TIGAK LANGUAGE LEARNING LESSONS

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1. INTRODUCTION

Tigak is the language spoken adjacent to the Lavongai language (see map, p.xi). The languages are closely related according to lexicostatistics (66% - Beaumont 1976:388) and are both members of the Northern New Ireland Subgroup. The lessons have been included here so that comparisons can be made between the two languages which as can easily be seen are not particularly close grammatically. It is also possible to compare both with Tolai, the language with the most speakers in the larger New Ireland-Tolai Group to which all three belong.

The first four lessons like those for the Lavongai language are based on Lessons F and 1 to 3 in the *Tolai language course* (Franklin, Kerr and Beaumont 1974). Lessons 5 to 10 are based on Lessons 4 to 9, Lessons 11 and 12 on Lessons 11 and 12 and Lesson 13 on Lesson 14.

The lessons were first written down in 1969. My informants were Enok Tamasegai, Natanaiel Makeo and William Watlugan, all of Kaselok Village. Enok Tamasegai was earlier from Nusa Island near Kavieng. The Tolai renderings were mainly used in eliciting the lessons. Pidgin was also used during the informant sessions. My later study of the language has been used in revising some of the spelling. I would like to thank the men who helped me and also the Tigak people with whom I used the phrases. For further information on the language including phonology, grammar and wordlists see Beaumont 1979.

2. PRONUNCIATION GUIDE

As these lessons have not been recorded on tape the following guide will give some indication of the pronunciation.

2.1 Vowels

- a is pronounced like a in 'father'
- e is pronounced like e in 'egg'
- i is pronounced like i in 'hit'
- o is pronounced like o in 'for'
- u is pronounced like u in 'put'

In vowel combinations each vowel retains its own sound.

2.2 Consonants

g is pronounced like g in 'good' but it is pronounced further back in the throat

k is pronounced like k in 'kill' but it is pronounced further back in the throat

| is pronounced like | in 'little' but with some friction

m is pronounced like m in 'mat'

n is pronounced like n in 'no'

ng is pronounced like ng in 'sing'

p is pronounced like p in 'put'

r is pronounced like r in 'rat' but with the tongue striking the palate

s is pronounced like s in 'soup'

t is pronounced like t in 'tap'

v is pronounced like v in 'even' but with both lips together

3. LESSONS

3.1 Lesson 1: Everyday conversation

1. So tara? What is that?

2. Pisingi alu. Say it again.

3. Etok ananap. Speak slowly.

4. Pisingi alu lo etok siva. Say it again in Tigak.

5. Ga nanos? OR Ga nanos kak pispising? Did I say it correctly?

6. Nuk kalapang etok tatanik? Do you understand my language?

7. Naga vagai. I don't speak your language.

8. Ga takteak eul. It is very hard.

9. Ga so kam etok ga takteak? Is your language hard?

10. Vo nak kalapang vakang aimuk. I will be able to speak it later.

11. Aimuk nak kalapang eul. Later I will really understand.

12. Nak kalapang a lakliak. I understand a little.

13. Nuk etok papais eul. You speak too fast.

14. Naga po lamalua. I have forgotten.

15. Rik pising asoso ani tang etok How do you say 'pig' in Tigak? 'pig' tana etok Tigak?

16. Nuk etok pana so? What are you saying?

17. Nuk akalkalit au pana kam etok. You must teach me your language.

18. Kus au pana ta kuskus. Tell me a story.

19. Giminang tang etok Pisin. Don't speak Pidgin.

20. Nuk palong-anau. Listen to me.

21. Nuk etok malan tana teteng ina. You speak very fluently.

22. Nak vuvok kus uam pana sakai ot. I want to tell you something.

23. Nak vuvok kus uam pana ta kematan I want to tell you several things.

ot.

3.2 Lesson 2: Greetings and location phrases

1. Lo maua (ro).

2. Gi ro.

3. Lo maua (ro). Nuk lak lo lui.

4. Nuk sinuk egeng.

5. Nak sinuk eve?

6. Nuk sinuk lo sinsinuk gara.

7. Nuk vuvok so?

8. Kak ve mani ga po mun.

9. Ga po mun eve?

10. Inak, gaveak nak kalapang.

11. Gasigai, ve ga po mun lo masut?

12. Ong, ga po mun lo masut.

13. Nak tapuok gara.

14. Le gi ro.

Good morning.

Thank you.

Good morning. Come in.

Sit down here.

Where shall I sit?

Sit down on this chair.

What do you(sg.) want?

I lost some money.

Where did you lose it?

Ah, I don't know.

Did you lose it in the bush?

Yes, I lost it in the bush.

I am going home now.

Goodbye.

3.3 Lesson 3: Time

1. Lo ge ro.

2. Lo ge. Nuga sang loso?

3. Naga ima nenogo.

4. Nuga sang lo vung?

5. Ong, ga po vung.

6. Nuga mo matai eve?

7. Naga mon matai lo lui tatanik.

8. Nuga tapuok lo so ta gan?

9. Nak tapuok amaua.

10. Nuk minang sakai a gan?

11. Gaveak, nak minang pauak a gan.

12. Nuga po sang egeng aino?

13. Ong, nak veak lo minang a mangon.

14. Le gi ro.

Good afternoon, brother.

Afternoon. When did you(sg.) arrive?

I came yesterday.

Did you arrive in the night?

Yes, it was night.

Where did you sleep?

I slept at my house.

When did you return?

I will return tomorrow.

Will you stay one day?

No, I will stay two days.

Were you here before?

Yes, for a short time.

Goodbye.

3.4 Lesson 4: Ouestion and equation

1. Lo vung ro.

2. So gara?

3. So tara?

4. Tang vogo.

5. Tang manui tara.

6. Tang iai.

7. Tang rurum salik.

8. Tang vata.

9. So gara?

10. Tang piu.

11. Nuk etok aso?

12. Tang piu.

13. 'Piu' - ga nanos (kak pispising)?

14. Ong, ga nanos.

15. So tara?

16. Tang piu lavu.

17. Tang piu evang? (OR eve)

18. Piu lakliak gara.

Good evening.

What is that? (very close)

What is that? (further away)

That is a pig. (lit. A pig)

That is a bird.

A tree.

A river.

It is a cloud.

What is this?

It is a dog.

What did you say?

A dog.

'Dog', did I say it right?

Yes, that is right.

What is that?

A big dog.

Where is the dog?

The little dog is here.

3.5 Lesson 5: Question and negation

1. Lo maua ro. Miga pon ima ul eve?

2. Mema sang ule Putput.

3. Putput eve?

4. Putput tara etang.

5. Kam siva eve (OR evang)?

6. Mem veak lo pe minang evang gara.

7. Mik po minang eve gara?

8. Mem minang e Kaselok.

9. Mik inang eve gara?

10. Mem inang e Kavieng.

11. Nak veak lo inang e Kavieng.

12. Vo nak tarai om alu.

Good morning. Where did you(pl.) come from?

We (p1.) came from Putput.

Where is Putput?

Putput is over there.

Do you(pl.) live there? (lit. Where

is your village?)

We don't live there now.

Where do you(p1.) live now?

We live at Kaselok.

Where are you(pl.) going now?

We (pl.incl.) are going to Kavieng.

I am not going to Kavieng.

I will see you(sg.) later.

3.6 Lesson 6: Village scene

1. Pisingi asan ina siva gara?

2. Na Kaselok.

3. Poisan a lui gara egeng?

4. A sangaulung a lui.

5. A poisan a vap rik minang egeng?

6. A vap akurul.

7. Kam lui eve?

8. Gura tang lui lavu.

9. Tesi gura tang lui?

10. A lui gura tana maimai.

11. A maimai eve?

12. A maimai qa po inang e Kavieng.

13. Angisan gi tapuok?

14. Vo vakan.

15. Vo gi tapuok angina, la?

Naga vagai. OR Gaveak nak kalapang.
 OR Nak veak lo kalapang.

17. Aso ta ot gura?

18. A manui gura.

Tang mamana manui gura. OR Ta kematan manui gura.

20. Gara a lui tatanik.

21. Gara a piu tatanik.

22. Gara ri kasingak.

23. Gara lakeak tesuguk.

24. Gara na tamak.

25. Gara lui tatam?

26. Gara lui tesuna?

27. Gaveak.

28. Kana lui eve?

29. Kana lui tara.

30. Nak inang lava. OR Nak pasal lava.

What is the name of this village?

It is called Kaselok.

How many houses are there here?

There are ten houses.

How many people stay here?

Plenty of people.

Where is your (sg.) house?

It is the big house.

Whose is that house?

It is the house of the chief.

Where is the chief?

The chief has gone to Kavieng.

When will he come back?

Later.

Will he return today?

I don't know.

What is that?

It is a bird.

Those are birds.

That is my house.

That is my dog.

This is my wife.

This is my child.

This is my father.

Is that your (sg.) house?

Is that his house?

No.

Where is his house?

His house is over there.

I'm going now.

3.7 Lesson 7: Location and indirect object

1. Nak lasnugi a kau eve?

2. Nuk lasnugi lo lui lavu.

3. Nuk pata lasnugi lo lui lakliak.

4. Nuk soka iai.

5. Gaveak, nuk pata soka iai kokolai.

6. Nuk sok lisani a iai nanos suguk.

7. So gura nuk vuvoki? OR Aso nuk vuvoki?

8. Nak vuvoki a tapega lavu.

Naga togon ta kematan tapega lakliak lakos.

10. Nuk e vuvokani kas?

11. Gaveak, nak veak ko vuvoki.

 Nuk tavai au pana tapega mirmirangun.

13. Giso angan lavu gara gi etong (OR kaskas)?

14. Nak vuvokani ta potul a kau vuru.

15. Poisan a marmarai ina? OR Poisan a pulpul ina?

16. Ga potul a mani.

Where shall I put the kaukau?

Put it in the big house.

Don't put it in the little house.

Bring me the wood.

No, don't bring me the crooked wood.

Bring me the straight wood.

What do you(sg.) want?

I want a big pawpaw.

I have only little pawpaws.

Do you(sg.) want them?

No, I don't.

Give me a sweet pawpaw.

Here. Is this big enough?

Give me three potatoes too.

How much is that?

That is three shillings.

3.8 Lesson 8: Review

1. A manui gi po leleng asan ve gi po sinuk lo masut.

2. Lo so ga sang evang?

3. Gaveak lo kavai.

4. Nuk kaskas tarai angina?

5. Ong, nak kaskas.

6. Nane va eve?

7. Kula iai lavu.

8. Tavai au pana vut ve nak gava punuki.

9. Kola nuk pata punuki. Ga tap.

10. Aso potona?

11. Ga taktogon tapega?

12. Ong, nuk vuvokani a poisan?

The bird has landed in the bush.

When did it land there?

Just a little while ago.

Can you(sg.) see it now?

Yes, I can.

Where is it?

On that big tree.

Bring me a spear and I will kill it.

Don't shoot it. It's illegal.

Why not?

Do you have any pawpaw?

Yes, how many would you like?

13. Nak vuvokani ta palmit sakai.

14. Nak lasinuk ri eve?

15. Nuk lasinuk ri kula kak kar.

16. Kula kar lavu tara?

17. Gaveak, kula kar lakliak gura.

Nak veak ko utok kalapang tana kam etok.

19. Na ot pana kar lakliak.

20. Nuk etok ananap.

Naga po veak ta mani. Naga po lamuni. Give me six please.

Where shall I put them?

Put them in my car.

In that big car?

No, the little car.

I didn't understand you.

I said the little car.

Please speak slowly.

I have no money. I lost it.

3.9 Lesson 9: Adjectives

1. Tang liang tiptip eve?

2. Nasi tang anu takteak? OR Tang anu takteak nasi?

3. Lo so nuga tarai (OR kalumi) tang vul qa put atakteak?

4. Asoso gura tang lakliak teteng ga po sang?

5. Gura tang vavalang (OR valang) ina anu ga vuvoki so ta ot?

Naga pon mosongani tang saman ga masmasang leo.

Eve tang ur lavu? OR Tang ur lavu eve?

Muga pon luga vosopi tang rurum salik mamailei.

9. Gura tang iai kokolai (OR lolokai).

10. Nuk vili tatanik ta vul kalkalong.

11. So, ritula pon vosopi ta laman kasui lavu?

12. Gura tang muli ga tuktuk.

13. Naga pon gagat lo kono ga marmaragan.

Nari akamus riga po lak kula tang put katu ga ras.

Namem akamus mema pon tarai (OR kalumi) tang kusia koi.

Karaga pon pasal lo tang salan ga nanos. Where is a heavy stone?

Who is a strong man?

When did you see the fast canoe?

Did the clever boy come?

What did the stupid man want?

I smelled the sweet flower.

Where is the big banana?

You(2) found a beautiful river.

That is a crooked stick.

Make me a light canoe.

Did they (3) reach the big sea?

This is a bitter lemon.

I walked along the beautiful beach.

They all climbed the steep hill.

We(pl.excl.) all saw the black rat.

We (incl.2) walked along the straight road.

3.10 Lesson 10: Transformations

- 1. Gura tang lui ga tap.
- 2. A lui tap.
- 3. A lakeak leakul e Baining.
- 4. A lakeak Baining.
- 5. Tang ot ga tap.
- 6. Tang ot tap.
- 7. Tang lakeak ga teteng.
- 8. Tang lakeak teteng.

That house is sacred.

It is a sacred house.

The boy is from the Bainings.

He is a Baining boy.

The thing is sacred.

It is a sacred thing.

The boy is clever.

He is a clever boy.

3.11 Lesson 11: Adverbial forms

- Nak put.
 I run.
- 2. Mek etok.
 We(excl.2) talk.
- 3. Riga po mat. They (pl.) died.
- 4. Ga kup.
 He shouted.
- 5. Vo muk aisok.
 You(2) will work.
- 6. Karatul kakas. We (incl.3) swim.
- 7. Nuga po etok. You(sq.) talked.
- 8. Gi pasal. He walks.
- 9. Ga put asiak epakal. He ran down (the hill).
- 10. Ga po visi anu.

 He fought the man.

- Nak papais.
 I am quick.
- 2. Mek maralai. We are angry.
- 3. Riga viakon.

 They were afraid.
- 4. Ga nangas. He is joyful.
- 5. Muga ro.
 You are good.
- 6. Karatul palavien. We are bad.
- 7. Nuga vavalang. You are foolish.
- 8. Gi ananap. He is slow.
- 9. Gi papais. He is quick.
- 10. Ga takteak.

 He is strong.

- Nak put papais.
 I run quickly.
- 2. Mek etok pana maralai. We talk angrily.
- 3. Riga mat tana viakon. They died fearfully.
- 4. Ga kup nangas.

 He shouted joyfully.
- Muk aisok aro.
 You work well.
- 6. Karatul kakas apalavien. We swim badly.
- Nuga po etok malan tana vavalang. You talked foolishly.
- 8. Gi pasal ananap. He walks slowly.
- Ga put asiak papais epakal.
 He ran quickly down the
 hill.
- Ga po vis ataktare anu. He fought the man strongly.

- 3.12 Lesson 12: Negatives
- 1. A vap vo rik pasal. The people will go.
- 2. Tang anu gi los.

 The man is laughing.
- 3. Nak vili.

 I am going to do it.
- 4. Vo nak vili. *I shall do it*.
- 5. Gara a lui tatanik. This is my house.
- 6. Vili gura, gi ro.

 Do that, it is good.
- 7. Nuk voresi a ot. You steal something.
- 8. Anu gura.

 That is a man.
- 9. Ta kematan rik ottauni a manmanuk. Some love the animals.
- 10. Kari lui gura.
 That is their(pl.) house.
- 11. Gi inang. OR Nane gi inang. He (or she) is going.
- 12. Mitula po ngan.
 You(3) have eaten.
- 13. Naga po sang. I came.
- 14. Katula po etok.
 We (incl.3) have spoken.
- 15. Mega po ngan. We (excl.2) ate.
- 16. Nuk ima egeng. You(sg.) come here.
- 17. Kara po kail. We(pl.incl.) called.

- 1. A vap vo rik veak lo pasal. The people will not go.
- 2. Tang anu gi veak lo los. The man is not laughing.
- Nak veak lo vili. OR Gaveak nak vili. I am not going to do it.
- 4. Vo nak veak lo vili.

 I shall not do it.
- 5. Gara gaveak a lui tatanik. This is not my house.
- Pan ta vili gura, ga veak lo ro. Don't do that, it is not good.
- 7. Nuk pan ta voresi a ot. Don't steal anything.
- 8. Gaveak lo anu gura. That is not a man.
- 9. Gaveak ta anu gi ottauni a manmanuk.

 No one loves the animals.
- 10. Gaveak kari lui gura. OR Gaveak ta lui tatari gura. That is not their (pl.) house.
- 11. Ga veak lo inang. He is not going.
- 12. Mitula veak lo utok ngan. You(3) have not eaten.
- 13. Naga veak lo sang. I did not come.
- 14. Gaveak katul utok etok. We have not yet spoken.
- 15. Mega veak lo ngan longunai. We have not yet eaten.
- 16. Nuk pan ta ima egeng. OR Pan ta ima egeng.
 Don't (you) come here.
- 17. Kara veak lo utok kail.

 We did not call. (lit. We have not yet called.)

3.13 Lesson 13: Possessive pronoun forms

- 1. Anu gara lavak tesuguk.
- 2. Anu gara tigana i tamak tesuguk.
- 3. Lakeak tigari tesuna.
- 4. Lakeak kapul tesugum.
- 5. Anu gara na tamak.
- 6. Kapul tara ri nam.
- 7. Kapul pakik tara ri vasana.
- 8. Gara patuk.
- 9. Gara mitim.
- 10. Tara kar tesuna.
- 11. Tara pura tesuguk.
- 12. Gara un tesugum.
- 13. Gara katiluk tesuna.
- 14. Takteak tesuguk ga lavu.
- 15. Kam vivilai ga ro.
- 16. Lingina ga gogos.
- 17. Kak nonol ga paga.
- 18. Patumuk qa lavu.
- 19. Mitirek. Mitiritul. Mitiri.
- 20. Lavarak egeng.
- 21. Tamarak ve ri narak nari egeng.
- 22. Lisi ien suritul.

That man is my uncle (on mother's side).

That man is my uncle (on father's side).

This child is his son.

This girl is your (sg.) daughter.

That man is my father.

This woman is your mother.

That girl (teenage) is his sister.

This is my head.

This is your arm.

That is his car.

That is my chicken.

This is your(sg.) turtle.

That is his egg.

My strength is great.

Your(sq.) character is straight.

His voice is hoarse.

My thoughts are clear.

Your (2) heads are big.

Their(2) hands. Their(3) hands.

Their (pl.) hands.

Our (incl.2) uncle is here.

Our (incl.2) parents are here.

Bring me their fish.