

Charged-Particle Thermonuclear Reaction Rates: III. Nuclear Physics Input

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Abstract

The nuclear physics input used to compute the Monte Carlo reaction rates and probability density functions that are tabulated in the second paper of this series (Paper II) is presented. Specifically, we publish the input files to the Monte Carlo reaction rate code **RatesMC**, which is based on the formalism presented in the first paper of this series (Paper I). This data base contains overwhelmingly experimental nuclear physics information. The survey of literature for this review was concluded in November 2009.

1. Introduction

For a number of reasons, the present evaluation of charged-particle thermonuclear reaction rates represents a significant step forward compared to previous work. First, we developed a new method of computing reaction rates, which is based on Monte Carlo techniques and assigns to each nuclear input quantity a physically motivated probability density function. The method is described in the first paper of this series (Paper I) and the numerical results for reaction rates and rate probability density functions are presented in the second paper of this series (Paper II). Second, a number of years have passed since the last two evaluations [7,117] of similar scope as the present work have been published. The rapid progress seen in the field of nuclear astrophysics over the past few years clearly warrants a new charged-particle reaction rate evaluation. Third, thermonuclear reaction rates are not directly measured quantities, but are derived from a multitude of different nuclear physics input quantities. Consequently, the quality and reliability of a reaction rate evaluation hinges directly on the transparency and reproducibility of the input data. The last two aspects will be addressed in the present paper.

We present here the input files to the Monte Carlo code `RatesMC` containing the nuclear physics data used to compute our reaction rates. For each reaction we list nuclear properties; nonresonant S-factors; recommended resonance energies, strengths and partial widths; upper limits of resonance contributions; numerical rate integrations; and interferences between resonances of same spin and parity. Section 2 contains a brief discussion of general procedures, literature sources and the status of data. In Sec. 3 we focus attention on a number of important issues. A brief summary is given in Sec. 4. The meaning of each input row in a sample input file to `RatesMC` is explained in App. A. The actual nuclear physics input data for each of the reactions evaluated in the present work are listed in App. B.

2. Procedures, sources and status of data

We will briefly describe our procedures for nuclear data analysis and evaluation. The details are too numerous to list here and depend on a case-by-case basis, but some general principles can be outlined. All the available sources of literature have been consulted. We focus our attention on refereed journals, but in exceptional circumstances conference proceedings and Ph.D. theses are also taken into account. If a particular quantity has been measured more than once, we adopt a weighted average (except for resonance strengths; see below), unless there was reason to exclude unreliable measurements. In some cases we succeeded in correcting original data for systematic effects, for example, improved stoichiometries, stopping powers, coincidence summing corrections, and so on. The reader may find the discussions in Refs. [120,181] illuminating.

For many resonances we use the evaluated energies of Endt [69,70]. However, for papers published after 1998 we are compelled to perform our own evaluation. Resonance energies can be measured directly using thick-target excitation functions or are derived by using measured excitation energies and the reaction Q-value ($E_r^{cm} = E_x - Q$; Sec. 5.1.1 in Paper I). We adopted in general the method that resulted in the smallest uncertainties. For reaction Q-values we use the evaluated results of Audi and collaborators [11], unless more recently (after 2003) measured masses have been reported in the literature (see Tab. 1 of Paper II).

Assignments of nuclear level spins and parities are especially precarious in the recent literature. As pointed out in the introduction to his 1990 evaluation [69], Endt carefully distinguished between strong (that is, model-independent) and weak arguments when assigning J^π values. Assignments based on weak arguments were placed in parenthesis by Refs. [69,70]. In most papers published after 1998 this important distinction between strong and weak arguments is blurred and it requires now significant efforts by a reviewer to disentangle the arguments for J^π assignments from different reaction and decay studies. We can hardly overstate to our colleagues the importance of strictly following the established rules for assigning spins and parities (see introduction of Ref. [69] and references therein).

Regarding resonance strengths, we did not follow in general the procedure of the NACRE reaction rate evaluation [7], where for a given resonance the strength is found from a weighted mean of values obtained in different measurements. Instead, whenever possible we normalize literature results to a set of carefully measured “standard” resonance strengths (see Tab. 4.12 in Iliadis [119]). Note that no standard resonance strengths

exist at present, for example, for (α,γ) reactions or for (p,γ) reactions on any of the Ne isotopes.

Partial widths can be derived from measured resonance strengths, mean lifetimes or spectroscopic factors. See Ref. [119] for details. We prefer, whenever feasible, to calculate reaction rates by numerical integration (see Eq. (1) of Paper I) using partial widths as input instead of computing them analytically using the resonance strength (see Eq. (10) of Paper I). The former procedure automatically accounts for the low- and high-energy tails of a resonance and makes any artificial corrections (for example, for “nonresonant” S-factor tails) obsolete. In most cases involving short-lived targets, we compute the partial widths by using measured spectroscopic factors and mean lifetimes of the corresponding levels in the mirror nucleus. This method and its justification has been described in detail by Iliadis et al. [116].

Uncertainties are treated in the following manner. For measured resonance energies the reported or derived mean value and the corresponding (“ 1σ ”) uncertainty is associated with the parameters μ and σ , respectively, of a Gaussian probability density function (Sec. 5.1.1 of Paper I). For measured resonance strengths or partial widths we associate the mean value and corresponding uncertainty with the expectation value and the square root of the variance, respectively, of a lognormal distribution (Sec. 5.1.2 of Paper I). The lognormal parameters μ and σ are then computed from Eq. (27) of Paper I. If uncertainties are not available from the literature, we use certain global values to the best of our judgement: (i) the direct capture reaction rate is usually calculated using the method described in Secs. 2.1 and 5.1.3 of Paper I. It is sometimes assumed that this procedure represents a purely theoretical approach. However, this assumption is incorrect since the absolute magnitude of the direct capture S-factor is determined by using *experimental* spectroscopic factors in Eq. (35) of Paper I. We adopt in most of these cases an uncertainty (square root of the variance) of 40% for the direct capture S-factor (see Eq. (5) of Paper I). This value is based on a systematic comparison of experimental spectroscopic factors from direct capture and from transfer reaction studies [118]; (ii) when particle and γ -ray partial widths are calculated from measured spectroscopic factors and γ -ray transition strengths, we assume uncertainties of 40% and 50%, respectively. The choice of these values is supported by a systematic comparison of partial widths [116] and by an uncertainty analysis of measured spectroscopic factors [202]; (iii) in exceptional cases we adopt spectroscopic factors and γ -ray transition strengths from the nuclear shell model. For the sake of consistency, we assume values of 40% and 50% for the uncertainties of shell model based particle and γ -ray partial widths, respectively.

Upper limits of particle partial widths are sampled according to the procedure outlined in Sec. 5.2.1 of Paper I. Specifically, the Porter-Thomas distribution of dimensionless reduced widths is obtained with mean values of $\langle\theta_p^2\rangle = 0.0045$ for protons (or neutrons) and $\langle\theta_\alpha^2\rangle = 0.010$ for α -particles, and the distribution is truncated at the experimental upper limit of the dimensionless reduced width (see Eq. (38) of Paper I). If the spin and parity of a particular nuclear level is unknown, we assume formation of the expected (but yet undetected) resonance via s-waves ($\ell = 0$).

Table 1 of Paper II contains a list of references for each reaction evaluated in the present work. The list is not exhaustive by any means, but provides the reader with an impression on the most recent or relevant work considered here. We hope that making our recommended input data available to the community represents a step forward in terms of the reproducibility and transparency of evaluated reaction rates.

3. Words of caution

The input data presented in App. B are based on the most reliable information that we are able to extract from the published literature. They reflect our best current knowledge of these parameters. By no means can we exclude the possibility that, for example, a reported resonance strength was derived using the wrong stoichiometry, or that an incorrect J^π value has been reported for a particular nuclear level. This issue should be kept in mind when drawing conclusions from our Monte Carlo reaction rate uncertainties.

Many test runs have been performed to ensure proper functioning of our new Monte Carlo code `RatesMC`. It is gratifying to see that the present reaction rates agree with those calculated using the previous code `RateErrors` [202] in those simple and restricted circumstances where the latter code provides accurate results (see discussion in Sec. 3.3 of Paper I). However, a number of issues are disregarded by `RatesMC` although their implementation is straightforward from a computational point of view: (i) when integrating the rate contribution of a resonance numerically, and the resonance can be formed via two orbital angular momenta, ℓ and $\ell + 2$, we only take the dominant contribution into account when scaling the particle partial width with energy (see Eq. (16) of Paper I); (ii) when integrating the rate contribution of a capture resonance numerically, and the γ -ray decay strength is fragmented, we only take the strongest primary transition (and the associated final state excitation energy) into account when scaling the γ -ray partial width with energy (see Eq. (17) of Paper I); (iii) when upper limits of partial widths are involved, the code samples over a Porter-Thomas distribution of dimensionless reduced widths, with a mean value of $\langle \theta_i^2 \rangle$. The mean value is found from a least-squares fit, as discussed in Sec. 5.2.1 of Paper I, but the *uncertainty of the mean value* is not taken into account in the present version of the code; (iv) in some cases (i.e., for proton-induced reactions on ^{18}F , ^{19}Ne , ^{23}Mg , ^{24}Al , ^{29}P , ^{32}Cl and ^{39}Ca), where information had to be extracted from the mirror nucleus, the analog assignments are not unambiguous. In principle, one could sample over a discrete distribution representing the different choices of analog assignments, but the present version of the code disregards this option; (v) for pairs of competing reactions, such as (p, γ) and (p, α), or (α , γ) and (α ,n), the partial widths entering in the rate calculations are correlated. Therefore, if our reaction rates are used in Monte Carlo nucleosynthesis studies, or are employed to derive the branching ratio (for example, $N_A \langle \sigma v \rangle_{p\alpha} / N_A \langle \sigma v \rangle_{p\gamma}$), then the resulting uncertainties on element abundances or branching ratios are likely overestimated. We did not implement the above options in the code since it is our intention to keep the formalism as simple and transparent as possible. Although we doubt that these issues will have major consequences, we may consider them in a future version of `RatesMC`.

The present Monte Carlo reaction rates also refine the motivation for future measurements in nuclear astrophysics. For example, if an experiment reduces the upper limit of a spectroscopic factor by an order of magnitude, then the “upper limit” of the partial *classical* reaction rate is also reduced by that same factor. However, the Monte Carlo reaction rates, which are more reliable, behave in an entirely different manner, as explained at length in Sec. 4.4 of Paper II. Furthermore, there will be now a new emphasis on precise measurements of resonance energies since the associated uncertainties often give rise to long tails in the reaction rate probability density function (Secs. 4.2 and 4.3 of Paper II).

Finally we would like to comment on “direct” versus “indirect” measurements. The expression “direct” refers to the measurement of a reaction cross section of astrophysical interest. An “indirect” measurement, on the other hand, refers to a study of some nuclear quantity (by using a reaction that is not necessarily the same as the one that occurs in the stellar plasma) from which the cross section of astrophysical interest may be partially inferred. For example, measurements of the reactions $^{21}\text{Na}(p,p)^{21}\text{Na}$, $^{24}\text{Mg}(p,t)^{22}\text{Mg}$ or $^{24}\text{Mg}(^3\text{He},n\gamma)^{22}\text{Mg}$ in order to study astrophysically important ^{22}Mg states represent indirect studies of the $^{21}\text{Na}(p,\gamma)^{22}\text{Mg}$ reaction, whereas an experiment using a radioactive ^{21}Na beam on a hydrogen target is called a direct measurement of the $^{21}\text{Na}(p,\gamma)^{22}\text{Mg}$ reaction¹. The calculation of reaction rates using results from indirect measurements necessarily involves the application of some nuclear model. Unfortunately, the systematic uncertainties introduced by a model are frequently difficult to quantify. For this reason it should be obvious that *a direct measurement is generally preferred over an indirect one, even if the estimated reaction rate uncertainties calculated using results from indirect measurements are relatively small.*

4. Summary

In the present paper of the series (Paper III) we publish the nuclear physics input data used to compute the Monte Carlo reaction rates presented in Paper II. The reaction rates are calculated using the new method discussed in Paper I. Our input data, listed in the appendix, are based on the most reliable information that we are able to extract from the published literature. By making our recommended input data available to the community we intend to improve the reproducibility and transparency of the evaluated reaction rates. The reaction rate uncertainties given in Paper II are statistical in nature and do not account for unknown systematic errors in the nuclear input data listed here. The survey of literature for this review was concluded in November 2009.

5. Acknowledgement

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¹ The reader should not confuse the expression “direct measurement” with the unrelated term “direct reaction” that denotes a single-step nuclear reaction.

Appendix A. Explanation of tables

As an example, we provide below a table with the nuclear data input used to calculate the reaction rates for a hypothetical reaction $X(p,\alpha)Y$ with the code `RatesMC`. None of the entries in this table represent physical values, but are listed here for illustrative purposes only. All kinematic quantities are given in the center of mass reference frame. A row is disregarded as input if it begins with the symbol '!'. The meaning of each input row will be briefly explained.

Sample nuclear data input:

```

01 17X(p,a)14Y
02 *****
03 1      ! Zproj
04 8      ! Ztarget
05 2      ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
06 1.0078 ! Aproj
07 16.999 ! Atarget
08 4.0026 ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
09 0.5    ! Jproj
10 1.5    ! Jtarget
11 0.0    ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
12 5261.3 ! projectile separation energy (keV)
13 4015.3 ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
14 1.25   ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
15 3      ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
16 *****
17 1.0    ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
18 5000   ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
19 0      ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
20 *****
21 Nonresonant Contribution
22 S(keVb)  S'(b)      S''(b/keV)  fracErr  Cutoff Energy (keV)
23 3.1e2    -2.1e-1    4.5e-6      0.4      1200.0
24 0.0      0.0        0.0         0.0      0.0
25 *****
26 Resonant Contribution
27 Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
28 Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
29 Ecm  DEcm  wg    Dwg    Jr  G1  DG1  L1  G2  DG2  L2  G3  DG3  L3  Exf  Int
30 -5.2  0.6   0     0      1  0.022  0.010  2  30.8  2.6  0  0.77  0.21  1  0.0  1
31 477.3 1.1   0     0      4  140   32    1  110  12  3  0.13  0.02  1  0.0  1
32 510.5 2.0   6.0e-1 1.8e-1 0  0     0     0  0    0  0  0     0     0  0.0  0
33 *****
34 Upper Limits of Resonances
35 Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
36 Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
37 Ecm  DEcm  Jr  G1  DG1  L1  PT  G2  DG2  L2  PT  G3  DG3  L3  PT  Exf  Int
38 -3.4  0.7   1   7.9e-3 0.0  1  0.0045 15.0  2.9  1  0.0  0.33  0.07  1  0.0  0.0  1
39 73.5  0.4   1   4.5e-7 1.8e-7 1  0.0  150.0 0.0  1  0.010 0.21  0.02  1  0.0  0.0  1
40 *****
41 Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
42 Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
43 Ecm  DEcm  Jr  G1  DG1  L1  PT  G2  DG2  L2  PT  G3  DG3  L3  PT  Exf
44 +-

```

```

45 -2.3 0.6 1 6.2e-3 0.0 1 0.0045 17.0 1.1 1 0.0 0.71 0.07 1 0.0 0.0
46 89.0 0.8 1 2.9e-9 0.8e-9 1 0.0 230.0 9.0 1 0.0 0.66 0.03 1 0.0 0.0
47 *****
48 Comments:
49 1. Narrow resonance information is adopted from Peterson et al. 1973.

```

Explanation of input:

Row 01: Reaction label.
Row 02: Separator.
Row 03: Projectile charge.
Row 04: Target charge.
Row 05: Charge of *exit particle*; it refers to the channel other than the entrance and the γ -ray channel; =0 if only two channels are open and radiative capture is the only possible reaction.
Row 06: Projectile mass in atomic mass units.
Row 07: Target mass in atomic mass units.
Row 08: Mass of exit particle in atomic mass units.
Row 09: Projectile spin.
Row 10: Target spin.
Row 11: Spin of exit particle.
Row 12: Separation energy of incident particle in keV.
Row 13: Separation energy of exit particle in keV.
Row 14: Radius parameter in fm, used for calculating penetration factor.
Row 15: Label of γ -ray channel; channel 1 refers to the incident particle, channel 2 to the emitted quantum, and channel 3 to the spectator quantum.
Row 16: Separator.
Row 17: Minimum energy cutoff (in keV) for numerical integration of rates.
Row 18: Number of random samples.
Row 19: Flag for temperature output; =0 outputs results at all temperatures.
Row 20: Separator.
Rows 21-22: Comments.
Row 23: Input for nonresonant contribution; S, S', S'' are the parameters $S(0), S'(0), S''(0)$ of the astrophysical S-factor (Eq. 5 of Paper I) in units of keVb, b, b/keV, respectively; **fracErr** is the fractional uncertainty, $\sqrt{V[x]}/E[x]$, of the effective S-factor (Eq. 8 of Paper I); **Cutoff Energy** labels the energy E_{cutoff} (in keV) at which the S-factor is cut off at higher energies; it is related to the cutoff temperature (see Eq. 9 of Paper I) by the expression

$$T_{9,\text{cutoff}} = 19.92 E_{\text{cutoff}}^{3/2} / \sqrt{Z_0^2 Z_1^2 \frac{M_0 M_1}{M_0 + M_1}}$$

where E_{cutoff} is in MeV and all other quantities have the same meaning as in Sec. 2 of Paper I.

Row 24: Input for a second nonresonant contribution, if needed.
 Row 25: Separator.
 Rows 26-29: Comments.
 Row 30: Input for resonance contribution, one input row for each resonance;
Ecm,DEcm: resonance energy and 1σ uncertainty; **wg,Dwg**: resonance strength, $\omega\gamma$, and associated uncertainty; **Jr**: resonance spin;
G1,DG1,L1: incident particle partial width, uncertainty, orbital angular momentum quantum number; for a subthreshold resonance ($E_r < 0$) the dimensionless reduced width (Eq. 14 of Paper I) is listed instead of the entrance channel partial width; **G2,DG2,L2**: partial width, uncertainty, angular momentum quantum number (or multipolarity for γ -rays) of emitted quantum; **G3,DG3,L3**: partial width, uncertainty, angular momentum quantum number (or multipolarity for γ -rays) of spectator quantum; **Exf**: excitation energy of level in residual nucleus that is populated in primary transition; **Int**: =0 for analytical rate calculation; =1 for numerical rate calculation (see Eq. 1 of Paper I); for $E_r < 0$ the rate contribution is always computed numerically; when the resonance strength is entered the rate contribution is always computed analytically, regardless of the flag value; **Ecm,DEcm,Exf** are in units of keV, while resonance strengths and partial widths are in eV.
 Row 31: Input for second resonance; in this example, the rate contribution is calculated from partial widths and the rate is chosen to be integrated numerically.
 Row 32: Input for third resonance; in this example, the rate contribution is calculated from the resonance strength and the rate is necessarily computed analytically.
 Row 33: Separator.
 Rows 34-37: Comments.
 Row 38: Input for resonance contribution when only a partial (or reduced) width upper limit is available for at least one reaction channel; the number of upper limit channels must be less than the number of open channels; the meaning of the input quantities is the same as for row 30, except that (i) resonance strengths are not allowed as input, and (ii) the mean value, **PT**, for the Porter-Thomas distribution of dimensionless reduced widths is entered for each upper limit channel (Sec. 5.2.1 of Paper I); upper limit channels are identified by a non-zero value for the partial (or reduced) width and a zero value for the corresponding uncertainty; in this example, an upper limit for the dimensionless reduced proton width is entered (since $E_r < 0$).
 Row 39: Input for second resonance; in this example, an upper limit for the dimensionless reduced α -particle width is entered.
 Row 40: Separator.
 Rows 41-43: Comments.
 Row 44: Flag for interference between resonances of same spin and parity (Sec. 2.4 of Paper I); +: positive interference; -: negative interference; +-: unknown interference sign (a binary probability density function is then used for the random sampling; Sec. 4.4 of Paper I).

- Rows 45-46: Input for two interfering resonances; the meaning of the input quantities is the same as for row 38, except that the rate contribution is always computed numerically.
- Row 47: Separator.
- Rows 48-49: Comments; references given in this section are summarized again after each table. The symbols G_p , G_a , G_n , G_g and G refer to the proton, α -particle, neutron, γ -ray partial width and total width, respectively; E_r denotes the resonance energy in the center of mass system.

Appendix B. Nuclear physics input

```

14C(p,g)15N
*****
1          ! Zproj
6          ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078     ! Aproj
14.003242  ! Atarget
1.009     ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
0.0       ! Jtarget
0.5       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
10207.42  ! projectile separation energy (keV)
10833.30  ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2        ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Non-Resonant Contribution
S(keVb)   S'(b)       S''(b/keV)   fracErr   Cutoff Energy (keV)
5.24     -1.22e-3      5.9e-7       0.4       1000.0
0.0      0.0        0.0          0.0       0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm  DEcm  wg    Dwg    J    G1    DG1    L1    G2    DG2    L2    G3    DG3    L3    Exf    Int
242.3 0.3   2.9e-4 0.5e-4 2.5  0     0     0     0     0     0     0     0     0     0.0  0
325.9 0.5   3.7e-2 0.6e-2 2.5  0     0     0     0     0     0     0     0     0     0.0  0
242.3 0.3   3.1e-3 0.5e-3 4.5  0     0     0     0     0     0     0     0     0     0.0  0
494.5 0.3   0.84   0.13   2.5  0     0     0     0     0     0     0     0     0     0.0  0
596.6 2.0   0.27   0.04   1.5  0     0     0     0     0     0     0     0     0     0.0  0
1085.4 0.7   0       0       0.5  7.7e3 2.0e3 1     0.29 0.10 1     7.0e2 2.0e2 1     0.0  1
1230.2 0.7   0       0       0.5  6.8e3 0.5e3 0     4.2  0.7  1     34.6e3 0.9e3 0     0.0  1
1408.0 4.0   0       0       0.5  400.9e3 6.3e3 0     21.2 0.8  1     4.0e3 0.2e3 0     0.0  1
2315.0 8.0   0       0       2.5  58.4e3 10.e3 2     0.34 0.15 2     0.0  0.0  2     5300.0 1
3183.0 10.0  0       0       1.5  35.0e3 10.0e3 2     3.0  0.9  1     26.0e3 8.0e3 0     0.0  1
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
Ecm  DEcm  Jr    G1    DG1    L1    PT    G2    DG2    L2    PT    G3    DG3    L3    PT    Exf    Int
! 0.0 0.0  0.0 0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0 0.0  0  0  0.0 0.0  0  0  0.0 0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
Ecm  DEcm  Jr    G1    DG1    L1    PT    G2    DG2    L2    PT    G3    DG3    L3    PT    Exf
!+-
0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0 0.0  0  0  0.0 0.0  0  0  0.0
0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0 0.0  0  0  0.0 0.0  0  0  0.0
*****

```

Comments:

1. Resonance energies are derived from excitation energies (Ajzenberg-Selove 1991) and Q-value (Audi et al. 2003).
2. Resonance strengths are taken from Goerres et al. 1990 for the five low energy resonances.
3. Partial widths for the next five resonances are found in Bartholomew et al. 1955, Ferguson and Gove 1959, French et al. 1961, Kuan et al. (1971; 1976), Ramirez et al. 1972, and Nieceke et al. 1977.
4. As in Goerres et al. 1990, direct capture is calculated using spectroscopic factors from Bommer et al. 1975.

References: Ajzenberg-Selove [4]; Audi et al. [11]; Bartholomew et al. [21]; Bommer et al. [29]; Ferguson and Gove [75]; French et al. [83]; Görres et al. [92]; Kuan et al. [128,129]; Nieceke et al. [162]; Ramirez et al. [171].

14C(a,g)180

```
*****
2          ! Zproj
6          ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
4.0026     ! Aproj
14.003242  ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.0        ! Jproj
0.0        ! Jtarget
0          ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
6226.3     ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0          ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25      ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2          ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0        ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000       ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0          ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
```

Nonresonant Contribution

S(keVb)	S'(b)	S''(b/keV)	fracErr	Cutoff Energy (keV)
3.98e3	1.6	1.64e-3	1.53	2000.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Resonant Contribution

Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if $E_r < 0$, $\theta^2 = C2S \theta_{sp}^2$ must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width

Ecm	DEcm	wg	Dwg	J	G1	DG1	L1	G2	DG2	L2	G3	DG3	L3	Exf	Int
-28.1	0.7	0	0	1.0	0.025	0.020	1	0.178	0.029	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
890.6	1.3	0.45	0.09	3.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1389.6	0.9	1.23	0.25	4.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1638.0	5.0	0.47	0.14	1.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1811.5	0.9	3.22	0.64	1.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1899.0	2.0	2.92	0.58	5.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1987.0	4.0	0	0	2.0	1.0e3	0.8e3	2	0.412	0.093	2	0	0	0	1982.0	1
2056.0	3.0	0	0	3.0	8.0e3	1.0e3	3	0.488	0.129	1	0	0	0	3555.0	1

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where $PT = \langle \theta^2 \rangle$ for particles and...
Note: ... $PT = \langle B \rangle$ for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
178.1	1.3	3	0.9e-15	0.0	3	0.010	0.022	0.017	1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	1980.0	1

Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf
!+-															
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0

Comments:

1. Following Gai et al. 1987, Goerres et al. 1992 and Lugaro et al. 2004, we consider 9 natural parity levels, including one below threshold.
2. Resonance energies are derived from excitation energies (Tilley et al. 1995) and Q-value (Audi et al. 2003).
3. Seven resonance strengths and radiative widths are taken from Gai et al. 1987.

4. Alpha-particle widths for the -28 and 178 keV resonances are extracted from the alpha transfer experiment of Cunsolo et al. 1981, assuming a factor of two uncertainty.
5. Non-resonant contribution is adopted from Goerres et al. 1992.

References: Audi et al. [11]; Cunsolo et al. [49]; Gai et al. [86]; Görres et al. [93]; Lugaro et al. [139]; Tilley et al. [204].

```

14N(a,g)18F
*****
2      ! Zproj
7      ! Ztarget
0      ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
4.0026 ! Aproj
14.003 ! Atarget
0      ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.0    ! Jproj
1.0    ! Jtarget
0      ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
4414.6 ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0      ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25   ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2      ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
2.0    ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000   ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0      ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Nonresonant Contribution
S(keVb)  S'(b)      S''(b/keV)  fracErr      Cutoff Energy (keV)
8.5e1    0.0          0.0         0.79         2000.0
0.0      0.0          0.0         0.0          0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
  Ecm  DEcm  Jr  G1  DG1  L1  G2  DG2  L2  G3  DG3  L3  Exf  Int
  445.4  2.1  0  0  1.0  4.5e-5  0.4e-5  1  0.011  0.003  1  0  0  0  1041.6  1
  883.0  1.6  21.0e-3  1.5e-3  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0.0  0
  1087.4  2.1  0.0057  0.0010  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0.0  0
  1190.26  0.57  1.35  0.10  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0.0  0
  1257.0  0.5  0.45  0.02  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0.0  0
  1375.2  0.6  0.016  0.006  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0.0  0
  1681.8  1.2  0.066  0.013  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0.0  0
  1693.4  3.0  0.027  0.010  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0.0  0
  1825.8  0.9  1.18  0.22  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0.0  0
  1827.4  3.0  1.32  0.24  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0.0  0
  1895.9  0.9  0.17  0.04  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0.0  0
  1970.9  1.8  0.53  0.13  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0.0  0
  2070.3  1.6  0.053  0.020  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0.0  0
  2152.4  1.6  0.097  0.020  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0.0  0
  2229.1  0.9  0.90  0.17  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0.0  0
  2362.4  1.5  0.04  0.02  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0.0  0
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
  Ecm  DEcm  Jr  G1  DG1  L1  PT  G2  DG2  L2  PT  G3  DG3  L3  PT  Exf  Int
  237.4  2.1  4.0  4.1e-15  0.0  4  0.00001  0.1  0.01  1  0.0  0  0  0  0.0  1121.4  0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
  Ecm  DEcm  Jr  G1  DG1  L1  PT  G2  DG2  L2  PT  G3  DG3  L3  PT  Exf
!+-

```

```

0.0    0.0    0.0  0.0  0.0  0  0    0.0  0.0  0  0    0.0  0.0  0  0    0.0
0.0    0.0    0.0  0.0  0.0  0  0    0.0  0.0  0  0    0.0  0.0  0  0    0.0

```

```

*****

```

Comments:

1. Direct capture S-factor from Goerres et al. 2000. Note that it is not based on experimental spectroscopic factors, but was estimated using an alpha-particle spectroscopic factor of $S_a=0.1$ for all final states; we assign a factor 2 uncertainty to the S-factor (yielding a fractional uncertainty of 0.79; see the numerical example at the end of Sec. 5.1.2 of Paper I).
2. $E_r=237$ keV: (i) for estimation of upper limit on alpha-particle partial width, see comments in Paper II; (ii) value of $G_g=0.1\pm 0.01$ eV is a guess (inconsequential since $G_a \ll G_g$).
3. $E_r=445$ keV: partial widths computed using measured resonance strength (Goerres et al. 2000) and measured lifetime (Rolfs, Berka and Azuma 1973).
4. $E_x=4964$ keV ($E_r=549$ keV with $J_p;T=2+;1$) disregarded (isospin-forbidden decay).
5. $E_x=5603/5605$ keV ($E_r=1189/1190$ keV): doublet; measured summed strength adopted here.
6. Strengths for other resonances adopted from Becker et al. 1982; Goerres et al. 2000; Kieser et al. 1979; and Rolfs, Charlesworth and Azuma 1973.
7. Levels with $J_p=0+$ can be disregarded since their population as resonances in $^{14}\text{N}+\alpha$ is forbidden according to angular momentum selection rules.
8. We disregard $E_x=4848$ keV ($J_p=5-; E_r=434$ keV) since this (unobserved) $l=5$ resonance is presumably negligible compared to observed $E_r=445$ keV ($l=1$) resonance.

References: Becker et al. [24]; Görres et al. [88]; Kieser et al. [127]; Rolfs, Berka and Azuma [178]; Rolfs, Charlesworth and Azuma [179].

15N(a,g)19F

```
*****
2      ! Zproj
7      ! Ztarget
0      ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
4.0026 ! Aproj
15.000 ! Atarget
0      ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.0    ! Jproj
0.5    ! Jtarget
0      ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
4013.74 ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0      ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25   ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2      ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
2.0    ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000   ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0      ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
```

Nonresonant Contribution

S(keVb)	S'(b)	S''(b/keV)	fracErr	Cutoff Energy (keV)
6.148e3	0.0	0.0	0.4	1000.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Resonant Contribution

Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width

Ecm	DEcm	wg	Dwg	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	G2	DG2	L2	G3	DG3	L3	Exf	Int
-15.0	0.7	0	0	3.5	0.135	0.05	4	0.035	0.013	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
18.8	1.2	0	0	4.5	1.2e-69	0.4e-69	4	0.0098	0.0022	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
363.96	0.08	6.0e-9	4.7e-9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
536.2	0.8	95.5e-6	11.7e-6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
542.4	0.5	6.4e-6	2.5e-6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
668.8	0.7	5.6e-3	0.6e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1092.9	0.9	9.7e-3	1.6e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1323.0	2.0	0	0	0.5	1.3e3	0.5e3	1	1.69	0.14	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
1404.0	1.0	0.380	0.044	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1449.8	1.5	2.10	0.14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1487.0	1.7	0	0	1.5	4.e3	1.e3	1	1.78	0.17	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
1521.0	2.0	0.344	0.040	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1607.0	1.0	0.323	0.038	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1924.0	1.0	0.416	0.048	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2056.0	1.0	0	0	3.5	1.2e3	0.4e3	3	0.525	0.065	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
2074.0	1.0	0	0	1.5	4.7e3	1.6e3	2	2.5	0.3	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
2086.0	2.0	0.440	0.069	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2146.9	0.9	2.40	0.50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2268.0	2.0	0	0	2.5	2.4e3	0.7e3	3	0.33	0.07	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
2316.0	2.0	0	0	3.5	2.4e3	0.7e3	3	0.19	0.04	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
2483.0	1.4	1.7	0.30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2486.3	0.9	2.3	0.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2513.8	1.4	0	0	1.5	4.e3	1.5e3	1	1.2	0.2	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
2540.0	2.0	0	0	3.5	1.6e3	0.5e3	3	0.16	0.03	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
2578.0	2.0	1.6	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2773.0	2.0	10.9	1.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2824.7	0.9	0	0	2.5	1.2e3	0.4e3	3	0.33	0.07	1	0	0	0	0.0	1

2877.0	4.0	0	0	1.5	28.e3	8.e3	2	3.0	0.7	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
2912.8	1.7	0	0	3.5	2.4e3	0.8e3	4	2.4	0.4	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
3152.5	0.7	1.00	0.12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
3525.9	0.9	17.5	1.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
3646.9	0.9	3.7	0.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
3923.0	3.0	3.1	0.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
4274.0	2.0	0.55	0.06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
4296.3	1.2	2.1	0.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
4356.0	4.0	0	0	3.5	7.5e3	1.5e3	3	0.13	0.05	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
4569.8	1.6	5.1	1.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
4578.2	1.0	0	0	1.5	2.0e3	0.1e3	2	0.8	0.2	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
4615.0	4.0	2.5	0.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
4850.0	4.0	0.20	0.05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
4939.0	3.0	0.89	0.13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
5016.0	5.0	0	0	2.5	4.2e3	1.0e3	2	0.18	0.09	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
5086.0	0.7	0.48	0.15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
5087.0	4.0	0.4	0.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
5153.0	1.4	0	0	0.5	6.2e3	0.5e3	1	1.4	1.0	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
5190.0	7.0	0	0	1.5	10.2e3	1.5e3	1	0.8	0.3	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
5253.0	4.0	0	0	5.5	2.e3	1.e3	5	0.025	0.007	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
5266.0	5.0	0.38	0.09	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
5307.0	1.1	0	0	0.5	5.0e3	0.2e3	1	3.4	1.7	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
5495.0	4.0	0.7	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
5522.7	2.0	0	0	2.5	6.3e3	1.5e3	3	0.17	0.06	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
5572.0	3.0	0	0	3.5	8.9e3	1.2e3	3	1.3	0.8	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
5628.0	6.0	0	0	1.5	8.e3	4.e3	1	0.5	0.25	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
5640.0	6.0	0	0	1.5	6.e3	3.e3	1	1.0	0.5	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
5653.8	1.5	0	0	1.5	3.6e3	0.4e3	1	0.5	0.25	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
5696.0	4.0	4.0	0.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
5806.0	1.0	3.5	0.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
5820.0	3.0	0.51	0.10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
5860.0	1.8	3.6	0.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
5912.0	3.0	19.3	3.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
6074.0	5.0	2.37	0.50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
6123.3	0.8	0	0	1.5	4.3e3	0.6e3	2	1.6	0.5	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
6351.0	4.0	0	0	3.5	3.0e3	1.5e3	3	0.2	0.1	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
6397.0	3.0	15.0	3.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT= $\langle\theta^2\rangle$ for particles and...

Note: ...PT= for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
-105.57	0.21	1.5	5.0e-2	0.0	1	0.010	0.073	0.041	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	1

Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf
!+-															
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0

Comments:

1. Same input data as in Angulo et al. 1999 (NACRE), except for the resonances measured by Wilmes et al. 2002.
2. For the important 4.38 MeV and near threshold levels, we use transfer data from de Oliveira et al. 1996.
3. Direct capture S-factor adopted from de Oliveira et al. 1996 (after correction for -105 keV contribution to nonresonant S-factor).

References: Angulo et al. [7]; de Oliveira et al. [54]; Wilmes et al. [220].

```

150(a,g)19Ne
*****
2          ! Zproj
8          ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
4.0026    ! Aproj
15.003    ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.0       ! Jproj
0.5       ! Jtarget
0          ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
3529.1    ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0          ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2          ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Nonresonant Contribution
S(keVb)  S'(b)  S''(b/keV)  fracErr  Cutoff Energy (keV)
2.0e4    0.0    0.0           0.4      1000.0
0.0      0.0    0.0           0.0      0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm      DEcm  wg      Dwg     J      G1      DG1     L1  G2      DG2     L2  G3      DG3     L3  Exf  Int
505.4    1.0    0        0       1.5    1.0e-5  1.5e-5  1  0.082  0.017  1  0  0  0  0.0  1
848.7    0.8    0        0       3.5    1.5e-4  2.3e-4  3  0.458  0.092  1  0  0  0  0.0  1
1018.6   1.2    0        0       0.5    3.5e-3  0.9e-3  0  0.032  0.005  1  0  0  0  0.0  1
1072.7   1.0    0        0       2.5    0.026  0.007  3  0.060  0.016  1  0  0  0  0.0  1
1183.0   10.0   0        0       2.5    0.24   0.09   2  0.043  0.008  1  0  0  0  0.0  1
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by chosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
Ecm      DEcm  Jr      G1      DG1     L1  PT  G2      DG2     L2  PT  G3      DG3     L3  PT  Exf  Int
!0.0     0.0    0.0     0.0     0.0     0  0  0.0     0.0     0  0  0.0     0.0     0  0  0.0  0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
Ecm      DEcm  Jr      G1      DG1     L1  PT  G2      DG2     L2  PT  G3      DG3     L3  PT  Exf
!+-
0.0      0.0    0.0     0.0     0.0     0  0  0.0     0.0     0  0  0.0     0.0     0  0  0.0
0.0      0.0    0.0     0.0     0.0     0  0  0.0     0.0     0  0  0.0     0.0     0  0  0.0
*****
Comments:
1. Resonance energies are deduced from the excitation energies given by Tilley et al. 1995 and Tan et al. 2005.
2. Total widths are deduced from DSAM measurements by Tilley et al. 1995, Tan et al. 2005, Kanungo et al. 2006
   and Mythili et al. 2008.
3. Alpha-particle widths for the first two resonances are deduced from measurements of alpha-particle transfer
   to the mirror levels, performed by Mao et al. 1995 and de Oliveira et al. 1996.
4. Other alpha-particle widths are obtained from measured alpha-particle branching ratios (Davids et al. 2003).
5. A constant value of 20 MeV b is adopted for the direct capture contribution (Langanke et al. 1986; Dufour and

```

Descouvemont 2000).

6. Above 0.6 GK, the rate is matched using results from the TALYS statistical model code (Goriely et al. 2008).

References: Davids et al. [53]; Dufour and Descouvemont [65]; Goriely, Hilaire and Koning [94]; Kanungo et al. [125]; Langanke et al. [133]; Mao, Fortune and Lacaze [148]; Mythili et al. [158]; de Oliveira et al. [54]; Tan et al. [199]; Tilley [204].

```

160(a,g)20Ne
*****
2      ! Zproj
8      ! Ztarget
0      ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
4.0026 ! Aproj
15.9949 ! Atarget
0      ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.0    ! Jproj
0.0    ! Jtarget
0      ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
4729.85 ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0      ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25   ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2      ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
2.0    ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000   ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0      ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Non-Resonant Contribution
S(keVb)      S'(b)      S''(b/keV)      fracErr      Cutoff Energy (keV)
3.62e3       -0.6872      0.0              0.4           1500.0
0.0          0.0          0.0              0.0           0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
  Ecm  DEcm  wg   Dwg   Jr   G1   DG1  L1  G2   DG2  L2  G3  DG3  L3  Exf  Int
  891.6  1.7   0    0     3   2.4e-3 0.7e-3 3   2.7e-4 0.8e-4 1  0  0  0  1633.7  1
  1057.9  2.6   0    0     1   28.0  3.0   1   6.7e-3 1.0e-3 1  0  0  0  1633.7  1
  1995.2  5.0   0    0     0   1.9e4 0.9e3 0   7.1e-2 1.2e-2 2  0  0  0  1633.7  1
  2426.5  0.5   0    0     3   8.2e3 0.3e3 3   1.5e-3 0.2e-3 1  0  0  0  4247.7  1
  2461.2  3.0   0    0     0   3.4e3 0.2e3 0   4.4e-3 0.8e-3 2  0  0  0  1633.7  1
  2692.1  1.2   0    0     2   8.0e3 1.0e3 2   3.0e-2 4.0e-3 1  0  0  0  1633.7  1
  3103.6  1.5   0    0     2   2.0e3 0.5e3 2   6.9e-2 0.7e-2 2  0  0  0  0.0     1
  3978.2  7.0   0.21 0.05  0   0     0     0   0     0     0  0  0  0  0.0     0
  4047.8  2.2   1.35 0.15  0   0     0     0   0     0     0  0  0  0  0.0     0
  4301.2  7.0   3.05 0.38  0   0     0     0   0     0     0  0  0  0  0.0     0
  4386.2  3.0   0.18 0.02  0   0     0     0   0     0     0  0  0  0  0.0     0
  4753.2  3.0   1.3   0.5   0   0     0     0   0     0     0  0  0  0  0.0     0
  5260.2  8.0   8.0   3.0   0   0     0     0   0     0     0  0  0  0  0.0     0
  5543.4  1.9   19.5  1.5   0   0     0     0   0     0     0  0  0  0  0.0     0
  6360.2  3.0   30.2  3.5   0   0     0     0   0     0     0  0  0  0  0.0     0
  6540.2  5.0   2.06 0.25  0   0     0     0   0     0     0  0  0  0  0.0     0
  6828.2  4.0   0.41 0.05  0   0     0     0   0     0     0  0  0  0  0.0     0
  7198.2  4.0   0.23 0.05  0   0     0     0   0     0     0  0  0  0  0.0     0
  7221.2  4.0   0.131 0.002 0   0     0     0   0     0     0  0  0  0  0.0     0
  7491.2  4.0   1.41 0.23  0   0     0     0   0     0     0  0  0  0  0.0     0
  7526.2  3.0   6.6   0.8   0   0     0     0   0     0     0  0  0  0  0.0     0
  7671.2  5.0   1.94 0.15  0   0     0     0   0     0     0  0  0  0  0.0     0
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
  Ecm  DEcm  Jr   G1   DG1  L1  PT  G2   DG2  L2  PT  G3  DG3  L3  PT  Exf  Int

```

```

!0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
Ecm   DEcm  Jr   G1   DG1  L1  PT   G2   DG2  L2  PT   G3   DG3  L3  PT   Exf
!+-
0.0   0.0   0.0  0.0  0.0  0  0   0.0  0.0  0  0   0.0  0.0  0  0   0.0
0.0   0.0   0.0  0.0  0.0  0  0   0.0  0.0  0  0   0.0  0.0  0  0   0.0
*****
Comments:
1. Resonance strengths from Tilley et al. 1998 (see also Angulo et al. 1999).
2. For Er<3.5 MeV (except for lowest resonances; see below), G and wg from Tilley et al. 1998, Mayer 2001 and
   Angulo et al. 1999 used to calculate partial widths.
3. Direct capture S-factor estimated from transitions shown in Fig. 1 of Mohr 2005, but disregarding the
   transitions due to Er=1058 keV resonance (they taken into account in the resonance input); we increased the
   uncertainty slightly (40%) compared to Mohr 2005 (30%).
4. Er=1058 keV: partial widths calculated from wg (Tilley et al. 1998) and Ga=28+-3 eV (MacArthur et al. 1980).
5. Er=892 keV: partial widths calculated from wg (Tilley et al. 1998) and tau=246 fs (weighted average of
   values in Ajzenberg-Selove 1972); solution of quadratic equation gives Gx=2.4e-3 eV and Gy=2.7e-4 eV; the
   larger value is identified with Ga, in agreement with (6Li,d) measurement (Mao et al. 1996).

```

References: Ajzenberg-Selove [3]; Angulo et al. [7]; MacArthur et al. [144]; Mao, Fortune and Lacaze [149]; Mayer [150]; Mohr [152]; Tilley et al. [205].

170(p,g)18F

```
*****
1          ! Zproj
8          ! Ztarget
2          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
16.999    ! Atarget
4.0026    ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
2.5       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
5606.5    ! projectile separation energy (keV)
4414.6    ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Non-Resonant Contribution
S(keVb)  S'(b)  S''(b/keV)  fracErr  Cutoff Energy (keV)
4.62     0.0    0.0          0.23     1200
0.0      0.0    0.0          0.0      0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm      DEcm  wg      Dwg      Jr      G1      DG1     L1      G2      DG2     L2  G3      DG3     L3  Exf  Int
-3.12    0.57   0        0         1      0.054  0.018   2      0.485  0.051  1  42.8   1.6    0  0.0  1
489.9    1.2    1.3e-2   0.16e-2   0      0       0       0      0       0       0  0       0     0  0.0  0
529.9    0.3    1.1e-1   2.5e-2    0      0       0       0      0       0       0  0       0     0  0.0  0
556.7    1.0    0        0         3      14000  500     0      0.57   0.13   1  5.0    0.6    2  0.0  1
633.9    0.9    0.16     0.026     0      0       0       0      0       0       0  0       0     0  0.0  0
704.0    0.9    3.2e-2   7.0e-3    0      0       0       0      0       0       0  0       0     0  0.0  0
878.4    1.6    1.8e-2   0.7e-2    0      0       0       0      0       0       0  0       0     0  0.0  0
1170.5   1.5    1.40e-1  2.8e-2    0      0       0       0      0       0       0  0       0     0  0.0  0
1196.6   1.5    2.7e-2   0.92e-2   0      0       0       0      0       0       0  0       0     0  0.0  0
1270.8   1.7    5.0e-2   1.9e-2    0      0       0       0      0       0       0  0       0     0  0.0  0
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
Ecm      DEcm  Jr      G1      DG1     L1      PT      G2      DG2     L2  PT      G3      DG3     L3  PT      Exf  Int
!0.0     0.0    0        0.0     0.0     0       0.0     0.0     0.0     0  0       0.0     0.0     0  0       0.0  0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
Ecm      DEcm  Jr      G1      DG1     L1      PT      G2      DG2     L2  PT      G3      DG3     L3  PT      Exf
+-
-1.64    0.57   1      8.2e-3  0.0     1      0.0045  0.894  0.074  1  0.0  32.0  2.1  1  0.0  0.0
65.1     0.5    1      1.9e-8  3.2e-9  1      0.0     0.44  0.02  1  0.0  130.0  5.0  1  0.0  0.0
+-
183.35   0.25   2      0.0040  0.00024  1      0.0     0.0096  0.0036  1  0.0  13.3  5.5  1  0.0  0.0
1037.2   0.9    2      368.0   61.0    1      0.0     0.84  0.20  1  0.0  231.0  40.0  1  0.0  0.0
+-
```

```
676.7 1.0 2 10000 500 0 0.0 1.09 0.23 1 0.0 27.0 3.0 2 0.0 0.0
779.0 1.8 2 109.0 11.0 0 0.0 0.261 0.068 1 0.0 286.0 87.0 2 0.0 0.0
*****
```

Comments:

1. For the 557 and 677 keV resonances, we have $w_g = wG_g$ since $G = G_p$.

170(p,a)14N

```
*****
1          ! Zproj
8          ! Ztarget
2          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
16.999    ! Atarget
4.0026    ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
2.5       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
5606.5    ! projectile separation energy (keV)
4414.6    ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
3         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
```

Nonresonant Contribution

S(keVb)	S'(b)	S''(b/keV)	fracErr	Cutoff Energy (keV)
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Resonant Contribution

Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, $\theta^2=C2S*\theta_{sp}^2$ must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width

Ecm	DEcm	wg	Dwg	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	G2	DG2	L2	G3	DG3	L3	Exf	Int
-3.12	0.57	0	0	1	0.054	0.018	2	42.8	1.6	0	0.485	0.051	1	0.0	1
489.9	1.2	0	0	4	138	26	1	106	17	3	0.1	0.001	1	0.0	1
501.5	3.0	0	0	1	0.20	0.02	2	33.6	3.3	0	0.1	0.001	1	0.0	1
556.7	1.0	0	0	3	14000	500	0	5.0	0.6	2	0.1	0.001	1	0.0	1
633.9	0.9	0	0	3	58.2	7.0	1	133	24	3	0.1	0.001	1	0.0	1
635.5	3.0	0	0	3	40.8	3.7	1	137	35	3	0.1	0.001	1	0.0	1
655.5	2.5	0	0	1	27	3	2	575	120	0	0.1	0.001	1	0.0	1
676.7	1.0	0	0	2	10000	500	0	27	3	2	0.1	0.001	1	0.0	1
704.0	0.9	0	0	3	525	117	0	426	82	2	0.1	0.001	1	0.0	1
779.0	1.8	0	0	2	109	11	0	286	87	2	0.1	0.001	1	0.0	1
878.4	1.6	0	0	3	277	91	0	123	25	2	0.1	0.001	1	0.0	1
960.5	1.6	0	0	5	1.2	0.1	2	560	132	4	0.1	0.001	1	0.0	1
1026.5	10.0	0	0	1	2920	315	1	77090	2000	1	0.1	0.001	1	0.0	1
1037.2	0.9	0	0	2	368	61	1	231	40	1	0.1	0.001	1	0.0	1
1170.5	1.5	0	0	4	9000	1000	2	150	24	4	0.1	0.001	1	0.0	1
1204.5	10.0	0	0	2	2750	450	0	210	67	2	0.1	0.001	1	0.0	1
1250.5	10.0	0	0	3	5000	1000	1	30	7	3	0.1	0.001	1	0.0	1
1594.5	2.1	0	0	4	29400	1000	2	500	58	4	0.1	0.001	1	0.0	1
1640.5	2.1	0	0	1	5000	1000	2	55000	5000	0	0.1	0.001	1	0.0	1
1684.5	2.1	0	0	3	15820	1426	1	44180	15000	3	0.1	0.001	1	0.0	1

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where $PT=\langle\theta^2\rangle$ for particles and...
Note: ...PT= for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
!0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0

Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf
-1.64	0.57	1	8.2e-3	0.0	1	0.0045	32.0	2.1	1	0.0	0.894	0.074	1	0.0	0.0
65.1	0.5	1	1.9e-8	3.2e-9	1	0.0	130.0	5.0	1	0.0	0.44	0.02	1	0.0	0.0
183.35	0.25	2	0.0040	0.00024	1	0.0	13.3	5.5	1	0.0	0.0096	0.0036	1	0.0	0.0
1202.5	5.0	2	16570	1600	1	0.0	71500	2000	1	0.0	0.1	0.001	1	0.0	0.0

Comments:

1. Gg=0.1+-0.001 eV for Er=1203 keV and Er=490-1685 keV is a guess (inconsequential).

180(p,g)19F

```
*****
1          ! Zproj
8          ! Ztarget
2          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
17.999    ! Atarget
4.0026    ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
0.0       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
7994.8    ! projectile separation energy (keV)
4013.74   ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
```

Nonresonant Contribution

S(keVb)	S'(b)	S''(b/keV)	fracErr	Cutoff Energy (keV)
1.57e1	0.34e-3	-2.42e-6	0.4	1000.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Resonant Contribution

Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width

Ecm	DEcm	wg	Dwg	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	G2	DG2	L2	G3	DG3	L3	Exf	Int
19.3	0.7	0	0	2.5	2.3e-19	0.5e-19	2	2.3	1.0	1	2.5e3	1.0e3	3	0.0	1
142.9	0.1	0	0	0.5	1.67e-1	0.12e-1	0	0.72	0.15	1	1.23e2	0.24e2	1	0.0	1
204.2	1.0	5.0e-6	1.0e-6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
259.5	2.6	3.7e-5	0.5e-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
315.2	1.3	0	0	2.5	1.9e-2	0.3e-2	2	0.78	0.34	1	47.0	19.0	3	0.0	1
588.7	1.7	1.0e-2	0.2e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
597.1	1.2	0	0	1.5	1.4e2	0.7e2	1	0.71	0.39	1	2.0e3	0.1e3	2	0.0	1
798.4	1.6	0	0	0.5	24.6e3	1.4e3	0	2.5	0.4	1	20.e3	1.0e3	1	0.0	1
931.9	2.8	0	0	1.5	76.0	7.0	1	0.34	0.06	1	3.5e3	0.3e3	2	0.0	1
1106.2	4.0	0.29	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1172.2	1.5	0	0	0.5	0.38e3	0.03e3	0	1.4	1.0	1	5.4e3	0.38e3	1	0.0	1
1323.2	2.1	0.08	0.01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1326.2	1.2	0	0	0.5	0.22e3	0.02e3	0	3.4	1.7	1	4.7e3	0.4e3	1	0.0	1
1541.6	2.1	0.025	0.005	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1571.0	3.0	0.041	0.010	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1580.0	4.0	0.06	0.01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1591.0	3.0	0.025	0.004	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1672.7	1.6	0	0	1.5	2.0e3	0.6e3	2	1.0	0.4	1	1.4e3	0.4e3	1	0.0	1
1825.2	1.2	2.8	0.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1879.2	1.9	0.13	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1892.0	3.0	0	0	0.5	11.e3	3.0e3	0	0.36	0.20	1	18.0e3	5.4e3	1	0.0	1

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...

Note: ...PT= for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
89.0	3.0	1.5	8.0e-8	2.5e-8	1	0	0.60	0.25	1	0	3.0e3	0.0	2	0.010	0.0	1

Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0

Comments:

1. Almost the same input data as in Angulo et al. 1999 (NACRE) are adopted here; however, we obtain the resonant rate contributions by numerical integration, whenever possible.
2. Proton width for Er=19 keV from Champagne and Pitt 1986 and La Cognata et al. 2008, while total and radiative widths are from a private communication quoted in Wiescher et al. 1980.
3. Proton, total and radiative widths for Er=89 keV are adopted from Lorentz-Wirzba et al. 1979, Tilley et al. 1995 and a private communication quoted in Wiescher et al. 1980, respectively.
4. Direct capture S-factor adopted from Wiescher et al. 1980.
5. Above T=5 GK the rate is extrapolated using the MOST Hauser-Feshbach rate.

References: Angulo et al. [7]; Champagne and Pitt [36]; La Cognata et al. [132]; Lorentz-Wirzba et al. [136]; Tilley et al. [204]; Wiescher et al. [219].

180(p,a)15N

```
*****
1          ! Zproj
8          ! Ztarget
2          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
17.999    ! Atarget
4.0026    ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
0.0       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
7994.8    ! projectile separation energy (keV)
4013.74   ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
3         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
```

Non-Resonant Contribution

S(keVb)	S'(b)	S''(b/keV)	fracErr	Cutoff Energy (keV)
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Resonant Contribution

Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if $E_r < 0$, $\theta^2 = C2S * \theta_{sp}^2$ must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width

Ecm	DEcm	wg	Dwg	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	G2	DG2	L2	G3	DG3	L3	Exf	Int
19.3	0.7	0	0	2.5	2.3e-19	0.5e-19	2	2.5e3	1.0e3	3	2.3	1.0	1	0.0	1
142.9	0.1	0	0	0.5	1.67e-1	0.12e-1	0	1.23e2	0.24e2	1	0.72	0.15	1	0.0	1
315.2	1.3	0	0	2.5	1.9e-2	0.3e-2	2	4.7e1	1.9e1	3	0.78	0.34	1	0.0	1
597.1	1.2	0	0	1.5	1.4e2	0.7e2	1	2.0e3	0.1e3	2	0.71	0.39	1	0.0	1
931.9	2.8	0	0	1.5	7.6e1	0.7e1	1	3.5e3	0.3e3	2	0.34	0.06	1	0.0	1
1106.2	4.0	0	0	3.5	4.7	0.6	4	5.6e2	0.76e2	3	0	0	0	0.0	1
1172.2	1.5	0	0	0.5	3.8e2	0.3e2	0	5.4e3	0.38e3	1	1.4	1.0	1	0.0	1
1326.2	1.2	0	0	0.5	2.2e2	0.2e2	0	4.7e3	0.4e3	1	3.4	1.7	1	0.0	1
1672.7	1.6	0	0	1.5	2.0e3	0.6e3	2	1.4e3	0.4e3	1	1.0	0.4	1	0.0	1
1825.2	1.2	0	0	2.5	9.0e1	3.0e1	3	7.0e1	2.0e1	2	0	0	0	0.0	1
1892.0	3.0	0	0	0.5	1.1e4	0.3e4	0	1.8e4	0.54e4	1	0.36	0.20	1	0.0	1
2167.0	3.0	0	0	0.5	2.2e3	0.7e3	0	0.9e3	0.3e3	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
2237.0	3.0	0	0	0.5	2.7e3	0.8e3	0	1.6e3	0.5e3	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
2259.0	3.0	0	0	0.5	1.0e4	3.0e3	0	12.0e3	4.0e3	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
2313.0	4.0	0	0	1.5	4.9e3	1.5e3	2	4.3e3	1.3e3	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
2501.5	1.4	0	0	1.5	2.3e3	0.7e3	2	0.95e3	0.3e3	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
2619.5	1.7	0	0	2.5	0.66e3	0.20e3	2	1.0e3	0.3e3	3	0	0	0	0.0	1
2768.5	2.6	0	0	0.5	4.3e3	1.3e3	1	1.1e3	0.3e3	0	0	0	0	0.0	1
2864.9	2.0	0	0	2.5	12.3e3	3.7e3	2	5.4e3	1.6e3	3	0	0	0	0.0	1
2980.2	2.6	0	0	1.5	4.7e3	1.4e3	2	4.3e3	1.3e3	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
3291.0	7.0	0	0	2.5	4.07e3	0.95e3	2	7.7e3	4.8e3	3	0	0	0	0.0	1
3355.0	25.0	0	0	0.5	228.3e3	1.9e3	0	43.0e3	31.0e3	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
3455.0	3.5	0	0	0.5	16.1e3	2.8e3	1	22.0e3	7.0e3	0	0	0	0	0.0	1
3507.0	5.0	0	0	1.5	11.4e3	1.9e3	1	16.0e3	6.0e3	2	0	0	0	0.0	1
3545.0	7.0	0	0	2.5	3.5e3	1.0e3	2	18.3e3	4.8e3	3	0	0	0	0.0	1
3608.0	12.0	0	0	1.5	26.0e3	8.0e3	1	43.0e3	16.0e3	2	0	0	0	0.0	1
3658.0	4.0	0	0	1.5	11.2e3	1.8e3	2	19.0e3	8.0e3	1	0	0	0	0.0	1

4045.0	20.0	0	0	0.5	70.0e3	60.0e3	1	64.0e3	16.0e3	0	0	0	0	0.0	1
4141.0	8.0	0	0	1.5	61.0e3	15.0e3	1	51.0e3	9.0e3	2	0	0	0	0.0	1
4227.0	12.	0	0	1.5	39.0e3	10.0e3	2	36.0e3	9.0e3	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
4527.0	7.0	0	0	0.5	2.6e3	0.9e3	1	13.4e3	4.4e3	0	0	0	0	0.0	1
4582.0	10.0	0	0	2.5	4.3e3	1.6e3	2	44.4e3	7.8e3	3	0	0	0	0.0	1
4585.0	25.0	0	0	0.5	112.0e3	28.0e3	1	226.0e3	33.0e3	0	0	0	0	0.0	1
4785.0	10.0	0	0	2.5	12.3e3	6.2e3	2	82.0e3	33.0e3	3	0	0	0	0.0	1
4865.0	30.0	0	0	1.5	118.0e3	25.0e3	2	161.0e3	24.0e3	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
4945.0	25.0	0	0	2.5	11.0e3	8.0e3	2	76.0e3	14.0e3	3	0	0	0	0.0	1
4985.0	50.0	0	0	0.5	18.0e3	10.0e3	1	105.0e3	33.0e3	0	0	0	0	0.0	1
5095.0	75.0	0	0	1.5	71.0e3	27.0e3	1	213.0e3	56.0e3	2	0	0	0	0.0	1
5322.0	8.0	0	0	3.5	9.1e3	2.1e3	3	22.0e3	10.0e3	4	0	0	0	0.0	1
5365.0	25.0	0	0	1.5	1.9e3	1.2e3	1	36.0e3	18.0e3	2	0	0	0	0.0	1
5737.0	11.0	0	0	3.5	11.6e3	2.2e3	3	43.0e3	9.0e3	4	0	0	0	0.0	1
6045.0	20.0	0	0	2.5	11.4e3	2.8e3	2	129.0e3	29.0e3	3	0	0	0	0.0	1
6105.0	21.0	0	0	1.5	7.6e3	2.8e3	1	76.0e3	29.0e3	2	0	0	0	0.0	1
6335.0	20.0	0	0	1.5	8.5e3	2.8e3	1	67.0e3	29.0e3	2	0	0	0	0.0	1
6705.0	20.0	0	0	1.5	19.9e3	4.7e3	1	103.0e3	38.0e3	2	0	0	0	0.0	1
6745.0	50.0	0	0	0.5	95.0e3	24.0e3	0	265.0e3	70.0e3	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
6785.0	20.0	0	0	2.5	29.9e3	5.7e3	2	179.0e3	48.0e3	3	0	0	0	0.0	1
6925.0	30.0	0	0	3.5	19.0e3	3.8e3	3	178.0e3	29.0e3	4	0	0	0	0.0	1
7365.0	20.0	0	0	0.5	5.7e3	1.9e3	1	61.0e3	10.0e3	0	0	0	0	0.0	1
7405.0	30.0	0	0	2.5	6.6e3	1.9e3	2	73.0e3	24.0e3	3	0	0	0	0.0	1
7775.0	21.0	0	0	1.5	7.6e3	2.8e3	1	89.0e3	24.0e3	2	0	0	0	0.0	1
8205.0	40.0	0	0	1.5	15.2e3	3.8e3	2	155.0e3	29.0e3	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
8235.0	30.0	0	0	3.5	12.3e3	3.8e3	3	209.0e3	38.0e3	4	0	0	0	0.0	1
8285.0	20.0	0	0	1.5	12.3e3	3.8e3	1	154.0e3	29.0e3	2	0	0	0	0.0	1
9055.0	40.0	0	0	1.5	37.0e3	7.6e3	1	293.0e3	67.0e3	2	0	0	0	0.0	1
9165.0	40.0	0	0	3.5	28.4e3	7.6e3	3	294.0e3	67.0e3	4	0	0	0	0.0	1
9455.0	30.0	0	0	1.5	2.8e3	1.9e3	1	29.0e3	19.0e3	2	0	0	0	0.0	1
9655.0	60.0	0	0	3.5	4.7e3	2.8e3	3	90.0e3	57.0e3	4	0	0	0	0.0	1
9935.0	40.0	0	0	1.5	21.8e3	4.7e3	1	232.0e3	57.0e3	2	0	0	0	0.0	1
10035.0	40.0	0	0	3.5	30.3e3	6.6e3	3	333.0e3	57.0e3	4	0	0	0	0.0	1
11075.0	60.0	0	0	1.5	20.8e3	6.6e3	1	532.0e3	142.0e3	2	0	0	0	0.0	1
11835.0	150.0	0	0	2.5	12.3e3	5.7e3	3	355.0e3	57.0e3	2	0	0	0	0.0	1
11895.0	30.0	0	0	1.5	37.0e3	7.6e3	1	435.0e3	57.0e3	2	0	0	0	0.0	1
12815.0	50.0	0	0	0.5	30.3e3	4.7e3	1	381.0e3	57.0e3	0	0	0	0	0.0	1
12935.0	50.0	0	0	1.5	11.4e3	3.8e3	1	305.0e3	48.0e3	2	0	0	0	0.0	1
13055.0	50.0	0	0	3.5	23.7e3	4.7e3	3	423.0e3	29.0e3	4	0	0	0	0.0	1

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where $PT = \langle \theta^2 \rangle$ for particles and...

Note: ...PT= for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
89.0	3.0	1.5	8.0e-8	2.5e-8	1	0.0	3.0e3	0.0	2	0.010	0.6	0.25	1	0.0	0.0	1
204.2	1.0	2.5	7.7e-4	2.0e-4	2	0.0	0.8e3	0.0	3	0.010	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	1

Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf
+-															
656.0	30.0	0.5	5.6e3	1.0e3	0	0.0	2.0e5	1.1e5	1	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0
798.4	1.6	0.5	2.46e4	0.14e4	0	0.0	2.0e4	1.0e3	1	0.0	2.5	0.4	1	0.0	0.0

Comments: 12/11/09

1. Up to Er=2 MeV, input data are taken from the same source as for the 180(p,g)19F reaction (see previous

- table); for higher energies the partial widths are adopted from Sellin et al. 1969, Orihara et al. 1973, Almanza et al. 1975 and Murillo et al. 1979.
2. For broad 656 keV resonance, parameters are adopted from Yagi 1962, Mak et al. 1978 and Lorentz-Wirzba et al. 1979.
 3. Interference between the Er=656 and 798 keV resonances ($J_p=1/2^+$) is included.

References: Almanza et al. [5]; Lorentz-Wirzba et al. [136]; Mak et al. [147]; Murillo et al. [156]; Orihara, Rudolf and Gorodetzky [163]; Sellin, Newson and Bilpuch [189]; Yagi [224].

```

180(a,g)22Ne
*****
2      ! Zproj
8      ! Ztarget
0      ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
4.0026 ! Aproj
17.9992 ! Atarget
1.009  ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.0    ! Jproj
0.0    ! Jtarget
0.5    ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
9668.1 ! projectile separation energy (keV)
10364.3 ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25   ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2      ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
2.0    ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000   ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0      ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Non-Resonant Contribution
S(keVb)      S'(b)      S''(b/keV)      fracErr      Cutoff Energy (keV)
6.7e4        -39.6        1.4e-2          0.5          2500.0
0.0          0.0          0.0             0.0          0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm  DEcm  wg    Dwg    Jr    G1     DG1    L1  G2    DG2  L2  G3    DG3  L3  Exf  Int
57.0  7.0    0      0      2     2.0e-41 1.6e-41 2   0.1  0.01 1  0     0     0  0.0  0
398.0 8.0    4.8e-7 2.4e-7 0     0        0      0   0    0    0  0     0     0  0.0  0
469.0 7.0    7.1e-7 1.7e-7 0     0        0      0   0    0    0  0     0     0  0.0  0
541.6 0.8    0      0      1     7.63e-5 0.63e-5 1  11.2 3.3  1  0     0     0  0.0  1
613.5 0.8    4.9e-4 0.4e-4 0     0        0      0   0    0    0  0     0     0  0.0  0
628.0 0.8    1.2e-3 0.1e-3 0     0        0      0   0    0    0  0     0     0  0.0  0
947.2 4.1    4.1e-4 1.0e-4 0     0        0      0   0    0    0  0     0     0  0.0  0
1025.8 3.3    1.3e-3 0.2e-3 0     0        0      0   0    0    0  0     0     0  0.0  0
1082.2 3.3    1.0e-3 0.2e-3 0     0        0      0   0    0    0  0     0     0  0.0  0
1190.2 3.3    2.2e-3 0.3e-3 0     0        0      0   0    0    0  0     0     0  0.0  0
1254.8 4.1    6.5e-2 0.8e-2 0     0        0      0   0    0    0  0     0     0  0.0  0
1362.0 5.0    2.0e-4 0.5e-4 0     0        0      0   0    0    0  0     0     0  0.0  0
1460.1 4.1    1.8e-3 0.3e-3 0     0        0      0   0    0    0  0     0     0  0.0  0
1526.4 3.3    7.2e-3 1.1e-3 0     0        0      0   0    0    0  0     0     0  0.0  0
1602.5 4.1    7.0e-3 1.1e-3 0     0        0      0   0    0    0  0     0     0  0.0  0
1799.6 4.1    0.48   0.07  0     0        0      0   0    0    0  0     0     0  0.0  0
2017.9 5.0    0      0      2     500.0   170.0  2   7.7  2.3  1  4500.0 1500.0 0  1275.0 1
2083.9 10.0   0      0      1     3410.0 1023.0 1   0.29 0.10 1  7590.0 2277.0 1  0.0  1
2217.9 10.0   0      0      1     3400.0 1133.0 1   0.71 0.24 1  6600.0 2200.0 1  0.0  1
2611.9 10.0   0      0      1     6600.0 2200.0 1   4.7  1.6  1  5.9e4  2.0e4  1  0.0  1
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
Ecm  DEcm  Jr    G1     DG1    L1  PT  G2  DG2  L2  PT  G3  DG3  L3  PT  Exf  Int
174.0 8.0    0     1.5e-17 0.0    0   0.01 0.1  0.01 1  0  0  0  0  0  0.0  0
*****

```


Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0

Comments:

1. Direct capture S-factor from Trautvetter et al. 1978; for different results, see Buchmann et al. 1988 or Descouvemont 1988.
2. For all resonances above and including Er=947 keV, energies and strengths are adopted from Trautvetter et al. 1978.
3. Er=398-628 keV: resonance energies from either Endt 1998 or Vogelaar et al. 1990; resonance strengths from Vogelaar et al. 1990 and Dababneh et al. 2003. Note that for the very weakly observed Er=398 keV resonance we adopt a strength uncertainty that is larger (50%) than the published value (Dababneh et al. 2003).
4. Er=542 keV: G_a calculated from measured resonance strength; G_g is equal to the total width (Berg and Wiehard 1979).
5. Er=57 keV: we assume J_p=2+, based on the fact that l_a=2 partial waves describe the measured 180(6Li,d)22Ne angular distribution better than the originally suggested J_p=3- assignment (Giesen et al. 1994); for the reported alpha-particle spectroscopic factor we assume an uncertainty of a factor of 2.
6. Er=174 keV: the level is very weakly populated in the 180(6Li,d)22Ne work of Giesen et al. 1994; in fact, even an l_a=0 transfer cannot be excluded, as can be seen by comparing the angular distributions for this excitation energy range (Tab. 6 in Giesen et al. 1994); thus we treat the estimated l_a=0 spectroscopic factor as an upper limit (this procedure differs from the one in the work of Giesen et al. 1994, where an J_p=2+ assignment was adopted).
7. Er=1255 keV: the total width is known for this level (G=G_n=25 keV), but not enough information is available to deduce the gamma-ray and alpha-particle partial widths from the measured (a,g) resonance strength; thus we do not take the tail of this broad resonance into account.
8. Er>2 MeV: we believe that Angulo et al. 1999 (NACRE) have misinterpreted the "G_g" values listed in Graff et al. 1968 and Chouraqui et al. 1970 as resonance strengths; thus the reported NACRE strengths for these high-energy resonances are likely erroneous. We derive alpha-particle, gamma-ray and neutron partial widths from the information provided in Graff et al. 1968, Chouraqui et al. 1970 and Goldberg et al. 2004.

References: Berg and Wiehard [28]; Buchmann, D'Auria and McCorquodale [31]; Chouraqui et al. [41]; Dababneh et al. [50]; Descouvemont [57]; Endt [70]; Giesen et al. [87]; Goldberg et al. [89]; Graff et al. [95]; Trautvetter et al. [209]; Vogelaar et al. [217].

```

17F(p,g)18Ne
*****
1          ! Zproj
9          ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078     ! Aproj
17.002     ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5        ! Jproj
2.5        ! Jtarget
0.0        ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
3923.5     ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0        ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25      ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2          ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0        ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000      ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0          ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Nonresonant contribution
S(keVb) S'(b) S''(b/keV) fracErr Cutoff Energy (keV)
2.4  0.0  0.0  0.4  2500.0
0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm  DEcm  wg  Dwg  Jr  G1  DG1  L1  G2  DG2  L2  G3  DG3  L3  Exf  Int
596.1  7.0  0  0  1  1.1e2  0.44e2  1  1.5e-2  0.75e-2  1  0  0  0  3576.0  1
599.8  2.5  0  0  3  1.8e4  0.2e4  0  2.5e-2  1.25e-2  1  0  0  0  1887.0  1
665.1  7.0  0  0  0  4.9e1  2.0e1  2  1.1e-3  0.55e-3  2  0  0  0  1887.0  1
1182.1  8.0  0  0  2  4.7e4  0.5e4  0  6.5e-2  3.25e-2  1  0  0  0  1887.0  1
1229.1  8.0  6.4e-3  3.2e-3  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0.0  0
1537.1  5.0  4.2e-2  2.1e-2  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0.0  0
2226.1  10.0  0  0  1  1.8e4  0.72e4  1  1.8e-1  0.9e-1  1  0  0  0  0.0  1
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
Ecm  DEcm  Jr  G1  DG1  L1  PT  G2  DG2  L2  PT  G3  DG3  L3  PT  Exf  Int
!0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
Ecm  DEcm  Jr  G1  DG1  L1  PT  G2  DG2  L2  PT  G3  DG3  L3  PT  Exf
!+-
0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0
0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0
*****

```

```

18F(p,g)19Ne
*****
1      ! Zproj
9      ! Ztarget
2      ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078 ! Aproj
18.001 ! Atarget
4.0026 ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5    ! Jproj
1.0    ! Jtarget
0.0    ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
6411.2 ! projectile separation energy (keV)
3529.1 ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25   ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2      ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0    ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000   ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0      ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Nonresonant Contribution
S(keVb)  S'(b)      S''(b/keV)  fracErr      Cutoff Energy (keV)
34.0     4.1e-4       0.0         14.1         1000.0
0.0      0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm      DEcm     wg      Dwg     Jr      G1      DG1     L1     G2      DG2     L2     G3      DG3     L3     Exf     Int
-121.0   6.0      0       0       0.5    0.087   0.026   0     1.3    2.1    1     1.2e4   0.4e4   1     0.0    1
   8.0    6.0      0       0       1.5    7.2e-36 2.1e-36 1     1.3    2.1    1     4.e3    2.e3    2     0.0    1
  330.0   6.0      0       0       1.5    2.22    0.69    1     5.0    2.6    2     5.7e3   0.7e3   2    275.0  1
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
Ecm      DEcm     Jr      G1      DG1     L1     PT     G2      DG2     L2     PT     G3      DG3     L3     PT     Exf     Int
  26.0    9.0     0.5    2.2e-17 0.0    1     0.0045 1.3    2.1    1    0     2.16e5 0.19e5 0    0     0.0    1
  287.0   6.0     2.5    2.4e-2  0.0    2     0.0045 0.29  0.15  1    0     1.2e3  0.3e3  3    0     1616.0 1
  450.0   6.0     3.5    1.0     0.0    3     0.0045 2.3    1.2    1    0     1.2e3  0.3e3  4    0     238.0   1
  827.0   6.0     1.5    700.0   0.0    0     0.0045 1.3    2.1    1    0     6.0e3  5.2e3  1    0     0.0     1
  842.0  10.0     0.5    1.8e3   0.0    0     0.0045 1.3    2.1    1    0     2.3e4  2.0e4  1    0     0.0     1
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
Ecm      DEcm     Jr      G1      DG1     L1     PT     G2      DG2     L2     PT     G3      DG3     L3     PT     Exf
+-
  38.0    7.0     1.5    1.17e-11 0.35e-11 0    0     1.1    0.6    1    0     1.3e3  0.4e3  1    0    275.0
 664.7   1.6     1.5    1.52e4   0.10e4   0    0     1.3    2.1    1    0     2.38e4 0.12e4 1    0     0.0
*****
Comments:
1. Radiative widths are scaled from analog levels (Nessaraja et al. 2007) when possible. Otherwise, typical values and uncertainties are adopted from statistics of radiative widths in 19F.
2. The direct capture contribution is adopted from the calculation of Utku et al. 1998 using 180+p spectroscopic factors.
3. For an interpretation of the large fractional uncertainty of the direct capture S-factor, see the numerical

```

example at the end of Sec. 5.1.2 in Paper I; the values of $E[x]=34.0$ keVb and $\text{fracErr}=\sqrt{V[x]}/E[x]=14.1$ entered here correspond to a median value of 2.4 keVb with a factor of 10 uncertainty.

4. Otherwise, the same input data as for the $^{18}\text{F}(p,a)$ reaction are used.

References: Nesaraja et al. [159]; Utku et al. [212].

18F(p,a)150

```
*****
1      ! Zproj
9      ! Ztarget
2      ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078 ! Aproj
18.001 ! Atarget
4.0026 ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5    ! Jproj
1.0    ! Jtarget
0.0    ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
6411.2 ! projectile separation energy (keV)
3529.1 ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25   ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
3      ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0    ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000   ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0      ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
```

Nonresonant Contribution

S(keVb)	S'(b)	S''(b/keV)	fracErr	Cutoff Energy (keV)
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Resonant Contribution

Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if $E_r < 0$, $\theta^2 = C2S * \theta_{sp}^2$ must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width

Ecm	DEcm	wg	Dwg	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	G2	DG2	L2	G3	DG3	L3	Exf	Int
-121.0	6.0	0	0	0.5	0.087	0.026	0	1.2e4	0.4e4	1	1.3	2.1	1	0.0	1
8.0	6.0	0	0	1.5	7.2e-36	2.1e-36	1	4.e3	2.e3	2	1.3	2.1	1	0.0	1
330.0	6.0	0	0	1.5	2.22	0.69	1	5.7e3	0.7e3	2	5.0	2.6	2	0.0	1

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where $PT = \langle \theta^2 \rangle$ for particles and...
Note: ... $PT = \langle B \rangle$ for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
26.0	9.0	0.5	2.2e-17	0.0	1	0.0045	2.16e5	0.19e5	0	0	1.3	2.1	1	0	0.0	1
287.0	6.0	2.5	2.4e-2	0.0	2	0.0045	1.2e3	0.3e3	3	0	0.29	0.15	1	0	0.0	1
450.0	6.0	3.5	1.0	0.0	3	0.0045	1.2e3	0.3e3	4	0	2.3	1.2	1	0	0.0	1
827.0	6.0	1.5	700.0	0.0	0	0.0045	6.0e3	5.2e3	1	0	1.3	2.1	1	0	0.0	1
842.0	10.0	0.5	1.8e3	0.0	0	0.0045	2.3e4	2.0e4	1	0	1.3	2.1	1	0	0.0	1

Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf
+-															
38.0	7.0	1.5	1.17e-11	0.35e-11	0	0	1.3e3	0.4e3	1	0	1.1	0.6	1	0	0.0
664.7	1.6	1.5	1.52e4	0.10e4	0	0	2.38e4	0.12e4	1	0	1.3	2.1	1	0	0.0

Comments:

1. Summary tables from Utku et al. 1998, Bardayan et al. 2004, Chae et al. 2006 and Nessaraja et al. 2007 were considered, but original data were preferred.
2. Level energies mostly come from Utku et al. 1998.
3. Alpha-particle widths have been measured by Utku et al. 1998, Bardayan et al. 2001, 2004, or are scaled (Bardayan et al. 2005) from analog levels.

4. Partial widths or resonance strengths for the 330 and 665 keV resonances have been measured directly by Bardayan et al. (2001, 2002).
5. Recent neutron and proton transfer experiments by Adekola 2009 have reassigned spins and parities for the 8 keV ($1/2^-$, $3/2^-$) and 38 keV ($3/2^-$, $3/2^+$) resonances previously thought to both have $3/2^+$ (Utku et al. 1998), interfering with the 665 keV resonance. Here we assume $3/2^-$ and $3/2^+$, respectively, for these two resonances and use the corresponding proton widths extracted by Adekola 2009. We allow for interferences between the 38 and 665 keV resonances. Data for the subthreshold level also originate from Adekola's thesis.
6. Reported resonances above 900 keV are not considered because of conflicting experimental data.

References: Adekola [1]; Bardayan et al. [14]; Bardayan et al. [15]; Bardayan et al. [17]; Bardayan et al. [18]; Chae et al. [34]; Nesaraja et al. [159]; Utku et al. [212].

```

19Ne(p,g)20Na
*****
1      ! Zproj
10     ! Ztarget
0      ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078 ! Aproj
19.002 ! Atarget
0      ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5    ! Jproj
0.5    ! Jtarget
0.0    ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
2193.0 ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0    ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25   ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2      ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0    ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000   ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0      ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Nonresonant Contribution
S(keVb)  S'(b)      S''(b/keV)  fracErr  Cutoff Energy (keV)
1.0025   0.2288e-3    0.1376e-6   0.4      1000.0
0.0      0.0          0.0         0.0      0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm  DEcm  wg    Dwg    Jr    G1    DG1   L1  G2    DG2   L2  G3  DG3  L3  Exf  Int
452.0 9.0   9.0e-3 6.0e-3 0    0    0    0  0    0    0  0  0  0  0.0  0
656.0 9.0   8.0e-3 7.0e-3 0    0    0    0  0    0    0  0  0  0  0.0  0
808.0 7.0   0.0    0.0    1    1.98e4 2.0e3 0  0.047 0.023 1  0  0  0  0.0  1
893.0 7.0   0.0    0.0    0    3.59e4 2.0e3 0  0.107 0.053 1  0  0  0  0.0  1
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
Ecm  DEcm  Jr    G1    DG1  L1  PT  G2  DG2  L2  PT  G3  DG3  L3  PT  Exf  Int
!0.0 0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
Ecm  DEcm  Jr    G1    DG1  L1  PT  G2  DG2  L2  PT  G3  DG3  L3  PT  Exf
!+-
0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0
0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0
*****
Comments:
1. Level energies from Tilley et al. 1998; proton separation energy from Audi et al. 2003.
2. Proton widths from Tilley et al. 1998 (Coszach et al. 1994).
3. Radiative width from shell model with 50% assigned uncertainty plus spin assignment uncertainty for the first two levels.
4. Direct capture S-factor adopted from Vancraeynest et al. 1998; note that the energy in their Eq. (10) must be in units of MeV although their S-factor is in units of keVb.

```

References: Audi et al. [11]; Coszach et al. [45]; Tilley et al. [205]; Vancraeynest et al. [213].

20Ne(p,g)21Na

```

*****
1          ! Zproj
10         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.008     ! Aproj
19.992    ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
0.0       ! Jtarget
0          ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
2431.69   ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0          ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0         ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****

```

Nonresonant Contribution

S(keVb)	S'(b)	S''(b/keV)	fracErr	Cutoff Energy (keV)
18.14	-8.93e-3	5.776e-6	0.24	2000.0
19.68	-0.144	7.394e-4	0.45	239.0

Resonant Contribution

Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
 Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width

Ecm	DEcm	wg	Dwg	J	G1	DG1	L1	G2	DG2	L2	G3	DG3	L3	Exf	Int
-6.79	0.42	0	0	0.5	0.445	0.099	0	0.17	0.05	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
366.2	0.5	1.1e-4	2.0e-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
397.4	0.7	6.2e-5	1.2e-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1112.6	0.4	1.125	1.8e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1247.2	0.4	0.035	0.01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1430.5	0.5	0.050	0.015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1737.9	0.7	0	0	1.5	1.8e5	1.5e4	1	0.50	0.15	1	0	0	0	332.0	1
1862.6	0.6	2.40	0.70	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2036.2	0.7	0	0	1.5	2.1e4	3.0e3	2	0.80	0.20	1	0	0	0	0.0	1

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
 Note: ...PT= for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
!0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0

Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf
!+-															
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0

Comments:

1. Nonresonant contribution from fits to direct capture data of Rolfs et al. 1975, renormalized using revised strength for the 1112.6 keV resonance and re-analysis of 160(p,g) direct capture (Iliadis et al. 2008). Two terms are necessary to cover the full energy range of Rolfs et al. 1975.

2. Energy of subthreshold state is based on $Q=2431.69(14)$ keV, which includes a new measurement of the mass of ^{21}Na by Mukherjee et al. 2008. Spectroscopic factor of $0.71(14)$ is a weighted average of fits to direct capture and the resonance tail. The dimensionless reduced width is $0.609(61)$ (Iliadis 1997) and the gamma-ray partial width is from the lifetime measurement of Anttila et al. 1977.
3. Information on resonances: adopted energies from ENSDF (Firestone 2004), widths and strengths from Rolfs et al. 1975, and Endt and van der Leun 1978.

References: Anttila et al. [8]; Endt and van der Leun [72]; Firestone [77]; Iliadis [115]; Iliadis et al. [120]; Mukherjee et al. [155]; Rolfs et al. [177].

20Ne(a,g)24Mg

```
*****
2          ! Zproj
10         ! Ztarget
1          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
4.0026    ! Aproj
19.992    ! Atarget
1.0078    ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.0       ! Jproj
0.0       ! Jtarget
0.5       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
9316.55   ! projectile separation energy (keV)
11692.68  ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
2.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
```

Nonresonant Contribution

S(keVb)	S'(b)	S''(b/keV)	fracErr	Cutoff Energy (keV)
9.61e4	-12.9	0.0	0.79	1500.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Resonant Contribution

Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
 Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width

Ecm	DEcm	wg	Dwg	J	G1	DG1	L1	G2	DG2	L2	G3	DG3	L3	Exf	Int
794.4	0.4	2.9e-4	6.0e-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1016.74	0.13	3.0e-4	6.0e-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1043.96	0.13	0.0	0.0	2	9.6e-5	2.0e-5	2	0.44	0.09	2	0	0	0	1369.0	1
1363.2	0.4	0.0	0.0	0	1.9	0.6	0	0.19	0.10	2	0	0	0	1369.0	1
1414.24	0.11	2.6e-3	0.5e-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1600.41	0.17	0.0	0.0	0	7.0	0.8	2	0.47	0.11	2	0	0	0	1369.0	1
1699.3	0.7	1.5	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1845.5	0.8	0.23	0.05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1891.9	1.6	2.7e-3	1.4e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1900.24	0.19	1.7	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2073.3	1.1	0.0	0.0	0	500.0	125.0	1	0.16	0.03	1	0	0	0	1369.0	1
2135.96	0.13	1.2	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2201.7	0.6	0.0	0.0	0	500.0	125.0	2	0.14	0.03	2	0	0	0	1369.0	1
2279.5	0.8	0.041	0.009	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2379.1	0.6	0.0	0.0	0	1.6	0.6	4	0.10	0.05	2	0	0	0	9301.0	1
2411.6	1.0	0.0	0.0	0	1.0e+4	2.0e+3	0	0.35	0.05	2	0	0	0	1369.0	1
2548.4	1.3	0.0	0.0	0	7.0e+3	3.0e+3	1	0.39	0.06	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
2653.1	1.0	0.0	0.0	0	2.4e+3	500.0	2	0.13	0.02	2	0.046	0.010	0	1369.0	1
2685.8	2.0	0.33	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2698.7	0.8	0.0	0.0	0	700.0	200.0	3	0.14	0.07	1	0	0	0	1369.0	1
2732.6	2.0	0.0	0.0	0	7.1	2.1	4	2.4	0.30	2	4.9e-3	1.3e-3	2	4123.0	1
2802.95	0.18	0.0	0.0	0	1.9e+3	300.0	2	0.26	0.04	2	0	0	0	9516.0	1
2844.05	0.16	0.0	0.0	0	5.7e+3	400.0	4	0.092	0.030	2	0	0	0	4123.0	1
3086.8	0.7	0.0	0.0	0	98.3	44.5	2	2.33	1.09	2	13.4	2.5	0	4238.0	1
3124.0	3.0	0.13	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
3151.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0	3.8e+3	300.0	2	0.22	0.11	2	0	0	0	0.0	1
3187.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0	2.3e+3	300.0	4	0.66	0.08	2	0	0	0	1369.0	1

3260.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0	6.2e+3	300.0	4	0.088	0.044	2	100.0	43.0	2	0.0	1
3320.3	0.6	0.0	0.0	0	22.7	3.1	4	0.87	0.45	2	7.3	3.7	2	4123.0	1
3420.6	0.9	0.0	0.0	0	4.29e+3	860.0	2	0.13	0.07	2	3.2e+3	1.1e+3	0	0.0	1
3489.4	0.8	0.0	0.0	0	420.0	180.0	2	0.78	0.39	2	850.0	660.0	0	0.0	1
3544.0	3.0	0.37	0.05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
3727.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0	2.8e+3	600.0	0	0.71	0.09	1	0	0	0	9967.0	1
3733.67	0.14	0.0	0.0	0	20.2	6.2	3	5.45	1.00	1	61.4	1.64	1	4123.0	1
3739.0	3.0	0.60	0.08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
3770.2	0.7	0.0	0.0	0	498.0	233.0	2	3.6	0.6	1	6.0e+3	3.0e+3	0	5235.0	1
4090.0	5.0	1.4	0.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
4119.0	5.0	0.69	0.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
4450.0	3.0	0.17	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
4700.0	3.0	5.9	2.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
4759.0	4.0	24.0	5.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
4781.0	4.0	1.3	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
4829.0	4.0	1.5	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
5008.0	4.0	6.4	0.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where $PT = \langle \theta^2 \rangle$ for particles and...

Note: ...PT= for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
-15.40	0.08	2.0	0.64	0.0	2	0.01	0.094	0.027	2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	1369.0	1
-11.16	0.24	0.0	0.81	0.0	0	0.01	3.8e-3	7.7e-4	2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	1369.0	1
215.93	0.10	2.0	1.08e-20	0.0	2	0.01	0.060	0.027	2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	1369.0	1

Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf
!+-															
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0

Comments:

1. Nonresonant contribution from (6Li,d) relative spectroscopic factors of Anantaraman et al. 1977, normalized as described in Paper II.
2. Information on resonances: adopted energies and total widths from ENSDF (Firestone 2007); strengths from Smulders 1965 (corrected by Schmalbrock et al. 1983), Highland and Thwaites 1968 (renormalized), Fifield et al. 1978, 1979 (with updated stopping powers), Schmalbrock et al. 1983, and Endt and van der Leun 1978.

References: Anantaraman et al. [6]; Endt and van der Leun [72]; Fifield et al. [79]; Firestone [78]; Highland and Thwaites [107]; Schmalbrock et al. [185]; Smulders [193].

21Ne(p,g)22Na

```

*****
1          ! Zproj
10         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
20.99     ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
1.5       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
6739.6    ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0       ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
10000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0         ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Nonresonant contribution
S(keVb) S'(b) S''(b/keV) fracErr Cutoff Energy (keV)
2.0e1 0.0 0.0 0.5 1000.0
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm DEcm wg Dwg Jr G1 DG1 L1 G2 DG2 L2 G3 DG3 L3 Exf Int
120.86 0.04 3.75e-5 0.75e-5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
258.22 0.04 2.1e-3 0.37e-3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
259.07 0.04 8.25e-2 1.25e-2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
277.14 0.04 2.0e-3 0.4e-3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
336.00 0.4 8.13e-3 1.4e-3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
413.3 4.0 1.87e-2 0.37e-2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
481.5 2.0 0.2 0.038 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
500.9 1.5 0.76 0.15 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
539.3 3.0 0.125 0.025 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
540.3 3.0 2.87e-2 8.73e-3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
621.4 3.0 3.12e-2 6.24e-3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
632.9 2.0 3.0e-2 6.25e-3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
639.5 1.0 5.87e-2 0.0125 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
662.4 2.0 0.138 0.0376 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
669.9 0.5 0.85 0.175 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
684.4 2.0 2.6e-2 6.2e-3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
733.0 0.5 3.37 0.06 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
776.5 1.0 0.287 0.062 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
808.3 1.0 0.337 0.062 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
834.8 1.0 0.175 0.0375 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
860.0 3.0 0.16 0.037 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
866.3 2.0 0.1 0.02 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
897.3 3.0 0.11 0.024 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
944.0 3.0 3.0e-2 6.25e-3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
1039.5 1.0 0.36 0.12 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
1061.9 1.0 0.54 0.16 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
1082.4 1.0 0.125 0.037 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0

```

1150.4	1.1	1.0	0.25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1180.8	2.1	1.125	0.375	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1225.9	2.1	0.21	0.062	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1237.9	2.1	0.46	0.14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1279.1	4.0	0.125	0.038	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1302.1	2.1	0.41	0.12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1362.1	4.0	0.26	0.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1369.2	1.9	0.21	0.062	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1375.5	1.5	0.20	0.063	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1426.2	1.5	2.6	0.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1458.5	4.0	0.125	0.038	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1472.7	1.7	0.875	0.25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1495.3	1.7	3.25	1.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1697.7	1.6	0.44	0.088	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1757.1	1.5	3.1	0.62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1823.6	1.9	0.45	0.0875	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1936.7	2.0	0.61	0.12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where $PT = \langle \theta^2 \rangle$ for particles and...

Note: ...PT= for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
16.6	6.0	2	1.0e-23	0.0	0	0.0045	0.1	0.001	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
94.6	7.0	0	5.1e-9	0.0	2	0.0045	0.1	0.001	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0

Comments:

1. For Er=16.6 and 94.6 keV resonances, value of Gg=0.1+-0.001 eV assumed (not important).
2. For Er=16.6 keV resonance, value of Jp=2+ assumed (s-wave resonance).
3. For Er=94.6 keV resonance, most likely assignment is Jp=0+ (with Ex=6235 keV in 22Ne as mirror state).
4. Value of 0.5 assumed for direct capture S-factor fractional uncertainty.
5. Broad-resonance tails negligible compared to direct capture contribution.

22Ne(p,g)23Na

```

*****
1          ! Zproj
10         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078     ! Aproj
21.991     ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5        ! Jproj
0.0        ! Jtarget
0.0        ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
8794.11    ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0        ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25       ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2          ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0        ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000       ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0          ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Nonresonant contribution
S(keVb) S'(b) S''(b/keV) fracErr Cutoff Energy (keV)
6.2e1 0.0 0.0 0.4 1500.0
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm DEcm wg Dwg Jr G1 DG1 L1 G2 DG2 L2 G3 DG3 L3 Exf Int
35.4 0.7 0 0 0.5 3.1e-15 1.2e-15 0 2.2 1.0 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
150.9 2.0 0 0 3.5 2.3e-9 9.2e-10 3 0.02 0.01 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
417.0 0.8 0.065 0.015 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
458.2 0.8 0.45 0.1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
601.9 0.3 0.03 0.01 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
610.3 0.3 2.8 0.3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
631.4 0.4 0.35 0.1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
693.3 0.7 0.13 0.04 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
813.7 0.2 7.0 2.5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
857.3 0.5 1.8 0.9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
861.1 1.0 1.05 0.5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
879.5 1.0 0.8 0.25 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
888.2 0.3 0.35 0.1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
906.3 1.0 6.0 2.0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
937.91 0.07 0.4 0.1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
960.9 0.5 2.4 0.7 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
1021.0 0.4 0.9 0.2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
1040.7 1.0 2.15 0.55 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
1055.2 0.5 2.15 0.55 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
1096.1 0.6 1.5 0.4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
1122.2 0.6 0.6 0.15 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
1208.5 0.6 1.1 0.3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
1221.9 0.4 10.5 1.0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
1254.3 0.6 0.2 0.05 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
1275.9 0.6 2.75 0.7 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
1281.1 0.5 1.2 0.3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
1290.3 0.2 0.8 0.2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0

```

1319.9	0.5	0.65	0.15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1331.0	0.5	1.4	0.35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1374.7	0.2	2.7	0.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1436.7	0.3	4.5	1.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1448.8	1.4	1.1	0.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1486.6	0.6	1.4	0.35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1523.1	0.6	5.0	1.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1543.7	0.7	1.05	0.25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1551.1	0.7	4.5	1.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1558.9	0.7	3.0	0.75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1645.6	1.0	6.5	1.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1653.7	1.2	1.75	0.45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1683.8	0.7	2.55	0.65	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1706.8	0.7	3.3	0.85	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1712.8	0.7	0.5	0.15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1724.1	0.7	2.2	0.55	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1739.1	0.7	0.75	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1754.2	0.9	5.5	1.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1779.5	0.8	1.15	0.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1821.8	0.8	3.75	0.95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where $PT = \langle \theta^2 \rangle$ for particles and...

Note: ...PT= for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
27.9	3.0	4.5	5.2e-26	0.0	5	0.0045	0.1	0.01	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
177.9	2.0	0.5	2.6e-6	0.0	0	0.0045	0.1	0.01	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
247.9	1.0	3.5	3.3e-8	0.0	4	0.0045	0.04	0.02	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	1
277.9	3.0	0.5	2.2e-6	0.0	0	0.0045	0.1	0.01	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
308.9	3.0	0.5	2.2e-6	0.0	0	0.0045	0.1	0.01	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
318.9	3.0	0.5	3.0e-6	0.0	0	0.0045	0.1	0.01	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
352.9	5.0	0.5	6.0e-4	0.0	0	0.0045	0.1	0.01	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
376.9	3.0	0.5	6.0e-4	0.0	0	0.0045	0.1	0.01	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf
!+-															
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0

Comments:

1. Information for Er>400 keV from Endt 1990 (strengths normalized relative to Er=1222 keV).
2. Er=178, 278-377 keV: s-wave resonances ($J_p=1/2^+$) assumed for upper limit; value of $G_g=0.1\pm 0.01$ eV is a guess (inconsequential since $G_p \ll G_g$); G_p upper limit values calculated from strength upper limits of Goerres et al. 1983.
3. Er=28 keV: h-wave resonance ($J_p=9/2^-$) assumed for upper limit; $G_g=0.1\pm 0.01$ eV is a guess (inconsequential).
4. Er=151 keV: contrary to Hale et al. 2001, we adopt $C2S=0.0011$ (see Hale's Ph.D. thesis).
5. Er=248 keV: g-wave resonance ($J_p=7/2^+$) assumed for upper limit.
6. Direct capture S-factor adopted from Goerres et al. 1983, with uncertainty estimate from Hale et al. 2001.
7. Levels at Ex=8862, 8894 and 9000 keV (Powers et al. 1971) have been disregarded.

References: Endt [69]; Görres et al. [91]; Hale et al. [100]; Powers et al. [167].

22Ne(a,g)26Mg

```
*****
2          ! Zproj
10         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
4.003     ! Aproj
21.991    ! Atarget
1.009     ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.0       ! Jproj
0.0       ! Jtarget
0.5       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
10614.78  ! projectile separation energy (keV)
11093.08  ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
```

Nonresonant Contribution

S(keVb)	S'(b)	S''(b/keV)	fracErr	Cutoff Energy (keV)
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Resonant Contribution

Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if $E_r < 0$, $\theta^2 = C2S * \theta_{sp}^2$ must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width

Ecm	DEcm	wg	Dwg	J	G1	DG1	L1	G2	DG2	L2	G3	DG3	L3	Exf	Int
78.37	1.7	0	0	4	1.5e-46	1.2e-46	4	3.0	1.5	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
703.78	2.11	0	0	2	7.2e-6	4.4e-7	2	3.0	1.5	1	2.5e2	1.7e2	1	0.0	1
826.04	0.19	0	0	4	3.78e-6	4.44e-7	4	3.0	1.5	1	1.47e3	8.0e1	2	0.0	1
850.44	0.21	0	0	5	4.36e-6	9.09e-7	5	3.0	1.5	1	6.55e3	9.0e1	3	0.0	1
893.31	0.90	0	0	1	1.17e-4	2.0e-5	1	3.0	1.5	1	1.27e4	2.5e3	1	0.0	1
911.16	1.69	0	0	1	2.77e-4	2.33e-5	1	3.0	1.5	1	1.80e3	9.0e2	1	0.0	1
1015.22	1.69	0	0	1	2.83e-3	3.33e-4	1	3.0	1.5	1	1.35e4	1.7e3	1	0.0	1
1133.66	8.46	0	0	1	2.0e-2	3.0e-3	1	3.0	1.5	1	6.35e4	8.5e3	1	0.0	1
1171.74	3.38	0	0	1	1.67e-2	2.33e-3	1	3.0	1.5	1	2.45e4	2.4e3	1	0.0	1
1213.0	2.0	0	0	2	1.84e-1	1.03e-1	2	3.0	1.5	1	1.10e3	2.5e2	0	0.0	1
1280.0	4.0	2.0e-3	2.0e-4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.0	0
1297.0	3.0	0	0	1	1.89	7.88e-1	1	3.0	1.5	1	5.0e3	2.0e3	1	0.0	1
1338.0	3.0	0	0	3	6.48e-1	3.33e-1	3	3.0	1.5	1	4.0e3	2.0e3	0	0.0	1
1437.0	3.0	0	0	3	8.58e-1	5.81e-1	3	3.0	1.5	1	3.0e3	2.0e3	0	0.0	1
1525.0	3.0	0	0	1	1.67	4.01e-1	1	3.0	1.5	1	1.5e4	2.0e3	1	0.0	1
1569.0	7.0	0	0	0	1.21e1	2.86	0	3.0	1.5	1	3.3e4	5.0e3	2	0.0	1
1658.0	7.0	0	0	0	1.63e2	3.49e1	0	3.0	1.5	1	5.5e4	1.0e4	2	0.0	1
1728.0	4.0	0	0	0	6.30e2	1.22e2	0	3.0	1.5	1	3.5e4	5.0e3	2	0.0	1

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where $PT = \langle \theta^2 \rangle$ for particles and...
Note: ...PT= for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
191.08	0.15	1	1.25e-23	0	1	0.01	3.0	1.5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
334.31	0.1	1	1.20e-9	0	1	0.01	3.0	1.5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
328.21	2.0	7	3.70e-23	0	7	0.01	3.0	1.5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
497.38	0.08	2	9.28e-12	0	2	0.01	1.73	3.1e-2	1	0	2.58e3	2.40e1	0	0	0.0	1

548.16	0.10	2	8.74e-8	0	2	0.01	4.56	2.9e-1	1	0	4.64e3	1.00e2	1	0	0.0	1
556.28	0.16	2	1.25e-7	0	2	0.01	3.0	1.5	1	0	1.44	1.6e-1	2	0	0.0	0
568.27	0.19	1	2.08e-7	0	1	0.01	3.0	1.5	1	0	5.4e-1	8.8e-2	1	0	0.0	0
628.43	0.10	2	9.46e-7	0	2	0.01	7.42	6.0e-1	1	0	4.51e3	1.07e2	1	0	0.0	1
659.32	0.12	2	9.97e-7	0	2	0.01	3.24	3.5e-1	1	0	5.4e2	5.4e1	0	0	0.0	1
665.11	0.11	4	9.16e-8	0	4	0.01	5.9e-1	2.4e-1	1	0	1.51e3	3.4e1	1	0	0.0	1
670.81	0.13	1	1.69e-6	0	1	0.01	7.9e-1	4.6e-1	1	0	1.26e3	1.0e2	1	0	0.0	1
671.59	0.12	2	1.02e-6	0	2	0.01	4.26	6.0e-1	1	0	1.28e1	6.0	2	0	0.0	1
674.36	0.25	2	1.02e-6	0	2	0.01	3.0	1.5	1	0	1.54	4.6e-1	1	0	0.0	0
681.21	0.13	3	7.37e-7	0	3	0.01	3.31	7.3e-1	1	0	8.06e3	1.2e2	1	0	0.0	1
695.95	0.35	1	1.76e-6	0	1	0.01	3.0	1.5	1	0	1.12	4.0e-1	1	0	0.0	0
711.34	0.54	1	1.80e-6	0	1	0.01	3.0	1.5	1	0	6.0e-1	3.2e-1	1	0	0.0	0
713.40	0.14	1	1.81e-6	0	1	0.01	3.63	4.7e-1	1	0	4.2e2	8.6e1	1	0	0.0	1
714.34	0.55	1	1.81e-6	0	1	0.01	3.0	1.5	1	0	2.8	1.0	1	0	0.0	0
722.12	0.56	1	1.83e-6	0	1	0.01	3.0	1.5	1	0	1.42	5.6e-1	1	0	0.0	0
729.15	0.15	2	1.11e-6	0	2	0.01	1.18	2.7e-1	1	0	1.53e2	4.2e1	1	0	0.0	1
730.03	0.16	4	6.16e-7	0	4	0.01	1.82	3.8e-1	1	0	4.13e3	1.9e2	3	0	0.0	1
777.78	0.16	5	1.51e-7	0	5	0.01	3.0	1.5	1	0	2.9e2	1.9e1	2	0	0.0	1

Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
!+-																
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0

Comments:

1. Including results from Longland et al. 2009.
2. The 704 keV resonance is considered to be the same as the one seen in the $^{22}\text{Ne}(a,n)^{25}\text{Mg}$ reaction.

References: Longland et al. [135].

22Ne(a,n)25Mg

```
*****
2          ! Zproj
10         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
4.003     ! Aproj
21.991    ! Atarget
1.009     ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.0       ! Jproj
0.0       ! Jtarget
0.5       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
10614.78  ! projectile separation energy (keV)
11093.08  ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
3         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
```

Nonresonant Contribution

S(keVb)	S'(b)	S''(b/keV)	fracErr	Cutoff Energy (keV)
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Resonant Contribution

Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if $Er < 0$, $\theta^2 = C2S * \theta_{sp}^2$ must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width

Ecm	DEcm	wg	Dwg	J	G1	DG1	L1	G2	DG2	L2	G3	DG3	L3	Exf	Int
703.78	2.11	0	0	2	2.36e-5	2.2e-6	2	2.5e2	1.7e2	2	3	1.5	1	0.0	1
826.04	0.19	0	0	4	3.78e-6	4.4e-7	4	1.47e3	8.0e1	4	3	1.5	1	0.0	1
850.44	0.21	0	0	5	4.36e-6	9.1e-7	5	6.55e3	9.0e1	5	3	1.5	1	0.0	1
893.31	0.90	0	0	1	1.17e-4	2.0e-5	1	1.27e4	2.5e3	1	3	1.5	1	0.0	1
911.16	1.69	0	0	1	2.77e-4	2.3e-5	1	1.80e3	9.0e2	1	3	1.5	1	0.0	1
1015.22	1.69	0	0	1	2.83e-3	3.3e-4	1	1.35e4	1.7e3	1	3	1.5	1	0.0	1
1133.66	8.46	0	0	1	2.0e-2	3.0e-3	1	6.35e4	8.5e3	1	3	1.5	1	0.0	1
1171.74	3.38	0	0	1	1.67e-2	2.3e-3	1	2.45e4	2.4e3	1	3	1.5	1	0.0	1
1213.19	2.34	0	0	2	2.13e-1	8.4e-3	2	1.10e3	2.5e2	2	3	1.5	1	0.0	1
1247.88	2.54	0	0	1	1.5e-2	1.0e-2	1	2.45e4	3.4e3	1	3	1.5	1	0.0	1
1264.80	2.54	3.9e-1	5.7e-2	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0.0	0
1275.80	2.54	5.6e-1	6.0e-2	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0.0	0
1295.25	2.54	1.5	1.6e-1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0.0	0
1336.71	2.54	2.9	3.0e-1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0.0	0
1437.38	2.54	6.0	7.7e-1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0.0	0
1499.99	4.23	1.0	2.4e-1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0.0	0
1526.22	2.54	3.0	3.4e-1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0.0	0
1569.36	6.77	9.0e-1	2.1e-1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0.0	0
1649.74	8.46	3.1e+1	8.5	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0.0	0
1730.95	6.77	2.0e+2	3.3e+1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0.0	0
1820.63	8.46	2.8e+1	7.0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0.0	0
1936.54	12.69	1.2e+2	4.5e+1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0.0	0

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where $PT = \langle \theta^2 \rangle$ for particles and...
Note: ... $PT = \langle B \rangle$ for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
-----	------	----	----	-----	----	----	----	-----	----	----	----	-----	----	----	-----	-----

497.38	0.08	2	9.28e-12	0	2	0.01	2.58e3	2.4e1	0	0	1.73	3e-2	1	0	0.0	1
548.16	0.10	2	3.80e-8	0	2	0.01	4.64e3	1.0e2	1	0	4.56	0.29	1	0	0.0	1
556.28	0.16	2	1.50e-8	0	2	0.01	1.44	1.6e-1	2	0	3.0	1.5	1	0	0.0	0
568.27	0.19	1	2.08e-7	0	1	0.01	5.40e-1	8.8e-2	1	0	3.0	1.5	1	0	0.0	0
628.43	0.10	2	2.40e-8	0	2	0.01	4.51e3	1.1e2	1	0	7.42	0.60	1	0	0.0	1
659.32	0.12	2	2.20e-8	0	2	0.01	5.40e2	5.4e1	0	0	3.24	0.35	1	0	0.0	1
665.11	0.11	4	1.44e-8	0	4	0.01	1.51e3	3.4e1	1	0	5.9e-1	2.4e-1	1	0	0.0	1
670.81	0.13	1	2.57e-8	0	1	0.01	1.26e3	1.0e2	1	0	7.9e-1	4.6e-1	1	0	0.0	1
671.59	0.12	2	1.54e-8	0	2	0.01	1.28e1	6.0	2	0	4.26	0.60	1	0	0.0	1
674.36	0.25	2	1.54e-8	0	2	0.01	1.54	0.46	1	0	3.0	1.5	1	0	0.0	0
681.21	0.13	3	1.43e-8	0	3	0.01	8.06e3	1.2e2	1	0	3.31	0.73	1	0	0.0	1
695.95	0.35	1	5.34e-9	0	1	0.01	1.12	0.40	1	0	3.0	1.5	1	0	0.0	0
711.34	0.54	1	4.11e-8	0	1	0.01	6.0e-1	3.2e-1	1	0	3.0	1.5	1	0	0.0	0
713.40	0.14	1	1.67e-7	0	1	0.01	4.24e2	8.6e1	1	0	3.63	0.47	1	0	0.0	1
714.34	0.55	1	4.12e-8	0	1	0.01	2.8	1.0	1	0	3.0	1.5	1	0	0.0	0
722.12	0.56	1	4.17e-8	0	1	0.01	1.42	0.56	1	0	3.0	1.5	1	0	0.0	0
729.15	0.15	2	4.00e-8	0	2	0.01	1.53e2	4.2e1	1	0	1.18	0.27	1	0	0.0	1
730.03	0.16	4	4.68e-9	0	4	0.01	4.13e3	1.9e2	3	0	1.82	0.38	1	0	0.0	1
777.78	0.16	5	3.34e-9	0	5	0.01	2.90e2	1.9e1	2	0	3.0	1.5	1	0	0.0	1

Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
!+-																
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0

Comments:

1. Including results from Longland et al. 2009.
2. The 704 keV resonance is considered to be the same as the one seen in the $^{22}\text{Ne}(\text{a,g})^{26}\text{Mg}$ reaction.

References: Longland et al. [135].

21Na(p,g)22Mg

```

*****
1          ! Zproj
11         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
20.997    ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
1.5       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
5504.2    ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0       ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
20000    ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Nonresonant contribution
S(keVb)  S'(b)      S''(b/keV)   fracErr  Cutoff Energy (keV)
7.9      -3.39e-3   3.6e-6       0.4      1300.0
0.0      0.0        0.0          0.0      0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm      DEcm     wg      Dwg     Jr      G1      DG1     L1      G2      DG2     L2     G3     DG3     L3     Exf  Int
205.7    0.5      1.0e-3  2.0e-4  0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0
454.0    5.0      8.6e-4  2.9e-4  0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0
541.4    2.9      1.2e-2  1.4e-3  0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0
738.4    1.0      2.2e-1  2.5e-2  0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0
821.3    0.9      5.6e-1  7.7e-2  0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0
1101.1   2.5      3.7e-1  6.2e-2  0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
Ecm      DEcm     Jr      G1      DG1     L1     PT     G2      DG2     L2     PT     G3      DG3     L3     PT     Exf  Int
!0.0     0.0      0.0     0.0     0.0     0      0      0.0     0.0     0      0      0.0     0.0     0      0      0.0  0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
Ecm      DEcm     Jr      G1      DG1     L1     PT     G2      DG2     L2     PT     G3      DG3     L3     PT     Exf
!+-
0.0      0.0      0.0     0.0     0.0     0      0      0.0     0.0     0      0      0.0     0.0     0      0      0.0
0.0      0.0      0.0     0.0     0.0     0      0      0.0     0.0     0      0      0.0     0.0     0      0      0.0
*****

```

22Na(p,g)23Mg

```

*****
1          ! Zproj
11         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
21.9944   ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
3.0       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
7580.3    ! projectile separation energy
0.0       ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Nonresonant contribution
S(keVb) S'(b) S''(b/keV) fracErr Cutoff Energy (keV)
1.8e1 0.0 0.0 0.4 1500.0
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm DEcm wg Dwg Jr G1 DG1 L1 G2 DG2 L2 G3 DG3 L3 Exf Int
43.1 1.7 0 0 4.5 1.0e-16 0.4e-16 2 1.6e-1 0.8e-1 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
66.6 3.0 0 0 1.5 1.8e-12 0.72e-12 2 2.0e-2 1.0e-2 1 0 0 0 0.0 0
204.3 1.8 1.4e-3 0.3e-3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
271.2 2.0 1.6e-2 0.3e-2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
435.0 2.2 6.8e-2 2.0e-2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
480.7 2.4 3.7e-2 1.2e-2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
579.4 2.4 2.4e-1 0.3e-1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
706.7 2.4 3.6e-1 0.6e-1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
760.7 2.4 9.5e-2 0.3e-2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
Ecm DEcm Jr G1 DG1 L1 PT G2 DG2 L2 PT G3 DG3 L3 PT Exf Int
188.9 1.7 2.5 0.0072 0 0 0.0045 0.33 0.16 1 0 0 0 0 0 2715.0 0
221.7 2.4 2.5 0.0061 0 0 0.0045 0.2 0.1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
493.7 6.2 2.5 0.018 0 0 0.0045 0.2 0.1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
613.5 8.0 2.5 0.021 0 0 0.0045 0.2 0.1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
Ecm DEcm Jr G1 DG1 L1 PT G2 DG2 L2 PT G3 DG3 L3 PT Exf
!+-
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0
*****
Comments:

```

1. $G_g=2.0e-2$ eV for Er=66.6 keV resonance is a guess (not important since $G_p \ll G_g$).
2. $G_g=2.0e-1$ eV for Er=222, 494 and 614 keV resonances is a guess; we assume for these undetected resonances that $G_p \ll G_g$ (assumption most likely inconsequential for total rates).
3. Spin and parity of Er=494 and 614 keV resonances unknown; for upper limit contributions we assume s-waves ($J_p=5/2^+$).

23Na(p,g)24Mg

```

*****
1          ! Zproj
11         ! Ztarget
2          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
22.9897   ! Atarget
4.0026    ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
1.5       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
11692.68  ! projectile separation energy (keV)
9316.55   ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
8000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****

```

Nonresonant Contribution

S(keVb)	S'(b)	S''(b/keV)	fracErr	Cutoff Energy (keV)
2.48e1	-7.31e-3	6.42e-6	0.4	1100.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Resonant Contribution

Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
 Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width

Ecm	DEcm	wg	Dwg	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	G2	DG2	L2	G3	DG3	L3	Exf	Int
5.5	1.0	0	0	4	5.7e-58	2.3e-58	2	0.13	0.03	1	1.5	0.6	4	0.0	1
169.7	0.9	0	0	1	6.1e-5	1.1e-5	1	0.33	0.07	1	8.0e3	2.0e3	1	0.0	1
217.0	1.8	2.7e-9	1.4e-9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
240.4	0.2	5.3e-4	1.8e-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
295.9	0.06	0.105	0.019	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
358.7	0.4	1.4e-3	3.8e-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
490.8	0.1	9.13e-2	1.25e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
567.3	0.4	0.237	0.037	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
648.5	0.4	0.637	0.112	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
708.1	0.3	0.12	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
712.8	0.3	0.175	0.037	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
761.9	1.0	2.4e-3	1e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
836.1	0.6	0.912	0.19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
946.3	0.1	0.237	0.05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
966.7	0.1	0.0575	0.0212	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
968.5	0.4	4.62e-2	1.9e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
977.7	0.4	1.625	0.375	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1040.9	0.6	6.25e-3	2.5e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1046.7	0.7	0.03	6.25e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1085.8	1.0	0.0413	0.0175	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1115.5	0.5	0.225	0.05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1125.5	0.2	1.12	0.38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1154.6	0.5	0.175	0.038	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1160.0	0.5	0.0125	6.25e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1202.8	0.5	4.75e-2	1.25e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1229.4	0.4	1.0	0.25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1263.2	0.15	4.25	0.75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

1271.6	0.5	0.15	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1305.4	0.5	0.025	0.01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1337.6	0.1	2.0	0.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1357.8	0.07	3.375	0.75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1396.6	0.4	1.25	0.375	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1453.8	1.0	0.01	3.75e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1492.3	0.8	1.87e-2	7.5e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1569.8	1.0	0.412	0.15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1576.6	0.7	1.37e-2	6.25e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1583.4	1.0	0.03	0.0125	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1653.6	0.6	1.0	0.25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1674.8	0.8	0.175	0.0625	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1727.2	0.8	0.175	0.0875	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1732.6	1.2	1.25e-2	5e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1754.7	0.8	0.175	0.05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1782.8	0.8	0.0437	0.015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1850.3	0.8	0.375	0.125	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2079.6	3.0	6.25e-2	0.025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2108.3	3.0	0.3	0.075	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2130.4	3.0	0.625	0.25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2149.5	3.0	6.25e-2	2.5e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2188.8	3.0	0.3	0.075	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2201.3	3.0	0.312	0.15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2242.5	3.0	0.425	0.15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2255.9	3.0	0.7	0.19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where $PT = \langle \theta^2 \rangle$ for particles and...

Note: ...PT= for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
37.1	1.7	0	1.1e-19	0.0	2	0.0045	0.37	0.06	1	0	1.0e4	0.2e4	0	0	0.0	1
138.0	1.5	0	1.2e-6	0.0	1	0.0045	0.3	0.15	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
167.3	3.0	6	2.3e-8	0.0	4	0.0045	7.3e-3	3.6e-3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf
!+-															
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0

Comments:

- For Er=167.3 keV resonance: Jp=6+ assumed for upper limit; since Gg/G>0.95 we assume Gg>>Ga and G=Gg; also no resonance is observed in 20Ne+a (a non-zero value of Ga would make the rate contribution even smaller).
- For Er=217.0 keV, Jp=1- assumed.
- State corresponding to Er=138.0 keV has been observed in 23Na(3He,d) but strength may be caused by non-direct contribution; direct (p,g) search excludes l=0 (s-wave); assume p-wave (Jp=0-) for upper limit. Since Gg/G=0.95+-0.04, we assume G=Gg and Gg>>Ga; value of Gg=0.3 eV is a guess (inconsequential).
- Contribution of subthreshold resonances negligible compared to direct capture.

23Na(p,a)20Ne

```

*****
1          ! Zproj
11         ! Ztarget
2          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
22.9897   ! Atarget
4.0026    ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
1.5       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
11692.68  ! projectile separation energy (keV)
9316.55   ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
3         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
8000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****

```

Nonresonant Contribution

S(keVb)	S'(b)	S''(b/keV)	fracErr	Cutoff Energy (keV)
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Resonant Contribution

Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
 Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width

Ecm	DEcm	wg	Dwg	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	G2	DG2	L2	G3	DG3	L3	Exf	Int
-303.0	3.0	0	0	1	0.058	0.023	1	5.0e2	2.5e2	1	0.1	0.001	1	0.0	1
-174.0	2.0	0	0	2	0.0138	0.0055	0	5.0e2	2.5e2	2	0.16	0.08	1	0.0	1
5.5	1.0	0	0	4	5.7e-58	2.3e-58	2	1.5	0.6	4	0.13	0.03	1	0.0	1
169.7	0.9	0	0	1	6.1e-5	1.1e-5	1	8.0e3	2.0e3	1	0.33	0.07	1	0.0	1
217.0	1.8	5.4e-5	1.3e-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
274.0	0.5	0	0	2	5.6e-2	1.1e-2	0	2.3e3	0.5e3	2	0.1	0.001	1	0.0	1
295.9	0.06	1.03e-2	2.6e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
324.5	0.6	7.16e-2	0.29e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
358.7	0.4	4.1e-3	1.0e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
426.5	1.0	5.7e-3	1.4e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
567.0	0.4	38	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
708.1	0.3	7.68e-2	1.9e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
712.8	0.3	7.4	1.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
761.9	1.0	3.3	0.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
779.1	1.0	1.8	0.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
809.8	5.0	0.51	0.10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
880.7	1.0	63	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
968.5	0.4	46	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
977.7	0.4	0.21	0.051	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1046.7	0.7	441	51	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1085.8	1.0	400	41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1115.5	0.5	121	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1154.6	0.5	0.15	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1160.0	0.5	9.7	1.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1202.8	0.5	9.2	1.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1229.4	0.4	359	41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1263.2	0.15	0.51	0.13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

1271.6	0.5	36	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1337.6	0.1	0.3	0.08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1357.8	0.07	12.5	3.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1396.6	0.4	154	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1446.1	1.0	19.5	4.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1468.3	0.7	0.41	0.10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1492.3	0.8	29	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1569.8	1.0	1353	338	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1641.6	3.0	359	90	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1653.6	0.6	1.02	0.25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1662.9	0.8	2.4	0.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1727.2	0.8	25.6	6.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1732.6	1.2	441	41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1754.7	0.8	0.61	0.15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1760.9	0.8	7.2	1.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1790.8	0.8	0.31	0.08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1850.3	0.8	2.2	0.54	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1940.5	1.1	3.4	0.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1985.4	0.9	308	44	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2032.6	1.0	174	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2079.6	3.0	502	51	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2193.6	3.0	4817	1024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2255.9	3.0	461	51	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2327.8	3.0	635	61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where $PT = \langle \theta^2 \rangle$ for particles and...

Note: ...PT= for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
37.1	1.7	0	1.1e-19	0.0	2	0.0045	1.0e4	0.2e4	0	0	0.37	0.06	1	0	0.0	1
138.0	1.5	0	1.2e-6	0.0	1	0.0045	0.016	0.008	1	0	0.3	0.15	1	0	0.0	0

Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0

Comments:

1. For $E_r = -303.0$ and 274.0 keV resonances, value of $G_g = 0.1 \pm 0.001$ eV is assumed (inconsequential).
2. $E_r = 167.3$ keV resonance is disregarded; see comments under $^{23}\text{Na}(p,g)$ input.
3. State corresponding to $E_r = 138.0$ keV has been observed in $^{23}\text{Na}(^3\text{He},d)$ but strength may be caused by non-direct contribution; direct (p,g) search excludes $l=0$ (s-wave); assume p-wave ($J_p=0^-$) for upper limit. Since $G_g/G = 0.95 \pm 0.04$, we find with $G_g = 0.3$ eV (approximate average in this Ex range) a value of $G_a = 0.016$ eV; rough estimate seems appropriate since this is an upper limit resonance.

22Mg(p,g)23A1

```

*****
1          ! Zproj
12         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
21.999    ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
0.0       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
122.0     ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0       ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
7000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Nonresonant contribution
S(keVb) S'(b) S''(b/keV) fracErr Cutoff Energy (keV)
4.4e-1 2.7e-4 -4.5e-8 0.4 4500.0
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm DEcm wg Dwg J G1 DG1 L1 G2 DG2 L2 G3 DG3 L3 Exf Int
405 27 0 0 0.5 74 30 0 7.2e-7 1.4e-7 2 0 0 0 0.0 1
1651 40 0 0 1.5 912 365 2 8.3e-4 4.2e-4 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by chosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
Ecm DEcm Jr G1 DG1 L1 PT G2 DG2 L2 PT G3 DG3 L3 PT Exf Int
!0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
Ecm DEcm Jr G1 DG1 L1 PT G2 DG2 L2 PT G3 DG3 L3 PT Exf
!+-
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0
*****
Comments:
1. S-factor for direct capture to ground state calculated with C2S=0.22 from 23Ne mirror state.
2. Several higher-energy resonances are missing between those considered here and those observed in the
scattering study of He et al. 2007.

```

References: He et al. [104].

23Mg(p,g)24Al

```

*****
1          ! Zproj
12         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
22.994    ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
1.5       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1872.0    ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0       ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
8000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Non-resonant contribution
S(keVb) S'(b) S''(b/keV)      fracErr Cutoff Energy (keV)
2.25e1  -0.011  1.38e-5      0.4    1000.0
0.0     0.0     0.0         0.0    0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm    DEcm  wg    Dwg    J    G1    DG1    L1    G2    DG2    L2    G3    DG3    L3    Exf    Int
-764.0  3.0    0     0     2    0.10  0.05   0     7.3e-3  3.7e-3  1     0     0     0    425.8  1
-324.0  3.0    0     0     2    0.045 0.022  0     2.5e-3  1.3e-3  1     0     0     0    1088.2 1
 473.0  3.0    0     0     3    0.17  0.07   2     0.033  0.0165 1     0     0     0    500.1  1
 651.0  4.0    0     0     4    1.1   0.4    2     0.053  0.0265 1     0     0     0     0     1
 919.0  4.0    0     0     2    2.0e3 8.0e2  0     0.083  0.0415 1     0     0     0    500.1  1
1001.0  4.0    0     0     3    2.3e1 9.2    2     0.014  0.007  1     0     0     0    1107.9 1
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
Ecm    DEcm  Jr    G1    DG1    L1    PT    G2    DG2    L2    PT    G3    DG3    L3    PT    Exf    Int
!0.0   0.0    0.0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
Ecm    DEcm  Jr    G1    DG1    L1    PT    G2    DG2    L2    PT    G3    DG3    L3    PT    Exf
!+-
0.0    0.0    0.0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0
0.0    0.0    0.0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0
*****
Comments:
1. Resonance energies deduced from Ex (Visser et al. 2007, Visser et al. 2008, Lotay et al. 2008).
2. Measured spectroscopic factors adopted from 24Na mirror levels (Tomandl et al. 2004).
3. Gamma-ray partial widths from Herndl et al. 1998 (shell model) for unbound states, and from 24Na mirror state lifetimes (Endt 1990) for bound states.
4. Information on g-ray branching ratios from Tomandl et al. 2004 and Lotay et al. 2008.

```

References: Endt [69]; Lotay et al. [137]; Tomandl et al. [207]; Visser et al. [214,215].

24Mg(p,g)25Al

```

*****
1          ! Zproj
12         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078     ! Aproj
23.985     ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5        ! Jproj
0.0        ! Jtarget
0.0        ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
2271.6     ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0        ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25      ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2          ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0        ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
8000      ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0         ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Nonresonant contribution
S(keVb) S'(b) S''(b/keV) fracErr Cutoff Energy (keV)
2.5e1 0.0 0.0 0.4 1200.0
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm DEcm wg Dwg Jr G1 DG1 L1 G2 DG2 L2 G3 DG3 L3 Exf Int
213.7 0.9 0 0 0.5 1.4e-2 1.2e-3 0 1.41e-1 6.3e-2 1 0 0 0 452.0 1
401.9 0.8 0 0 1.5 1.7e-1 1.6e-2 2 2.38e-2 1.5e-3 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
790.1 0.8 0.55 0.04 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
1152.7 0.7 2.8e-2 0.6e-2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
1424.1 0.7 0.16 0.02 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
1551.4 1.7 0.79 0.12 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
1587.2 0.9 0.21 0.04 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
1924.4 3.0 0.58 0.10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
2311.4 4.0 1.8e-1 0.4e-1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by chosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
Ecm DEcm Jr G1 DG1 L1 PT G2 DG2 L2 PT G3 DG3 L3 PT Exf Int
!0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
Ecm DEcm Jr G1 DG1 L1 PT G2 DG2 L2 PT G3 DG3 L3 PT Exf
!+-
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0
*****

```

24Mg(a,g)28Si

```
*****
2          ! Zproj
12         ! Ztarget
1          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
4.0026    ! Aproj
23.985    ! Atarget
1.0078    ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.0       ! Jproj
0.0       ! Jtarget
0.5       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
9984.14   ! projectile separation energy (keV)
11585.11  ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
2.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
7000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
```

Nonresonant Contribution

S(keVb)	S'(b)	S''(b/keV)	fracErr	Cutoff Energy (keV)
1.50e6	-217.1	0.0	0.79	1500.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Resonant Contribution

Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if $Er < 0$, $\theta^2 = C2S * \theta_{sp}^2$ must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width

Ecm	DEcm	wg	Dwg	J	G1	DG1	L1	G2	DG2	L2	G3	DG3	L3	Exf	Int
1009.9	0.3	2.2e-4	6.0e-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
1094.37	0.14	5.8e-4	1.1e-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
1157.0	1.0	1.9e-3	3.0e-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
1210.93	0.13	2.1e-4	4.0e-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0.0	0
1311.3	0.4	9.6e-2	9.0e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
1531.2	0.4	6.0e-2	8.0e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0.0	0
1600.47	0.19	4.3e-2	7.0e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
1672.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	2	1.4e-1	7.0e-2	2	3.5e-2	8.0e-3	1	0	0	0	1779.0	1
1685.3	0.4	0.0	0.0	1	1.8e-1	5.0e-2	1	0.28	9.0e-2	1	0	0	1	1779.0	1
1794.5	0.7	3.5e-2	6.0e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
1915.3	0.3	5.4e-2	7.0e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
1991.6	0.3	0.0	0.0	4	1.0e-2	1.4e-3	4	2.3e-2	5.0e-3	1	1.2e-2	5.0e-3	2	4617.9	1
2038.2	0.4	6.0e-2	1.0e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0.0	0
2087.2	0.3	0.33	0.05	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0.0	0
2197.5	0.5	7.8e-2	1.1e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
2209.8	0.3	0.19	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
2256.3	0.5	0.52	0.07	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0.0	0
2305.4	0.3	6.9e-2	1.0e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0.0	0
2316.6	0.3	2.3e-2	4.0e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
2456.2	0.3	1.05	0.18	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0.0	0
2490.1	0.3	1.6	0.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
2503.9	0.3	0.0	0.0	3	7.83	0.74	3	0.33	3.0e-2	1	132.0	42.0	0	1779.0	1
2566.2	0.3	0.69	0.14	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0.0	0
2741.2	0.3	0.0	0.0	2	352.0	84.0	2	1.41	0.28	2	281.0	67.0	0	0.0	1
2820.6	0.5	0.21	5.0e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
2830.7	0.6	0.0	0.0	1	3.5e3	100.0	1	6.7e-2	1.3e-2	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
2870.28	0.14	1.1	0.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0.0	0

2874.3	0.5	0.6	0.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
2915.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	2	297.0	51.0	2	2.52	0.24	1	1.26e3	216.0	0	6276.2	1
2917.3	0.3	0.5	0.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
2938.9	0.3	0.4	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
2988.6	0.7	0.0	0.0	1	1.44e3	194.0	1	0.32	8.0e-2	1	270.0	74.0	1	0.0	1
3055.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0	3.2e3	100.0	0	0.30	7.0e-2	2	0	0	0	1779.0	1
3109.0	0.3	0.9	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
3121.1	0.5	2.1	0.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0.0	0
3244.7	0.6	1.24	0.27	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0.0	0
3261.8	0.7	0.0	0.0	3	1.59e3	161.0	3	0.18	3.0e-2	1	8.01e3	213.0	1	6276.2	1
3375.7	0.6	0.23	6.0e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0.0	0
3432.1	0.6	0.37	9.0e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
3598.2	0.5	0.7	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
3655.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	2	656.0	117.0	2	0.16	6.0e-2	1	5.04e3	504.0	0	1779.0	1
3693.5	0.8	0.0	0.0	2	820.0	221.0	2	0.35	0.12	2	473.0	155.0	0	0.0	1
3721.6	0.5	0.8	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
3872.7	0.9	0.3	0.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
3888.8	1.2	0.0	0.0	3	2.35e3	868.0	3	5.63	2.21	1	4.75e3	1.45e3	1	1779.0	1
3955.7	1.0	6.0e-2	3.0e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0.0	0
3987.2	0.7	1.2	0.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
4105.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3	3.15e3	537.0	3	0.16	7.0e-2	1	1.15e3	253.0	1	1779.0	1
4325.0	5.0	2.0	0.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0.0	0

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where $PT = \langle \theta^2 \rangle$ for particles and...

Note: ...PT= for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
197.45	0.12	3.0	5.12e-29	0.0	3	0.01	0.13	0.11	1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	4617.9	1
529.95	0.30	2.0	1.63e-11	0.0	2	0.01	0.31	0.30	1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	1779.0	1
821.0	1.00	2.0	2.10e-6	0.0	2	0.01	0.37	0.35	2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	1
931.6	0.70	3.0	2.29e-6	0.0	3	0.01	0.57	0.51	1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	1779.0	1
968.7	0.30	2.0	3.20e-4	0.0	2	0.01	0.23	0.21	1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	1779.0	1

Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf
!+-															
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0

Comments:

1. Nonresonant contribution from (6Li,d) relative spectroscopic factors of Draayer et al. 1974 and Tanabe et al. 1983, normalized as described in Paper II.
2. Information on resonances: adopted energies and total widths from ENSDF (Firestone 2007) and Endt 1990; strengths from Smulders and Endt 1962, Lyons et al. 1969, Maas et al. 1978, Cseh et al. 1982, and Strandberg et al. 2008.
3. Upper limits on strengths of low-energy resonances assume average gamma-ray partial widths.
4. No gamma-decays are observed for the presumed 821 keV and known 3956 keV resonances; we have assumed E2 decays to the ground state.

References: Cseh et al. [48]; Draayer et al. [64]; Endt [69]; Firestone [78]; Lyons et al. [140]; Maas et al. [142]; Smulders and Endt [194]; Strandberg et al. [197]; Tanabe et al. [201].

25Mg(p,g)26Al~t

```
*****
1          ! Zproj
12         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
24.9858   ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
2.5       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
6306.45   ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0       ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
50000    ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
```

Nonresonant contribution

S(keVb)	S'(b)	S''(b/keV)	fracErr	Cutoff Energy (keV)
7.3e1	0.0	0.0	0.4	1000.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Resonant Contribution

Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width

Ecm	DEcm	wg	Dwg	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	G2	DG2	L2	G3	DG3	L3	Exf	Int
37.01	0.09	0	0	4	6.0e-22	2.4e-22	2	0.1	0.001	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
57.54	0.09	0	0	3	4.8e-13	1.9e-13	0	0.1	0.001	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
92.19	0.22	0	0	2	2.8e-10	1.1e-10	1	0.1	0.001	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
108.01	0.11	0	0	0	2.5e-10	1.0e-10	2	0.1	0.001	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
189.49	0.09	7.2e-7	9.7e-8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
244.23	0.09	5.5e-6	6.3e-7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
291.87	0.17	4.5e-5	5.2e-6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
303.95	0.08	3.0e-2	3.5e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
374.00	0.09	6.6e-2	6.0e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
417.80	0.09	0.107	0.013	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
477.34	0.07	7.3e-2	1.1e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
482.85	0.06	6.0e-2	7.7e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
494.67	0.06	4.8e-2	7.4e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
495.15	0.17	1.9e-2	7.4e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
511.41	0.10	2.2e-2	1.8e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
545.05	0.12	0.31	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
567.84	0.09	0.228	0.098	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
585.25	0.06	1.4e-3	5.8e-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
629.75	0.09	3.4e-2	3.4e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
658.03	0.10	0.43	0.06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
694.46	0.10	0.20	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
708.56	0.12	4.2e-2	5.7e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
744.77	0.09	0.14	0.01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
779.52	0.17	0.20	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
786.33	0.10	1.3e-2	1.4e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
802.26	0.09	5.5e-2	4.2e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
835.35	0.07	5.8e-2	5.9e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

846.39	0.08	0.30	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
854.52	0.10	5.0e-2	4.2e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
861.20	0.08	4.9e-2	4.5e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
891.99	0.13	0.33	0.033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
915.97	0.10	0.67	0.06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
931.23	0.07	5.1e-2	7.5e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
947.2	0.2	0.68	0.09	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
979.17	0.12	3.4e-3	1.2e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
984.88	0.10	0.22	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1001.77	0.07	0.63	0.05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1041.44	0.11	0.43	0.05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1059.80	0.12	0.23	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1090.47	0.07	0.10	0.01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1092.25	0.11	0.47	0.05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1103.17	0.09	0.33	0.05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1118.62	0.09	0.20	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1133.05	0.15	4.1e-3	1.6e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1137.71	0.17	5.0e-2	3.8e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1148.89	0.20	0.36	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1157.99	0.12	0.475	0.063	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1188.93	0.06	0.75	0.10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1190.6	2.0	0.14	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1222.81	0.07	8.3e-3	3.3e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1233.07	0.12	0.40	0.11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1241.75	0.10	2.1e-2	5.0e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1251.11	0.25	0.33	0.06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1254.8	0.2	0.94	0.14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1285.10	0.11	8.3e-2	2.5e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1289.61	0.13	0.24	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1298.35	0.11	7.5e-2	1.3e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1316.23	0.11	0.10	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1321.07	0.13	1.00	0.08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1341.4	0.4	1.0e-3	2.5e-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1455.39	0.11	7.0e-2	2.3e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1465.80	0.08	0.24	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1466.6	2.0	5.8e-3	1.7e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1507.18	0.19	9.2e-2	2.3e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1518.21	0.16	6.7e-2	1.8e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1525.16	0.09	0.62	0.08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1558.6	0.3	0.17	0.06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1567.84	0.16	0.51	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1573.2	0.3	0.10	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1584.72	0.10	2.8	0.24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1614.82	0.15	3.3e-2	1.7e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1632.34	0.09	1.9	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1646.90	0.08	4.0	0.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1675.6	2.0	1.20	0.12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1694.18	0.09	9.0e-2	1.6e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1701.63	0.10	0.19	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1704.73	0.08	0.20	0.07	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1729.3	0.3	1.5e-2	2.5e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1740.19	0.11	7.5e-2	1.7e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1757.6	2.0	0.63	0.12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1760.99	0.10	0.19	0.06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where $PT = \langle \theta^2 \rangle$ for particles and...
 Note: ... $PT = \langle B \rangle$ for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
129.99	0.12	5	1.7e-10	0.0	2	0.0045	0.1	0.001	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf
!	+-														
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0

Comments:

1. Direct capture S-factor from Endt and Rolfs 1987.
2. Er=189-1761 keV: energies and strengths from Endt 1990; the former are calculated from Ex and Qpg, while the latter are normalized to the values listed in Tab. 1 of Iliadis et al. 2001.
3. Er=37-130 keV: proton partial widths from Iliadis et al. 1996; values of Gg=0.1 eV are guesses (inconsequential).
4. Er=37 keV: parity is not known experimentally; we adopt Jp=4+, as predicted by the shell model (see Iliadis et al. 1996).

References: Endt [69]; Endt and Rolfs [73]; Iliadis [110]; Iliadis et al. [114]; Iliadis et al. [117].

25Mg(p,g)26Al^g

```
*****
1          ! Zproj
12         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078     ! Aproj
24.9858    ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5        ! Jproj
2.5        ! Jtarget
0.0        ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
6306.45    ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0        ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25      ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2          ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0        ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
50000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0          ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
```

Nonresonant contribution

S(keVb)	S'(b)	S''(b/keV)	fracErr	Cutoff Energy (keV)
5.2e1	0.0	0.0	0.4	1000.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Resonant Contribution

Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
 Note: if Er<0, theta²=C2S*theta_sp² must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width

Ecm	DEcm	wg	Dwg	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	G2	DG2	L2	G3	DG3	L3	Exf	Int
37.01	0.09	0	0	4	4.7e-22	1.9e-22	2	0.1	0.001	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
57.54	0.09	0	0	3	3.9e-13	1.6e-13	0	0.1	0.001	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
92.19	0.22	0	0	2	2.4e-10	0.9e-10	1	0.1	0.001	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
108.01	0.11	0	0	0	1.8e-10	0.7e-10	2	0.1	0.001	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
189.49	0.09	4.8e-7	6.5e-8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
244.23	0.09	4.2e-6	4.8e-7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
291.87	0.17	3.6e-5	4.1e-6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
303.95	0.08	2.6e-2	3.0e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
374.00	0.09	4.4e-2	4.0e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
417.80	0.09	0.103	0.012	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
477.34	0.07	4.1e-2	6.2e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
482.85	0.06	5.4e-2	6.9e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
494.67	0.06	3.0e-2	4.7e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
495.15	0.17	1.0e-2	3.9e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
511.41	0.10	1.2e-2	1.0e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
545.05	0.12	0.19	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
567.84	0.09	0.137	0.059	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
585.25	0.06	1.3e-3	5.4e-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
629.75	0.09	1.7e-2	1.7e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
658.03	0.10	0.37	0.05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
694.46	0.10	8.8e-2	8.8e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
708.56	0.12	2.9e-2	3.9e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
744.77	0.09	9.7e-2	6.9e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
779.52	0.17	0.038	0.008	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
786.33	0.10	5.6e-3	6.0e-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
802.26	0.09	4.5e-2	3.4e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
835.35	0.07	4.1e-2	4.2e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

846.39	0.08	0.22	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
854.52	0.10	2.9e-2	2.4e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
861.20	0.08	3.5e-2	3.2e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
891.99	0.13	0.023	0.002	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
915.97	0.10	0.66	0.06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
931.23	0.07	3.4e-2	5.0e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
947.2	0.2	0.48	0.06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
979.17	0.12	1.7e-4	6.0e-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
984.88	0.10	0.19	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1001.77	0.07	0.34	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1041.44	0.11	0.35	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1059.80	0.12	0.14	0.01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1090.47	0.07	0.065	0.007	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1092.25	0.11	0.38	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1103.17	0.09	0.29	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1118.62	0.09	0.13	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1133.05	0.15	1.6e-4	6.4e-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1137.71	0.17	1.9e-2	1.4e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1148.89	0.20	0.10	0.009	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1157.99	0.12	0.318	0.042	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1188.93	0.06	0.51	0.07	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1190.6	2.0	0.081	0.011	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1222.81	0.07	7.8e-3	3.1e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1233.07	0.12	0.15	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1241.75	0.10	0.018	0.004	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1251.11	0.25	0.18	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1254.8	0.2	0.34	0.05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1285.10	0.11	6.7e-2	2.0e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1289.61	0.13	0.17	0.01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1298.35	0.11	2.8e-2	4.8e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1316.23	0.11	0.038	0.008	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1321.07	0.13	0.88	0.07	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1341.4	0.4	4.8e-4	1.2e-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1455.39	0.11	5.2e-2	1.7e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1465.80	0.08	0.18	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1466.6	2.0	3.9e-3	1.1e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1507.18	0.19	2.0e-2	5.1e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1518.21	0.16	5.8e-2	1.6e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1525.16	0.09	0.53	0.07	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1558.6	0.3	0.11	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1567.84	0.16	0.23	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1573.2	0.3	0.028	0.006	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1584.72	0.10	2.1	0.18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1614.82	0.15	3.1e-2	1.6e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1632.34	0.09	1.7	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1646.90	0.08	3.7	0.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1675.6	2.0	0.76	0.08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1694.18	0.09	1.6e-2	2.9e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1701.63	0.10	0.11	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1704.73	0.08	0.19	0.07	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1729.3	0.3	3.5e-3	5.8e-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1740.19	0.11	5.0e-2	1.1e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1757.6	2.0	0.46	0.09	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1760.99	0.10	0.18	0.06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where $PT = \langle \theta^2 \rangle$ for particles and...
 Note: ... $PT = \langle B \rangle$ for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
129.99	0.12	5	1.2e-10	0.0	2	0.0045	0.1	0.001	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf
!	+														
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0

 Comments:

1. See comments for $^{25}\text{Mg}(p,g)^{26}\text{Al}^t$.
2. Ground state branching ratios are adopted from Endt and Rolfs 1987 (uncertainties are on the order of 1%), except for $E_r=189, 244$ and 292 keV for which we adopt the values of Iliadis 1989.

References: Endt and Rolfs [73]; Iliadis [110].

25Mg(p,g)26Al^m

```
*****
1          ! Zproj
12         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
24.9858   ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
2.5       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
6078.15   ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0       ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
50000    ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
```

Nonresonant contribution

S(keVb)	S'(b)	S''(b/keV)	fracErr	Cutoff Energy (keV)
2.1e1	0.0	0.0	0.4	1000.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Resonant Contribution

Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta²=C2S*theta_sp² must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width

Ecm	DEcm	wg	Dwg	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	G2	DG2	L2	G3	DG3	L3	Exf	Int
37.01	0.09	0	0	4	1.3e-22	5.0e-23	2	0.1	0.001	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
57.54	0.09	0	0	3	9.1e-14	3.6e-14	0	0.1	0.001	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
92.19	0.22	0	0	2	4.2e-11	1.7e-11	1	0.1	0.001	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
108.01	0.11	0	0	0	7.3e-11	2.9e-11	2	0.1	0.001	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
189.49	0.09	2.5e-7	3.3e-8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
244.23	0.09	1.3e-6	1.5e-7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
291.87	0.17	9.5e-6	1.1e-6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
303.95	0.08	3.9e-3	4.6e-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
374.00	0.09	2.2e-2	2.0e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
417.80	0.09	4.3e-3	5.2e-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
477.34	0.07	0.032	0.005	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
482.85	0.06	6.0e-3	7.7e-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
494.67	0.06	0.018	0.003	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
495.15	0.17	8.9e-3	3.5e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
511.41	0.10	9.7e-3	7.9e-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
545.05	0.12	0.12	0.01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
567.84	0.09	0.091	0.039	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
585.25	0.06	9.8e-5	4.1e-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
629.75	0.09	1.7e-2	1.7e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
658.03	0.10	0.056	0.008	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
694.46	0.10	0.11	0.01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
708.56	0.12	1.3e-2	1.8e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
744.77	0.09	0.043	0.003	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
779.52	0.17	0.16	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
786.33	0.10	7.4e-3	8.0e-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
802.26	0.09	9.9e-3	7.6e-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
835.35	0.07	1.7e-2	1.7e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

846.39	0.08	0.078	0.008	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
854.52	0.10	0.021	0.002	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
861.20	0.08	1.4e-2	1.3e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
891.99	0.13	0.31	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
915.97	0.10	0.013	0.001	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
931.23	0.07	1.7e-2	2.5e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
947.2	0.2	0.20	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
979.17	0.12	3.2e-3	1.1e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
984.88	0.10	0.029	0.003	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1001.77	0.07	0.29	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1041.44	0.11	0.077	0.009	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1059.80	0.12	0.094	0.008	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1090.47	0.07	0.035	0.004	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1092.25	0.11	0.089	0.010	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1103.17	0.09	0.040	0.006	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1118.62	0.09	0.066	0.010	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1133.05	0.15	3.9e-3	1.5e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1137.71	0.17	3.1e-2	2.4e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1148.89	0.20	0.26	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1157.99	0.12	0.16	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1188.93	0.06	0.24	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1190.6	2.0	0.059	0.008	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1222.81	0.07	5.0e-4	2.0e-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1233.07	0.12	0.25	0.07	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1241.75	0.10	2.5e-3	6.0e-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1251.11	0.25	0.15	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1254.8	0.2	0.60	0.09	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1285.10	0.11	1.6e-2	4.8e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1289.61	0.13	0.074	0.006	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1298.35	0.11	4.7e-2	8.2e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1316.23	0.11	0.062	0.012	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1321.07	0.13	0.12	0.01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1341.4	0.4	5.2e-4	1.3e-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1455.39	0.11	1.8e-2	6.0e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1465.80	0.08	0.058	0.007	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1466.6	2.0	1.9e-3	5.6e-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1507.18	0.19	7.2e-2	1.8e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1518.21	0.16	8.7e-3	2.3e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1525.16	0.09	0.087	0.011	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1558.6	0.3	0.065	0.022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1567.84	0.16	0.28	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1573.2	0.3	0.072	0.014	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1584.72	0.10	0.70	0.06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1614.82	0.15	2.3e-3	1.2e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1632.34	0.09	0.25	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1646.90	0.08	0.32	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1675.6	2.0	0.44	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1694.18	0.09	7.4e-2	1.3e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1701.63	0.10	0.082	0.013	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1704.73	0.08	0.012	0.004	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1729.3	0.3	1.2e-2	1.9e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1740.19	0.11	2.5e-2	5.6e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1757.6	2.0	0.17	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1760.99	0.10	7.6e-3	2.4e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where $PT = \langle \theta^2 \rangle$ for particles and...
 Note: ... $PT = \langle B \rangle$ for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
129.99	0.12	5	4.6e-11	0.0	2	0.0045	0.1	0.001	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf
!	+														
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0

 Comments:

1. See comments for $^{25}\text{Mg}(p,g)^{26}\text{Al}^t$.
2. Isomeric state branching ratios are adopted from Endt and Rolfs 1987 (uncertainties are on the order of 1%), except for Er=189, 244 and 292 keV for which we adopt the values of Iliadis 1989.

References: Endt and Rolfs [73]; Iliadis [110].

26Mg(p,g)27Al

```

*****
1          ! Zproj
12         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
25.98259  ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
0.0       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
8271.05   ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0       ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****

```

Nonresonant contribution

S(keVb)	S'(b)	S''(b/keV)	fracErr	Cutoff Energy (keV)
7.45e1	-1.62e-2	0.0	0.4	1000.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Resonant Contribution

Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
 Note: if $Er < 0$, $\theta^2 = C2S * \theta_{sp}^2$ must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width

Ecm	DEcm	wg	Dwg	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	G2	DG2	L2	G3	DG3	L3	Exf	Int
52.7	1.0	0	0	2.5	7.4e-17	3.0e-17	2	0.1	0.01	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
104.7	1.0	0	0	0.5	1.0e-9	0.4e-9	1	0.1	0.01	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
149.7	1.0	8.0e-8	3.0e-8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
219.0	1.2	5.0e-5	2.0e-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
266.0	1.0	1.0e-6	0.8e-6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
281.25	0.09	7.0e-3	1.2e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
325.9	0.1	0	0	1.5	0.46	0.08	1	0.195	0.018	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
437.0	0.1	0	0	0.5	3.40	0.71	0	0.91	0.07	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
444.9	0.5	0.035	0.011	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
460.5	0.4	0	0	3.5	1.2e-3	0.3e-3	3	0.19	0.03	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
481.9	0.5	0	0	2.5	7.7e-4	3.0e-4	2	1.05	0.13	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
502.5	0.5	0	0	2.5	3.3e-3	1.0e-3	2	3.7	0.3	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
625.6	0.5	0	0	2.5	0.021	0.006	2	0.8	0.2	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
633.4	0.8	0.02	0.006	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
637.5	0.5	0.37	0.09	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
691.79	0.05	0.29	0.05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
779.30	0.05	0.325	0.043	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
780.00	0.05	0.6	0.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
808.77	0.06	1.05	0.16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
918.62	0.05	0.9	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
944.72	0.05	0.48	0.14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
964.4	0.8	1.5	0.45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
968.0	0.8	0.3	0.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1000.1	0.8	0.095	0.035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1002.8	0.8	0.45	0.20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1005.4	0.8	0	0	1.5	0.10e3	0.03e3	1	0.35	0.10	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
1036.7	0.9	0.13	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

1087.8	1.0	0.025	0.008	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1118.5	0.9	0.215	0.055	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1129.3	0.9	0	0	0.5	0.11e3	0.05e3	0	0.55	0.15	1	0	0	0.0	1
1202.9	0.8	0.55	0.15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1230.2	1.0	0.025	0.008	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1240.1	0.9	1.65	0.40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1329.3	0.9	0	0	1.5	1.4	0.3	2	11	2	1	0	0	0.0	1
1357.1	0.9	0	0	0.5	2.8e3	0.1e3	1	1.80	0.45	1	0	0	844.0	1
1363.1	0.9	1.5	0.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1393.3	0.8	1.15	0.25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1444.5	0.8	0.10	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1491.4	0.8	2.9	0.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1524.9	0.9	0	0	3.5	0.046	0.011	4	4	3	1	0	0	0.0	1
1550.2	0.9	0	0	1.5	1.3	0.3	2	17	5	1	0	0	0.0	1
1563.0	1.0	0	0	0.5	3.0e3	0.9e3	1	0.45	0.15	1	0	0	0.0	1
1568.3	1.0	0	0	2.5	0.09	0.03	2	0.93	0.18	1	0	0	0.0	1
1575.3	1.0	0.8	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1650.6	0.9	0	0	1.5	1.8e3	0.5e3	1	0.83	0.25	1	0	0	844.0	1
1659.2	0.9	0	0	0.5	1.4e3	0.4e3	1	1.4	0.4	1	0	0	0.0	1
1670.0	0.9	0.55	0.15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1681.7	1.6	0.035	0.011	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1684.2	1.0	0.55	0.20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1689.0	0.9	1.0	0.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1691.5	0.9	3.1	1.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1705.6	0.9	0.27	0.07	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1719.5	0.9	2.2	0.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1728.6	1.0	0.35	0.10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1753.2	0.9	1.45	0.35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1818.3	0.9	0	0	1.5	2.7e3	0.8e3	1	0.50	0.15	1	0	0	0.0	1
1821.7	0.9	1.65	0.60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1841.2	0.9	4.0	1.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1850.0	1.0	0.32	0.08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1863.9	1.1	0.21	0.06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1893.5	0.9	5.15	0.45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1947.2	3.0	0	0	1.5	4.1e4	1.2e4	1	8.3	2.3	1	0	0	844.0	1
1972.2	0.9	10.5	3.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1987.3	1.0	1.45	0.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2015.6	2.0	0.95	0.25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2035.8	2.0	0.85	0.20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2047.3	2.0	0.26	0.07	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2061.8	2.0	5.0	1.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2066.6	2.0	2.5	0.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2068.5	2.0	0.65	0.20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2077.2	2.0	1.25	0.30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2093.6	2.0	0.60	0.15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2101.3	2.0	9.5	2.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2137.9	2.0	4.5	1.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2151.3	2.0	3.15	0.95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2187.9	2.0	0.85	0.26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2207.2	3.0	0.45	0.14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2209.1	3.0	4.5	1.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2238.0	2.0	3.5	1.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2247.6	2.0	0.085	0.026	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2257.3	2.0	1.15	0.35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2284.2	2.0	4.25	1.28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2294.8	2.0	5.0	1.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

2316.9	2.0	12.0	3.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2321.8	3.0	1.25	0.38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2327.6	3.0	1.25	0.38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2341.0	3.0	3.5	1.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2354.5	2.0	1.95	0.59	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2359.4	3.0	0.25	0.08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2363.0	3.0	0.15	0.05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2376.7	2.0	5.0	1.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2403.6	2.0	7.0	2.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2404.6	2.0	3.5	1.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2420.9	2.0	2.5	0.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2445.1	2.0	7.0	2.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2451.8	2.0	1.1	0.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2466.2	2.0	3.5	1.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2479.7	2.0	2.5	0.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2497.1	3.0	0.065	0.020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2506.7	3.0	0.095	0.029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2509.6	3.0	0.65	0.20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2511.5	3.0	0.35	0.11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2520.2	3.0	0.030	0.009	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2532.7	2.0	1.2	0.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2561.6	2.0	2.85	0.86	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2565.4	3.0	0.95	0.29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2567.4	3.0	2.2	0.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2593.4	2.0	2.2	0.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2600.1	3.0	0.35	0.11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2628.9	3.0	0.15	0.05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2639.6	3.0	1.0	0.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2651.1	3.0	1.6	0.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2659.8	3.0	14.5	4.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2667.5	3.0	0.55	0.16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2699.3	3.0	0.6	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2702.2	3.0	3.0	0.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2723.4	3.0	1.05	0.32	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2732.0	3.0	2.2	0.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2740.7	3.0	0.35	0.11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2801.4	3.0	4.0	1.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2804.3	3.0	0.65	0.20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2806.2	3.0	0.15	0.05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2824.5	3.0	0.75	0.22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2830.3	4.0	5.5	1.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2855.3	3.0	0.8	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2866.9	3.0	0.25	0.08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where $PT = \langle \theta^2 \rangle$ for particles and...

Note: ...PT= for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
15.7	1.0	4.5	3.4e-40	0.0	5	0.0045	0.1	0.01	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
89.7	3.0	0.5	2.0e-10	0.0	0	0.0045	0.1	0.01	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
124.7	1.0	5.5	1.4e-13	0.0	5	0.0045	0.1	0.01	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
136.6	3.0	0.5	3.0e-8	0.0	0	0.0045	0.1	0.01	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
170.7	1.0	3.5	1.5e-8	0.0	3	0.0045	1.3	0.3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	1
249.7	2.0	0.5	2.0e-6	0.0	0	0.0045	0.1	0.01	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
314.7	1.0	3.5	7.5e-6	0.0	3	0.0045	0.1	0.01	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0

Comments:

1. Direct capture S-factor adopted from Iliadis et al. 1990.
2. Estimate of $G_g=0.1\pm 0.01$ eV for some low-energy resonances is a rough guess (inconsequential).
3. For Er=137 and 250 keV, assume s-wave resonances (implying $J_p=1/2+$) for upper limit contributions.
4. Er=53 keV: $J_p=5/2+$ ($l=2$) is tentative since $J_p=5/2-$ ($l=3$) cannot be excluded based on proton transfer data.
5. Er=90 keV: state is weakly populated in proton transfer; for upper limit contribution assume $l=0$ ($J_p=1/2+$).
6. Er=105 keV: $l=1$ and $l=2$ fit proton transfer data almost equally well; we adopt here tentatively $l=1$ ($J_p=1/2-$) since it fits the data perhaps slightly better.
7. Er=326, 437 keV: partial widths are calculated from resonance strengths and branching ratios (G_g/G adopted from Champagne et al. 1990).

References: Champagne et al. [38]; Iliadis et al. [111].

23Al(p,g)24Si

```
*****
1          ! Zproj
13         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
23.0073   ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
2.5       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
3304.0    ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0       ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
7000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Nonresonant contribution
S(keVb)  S'(b)      S''(b/keV)  fracErr  Cutoff Energy (keV)
4.64e0   -6.24e-4     0.0         0.5      2500.0
0.0      0.0       0.0         0.0      0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm  DEcm  wg  Dwg  J  G1  DG1  L1  G2  DG2  L2  G3  DG3  L3  Exf  Int
137  29    0   0    2  9.3e-6  4.6e-6  0  1.7e-2  0.8e-2  1  0  0  0  0.0  1
746  150   0   0    4  5.8e-1  2.9e-1  2  7.2e-4  3.6e-4  2  0  0  0  0.0  1
866  150   0   0    0  2.9e1  1.4e1  2  3.4e-4  1.7e-4  2  0  0  0  0.0  1
1166 150   0   0    3  2.2e4  1.1e4  0  8.0e-3  4.0e-3  1  0  0  0  0.0  1
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
Ecm  DEcm  Jr  G1  DG1  L1  PT  G2  DG2  L2  PT  G3  DG3  L3  PT  Exf  Int
!0.0 0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
Ecm  DEcm  Jr  G1  DG1  L1  PT  G2  DG2  L2  PT  G3  DG3  L3  PT  Exf
!+-
0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0
0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0
*****
Comments:
1. Present direct capture S-factor is calculated using shell-model spectroscopic factors from Herndl et al. 1995.
2. Three higher lying resonances correspond to unobserved levels; 150 keV energy uncertainty is a rough estimate only.
3. Proton and gamma-ray partial widths are based on shell-model results of Herndl et al. 1995; assumed uncertainty amounts here to 50%.
```

References: Herndl et al. [105].

24Al(p,g)25Si

```
*****
1          ! Zproj
13         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
23.9999   ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
4.0       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
3408.0    ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0       ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
7000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Nonresonant contribution
S(keVb) S'(b) S''(b/keV) fracErr Cutoff Energy (keV)
2.7e1 0.0 0.0 0.5 5000.0
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm DEcm wg Dwg J G1 DG1 L1 G2 DG2 L2 G3 DG3 L3 Exf Int
190.0 100.0 0 0 2.5 5.7e-7 2.8e-7 2 4.0e-2 2.0e-2 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
410.0 22.0 0 0 4.5 7.5e-1 3.7e-1 0 1.3e-2 0.7e-2 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
500.0 100.0 0 0 3.5 2.38 1.19 0 1.5e-2 0.8e-2 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
510.0 100.0 0 0 2.5 0.1 0.05 2 7.2e-2 3.6e-2 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
730.0 100.0 0 0 2.5 5.3e-2 2.7e-2 2 1.2e-1 0.6e-1 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by chosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
Ecm DEcm Jr G1 DG1 L1 PT G2 DG2 L2 PT G3 DG3 L3 PT Exf Int
!0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
Ecm DEcm Jr G1 DG1 L1 PT G2 DG2 L2 PT G3 DG3 L3 PT Exf
!+-
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0
*****
Comments:
1. Energy uncertainty of 100 keV for 190, 500, 510 and 730 keV resonances is a rough guess only.
```

25Al(p,g)26Si

```

*****
1          ! Zproj
13         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
24.9904   ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
2.5       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
5513.7    ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0       ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Non-resonant contribution
S(keVb) S'(b) S''(b/keV)      fracErr Cutoff Energy (keV)
2.7e1  0.0  0.0          0.4    1000.0
0.0    0.0  0.0          0.0    0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm   DEcm   wg    Dwg    J     G1    DG1    L1    G2    DG2    L2   G3   DG3   L3   Exf   Int
163.3 1.8    0     0     1     7.8e-9 3.1e-9 2     0.11 0.055 1    0    0    0 1808.7 1
407.0 2.6    0     0     3     3.9    1.6    0     0.10 0.05  1    0    0    0 4350.0 1
438.3 4.0    0     0     0     2.3e-2 0.9e-2 2     0.0046 0.0023 1    0    0    0 1808.7 1
806.3 4.0    0     0     1     4.6    1.8    2     0.11 0.055 1    0    0    0 2938.4 1
882.3 4.0    0     0     2     292    117    0     0.11 0.055 1    0    0    0 1808.7 1
965.3 4.0    0     0     4     3.2    1.3    2     0.017 0.0085 1    0    0    0 4900.3 1
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
Ecm   DEcm   Jr    G1    DG1   L1   PT   G2    DG2   L2   PT   G3    DG3   L3   PT   Exf   Int
!0.0  0.0    0.0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
Ecm   DEcm   Jr    G1    DG1   L1   PT   G2    DG2   L2   PT   G3    DG3   L3   PT   Exf
!+-
0.0   0.0    0.0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0
0.0   0.0    0.0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0
*****
Comments:
1. Excitation energies of first three resonances from Wrede 2009; for last three resonances from column 1 of
Tab. I in Parpottas et al. 2004, but we added an average value of 8 keV, by which the excitation energies
of Parpottas et al. seem to be too small (see comments in Wrede 2009).
2. Unlike Wrede 2009, we prefer to calculate all resonance energies from excitation energies; in particular,
we do not use the proton energy from the beta-delayed proton decay of 26P since it is less precise than the
value derived from Ex.

```

3. For the last three resonances the J_p assignments are uncertain; note that the values of $2+$, $2+$, $0+$ (see column 6 of Tab. I in Parpottas et al. 2004) are inconsistent both with the known level scheme of the ^{26}Mg mirror and the calculated level scheme from the shell model.
4. All spectroscopic factors and gamma-ray partial widths are adopted from the shell model (Iliadis et al. 1996).
5. The final states for primary gamma-ray transitions are adopted from the ^{26}Mg mirror decay (Endt 1990).

References: Endt [69]; Iliadis et al. [114]; Parpottas et al. [166]; Wrede [223].

26Al⁻g(p,g)27Si

```
*****
1          ! Zproj
13         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
25.986891 ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
5.0       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
7462.96   ! projectile separation energy
0.0       ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
20000    ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0         ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Non-resonant contribution
S(keVb) S'(b) S''(b/keV) fracErr Cutoff Energy (keV)
8.0e1 0.0 0.0 0.4 2000.0
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm DEcm wg Dwg Jr G1 DG1 L1 G2 DG2 L2 G3 DG3 L3 Exf Int
188.6 0.4 4.7e-5 0.7e-5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
241.3 0.3 1.0e-5 0.5e-5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
276.3 0.4 2.9e-3 0.3e-3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
368.5 0.4 6.9e-2 0.7e-2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
693.6 0.4 6.7e-2 0.9e-2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
702.1 0.2 3.3e-2 0.5e-2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
741.8 0.2 2.1e-1 0.3e-1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
763.3 0.4 4.6e-2 0.7e-2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
815.7 1.0 3.5e-3 0.6e-3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
827.1 0.4 5.2e-2 0.7e-2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
843.4 0.4 1.0e-1 0.2e-1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
883.1 0.2 3.0e-2 0.5e-2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
893.3 0.2 3.8e-2 0.8e-2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
894.8 0.2 8.8e-2 1.4e-2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
Ecm DEcm Jr G1 DG1 L1 PT G2 DG2 L2 PT G3 DG3 L3 PT Exf Int
6.0 0.6 4.5 1.31e-61 0.0 0 0.0045 0.2 0.1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
68.3 0.7 2.5 6.02e-14 0.0 2 0.0045 0.2 0.1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
94.0 3.0 4.5 1.55e-8 0.0 0 0.0045 0.2 0.1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
126.7 0.8 4.5 9.41e-9 0.0 0 0.0045 0.2 0.1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
230.8 0.9 2.5 1.70e-6 0.0 2 0.0045 0.2 0.1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0.0 0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
```

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf
!+-															
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0

Comments:

1. Gg=0.2 eV for upper limit resonances is a guess (not important since Gp<<Gg).
2. Jp=4.5 for upper limit resonances assumed if no other information was available (values not uniquely known; assume s-wave resonances).
3. Er<500 keV: with few exceptions, resonance energies are calculated from excitation energies of Lotay et al. 2009.
4. For proton partial widths of upper limit resonances C2S=1 assumed, with two exceptions: (i) C2S<0.002 for Er=127 keV (from Vogelaar et al. 1996); (ii) for Er=231 keV proton width upper limit is derived from measured upper limit of resonance strength (Vogelaar 1989).
5. Er=68 keV: according to Lotay et al. 2009, the smallest possible orbital angular momentum is l=2.

References: Lotay et al. [138]; Vogelaar [216]; Vogelaar et al. [218].

27Al(p,g)28Si

```
*****
1          ! Zproj
13         ! Ztarget
2          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
26.9815   ! Atarget
4.0026    ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
2.5       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
11585.11  ! projectile separation energy (keV)
9984.14   ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
8000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
```

Nonresonant contribution

S(keVb)	S'(b)	S''(b/keV)	fracErr	Cutoff Energy (keV)
1.01e2	-3.42e-2	2.74e-5	0.4	1800.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Resonant Contribution

Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width

Ecm	DEcm	wg	Dwg	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	G2	DG2	L2	G3	DG3	L3	Exf	Int
195.5	0.9	9.2e-6	1.3e-6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
214.7	0.4	4.2e-5	0.3e-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
282.1	0.4	2.33e-4	0.13e-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
314.8	0.4	1.8e-3	0.1e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
390.9	0.3	8.63e-3	0.52e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
430.6	0.5	1.50e-3	1.25e-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
486.72	0.07	0.0258	0.0033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
488.15	0.07	0.037	0.005	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
589.44	0.04	5.3e-3	6.4e-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
609.47	0.04	0.264	0.016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
631.08	0.04	0.110	0.009	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
654.84	0.04	0.0527	0.0055	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
705.06	0.04	0.129	0.007	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
709.97	0.04	0.159	0.014	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
716.21	0.04	0.021	0.002	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
733.01	0.04	0.150	0.010	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
739.59	0.04	0.190	0.015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
745.81	0.04	0.40	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
855.85	0.05	0.012	0.001	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
889.77	0.05	0.140	0.013	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
903.55	0.05	0.183	0.017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
956.08	0.02	1.91	0.11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
965.89	0.05	3.3e-2	0.8e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
988.41	0.05	0.35	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1050.55	0.06	0.080	0.023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1057.80	0.06	0.043	0.012	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1078.40	0.06	0.80	0.06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

1129.70	0.06	0.093	0.027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1140.88	0.08	0.26	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1157.2	0.5	1.02	0.14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1169.45	0.06	0.49	0.14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1217.33	0.07	0.57	0.05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1231.40	0.08	0.056	0.016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1269.77	0.07	0.71	0.12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1281.14	0.07	0.54	0.09	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1315.02	0.07	0.85	0.08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1331.91	0.07	4.6	0.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1338.66	0.3	1.83	0.16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1388.8	0.3	1.4e-2	0.5e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1404.6	0.2	0.166	0.016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1448.10	0.08	0.067	0.007	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1465.0	0.2	1.24	0.13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1508.70	0.08	0.035	0.008	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1520.9	1.0	0.204	0.022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1530.39	0.08	0.81	0.13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1532.3	1.0	8.3e-2	1.7e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1587.87	0.08	0.038	0.011	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1603.2	0.5	1.58	0.23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1604.5	0.2	0.071	0.012	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1619.17	0.10	0.33	0.09	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1623.01	0.13	0.011	0.003	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1644.3	0.5	0.057	0.004	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1661.4	0.6	0.088	0.014	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1662.2	0.6	1.0	0.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1686.1	0.5	0.28	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1732.8	0.3	0.073	0.023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1735.02	0.09	1.15	0.16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1775.2	0.5	0.153	0.018	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1829.9	0.5	0.021	0.007	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1838.8	0.5	0.30	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1839.9	0.4	0.47	0.17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1893.1	0.5	0.159	0.023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1898.2	0.5	0.54	0.10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1906.3	0.6	0.52	0.07	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1961.1	0.6	0.12	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1971.5	0.03	1.42	0.25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1983.5	0.6	0.017	0.004	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1997.9	0.6	0.032	0.007	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2026.0	0.8	0.022	0.005	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2030.6	0.8	0.042	0.010	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2050.7	0.7	0.083	0.021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2054.8	1.0	0.013	0.003	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2077.7	0.7	0.042	0.010	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2082.5	0.5	0.26	0.05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2093.1	0.7	0.053	0.013	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2100.8	0.5	0.11	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2121.2	0.6	0.73	0.16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2121.8	0.9	1.92	0.42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2125.6	1.0	0.048	0.009	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2126.3	0.5	0.775	0.194	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2220.3	0.8	0.13	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2228.7	1.0	0.56	0.11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2245.1	0.9	0.021	0.005	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

2275.0	1.5	0.45	0.11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2288.4	1.2	2.2	0.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2316.1	1.1	0.33	0.08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2355.3	1.0	0.25	0.06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2382.7	0.8	0.28	0.06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2386.8	0.8	0.66	0.13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2394.4	0.8	2.25	0.42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2398.0	1.0	0.12	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2427.2	1.0	1.33	0.25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2579.3	1.0	0.60	0.12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2614.2	1.0	1.2	0.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2623.2	1.0	0.83	0.17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2627.7	1.0	0.45	0.08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2642.5	3.0	0.15	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2660.8	1.0	0.048	0.009	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2747.3	1.0	0.108	0.025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2966.1	1.0	0.20	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2970.2	1.0	0.33	0.07	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2987.6	1.0	0.56	0.11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
3048.9	1.0	0.16	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
3218.4	1.0	0.36	0.08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
3542.8	1.0	2.92	0.58	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2655.3	1.0	0.61	0.13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
3818.4	1.0	0.28	0.06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT= $\langle\theta^2\rangle$ for particles and...

Note: ...PT= for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
71.5	0.5	2	7.4e-14	0.0	0	0.0045	0.035	0.009	1	0	0.14	0.07	2	0	0.0	1
84.3	0.4	1	2.6e-12	0.0	1	0.0045	0.275	0.090	1	0	0.183	0.050	1	0	0.0	1

Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0

Comments:

1. Direct capture S-factor adopted from Iliadis et al. 2001 (result agrees with measurement of Harissopulos et al. 2000).
2. Resonance energies from Endt 1998.
3. Resonance strengths adopted from Chronidou et al. 1999 and Harissopulos et al. 2000, normalized to standard values listed in Tab. 1 of Iliadis et al. 2001.
4. For Er=71.5 keV: only upper limit can be obtained for weak l=0 component in presence of dominant l=2 proton transfer angular distribution.
5. For Er=84.3 keV: partial widths adopted from Iliadis et al. 2001.
6. The triplet Er=193.4, 193.5, 195.5 keV (Ex=11778.5, 11778.6, 11780.2 keV) cannot be resolved in (p,g), (p,a) or (3He,d) work; however, measured (p,g) strength for Er=195.5 keV can be regarded as total strength of triplet.

References: Chronidou et al. [42]; Endt [70]; Harissopulos et al. [103]; Iliadis et al. [117].

27Al(p,a)24Mg

```
*****
1          ! Zproj
13         ! Ztarget
2          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
26.9815   ! Atarget
4.0026    ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
2.5       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
11585.11  ! projectile separation energy (keV)
9984.14   ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
3         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
```

Nonresonant contribution

S(keVb)	S'(b)	S''(b/keV)	fracErr	Cutoff Energy (keV)
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Resonant Contribution

Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width

Ecm	DEcm	wg	Dwg	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	G2	DG2	L2	G3	DG3	L3	Exf	Int
314.9	0.4	0	0	4	3.1e-3	1.2e-3	2	0.007	0.001	4	10	5	1	0.0	0
390.9	0.3	0	0	4	1.2e-2	0.5e-2	2	0.011	0.002	4	10	5	1	0.0	0
486.74	0.07	0	0	2	0.73	0.18	0	0.50	0.12	2	0.1	0.05	1	0.0	1
609.49	0.04	0.275	0.069	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
705.08	0.04	0.52	0.13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
855.85	0.05	0.83	0.21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
889.77	0.05	0.33	0.08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
903.54	0.05	4.3	0.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
965.89	0.05	0.20	0.05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1129.70	0.06	0.010	0.003	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1140.88	0.08	0	0	2	250.0	50.0	0	810.0	160.0	2	1.0	0.1	1	0.0	1
1157.2	0.5	1.08	0.27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1169.45	0.06	0.36	0.09	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1217.33	0.07	0.15	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1231.40	0.08	0.56	0.14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1269.77	0.07	3.3	0.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1281.14	0.07	8.0e-3	2.1e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1316.7	0.2	0	0	2	960.0	190.0	0	500.0	100.0	2	1.0	0.1	1	0.0	1
1338.66	0.3	10.0	1.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1388.8	0.3	0	0	1	250	50	1	1.5e3	0.2e3	1	1.0	0.1	1	0.0	1
1404.6	0.2	1.0e-3	2.5e-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1448.10	0.08	3.0e-3	7.5e-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1508.70	0.08	3.8	0.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1519.4	1.0	12.5	2.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1530.39	0.08	7.5e-3	1.9e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1587.87	0.08	30.0	6.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1603.2	0.5	2.5	0.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

1604.5	0.2	0.28	0.07	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1619.17	0.10	3.2	0.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1623.02	0.13	0.7	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1644.3	0.5	4.0	1.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1661.4	0.6	775.	75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1686.1	0.5	8.0e-2	2.1e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1735.02	0.09	0.10	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1775.2	0.5	4.5	0.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1829.9	0.5	26.	5.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1838.8	0.5	183.	17.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1898.2	0.5	16.8	3.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1906.3	0.6	592.	58.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1961.1	0.6	62.5	12.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1971.53	0.03	3.3e-2	0.8e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1974.9	0.6	0.11	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1983.5	0.6	6.6e-2	1.7e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2025.9	0.8	0.23	0.06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2030.6	0.8	0.46	0.11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2050.7	0.7	0.12	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2054.3	1.0	242.0	25.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2054.8	1.0	6.6e-2	1.7e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2082.5	0.5	40.8	8.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2093.1	0.7	125.0	16.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2100.8	0.5	0.15	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2121.2	0.6	23.3	5.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2126.3	0.5	0.19	0.05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2220.3	0.8	5.3	1.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2227.3	0.8	233.0	25.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2245.1	0.9	6.6e-2	1.7e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2275.0	1.5	525.	50.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2288.4	1.2	916.7	167.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2316.1	1.1	4.3	1.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2355.3	1.0	525.0	50.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2382.7	0.8	30.0	5.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2386.8	0.8	250.0	25.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2394.4	0.8	5.4e-2	1.4e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2397.7	1.1	26.6	5.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2427.2	1.0	6.0	1.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2480.4	3.0	575.0	50.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2504.6	3.0	492.	50.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2510.4	3.0	94.1	18.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2518.5	1.0	30.8	5.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2614.2	1.0	41.7	8.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2642.5	3.0	233.0	25.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2662.6	3.0	358.0	33.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2709.0	3.0	75.0	7.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2713.8	3.0	125.0	25.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2721.5	3.0	13.3	2.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2743.6	3.0	92.5	16.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2772.5	3.0	410.0	41.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2789.9	3.0	150.0	17.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2808.5	1.0	75.0	16.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2817.7	1.0	25.0	5.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2908.5	3.0	1883.0	300.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2908.5	3.0	166.0	16.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2930.7	3.0	82.5	12.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

```

2938.4  3.0  433.0  41.7  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0.0  0
2966.1  1.0  37.5  9.4  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0.0  0

```

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where $PT = \langle \theta^2 \rangle$ for particles and...

Note: ...PT= for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
71.5	0.5	2	7.4e-14	0.0	0	0.0045	0.14	0.07	2	0	0.035	0.009	1	0	0.0	1
84.3	0.4	1	2.6e-12	0.0	1	0.0045	0.183	0.050	1	0	0.275	0.090	1	0	0.0	1
193.5	0.7	2	7.5e-4	0.0	0	0.0045	0.006	0.002	2	0	5.0	2.5	1	0	0.0	0
214.7	0.4	3	9.7e-5	3.9e-5	1	0	0.001	0.0	3	0.010	0.50	0.25	1	0	0.0	0
282.1	0.4	4	6.4e-5	2.6e-5	2	0	0.0035	0.0	4	0.010	1.0	0.5	1	0	0.0	0
437.2	0.4	5	3.4e-5	0.0	3	0.0045	0.0073	0.0018	5	0	1.0	0.5	1	0	0.0	0

Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf
!+-															
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0

Comments:

1. Resonance energies from Endt 1998.
2. For measured resonance strengths assumed uncertainty of 25% if no value is listed in Endt 1998.
3. For Er=71.5 keV: only upper limit can be obtained for weak l=0 component in presence of dominant l=2 proton transfer angular distribution.
4. For Er=84.3 keV: partial widths adopted from Iliadis et al. 2001.
5. The triplet Er=193.4, 193.5, 195.5 keV (Ex=11778.5, 11778.6, 11780.2 keV) cannot be resolved in (p,g), (p,a) or (3He,d) work; here we assume that total (p,a) strength is dominated by the second state since it has been seen in ²⁴Mg(a,g)²⁸Si work; from Ga/G<1.2e-3 (Champagne et al. 1988) we find (i) Ga from measured (a,g) strength, and (ii) Gg>5 eV. We assume here as a crude estimate Gg=5 eV that should not influence the total rates significantly (shell model predicts Gg=2 eV; Endt and Booten 1993).
6. Er=214.7 keV: Gg=0.5 eV is a guess (average for negative parity states in this Ex range).
7. Er=282.1 keV: upper limit for Ga is obtained with Gg=1 eV (rough guess) and measured branching ratios of Champagne et al. 1988.
8. Er=314.9 keV: Gg=10 eV is a rough guess; however, the measured branching ratios of Champagne et al. 1988 and the measured upper limit for the (p,a) strength (Timmermann et al. 1988) hint at a relatively large gamma-ray partial width.
9. Er=348.4 keV disregarded since shell model (Endt 1998) predicts Jp=5+ (unnatural parity).
10. Er=390.9 keV: see comments under 8.
11. Er=399.9 keV disregarded since shell model (Endt 1998) predicts Jp=1+ (unnatural parity).
12. Er=430.6 keV disregarded since shell model (Endt 1998) predicts Jp=3+ (unnatural parity).
13. Er=437.2 keV: Gg/G=1 assumed; Gg=1 eV is a rough guess.
14. Er=486.7 keV: partial widths calculated from measured (p,g), (p,a) and (a,g) strengths.

References: Champagne et al. [37]; Endt [70]; Endt and Booten [71]; Iliadis et al. [117]; Timmermann et al. [206].

```

26Si(p,g)27P
*****
1          ! Zproj
14         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
25.9923   ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
0.0       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
861.0     ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0       ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
7000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Nonresonant contribution
S(keVb) S'(b)      S''(b/keV)      fracErr Cutoff Energy (keV)
5.45e1  -1.66e-2    4.00e-6      0.4    4100.0
0.0     0.0        0.0          0.0    0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm  DEcm  wg   Dwg   J    G1    DG1   L1   G2    DG2   L2  G3  DG3  L3  Exf  Int
259  28    0    0     1.5  1.8e-4 0.72e-4 2    3.4e-3 1.7e-3 1  0  0  0  0.0  1
772  33    0    0     2.5  4.3    1.7    2    3.3e-4 1.7e-4 2  0  0  0  0.0  1
1090 100   0    0     2.5  4.4    1.8    2    6.0e-4 3.0e-4 2  0  0  0  0.0  1
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
Ecm  DEcm  Jr   G1   DG1  L1  PT  G2   DG2  L2  PT  G3   DG3  L3  PT  Exf  Int
!0.0 0.0   0.0 0.0  0.0  0  0   0.0 0.0  0  0  0.0 0.0  0  0  0.0 0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
Ecm  DEcm  Jr   G1   DG1  L1  PT  G2   DG2  L2  PT  G3   DG3  L3  PT  Exf
!+-
0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0 0.0  0  0  0.0 0.0  0  0  0.0
0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0 0.0  0  0  0.0 0.0  0  0  0.0
*****
Comments:
1. S-factor for direct capture to ground state calculated with C2S=0.58 from 27Mg mirror state.
2. The next resonances are expected at energies in excess of Er=2 MeV (see Moon et al. 2005).

```

References: Moon et al. [153].

27Si(p,g)28P

```

*****
1          ! Zproj
14         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
26.9867   ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
2.5       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
2063.0    ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0       ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Nonresonant contribution
S(keVb) S'(b) S''(b/keV) fracErr Cutoff Energy (keV)
7.87e1 -0.0154 1.0e-5 0.4 1000.0
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm DEcm wg Dwg J G1 DG1 L1 G2 DG2 L2 G3 DG3 L3 Exf Int
38 3 0 0 2 3.1e-21 1.24e-21 0 6.0e-2 3.0e-2 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
77 6 0 0 1 5.1e-14 2.04e-14 2 1.1e-2 0.55e-2 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
150 6 0 0 4 4.0e-8 1.6e-8 2 2.1e-2 1.05e-2 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
340 6 0 0 2 3.5e-2 1.4e-2 0 6.9e-3 3.45e-3 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
417 6 0 0 5 1.7e-2 0.68e-2 2 1.4e-3 0.7e-3 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
562 6 0 0 4 1.4e0 0.56e0 2 2.1e-2 1.05e-2 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
791 6 0 0 0 7.2e0 2.9e0 2 1.0e-2 0.5e-2 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
830 6 0 0 3 1.4e0 0.56e0 0 7.3e-3 3.65e-3 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
907 6 0 0 1 1.9e1 0.76e1 2 3.1e-2 1.55e-2 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
1098 6 0 0 3 3.1e2 1.24e2 0 6.0e-2 3.0e-2 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
1134 6 0 0 2 4.6e2 1.84e2 0 7.3e-2 3.65e-2 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
1184 6 0 0 4 1.3e3 0.52e3 1 1.0e-2 0.5e-2 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
1446 6 0 0 1 1.2e2 0.48e2 2 8.3e-2 4.15e-2 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
Ecm DEcm Jr G1 DG1 L1 PT G2 DG2 L2 PT G3 DG3 L3 PT Exf Int
!0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
Ecm DEcm Jr G1 DG1 L1 PT G2 DG2 L2 PT G3 DG3 L3 PT Exf
!+-
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0
*****

```

28Si(p,g)29P

```
*****
1          ! Zproj
14         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
27.977    ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
0.0       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
2748.8    ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0       ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
20000    ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Nonresonant contribution
S(keVb) S'(b) S''(b/keV)      fracErr Cutoff Energy (keV)
4.42e1  7.14e-3 3.5e-5        0.4    1100.0
0.0     0.0     0.0         0.0    0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm   DEcm   wg    Dwg    J    G1    DG1   L1   G2   DG2   L2   G3   DG3   L3   Exf   Int
357.1 0.7    2.0e-3 0.2e-3 0    0     0     0    0    0     0    0    0    0    0.0  0
698.8 0.7    1.7e-4 0.4e-4 0    0     0     0    0    0     0    0    0    0    0.0  0
1331.6 0.7    3.6e-2 0.3e-2 0    0     0     0    0    0     0    0    0    0    0.0  0
1594.2 1.0    3.3    0.3    0    0     0     0    0    0     0    0    0    0    0.0  0
1893.2 0.8    4.5e-4 1.3e-4 0    0     0     0    0    0     0    0    0    0    0.0  0
2009.1 2.0    4.3e-1 0.3e-1 0    0     0     0    0    0     0    0    0    0    0.0  0
2205.3 0.8    1.8e-1 0.5e-1 0    0     0     0    0    0     0    0    0    0    0.0  0
2544.2 0.8    5.0e-2 1.0e-2 0    0     0     0    0    0     0    0    0    0    0.0  0
2778.2 20.0   2.8    0.3    0    0     0     0    0    0     0    0    0    0    0.0  0
2991.2 2.1    4.6e-1 0.7e-1 0    0     0     0    0    0     0    0    0    0    0.0  0
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
Ecm   DEcm   Jr    G1    DG1   L1   PT   G2   DG2   L2   PT   G3   DG3   L3   PT   Exf   Int
!0.0  0.0     0.0   0.0   0.0   0    0    0.0  0.0   0    0    0.0  0.0   0    0    0.0  0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
Ecm   DEcm   Jr    G1    DG1   L1   PT   G2   DG2   L2   PT   G3   DG3   L3   PT   Exf
!+-
0.0   0.0     0.0   0.0   0.0   0    0    0.0  0.0   0    0    0.0  0.0   0    0    0.0
0.0   0.0     0.0   0.0   0.0   0    0    0.0  0.0   0    0    0.0  0.0   0    0    0.0
*****
```

29Si(p,g)30P

```
*****
1          ! Zproj
14         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078     ! Aproj
28.97649  ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5        ! Jproj
0.5        ! Jtarget
0.0        ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
5594.5     ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0        ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25      ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2          ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0        ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
8000      ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0         ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
```

Nonresonant contribution

S(keVb)	S'(b)	S''(b/keV)	fracErr	Cutoff Energy (keV)
1.05e2	-1.1e-2	0.0	0.4	1000.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Resonant Contribution

Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, $\theta^2=C2S*\theta_{sp}^2$ must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width

Ecm	DEcm	wg	Dwg	J	G1	DG1	L1	G2	DG2	L2	G3	DG3	L3	Exf	Int
295.5	12.0	0.0	0.0	3	2.3e-5	0.9e-5	2	0.1	0.001	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
313.1	0.7	1.27e-2	4.2e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
402.4	0.7	0.22	0.021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
674.8	0.7	0.275	0.063	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
704.5	0.4	0.1	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
886.5	0.4	9.3e-2	0.019	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
924.9	0.4	4.23e-2	8.46e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1003.2	0.6	6.3e-3	2.5e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1073.3	0.6	3.8e-2	8.4e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1258.4	0.6	0.339	0.063	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1278.9	0.6	0.148	0.063	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1282.4	1.0	0.508	0.19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1326.8	1.0	0.72	0.19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1383.8	0.6	6.3e-3	2.5e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1420.4	0.6	0.19	0.042	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1450.4	0.6	1.9e-2	6.3e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1455.0	0.6	0.593	0.106	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1524.6	0.6	1.27e-2	4.2e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1583.9	3.0	0.847	0.25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1608.4	0.6	0.19	0.042	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1613.0	0.6	9.95e-2	0.019	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1628.4	1.0	1.165	0.30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1687.5	0.6	0.40	0.15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1688.8	0.6	0.995	0.30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1710.4	0.6	0.169	0.063	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1711.7	0.6	0.148	0.063	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1788.9	0.6	8.0e-2	0.021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

1898.0	1.0	0.27	0.062	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1966.0	0.6	0.127	0.032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1967.9	0.6	0.38	0.095	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1985.4	0.6	9.7e-2	0.024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2010.6	0.6	0.678	0.17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2041.6	0.6	0.36	0.09	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2049.9	0.6	0.67	0.17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2093.8	0.6	5.5e-2	0.014	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2154.8	0.6	0.23	0.058	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2158.3	0.6	4.2e-2	0.011	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2164.6	0.6	0.97	0.24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2191.9	0.6	5.1e-2	0.013	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2231.9	0.6	4.8e-2	0.012	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2289.4	0.6	0.1	0.025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2326.5	0.6	0.29	0.073	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2327.3	0.6	0.38	0.095	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2402.2	0.6	0.74	0.185	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2406.3	1.0	0.11	0.028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2412.9	0.6	0.44	0.11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2419.8	0.6	7.6e-2	0.019	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2500.9	2.9	0.63	0.16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2511.6	2.9	0.27	0.068	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2557.1	2.9	4.0e-1	0.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2570.6	2.9	1.5e-1	0.038	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2592.8	2.9	6.6e-2	0.017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2611.2	2.9	4.0e-1	0.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2676.9	2.9	3.3e-1	0.083	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2681.7	2.9	7.0e-2	0.018	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2683.7	2.9	2.8	0.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2724.2	2.9	6.5e-1	0.16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2755.2	2.9	3.0e-2	0.008	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2756.1	2.9	6.7e-2	0.017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2757.1	2.9	2.5e-1	0.063	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2791.9	2.9	2.5e-1	0.063	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2803.5	2.9	8.4e-2	0.021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2814.1	2.9	1.3e-1	0.033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2831.5	2.9	2.8e-2	0.007	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2837.3	2.9	8.2e-1	0.21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2856.6	2.9	4.7e-1	0.12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2889.5	2.9	1.5e-1	0.038	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2931.1	2.9	5.1e-1	0.13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2935.9	2.9	7.8e-2	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2987.1	2.9	1.0e-1	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
3024.8	2.9	4.2e-1	0.11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
3037.4	2.9	1.6e-1	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
3048.0	2.9	5.1e-1	0.13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
3052.8	2.9	3.2e-1	0.08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
3067.3	2.9	9.1e-1	0.23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
3075.0	2.9	5.7e-1	0.14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT= θ^2 for particles and...

Note: ...PT= for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
107.2	4.0	1	5.1e-11	0.0	0	0.0045	4.1e-2	2.1e-2	1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	1
119.5	3.0	5	3.6e-15	0.0	4	0.0045	0.1	0.0001	1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0


```

213.5 3.0 3 1.8e-7 0.0 2 0.0045 0.1 0.0001 1 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
Ecm DEcm Jr G1 DG1 L1 PT G2 DG2 L2 PT G3 DG3 L3 PT Exf
!+-
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0
*****
Comments:
1. Value of Jp=3+ assumed for Er=295.5 keV; value of Gg=0.1+-0.001 eV is a guess (inconsequential).
2. For Er=119.5 and 213.5 keV, values of Jp=5+ and 3+, respectively, are assumed; values of Gg=0.1+-0.0001 eV
are guesses (inconsequential).
3. Strengths of resonances above Er=300 keV are adopted from Endt 1998, but renormalized to standard value for
Er=402 keV.

```

References: Endt [70].

30Si(p,g)31P

```
*****
1          ! Zproj
14         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
29.97377  ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
0.0       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
7296.93   ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0       ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
20000    ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
```

Nonresonant contribution

S(keVb)	S'(b)	S''(b/keV)	fracErr	Cutoff Energy (keV)
2.2e2	-4.0e-2	0.0	0.4	1000.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Resonant Contribution

Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width

Ecm	DEcm	wg	Dwg	J	G1	DG1	L1	G2	DG2	L2	G3	DG3	L3	Exf	Int
17.1	4.0	0	0	3.5	1.3e-42	0.5e-42	3	0.1	0.001	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
439.1	4.0	0	0	3.5	9.2e-5	3.7e-5	3	0.1	0.001	1	0	0	0	0.0	0
482.7	1.0	0.106	0.027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
600.2	1.2	1.949	0.48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
648.9	1.0	7.53e-2	0.019	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
735.6	0.9	8.86e-2	0.022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
752.1	1.0	0.443	0.11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
808.1	1.3	0.195	0.049	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
911.4	0.6	0.886	0.22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
928.1	0.6	0.142	0.036	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
946.4	0.6	0.71	0.18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
950.5	0.6	0.797	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1059.0	0.6	0.106	0.027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1137.2	0.7	0.182	0.046	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1164.3	0.7	0.71	0.18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1246.9	0.8	0.142	0.036	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1255.5	0.8	0.576	0.144	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1258.7	0.8	0.443	0.11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1278.9	0.8	1.019	0.25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1287.4	0.8	0.137	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1344.5	0.8	1.55	0.38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1352.7	0.8	1.949	0.48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1432.3	0.8	2.126	0.53	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1433.8	0.8	1.417	0.35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1441.2	0.8	0.886	0.22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1460.6	0.8	1.55	0.38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1466.6	0.9	0.35	0.087	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

1543.2	0.9	0.177	0.044	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1606.2	1.0	0.35	0.087	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1613.0	1.0	0.35	0.087	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1639.1	1.0	1.06	0.26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1697.8	1.0	0.177	0.044	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1712.3	1.1	1.24	0.31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1749.4	1.1	1.95	0.48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1755.9	1.1	0.443	0.11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1770.4	1.1	1.5	0.37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1816.8	0.6	0.389	0.097	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1818.9	0.6	2.126	0.53	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1831.9	0.6	0.261	0.065	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1834.3	0.6	0.62	0.15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1857.6	0.6	0.319	0.08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1859.7	0.6	0.75	0.18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1879.4	0.6	0.57	0.14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1909.5	0.6	0.297	0.074	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1929.7	0.6	0.407	0.10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1944.1	0.7	0.89	0.22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1956.3	0.7	0.443	0.11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1959.3	0.7	0.443	0.11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1994.2	0.7	0.66	0.16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2023.0	0.8	3.2e-1	0.08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2061.6	0.8	2.4e-1	0.06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2064.3	0.8	6.5e-1	0.16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2103.2	0.8	2.2e-1	0.06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2115.9	0.8	5.8	1.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2144.2	0.9	6.6e-1	0.16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2152.3	0.9	1.2	0.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2180.4	0.9	1.6e-1	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2228.1	0.9	7.5e-1	0.19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2239.9	1.0	6.6e-1	0.17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2273.9	1.0	1.4	0.35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2281.2	1.0	6.2e-1	0.16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2288.4	1.0	1.8	0.45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2297.3	1.0	6.6e-1	0.16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2301.9	1.0	1.1e-1	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2315.3	1.0	4.8e-1	0.12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2423.9	1.0	2.8	0.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2459.3	1.9	2.0	0.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2463.2	1.9	5.3	1.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2468.0	1.9	1.1	0.28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2519.3	1.9	3.5e-1	0.09	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2522.2	1.9	9.7e-1	0.24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2543.5	1.9	3.1e-1	0.08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2546.4	1.9	3.8	0.95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2555.1	1.9	6.2e-1	0.16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2568.6	1.9	1.2	0.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2570.6	1.9	1.2	0.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2610.2	1.9	4.8	1.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2628.6	1.9	7.5e-1	0.19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2644.1	1.9	6.2e-1	0.16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2648.9	1.9	2.6e-1	0.07	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2666.3	1.9	6.2e-1	0.16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2702.1	1.9	1.3	0.33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2722.5	1.9	3.8	0.95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

2749.5	1.9	4.4	1.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2778.6	1.9	4.4e-1	0.11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2792.1	1.9	2.1	0.53	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2795.0	1.9	1.5	0.38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2801.8	1.9	2.3	0.58	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2819.2	1.9	5.7e-1	0.14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2847.3	1.9	1.3	0.33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2856.0	1.9	4.4e-1	0.11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2895.6	1.9	3.3	0.83	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2928.5	1.9	1.6	0.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where $PT = \langle \theta^2 \rangle$ for particles and...

Note: ...PT= for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
52.1	5.0	1.5	5.0e-17	0.0	1	0.0045	0.1	0.001	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
144.3	0.7	5.5	1.4e-16	0.0	6	0.0045	0.1	0.001	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
169.1	2.0	3.5	2.7e-11	0.0	3	0.0045	0.1	0.001	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
418.1	5.0	0.5	0.23	0.0	0	0.0045	1.0	0.001	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf
!+-															
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0

Comments:

1. Value of $J_p=7/2^-$ assumed for $E_r=17.1$ and 439.1 keV; value of $G_g=0.1+-0.001$ eV is a guess (inconsequential).
2. Values of $J_p=3/2^-$ and $7/2^-$ assumed for unobserved $E_r=52.1$ and 169.1 keV resonances, respectively; value of $G_g=0.1+-0.001$ eV is a guess (inconsequential).
3. Value of $G_g=0.1+-0.001$ eV for unobserved $E_r=144.3$ keV resonance is a guess (inconsequential).
4. Value of $J_p=1/2^+$ (s-wave) assumed for unobserved $E_r=418.1$ keV resonance; value of $G_g=1.0+-0.001$ eV is a guess, implying $G_p < G_g$.
5. Strengths of resonances above $E_r=480$ keV adopted from Endt 1990, but have been renormalized to standard strength of $E_r=600$ keV.

References: Endt [69].

27P(p,g)28S

```
*****
1          ! Zproj
15         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078     ! Aproj
26.999     ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5        ! Jproj
0.5        ! Jtarget
0.0        ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
2460.0     ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0        ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25      ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2          ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0        ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
7000      ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0         ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Nonresonant contribution
S(keVb) S'(b) S''(b/keV) fracErr Cutoff Energy (keV)
2.00e1 0.0 0.0 0.5 10000.0
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm DEcm wg Dwg J G1 DG1 L1 G2 DG2 L2 G3 DG3 L3 Exf Int
1100 100 0 0 0 8.8e3 4.4e3 0 3.4e-4 1.7e-4 2 0 0 0 1518.0 1
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
Ecm DEcm Jr G1 DG1 L1 PT G2 DG2 L2 PT G3 DG3 L3 PT Exf Int
!0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
Ecm DEcm Jr G1 DG1 L1 PT G2 DG2 L2 PT G3 DG3 L3 PT Exf
!+-
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0
*****
Comments:
1. Uncertainty of 100 keV for Er=1100 keV is a rough estimate only.
```

29P(p,g)30S

```
*****
1          ! Zproj
15         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
28.982    ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
0.5       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
4399.0    ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0       ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
```

Nonresonant contribution

S(keVb)	S'(b)	S''(b/keV)	fracErr	Cutoff Energy (keV)
7.3e1	-1.25e-2	0.0	0.4	1000.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Resonant Contribution

Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if $E_r < 0$, $\theta^2 = C2S * \theta_{sp}^2$ must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width

Ecm	DEcm	wg	Dwg	J	G1	DG1	L1	G2	DG2	L2	G3	DG3	L3	Exf	Int
305.0	6.0	0	0	3	2.7e-5	1.1e-5	2	4.9e-3	2.5e-3	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
489.0	40.0	0	0	2	2.2e-2	0.9e-2	2	4.2e-3	2.1e-3	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
737.0	4.0	0	0	3	2.2e-1	0.9e-1	2	8.2e-3	4.1e-3	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
818.4	3.1	0	0	3	3.6e-1	1.4e-1	3	9.4e-3	4.7e-3	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
990.0	4.0	0	0	2	6.3e0	2.5e0	2	0.01	5.0e-3	1	0	0	0	0.0	0

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where $PT = \langle \theta^2 \rangle$ for particles and...

Note: ...PT= for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
769.0	7.0	4	3.5e-4	0.0	4	0.0045	5.5e-3	2.8e-3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	1
769.0	7.0	0	1.1e1	0.0	0	0.0045	7.7e-3	3.9e-3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	1
1443.0	5.0	4	1.0e-1	0.0	4	0.0045	2.7e-2	1.4e-2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	1

Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf
!+-															
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0

Comments:

1. Resonance energies calculated from excitation energies (Endt 1990 and Tab. I of Bardayan et al. 2007) and Q-value, except for $E_r = 489$ keV, which is based on the IMME (see Iliadis et al. 2001).
2. The spin-parity assignments are not unambiguous; they are based on experimental J_p restrictions (Endt 1990, Bardayan et al. 2007) and application of the IMME (Iliadis et al. 2001).
3. Proton partial widths are computed using C2S of mirror states from (d,p) transfer experiment (Mackh et al.

1973).

4. Gamma-ray partial widths are computed from measured lifetimes of ^{30}Si mirror states, except for $E_r=990$ keV for which $G_g=0.012$ eV is a rough estimate (application of RULs to the known g-ray branchings of the mirror state yields $G_g<0.1$ eV for this level).

References: Bardayan et al. [20]; Endt [69]; Iliadis et al. [117]; Makh et al [143].

31P(p,g)32S

```
*****
1          ! Zproj
15         ! Ztarget
2          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
30.9737   ! Atarget
4.0026    ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
0.5       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
8863.78   ! projectile separation energy (keV)
6947.82   ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
```

Nonresonant contribution

S(keVb)	S'(b)	S''(b/keV)	fracErr	Cutoff Energy (keV)
1.86e2	-2.85e-2	0.0	0.4	1100.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Resonant Contribution

Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, $\theta^2=C2S*\theta_{sp}^2$ must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width

Ecm	DEcm	wg	Dwg	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	G2	DG2	L2	G3	DG3	L3	Exf	Int
159.2	2.0	0	0	3	1.4e-11	0.6e-11	3	0.024	0.009	1	0.012	0.003	3	0.0	1
195.2	2.0	4.8e-7	1.6e-7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
344.3	0.7	0	0	1	5.6e-3	0.9e-3	0	0.36	0.11	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
391.2	2.0	4.5e-4	0.7e-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
425.6	0.5	2.5e-2	0.4e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
524.3	0.6	0.12	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
599.4	1.0	1.1e-3	0.2e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
622.2	0.7	5.8e-2	9.6e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
785.7	0.5	0.24	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
795.1	1.0	5.0e-2	1.3e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
846.7	0.5	2.3e-2	0.6e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
859.8	0.5	1.4e-2	0.4e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
866.3	0.5	7.4e-2	1.9e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
952.8	1.0	2.0e-2	0.5e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
984.0	3.0	7.1e-3	1.8e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1023.2	0.6	0.13	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1055.3	0.6	4.3e-2	1.1e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1085.4	0.6	0.29	0.07	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1113.8	0.7	0.42	0.08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1118.7	0.6	0.15	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1211.9	0.6	1.1	0.13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1356.0	0.6	0.15	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1358.7	0.8	0.51	0.13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1366.9	0.6	0.16	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1393.0	0.7	1.2	0.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1426.7	0.6	0.27	0.07	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1507.6	0.6	0.98	0.25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

1533.0	0.6	0.97	0.24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1645.4	1.0	0.13	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1708.6	1.0	0.10	0.025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1739.5	1.0	0.12	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1831.9	1.0	0.24	0.06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1836.3	1.0	0.28	0.07	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1892.4	1.0	0.77	0.19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1914.8	1.0	0.43	0.11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1921.1	1.0	0.88	0.22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1928.2	1.0	0.58	0.15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1962.8	1.0	1.65	0.41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where $PT = \langle \theta^2 \rangle$ for particles and...

Note: ... $PT = \langle B \rangle$ for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
306.2	2.0	2	3.2e-6	0.0	2	0.0045	0.5	0.25	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf
372.2	2.0	1	3.6e-3	1.0e-3	1	0	0.17	0.03	1	0	7.8	3.0	1	0	0.0
1468.1	1.5	1	3800.0	600.0	1	0	0.39	0.11	1	0	2375.0	705.0	1	0	0.0

+-

372.2 2.0 1 3.6e-3 1.0e-3 1 0 0.17 0.03 1 0 7.8 3.0 1 0 0.0

1468.1 1.5 1 3800.0 600.0 1 0 0.39 0.11 1 0 2375.0 705.0 1 0 0.0

Comments:

1. Direct capture S-factor from Iliadis et al. 1993.
2. Resonance energies from Endt 1998.
3. Assumed that doublet $Ex=9023$ (3-) + 9024 [6-(4-)] keV is dominated by former, natural parity, state.
4. Level at $Ex=9138$ keV is disregarded since it originates from an unpublished study (see Endt 1998); it has not been observed in proton transfer work.
5. For $Er=306$ keV assignments $J_p=2+$ (for upper limit contribution) and $G_g=0.5$ eV are guesses.
6. $Er=372$ keV ($Ex=9236$ keV; 1-): partial widths are found from measured (p,g), (p,a) and (a,g) strengths; in particular, we disregard the other component in the doublet [$Ex=9235$ keV; (2+ to 5+)] for which the shell model assigns $J_p=5+$ (Endt 1998).
7. $Er=1468$ keV ($Ex=10333$ keV; $J_p=1-$): partial widths calculated from measured (p,g) and (p,a) strengths, together with measured G_p (Kalifa et al. 1978).

References: Endt [70]; Iliadis et al. [112]; Kalifa et al. [124].

31P(p,a)28Si

```
*****
1          ! Zproj
15         ! Ztarget
2          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
30.9737   ! Atarget
4.0026    ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
0.5       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
8863.78   ! projectile separation energy (keV)
6947.82   ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
3         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
```

Nonresonant contribution

S(keVb)	S'(b)	S''(b/keV)	fracErr	Cutoff Energy (keV)
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Resonant Contribution

Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width

Ecm	DEcm	wg	Dwg	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	G2	DG2	L2	G3	DG3	L3	Exf	Int
159.2	2.0	0	0	3	1.4e-11	0.6e-11	3	0.012	0.003	3	0.024	0.009	1	0.0	1
599.4	1.0	2.5e-2	6.3e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
622.2	0.7	1.35	0.33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
846.8	0.5	1.40	0.35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
952.8	1.0	0.55	0.14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
984.0	3.0	14.0	1.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1118.7	0.6	4.75	0.50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1358.7	0.8	20.0	2.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1423.7	1.5	8.5	1.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1428.8	1.5	13.3	1.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1591.2	3.0	87.5	10.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1662.9	3.0	23.2	2.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1760.7	3.0	22.5	8.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1836.3	1.0	2200.0	225.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1914.8	1.0	100.0	10.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1922.7	1.0	11.5	1.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1928.2	1.0	52.5	5.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1961.5	1.0	1650.0	175.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1962.8	1.0	97.5	10.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2051.3	3.0	275.0	28.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2186.9	3.0	205.0	22.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2360.2	3.0	21.8	2.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2370.0	3.0	525.0	50.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2582.0	3.0	135.0	15.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2621.7	3.0	72.5	7.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2719.5	3.0	160.0	17.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2722.5	3.0	82.5	10.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

2739.9	3.0	13.0	1.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2742.8	3.0	2.5	0.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2744.7	3.0	925.0	175.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2765.1	3.0	1250.0	250.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2814.5	3.0	142.5	15.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2857.1	3.0	62.5	7.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2870.6	3.0	950.0	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2940.4	3.0	35.0	7.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2942.3	3.0	2500.0	500.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where $PT = \langle \theta^2 \rangle$ for particles and...

Note: ...PT= for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

ECM	DECM	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
195.2	2.0	1	6.4e-7	2.1e-7	1	0	1.2e-3	0.0	1	0.010	0.5	0.25	1	0	0.0	0
201.2	2.0	4	1.0e-9	0.0	4	0.0045	0.1	0.05	4	0	6.3e-3	1.3e-3	1	0	0.0	1
391.2	2.0	2	3.6e-4	0.6e-4	2	0	0.08	0.0	2	0.010	1.0	0.5	1	0	0.0	0

Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

ECM	DECM	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf
372.2	2.0	1	3.6e-3	1.0e-3	1	0	7.8	3.0	1	0	0.17	0.03	1	0	0.0
1468.1	1.5	1	3800.0	600.0	1	0	2375.0	705.0	1	0	0.39	0.11	1	0	0.0

Comments:

1. Resonance energies from Endt 1998.
2. For measured resonance strengths assumed uncertainty of 25% if no value is listed in Endt 1998.
3. Assumed that doublet $Ex=9023 (3^-) + 9024 [6-(4^-)]$ keV is dominated by former, natural parity, state.
4. $Gg=0.5$ eV for $Er=195$ keV [$Ex=9059$ keV; $Jp=(1,2)^-$] is a guess; furthermore, $Jp=1^-$ assumed since it better reproduces measured (p,g) resonance strength.
5. For $Er=201$ keV (4^+): $Gg \ll Ga$ according to MacArthur et al. 1985; thus $Gg=6.3e-3$ eV is given by measured (a,g) resonance strength, while Ga is in the range of 0.03 - 0.2 eV.
6. Level at $Ex=9138$ keV is disregarded since it originates from an unpublished study (see Endt 1998); it has not been observed in proton transfer work.
7. No indication that $Ex=9170$ keV level ($Er=306$ keV) decays by emission of alpha-particles (Ross et al. 1995); disregarded the level here in agreement with unnatural parity assignment from the shell model (Endt 1998).
8. For $Er=391$ keV, $Gg=1$ eV is a rough estimate; $Ga/Gg < 0.08$ (Ross et al. 1995) yields then $Ga < 0.08$ eV.
9. $Er=372$ keV ($Ex=9236$ keV; 1^-): partial widths are found from measured (p,g), (p,a) and (a,g) strengths; in particular, we disregard the other component in the doublet [$Ex=9235$ keV; (2^+ to 5^+)] for which the shell model assigns $Jp=5^+$ (Endt 1998).
10. $Er=1468$ keV ($Ex=10333$ keV; $Jp=1^-$): partial widths calculated from measured (p,g) and (p,a) strengths, together with measured Gp (Kalifa et al. 1978).

References: Endt [70]; Kalifa et al. [124]; MacArthur et al. [145]; Ross et al. [180].

```

30S(p,g)31Cl
*****
1          ! Zproj
16         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
29.985    ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
0.0       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
290.0     ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0       ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
7000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0         ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Non-resonant contribution
S(keVb) S'(b) S''(b/keV)      fracErr Cutoff Energy (keV)
5.14e0  0.0   0.0             0.5     2000.0
0.0     0.0   0.0             0.0     0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm   DEcm   wg    Dwg    J     G1     DG1    L1   G2     DG2    L2   G3   DG3   L3   Exf   Int
461.0 15.0   0     0     0.5   7.7e-1 3.8e-1 0    8.6e-4 4.3e-4 1    0    0    0 0.0   1
1463.0 2.0   0     0     2.5   2.70e1 1.35e1 2    1.0e-3 0.5e-3 1    0    0    0 0.0   1
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
Ecm   DEcm   Jr    G1    DG1   L1   PT   G2    DG2   L2   PT   G3    DG3   L3   PT   Exf   Int
!0.0  0.0    0.0  0.0  0.0  0    0    0.0  0.0  0    0    0.0  0.0  0    0    0.0  0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
Ecm   DEcm   Jr    G1    DG1   L1   PT   G2    DG2   L2   PT   G3    DG3   L3   PT   Exf
!+-
0.0   0.0    0.0  0.0  0.0  0    0    0.0  0.0  0    0    0.0  0.0  0    0    0.0
0.0   0.0    0.0  0.0  0.0  0    0    0.0  0.0  0    0    0.0  0.0  0    0    0.0
*****
Comments:
1. Er=461(15) keV energy from beta-delayed proton decay work of Axelsson et al. 1998.
2. Er=1463(2) keV energy from beta-delayed proton decay work of Fynbo et al. 2000.
3. See also Wrede et al. 2009.

```

References: Axelsson et al. [12]; Fynbo et al. [84]; Wrede et al. [222].

31S(p,g)32Cl

```
*****
1          ! Zproj
16         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
30.9795   ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
0.5       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1574.0    ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0       ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Nonresonant contribution
S(keVb) S'(b) S''(b/keV) fracErr Cutoff Energy (keV)
7.51e1 -0.0346 3.1e-5 0.4 1000.0
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm DEcm wg Dwg Jr G1 DG1 L1 G2 DG2 L2 G3 DG3 L3 Exf Int
158 7 0 0 3 2.6e-11 1.0e-11 2 1.1e-3 0.55e-3 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
555 8 0 0 3 8.1e-4 3.2e-4 2 8.6e-3 4.3e-3 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
637 8 0 0 1 4.1e0 1.6e0 0 1.6e-2 0.8e-2 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
706 8 0 0 2 1.9e-1 0.8e-1 2 2.7e-3 1.35e-3 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
1101 12 0 0 2 4.9e0 2.0e0 2 5.5e-2 2.75e-2 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
1294 9 0 0 3 1.2e1 0.5e1 2 6.5e-3 3.25e-3 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
1377 9 0 0 2 2.7e3 1.1e3 1 4.0e-3 2.0e-3 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
1492 9 0 0 4 5.4e1 2.2e1 3 1.7e-3 0.85e-3 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
1602 9 0 0 3 5.6e1 2.2e1 3 2.4e-3 1.2e-3 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
Ecm DEcm Jr G1 DG1 L1 PT G2 DG2 L2 PT G3 DG3 L3 PT Exf Int
!0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
Ecm DEcm Jr G1 DG1 L1 PT G2 DG2 L2 PT G3 DG3 L3 PT Exf
!+-
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0
*****
```

32S(p,g)33Cl

```
*****
1          ! Zproj
16         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
31.972    ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
0.0       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
2276.7    ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0       ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
8000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
```

Nonresonant contribution

S(keVb)	S'(b)	S''(b/keV)	fracErr	Cutoff Energy (keV)
1.06e2	-1.94e-2	0.0	0.4	1000.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Resonant Contribution

Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if $E_r < 0$, $\theta^2 = C2S * \theta_{sp}^2$ must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width

Ecm	DEcm	wg	Dwg	J	G1	DG1	L1	G2	DG2	L2	G3	DG3	L3	Exf	Int
75.3	0.5	0	0	1.5	4.9e-18	2.0e-18	2	6.6e-3	3.3e-3	1	0	0	0	0.0	1
409.0	0.6	3.7e-5	0.8e-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
562.5	0.5	4.0e-2	0.5e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
569.8	0.5	1.2e-1	0.2e-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
698.9	0.5	0.7e-4	0.3e-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1539.6	0.5	2.6e-2	0.3e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1695.4	1.3	4.5e-2	0.9e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1703.9	1.2	1.9e-1	0.2e-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1822.7	1.4	9.5e-3	4.0e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1836.3	1.4	3.5e-2	1.0e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1840.5	2.0	9.2e-2	3.5e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2161.7	1.6	1.5e-1	0.2e-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2186.9	1.6	7.0e-2	1.0e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2469.8	1.7	7.0e-1	1.0e-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where $PT = \langle \theta^2 \rangle$ for particles and...
Note: ... $PT = \langle B \rangle$ for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
!0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0

Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf
!+-															
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0

31Cl(p,g)32Ar

```
*****
1          ! Zproj
17         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
30.9924   ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
1.5       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
2420.0    ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0       ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
7000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Nonresonant contribution
S(keVb) S'(b) S''(b/keV) fracErr Cutoff Energy (keV)
5.4e1  0.0  0.0          0.5  10000.0
0.0    0.0  0.0          0.0   0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm  DEcm  wg    Dwg    J     G1     DG1    L1    G2     DG2    L2    G3    DG3    L3  Exf  Int
1600  100   0     0     2     4.2e3  2.1e3   0     1.1e-4  0.55e-4  2     0     0     0  0.0  1
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
Ecm  DEcm  Jr   G1   DG1  L1  PT  G2   DG2  L2  PT  G3   DG3  L3  PT  Exf  Int
!0.0  0.0   0.0  0.0  0.0  0   0   0.0  0.0  0  0   0.0  0.0  0  0   0.0  0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
Ecm  DEcm  Jr   G1   DG1  L1  PT  G2   DG2  L2  PT  G3   DG3  L3  PT  Exf
!+-
0.0   0.0   0.0  0.0  0.0  0   0   0.0  0.0  0  0   0.0  0.0  0  0   0.0
0.0   0.0   0.0  0.0  0.0  0   0   0.0  0.0  0  0   0.0  0.0  0  0   0.0
*****
Comments:
1. Uncertainty of 100 keV for Er=1600 keV is a rough estimate only.
2. Dominant transition (E2) to ground state assumed for resonance, according to data on 32Si mirror (Endt and van der Leun 1978).
```

References: Endt and van der Leun [72].

32Cl(p,g)33Ar

```
*****
1          ! Zproj
17         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
31.9857   ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
1.0       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
3343.0    ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0       ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
```

Nonresonant contribution

S(keVb)	S'(b)	S''(b/keV)	fracErr	Cutoff Energy (keV)
3.25e1	0.0	0.0	0.5	2000.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Resonant Contribution

Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width

Ecm	DEcm	wg	Dwg	J	G1	DG1	L1	G2	DG2	L2	G3	DG3	L3	Exf	Int
21	9	0	0	2.5	2.2e-43	1.1e-43	2	1.8e-2	0.9e-2	1	0	0	0	0	1
113	9	0	0	3.5	5.2e-16	2.6e-16	2	1.9e-3	0.95e-3	1	0	0	0	0	1
476	8	0	0	2.5	8.7e-4	4.35e-4	2	1.5e-2	0.75e-2	1	0	0	0	0	1
847	100	0	0	0.5	3.8e1	1.9e1	0	1.5e-1	0.75e-1	1	0	0	0	0	1
1387	100	0	0	1.5	8.7e1	4.35e1	0	8.5e-2	4.25e-2	1	0	0	0	0	1

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT= for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
!0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0

Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf
!+-															
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0

Comments:

1. Direct capture S-factor calculated using shell-model spectroscopic factors (Schatz et al. 2005).
2. For Er=21, 113 and 476 keV the spin-parity assignments are not known experimentally (they are based on Coulomb displacement energy calculations of Herndl et al. 1995).
3. The levels corresponding to Er=847 and 1387 keV are not known experimentally; the energies listed here are based on Coulomb displacement energy calculations of Herndl et al. 1995; the uncertainty of 100 keV is a rough guess only.

References: Herndl et al. [105]; Schatz et al. [188].

35Cl(p,g)36Ar

```
*****
1          ! Zproj
17         ! Ztarget
2          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
34.9688   ! Atarget
4.0026    ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
1.5       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
8506.97   ! projectile separation energy (keV)
6640.76   ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
10000    ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
```

Nonresonant contribution

S(keVb)	S'(b)	S''(b/keV)	fracErr	Cutoff Energy (keV)
4.25e2	-8.57e-2	0.0	0.4	1200.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Resonant Contribution

Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width

Ecm	DEcm	wg	Dwg	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	G2	DG2	L2	G3	DG3	L3	Exf	Int
48.5	0.6	2.1e-24	8.3e-25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
165.0	3.0	3.2e-10	1.3e-10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
299.4	1.8	1.5e-5	0.5e-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
402.0	1.0	6.6e-5	3.3e-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
414.0	3.0	1.2e-5	0.5e-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
431.0	0.7	1.3e-2	0.3e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
506.9	0.9	1.2e-3	0.3e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
517.3	0.6	3.2e-2	0.6e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
558.6	0.9	3.1e-2	0.6e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
610.3	1.1	7.6e-4	1.8e-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
625.2	0.6	2.8e-2	0.6e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
637.4	0.7	1.5e-2	0.3e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
684.8	1.1	7.1e-3	1.4e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
712.5	0.7	9.8e-2	1.9e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
733.2	1.1	1.9e-2	0.4e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
741.1	1.1	1.9e-2	0.4e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
751.0	1.2	1.7e-2	0.3e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
793.2	0.3	8.6e-2	1.7e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
835.6	0.3	0.70	0.10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
849.0	0.8	4.3e-2	0.9e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
858.9	0.8	0.10	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
867.1	1.3	0.13	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
872.9	1.3	0.21	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
886.4	1.0	4.3e-2	0.9e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
932.2	1.4	1.4e-3	0.3e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
941.1	0.9	2.0e-2	0.4e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
958.9	0.5	8.6e-2	1.7e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

967.0	0.8	5.7e-3	1.1e-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
995.8	0.5	4.3e-2	0.9e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1002.6	0.6	1.4e-2	0.3e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1035.0	1.1	2.0e-2	0.4e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1043.3	0.5	0.128	0.026	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1067.3	0.4	0.34	0.07	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1088.4	0.7	5.7e-2	1.1e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1099.8	0.5	2.9e-2	0.6e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1160.1	1.0	4.3e-2	0.9e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1174.9	0.5	1.7e-2	0.3e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1230.5	0.8	0.27	0.05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1257.5	0.5	1.3e-2	0.3e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1305.2	0.5	4.3e-2	0.9e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1355.6	0.5	7.1e-2	1.4e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1371.6	0.5	2.8e-2	0.6e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1382.3	0.5	7.1e-2	1.4e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1395.1	0.5	5.7e-2	1.1e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1420.4	0.5	4.3e-2	0.9e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1435.5	0.5	8.6e-2	1.7e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1449.9	0.5	0.46	0.09	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1476.2	0.5	2.57	0.51	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1485.4	2.0	7.1e-2	1.4e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1495.4	1.0	2.3e-2	0.5e-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1537.4	1.2	1.2	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1543.6	1.5	0.11	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1569.7	0.5	0.13	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1587.9	1.5	0.043	0.009	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1592.4	0.6	0.23	0.05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1632.5	0.9	0.057	0.011	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1636.0	0.6	0.20	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1642.6	0.5	0.10	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1660.4	0.5	0.428	0.086	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1666.4	0.5	0.71	0.14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1686.6	1.0	0.043	0.009	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1713.3	0.5	0.41	0.08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1749.0	1.0	0.11	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1750.5	1.0	0.17	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1760.3	0.5	0.17	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1764.7	0.6	0.26	0.05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1774.1	1.0	0.043	0.009	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1794.5	0.9	0.27	0.05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1801.7	0.8	0.10	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1812.5	1.5	0.086	0.017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1822.0	1.5	0.043	0.009	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1913.8	1.0	1.86	0.37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1928.0	1.4	0.87	0.17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1993.2	0.5	0.18	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2032.6	1.2	1.00	0.20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2055.0	0.9	0.30	0.06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2075.9	0.6	0.38	0.08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2108.6	0.7	1.43	0.29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2128.7	0.5	0.76	0.15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2168.9	1.0	1.38	0.28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2193.4	1.5	0.77	0.15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2301.9	1.2	0.57	0.11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2398.9	1.0	0.44	0.09	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

2448.7	1.2	1.0	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2461.1	1.5	2.0	0.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2520.7	1.5	4.3	0.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2642.6	1.5	3.6	0.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2674.6	1.5	0.75	0.15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where $PT = \langle \theta^2 \rangle$ for particles and...

Note: ...PT= for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
86.0	4.0	3.0	4.2e-17	0.0	1	0.0045	0.5	0.25	1	0	1.4e-2	0.0	3	0.010	0.0	0
232.0	4.0	3.0	1.8e-7	0.0	1	0.0045	0.5	0.25	1	0	6.0e-2	0.0	3	0.010	0.0	0
340.0	4.0	2.0	1.5e-4	0.0	0	0.0045	0.5	0.25	1	0	6.0e-1	0.0	2	0.010	0.0	0
379.9	4.0	2.0	5.0e-5	0.0	0	0.0045	0.5	0.25	1	0	4.0e-3	0.0	2	0.010	0.0	0

Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0

Comments:

1. Direct capture S-factor from Iliadis et al. 1994.
2. Measured resonance energies and strengths from Johnson et al. 1974, Endt and van der Leun 1978 and Iliadis et al. 1994, where the strengths have been normalized to value in Tab. 1 of Iliadis et al. 2001.
3. Er=165 keV: spin/parity not known unambiguously, but $J_p=1-, 2+, 3-$ most likely (from info obtained in (3He,d) and (6Li,d) studies). Here we assume $J_p=1-$; $J_p=2+$ or $3-$ does not change G_p much since the quantity $(2J+1)C_2S$ was measured in (3He,d) work [Iliadis et al. 1994].
4. Er=340 keV: spin/parity ambiguous; assumed $J_p=2+$ (s-wave) for upper limit; G_p obtained with $C_2S < 0.0067$ from Iliadis et al. 1994; upper limit on G_a is the single-particle value; $G_g=0.5$ eV is a rough guess.
5. Er=380 keV: upper limits for G_p and G_a are obtained from upper limits of (p,g) and (a,g) strengths (Iliadis et al. 1994), together with $G_g/G=1$ from Ross et al. 1995; $G_g=0.5$ eV is a rough guess. Spin/parity of $2+$ assumed for s-wave resonance.
6. Er=414 keV: assume here that 8919 keV level (Roepke et al. 2002) is the same as 8923 keV state (Iliadis et al. 1994); spin/parity can then be restricted to $J_p=(3-5)-$. Stripping data are best described by $l=3$, although a small $l=1$ component cannot be excluded; the $l=1$ component from fit yields a (p,g) resonance strength in excess of experimental upper limit; thus we assume pure $l=3$ transfer.
7. Er=86 and 232 keV: levels at Ex=8593 and 8739 keV have been observed by Roepke et al. 2002; from gamma-ray decay it can be concluded that $J_p=(3-,4-,5-,...)$; for upper limit contribution we assume $J_p=3-$; levels are not observed in (3He,d) study of Iliadis et al. 1994, implying upper limits of $C_2S < 0.01$; values of G_a represent single-particle estimates, while $G_g=0.5$ eV is a rough guess.

References: Johnson et al. [123]; Endt and van der Leun [72]; Iliadis et al. [113]; Iliadis et al. [117]; Röpke et al. [173]; Ross et al [180].

35Cl(p,a)32S

```
*****
1          ! Zproj
17         ! Ztarget
2          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
34.9688   ! Atarget
4.0026    ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
1.5       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
8506.97   ! projectile separation energy (keV)
6640.76   ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
3         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
10000    ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
```

Nonresonant contribution

S(keVb)	S'(b)	S''(b/keV)	fracErr	Cutoff Energy (keV)
2.8e-4	-2.5e-6	1.9e-7	0.4	850.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Resonant Contribution

Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width

Ecm	DEcm	wg	Dwg	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	G2	DG2	L2	G3	DG3	L3	Exf	Int
402.0	1.0	0	0	2.0	1.1e-4	0.6e-4	0	9.8e-3	3.6e-3	2	0.5	0.25	1	0.0	0
849.0	0.8	0.15	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
858.9	0.8	1.00	0.25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
941.1	0.9	0.23	0.06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
958.9	0.5	0.063	0.016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
987.3	1.2	0.024	0.006	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1088.4	0.7	1.5	0.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1160.0	1.0	0.88	0.22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1196.2	1.4	0.25	0.06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1230.5	0.8	0.39	0.10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1382.3	0.5	1.8	0.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1395.1	0.5	0.35	0.09	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1475.6	1.6	2.75	0.69	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1484.9	1.6	7.5	1.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1537.4	1.2	3.0	0.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1543.6	1.5	30.0	7.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1587.9	1.5	0.75	0.19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1592.4	0.6	22.5	5.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1660.4	0.5	1.9	0.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1666.4	0.5	18.8	4.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1694.2	2.0	10.0	2.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1753.5	2.0	1.00	0.25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1760.3	0.5	1.6	0.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1774.1	1.0	0.33	0.08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1794.5	0.9	1.6	0.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1812.5	1.5	10.0	2.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1870.1	2.0	0.75	0.19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

1932.3	2.0	31.3	7.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1968.3	2.0	0.59	0.15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
1980.9	2.0	7.5	1.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2016.9	2.0	6.3	1.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2051.8	2.0	17.5	4.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2061.6	2.0	0.43	0.11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2085.9	2.0	27.5	6.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2109.2	2.0	7.5	1.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2143.6	1.1	125.0	31.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2156.8	2.0	5.0	1.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2167.5	2.0	2.4	0.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2193.4	1.5	10.0	2.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2194.7	1.2	23.8	6.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2231.7	10.0	42.5	10.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2252.1	2.0	20.0	5.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2256.9	2.0	3.3	0.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2273.5	2.0	7.5	1.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2282.2	3.0	1.6	0.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2309.4	3.0	0.46	0.11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2325.3	1.5	3.9	1.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2345.0	1.5	36.3	9.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2358.0	7.0	23.8	5.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2395.3	3.0	48.8	12.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2410.3	2.7	0.88	0.22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2427.1	2.7	0.88	0.22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2431.6	2.7	0.63	0.15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2453.3	2.5	103.8	25.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2469.2	2.5	18.8	4.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2486.5	2.5	8.8	2.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2522.7	3.0	100.0	25.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2536.7	2.6	20.0	5.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2543.1	3.0	62.5	15.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2556.1	3.0	51.3	12.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2583.6	2.8	3.0	0.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2602.6	2.8	3.1	0.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2613.0	3.5	13.8	3.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2616.2	2.6	32.5	8.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2628.0	2.7	53.8	13.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2652.9	3.0	52.5	13.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2699.2	2.9	1.6	0.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2703.0	2.7	113.0	28.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2717.0	3.0	57.5	14.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2735.5	3.0	500.0	125.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2741.2	3.0	36.3	9.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2770.6	2.8	27.5	6.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2796.4	3.0	1.4	0.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2804.9	2.8	18.8	4.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2831.8	3.0	11.3	2.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
2837.3	3.0	17.5	4.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0

Upper Limits of Resonances

Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where $PT = \langle \theta^2 \rangle$ for particles and...

Note: ...PT= for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf	Int
48.5	0.6	2.0	3.3e-24	1.3e-24	0	0	3.7e-2	0.0	2	0.010	0.5	0.25	1	0	0.0	0
86.0	4.0	3.0	4.2e-17	0.0	1	0.0045	1.4e-2	0.0	3	0.010	0.5	0.25	1	0	0.0	0

165.0	3.0	1.0	8.6e-10	3.4e-10	1	0	2.0e-3	0.0	1	0.010	0.5	0.25	1	0	0.0	0
232.0	4.0	3.0	1.8e-7	0.0	1	0.0045	6.0e-2	0.0	3	0.010	0.5	0.25	1	0	0.0	0
299.4	1.8	1.0	4.0e-5	1.3e-5	1	0	4.0e-2	0.0	1	0.010	0.5	0.25	1	0	0.0	0
340.0	4.0	2.0	1.5e-4	0.0	0	0.0045	6.0e-1	0.0	2	0.010	0.5	0.25	1	0	0.0	0
379.9	4.0	2.0	5.0e-5	0.0	0	0.0045	4.0e-3	0.0	2	0.010	0.5	0.25	1	0	0.0	0
414.0	3.0	3.0	1.4e-5	5.6e-6	3	0	3.0e-2	0.0	3	0.010	0.5	0.25	1	0	0.0	0
431.0	0.7	3.0	1.5e-2	0.3e-2	1	0	0.01	0.0	3	0.010	0.5	0.25	1	0	0.0	0
506.9	0.9	5.0	8.7e-4	2.2e-4	3	0	0.015	0.0	5	0.010	0.5	0.25	1	0	0.0	0
517.3	0.6	2.0	5.1e-2	1.0e-2	0	0	2.5	0.0	2	0.010	0.5	0.25	1	0	0.0	0
558.6	0.9	3.0	5.1e-2	2.0e-2	1	0	7.1e-3	0.0	3	0.010	0.035	0.007	1	0	0.0	0
610.3	1.1	1.0	9.1	0.0	1	0.0045	12.0	0.0	1	0.010	0.5	0.25	1	0	0.0	0
625.2	0.6	3.0	12.0	0.0	1	0.0045	1.5	0.0	3	0.010	0.5	0.25	1	0	0.0	0
637.4	0.7	2.0	42.0	0.0	0	0.0045	5.9	0.0	2	0.010	0.5	0.25	1	0	0.0	0
684.8	1.1	3.0	31.0	0.0	1	0.0045	2.3	0.0	3	0.010	0.5	0.25	1	0	0.0	0
733.2	1.1	1.0	59.0	0.0	1	0.0045	27.0	0.0	1	0.010	0.5	0.25	1	0	0.0	0
741.1	1.1	1.0	65.0	0.0	1	0.0045	28.0	0.0	1	0.010	0.5	0.25	1	0	0.0	0
751.0	1.2	3.0	78.0	0.0	1	0.0045	3.5	0.0	3	0.010	0.5	0.25	1	0	0.0	0

Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]

Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown

Ecm	DEcm	Jr	G1	DG1	L1	PT	G2	DG2	L2	PT	G3	DG3	L3	PT	Exf
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0

Comments:

1. Measured resonance energies and strengths from Bosnjakovic et al. 1968 and Endt and van der Leun 1978; note that no carefully measured (p,a) strength exists for this reaction.
2. Er=49 keV: adopted upper limit of Ga equal the single-particle estimate; Gg=0.5 eV is a rough estimate.
3. Er=165 keV: spin/parity not known unambiguously, but Jp=1-, 2+, 3- most likely (from info obtained in (3He,d) and (6Li,d) studies). Here we assume Jp=1- (Jp=2+ or 3- does not change Gp much since the quantity (2J+1)C2S was measured in (3He,d) work [Iliadis et al. 1994]); upper limit for Ga is derived from strength measured in 32S(a,g)36Ar reaction, while Gg=0.5 eV is a rough guess.
4. Er=299 keV: Gp from measured (p,g) strength; Gg=0.5 eV is a rough estimate; rough upper limit for Ga is then obtained using Ga/Gg<0.08 from Ross et al. 1995.
5. Er=340 keV: spin/parity ambiguous; assumed Jp=2+ (s-wave) for upper limit; Gp obtained with C2S<0.0067 from Iliadis et al. 1994; upper limit on Ga is the single-particle value; Gg=0.5 eV is a rough guess.
6. Er=380 keV: upper limits for Gp and Ga are obtained from upper limits of (p,g) and (a,g) strengths (Iliadis et al. 1994), together with Gg/G=1 from Ross et al. 1995; Gg=0.5 eV is a rough guess. Spin/parity of 2+ assumed for s-wave resonance.
7. Er=402 keV: only (p,g) and (a,g) strengths have been measured; state not observed in (3He,d); we derived Gp and Gg assuming that G=Gg, but the assumption G=Ga is certainly not excluded; Gg=0.5 eV is a rough estimate. Better estimates cannot be derived at present.
8. Er=414 keV: assume here that 8919 keV level (Roepke et al. 2002) is the same as 8923 keV state (Iliadis et al. 1994); spin/parity can then be restricted to Jp=(3-5)-. Stripping data are best described by l=3, although a small l=1 component cannot be excluded; the l=1 component from fit yields a (p,g) resonance strength in excess of experimental upper limit; thus we assume pure l=3 transfer. Value of Gg=0.5 eV is a rough guess, while Ga<0.03 eV is then obtained from Ga/G (Ross et al. 1995).
9. Er=431 keV: from analog assignments, Endt 1998 suggests Jp=3-, implying l=1+3; Ga is obtained with Ga/Gg<0.02 (Ross et al. 1995) and Gg=0.5 eV (rough guess).
10. Er=507 keV: from energy arguments it can be concluded that most of the transfer strength arises from 9014 keV component of 9014+9024 keV doublet; furthermore, from analog assignments Endt 1998 suggests Jp=5-, implying l=3; value for Ga represents single-particle estimate, while Gg=0.5 eV is a rough guess.
11. Er=517 keV: from analog assignments, Endt 1998 suggests Jp=2+, implying l=0+2; we assume G=Gg; value of Ga represents single-particle estimate, while Gg=0.5 eV is a guess.
12. Er=559 keV: value for Gg is obtained from measured (p,g) strength since G=Gp (Ross et al. 1995); upper limit

- for G_a is calculated from G_p (stripping) and measured upper limit of G_a/G (Ross et al. 1995).
13. For upper limit resonances at $E_r=610-751$ keV, we adopted single-particle estimates as upper limits for G_p and G_a ; $G_g=0.5$ eV is a rough guess.
 14. $E_r=86$ and 232 keV: levels at $E_x=8593$ and 8739 keV have been observed by Roepke et al. 2002; from gamma-ray decay it can be concluded that $J_p=(3-,4-,5-,...)$; for upper limit contribution we assume $J_p=3-$; levels are not observed in $(^3\text{He},d)$ study of Iliadis et al. 1994, implying upper limits of $C_2S<0.01$; values of G_a represent single-particle estimates, while $G_g=0.5$ eV is a rough guess.
 15. Nonresonant S-factor describes low-energy tails of broad resonances in the $E_r=1231-2194$ keV region (info from Endt and van der Leun 1978).

References: Bosnjakovic et al. [30]; Endt and van der Leun [72]; Endt [70]; Iliadis et al. [113]; Röpke et al. [173]; Ross et al [180].

34Ar(p,g)35K

```

*****
1          ! Zproj
18         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
33.9803   ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
0.0       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
84.5      ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0       ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
7000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Nonresonant contribution
S(keVb) S'(b) S''(b/keV) fracErr Cutoff Energy (keV)
1.12e1 0.0 0.0 0.5 10000.0
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm DEcm wg Dwg J G1 DG1 L1 G2 DG2 L2 G3 DG3 L3 Exf Int
1469.0 5.0 0 0 0.5 2.2e3 1.1e3 0 2.1e-4 1.05e-4 1 0 0 0 0.0 1
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
Ecm DEcm Jr G1 DG1 L1 PT G2 DG2 L2 PT G3 DG3 L3 PT Exf Int
!0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
Ecm DEcm Jr G1 DG1 L1 PT G2 DG2 L2 PT G3 DG3 L3 PT Exf
!+-
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0
*****
Comments:
1. Q-value from new 35K mass excess of Yazidjian et al. 2007.
2. Resonance energy from beta-delayed proton decay of 35Ca (Trinder et al. 1999).

```

References: Trinder et al. [210]; Yazidjian et al. [225].

35Ar(p,g)36K

```

*****
1          ! Zproj
18         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
34.975    ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
1.5       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1668.0    ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0       ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
5000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Nonresonant contribution
S(keVb) S'(b)      S''(b/keV)      fracErr Cutoff Energy (keV)
1.24e2  -8.66e-2    9.96e-5      0.4    1000.0
0.0     0.0        0.0          0.0    0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm   DEcm   wg    Dwg    J    G1     DG1     L1   G2     DG2     L2   G3   DG3   L3   Exf   Int
-0.1  21     0     0     2    0.0372  0.0149   1   2.7e-4  1.35e-4  1   0   0   0   0.0   1
224   21     0     0     2    5.7e-7  2.28e-7  0   1.0e-2  0.5e-2  1   0   0   0   0.0   1
604   31     0     0     3    4.2e-1  1.68e-1  1   4.7e-4  2.35e-4  1   0   0   0   0.0   1
744   31     0     0     2    2.5e0   1.0e0    0   1.1e-2  0.55e-2  1   0   0   0   0.0   1
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
Ecm   DEcm   Jr    G1    DG1   L1   PT   G2    DG2   L2   PT   G3    DG3   L3   PT   Exf   Int
!0.0  0.0     0.0   0.0   0.0   0    0    0.0   0.0   0    0    0.0   0.0   0    0    0.0   0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
Ecm   DEcm   Jr    G1    DG1   L1   PT   G2    DG2   L2   PT   G3    DG3   L3   PT   Exf
!+-
0.0   0.0     0.0   0.0   0.0   0    0    0.0   0.0   0    0    0.0   0.0   0    0    0.0
0.0   0.0     0.0   0.0   0.0   0    0    0.0   0.0   0    0    0.0   0.0   0    0    0.0
*****
Comments:
1. Fictitious "Er=-0.1 keV" resonance is actually located at Er=2+-21 keV [using the latest Q-value]. Since this
   low energy causes problems in the calculation of the Coulomb wave functions, the state is shifted just below
   threshold.

```

36Ar(p,g)37K

```

*****
1          ! Zproj
18         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078     ! Aproj
35.967     ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5        ! Jproj
0.0        ! Jtarget
0.0        ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1857.6     ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0        ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25      ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2          ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0        ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
20000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0          ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Nonresonant contribution
S(keVb) S'(b)          S''(b/keV)      fracErr Cutoff Energy (keV)
1.2e2   -4.63e-2      3.0e-5  0.4      1500.0
0.0     0.0           0.0    0.0      0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm   DEcm   wg     Dwg     J     G1    DG1    L1   G2    DG2    L2   G3   DG3   L3 Exf   Int
312.4 0.2    7.0e-4 1.0e-4 0     0     0     0    0     0     0    0    0    0 0.0   0
892.5 0.1    2.4e-1 0.2e-1 0     0     0     0    0     0     0    0    0    0 0.0   0
1224.2 0.1    1.5e-2 0.2e-2 0     0     0     0    0     0     0    0    0    0 0.0   0
1381.5 0.2    6.9e-4 1.0e-4 0     0     0     0    0     0     0    0    0    0 0.0   0
1456.2 2.0    3.5e-2 0.4e-2 0     0     0     0    0     0     0    0    0    0 0.0   0
1764.2 3.0    1.6e-2 0.3e-2 0     0     0     0    0     0     0    0    0    0 0.0   0
2132.2 20.0   8.0e-2 2.2e-2 0     0     0     0    0     0     0    0    0    0 0.0   0
2420.2 5.0    2.6e-2 1.4e-2 0     0     0     0    0     0     0    0    0    0 0.0   0
2555.2 0.4    1.9e-1 0.5e-1 0     0     0     0    0     0     0    0    0    0 0.0   0
2574.6 0.3    1.3e-1 0.4e-1 0     0     0     0    0     0     0    0    0    0 0.0   0
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
Ecm   DEcm   Jr    G1    DG1   L1   PT    G2    DG2   L2   PT    G3    DG3   L3   PT    Exf   Int
!0.0  0.0     0.0   0.0   0.0   0    0     0.0   0.0   0    0     0.0   0.0   0    0     0.0   0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
Ecm   DEcm   Jr    G1    DG1   L1   PT    G2    DG2   L2   PT    G3    DG3   L3   PT    Exf
!+-
0.0   0.0     0.0   0.0   0.0   0    0     0.0   0.0   0    0     0.0   0.0   0    0     0.0
0.0   0.0     0.0   0.0   0.0   0    0     0.0   0.0   0    0     0.0   0.0   0    0     0.0
*****

```

35K(p,g)36Ca

```
*****
1          ! Zproj
19         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
34.988    ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
1.5       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
2556.0    ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0       ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
7000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Nonresonant contribution
S(keVb) S'(b) S''(b/keV) fracErr Cutoff Energy (keV)
2.72e1 0.0 0.0 0.5 10000.0
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm DEcm wg Dwg J G1 DG1 L1 G2 DG2 L2 G3 DG3 L3 Exf Int
459 43 0 0 2 1.1e-3 0.55e-3 0 3.8e-4 1.9e-4 2 0 0 0 0 1
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
Ecm DEcm Jr G1 DG1 L1 PT G2 DG2 L2 PT G3 DG3 L3 PT Exf Int
!0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
Ecm DEcm Jr G1 DG1 L1 PT G2 DG2 L2 PT G3 DG3 L3 PT Exf
!+-
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0 0.0
*****
```

39Ca(p,g)40Sc

```

*****
1          ! Zproj
20         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
38.971    ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
1.5       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
538.0     ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0       ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
8000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Nonresonant contribution
S(keVb) S'(b) S''(b/keV)      fracErr Cutoff Energy (keV)
3.75e1  0.0158  0.0          0.4    1200.0
0.0     0.0     0.0          0.0    0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm   DEcm   wg    Dwg    J     G1     DG1    L1    G2     DG2    L2    G3    DG3    L3  Exf    Int
234.1  3.2    0     0     2     2e-9   0.8e-9  1     1.64e-3  0.8e-3  1     0     0     0  0.0    1
355.5  3.3    0     0     5     3.2e-7 1.3e-7  3     5.3e-4  2.65e-4 1     0     0     0  0.0    1
1132.7 3.4    0     0     2     219    88     1     1.34e-3 0.67e-3 1     0     0     0  0.0    1
1165.2 3.7    0     0     1     394    158    1     8.77e-4 4.39e-4 1     0     0     0  0.0    1
1259.0 3.6    0     0     3     0.11   0.044  1     2.92e-3 1.46e-3 1     0     0     0  0.0    1
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by chosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
Ecm   DEcm   Jr    G1    DG1   L1   PT   G2    DG2   L2   PT   G3    DG3   L3   PT   Exf  Int
!0.0  0.0     0.0  0.0  0.0  0   0   0.0  0.0  0   0   0.0  0.0  0   0   0.0  0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
Ecm   DEcm   Jr    G1    DG1   L1   PT   G2    DG2   L2   PT   G3    DG3   L3   PT   Exf
!+-
0.0   0.0    0.0  0.0  0.0  0   0   0.0  0.0  0   0   0.0  0.0  0   0   0.0
0.0   0.0    0.0  0.0  0.0  0   0   0.0  0.0  0   0   0.0  0.0  0   0   0.0
*****

```

40Ca(p,g)41Sc

```

*****
1          ! Zproj
20         ! Ztarget
0          ! Zexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.0078    ! Aproj
39.962    ! Atarget
0          ! Aexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
0.5       ! Jproj
0.0       ! Jtarget
0.0       ! Jexitparticle (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1085.1    ! projectile separation energy (keV)
0.0       ! exit particle separation energy (=0 when only 2 channels open)
1.25     ! Radius parameter R0 (fm)
2         ! Gamma-ray channel number (=2 if ejectile is a g-ray; =3 otherwise)
*****
1.0       ! Minimum energy for numerical integration (keV)
8000     ! Number of random samples (>5000 for better statistics)
0        ! =0 for rate output at all temperatures; =NT for rate output at selected temperatures
*****
Nonresonant contribution
S(keVb) S'(b) S''(b/keV)      fracErr Cutoff Energy (keV)
1.92e1  0.011  0.0          0.4    1200.0
0.0     0.0    0.0          0.0    0.0
*****
Resonant Contribution
Note: G1 = entrance channel, G2 = exit channel, G3 = spectator channel !! Ecm, Exf in (keV); wg, Gx in (eV) !!
Note: if Er<0, theta^2=C2S*theta_sp^2 must be entered instead of entrance channel partial width
Ecm    DEcm  wg    Dwg    J    G1    DG1    L1    G2    DG2    L2    G3    DG3    L3  Exf  Int
 631.4  0.1   1.8e-3  0.2e-3  0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0  0.0  0
1010.8  0.5    0        0        1.5  7.6e-1  3.0e-1  2    9.0e-7  4.5e-7  1    0    0    0  0.0  1
1329.6  0.5    0        0        1.5  2.6e2  1.0e2  1    1.2e-4  0.6e-4  1    0    0    0  0.0  1
1503.0  0.1   1.0e-2  0.15e-2  0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0  0.0  0
1581.5  0.1   9.0e-3  1.0e-3  0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0  0.0  0
1634.1  0.1   2.0e-3  0.5e-3  0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0  0.0  0
1797.2  0.1   0.14    0.015  0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0  0.0  0
1886.9  0.2   3.1e-2  0.4e-2  0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0  0.0  0
*****
Upper Limits of Resonances
Note: enter partial width upper limit by choosing non-zero value for PT, where PT=<theta^2> for particles and...
Note: ...PT=<B> for g-rays [enter: "upper_limit 0.0"]; for each resonance: # upper limits < # open channels!
Ecm    DEcm  Jr    G1    DG1  L1  PT  G2    DG2  L2  PT  G3    DG3  L3  PT  Exf  Int
!0.0   0.0    0.0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0
*****
Interference between Resonances [numerical integration only]
Note: + for positive, - for negative interference; +- if interference sign is unknown
Ecm    DEcm  Jr    G1    DG1  L1  PT  G2    DG2  L2  PT  G3    DG3  L3  PT  Exf
!+-
0.0    0.0    0.0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0
0.0    0.0    0.0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0  0.0  0  0  0.0
*****

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