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United States Light and Heavy -Duty Fuel Specific On -Road NO and NO x Emission Factor Trends and Their Importance in Inventory Calculations

Gary A. Bishop

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August 14 – 18, 2017

United States Light and Heavy-Duty Fuel Specific On-Road NO and NO_x Emission Factor Trends and Their Importance in Inventory Calculations

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Acknowledgments

Coordinating Research Council
E-23 & E-106

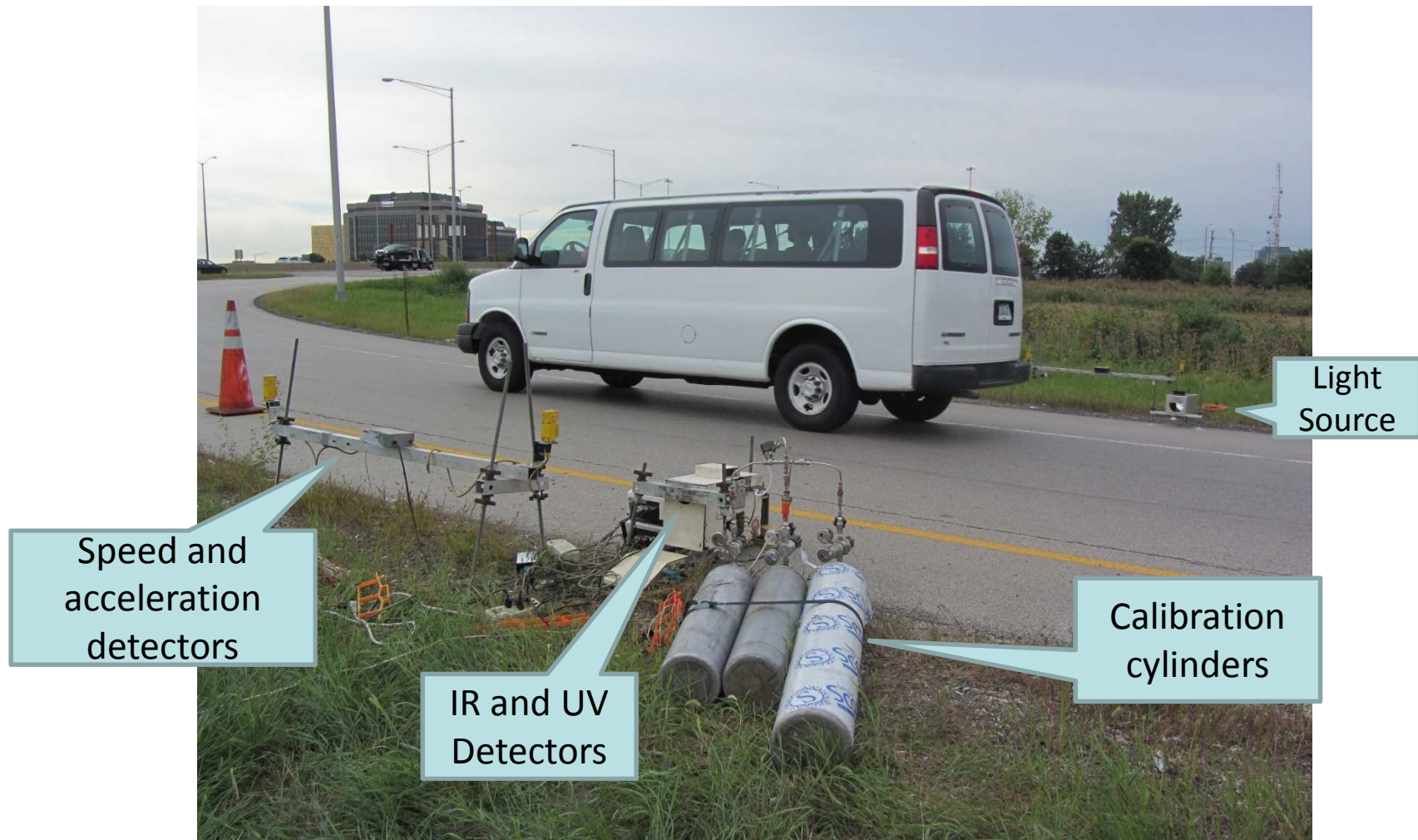
California Air Resources Board

Opus Inspections

University of Denver

The Late Dr. Donald H. Stedman

Fuel Efficiency Automobile Test (FEAT)



Bishop and Stedman, Measuring the emissions of passing cars. *Acc. Chem. Res.* 1996, 29, 489-495.

FEAT Measuring Heavy-Duty Vehicles



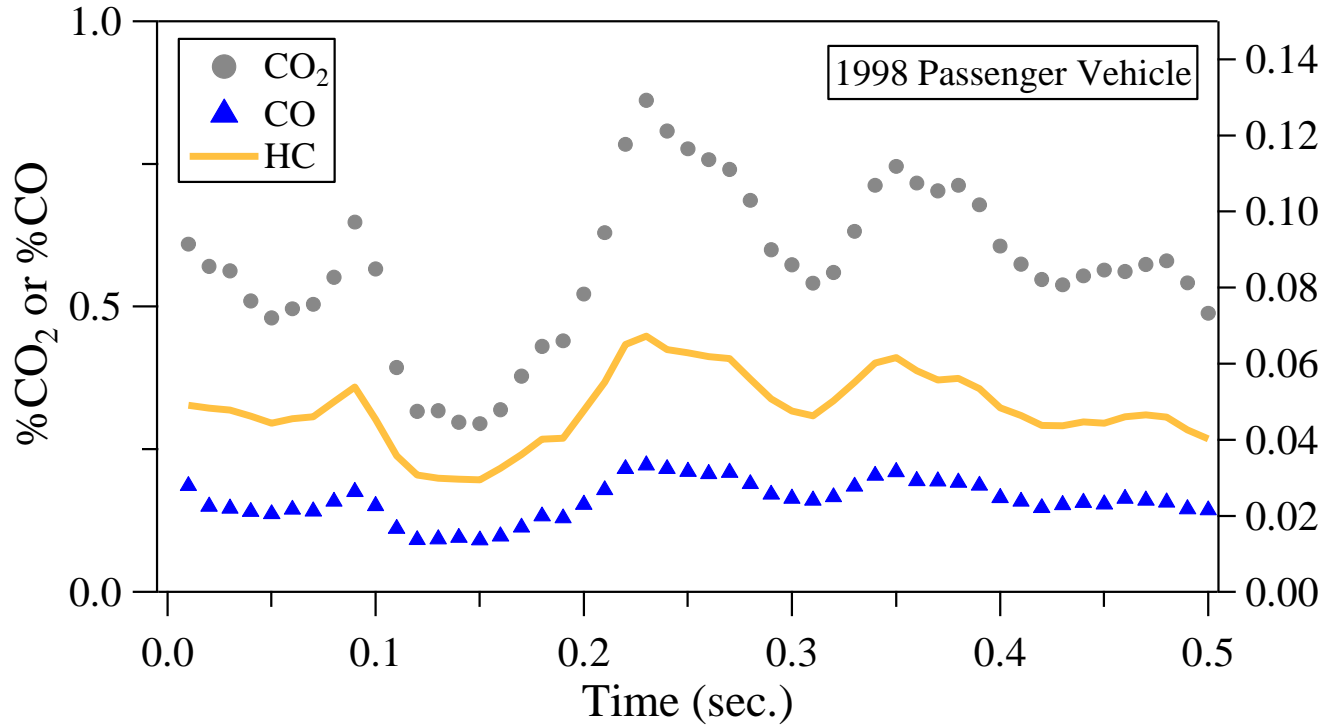
Bishop et al. Heavy-duty truck emissions in the South Coast Air Basin of California. *Environ. Sci. Technol.* **2013**, 47, (16), 9523-9529.

On-Road Heavy-Duty Vehicle Emissions Monitoring System (OHMS)

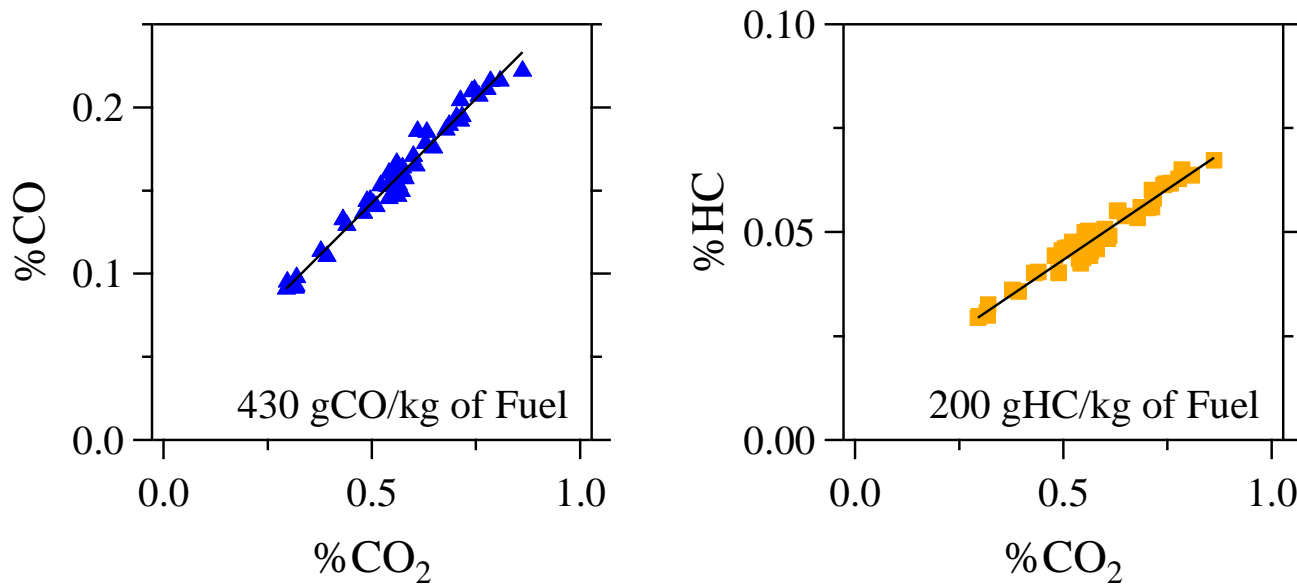


Haugen and Bishop. Repeat fuel specific emission measurements on two California heavy-duty truck fleets. *Environ. Sci. Technol.* **2017**, 51, (7), 4100-4107.

How We Measure Fuel Specific Tailpipe Emissions



0.5 Second
of exhaust
behind
vehicle



Measurement Species and Techniques

FEAT

Single Measurement St. dev.

NDIR – CO₂
CO ± 4 g/kg
HC ± 4 g/kg
% Opacity ± 0.8%
UV – NO ± 0.4 g/kg
NO₂ ± 0.3 g/kg
NH₃ ± 0.02 g/kg

Speed and Acceleration
License Plate Photo

OHMS

NDIR – CO₂ / CO
FID – HC
Chemi – NO / NO_x
Electrical Low Pressure
Impactor – Total PM / PN
Photoacoustic – Total BC

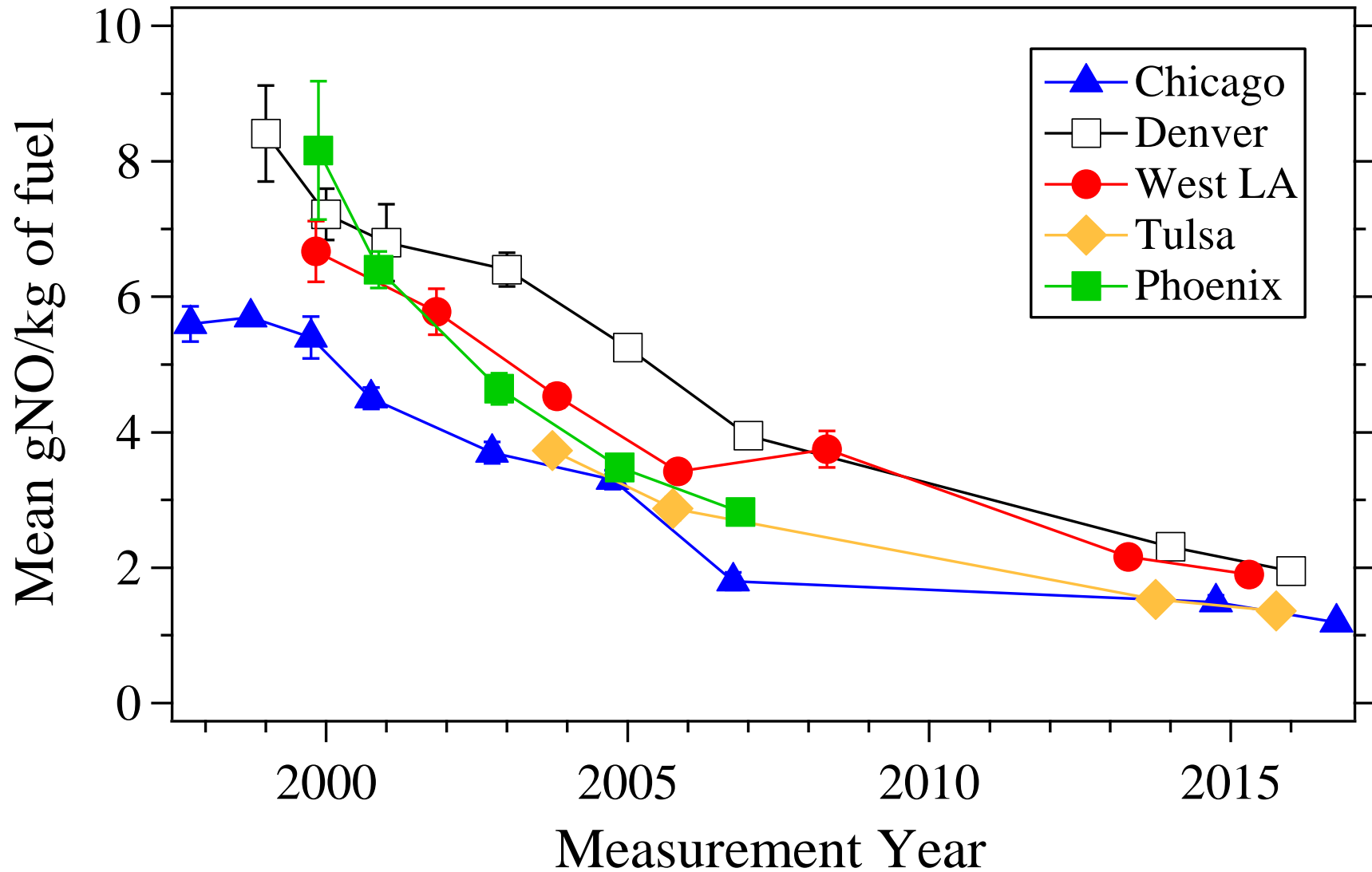
Speed and Acceleration
License Plate Photo

History of U.S. Light-duty NO Measurements (NO₂ since 2008)

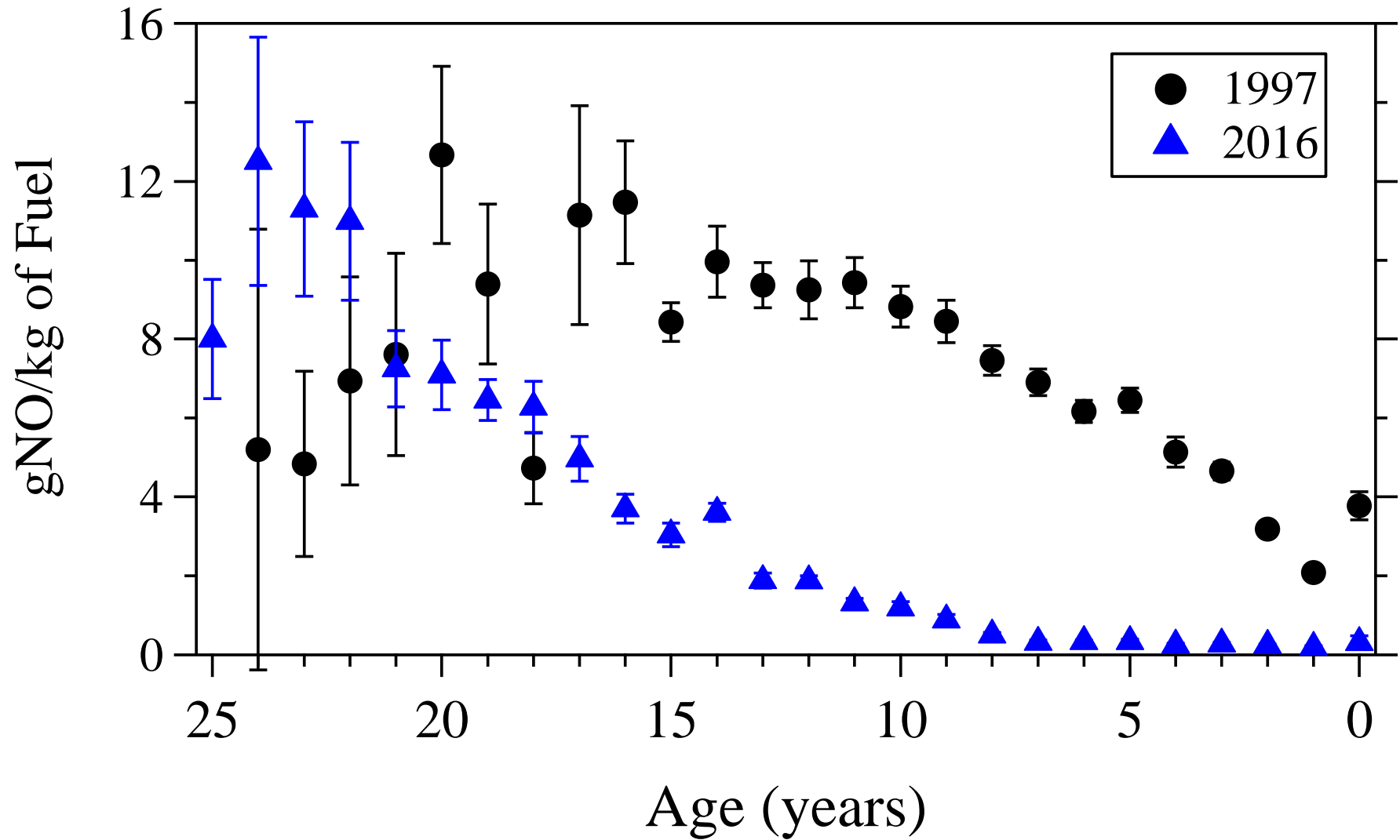
- Chicago, IL – 1997 - 2000, 2002, 2004, 2006, 2014, 2016
- Dallas, TX – 2002, 2003
- Denver, CO – 1999 - 2002 (2), 2003, 2005 (2), 2007, 2013, 2015
- Fresno, CA – 2008
- Grand Junction / Glenwood Springs, CO – 2001
- Omaha, NE – 2002, 2004
- Phoenix, AZ – 1998 - 2000, 2002, 2004, 2006
- Riverside, CA – 1999 - 2001
- Sacramento, CA – 1999
- San Jose, CA – 1999, 2008
- Tulsa, OK – 2003, 2005, 2013, 2015
- W. Los Angeles, CA – 1999, 2001, 2003, 2005, 2008, 2013, 2015
- Los Angeles 710, CA – 1999
- Van Nuys, CA – 2010

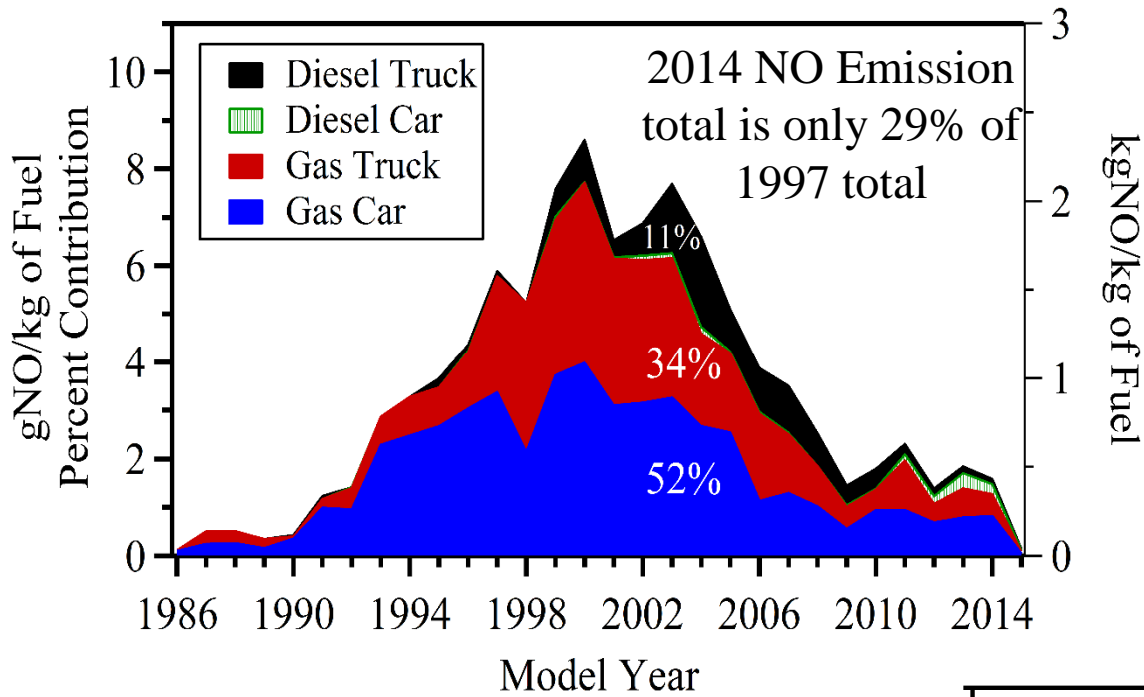
51 Campaigns, 1,039,000+ Emission Measurements,
Data and Publications are Available at www.feat.biochem.du.edu.

Historical U.S. Light-duty NO Emission Trends

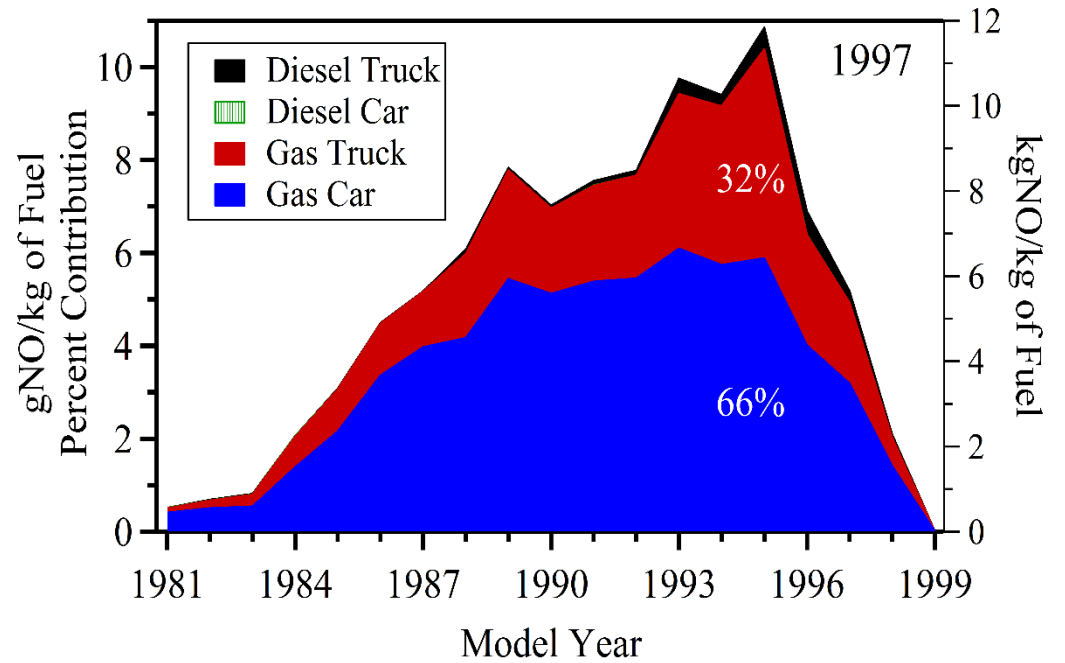
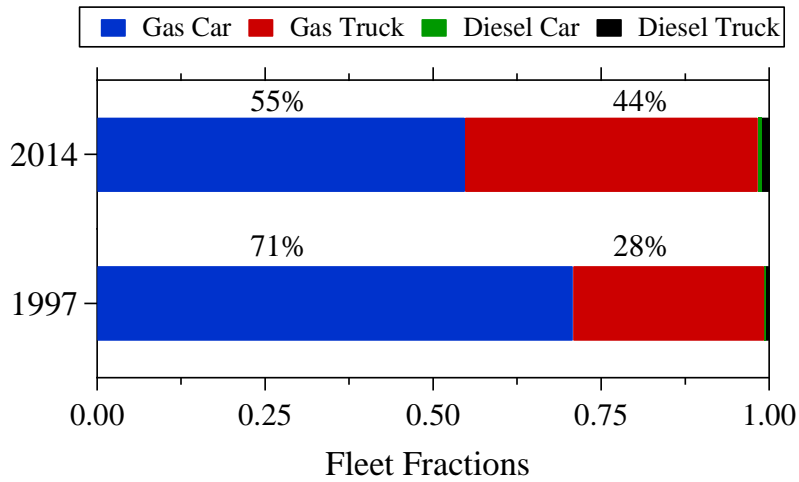


Chicago NO Emissions Comparison

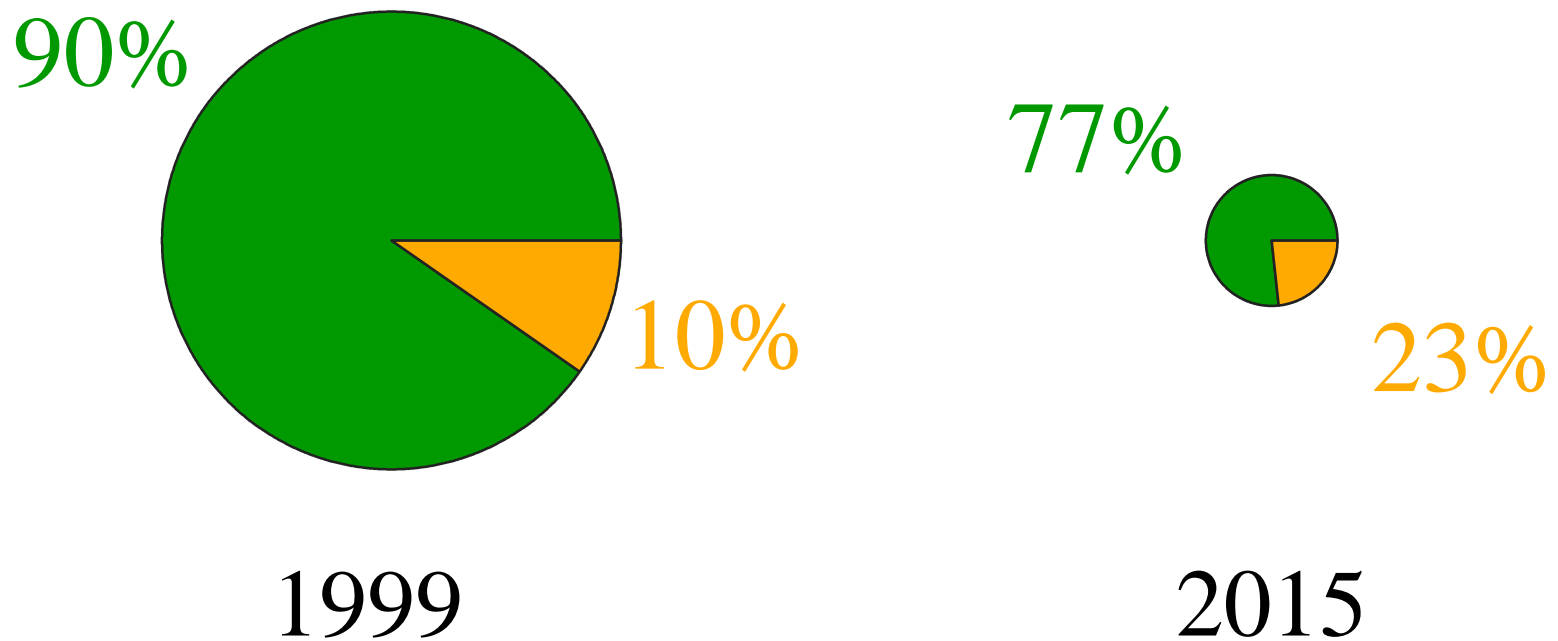




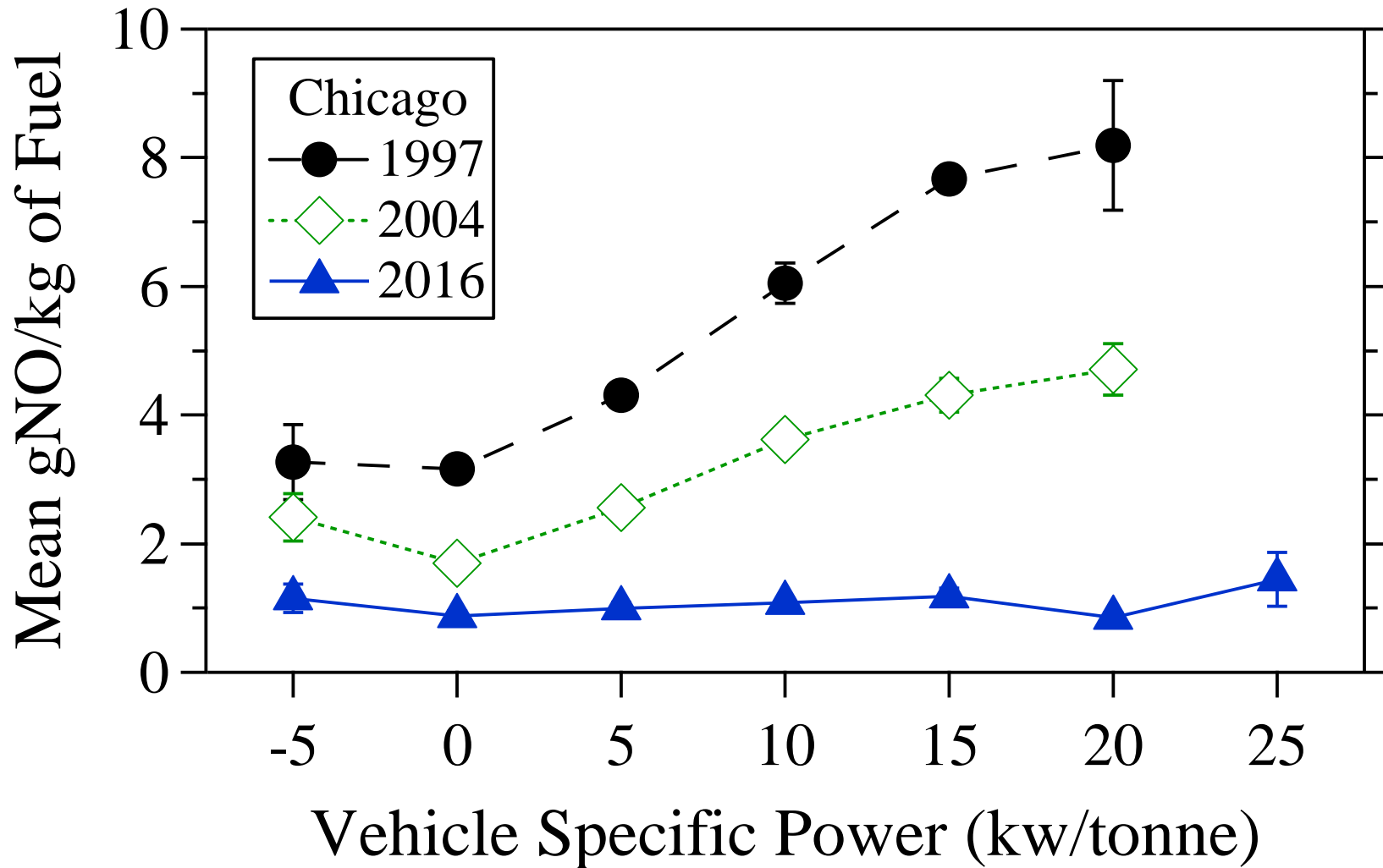
Light/Medium Duty
NO Emissions
Contribution Changes
for the Chicago Fleet



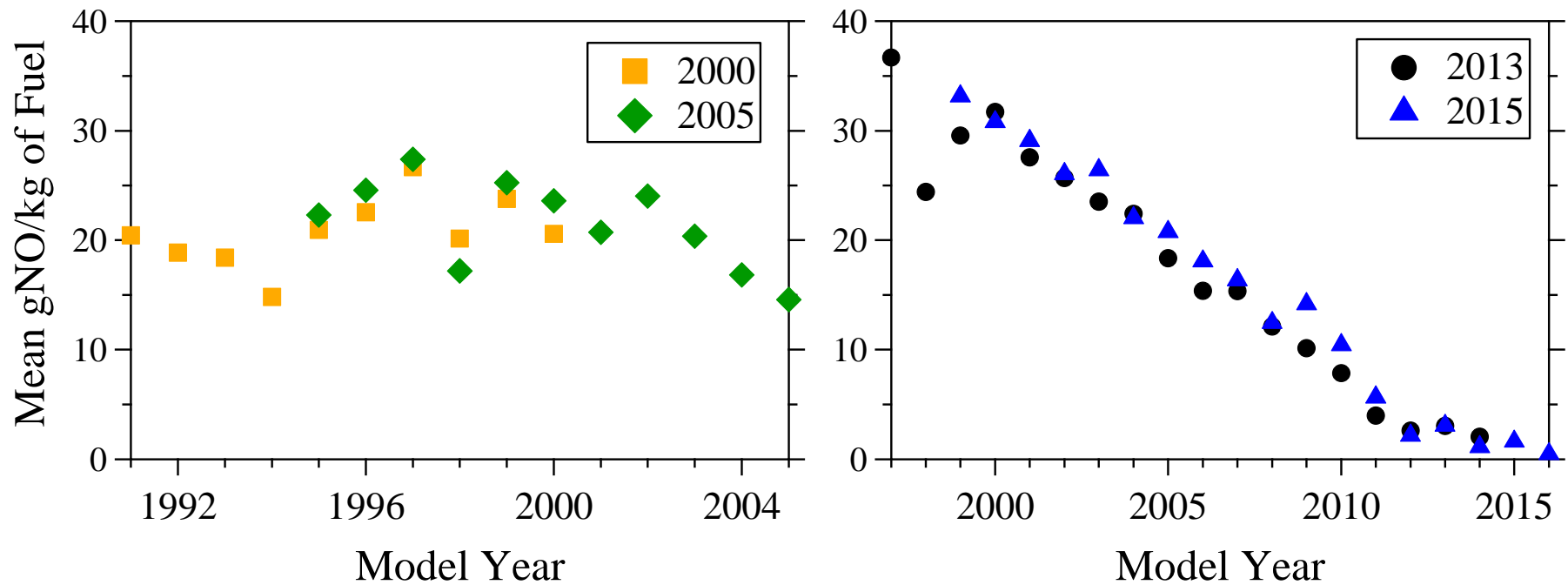
West Los Angeles Percentage of NO_x Contributed by the 99th Percentile



Elimination of Driving Mode Effect For Fuel Specific Emissions

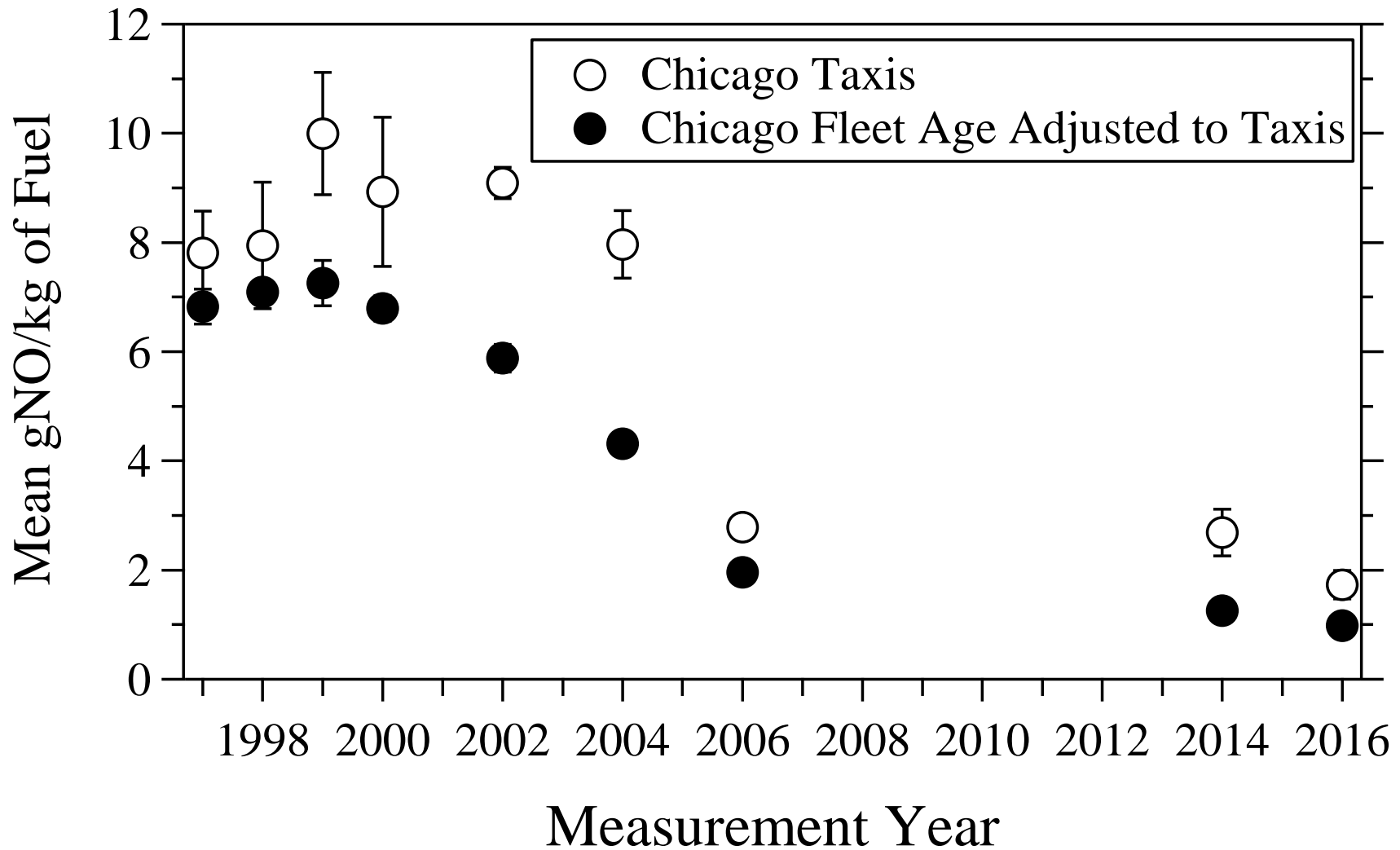


Denver Fuel Specific NO Emission Trends for Light-Duty Diesel Powered Vehicles



High Mileage Vehicle Emissions

Not All Vehicles are Equal



History of U.S. Heavy-duty NO and NO_x Measurements

FEAT

- Anaheim, CA – 1997, 2008 - 2010, 2012, (2017)*
- Dumont, CO – 1999, 2005
- Golden, CO – 1999, 2005
- Port of Los Angeles, CA – 2008 - 2010, 2012
- Port of Houston, TX – 2009
- San Marcos, TX – 1998

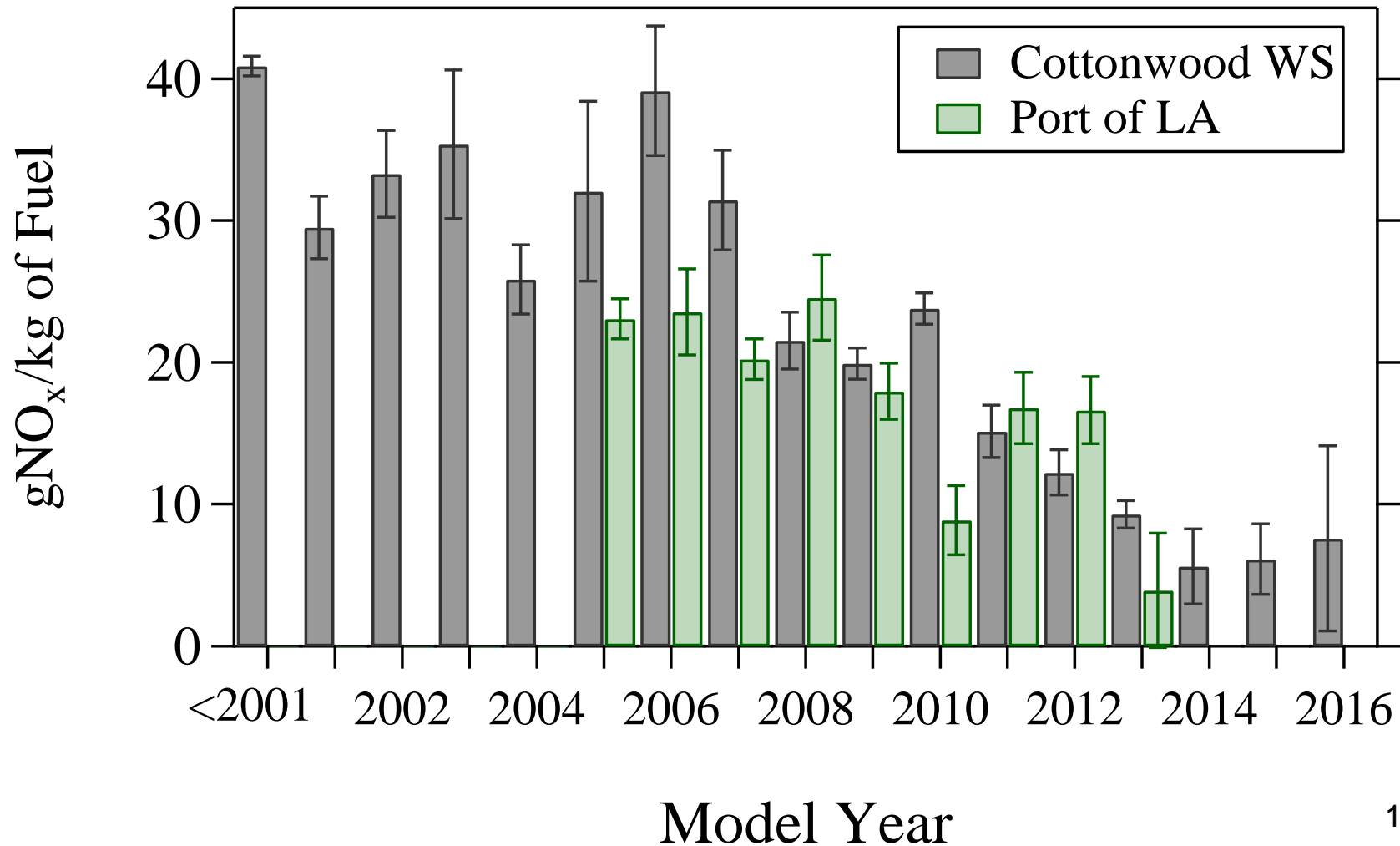
OHMS

- Port of Los Angeles, CA – 2013, 2015, (2017)*
- Cottonwood, CA – 2013, 2015, (2017)*

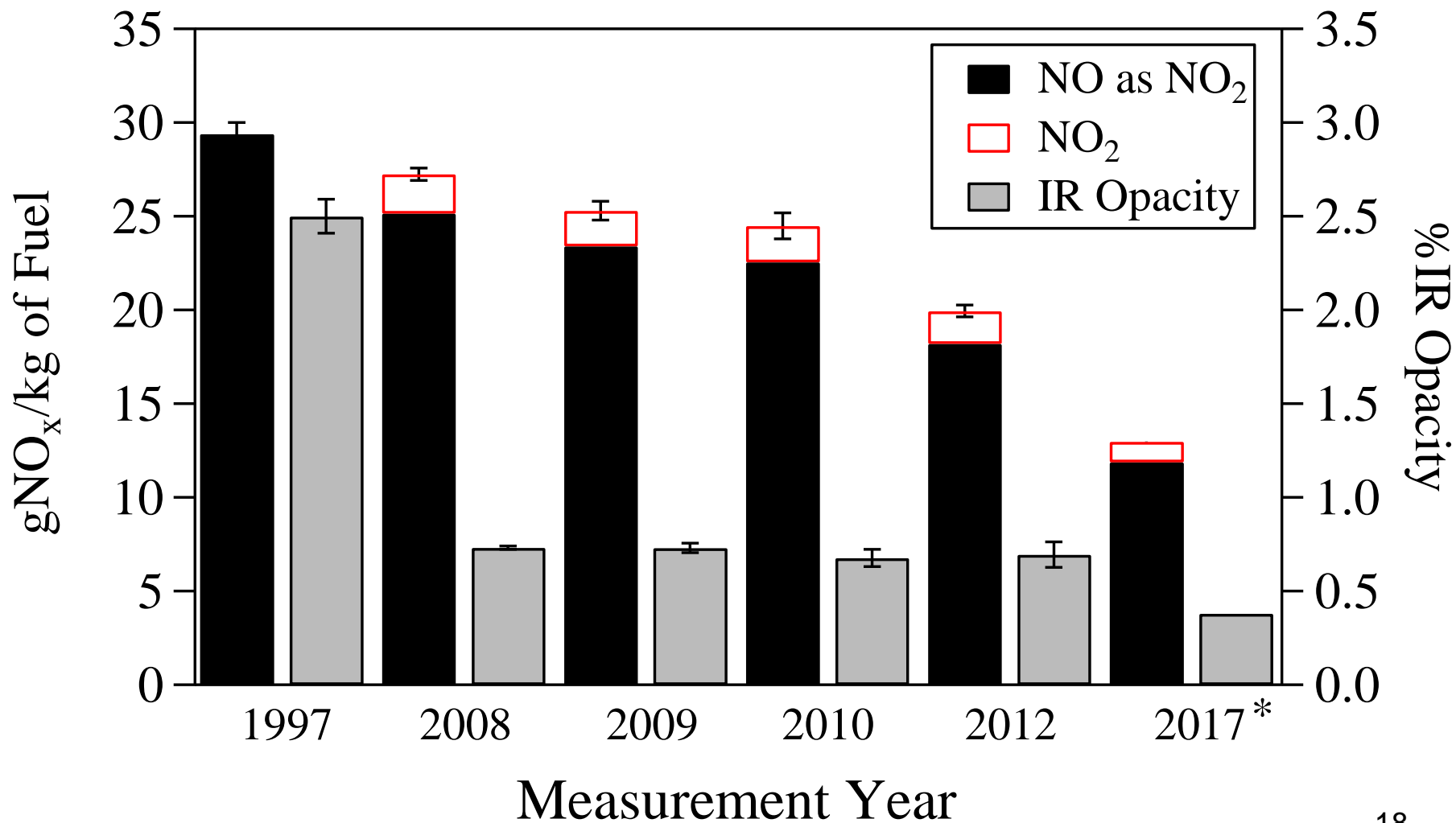
22 Campaigns, 32,000+ Emission Measurements,
Data and Publications are Available at www.feat.biochem.du.edu.

*Measurements collected, data not final

2015 Heavy-duty Diesel Truck NO_x Emissions by Model Year



Historical HD Diesel Truck NO_x Emissions, Peralta WS CA



Conclusions

- Light-duty gasoline and diesel fleet NO_x emission reductions were late to the party but are now rapidly declining!
- Fuel specific LD truck and diesel emissions contributions are increasing, LD driving mode is no longer a factor and all vehicles do not contribute proportionally to the total.
- NO distributions are more skewed today.
- Heavy-duty NO_x emissions are also declining but operating mode/catalyst temperatures can have a significant influence on levels.