

**African American Service** 

**Members** Population

ACTIVE DUTY, GUARD, AND RESERVE

**Total Military Force** 

Post-9/11 Veterans

· 16% of the post 9/11 veterans is

13% of the general population

· 23% of the post 9/11 African

American veterans are female

African American compared to the

ON THE EVE OF THE REVOLUTIONARY WAR,

VETERANS

350,000+

African American Active Duty and

220,000+ African American active

130,000+ African American select

Selected Reserve members to date

duty service members

reserve members

African American veterans in U.S. to date

HISTORICAL NUMBERS

**OF AFRICAN AMERICAN SOLDIERS** 

**APPROXIMATELY 20% OF THE COLONIAL POPULATION** 

OF 2.5 MILLION MEN WERE AFRICAN AMERICAN.

- 200,000+, MANY OF THEM FORMER SLAVES, SERVED IN THE U.S. MILITARY FORCES DURING THE CIVIL WAR

- 400,000+ SERVED IN UNIFORM DURING WORLD WAR I.

- 900,000+ SERVED IN UNIFORM DURING WORLD WAR II.

POST 9/11

VETERANS ARE

MORE DIVERSE

## **AFRICAN AMERICAN VETERANS** From Service to Civilian Life

This infographic provides key highlights of African American service members and veterans. The information and statistics in this document are from our various data collection efforts centered on military life, transition, employment, entrepreneurship, and higher education.

## Military Service for African American Veterans



#### **TOP SKILLS & ATTRIBUTES** STRENGTHENED BY **MILITARY SERVICE**

- Teamwork (91%)
- ▶ Work ethic/discipline (89%)
- Leadership and management skills (83%)
- Mental toughness (81%)
- Professionalism (80%)
- Adaptation to different challenges (80%)
- Self-Discipline (80%)
- Ability to get things done (79%)
- Coping with adversity (78%)
- Social/Communication skills (78%)
- Working effectively with supervisors and other authorities (76%)

#### WAS MILITARY SERVICE WORTH IT?



89% of African American service members reported that JOINING THE MILITARY WAS A GOOD DECISION

82% SERVED OUTSIDE OF THE CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES operating across different cultures, nations, and regions



STEM ++++++ +



**41%** reported that their military specialization is STEM RELATED

#### **AFRICAN AMERICAN VETERANS:** FROM SERVICE TO CIVILIAN LIFE

#### **FEBRUARY 2020**

#### TOP REASONS FOR LEAVING ARMED SERVICES

**34%** 

Lost faith or

or political

leadership

trust in military

34%

Family Reasons

à à s



and training

opportunities

30%

Military retirement (20 years or more) **28**%

Career change/ alternative job opportunities 27% 🕿

Completion of military service obligation (less than 20 years)

# TOP TRANSITIONAL CHALLENGES

- 62% Getting a job
- 58% Navigating VA programs, benefits, and services
- 44% Financial struggles
- 40% Employment preparation
- 38% Depression
- 37% Skills translation
- 35% Getting socialized to civilian culture
- 34% Disability
- 32% Contradictory information from different sources
- 30% Understanding GI Bill benefits

## AmericaServes

**Coordinating Care. Transforming Communities** 

#### In AmericaServes

**21%** of military members/veterans seeking services in AmericaServes networks identified as African American/Black



#### Top service categories for African American/Black clients

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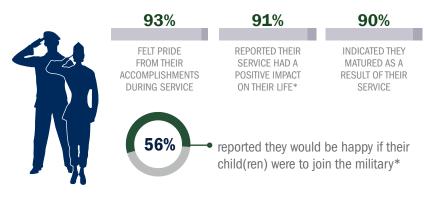
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- ᢙ Housing & Shelter
  - Employment
  - Benefits Navigation

#### MILITARY INFLUENCE ON POST-SERVICE ASPIRATIONS



#### POSITIVE IMPACTS OF SERVICE



#### TRANSITION DIFFICULTY

#### **55%** OF BLACK/AFRICAN AMERICAN VETERAN RESPONDENTS

characterized their financial transition as difficult or very difficult, compared with 48% of White/Non-Hispanic veteran respondents.

#### **59%** OF BLACK/AFRICAN AMERICAN VETERAN RESPONDENTS

characterized their employment transition as difficult or very difficult, compared with 49% of White/Non-Hispanic veteran respondents.

#### TIME TO EMPLOYMENT



30% of Black/African American veteran respondents reported it took less than three months to find employment after their transition, compared with 51% of White/Non-Hispanic veteran respondents.

## Employment for African American Veterans \* \* \* \*

#### UNEMPLOYMENT

IN 2019 AFRICAN AMERICAN VETERAN UNEMPLOYMENT WAS AT

IN 2019 AFRICAN AMERICAN POST 9/11 VETERAN UNEMPLOYMENT WAS AT

#### EARNINGS

58,351 AVERAGE EARNINGS AFRICAN AMERICAN VETERANS

## **HIGHER** compared to African American nonveteran counterparts who earn about \$38,732

VETERAN UNEMPLOYMENT WHICH WAS AT 3.5%

THIS IS HIGHER THAN TOTAL VETERAN

UNEMPLOYMENT WHICH WAS AT 3.1%}

THIS IS HIGHER THAN TOTAL POST 9/11

**LOWER** compared to non-minority veteran counterparts who earn about \$77,217 counterparts

#### TOP FIVE OCCUPATIONS FOR AFRICAN AMERICAN VETERANS

- ① Service Occupations (security guards, police officers, correctional officers and jailers, firefighters)
- (2) Transportation and Material Moving Occupation
- ③ Management, Business, and Financial Occupation
- (4) Office and Administrative Support Occupation

IN 2018

 $(5)\,$  Education, Legal, Community Service, Arts, and Media Occupation

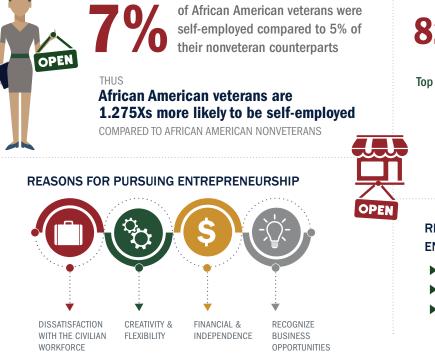
#### TOP FIVE INDUSTRIES FOR AFRICAN AMERICAN VETERANS

- 1 Public Administration
- (2) Health Care and Social Assistance
- (3) Transportation and Warehousing
- (4) Manufacturing
- 5 Retail Trade



IOBS

## Entrepreneurship for African American Veterans





#### AFRICAN AMERICAN VETERANS IN STEM WORKFORCE

OF THOSE VETERANS IN THE STEM WORKFORCE, 8% ARE AFRICAN AMERICAN. HOWEVER, THERE HAS BEEN A DECLINE IN AFRICAN AMERICAN VETERANS PARTICIPATING IN STEM SINCE 2012 (↓0.844 % POINTS PER YEAR)



\$81,942

AVERAGE EARNINGS FOR AFRICAN AMERICAN VETERANS IN STEM

#### \$94,241 AVERAGE EARNINGS FOR AFRICAN AMERICAN VETERANS IN STEM WITH A COLLEGE DEGREE OR HIGHER

OBSTACLES  $\star \star \star \star \star$ 

#### (AFRICAN AMERICAN VETERANS

EXPERIENCE AT LEAST ONE OBSTACLE/BARRIER TO STARTING & OWNING THEIR BUSINESS

Top obstacles: ① Lack of necessary networks ② Lack of Capital

<sup>6</sup> If I was a white male, it would be easier. <sup>9</sup>



<sup>6</sup> <sup>6</sup> There are multiple financial options ...determining which services can be challenging. <sup>9</sup>

#### RESOURCES AFRICAN AMERICAN ENTREPRENEURS FIND MOST HELPFUL:

- Information on/from Conferences and Workshops
- Education
- Networking/Peer Network





#### SYRACUSE UNIVERSITY'S INSTITUTE FOR VETERANS AND MILITARY FAMILIES (IVMF) is the

first national institute in higher education singularly focused on advancing the lives of the nation's military, veterans and their families. Through its professional staff and experts, the IVMF delivers leading programs in career and entrepreneurship education and training, while also conducting actionable research, policy analysis, and program evaluations. The IVMF also supports veterans and their families, once they transition back into civilian life, as they navigate the maze of social services in their communities, enhancing access to this care working side-by-side with local providers across the country. The Institute is committed to advancing the postservice lives of those who have served in America's armed forces and their families. For more information, visit ivmf.syracuse.edu.

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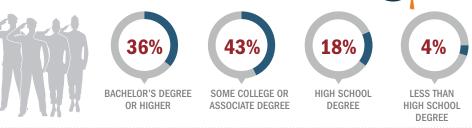
#### **SUGGESTED CITATION**

Maury, R.V.; Zoli, C., Fay, D.; Armstrong, N.; Boldon, N.Y.; Linsner, R. K; Sears, K. Cantor, G.; & Keville, M.R. (2020, February). African American Veterans: From Service to Civilian Life. Syracuse, NY: Institute for Veterans and Military Families, Syracuse University.

## Higher Education for African American Veterans

#### EDUCATION ATTAINMENT

In 2018, African American post 9/11 veterans achieved:



#### BARRIERS THAT HINDERED PURSUIT OF HIGHER EDUCATION

- ▶ Lack of financial resources/ Financial burden (62%)
- ► GI Bill benefits expire before I complete my degree (30%)
- Personal/family obligations (24%)
- Health/disability issues (24%)
- Conflict between job and school (18%)
- ▶ Bureaucracy associated with VA paperwork and processing (18%)

#### HELPFUL RESOURCES AND ASSETS FOR VETERAN SUCCESS

- Military/veteran friendly campus (68%)
- ▶ Flexible class schedules (67%)
- ► Academic advising/counseling (65%)
- ▶ Preferred classroom settings & instruction (59%)
- Dedicated veterans office & administrators on campus (56%)
- ▶ Veterans supportive faculty (56%)
- Career services and counseling (54%)
- Academic preparation courses & remediation (53%)

#### REFERENCES

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  - 2018 Demographics DoD Profile of the Military Community (2018). Retrieved from: https://www.militaryonesource.mil/data-research-and-statistics/military-community-demographics/2018-demographics-profile
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Data of African American service members used from Zoli, C., Maury, R., & Fay, D. (2015, November). Missing Perspectives: Servicemembers' Transition from Service to Civilian Life data-driven research to enact the promise of the Post-9/11 Gl Bill. Syracuse, NY: Institute for Veterans and Military Families, Syracuse University.

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- Positive impacts of service, transition difficulty, and time to employment were analyzed from unpublished data collected for the 2018-2016 Blue Star Families' annual Military Family Lifestyle Surveys (\* is 2017 and 2018 only). Please note these findings are limited due to small sample size (n < 200) for African American veteran respondents. This effort is from Blue Star Families in collaboration with the IVMF. For more information, see Blue Star Families, 2018-2016 Military Family Lifestyle Survey Comprehensive Report. Blue Star Families. Retrieved from https://bluestarfam.org/survey/



### CHALLENGES WHILE PURSUING HIGHER EDUCATION

- Lack of financial resources (37%)
- Age differences (29%)
- ▶ Few veterans resources on campus (26%)
- ▶ Working full time job (26%)
- ► Family responsibilities (22%)
- ▶ Transferring academic credits (20%)
- Employment/Entrepreneurship for African American Veterans U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. (2019). Current Population Survey. Washington, D.C.
- Earnings, industry, occupation, and self-employment is data analyzed using Steven Ruggles, Katie Genadek, Ronald Goeken, Josiah Grover, and Matthew Sobek. Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 7.0 [U.S. Census Bureau 2014-2018 American Community Survey 5-year estimates]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota. https://doi. org/10.18128/D010.V7.0.
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#### Higher Education for African American Veterans

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