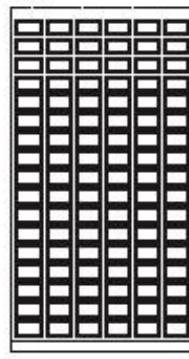
1998

ESLORA (m)	347
MANGA (m)	43
CALADO (m)	14,5
CAPACIDAD (TEU)	7.900

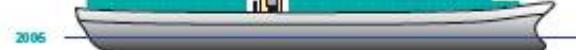
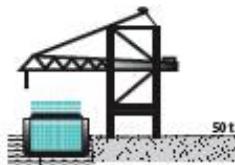
2006

ESLORA (m)	400
MANGA (m)	56
CALADO (m)	16
CAPACIDAD (TEU)	13.500

● 30 ha



EVOLUCIÓN DE LOS BARCOS Y SU IMPACTO EN LOS PUERTOS





Algeciras



Bremerhaven



Venecia





Why is it so important the relationship City/Port?

Three main reasons/Three different scales

1. GLOBAL

Strategic impact of the ports in the global economy and the worldwide urban market



2. REGIONAL

Impact of the presence of port infrastructures (and the resulting flows) in the regional territories



3. URBAN

Impact on the economy and the life of the city of the different forms of port activities:

- Commercial
- Logistics
- Industrial
- Leisure
- Sport
- Service



INTEGRATION



**Genoa 14th-15th cent.
the symbiosis
of the City and the Harbour**

PORT- CITY RELATIONSHIP Periods

SEPARATION



**Amsterdam 19th-20th cent
the modern Port
as a key-element of
the urban development**

CONFFLICT



**Valparaiso 21st cent
the Port is the cause of a
difficult relationship
with the City**

TOWARDS A NEW INTEGRATION?





Amsterdam



Nápoles Tavola Strozzi, 1472



Naples



Naples

The presence of port activities can cause to the cities:

Advantages / Benefits



Competitiveness / Quality



Sydney

Constraints / Inconveniences



Harms / Conflict



Piraeus - Athens

PORT- CITY RELATIONSHIP

CONFLICT



DIVORCE



Shanghai - Yangshan

DIALOGUE



Lisboa



Shanghai



Yangshan



ROTTERDAM.



*Facultas Prædicatorum
1770*

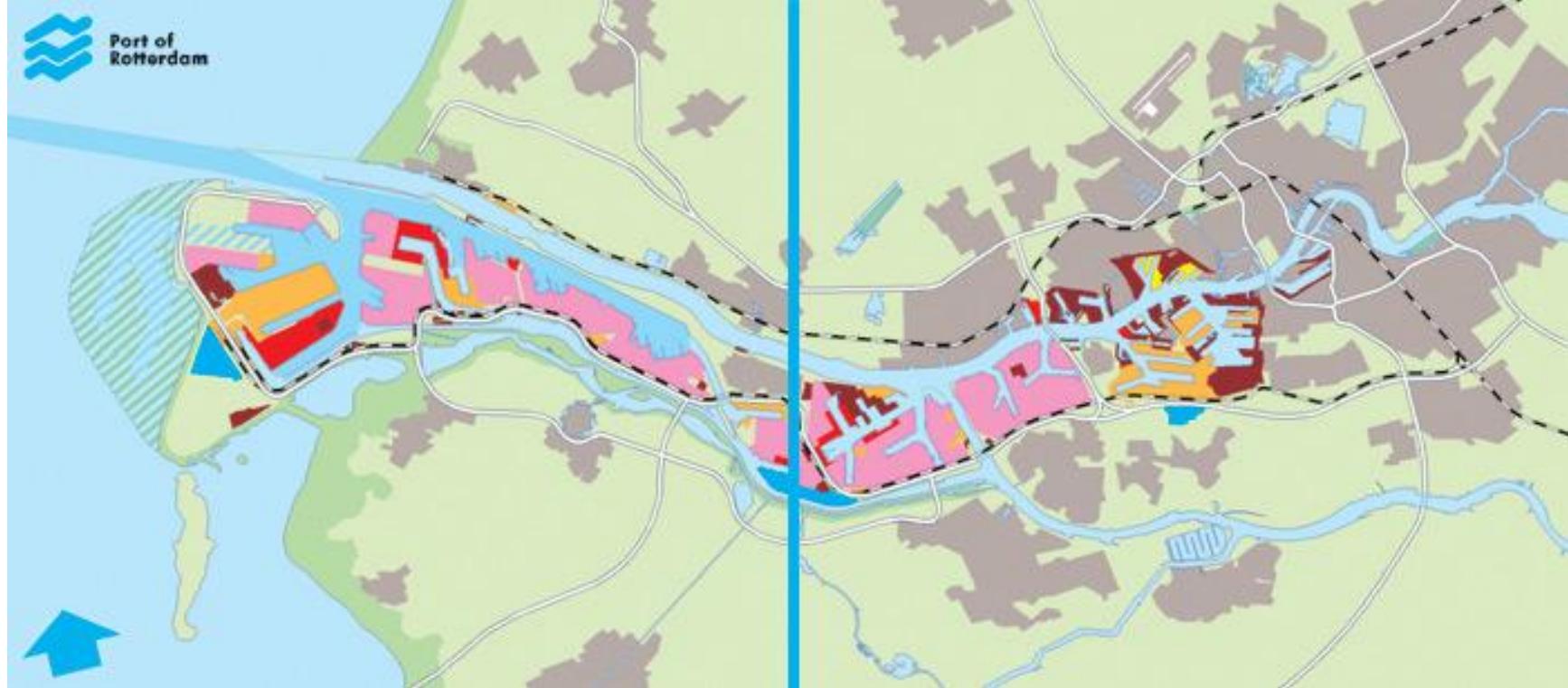
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Fabianus loc. B. D. N.



GENERAL VIEW OF ROTTERDAM.



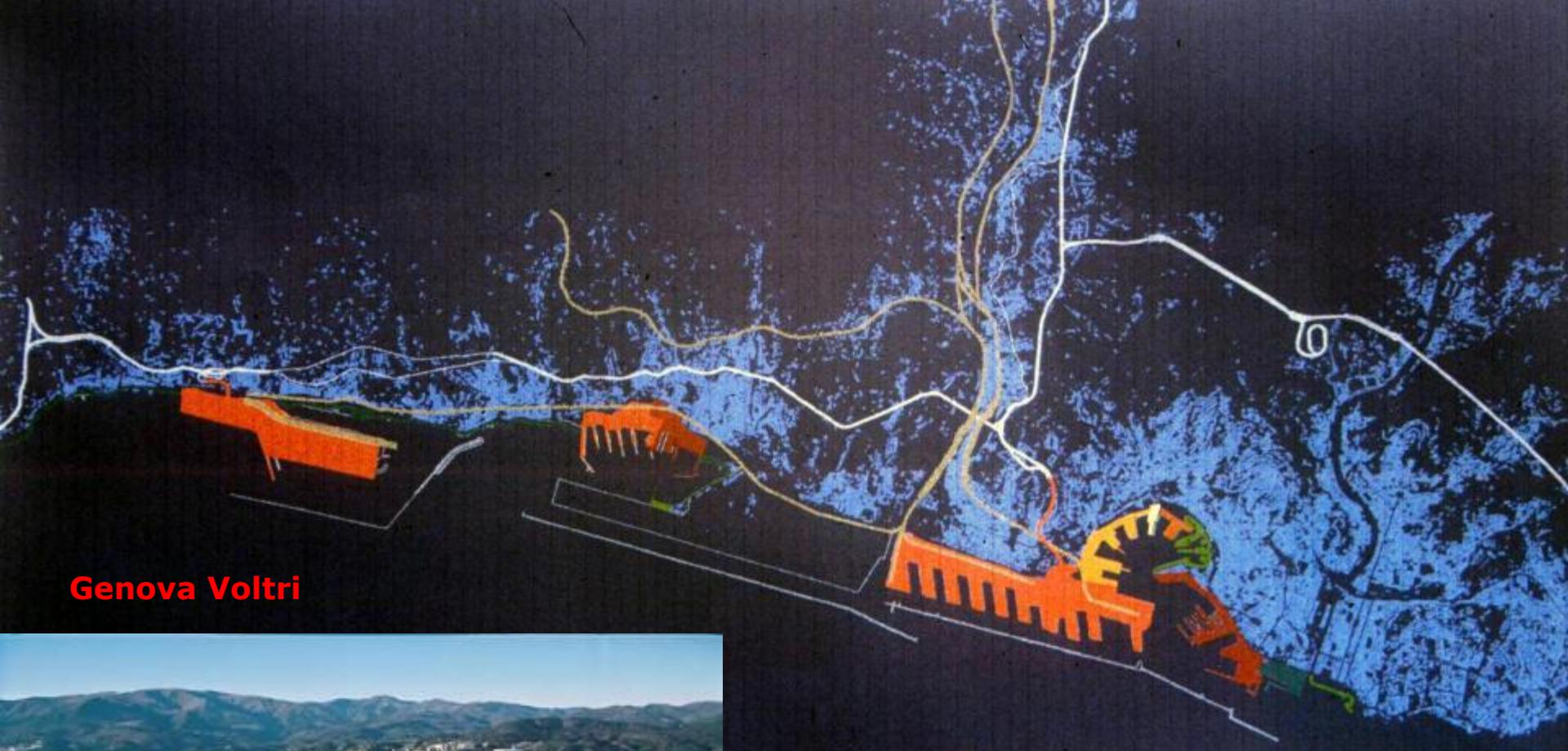
Rotterdam

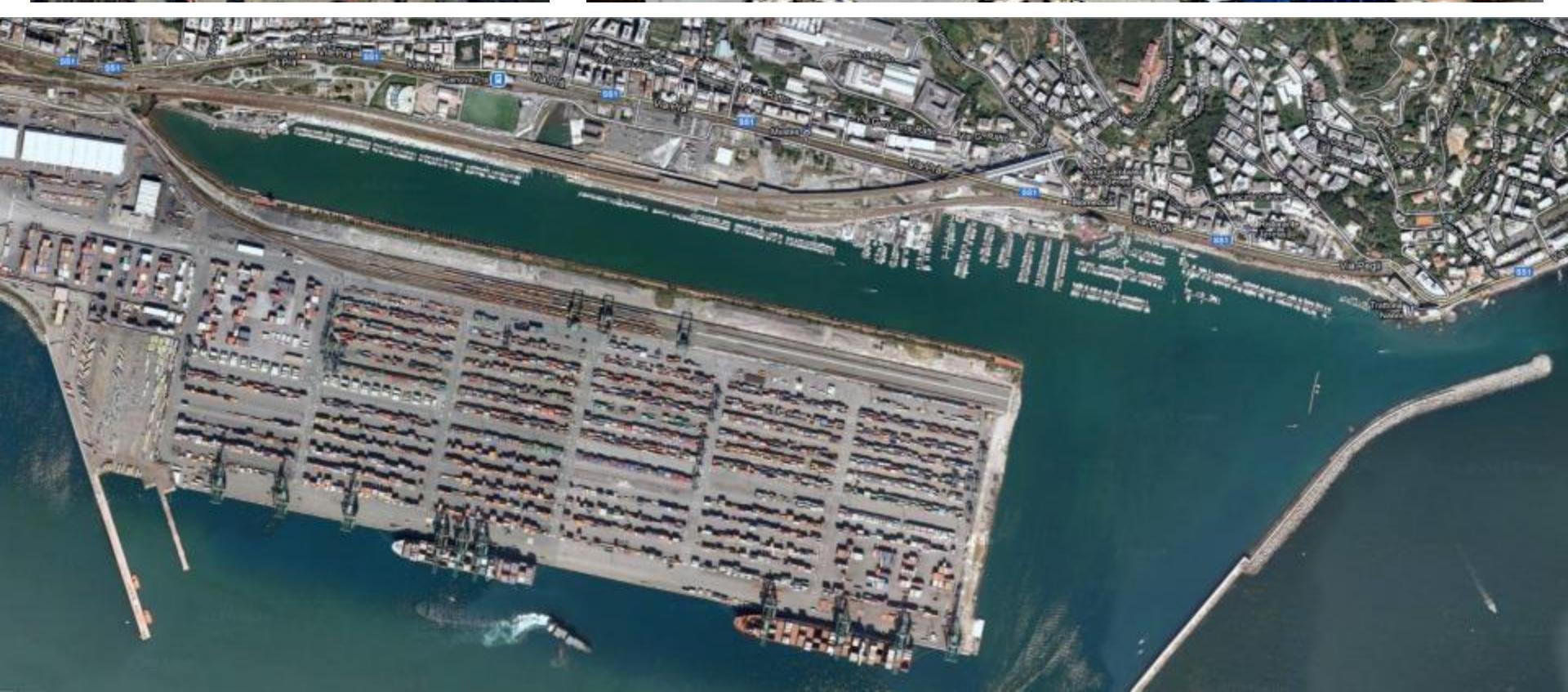




Lisbon Docas de Alcantara

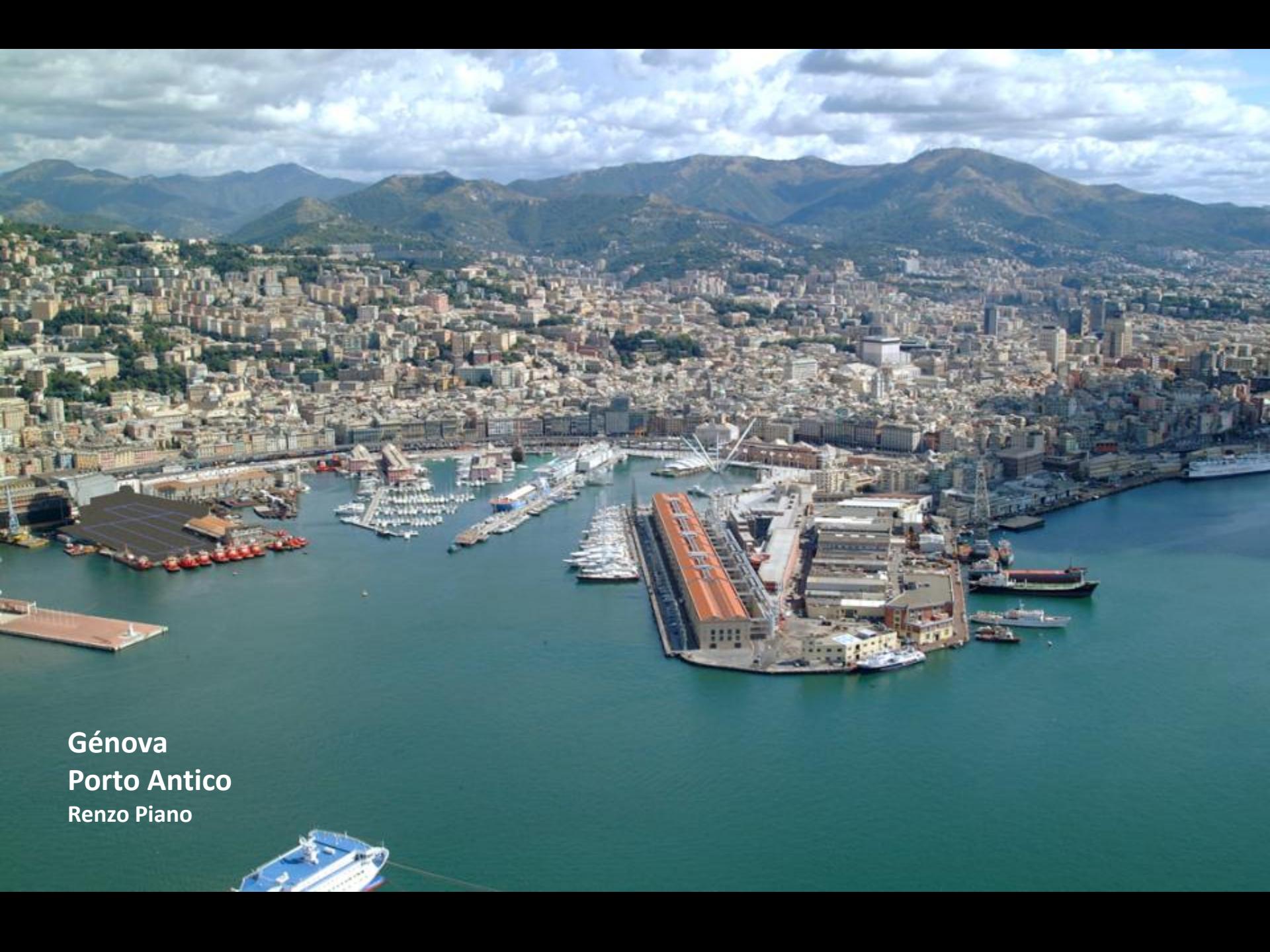








Génova



Génova
Porto Antico
Renzo Piano



SPAZIO PUBBLICO THE PUBLIC SPACE



UNStudio

PONTE PARODI, GENOVA, IT





PORT- CITY RELATIONSHIP

CONFLICT



DIVORCE



DIALOGUE



not INTEGRATION
but COEXISTENCE



Shanghai - Yangshan



Lisbon



Rotterdam



Barcelona

Revitalize
the european
waterfronts:
some examples



Lisbon



Bilbao



London



Amsterdam



Genoa



Rotterdam



Barcelona





THE PORT – CITY RELATIONSHIP: AREAS OF POSSIBLE COLLABORATION

INSTITUTIONAL : dialogue between authorities (municipalities and port authorities) in order to achieve a common 'vision'

URBAN: for agreed rehabilitations of the urban – port waterfront

ENVIRONMENTAL: raise a balanced and sustainable development

ECONOMIC: promote competitiveness of both, port and city (urban marketing)

HISTORICAL -CULTURAL: safeguard and give contents to the identity of the place

SOCIAL: avoid creating luxury 'ghettos' (in residential precincts)

COMMUNICATIONAL: create a 'new' image of the waterfront area (or city)

Four recommendations for the Port-City relationship

1. Expand the port area:

- outside urban centers**
- carefully to the needs of environment and citizens**
- removing the most dangerous activities**

2. Develop, between port and city, a concrete and mutual understanding of the different activities and needs

3. Propose a common vision of the future of the port city, with flexible and shared projects

4. Transform obsolete port areas in urban areas with mixed and varied functions

OSLO: THE FJORD CITY

Illustration plan - Oslo Fjord City 2008



ALNA'S MOUTH



The mouth of the river Alna, the Fjord City's most eastern urban development area, will become a recreational area designed for leisure and water-based activities. The area will become the gateway to the fjord for the eastern and southern areas of the city and function as a buffer between the urban development in Grønlia and port operations in Sydhavna (southern harbour). From the mouth Alna it is a short hop over to the shielded water between the islands of Hovedøya and Bleikøya. Good links between the mouth of Alna and Karlsgateveien are a must to ensure the links between Ekeberg and its recreational areas, the Naval Academy, and the Ekeberg Restaurant, as well as the future sculpture park and cable car link with Bjørvika.

THE WATERFRONT PROMENADE



The waterfront promenade will be one of the Fjord City's key attractions and will provide public access to the waterfront throughout the whole of the Fjord City. The waterfront promenade will, together with the commons, ensure that the Fjord City's urban development areas are linked together at the ground level and along the fjord. Various cultural and recreational amenities will lie like pearls on a string along the course of the waterfront promenade. The waterfront promenade will be open to all and attract a broad group of users thanks to its universal design and rich range of activities and recreational facilities.

SYDHAVNA



Sydhavna, the Southern Harbour, will be developed to become one of Norway's largest and most efficient terminals handling all types of goods. It will also become Oslo's only area for heavy port operations.

Existing port operations in other parts of the Fjord City will be relocated to Sydhavna's concentrated port area. These areas will be released for urban development. The exception is the ferries and cruise traffic, which will be integrated into the Fjord City's urban development strategy.

ENVIRONMENT AND FJORD TRAM



The Fjord City plan envisions zero net energy use, i.e. a balance between onsite energy consumption and local energy provision. The emphasis will be on environmentally friendly, low energy, future-oriented buildings, zero climate gas emissions and using the heat exchange opportunities provided by the seawater. As much as possible of the Fjord City will be car-free.

The fjord tram will ensure good access for all to the Fjord City and its functional and symbolic effects will help to make the waterfront, parks, streets, plazas, commons and other open areas in the Fjord City more accessible to the public. The fjord tramline is a prerequisite for achieving the Fjord City's goal of offering the public a complete, environmentally friendly, transport system.

City of Oslo
Agency for Planning and
Building Services

OSLO: THE FJORD CITY

FILIPSTAD



Filipstad is one of the Fjord City's largest development areas. Large-scale urban development is planned for Filipstad with commercial, residential, parks, and recreational areas. The area of Filipstad closest to Akers Brygge will be developed as an extension of Oslo city centre and provide space for larger attractions/institutions. The other areas will be developed with a high proportion of housing and designed for good links to the neighbourhoods of Skillebekk and Frogner. Hjortnes will be developed so it can continue to accommodate ferry terminal operations and become an attractive entry port for visitors arriving in Oslo by ferries. The terminal building in the area will be integrated into the rest of the urban development in Filipstad.

VIPPETANGEN



The Fjord City is Oslo's great sustainable development project and shall provide enhanced quality of life, public access and an environmentally friendly transport system. The city and water will be linked to each other via parks, plazas, commons and a waterfront promenade.

The Fjord City plan was adopted by the City Council in February 2008 and contains principles for the entire development strategy for the Fjord City, in addition to program for the planning and assessment process.

Vippetangen is Oslo's most important promontory due to its central position and its cultural and historical importance. The development of Vippetangen will preserve Akershus Fortress' position in the cityscape, facilitate cruise and ferry traffic, and offer new public attractions, parks, the fjord tramline and the waterfront promenade. The urban development in Vippetangen will provide good links between Pipervika and Bjørvika. These links are important because the Fjord City plan is a general urban development strategy and they will strengthen the character and experience value of the Fjord City.



Oslo

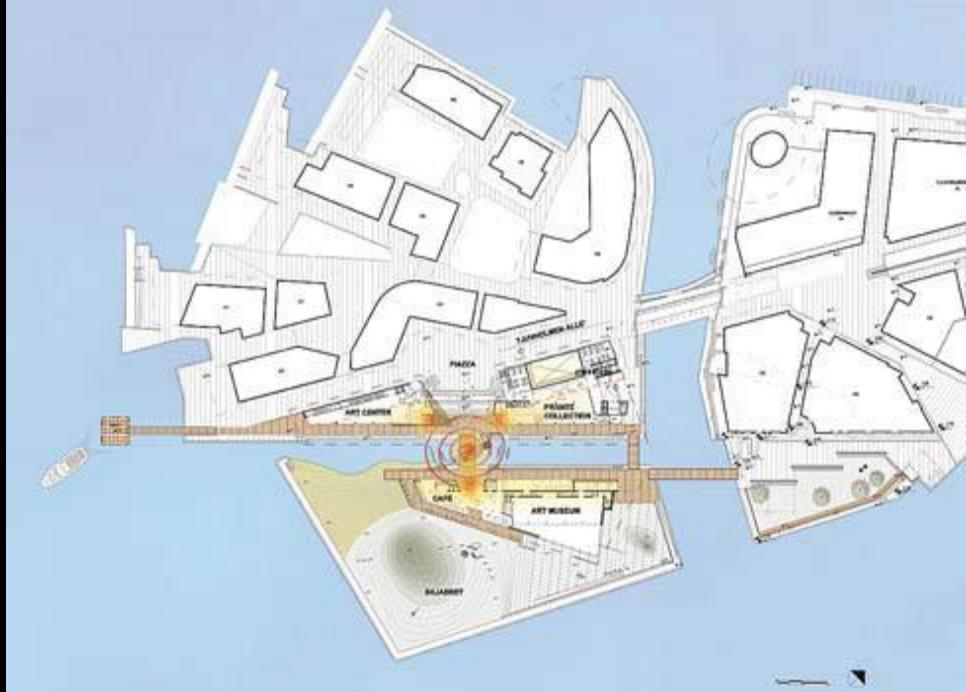


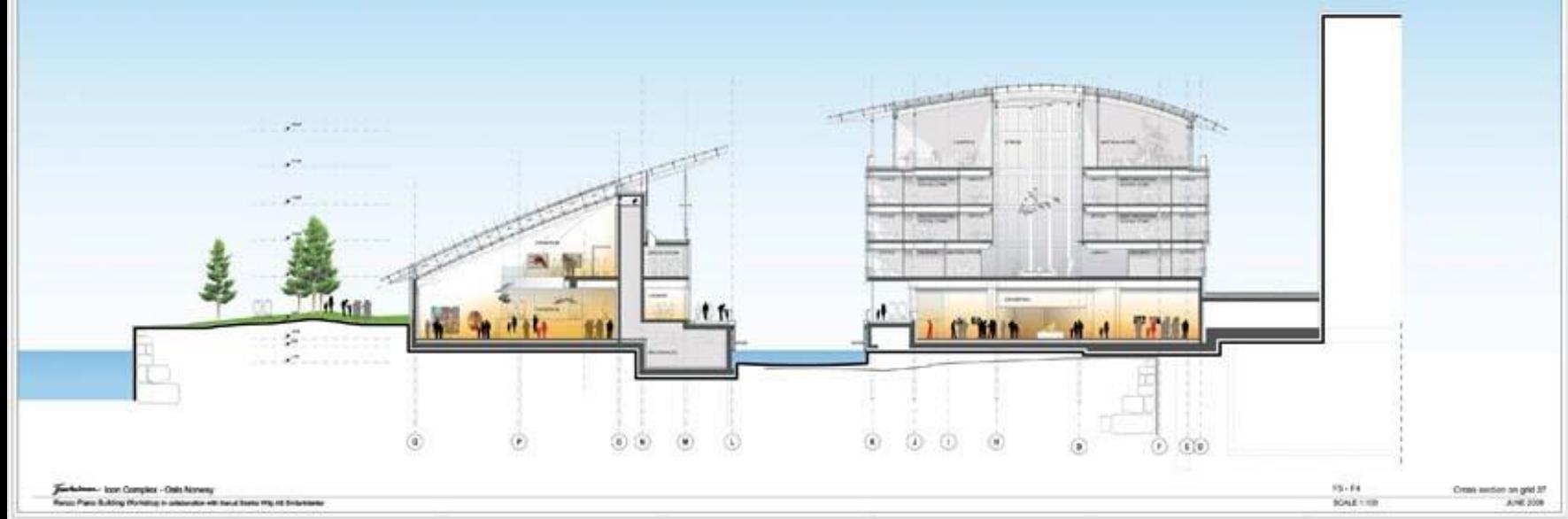
Oslo Aker Brygge

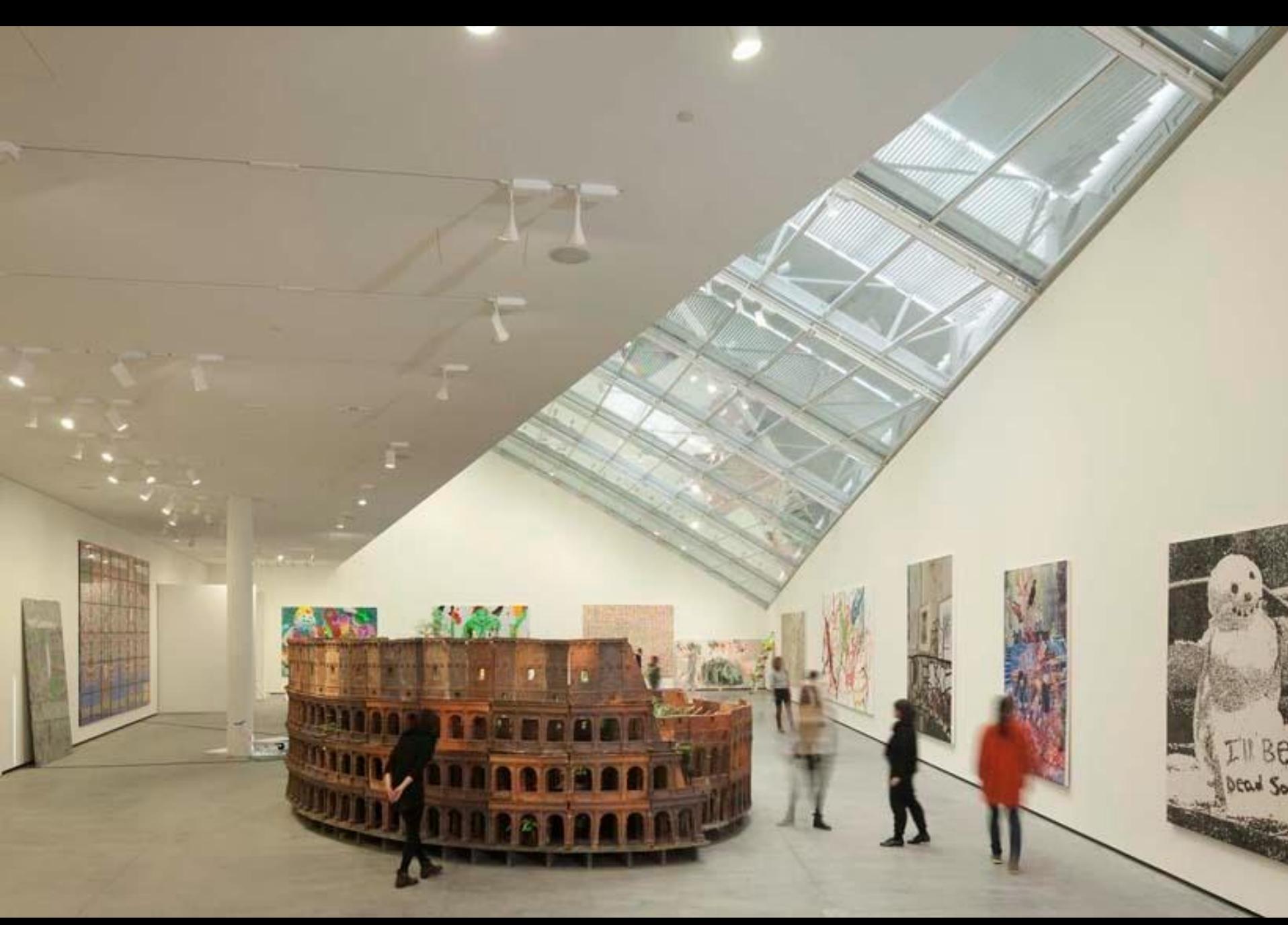


Oslo Tjuvholmen Icon Complex

Renzo Piano BW, Narud Stokke Wiig









Oslo Bjørvika





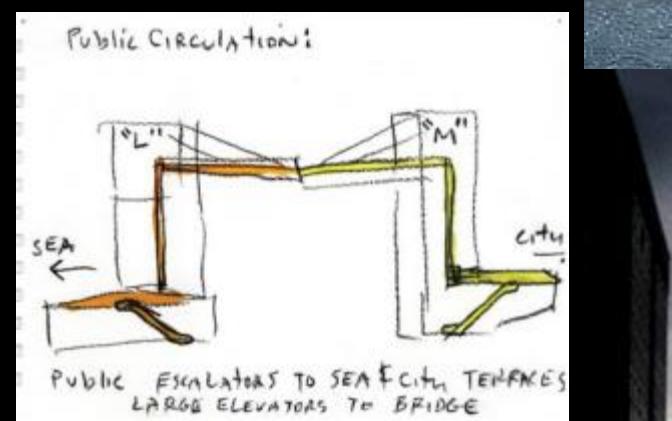
Oslo Opera House

Nordhavnen / Copenhagen

Århusgadekvarteret







- AUTHORITIES' LOCAL PLAN FOR THE ÅRHUSGADE QUARTER
- AUTHORITIES' GENERAL PLANS FOR HARBOUR ACTIVITIES AND CRUISE SHIP TERMINAL



Copenhagen
Nordhavn



Copenhagen







Hamburg Speicherstadt



Hamburgo Mercado del pescado



Hamburg Hafencity







Hamburgo Hafencity espacio público
Miralles Tagliabue







Hamburgo Elbphilharmonie
Herzog & de Meuron





Valencia Veles e vents
Chipperfield



5 Challenges in Port - City Relationship

1. Developing port activities paying special attention to **environmental issues** and **quality** of city life
2. Investing in an efficient network of **transport infrastructures**
3. Convert **waterfront as opportunity** to resume the relationship between city and water
4. Experiencing new forms of '**governance**'
5. Safeguarding the **cultural identity** of the city-port



Puerto de Málaga



Malaga



Málaga
el Palmeral de las Sorpresas
Jeronimo Junquera

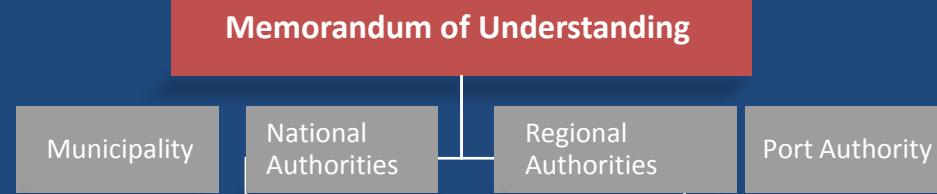




Master Planning



Consortium



Development Agreement



Consortium

Management team

General Manager
Technical director
Legal Direction
Administrative department
Communication team
Commercialization team

planning

management

construction

ARUP



Palma de Maiorca







Palamos





**Association for the Collaboration
between Ports and Cities**

**PORTUS
PORTUSplus
Web site**



**Asociación para la colaboración
entre puertos y ciudades**

Misión

RETE pretende valorizar y desarrollar la cooperación entre puertos y ciudades portuarias de la Europa mediterránea y de América Latina en el campo de la reorganización de las zonas costeras urban-portuarias y, más en general, de la relación puerto-ciudad.

Objetivos

Perseguir la promoción, desarrollo y ejecución de programas, proyectos, actividades e iniciativas de formación, investigación, estudio y difusión, que contribuyan o favorezcan:

- a) La cooperación entre las Administraciones portuarias y las Administraciones locales, regionales y estatales, así como con los agentes públicos y privados interesados.**
- b) La mejor integración de los puertos en su entorno territorial, económico, social, cultural y medioambiental.**
- c) La prosperidad y mejora de la calidad de vida de las ciudades portuarias.**

Members of RETE



Nodos Avanzados

Actividades de RETE

- **cursos y seminarios**
- **publicaciones (libro por los 10 años de RETE)**
- **revista semestral online PORTUS**
- **PORTUSplus suplemento online de la revista**
- **página web de RETE: www.reteonline.org**

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Málaga
Semana
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Nuevos desafíos
en la relación
Puerto-Ciudad**

**The Port City
of the XXIst Century
New Challenges
in the Relationship
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ing est, sed do eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua. Ut enim ad.

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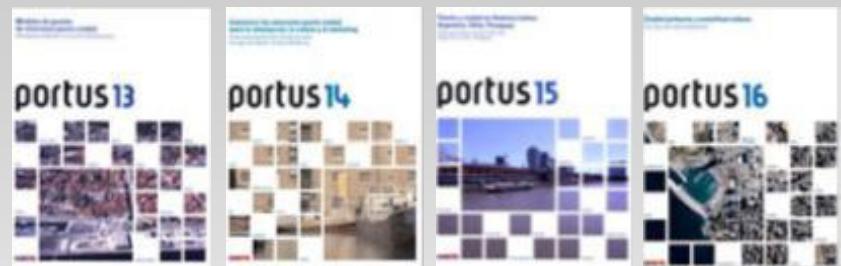
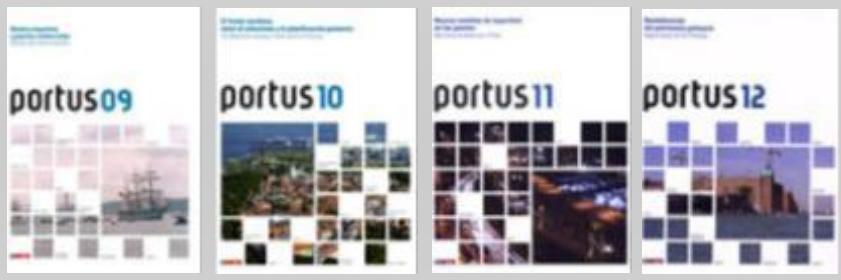
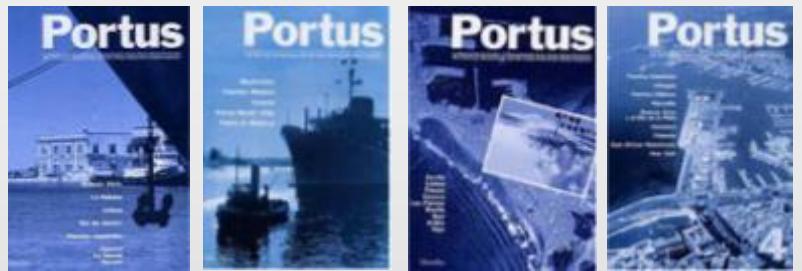


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