LAM KHON SAVAN: A TRADITIONAL FORM AND A CONTEMPORARY THEME

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Lam, a traditional Lao folk art form of sung, extemporaneous poetry, is part of the social fabric of most Lao villages. At funerals and at festivals one can hear the familiar melodies of the bamboo pipes of the khene and the flowing poetry of the mohlam singers. In recent years this familiar art form has also been heard at political gatherings and over the airways, sounding the praises of one or another of the many political factions in Laos. Interspersed among descriptions of conditions in the country at the time of the particular performance which is the subject of this paper are references to Buddhist stories and teachings, as well as expressions of the feelings of the singers for the plight of their countrymen.

In earlier days one could not travel far in Laos without coming upon villagers gathered for various social events at which the songs of the mohlam blended adaptively to each occasion. Today, too, traditional themes and current issues and events may be intervowen in a performance of lam. The social context is taken into consideration wherever mohlam singers perform, and new variations of old stories and themes seem to be spun effortlessly from their lips.

Traditionally, a facility with oral poetry was developed by many Lao, though only a few would eventually become mohlam singers. At one time, Lao children were exposed to poetry from their early days, and many childhood pastimes included rhyming games. During the courting years, a young man's ability to take part in dialogue in sung poetry was highly regarded, as was the ease with which a young woman could respond with lines of kham phañaa, a short, pithy poetic answer.

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Today, the ability to lam well is still admired, and each region of Laos has its own style of lam. Of these many styles, the Khon Savan style of the Savannakhet is presented here in a performance which took place some years ago. The material was obtained during a recent stay in Laos under a Fulbright-Hays Dissertation Research Grant. Thanks are due to Phomma Cantharaacak who worked with me on the translation. However, responsibility for the final form is mine. A transcription of the verses of kōon poetry is provided along with this translation. Hopefully, this material will arouse the interest of others in the liquid language of the Lao mohlam.

MOHLAM WOMAN

- Oh, how the thunder rumbles,
 Oh, gentle one.
- Why doesn't it rumble near The ladder where you live?
- 3 Why doesn't it rumble near The camp where you sleep?
- Beloved, it's been ten years since I've seen your face.

 Twenty Buddhist Lents have gone by since we've managed

 To see each other once a year.
- 5 Sweetheart, we've been unhappy since we fled from Phu Lang.
 I've been afraid I would not see you
 Ever since the Vietnamese surrounded the mountain.
- 6 Now, I'm going to tell a story, A chronicle, telling it slowly.
- 7 Dear, when we reach the age Of destruction and violence, Then the god will come.
- 8 Dear, the following story Has been told since ancient times.

WITH SINE

This dialect of Southern Lao has six tones: low rising tone indicated by '; low midlevel tone indicated by ; mid-level tone indicated by the absence of any symbol; low level tone indicated by '; mid falling tone indicated by '; high level tone indicated by '. The transcription used is basically that of William J. Gedney.

- *9 To wit, instability and thoughts Are always changing. 1
- 10 Beloved, listen to the tumultuous sounds everywhere Which are like the old story which has been told.
- 11 There is a story that will occur In the future. Please wait and see.
- *12 But, oh what Buddha foretold, We have already seen some.
- 13 Upon hearing it, we feel sad
 Because the story has come true.
- 14 Beloved, Buddha predicted that God Si An² would appear on earth.
- 15 He is an extraordinary god Buddha said,
- *16 Who, if the people of earth

 Lead each other into sin,
- 17 Honoured women, when the religion reaches the half-way Point, people will group together and die Chaotically, miserably and the ground will become hot.
- Dear, in every town in the South We will see fires burning.
- 19 There will be trouble in the world When the religion is at its mid-point.³
- 20 Honoured aunts, groups of people who have sinned will raid the towns and destroy them completely.
- 21 Only the ones who have merit will remain. Afterwards,

 $^{^{\}mathrm{l}}$ Lines which were particularly troublesome or which were unclear or ambiguous are marked with an asterisk.

²In Buddhism, "the last great prophet, who will appear 5000 years after Buddha, and who will successfully propagate a religion of complete peace and equality". (Kerr 1972: 853.) Also, "the next Bodhisattva who will save mankind". (So Sehaputra 1965:799.)

⁵The year B.E. 2500 would have been the mid-point if the year 5000 mentioned in foot-note 2 is considered. The current year is B.E. 2518 (A.D. 1975).

- Honoured aunts, the ones who have little merit Won't see the excellent god.
- 23 This world will be extremely difficult.

 Aunts and uncles will insult each other and quarrel.
- Honoured aunts, there will be difficulty everywhere.

 The leaders of the towns will be disruptive.
- 25 Honoured aunts, when we look at the chronicle correctly, We can understand it.
- 26 Honoured women, the capital cities Will also be divided and harassed.
- 27 This world will become disturbed.

 And towns and villages will be in confusion.
- Honoured women, there will be a lot of robbers Who steal and seize things.
- 29 They will violate the ways and teachings Which the Lord Buddha pointed out to us.
- 30 Beloved, there will be wars in the world, And thousands of thieves.
- 31 They will organise themselves to be criminals And plan to do bad deeds.
- 32 Now, our world is chaotic and Troubled. It's not as it was.
- 33 When people don't believe each other,

 They will always fight and live by themselves.
- *34 Honoured aunts, they (should) seek the Buddha's Wisdom as much as possible. 1
- 35 They don't warn each other.

 They don't obey anybody for

 They are the brave soldiers.

¹When it is apparent that the singer started a line which did not come out quite right, and then began the line again, changing it somewhat or altogether, we have enclosed the "false start" in parentheses and translated only the final form of the verse.

- 36 Honoured aunts, this happens in every village In the world.
- 37 As the religion reaches

 Its half-way point, the situation is turbulent.
- 38 Honoured aunts, there are people who are Deceptive and deceitful.
- 39 Ruffians lead this world To fight, kill, and quarrel.
- Now, they speak unintelligibly with each other, Arguing, insulting and finding fault.
- 41 Having investigated, one learns they are communists Who boast about.
- Now, they are not afraid of being alive or dead, Afraid of troubles and destruction.
- In the world of men, there will be looting.

 Important people will quarrel and kill each other.
- Now, the whole world is full of the noise Of great confusion.
- 45 The people will flee Their villages.
- Now, as to future conditions
 Please wait and see, friends.
- Those of you who don't understand yet, Please listen to my poem.
- Now, trouble has occurred in the world.

 In many places there is no end to it.
- 49 People are drafted to be soldiers, To fight, slash, and kill.
- Honoured aunts, they become rear forces and front forces To guard against and fight (the enemy).
- 51 They seize big guns
 And aim them at and wait for the enemy.

- 52 Honoured aunts, one can't be careless Or he will be shot by the artillery.
- 53 Time is spinning, Changing fantastically fast.
- 54 Because the world has changed already
 And many things are not as they were before.
- 55 Our Buddhist religion

 Is not peaceful at its mid-point.
- They say they are afraid that this world will be destroyed, Destroyed, desolated, and then disappear.
- 57 Human beings will die on the earth; Their stench will reach the heavens.
- 58 Honoured aunts, masses of elephants
 And other animals beneath the sky
- 59 Will be separated and destroyed,
 And the ones who kill them won't turn back.
- Now, not only large animals, but also small ones Are taken to be eaten.
- 61 They don't keep any of the Buddhist commandments, And they are truly wicked.
- 62 Now, these are men who like drinking,
 And they shout when they are drunk.
 Oh, dear sir. Oh, I'll speak only once.
- 63 Honoured aunts, they drink greedily,
 And there is never a time when they are sated.
 They're just looking for misfortune.
- 64 Honoured aunts, then please observe, Women, whether the Buddha's predictions Come true or not.
- Think about this in the middle of the Buddhist era, That is (the year) two-thousand, five hundred.
- 66 Now, travelling is impeded because Ruffians plunder.

- 67 Destruction occurs
 Until the earth shakes.
- Now, the word of human beings is very depressed; It will be greatly disturbed by disasters.
- 69 From now on they will occur.

 And the population will be vexed and anxious.
- 70 Honoured aunts, at the half-way point, two-thousand, five hundred. There will be a new god.
- 71 The human beings in the world below Will go on killing and cursing each other.
- 72 I am sorry

 Because I can't finish singing this story.
- 73 (I can't) finish the story for the time Has come to dismiss me.
- 74 I don't want to be separated from my relatives, But it's time to rest.
- 75 If possible,
 May you, my aunts and uncles,
 Live happily in good health.
- 76 In happiness. May neither danger nor suffering Come near you.
- 77 Now, I give my blessing to you; Victory to every one of you.
- 78 And to the soldiers
 Who are now at the front,
 I will send my blessing.
- 79 Now, I will bless
 The commanders who sleep in the forests.
- 80 The ones who take care of you, aunts and uncles, Are only soldiers.
- 81 Honoured aunts, when the soldiers leave their villages To go to the borders (of the country),

- 82 The husbands become quite upset;
 They worry about their wives at home.
- 83 Honoured aunts, once the official letters arrive,
 There are only the days of separation.
 We were happy once, oh, wives of Lao.
- 84 Oh, mother of my children, please protect
 Them until I
 Return.
- 85 The wives of those assigned to the front Hug the children against their breasts.
- 86 There are only tears
 Running down their cheeks.
- 87 When they look to the north, The sounds of guns resound.
- 88 The sounds of bombs; TUM! TAM!

 My heart longs for you.
- 89 Beloved, it is so difficult for you, Precious wife, to wait for me.
- 90 It is difficult because of the war Which has occurred and is not over So that I am separated from my wife.
- 91 Sweetheart, please take care of Our children until I return.
- 92 May neither disaster

 Nor anything bad happen to my precious wife.
- 93 Now, it is necessary

 For me to leave you.

 Oh, I was only happy once. My dear wife, goodbye.
- 94 Oh, my home! I'm forced to leave my darling.

 Beloved, our time is up now.

 Please wait and see whether it will go well with me or not.
- 95 Oh, now,
 Our time is up,
 And I take my leave.

- 96 When the time comes,
 We will part, honoured aunts.
- 97 I bid you farewell, Aunts and uncles, Oh, honoured ones.
- 98 I don't want to leave you, my relatives, But the time to part has come. Oolanoh.

MOHLAM MAN

- 99 Beloved, garden of the sweet Tani banana,
 What did you offer to the monks
 That caused you to be as beautiful as a painting?
- 100 Now, listen to the sound of thunder from the sky, Marking the East.
- 101 The season
 Is going to change.
- 102 Woman, that's why the wind Is blowing unceasingly.
- 103 Since the wind is blowing toward me, I feel happy.
- 104 Amen. May I raise my hands in prayer And kneel respectfully before you.
- 105 I raise my hands as high as my head To speak to Phra Tai. 1
- 106 This year, I can no longer wait
 To send you my blessings
- 107 So that they might serve as advice For people everywhere.
- 108 Woman, I have but little intelligence;
 My mind is light, and I don't speak fluently.

¹Three important things in the Buddhist religion, "namely, the Buddha, his teachings, and the Buddhist clergy". (So Sethaputra 1965:798.)

- 109 I ask the forgiveness of my relatives
 Who are in the villages and who are listening to me.
- 110 Now, may I send my greetings

 To the soldiers who are sleeping in the forests.
- 111 Oh, woman, they are the ones who protect our villages So that we can live comfortably.
- 112 Now, they are the fences which surround All of the people.
- 113 May you have victory
 Over your enemies, who are thieves.
- Who have done things which are not right in our villages
- 115 Have broken the customs

 And the laws of our country excessively.
- Now, when you run into them,
 Please warn them and tell them firmly that
- 117 If they really don't listen to you,

 We will go to arrest them and send them

 To be prosecuted in the courts.
- 118 Woman, let's make the dishonest people, the crooks, And the evil people become honest.
- 119 Let it become known to everyone

 That there is a ruler even in the forest villages.
- *120 Now, may you get many medals
 So that you will become a high-ranking officer.
- 121 Then you'll take care of the villagers
 So that they can live in peace.
- 122 Amen, amen. May the commanders be as courageous As they wish.
- 123 May the volunteer soldiers and the commanders Progress and may merit help them.

- 124 Woman, may they continue working And protecting the villages.
- 125 May they look after their countrymen, The people of Laos.
- 126 Oh, woman, may they have good, loud voices
 When they guard the frontiers.
- 127 May they pass the exams for officer,
 A rank a year.
 May everyone progress.
- 128 Now, may it be as I have said.

 May there be success for everyone.
- 129 Just as there was in the wishes I have made And bestowed upon you.
- 130 At present we are in a period when our country Has many difficulties.
- 131 These hardships have hit All of the people.
- 132 Oh, woman, they have taken their property away from their homes, And they have fled.
- Now, this has been because of the North Vietnamese Who have come and invaded our country.
- 134 My heart is so distressed That it may break.
- 135 It is your duty

 To protect our country.
- 136 Now, it makes the Lao people angry,
 And their breasts full of sorrow.
- 137 It has reached the time when it is necessary To protect and preserve things.
- 138 Oh, woman, to protect the natural resources in our forests And which are in abundance in our land.

- 139 Our coffee beans and our oranges Were taken by the Vietnamese.
- 140 Now, we shouldn't lose consciousness And speak dreamily of other things.
- 141 Our economic production has decreased Every year.
- 142 Woman, it is for these reasons
 That it has fallen:
- 143 There is nothing To support it.
- 144 Oh, woman, we have just been taking in products From foreign countries.
- Now, part of the result is that Nothing benefits our country.
- 146 Because, because we Lao Have been at war.
- 147 It is time for us to wake up

 And help each other take care of things.
- 148 Woman, it depends upon how much of our blood Washes our land.
- 149 To barter our land
 So that we can live contentedly.
- 150 Now, may I add to my blessings; May they follow and support you.
- 151 Woman, I ask all the sacred things
 In the universe
 To come and protect the soldiers,
- Now, so that our country
 May be prosperous and happy.
- 153 May everyone be happy
 So that we can develop our country.

- 154 Woman, so that we can find a way
 To improve our economic situation.
- 155 Our money has been devaluated; may it recover, Gradually rising above its former value.
- Now, it is still devalued,

 Devalued because of the war.
- 157 Because there are fires burning and spreading out, Burning up our country.
- 158 Woman, the soldiers stand ready to fight The enemy without fail.
- 159 This causes our relatives

 To take refuge from the dangers.
- 160 Now, our parents and relatives
 Have fled from their villages,
 Leaving their fields and gardens.
- 161 Because masses of Red Vietnamese
 Have come to seize our towns and villages.
- Woman, and those who live outside of the country,
 The Lao communists who have forgotten their country,
- 163 They have become slaves
 And stay in the hands of the Vietnamese.
- 164 Now, it is for these reasons That we Lao are disunified.
- 165 We don't have the heart

 To make the dry rice fields or set out the wet rice shoots.
- 166 Oh, woman, we just enter the caves together To avoid the dangers and to conceal ourselves.
- 167 We are afraid that "Old Five Hundred", a bomb
 Which is supposed to drop on the Vietnamese nearby
 Will splatter on us.
- 168 Now, I beg you

 Lao who have misunderstood

- 169 Oh, woman, don't think about destroying Lao people Who have the same blood as you do.
- 170 Now, those who have misunderstood, please come forward;
 The government has been waiting for you.
- 171 Don't join the enemy

 And come to harm your relatives

 That is not good.
- 172 Now, the government on this side Grants complete amnesty.
- 173 Don't be treacherous.

 When you fight, don't kill each other.
- 174 Oh, woman, the government

 Is really good;

 It thinks of us every morning and evening.
- 175 That's why I'm singing this to you So that this bit of news will reach you.
- 176 When you have picked up a leaflet, Please read it carefully.
- 177 Then look for a secret way

 To come to give yourself up.
- 178 Now, we Lao intend to
 And wish to make our words beneficial.
- 179 Small mistakes
 Can be forgiven.
- Now, you may begin
 To concentrate on the Buddhist precepts.
- Pursue the ten virtues
 Which Buddha emphasised.
- *182 Oh, woman, you'll be helped to reach Nirvana
 By a golden ladder, a mental vista.
- *183 Wait for him to preach to you on existence. Set your heart on merit.

- *184 It is said that hidden merit
 Is like a waiting boat.
- *185 If we get stuck,
 We won't have a boat in which to cross the river.
- 186 We'll just float down the river, Following the current.
- 187 As we float down the Mekong,
 If there is a boat there,
 It will be very helpful to us.
- 188 I ask that all of you
 Think about this very carefully.
- 189 Oh, woman, don't think about destroying Lao people Who have the same blood as you do.
- 190 Now, don't be crazy

 And follow the Red Vietnamese because it's difficult.
- 191 Woman, they persuade Lao who are relatives To kill each other.
- 192 Now, it is for these reasons That we Lao are disunified.
- 193 Because there are some people who have misunderstood And who have thought about destroying our country.
- 194 Oh, woman, let's get together So that we Lao can prosper,
- 195 So that our mothers and fathers and aunts and uncles Can live happily.
- 196 Now, that's just about enough;
 I, the mohlam, will bid you farewell.
- *197 May I bless all of you Before I stop.
- 198 Now, although I don't want to leave you, Fate separates us.

- 199 I don't want to go away from the station, But fate makes me avoid it.
- 200 Oh, woman, it is necessary for me,

 The mohlam, to say farewell and return,
 Oh, gentle one.
- 201 Now, may all of the brave soldiers Live as long as this earth.
- 202 As for misery, sorrow, hurt,

 Danger and anger, may you have none of these.
- 203 Now, as for today, I'll bid you farewell.
- 204 I'll put my poems aside
 And send you these last wishes.
- 205 Now, I have bid you farewell
 And I'm going far away from you.
- 206 As you hoped, it is finished.

 I'll say goodbye to you and stop.

 Oolanoh.

mšolám mín

- 1 ?ūy nóo caŋ mɛɛn fàa nóo hôoŋ huan la? núan dòok núan ʔəəy
- 2 săŋ boo dāŋ kây kây hùa khàndāy mɛɛn ?âay yuu
- 3 săŋ boo hôoŋ kây kây khếεm khâay boon phii nóon
- 4 săaycay sĭp pTi náaŋ cɨŋ máa noo hĕn năa sáaw phánsăa cɨŋ hĕn kan pTi la thɨa
- 5 thúun hùa lɨacāy tee háw tèek phúu lùaŋ yâan bɔɔ hěn khǎmɔɔm ʔâay kēew ʔôɔm hua nuay phúu

- 6 bắt nổi lăan că? banlañáay lian păwatkaan nóo khooy kaaw
- 7 thúun hùa tök thẳn kháaw hôot sǎmáy nóo pon pi dTi hâay câw cɨn máa
- 8 thúun hủa lian tọc mác nóc tee khâw buuháan law nóc pāan lắn
- 9 khfi waa ?ǎnicāŋ sǎŋkhǎan pian pēε pēn liaŋ
- 10 sǎaycāy fán sǐan nán nóon thâw khf† kān máa waa l†an pēn máa tɛɛ kti
- 11 míi păwat nóo waa wây pay nàa hày khóoy sóom
- 12 tee waa phut thámnáay nóo waa phôn háwñoom ñán hěn kān
- 13 fán ben nóo sălotcāy lian míi máa lêsw
- 14 săaycāy nέεw thámnáay khảy ?âaŋ phasĭi?āan si? lóŋ kàat
- 15 phùu păsèat nóo lâat lâm khám wâw câw law máa
- 16 phảy waa khán manut nóo tây fâa pháa kān koo ?oolahán
- 17 ñáa mεε khaŋ sǎasanáa khón cǎ? pháa kɔɔŋ nɔɔ kān tāay khuay khín dTn hɔ̂ɔn
- 18 thúun hùa thuk nakhóon mɨaŋ tây hěn fáy phäw cii
- 19 lôok cả? míi nóo diat hôon tan thoon caw khon kaan
- 20 ñáa pâa fǔuŋ khón bàap cǎ? khàw mâaŋ mfaŋ mun thaláay sǔun

- 21 fung khón bun si? ñán l¥a too mfa pháay sôoy
- 22 ñáa pâa khón būn nôoy boo hěn ?ōŋ nóo kêsw ksen
- 23 lôok nổi sẽch nóo ñâak nuŋ lún pâa câw daa thian
- 24 ñáa pâa kèət pen thuk tălôot bîan mían ?un nóo khủn kūan
- 25 ñáa pâa beŋ khámnúan pǎwat kāan ?aan hěn pēn dây
- 26 ñáa mee nakhóon lửaŋ nóo náy nân kǎ? si? pān nóo bāŋ bìat
- 27 lôok nîi kèet diat hôon mian bâan câw wûn waay
- 28 ñáa mεε că? míi lǎay nóo coon pûn ñâat nεεn síin khỏon
- 29 phít thámnoon meen khám sốon boon pha? ?οη sốn sối
- 30 sǎaycāy lôok cǎ? míi sǒŋkháam khàw mahǎa cōon nóo lôn laŋ
- 31 pháa kan tân pēn săttuu phảy nóo nân phûu hâay mǎay mûan mun kǎcuan
- 32 dīawnîi lôok khỏon háw mán mûan pan kuan boo khťi lǎn
- 33 khán boofán mεεn khúam kān taan pǎcān yɨɨn/yεεη
- 34 (ñáa pâa săwéeŋ ?āw nóo muu khàw) ñáa pâa săweeŋ ?āw nóo phuttha? ?āw pānñáa nóo lǎay lɨan
- 35 boo míi phảy t∓an phảy bòok kān nóo meen boo dây fáy kâa law thahảan

- 36 ñáa pâa pēn pāy mốt nóo thuk bâan dēen daan câw lôokkāa
- 37 săasănáa máa thěen phían kaan wíi wun
- 38 (ñáa pâa míi būn súu nóo thiaw sây) ñáa pâa míi khón suy siaw saay cāy máan nóo lôok laay
- 39 ?anthapháan pháa lôok nii tīi khàacâw daa thiaŋ
- 40 dīawnii waw kan boo nóo hûu hian thian daa nóo hia phit
- 41 tay khúammεεn míwnit ?ùat tōo tháŋ khâay
- 42 dīawnîi thán pēn tāay boo míi yâan míi yâan ?onthakāan nóo pîi pon
- 43 náy mɨaŋ khón cǎ? kèət pûn khủn khàacâw daa kan
- 44 dīawnîi mět thán lôok sănan kôon puan pan kǎ? cuan căt
- 45 phónlamfan că? phaay phat phâak kháama? bâan
- 46 dīawnîi kāan pēn pāy pháay sɔɔy khɔɔy dūu mɛɛn dāə muu
- 47 phảy phùu nấn nóo boo hûu fán khảanôoy si? waa kōon
- 48 dīawnîi bâan mfan kèət nóodłat hôon lǎay boon boo míi sáw
- 49 keen ?aw fúun thahaan lop sùu kan fán khàa
- 50 ñáa pâa pēn nέεw lǎŋ nέεw nàa haksǎa kāan câw tâan tɔɔ

- 51 cắp ?āw p∓in nóo ñay coo lóo thàa câw muu pháy
- 52 ñáa pâa phảy phèe too nóo boo dây pɨɨn ñay săŋhäan

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- 53 sămáy kāan mǔunwían pian pēcŋ hécŋ kâa
- 54 pho? waa lôok mán pēε pay lêεw lǎay nέεw boo khɨɨ kaw
- 55 săasănáa nóo phacâw háw hôon câw khen kaan
- phen waa ŷaan waa lôok nîi tèek mâaŋ tèek mâaŋ ?âaŋ ?un nîi sǔunhǎay
- 57 manut tā ay náy dīn kinměn khúŋ fâa
- 78 ñáa pâa múan khanáa nέεw sâaŋ sătsăa tây laaŋ
- 59 meen si? tèek nóo wèek mâaŋ khón khàacâw boo thŏoy
- 60 dīawnîi caŋ waa sắt ñay nôoy khooy law mεεn ʔāw kīn
- 61 sǐn boo míi náy tōo sua sáam náam khôoy
- 62 dTawnii mii saay kap kêem law maw hoo lêew hôon hoo dee noo ?aat ñaa ?aay waa ñaam dTaw ?aay
- 63 ñáa pâa kīn kān bèɛp pháalóo bɔɔmíi wán nóo naay wên khěn khìaw câw thiaw hǎa
- 64 ñáa pâa caŋ sóɔm dāə mεε pâa
 mεε pâa phut thámnáay nóɔ waa wây
 mεεn bɔɔ nóɔ l¥+ day
- 65 khit bən nay phóo sóo khən sŏon phán hàa

- 66 dīawnîi tháan pay máa pháa khôon ?anthapháan nóo pîi pon
- 67 kèat míi kāan nóo pon pîi dīn săthâan câw wan wăy
- 68 dīawnii mian manut noo tam tây că? wun ñay pháy pākan
- 69 nap tεε wán si? pēn pāy mεεπ phay mfaŋ khfaŋ hôon
- 70 ñáa pâa tōon khen sǒon phán hàa théewadāa nóo ?ōn may
- 71 míi manut náy lôok tây thíaw khàa câw daa kān
- 72 khàanôsy máa sľadāay tâŋ tεε lám bos cŏp l÷aŋ
- 73 cŏp l†a wéeláa háw hàak máa lay
- 74 boo yaak kay noo phii noon weelaa nan haak con noon
- 75 khán sắa meen thu? nóo khỏo hày lún nóo mee pâa khooy yuu sabāay sǔk
- 76 baay súk ?antáláay pháy thuk kǎ? yaa suu míi máa kây
- 77 dīawnii khàanôoy khỏo thẽcm phóon hày sáyñóo câw thuk thaan
- 78 tháŋ ñáa ?āay thahǎan phùu yuu néεw nóo nàa phûn náaŋ nôoŋ si? soŋ phóon
- 79 bắt nổi khàa cắ? theem meen phóon hày náay thahảan phùu nóon paa dee nóo
- 80 haksåa lún meen mee pâa míi thêe tee thahåan

- 81 ñáa pâa kháaw m‡a ñáay càak bâan ?òok pāy suu nóo sǎay d $\overline{\epsilon}\epsilon$ n
- 82 sẽch si? phủa nóo?ửkcay huan mía tháan bâan
- 83 ñáa pâa sǎan lǔaŋ máa thěŋ lɛɛw míi tɛɛ wán cǎ? dây haaŋ wǎaŋ ñáam câw dīaw ʔəəy mía khǔan láaw ʔəəy
- 84 ?Θογ πόο πεε ?ii náaŋ hày haksåa πόο lûuk πόογ kǎ? sáam ?âay si? taaw máa dēe πόο
- 85 mía nân pēn néεw nàa kūm súaŋ kòɔt câw bǔttīi
- 86 míi tεε sónlatháa låy lam lón lám kêεm dee nóo
- 87 nέεm pay tháan nťa phûn sťan pɨɨn kôon sǎnan
- 88 sĩan labàat dan tɨm tâam cay ʔâay heen wan wée
- 89 sǎaycāy nɔɔŋ máa ñâak nɔɔ thɛɛ dēe mía phɛɛŋ khɔɔy thàa phii
- 90 ñâak nám sốn kháam nóo kàat khin máa nóo boo lêew ton ?âay kǎ? haan mía
- 91 thúun hùa khán mεεn nóo khỏo hày lian lûuk nôoy sáam ?âay taaw mεεn khɨɨn kắp
- 92 khốp yaa míi meen phóoypháy sin day hày mía kêew dee nóp
- 93 bắt nổi campen lêsw ?uan sáay cả? dây haaŋ wàaŋ ñáam câw dĩaw ?əəy mía khủan câw láa năa
- 94 hian ?aay hay cam hay nóo cam hay phâak săaycay wéeláa háw mɛɛn thoo nii dīi hâay con khooy fán

- 95 ?ōoy nóo bắt nîi nóo thờn wéelaa mɛɛn háw lεεw lǎan khỏo phâak phóoy phat dēe noo
- 96 bàat wéeláa mεεn máa thờŋ si? haaŋ kān nóo ñáa pâa
- 97 lǎan khỏo láa pāy lɛ̃ɛw lúŋ ʔāa pâa nâa baaw dēe nóo ʔàat ñáa ʔāəy
- 98 boo yàak phâak nóo phii nôoŋ wéeláa nân hàak mɛɛn thěŋ ?oolanóo

mɔ̃ɔlám sáay

- 99 ?uan suan sửan kủay thaníi wàan ban náan meen nôon kĩn tháan ñǎn câw kǎ? can phùu náam nóo pāan têem
- 100 bắt nổi fán sĩan hiện meen la? hiện fâa baoy book bualapháa
- 101 kāan ladūu câw d∓an hǎn si? pian pēεŋ léεŋ khôɔy
- 102 sǎaw náaŋ caŋ máa khóɔy câw dēən dân wáañóo mεεn míi phaay
- 103 can wáañóo mεεn khèet thâaw thán ?âay dây sɨɨnbāan
- 104 sǎathu? lǎan khỏo ñóo mɛɛn mfɨ wày wán tháa câw kôm kàap
- 105 ñok míi kh≩n mεεn say kâw si? cãa wâw too phatāy
- 106 pTi nii khàa nii ?ŏt mɛɛn bɔɔ dây khit yàak soŋ khám ?ūayphɔ́ɔn
- 107 pháo hày pēn la? khámsčon khán muu khón dòok pháay sôoy
- 108 sǎaw náaŋ ʔâay nti pan mεεn ñáa nɔɔy sǎmɔɔŋ baw wâw bɔɔ khɔɔŋ

- 109 khỏo ?ảpháy mɛɛn phil nôoŋ tháaŋ bâan thaan phùu fáŋ
- 110 bắt nổi khỏo son phóon nóo pay hày náay thahàan phùu nóon paa
- 111 náan ? aəy phùu haksaa meen khèet bâan hay haw dây yuu sabaay
- 112 bắt nhi phon nấn pen meen hùa lôom păsăakoon câw phùak phay
- 113 hày míi sáy mεεn phàap phêε sătūu khàacâw muu coon
- 114 sǎaw náan fǔun muu khón câw nám bâan thám kaan ʔan boo sôop
- 115 phít labɔɔp mεεn bɔɔp b‡aŋ kŏtmaay hàam câw luaŋ kəən
- 116 bắt nổi kháaw câw dēen meen pay phôo hày tăkt‡an câw bòok nee
- 117 hàam boo fán meen thêe thêe si? pay cặp meen son phôom khin pay fôon yuu săan
- 118 sǎaw náan nak khón pháan mɛɛn khón liaw khón bɔɔ dīi hày mán sɨɨ
- 119 hày khảw lới meen tee bâan khán míi bâan câw paa d $\overline{\epsilon}$ en
- 120 bắt nîi hày dây săay sắphân hεεη pen náay phán sân phùu ñay
- 121 haksåa fὖuŋ mεεn phay nɔ̂ɔy mɨaŋ bâan hày yuu pēn
- 122 sǎathu? sǎathu? khỏo hày náay thahǎan kâa sǒm daŋ manóo mǎay
- 123 ?āasǎakāan câw thán náay can cǎléen nóo būn khâm

124	săaw náa	kă?	thám	tháan	câw	pāy	nàa
	haksǎakāan	câw	bâan	soon			

- 125 dây du lée meen phii nôon păsáa sta câw sâat láaw
- 126 náan ?aəy hày sǐan hòon sǐan hàaw náy láaw haksǎa daan
- 127 sòop tāmneen náay thaháan hày dây pīi meen la sân căléen khin câw suu khón
- 128 bắt nổi khỏo hày khɨt khàanôoy wâw míi sáy câw thuk thaan
- 129 khí i dan phóon khàa waa wây ?āmnúay hày câw son thěn
- 130 dĩawni tok thờn pan câw mian bâan dây mi kaan meen nùn nâak
- 131 khúamlámbáak máa leen tôon pásaa s‡a meen phay phón
- 132 náaŋ ?aəy khón ?aw khỏɔŋ mɛɛn càak bâan lŏp lìik câw nǐi pháy
- 133 bắt nổi pēn nôon pháy meen kēew nťa máa lukláan ?aw mťan bâan
- 134 săaw náaŋ sẽch lám kháan mcch cay dee ?ŏk si? phée nân tèck lccŋ
- 135 pēn tāmnεεŋ khẳon phủak thaan haksǎa bâan câw daan dεεn
- 136 bắt nổi thám hày láaw meen khiat khếch nèen yuu câw náy ?ŏk
- 137 tốk thến kháaw mán campen tôn haksăa dònk ?aw wây
- 138 náan ?aəy haksåa yuu náy dâaw dīn khỏon láaw háw míi mâak

- 139 màak kāafée meen màak kian kēew mán nêen câw been ?aw
- 140 bắt nổi háw paa máw meen múa sôo lamée pay câw tháan ?††n
- 141 sěethákít tók tam tôpy khán lón liay câw thuk pii
- 142 sǎaw náaŋ pēn pho? dûay nân hèet nii cɨŋ tǒk tam dây lóŋ pāy
- 143 lôot boo míi nân nεεw day khán suk súu boo míi kīn
- 144 náan ?aəy míi tee phòn câw phɨɨn khàw ?aw khỏon taan pǎthêet
- 145 bắt nổi nếcw hèetphỏn meen suan dây khán lãy khâw meen boo mối
- 146 pho? waa pho?waa láaw nân háw nii tôk yuu náy sôŋkháam
- 147 mán thẳn náam nân háw luk hày suay kān ʔāw wây
- 148 sǎaw náaŋ ʔāasǎy ʔāw mɛɛn l‡at n‡a lóohǐt câw tháa phɛɛn
- 149 bắt nổi lệck ?aw dēcn meen khèet bâan hày láaw dây yuu kǎsěəm
- 150 bắt nổi khốo têm ?aw nân phóon khàa hày nám máa câw nữu sooy
- 151 sǎaw náaŋ lǎan khòo wóon ʔāw siŋ sǎksǐt bǎt n˚i náy sǎakōnlôok n˚i hày máa pôoŋ sooy thahǎan
- 152 bắt nổi hày pắthêet câw khèet bâan mfan háw hun câw mối sửk
- 153 hày thuk khón nân míi sửk sàan sǎa dook mfan bâan

- 154 sǎaw náaŋ phɨa cǎ? hǎa câw tháaŋ dâan sěethǎkhǐt hày sǔuŋ soŋ
- 155 gén háw lóg köb hày fith khán bith khin khán kua lăg
- 156 dīawnii mán ñán tốk câw tam tôcy tam tôcy bôch míi pho? câw sốn kháam
- 157 π̃ôon míi fáy nân láam luk khán mày dīn câw dēεn dâaw
- 158 sǎaw náaŋ phûak thahǎan nóo pɨɨn sùu kǎp sǎtūu boo dây khàat
- 159 thám hày ñâat mεεn phii nɔɔŋ lŏp lîi câw li̇̀ik pháy
- 160 bắt nổi phùak phoo mεε nân phii nôoŋ phổi nôoŋ dây kāy nổi câw càak bâan phâak hay tháaŋ náa sửan
- 161 nɔ̂ɔn kēɛw dēɛŋ mán tháŋ múan khàw n̂âat ʔāw dɔ̀ɔk dīn bâan
- 162 sǎaw náaŋ phûak nôok pháan câw khón sây nɛ́εw láaw phùu lŏŋ sâat
- pay pen thaat meen hap say yuu thaan kam caw faay keew
- 164 bắt nổi pēn dûay hèet câw nổi lêsw láaw cɨŋ tèsk sǎamakkhíi
- 165 boo dây mối nân cây het dòok hay náa nân tãa kâa
- 166 náan ?əəy míi tee pháa kan khàw thàm lốp pháy câw lii soon
- 167 yâan bắk hàahôoy poon thìm say kēew meen yuu kây si? máa fôn câw say háw
- 168 bắt nổi khỏo nám phùak nân muu câw saéwláaw phùu thii lỏn phít

- 169 náan ?aay yaa khit thám câw láay láaw ?an l‡at dīaw dòok kan thêe
- 170 bắt nỗi phảy lớn phít kōo máa mếε latthabāan phon khóoy yuu
- 171 yaa pay pen sătuu máa thámláay meen phii nôon néew nân meen boo dii
- 172 bắt nổi latthabaan câw faay phổi phen nok thôot ? apháy mót
- 173 yaa pay thóo meen lañot khán too kan yaa fán kháa
- 174 náan ?əəy latthabaan câw nân náa phən nân máa mɛɛn dīi thɛ̂ɛ khanín nám thuk sâw kham
- 175 cɨŋ dây lám mεεn bòok lɨaŋ sǎan nôoy dây soŋ thěŋ
- 176 bắt nổi kếp bay pĩiw câw dây lêsw ?aan ban hày mán khak
- 177 hǎa withíi câw l†k lap khàw mɔ̂əp tōo con dây
- 178 bắt nổi láaw háw mằay meen máa tâŋ wăŋ ?āw khám pēn pǎnôot
- 179 thôot lek lek mεεπ ποργ ποργ kop πόρπ hay caw dan daam
- 180 bắt nổi hày phùak câw nân con lêəm tân too nân sĩn thám
- 181 nám ?āw pāa mɛɛn lamíi bɔɔn pha?ōŋ dây sóŋ tâŋ
- 182 náaŋ ʔəəy (nip pháa náŋ phán sǎa khin) nip pháa náŋ si? pháa khin ʔan banday thóoŋ câw cooŋ pooŋ
- 183 khốc phan thiết meen saất wấy hãy cãy tân meen too bun

	phən	waa	phən	waa	bun	nân	lúa	111
	plap	daŋ	câw	náawa	áa tl	nàa		

- 185 háw kháa mεεn laasaam lôot boo míi câw l∮a khàm
- 186 sǎaw náan khán waa lǎy câw lón nâm pay sǎa dēe mɛɛn loon loon
- 187 lày pay taam lám khẳon thàa míi hía mɛɛn yuu thân ñán si? dây câw suay háw
- 188 nii la? khỏo hày phûak nân muu câw khit ben hày mán khak
- 189 náan ?əəy yaa máa thám câw láay láaw khán l‡at dTaw kān thê€
- 190 bắt nổi yaa pāy pēn câw phǐibâa nám kēεw dēεŋ mán lámbàak
- 191 sǎaw náaŋ ñua? hày láaw mɛɛn phii ກວ໊ວŋ thiaw khaatan tɔɔ kan
- 192 bắt nổi pēn dûay hèet câw nổi nân láw cộn tèek sắamakkhíi
- 193 ñôon mán míi phùu lỏn phít máa khit thám dòok láay bâan
- 194 (bắt nỉi hóom ?aw hùn) náan ?ēey máa hóom kan sắa dēe thaan hày láaw háw nân hɨaŋ huŋ
- 195 fuun pháo lún meen mee pâa háw cák dây yuu săbaay
- 196 bắt nổi mán hàak sốm câw khúan lêεw lăan mòolám si? láa koon
- 197 khỏo ?uayphóon meen phûak thaan khán làan làa si? taaw lóŋ
- 198 bắt nổi bọc yàak phat câw phâak wên wéen hàak coon câw cām nổi

- 199 boo yàak kay sắthăaníi tee mee wéen hàak pháa wên
- 200 náan ?əəy mán hàak cam câw pen lêew lăan mɔɔlám si? láy taaw kɔɔn dao lanúan ?əəy
- 201 bắt nổi khốp hày náay thahảan kâa hày phen nɨtin câw náaw mân sămée kan câw thíam lôok
- 202 khán waa thuk meen sook khêen pháy hâay yaa dây míi
- 203 bắt nổi sắm lạp náy mεεn mɨt nổi cắk dây taaw mεεn láa lóŋ
- 204 khán waa pon meen khám koon son phoon câw sǔtthâay
- 205 bắt nỗi lăan khỏo láa meen pay lêew pay lêew khán kay câw hěen haan
- 206 mốt sốm wắn câw thao nhi láa thaan câw taaw lón ?oolanáa