A Work Project presented as part of the requirements for the Award of a Master's Degree in Management from the Nova School of Business and Economics

CONSULTING PROJECT FOR CÂMARA MUNICIPAL DE CASCAIS WITH THE TOPIC "SHOULD CÂMARA MUNICIPAL DE CASCAIS INTRODUCE A LOCAL CURRENCY IN ORDER TO DEVELOP THE LOCAL ECONOMY AND SUSTAINABILITY?"

Câmara Municipal de Cascais Consulting Lab in Introducing a Local Currency: The future of sustainability

André Francisco de Jesus Amores Lourenço | #28891 Fábio Manuel Pachon David | #40555 Guilherme Madureira Coelho | #41049 Miguel Santos Pinto | #29332

Work Project carried out under the supervision of: Professor Constança Monteiro Casquinho CONSULTING PROJECT FOR CÂMARA
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GROUP PART

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SHOULD CÂMARA MUNICIPAL DE CASCAIS INTRODUCE A LOCAL CURRENCY IN ORDER TO DEVELOP THE LOCAL ECONOMY AND SUSTAINABILITY?

Abstract

The project's focus is a potential introduction of a local currency to develop the local economy and sustainability. Bearing in mind the project's focus, several analyses were conducted focusing both the internal aspects and external aspects. It was also performed a study on local currencies and cryptocurrencies, supported by renowned economist and experts on the matter; on loyalty programs and Apps developed by private firms and on technological solutions. These studies and analyses were complemented by the analysis of a survey and in-depth interviews to both citizens and local businesses. Several recommendations were designed and provided to answer the overriding question.

Keywords: Câmara Municipal de Cascais, Sustainability, Citizens, Local Businesses, CASHCAIS.

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Câmara Municipal de Cascais Consulting Lab

Firstly, the team would like to express the immense feeling of gratitude to Professor Constança Casquinho Madeira. The professor not only provided insightful and helpful guidance, but also gave us lessons, which we will surely keep and take with us to our professional and personal lives. Moreover, Professor Constança was able to encourage us, so that we always dedicated our hearts and souls to the project.

We could not fail to mention Marco Espinheira to whom we are thankful for his valuable availability and critical thinking, which encouraged us to think out of the box and to advance the project more and more. We also thank him for being the closest contact within Câmara Municipal de Cascais and for guiding us in the project.

Our team also expresses its gratitude to Matilde Cardoso and her wonderful team, to whom we thank for helping us understand the City Points App.

The team also wants to leave a word of thanks to the City Councilor Joana Balsemão, and the Mayor Carlos Carreiras, for their availability and valuable insights, which contributed deeply to the development of this project.

We also want to express our gratitude to Professor Francesco Franco, Professor Pedro Brinca, Professor José Tavares, Professor Ricardo Zózimo, Professor João Amador, Professor António Barbosa and Professor Gina Pieters for their help, advisory and guidance throughout this project in topics such as local currencies, cryptocurrencies, legality of local currencies and measurement of impact.

Finally, we are truly grateful to Câmara Municipal de Cascais for being extremely welcoming and helpful. Even though we are not Cascalenses, this project gave us enough reasons to be.



This project is the result of a mutually benefic collaboration. As such, our team benefited from the experience and learning methods developed during the project, in which materialized the lessons and learnings in class to a real-life project. On the other hand, we expect Câmara Municipal de Cascais to have enriched from the insights and the analysis performed by the students, as well as the recommendations the Nova SBE team proposed.

GLOSSARY

AECC - Associação Empresarial do Concelho de Cascais

Baby Boomers - People born between 1946 and 1964

CBDC - Central Bank Digital Currency

Citizen - User of the CASHCAIS App in the best practice of environmental

and civic sustainability actions

CMC - Câmara Municipal de Cascais

Company status - Category of the adhering company within the scope of

the project (Gold, Silver or Bronze)

Customer - CASHCAIS App user for purchases

Gen Z - People born mid-to-late 1990s, also known as Zoomers

Gen X - People that were born between 1965 and 1980

INE - Instituto Nacional de Estatística

INESC - Instituto de Engenharia de Sistemas e Computadores, Investigação

Merchant - Partner company representative

Millennials – People born between 1981 and 1996

Partner company - Cascais company that joined the CASHCAIS project

Pseudocurrency – Has similar characteristics to a currency, not being

considered an actual currency

Stakeholder - A person with an interest or concern in a business

Software - The programs and other operating information used by a

computer

UN – United Nations

AGENDA

- A. PROJECT APPROACH
- B. METHODOLOGY
- C. DIAGNOSIS
 - A. PESTEL
 - B. MUNICIPALITY OVERVIEW
 - C. SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC TRENDS
 - D. CMC INITIATIVES
 - E. SWOT
 - F. TOWS
- D. ANALYSIS
 - A. ISSUE ANALYSIS
 - B. ECONOMISTS' PERSPECTIVE
 - C. <u>CRYPTOCURRENCY</u>
 - D. LOCAL CURRENCY
 - E. IN-DEPTH INTERVIEWS

- F. <u>SURVEY</u>
- G. <u>CITY POINTS APP</u>
- H. LOYALTY PROGRAMS
- I. BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGY
- J. MARKETING STRATEGIES
- E. RECOMMENDATIONS
 - 1. CITY POINTS APP UPGRADE TO CASHCAIS APP
 - 2. ADVERTISEMENT PLAN
 - 3. MULTITAKING TEAM FOR CASHCAIS
 - 4. BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGY IMPLEMENTATION
 - 5. ACTION PLAN
- F. RISKS AND LIMITATIONS
- G. <u>REFERENCES</u>
- H. APPENDIX

The project answers an overriding question after deep internal and external analysis that enabled the creation of a set of recommendations

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

METHOD.

This project was developed in collaboration with Câmara Municipal de Cascais (CMC), under the supervision of Professor Constança Casquinho. During almost four months, progresses were made to answer the question: "Should Câmara Municipal de Cascais introduce a local currency in order to develop the local economy and sustainability?". The developed analysis contains an overview of both internal and external analysis supported by several frameworks that focused on understanding local consumption behaviors and how they can be used and changed to achieve the goals of the project. Internally, CMC is an innovative Municipality that is continuously amplifying its range of initiatives, being City Points a clear example of that, as it was created to promote social and environmentally sustainable actions among its citizens. Its lack of users and low rating create a chance to improve it in terms of scope and awareness. Externally, the emergence of a health and economic crisis shook the world, which had an impact on, for example, the Municipality activities. As such, the creation of a potential currency was studied and, to perform this study, it was analyzed the different forms of currency and different types of local currencies. To deepen this study, meetings with renowned economists and tech experts were held. Moreover, in-depth interviews to both citizens and local businesses were conducted to better understand their concerns and their perception towards possible solutions as well as their insight on CMC activity and initiatives. The goal of this analysis focused on the internal and external environment to conceptualize the different strategic options.

Those analysis enabled the development of a set of recommendations which will generate an impact on the Municipality. Firstly, CMC should upgrade its City Points App to the CASHCAIS App, which presents many innovations, namely a renewed image, a loyalty program capable of retaining users or the integration of other initiatives that will be made available on a single App. To reach every citizen, an ambitious advertisement plan should be implemented, while CMC needs to allocate a team capable of materializing the project. As a solution for the future, CMC should begin to study an implementation plan on blockchain technology, given its advantages to the Municipality.

A literature review is provided to support the methodology and answer the overriding question. Experts were consulted and different analyses and frameworks developed to provide reliable and feasible strategic options

LITERATURE REVIEW (I/II)

METHOD.

In order to attain the objectives defined by the client, Câmara Municipal de Cascais, an overriding question was formulated: "Should Câmara Municipal de Cascais introduce a local currency in order to develop the local economy and sustainability?". To face this question, we followed a methodology also known as "The Pyramid Principle", which is used by the consulting firm McKinsey and is also suggested by Minto, B.. This methodology was followed to ensure a clear structured reasoning, so that the communication and reasoning could be clearly presented to the client. Following this methodology means starting by the end, that is, the team must start by the overriding question and its answer, followed by the arguments and facts to support it. As such, to answer why the overriding question can be confirmed, the team developed a **deductive reasoning**, which based on an external and internal analysis of the Municipality. Furthermore, an **inductive reasoning** was conducted to generate and develop ideas, which answer how the question could be conveyed.

Regarding the internal analysis, the Municipality overview was used to identify the main resources and activities as well as the principles that guide the political, economical, sustainable and environmental decisions. As for the external environment, we adopted **PESTEL framework**, which is a PEST extension created by Francis Aguilar. Given the different areas, which the project focus it was necessary to adopt PESTEL instead of PEST. As such, it was analysed how the political, economic, social, technological, environmental and legal components may impact CMC activity and it was understood the challenges posed by these forces and how to address them. The inclusion of the environmental and legal components in the analysis gained special relevance as sustainability is one of the main pillars of CMC and due to the legal framework of local currencies, which are currently not regulated either by Banco de Portugal or by the European Central Bank but could be subject to a future unfavourable framework.

RECOMM.

A literature review is provided to support the methodology and answer the overriding question. Experts were consulted and different analyses and frameworks developed to provide reliable and feasible strategic options

LITERATURE REVIEW (II/II)

The Municipality overview was complemented by a **SWOT analysis**. Kotler, P. and Armstrong, G. suggest after a thorough analysis on the organization's resources and activities, as well as on the external factors, a SWOT analysis, designed and created in 1960 by Albert Humphrey, should be done so that it can be possible to point out, in this case, the Municipality's strengths, weaknesses and external opportunities and threats, which may have impact on the CMC's activities and decisions. As a final goal, the SWOT analysis guides on find how to leverage the Municipality's strengths and weaknesses to benefit from the opportunities and threats found. Moreover, a **TOWS analysis** was performed to complement the previous analyses and to comprehend how the findings in the SWOT analysis could be used to formulate possible strategic options.

Furthermore, it was considered other frameworks to deepen the analysis such as a **Resource-Based View Model** and **Porter's Five Forces**. However, these frameworks are used to understand the current competitive and/or corporate advantages and how to create others, as well as the competitive environment. In this context, CMC does not have any competitors and it cannot be considered a firm. As such, these were disregarded and not materialized.

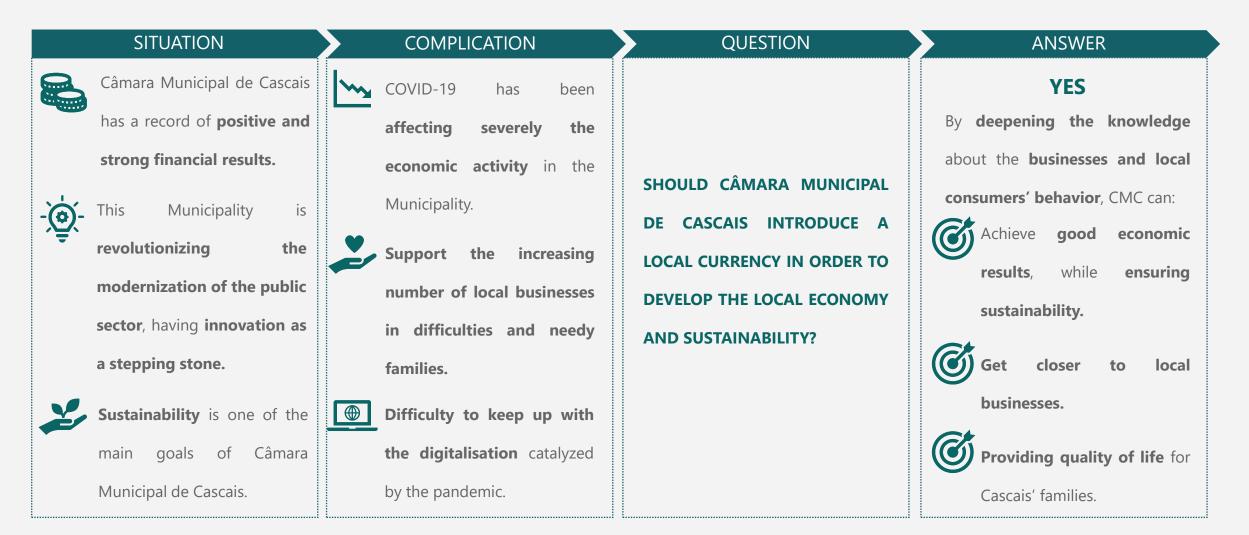
Moreover, to assess the potentialities, feasibility and impact of local currencies or cryptocurrencies, it was held **meetings** with **renowned Nova professors** and other **economists**.

To better understand the panorama around CMC and both the citizens' behaviors and local businesses' perceptions, we adopted a **qualitative research method**, in-depth interviews, which were conducted to both firms and citizens to complement the data analysis provided by the survey, which is a **quantitative research method** of large importance to collect measurable and objective data and information about the citizens.

As for the recommendations, to assess the potential impact, it was considered the accomplishment of **Sustainable Development Goals** defined by UN and the **Stakeholders**

Main goal is to deepen the knowledge on consumers' behaviors in Cascais to increase sustainability and develop the local economy, improving the quality of life for Cascais' families

PROJECT UNDERSTANDING AND GOALS



RECOMM.

The scope of collaboration includes best practices' analysis, the conditions to adopt the defined solutions and the planning of the implementation strategy to ensure project completion

SCOPE OF COLLABORATION

Q

IN THE SCOPE

SHOULD CÂMARA MUNICIPAL DE CASCAIS INTRODUCE A LOCAL CURRENCY IN ORDER TO DEVELOP THE LOCAL ECONOMY AND SUSTAINABILITY?

- Demographic analysis
- Consumption and businesses trends and behaviors
- Lessons learned from best practices

- Academic insight from economists
- Deep and detailed studies on forms of currency
- Technological and digital trends

- Marketing and advertising strategy
- Tasks' definition
- Sustainability approach
- Social and economic aspects



OUT OF SCOPE

- Fiscal policy
- Pandemic resolution impact

- Internal resources allocation
- Project Implementation

- Financial accounting
 - Budget constraints

The team defined goals and deliverables to develop and present to CMC during the project

RECOMM.

GOALS AND DELIVERABLES



- Analyze in detail the initiatives and applications developed by Câmara Municipal de Cascais.
- Comprehend and analyze the success of best practices.

Collaboration Goals

DELIVERABLES

- Understand both trends and behavior of businesses and of consumers in Cascais.
- Create and develop a set of recommendations, which contribute to the development of the local economic activities and contribute to the sustainability of the Municipality.

Kick-off & Initial Diagnosis

- Internal Assessment
- Applications and initiatives developed analysis
- External factors assessment
- SWOT & TOWS Analysis
- PESTEL framework analysis

Analysis

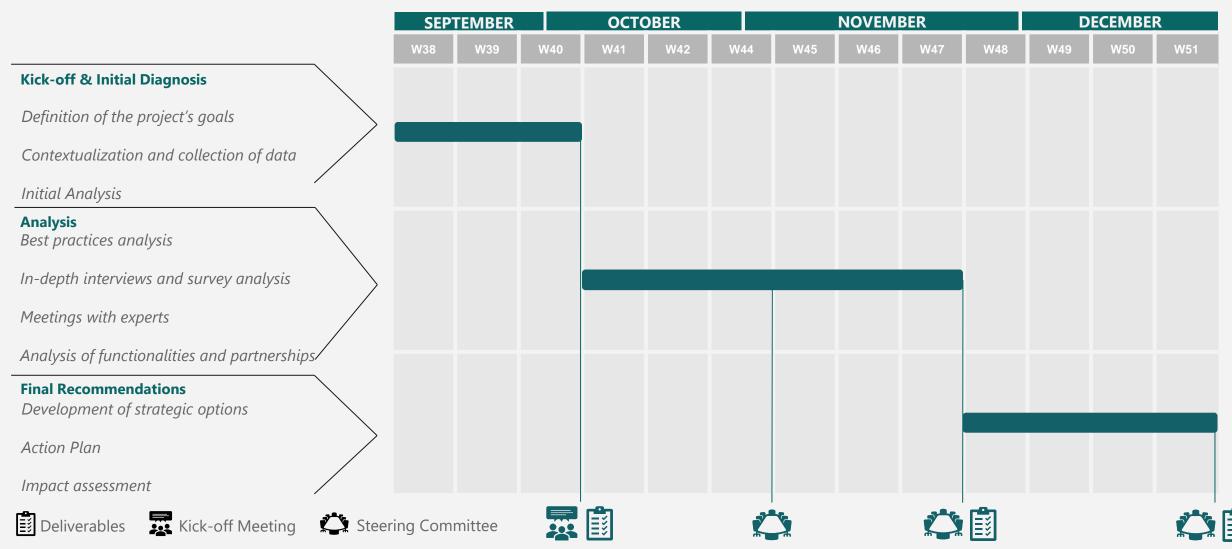
- Summary of the meetings with renowned economists and tech expert
- Deep study on different forms of currency
- In-depth interviews and survey analysis
- Detailed analysis and provision of key takeaways on best practices

Final Recommendations

- Fundamental pillars of **CASHCAIS**
- Detailed advertisement Plan
- Technological and digital solutions
- Action Plan, approaching every single one of the recommendations
- Impact Assessment
- Presentation video

The project had a duration of nearly 4 months, in which there was a kick-off meeting and three steering committees to evaluate team's deliverables and ensure quality and goal-oriented recommendations

PROJECT TIMELINE



The project methodology is divided in three steps – diagnosis, analysis and recommendations – to achieve the development of a set of strategic solutions to be implemented by Câmara Municipal de Cascais

METHODOLOGY

DIAGNOSIS

- Analysis of Câmara Municipal de Cascais.
- Meetings with the Mayor, City Councilor, Head of marketing and communication and Head of innovation to evaluate the current state of CMC and identify the guidelines of its action.
- * Analysis of applications developed by CMC.
- Analysis of publicly available data on CMC.

ANALYSIS

- Interviews with renowned economists to identify the potentialities of local currency and of cryptocurrencies.
- In-depth interviews with citizens and local businesses to identify perception on CMC and its work and detailed analysis.
- Conduction and analysis of a survey to understand the citizens trends and behaviors.
- Loyalty programs and currencies best practices' analysis.
- Analysis of marketing strategies

RECOMMENDATIONS

- Definition and creation of CASHCAISApp as an upgrade of City Points App.
- Definition of a strategic and targeted advertising plan.
- Design a roadmap of implementation.
- Definition of the functions, which human resources need to follow up the implementation.
- Scrutiny the risks and limitations of the project and of the recommendations.







Both empirical and analytical methods were used to define strategic recommendations to be presented to the company

METHODOLOGY | INVESTIGATION TOOLS

Economists: Cascais Experts': Local Businesses: Individuals: * Understand currencies with 6 renowned * Identify the strengths, • 9 in-depth interviews to different sizes In-depth interviews were economists. weaknesses and opportunities local businesses were conducted. conducted, summing a total Comprehend social impact with 1 expert. from the different CMC 1 in-depth interview to AECC. of 20 **Tech Expert:** departments, This businesses were It was created 4 different * Understand and assess Blockchain having held 7 categorized according to groups, according to the **IN-DEPTH MEETINGS** technology with 1 expert. INTERVIEWS WITH EXPERTS meetings its dimension. generation they belong to. **QUALTRICS DATA** . There were a total of Through Nova's platform, Detailed analysis of economic data **ANALYSIS SURVEY** 449 answers. From Qualtrics, a survey was available about the Portuguese economy conducted to test the which, 223 were from and consumption trends. Consulting firms' studies on digital adhesion to the different **Cascais, the target** * Analysis in detail of the public transformation pushed by COVID-19, as well strategic options available, as group, in which the information available about as the new marketing and advertising well as the citizens' perception analysis was focused CMC. of the Municipality. strategies.

Internal and external factors were analyzed for the diagnosis, which is the first step of the followed methodology. It enabled to get an overall picture of the project possibilities

OVERVIEW | DIAGNOSIS

- ❖ In the diagnosis, it is focused the analysis of **external and internal factors**, which may have impact on the development of the project.
- As for the external factors' analysis, the PESTEL framework was adopted, in which the analysis focused on the political, economic, social, technological, environmental and legal forces.
- As for the internal aspects' analysis, a deep **Municipality overview** was made, focusing on the history, initiatives and awards won. The Municipality overview was also complemented by a **sociodemographic analysis** of the council of Cascais. Moreover, a **detailed diagnosis to initiatives and applications** developed by Câmara Municipal de Cascais was performed.
- ❖ In order to analyze the overall picture of both external and internal components, a SWOT analysis was performed to better understand the strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats of Câmara Municipal de Cascais.
- ❖ As a final step of diagnosis, to complement the SWOT analysis, a TOWS analysis was made to understand how the findings in the SWOT analysis could be useful in the formulation of potential strategic options.

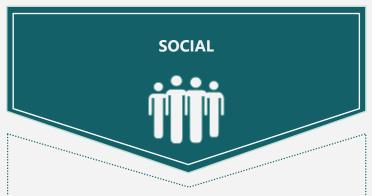
The COVID-19 situation affected the Portuguese and, subsequently, Cascais economy, which led to an increased awareness on local companies

PESTEL ANALYSIS (I/II)





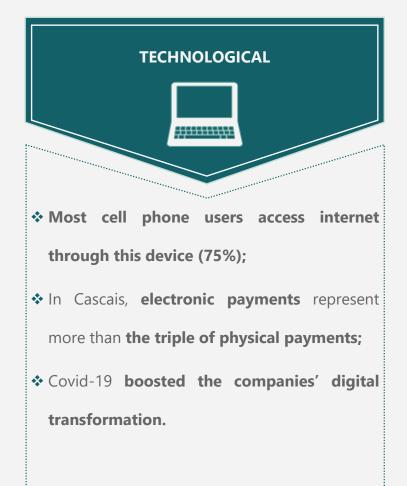
- ❖ The Portuguese economic activity has been decreasing (-5.7% in the 3rd trimester) in 2020 and Cascais follows the same pattern;
- The unemployment rate in Portugal followed the European trend but increased (7.8% in the 3rd trimester of 2020) less than the European unemployment rate.

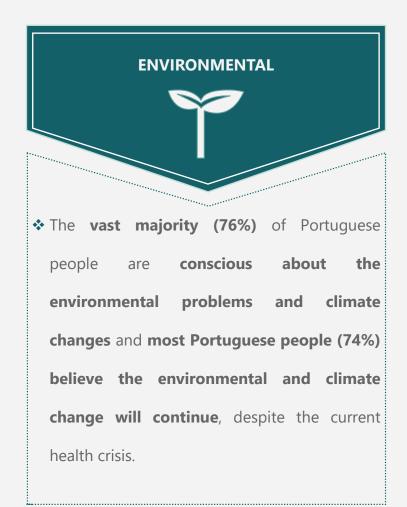


- Globally and in Portugal, people are more aware of sustainable consumption (85% in Portugal);
- Most consumers in Portugal (52%) are willing to pay more for local products.

This pandemic boosted technological solutions, generating opportunities for digital improvements to enhance local economies and their sustainability

PESTEL ANALYSIS (II/II)







The Municipality of Cascais is, since day one, focused on innovation and is pioneer in many subjects in Portugal and on the rest of the world, being awarded for several initiatives

MUNICIPALITY OVERVIEW

Cascais becomes a village First street lighting experience in Portugal Launch of City Points App

1364

1878

2017

1870

Cascais turns into the King's Carlos Carreiras is nominated President City Points App winner of holiday location – tourism boom of the Municipality (still in charge) the World Summit Awards

WHY CASCAIS?

- Touristic village with 30 kilometers of seaside and 300 days of sun
- It is 20 minutes away from Lisbon and Sintra,
 while remaining a quiet place
- It is one of the ten richest municipalities in Portugal

DEMOGRAPHICS

- 212.474 inhabitants, from which 25.199 are foreigners (estimate 2018)
- 142.404 inhabitants of Cascais aged between 12 and 64 years, representing 67% of the total population (ageing index lower than in Lisbon and Portugal)

OTHER AWARDS





Green Project Awards – Cascais Ambiente awarded for its smart waste management platform



"Autarquia + Familiarmente

Responsável" – awarded for putting families in need in the center of the decision-making



"Prémio Políticas Públicas" awarded for its Covid-19 combat mask factory and for its speed in this response, starting early to supply masks to residents at residual prices

PROJECT APP. METH

METHOD.

DIAGNOSIS ANALYSIS

RECOMM.

RISKS & LIM

晶

Several trends and opportunities shall be considered by public institutions in the coming years in order to enable their modernization and economic and social development

CASCAIS

♀

SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC TRENDS

PROMOTION OF CIVIC PARTICIPATION

Initiatives to promote citizen participation in political decisions are increasing, trend also visible in Cascais with the implementation of the Participatory Budget or FixCascais App.

SMARTCITIES DEVELOPMENT

Municipalities seek the development of innovative urban intelligence solutions in the area of sustainability, circular economy, adaptation to climate change and soft mobility

PROMOTION OF LOCAL ECONOMY

It has gained special focus in the past few months both by citizens and local authorities, who have designed economic measures aimed at local businesses.

SOCIAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL AWARENESS

Impact of climate change has led to increased awareness of the citizens, companies and authorities, who design measures aimed at increasing sustainable attitudes.

ECONOMIC INSTABILITY AND UNCERTAINTY DUE TO THE

PANDEMIC

It is foreseen a GDP reduction and increase in unemployment, among other economic factors, which are dependent on the development of the pandemic and on the impact of a vaccine.

INCREASED DEMAND FOR DIGITAL CHANNELS

Appearance of new digital methods of payment, such as MBWay and homebanking. About 94% of Portuguese have already shopped online, according to a report by Nielsen.

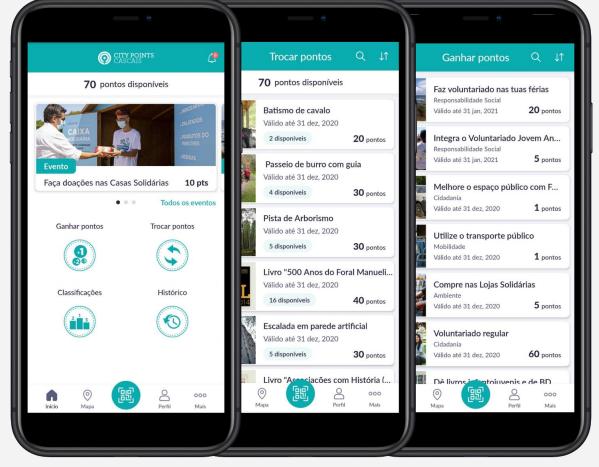
The City Points App aims to promote the good practices of citizens, rewarding them with points to be exchanged for goods and services of the Municipality of Cascais.

CMC INITIATIVES | CITY POINTS





Figure 1,2 : City Poins App



App aimed at promoting good practices on:

Environment

Citizenship

Sharing

Mobility

Social Responsibility

Methodology:

- * Registration through MyCascais platform.
- Collecting points in civic and social responsibility actions.
- ***** Exchange of points for vouchers.
- Available vouchers are issued by CMC or partner associations.
- Gamification through ranking of the users.

RECOMM.

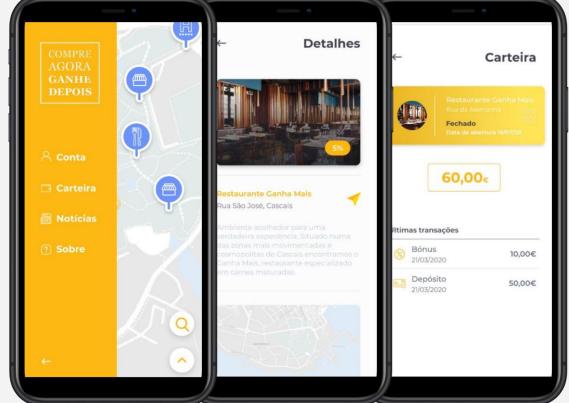
'Compre Agora, Ganhe Depois' was one of the first initiatives that CMC implemented to face the challenges of the pandemic, aiming to increase local consumption

CMC INITIATIVES | COMPRE AGORA, GANHE DEPOIS





Figure 3,4: Compre agora, Ganhe depois App



- App aimed at supporting Cascais businesses in overcoming the challenges posed by the economic slowdown resulting from the pandemic and the decline in consumption.
- Injection of liquidity into local businesses so that they could meet their financial obligations, such as the payment of fixed costs and, at a later stage, face the expected significant fall in revenues.

Methodology

- Digital platform available on the web and mobile App.
- Purchase of vouchers for future acquisition of goods and services in partner businesses, with future value higher than current price.
- Contributed to the promotion of the proximity between the consumer and local companies.

Social well-being is essential for CMC. Over the years, especially in 2020, many social initiatives have been implemented support families and businesses in need

CMC INITIATIVES | CARTÃO MAIS SOLIDÁRIO, SOCIAL INITIATIVES AND #EUCOMPRONOCOMÉRCIOLOCAL



Figure 6: Initiative 1=2

Figure 5: Cartão Mais Solidário

Cartão Mais Solidário and other social initiatives

Evolution and expansion of several previous programs, in partnership with three well-known supermarket chains. It constitutes a new response, complementing the already existent:

- * Cascais + Solidário created in 2008, in partnership with social NGOs, to support people in financial vulnerability with foodstuffs or pecuniary supports.
- * Caixas Solidárias and Casas Solidárias physical spaces to deposit donations of foodstuffs and personal protective equipment for people in need.
- ❖ Caixa Solidária Virtual / 1=2 digital solidarity platform for donations, in which CMC will double the amount of individual contribution.





Figure 7: Initiative #EUCOMPRONOCOMERCIOLOCAL

#EuComproNoComércioLocal

- Partnership between Câmara Municipal de Cascais, DNA Cascais and AECC.
- Platform in which businesses can announce discounts and offerings and attract clients.
- Entrepreneurs themselves define the offer.

CMC has an extensive offer of Apps and platforms in order to meet the needs of residents in the Municipality. MyCascais platform allows to connect every digital service designed by CMC, ensuring credibility and transparency.

CMC INITIATIVES | OTHER PLATFORMS



Authentication platform common to the different digital services of the Municipality and partners, such as Loja Cascais, MobiCascais,

Viver Cascais, Participatory Budget, Volunteering, Associativism, Cascais 360 and City Points.



Report of abnormal situations in public spaces



2.5

Downloads: +1,000



3.0



Integrated mobility solution of Cascais



2.2

Downloads: +5,000



<u></u> ∠ 2.0 ★



Informations about Cascais



Downloads: +500





Informations for educational community



2.3

Downloads: +5,000



<u></u> 3.0 ★



Transparent statistical information about Cascais



Online municipal services



Participative community initiatives

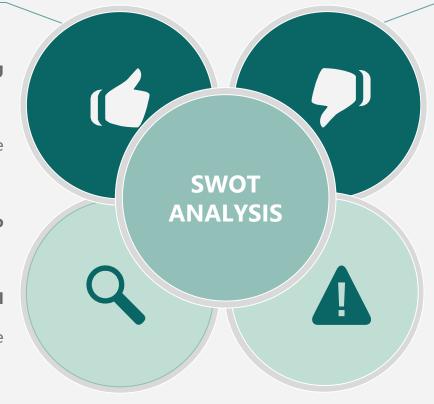


Independent non-profit association for entrepreneurship and business The SWOT analysis allows to understand how CMC can take advantage of its strengths and diminish its weaknesses to implement a solution that develops the local economy while ensuring sustainability

SWOT ANALYSIS | CÂMARA MUNICIPAL DE CASCAIS (I/II)

STRENGTHS

- Strong image among the citizens
- Targeting of sustainability as one of the guiding
 lines of the political action
- Strong and positive financial results along the years
- Strong and fast capability of responding to day-to-day citizens' problems that may arise;
- Easiness to adopt technological/digital
 solutions that help both the citizens and the
 Municipality
- Strong communication between departments of Câmara Municipal de Cascais



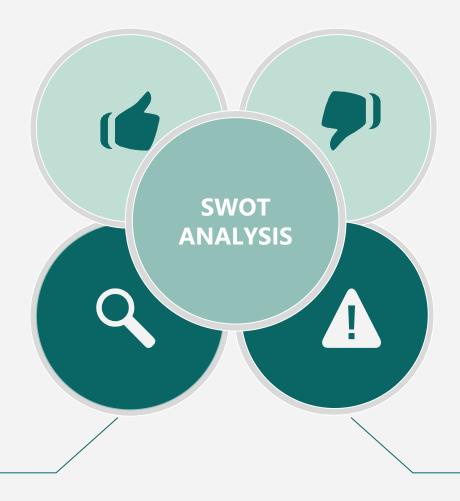
WEAKNESSES

- High level of dependence regarding IT issues,
 namely development of Apps
- Weak marketing strategy
- Human Resources allocation to the different projects
- Collection of data and analytical capabilities;
- Availability of information, which can be useful
 both to the citizens and to the local businesses
- Maintenance costs in the different developed applications
- Few partnerships with local businesses

The SWOT analysis allows to understand how CMC seeks opportunities to implement a solution that develops the local economy while ensuring sustainability

SWOT ANALYSIS | CÂMARA MUNICIPAL DE CASCAIS (II/II)

- Support citizens on how to enjoy all the features of the applications the Municipality has
- Municipalities have been improving their current applications;
- Aggregate the different applications available to the citizens and local businesses
- Getting closer to local businesses
- Develop analytical tools and skills to support the decision-making process;
- Provide personalized services



- Not being able to follow the digitalization catalyzed by COVID-19
- * Unstable economic situation
- Being forced to support the increasing number of needy families
- Risk of being unable to provide economic support to the local businesses
- Brand image may be affected by the lack of available information

OPPORTUNITIES

THREATS

METHOD.

The combination between external and internal factors leads to major conclusions regarding possible solutions, such as the optimization of a pre-existing CMC App or the personalization of the services provided

TOWS ANALYSIS | CÂMARA MUNICIPAL DE CASCAIS **Internal Aspects Strengths** Weaknesses (W1) High level of dependence regarding IT issues (S1) Strong image (S2) Sustainability as one of the guiding lines (W2) Weak marketing strategy (S3) Strong and positive financial results (W3) Human Resources allocation (S4) Strong and fast capability of responding (W4) Collection of data and analytical capabilities (S5) Easiness to adopt technological/digital (W5) Availability of information (W6) Maintenance costs of the developed Apps solutions (S6) Strong communication between departments (W7) Few partnerships with local businesses. **Opportunities** (O1, O2, O3, O5 | W1, W5, W6) Sign new partnerships with technological firms (O1) Support citizens on Apps' usage (O1, O2, O3, O5, O6 | S1, S4, S5, S6) Optimize (O2) Improve Apps applications developed based on the analytical (O4 | W2, W3, W7) Elaborate a marketing plan (O3) Aggregate the different Apps tools and skills achieved and allocate human resources to celebrate (O4) Getting closer to local businesses partnerships with local businesses (O5) Develop analytical tools and skills to (O4 | S1, S2, S3) Approach and support local support the decision-making process; businesses (O6 | W4) Based on users' data, provide Asi (O6) Provide personalized services personalized services External (T1 | W1) Vulnerability of being unable to follow **Threats** the digital transformation (T1) Inability to follow the digitalization (T1, T2, T3, T4 | S2, S3, S4, S5) Act fast on the (T2) Unstable economic situation economic and social consequences of the (T2 | W6) Inability to sustain costs, giving the new (T3) Support the increasing number of needy pandemic economic context families (T4) Inability to support economically local

(T5 | S1, S5, S6) Provide reliable and valuable

businesses

brand image

(T5) Lack of information available may harm

information

(T4 | W7) Closure of local businesses

(T5 | W2, W5) Endanger brand image

Team analysis followed a sequence supported by several investigation methods that helped to develop team recommendations

OVERVIEW & INVESTIGATION METHODS | ANALYSIS

	Analysis Overview		Investigation	Method	S
*	Bearing in mind the Pyramid Principle , a deductive and an inductive reasoning were developed to, respectively, answer why the overriding could be confirmed and how it could be addressed. Therefore, several strategic hypothesis were identified and tested.		 Pyramid Principle Deductive Reasoning Inductive Reasoning 		
*	In order to test those hypothesis, different meeting with renowned economists were held in the first place. Moreover, it was performed a detailed analysis on different types, forms and best practices of currencies and it was taken into consideration Apps already developed by CMC; additionally, it was studied marketing strategies directed to different generations.	*	Interviews with renowned Economists	* *	Loyalty Programs City Points Analysis Bandwagon Effect
*	To complement all the studies and analysis performed, it was conducted in-depth interviews to both local businesses and citizens and it was created a survey. The analysis of both the in-depth interviews and survey proved to be useful, as some major insights were taken from these.	*	Generational-Marketing Strateg In-Depth Interviews	es	Qualtrics Survey

PROJECT APP. ME

METHOD.

DIAGNOSIS ANALY

ANALYSIS

RECOMM.

RISKS & LIM

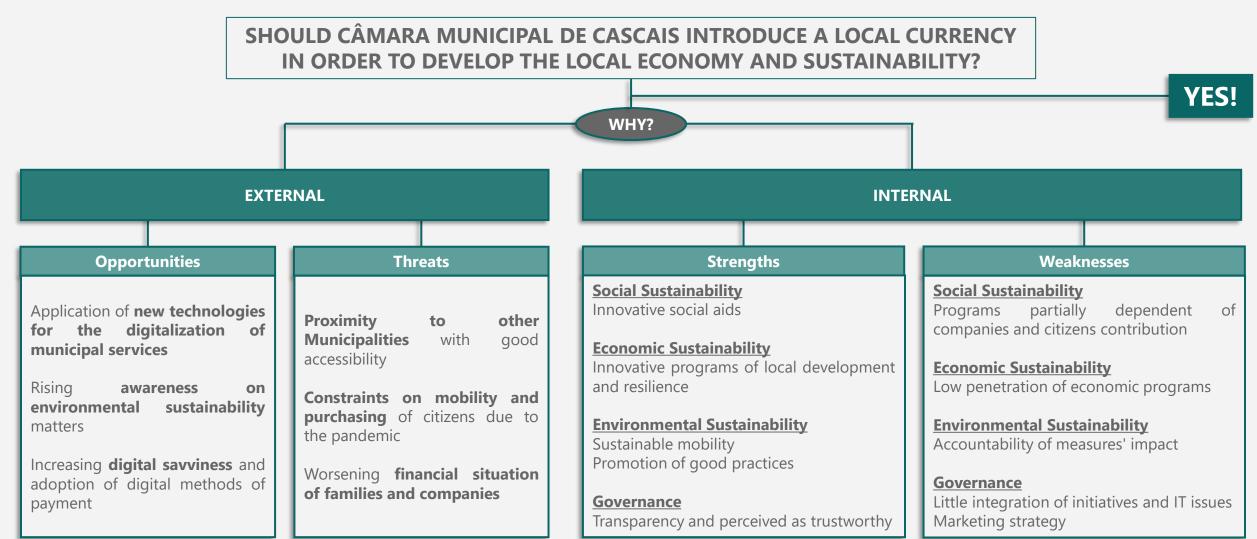
REFERENCES

APPENDIX

CASCAIS NOVA

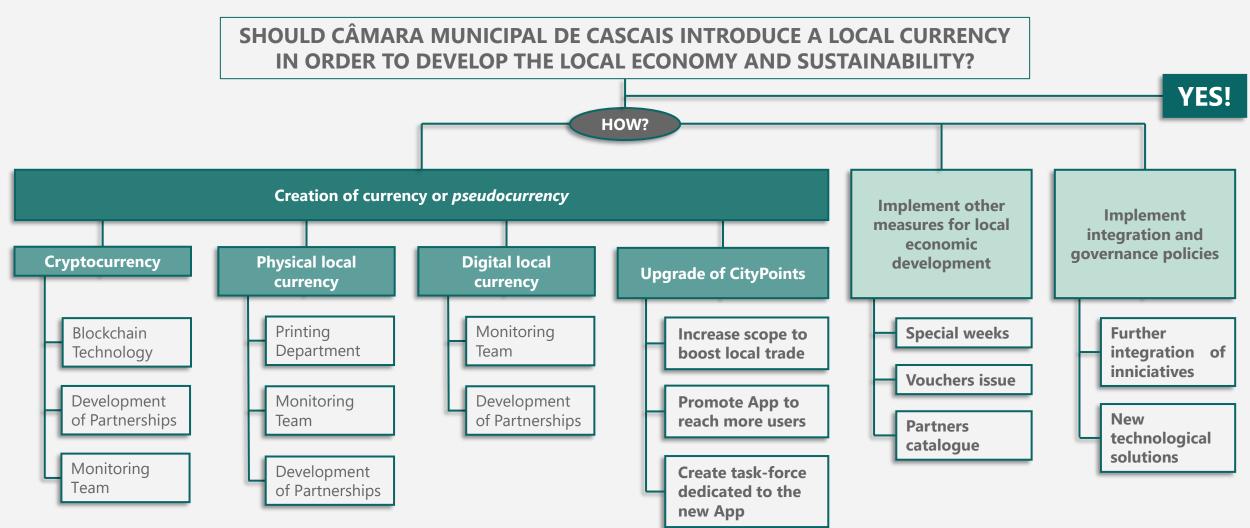
The deductive reasoning helps to clarify that CMC should introduce a local currency to answer the current challenges and increase sustainability in the Municipalpality

DEDUCTIVE REASONING



Several hypothesis were designed to answer the overriding question, knowing that CMC should adopt a solution that aim at these three different dimensions

INDUCTIVE REASONING



DIAGNOSIS

Neither the creation of a cryptocurrency or of a physical local currency represent a solution to the need of creating a currency for Cascais

ANALYSIS | HYPOTHESIS (I/VI)

METHOD.

Central Question: Sh	uestion: Should CMC introduce a local currency in order to develop the local economy and sustainability?		
Main issue	Sub issue	Hypothesis	Analysis Tools
Should Cascais create a currency or a pseudocurrency?	Should Cascais create a cryptocurrency?	No. A cryptocurrency works in a decentralized system with a large network of partners, but with little control on any transaction or even the process of issuing money. Cryptocurrency can be used wherever it is accepted, so it is not possible to enforce territorial boundaries to its use. Cryptocurrencies do not have a fixed conversion rate, meaning that it cannot ensure economic stability. Finally, although not being an exclusive feature of cryptocurrency, its adoption would require the implementation of a blockchain system.	 Interview specialists in cryptocurrency, economics and monetary policy Academic research
	Should Cascais create a physical local currency?	No. The creation of a physical local currency could constitute a product for the development of tourism. However, it would have major operative costs, as it would need for a unit of production of "money" notes/coins, besides the costs of monitoring and the possible legal constraints to its implementation.	 Interview specialists in macroeconomics and monetary policy Academic research

RECOMM.

After a deep analysis, it seems that a digital local currency can bump on the legal framework, which leads to a rejection of this hypothesis

ANALYSIS | HYPOTHESIS (II/VI)

Central Question: Should CMC introduce a local currency in order to develop the local economy and sustainability?			
Main issue	Sub issue	Hypothesis	Analysis Tools
		No. The adoption of a digital currency might have many advantages for CMC.	
		A possible solution might be a system which allows the conversion from Euros	
		into "Locals", the realization of payments through an App using this new	❖ Interview specialists in
		currency and/or the offering of discounts for the users, leading to more	macroeconomics and
Should Cascais create a	Should Cascais create	incentives for consumers to purchase locally instead of importing goods and	monetary policy
currency or a	a digital/virtual local	services. For the success of the implementation of a digital local currency, the	❖ Academic research
pseudocurrency?	currency?	creation of a taskforce in charge of the monitorization of the transactions and	❖ In-depth interviews
		of the operation will be crucial. Despite this, the legal framework might	❖ Survey analysis
		become unfavorable, what supports the implementation of a more hybrid	❖ Benchmark analysis
		solution, with some characteristics of this hypothesis, not being a currency per	
		se, but instead a "pseudocurrency".	

Table 4: Hypothesis analysis 2

The most viable solution passes by creating a *pseudocurrency* by upgrading the City Points App and extending its scope to boost local trade

ANALYSIS | HYPOTHESIS (III/VI)

Main issue	Sub issue	Sub sub issue	Hypothesis	Analysis Tools
Should Cascais create a currency or a pseudocurrency?	Should Cascais upgrade CityPoints App?	Should Cascais upgrade City Points by extending its scope to boost local trade?	Yes. Upgrading City Points to a <i>pseudocurrency</i> App will allow to extend its scope to local businesses, developing local economy and further improving sustainability habits of citizens, avoiding potential issues that might appear in case of creation of legislation regarding the creation of local currencies. This way, most of the characteristics of a currency can be implemented, leaving room to a future upgrade into a proper local currency. However, it will address local economy development in a shorter term. Moreover, using the App as a database of local businesses will create many opportunities for companies and consumers. Platform will be able to give discounts, to promote companies and to interconnect them by giving advantages for acquiring in one store to spend in the same or in another one.	 In-depth interviews Survey analysis Benchmark analysis Academic research

Table 5: Hypothesis analysis 3

RECOMM.

To succeed in the implementation of the recommended *pseudocurrency*, it is important to develop an advertisement plan that creates awareness and to have a team capable of dealing with daily challenges

ANALYSIS | HYPOTHESIS (IV/VI)

Main issue	Sub issue	Sub sub issue	Hypothesis	Analysis Tools
		Should Cascais		
		promote the App	Yes. City and digital advertisement can reach more citizens, especially the ones	❖ In-depth interviews
Should Cascais	Should	in order to increase	who are more digitally connected and more willing to use the App and take	Survey analysis
	Cascais	the number of	advantage of its functionalities.	v Sarvey arranysis
reate a currency	upgrade	users?		
or a oseudocurrency?	CityPoints	Should Cascais	Yes. The creation of a taskforce dedicated to the day to day challenges of the	
Ť	App?	create a task-force	new App will improve the response to the probable errors and suggestions of	In-depth interviews
		dedicated to the	the solution, improving the relation with the users of the App.	Benchmark analysis
		App?	, i granda a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	

Table 6: Hypothesis analysis 4

Other features and initiatives should be implemented, namely "special weeks", creation of vouchers and a catalogue with local companies' informations

ANALYSIS | HYPOTHESIS (V/VI)

Central Question: Should CMC introduce a local currency in order to develop the local economy and sustainability?				
Main issue	Sub issue	Hypothesis	Analysis Tools	
Should Cascais implement other measures for local economic development?	Should Cascais create "special weeks" to support businesses? Should Cascais issue vouchers to foster local consumption?	Yes. Promoting businesses of a specific economic activity in specific days/weeks can create impact in citizens' minds. In those days, more discounts would be available in those businesses, which would attract consumers. Yes. Cascais should develop a system of vouchers usable only in the local enterprises of the Municipality. These vouchers should be distributed among residents with a reasonably short timespan for redemption, in order to incentivize citizens visits to stores.	 In-depth interviews Survey analysis Benckmark analysis In-depth interviews Survey analysis 	
	Should Cascais create a catalogue with local commerce partners?	Yes. Cascais should develop a digital comprehensive catalogue with local enterprises, in partnership with the business association and the program DNA Cascais, arranged by industry and displaying active campaigns of discount, as well as other announcements.	In-depth interviewsSurvey analysis	

By improving governance, CMC ensures transparency and increased citizens' confidence on them, enabling to develop even more innovative solutions

ANALYSIS | HYPOTHESIS (VI/VI)

Central Question: Should CMC introduce a local currency in order to develop the local economy and sustainability?				
Main issue	Sub issue	Hypothesis	Analysis Tools	
Should Cascais implement	Should Cascais further integrate its initiatives in order to reach more citizens?	Yes. Cascais should further integrate its programs, already dependent of the platform MyCascais, such as 'Cartão Mais Solidário' or MobiCascais, with the presented solution, as well as facilitate its access and intercommunication.	In-depth interviewsSurvey analysis	
policies reach further integration of initiatives and improve governance?	Should Cascais adopt new technological solutions to keep its initiatives the state-of- the-art?	Yes . The implementation of state-of-the-art technology will allow the maintenance and even increase of the attractiveness of CMC initiatives. The implementation of blockchain technology will allow to better response to the needs of citizens, as it facilitates the recording of all operations and the quick analysis of problematics.	 Interview specialist in technology and blockchain In-depth interviews Survey analysis 	

Table 8: Hypothesis analysis 6

PROJECT APP. METHOD.

DIA

DIAGNOSIS ANALYSIS

RECOMM.

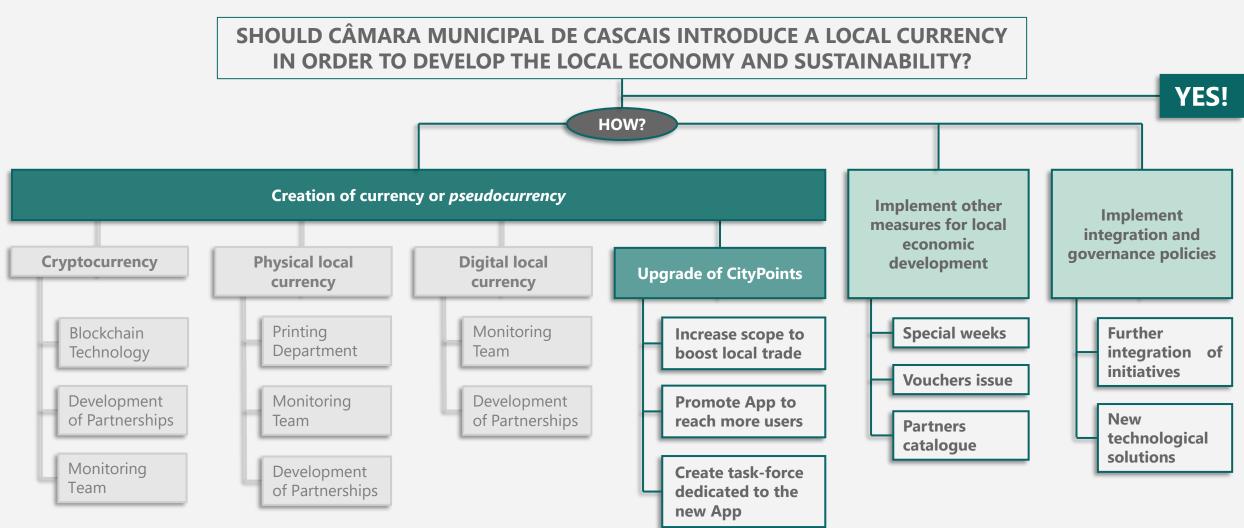
RISKS & LIM

REFERENCES

APPENDIX

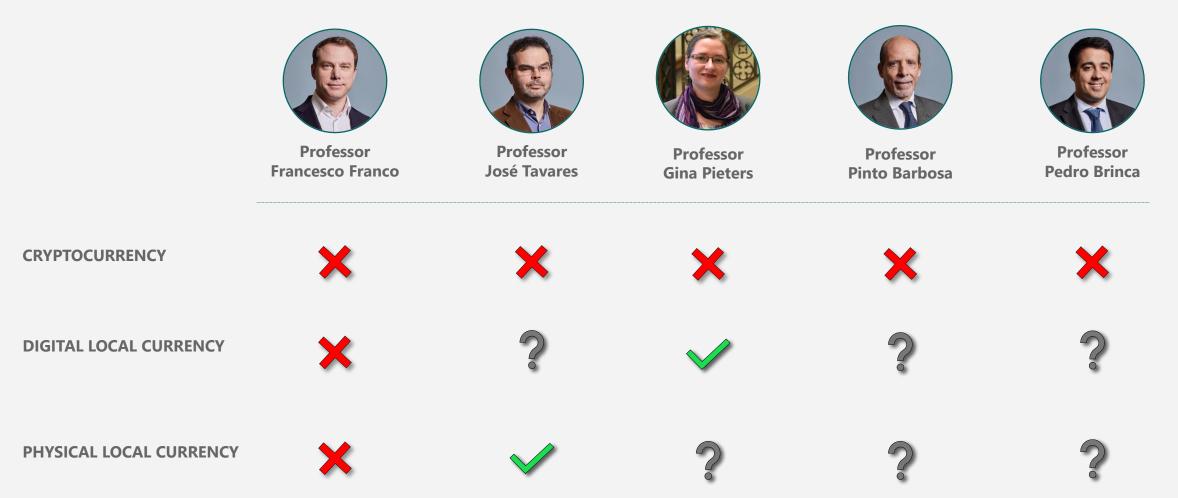
The elimination of some of the hypothesis regarding the creation of a currency clarify the analysis and allow to define an ambitious set of recommendations

INDUCTIVE REASONING



The different perspectives of economists regarding the impact of the implementation of a local currency are useful in the choice of the most efficient system to develop

ECONOMISTS' PERSPECTIVE - SUMMARY



The acceptance of the universe of the Municipality and the definition of incentives of the local currency against the euro as preponderant factors for the success of the new currency

ECONOMISTS' PERSPECTIVE (I/III)



Professor Francesco

Franco

- Assistant Professor at
 Nova SBE since 2004
- PhD in Economics from the Massachusetts
 Institute of Technology

POTENTIAL

 Being digital, the whole process is more transparent and safer, avoiding criminal activities.

CHALLENGES

- Universal acceptance is needed to work as a currency.
- The relation between the existence of a local currency and an increase in local consumption is not obvious.
- Coexistence with the Euro might be a problem (Gresham's Law).
- It is required to invest in a software to record transactions and to ensure a harmonious operation and security of the application.

POTENTIAL

- It is fundamentally a tourism product and a source of attraction.
- Creation of incentive to use by creating price differentiation.
- Source of revenue for CMC generated by the issued currency that is not spent – souvenir.
- Physical currency creates greater awareness and a more visible impact on local trades.

CHALLENGES

- The simultaneous existence of physical and digital currency would complicate the system.
- * Requires higher investment by CMC.

Professor José Tavares

- Professor at Nova SBE
 - Researcher at the
 - Center for Economic
 - Policy Research in
 - London
- PhD in Economics at





The acceptance of the universe of the Municipality and the definition of incentives of the local currency against the euro as preponderant factors for the success of the new currency

ECONOMISTS' PERSPECTIVE (II/III)



Professor Gina Pieters

- Professor at University of Chicago
- Researcher in cryptoeconomics and blockchain
- PhD in Economics by the University of
 Minnesota

POTENTIAL

- With a digital currency it is possible to record all transactions made with it.
- Possible price discrimination.
- Free transactions between users.
- With appropriate incentives, consumers will use the local currency.

CHALLENGES

- The cryptocurrency system is decentralized, so it makes no sense at a municipality level.
- Requires investment from CMC for the conversion of fiat currency into local currency.
- Physical currency may violate ECB regulations.
- Possible difficulty in acceptance by players.

POTENTIAL

- Gresham's Law is not a problem in this context;
- A local currency can lead to the replacement of imports of goods and concentrate economic activity in the region.

Professor António Pinto

Barbosa

Professor of

Macroeconomics and

Public Economics at

UNL until 2017

CHALLENGES

- The credibility of the currency will have a major impact in the success of the project.
- Conversion cost to euros.
- For non-tradable goods there may be local inflation.
- There may be "monetary cacophony" if there is replication in other municipalities.

PhD in Economics from

Virginia Polytechnic

Institute & S.U.



Local currency is a form of protectionism and an instrument of economic development through behavioral mechanisms

ECONOMISTS' PERSPECTIVE (III/III)



Professor Pedro Brinca

- Professor of Macroeconomics
 at Nova SBE since 2015
- PhD in Economics by the
 University of Stockholm and
 Stockholm School of
 Economics

POTENTIAL

- Advantages for the issuer the development of local trade.
- Advantage for companies increase of local demand.

CHALLENGES

- Classical economics: issuing a local currency is a form of protectionism that encourage inefficiencies.
- Currency issuance stabilizes the economy in the short term, such as in periods of crisis, but generates inflation.
- A very large number of partnerships is required, as the feasibility will depend on the size of the partner network.
- Behavioral economics: for the citizen represents less choice, which can be circumvented with some incentives, e.g., vouchers.

Cryptocurrency is a growing virtual currency that, for its characteristics, cannot be issued by a local entity such as a municipality

CRYPTOCURRENCY (I/II)

QUICK CONTEXT



CHARACTERISTICS



- Cryptocurrency is labelled as a virtual currency, which means it is a digital token, which can be exchanged electronically.
- It is created and kept track of by a complex network of computers, using mathematical and complex formulas.
- As such, it is not controlled by a single organization or authority.
- tis seen by many people as a speculative asset, which means people can gamble to make money, but it exists the risk of losing investment.
- The first cryptocurrency developed was Bitcoin, which was launched in 2009.
- From then onwards, more cryptocurrencies such as Ethereum and Litecoin were created and developed.
- In Portugal, there has been a growth in cryptocurrency transactions.

- Digital representation of value intended to constitute a peer-to-peer ("P2P") alternative to the detriment of digital legal currencies issued by governments.
- Independent of any central bank, is therefore decentralized.
- No geographical limit.
- Guaranteed by a mechanism known as encryption.
- Can be converted into legal currency and vice versa, allowing speculation.
- The demand and supply of cryptocurrencies are determined by the activities of its users, who therefore determine its value.
- Supply is limited.
- Self-regulated.
- **A** municipality cannot control its emission, value or geographic limit.

Several advantages and disadvantages come from the adoption of a cryptocurrency, from ease of access to increased regulation.

CRYPTOCURRENCY (II/II)

ADVANTAGES



- Anti-fraud it is a digital currency that cannot be counterfeit.
- Immediate purchase elimination of entropy in processes, such as the purchase of real estate, that typically involve several third parties, delays and payment of fees.
- * **Reduced costs** transactions do not involve fees for users.
- Generalized access internet access is sufficient to access and use the system.
- Decentralization a global computer network uses blockchain technology to manage the virtual currency database.
- Universal recognition operates internationally allowing transactions in a very simple way.

DISADVANTAGES



- Lack of security There is no security network to protect virtual currency from human errors, technical failures or fiduciary fraud.
- ❖ Increasing regulation regulations that may lead to a system distortion.
- Limited Scale The system limits the speed and number of transactions processed, which makes it unlikely that cryptocurrencies will replace conventional credit card transactions.
- Lack of application cryptocurrencies need to be truly disruptive compared to traditional payment methods, such as ensuring international transfers of low-cost money, creating complex electronic contracts, among others.

Both physical and digital local currencies have relevant characteristics for a solution, but do not guarantee, per se, the achievement of the final objective outlined by the Municipality

PHYSICAL VS DIGITAL LOCAL CURRENCY

CHARACTERISTICS



- ❖ The local currency can be presented in physical or digital form.
- Its goal is to encourage consumption in local businesses, working very similarly with the loyalty programs of some companies.
- By encouraging local consumption, it is intended to promote the local economy, since the citizens' capital is staying in the community.
- The local currency does not replace the currency in use in the country, but rather functions as a complementary currency. Thus, local currency is also denominated as complementary currency or community currency.
- There are many local currencies used throughout Europe, especially in France and England.
- In the 1920s, in times of crisis of the escudo, several municipalities in Portugal issued their own local currency for exclusive use in their county.

PHYSICAL LOCAL CURRENCY



- Greater need for human resources, particularly related to the exchange of currencies and the printing of the local currency;
- Higher maintenance, transportation and production costs associated;
- Lower positive environmental impact, due to printing and to the increased difficulty in recording and awarding rewards for sustainable actions of citizens.

DIGITAL LOCAL CURRENCY



- Greater complexity among citizens compared to the physical local currency;
- Lower capacity to strengthen community feeling due to the smaller physical component;
- Higher technological costs in the implementation in companies, incurred by the municipality or even by the company itself.

The analysis of the different characteristics of five local currencies currently in use allows us to trace the desired characteristics for a system to be implemented in the Municipality of Cascais

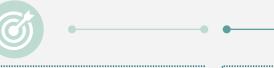
LOCAL CURRENCY – BEST PRACTICES - SUMMARY



Berkshares has overcome challenges as the success of this coin has been proven, being able to reconcile consumer interest with producer interest through its regulation

LOCAL CURRENCY – BEST PRACTICES | BERKSHARES (I/V)

GOALS



CHALLENGES







- Encourage consumers to support local
 businesses by keeping more money circulating in the community.
- It is a tangible way for residents to commit to support a more self-sustainable regional economy by realizing a portion of their transactions with BerkShares.
- Neutralize the growing dilution of regional economies through corporate consolidation, retail chains, globalization and other trends that send money out of communities.
- Encourage local sales between businesses.

- Develop a distribution and accounting system
 was a complex task, as it required convincing local
 banks to participate only in return with a sentiment
 of contribution to the community.
- Companies which agreed to accept BerkShares needed to integrate the currency into accounting systems and to instruct their employees on how to deal with BerkShares in sales.
- Some companies were reluctant or wanted to see how the program worked before participating.

- Physical currency used in participating companies in Berkshire, with an inherent discount of 10% for users.
- It is a legal currency, backed in the dollar with a defined exchange rate and taxable.
- People can receive the currency by exchanging dollars for BerkShares at participating local banks and can also request BerkShares when they receive change in their purchases.
- Companies also have the option to exchange the dollars they receive in their sales for BerkShares or to use them in their own purchases.

Brixton Pound has kept a balance between fostering local trade and maintaining Brixton's cultural identity, although the economic and social impact is still unclear

LOCAL CURRENCY – BEST PRACTICES | BRIXTON POUND (II/V)

GOALS







METHODOLOGY



- * Keep money circulating in Brixton's local economy, in order to support people living and working in the community.
- Also driven by social goals, such as promoting the multi-ethnicity of the local community.
- Rebirth of Brixton's street market, closely related to the city and perfect reflection of Brixton's multicultural identity.
- * Support Brixton businesses and encouraging local production and trade.

- Cash & Carry do not accept this currency saying it is very problematic for banks.
- The cost of the transaction for consumers, but mainly for businesses, is relevant because they cannot deposit in banks.
- The effective impact remains subject to discussion.

- Customers open a Brixton Pound account.
- * Store owners can reinvest Brixton Pounds or exchange them for British Pounds.
- The Bank of England does not consider it a legal currency, since it has the same dynamic as a gift card and the same kind of restrictions on where it can be spent.
- In 2011, Brixton Pound released a digital version of the coin, using cyclos software.
- With every transaction with Brixton Pound, 1.5% goes to the Brixton Fund, used for micro-concessions for local projects and community groups up to £2,000.

RECOMM.

M-Pesa offers different digital currency features in Africa, at the same time as seeks to promote the security of its users in their operations

LOCAL CURRENCY – BEST PRACTICES | M-PESA (III/V)

GOALS



CHALLENGES



METHODOLOGY



- * Provide access to financial services to millions of people who own a smartphone but do not have or have limited access to a bank account.
- * Be a safe and accessible way to transfer money, make payments, receive salaries, get **short-term loans,** while reducing risks of theft and corruption.
- * Help governments collect taxes and contributions, while allowing charities and nongovernmental organizations to send money to thousands of beneficiaries at once.

- Reliance on telecommunications/internet connectivity, as users in rural areas with limited Internet access or irregular network connection may have problems.
- Vulnerability to fraud, because people's exposure to online scams.
- Debt creation, as the ease with which M-Pesa's partner service, M-Shwari, allows people to get short-term loans at the touch of a button can lead to rising debt levels.

- * Customers may register for the service at an authorized agent, usually in a small cell phone store, and deposit money in exchange for "electronic money" they can send across national borders.
- All transactions are secured. In order to complete it, a PIN and both parties receive an SMS confirming the transferred amount. The recipient, who does not need to use the same network, receives the electronic money in real time and can withdraw it or spend it in an M-Pesa establishment.

RECOMM.

Samen Doen is an initiative that combines local economy promotion through individual consumption and the defense of social causes

LOCAL CURRENCY – BEST PRACTICES | SAMEN DOEN (IV/V)



GOALS







METHODOLOGY



- * Promote social coexistence.
- Prevent empty commercial streets.
- Support both local trade and social institutions, as well as employment creation.
- The effective impact of this currency on the local community is yet to be determined.
- Creation of incentives for the use of the currency at both commercial and consumer level.
- When shopping in the participant organizations of his neighborhood, each person receives points and supports local commerce.
- ***** Each point is worth €0.01.
- It is also possible to receive points by performing actions for the well-being of the community, such as being an informal caregiver.
- Every time a person receives points, part of them goes
 to a personal saving goal for the community, such as
 a charity. The default percentage of saving is usually
 40%, but it is possible to change it.

Source: Samen Doen

OSEL is a Spanish local digital currency which promotes local economy, driven by social goals



LOCAL CURRENCY – BEST PRACTICES | OSEL – OFICINA PARA LA SUSTENTABILIDAD Y LA EQUIDAD LOCAL (V/V)

RECOMM.

- Instrument to achieve economic relations based on work and not on capital income.
- Avoid currency accumulation and encourage its rotation in the community.
- System is based on the mutual trust of citizens in the value of work and on the seriousness of all players.
- The massive exchange of OSEL to euros by citizens and businesses may not be possible because there might not be a sufficient reserve.
- Online currency used in local companies that can also be used physically in fairs and markets;
- ❖ The system totals zero and there is an OSEL value range allowed to each citizen (-400 to +400) or organization (-1500 to +1500).
- There is an oxidation coefficient for immobilized accounts.
- It is normal to have citizens with negative currency values, because it is the only way to allow other citizens to have positive values. The former must contribute to society to earn points and the others must acquire goods or services.

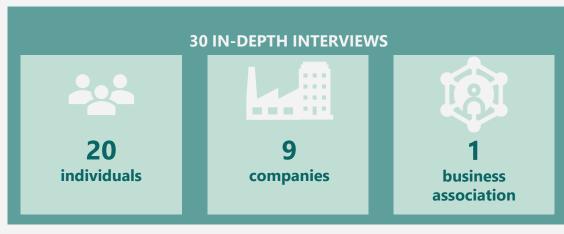
Thirty in-depth interviews were conducted to individuals of different segments, companies and to AECC in order to understand the key issues to address and which hypothesis would receive more acceptance

IN-DEPTH INTERVIEWS | SUMMARY

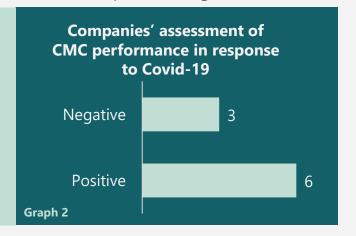


- Understand the degree of awareness and assess the degree of approval of City Points App and of CMC initiatives
- Analyze consumption habits of Cascais' citizens

- Assess the digital savviness of citizens and companies
- Comprehend the impact of the pandemic of COVID-19 in consumption and in in companies' billing volume







MAIN **TAKEAWAYS**



Little awareness of CMC initiatives



Little awareness of City Points



Local consumption might benefit from promotion, discounts on their products and transformation into more sustainable businesses

A survey was elaborated to target the citizens of Cascais and understand their consumer behavior, their relationship with CMC and their opinion regarding City Points and its potential as a renewed App

GOALS

SURVEY | INITIAL DISCLAIMER, GOALS AND ANALYSIS

- Analyze the demographics of the Municipality of Cascais
- Determine technological and digital trends of the local consumers
- Ascertain local consumption habits and the impact of incentives on the local consumption

- Investigate sustainable behaviors among the citizens
- Understand people's perception on CMC and its initiatives
- Inquire about City Points and its potential improvements

INITIAL DISCLAIMER

The survey registered a total of 449 answers. From those, only 223 were considered for the analysis corresponding to the target group, this is, the citizens of Cascais. As such, the survey analysis focus on the local people of Cascais instead of taking into account the totality of answers.

DEMOGRAPHICS



- * Regarding gender, most answers were registered by females. As for age, the age range more represented is from 18 to 24 years old.
- * The residence distribution was balanced, being S. Domingos de Rana the least represented and both Carcavelos e Parede and Cascais e

Estoril the most represented.

- 3.26 is the average number of people per household in Cascais.
- ❖ 77% are either students or employees.
- High/middle income household were the most registered.

Cascais is a technologically advanced Municipality, meaning that there is room to provide a digital service that enhances local consumption and incentives people to act in a more sustainable way

SURVEY | ANALYSIS (I/III)

TECHNOLOGICAL AND DIGITAL TRENDS

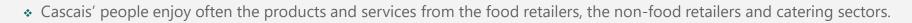


• 99% of people from Cascais already have a smartphone.

RECOMM.

- Social Networks are the most used App in Cascais. However, payment Apps and mobile banking are also largely represented.
- Tourism Apps and parking Apps are the Apps people less take advantage of in Cascais.

LOCAL CONSUMPTION





- . On the other hand, the housing and financial and insurance sector are sectors, which Cascais' consumers rarely enjoy.
- Proximity and convenience are the factors that play a major role when deciding to consume locally.
- * Familiar tradition and parking play have a less decisive role in shopping locally.

SUSTAINABILITY BEHAVIOR AND INCENTIVES



- 95% of people from Cascais acts towards sustainability.
- The main sustainability friendly activities are recycling, water saving, followed by local shopping.
- ❖ 75% of Cascais' people would have more sustainable actions if they had a compensation or an incentive to do it.

City Points' classification is low, meaning that it needs to be upgraded to benefit local consumers. Citizens are open to change, as they feel it is important to contribute to the development of the Municipality

REFERENCES

SURVEY | ANALYSIS (II/III)

CÂMARA MUNICIPAL DE CASCAIS AND THE CITIZEN

* Regarding the feeling of belongingness to the community, on a scale from 0 to 10, 5.79 was the mean value as there are mixed feelings along the community.



- The most used ways to find the appropriate services within all the services are either asking friends and family or browsing.
- Cascais' people feel it is important to contribute to the development of the Municipality as, on a scale from 0 to 10, the mean value was 7.72.
- ❖ The population believes CMC promotes environmental sustainability, since, on a scale from 0 to 10, the mean value was 7.18.

CITY POINTS



- ❖ 56% of people from Cascais does not know City Points.
- From the 44% who knows City Points, only 40% have ever used it.
- From those who used it, the mean value of City Points' classification was 5.74, suggesting there is room for improvement.

BENEFITS AND APP CHANGES



- * Cascais' community believes that a local App to exclusive use in Cascais, which gives benefits to enjoy on local business can be useful, since, on a scale from 0 to 10, the mean value was 7.62.
- * The most valuable benefits to Cascais people are discount on the same establishments and receive a discount on a store which can be used in another establishment.

For the citizens of Cascais, the renewed App, CASHCAIS, should be a digital system where they would receive points or vouchers for every purchase in local establishments

SURVEY | ANALYSIS (III/III)

- ❖ If these benefits did not exist in the App, most people would not use it. On a scale from 0 to 5, the mean value was 3.17 for the discounts on the same establishments and the mean value for receiving a discount, which can be used in another establishment was 2.78. As such, the predisposition to use the App is vulnerable to the existence or not of these forms of benefits.
- ❖ The population believes CMC implements attitudes that promote environmental sustainability, since, on a scale from 0 to 10, the mean value was 7.18.

BENEFITS AND APP **CHANGES**

- Most Cascais' people would rather enjoy these benefits on an improved City Points rather than a brand-new App.
- ❖ 75% of the community of Cascais would use digital points system in a form of an App, which would permit saving in purchases.
- ❖ The most preferred forms to enjoy the benefits are digital vouchers (32%), accumulation of points/money to use in a future a purchase (31%), followed by direct discounts on products (27%). On the other hand, the least preferred form is physical vouchers (11%).
- Generally, the existence of these forms of benefits would increase the number of purchases in local businesses. However, 36% of Cascais' people claim that the number of purchases will maintain with existence of physical vouchers, 26% with direct discounts on products and 25% with digital vouchers.
- ❖ 75% states they would exchange Euros for a local currency to exclusively use in local businesses if it meant increasing the purchasing power.
- ❖ As for the App name, the most preferred name is **CASHCAIS** (47%), followed by Cascais pocket (19%) and All-in Cascais (19%).



INDIVIDUAL PART

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Work Project carried out under the supervision of: Professor Constança Monteiro Casquinho

26.01.2020



To ensure that CASHCAIS App is implemented and tracked, CMC needs a multitasking team that can solve the problems City Points faced in the past

RECOMMENDATION 3 | MULTITASKING TEAM TO WORK ON CASHCAIS APP (I/II)

REASONING

- (1) Cascais is finding difficulties, throughout the years, to create a team focused specifically on the development of City Points;
- **(2)** The success or failure of the current App is directly related with the amount of data that is available, as decisions and updates should be based on reliable information:
- There is lack of data about City Points App regarding users' information;
- ❖ The relationship with the App developer doesn't allow to get better data
- (3) Current partners are mostly internal (organizations linked to the Municipality), meaning that there is a need to grow the partners' network

ACTION

(4) Creation of a multitasking team to implement and monitor the project during its life to ensure an effective prosecution of the project and to achieve the potential the renewed App has, contrarily to what happened with City Points

EXPECTED IMPACT



HIGH RATED APP

Elimination of technical issues guarantee a high customer experience



UPDATED DATA

Fact-based decisions ensure the running and the future of the App



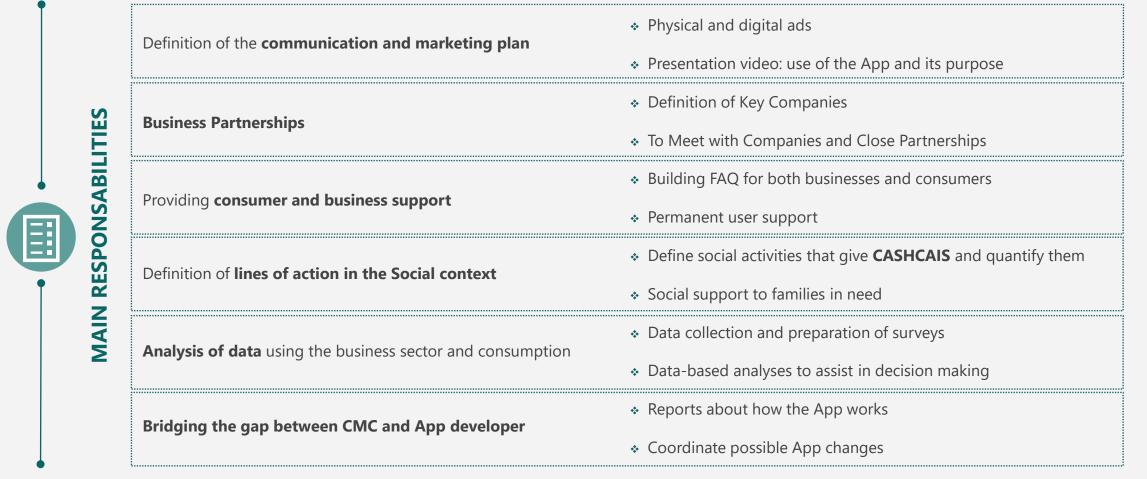
UNIVERSAL ACCEPTANCE

Local partnerships are key to the success of the project implementation

Specific tasks were defined to better understand the needs of CMC. This will define the success of the renewed App

RECOMMENDATION 3 | MULTITASKING TEAM TO WORK ON CASHCAIS APP (II/II)

To ensure the success of the project, it is essential that every task stated here is performed, meaning that the Municipality needs to allocate sufficient human resources in this project. Therefore, it is recommended to allocate more than one person to the whole project.



SPECIFIC TASKS TO DEVELOP

Blockchain technology, a growing market, can be of great importance in the empowerment of governance in Cascais. Its implementation should start being planned to happen in the end of the year

RECOMMENDATION 4 | BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGY IMPLEMENTATION (I/III)

REASONING

- (1) The blockchain market is growing exponentially and there are many cities that are starting to implement this technology to address different challenges
- (2) This technology can be key to the empowerment of the fourth cornerstone of sustainability in the Municipality **Governance**
- (3) In fact, through the CASHCAIS App, the implementation of the blockchain technology is eased, while it brings many advantages and possibilities to the App:
- Transparency in CASHCAIS exchanges
- Control over the source of specific products, which gives the chance to decide whether a product
 can be paid with CASHCAIS
- ❖ Security on sensible data that is made available by the users and elimination of related users' accounts (e.g., Facebook), as there is saved accurate information on any citizen
- Environmental advantages related to the promoted use of public transportation or to the diminish
 of solar energy waste due to the ease in exchanging it

MAIN TAKEAWAY

- This is not a priority to the project, because, before moving forward, it is key that the CASHCAIS App grows in terms of users' awareness and engagement.
- The growth of the technology depends on the degree of adherence it has locally and globally, as other companies need to implement blockchain to get some of its main advantages.

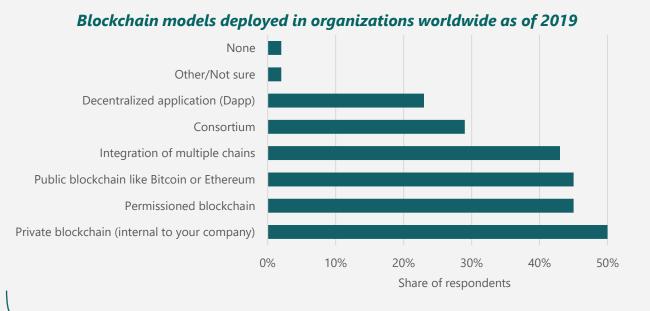


To be implemented in the

end of 2021

From the various models, the private model is the most appropriate blockchain model to implement in the Municipality of Cascais, since it is controlled by a single entity

RECOMMENDATION 4 | BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGY IMPLEMENTATION (II/III)



Half percent of the answers point to the adoption of a private blockchain model in organizations, the most used. Indeed, it represents the best solution for Cascais. It is non-decentralized, there is a control hierarchy promoted by an entity that holds control, the user inserts and checks a certain transaction – ensuring greater efficiency - and it is very useful for business use, since it does not make your network open to the outside



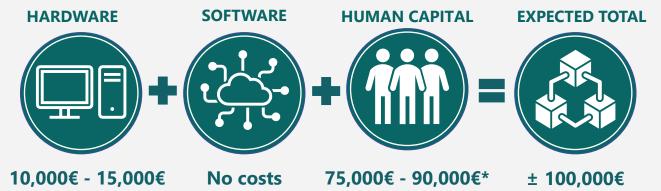
Open and decentralized software that was developed with a **permissioned private model**. Its goal is to be the basis for the development of products, solutions and applications using blockchain. Compared to other systems, it represents lower implementation costs, thanks to its ease and effectiveness.

The implementation of a private blockchain system in the Municipality of Cascais represents costs of around one hundred thousand euros. Comparatively, system maintenance costs are low

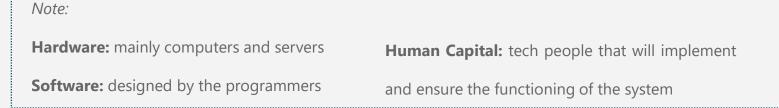
RECOMMENDATION 4 | BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGY IMPLEMENTATION (III/III)

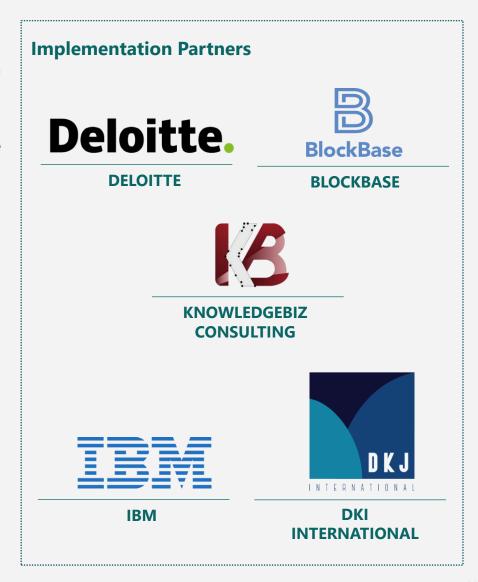
Cost estimate

According to a blockchain expert, founder of a Portuguese start-up that implements blockchain in companies and trains personnel on how to work with it, we were able to estimate the cost of implementing this technology. It depends on the complexity of the service and the degree of trust required to adopt the technology, which means that the estimate can be somewhat different than the real cost.



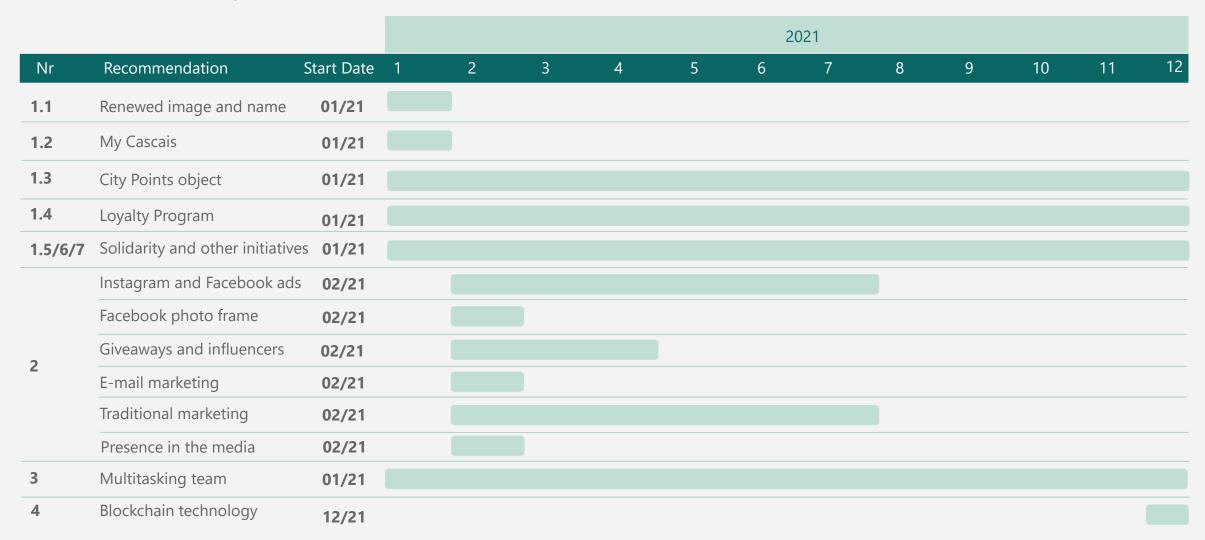
^{*}Estimated value for a team of 5 workers with an average salary between €2,500 and €3,000 for 6 months





In the beginning of 2021, Cascais should focus on the App design and implementation so that it can be promoted in the following months

RECOMMENDATIONS | ACTION PLAN



PROJECT APP.

METHOD.

DIAGNOSIS

ANALYSIS

RECOMM.

RISKS & LIM

REFERENCES

APPENDIX

The main risks associated with the recommendations are presented in the table below, as well as the potential responses CMC can take to minimize their impact

RISKS (I/II)

	RISK DESCRIPTION	CAUSES	PROBABILITY	IMPACT	POTENTIAL RESPONSE
	Not possible to connect with	Connection to My Cascais interferes			Ask users for information that would be available
	Facebook or Google accounts	with the registration			with this account's connection
	Technical issues not fixed	Problems with the App developer			Delay the presentation of the renewed App
	Difficulty in defining the sustainable	Limited information on this subject			In case of doubt, categorize the company only
	stage of a company	Emmed mormation on this subject			regarding the other variables
1	Families supported by the	Families don't have a smartphone to			Creation of an account in the Municipality to
	Municipality can't install the App	install it			associate their phone number and purchase in
	Wallerpairty can't ilistail the App	mstan it			local companies only using it
	Users don't review businesses in the	Users use other Apps to do it, as they			Partner with these Apps and connect them to the
	Арр	believe they are more trustworthy			CASHCAIS App
		The Municipality doesn't want to supp	port		Adjust the criteria to deliver CASHCAIS so that its
	Budget constraints	the local economy in that amount			creation is more limited



PROJECT APP.

METHOD.

DIAGNOSIS

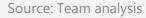
ANALYSIS

RECOMM.

The impossibility of creating a multitasking team represents a huge impact in the success of the project and it should be taken into account

RISKS (II/II)

	RISK DESCRIPTION	CAUSES	PROBABILITY	IMPACT	POTENTIAL RESPONSE
2	Limited choice of influencers	Influencers with connections to Cascais are not available			Choose influencers that match the values and the mission of the project that are not from Cascais
	Physical advertising is not feasible	Places are being used to promote other initiatives			More investment in digital advertising and a prioritization of this advertising campaign
3	Limited people to work on the development of the App	Resources constraints			Clearly define what each person on the department should do to increase efficiency
	Fail in having updated data regarding the functioning of the App	Communication problems with the App developer			Determine KPIs and targets for the App developer so that he delivers them from time to time
4	Implementation costs surpass the estimate	Degree of complexity and amount asked by the consulting company			Further research on the subject





The COVID-19 situation was a major challenge for the project development. Furthermore, lack of access to information limited both external and internal analysis

LIMITATIONS

COVID-19 SITUATION

The uncertainty regarding the pandemic was a big challenge for the team. It prevented the group to work in the headquarters of the Municipality and the meetings with the client were strictly online. The communication between members of the group was mostly online, too. To surpass it, the group increased its sense of responsibility and met everyday to deliver a continuous work.

The pandemic also limited how the team executed in-depth interviews and got survey's responses, as some of the interviews had to be online, which limited the interaction between the interviewer and the interviewee. It was a challenge to ask people on the streets of Cascais to answer to the survey, as people were afraid of talking to strangers.

ANALYSIS

External Analysis: Some addressed subjects are relatively recent, which complicated the study. It is the case of local currencies, which are all different from each other in form and time. The main problem resides on the nomenclature used in some of the local currencies that exist all over the world and their legal basis, which differ from country to country.

Internal Analysis: The amount of data regarding the City Points App was very limited due to the nature of the relationship between the Municipality and the App developer and to the resources allocated to this App. Also, if the team could work at the headquarters, it would be easier to access information and to better understand the Municipality's internal organization.

There is room for improvements after implementing the project, which means that further research should be done in order to continue developing the App

FURTHER RESEARCH

Financial impact: the implementation of the project recommendations depends on budget restrictions. That said, its costs are dependent on many variables that were based on assumptions, as there were lack of information available and limited extend of the scenarios created. After implementing the project, costs can be continuously adapted based on real and updated data.

Blockchain technology: there is space to better understand the extent and impact of the blockchain technology in Cascais. At the moment, the existing blockchain ecosystem is not large enough to achieve some of its major advantages. However, as showed in the analysis, the market is growing at a high rate, which means that this could be a focus of attention for a near future analysis.

Pop-up Euros to CASHCAIS: the renewed CASHCAIS App doesn't allow to convert Euros in **CASHCAIS**, as the only way to have them is by winning them. In this sense, the amount of **CASHCAIS** in circulation can be controlled by the Municipality. Nevertheless, when the App reaches maturity (which involves high engagement both by citizens and companies), it can be important to understand if it makes sense to allow users to pop-up their **CASHCAIS** accounts using Euros. This will multiply the amount of **CASHCAIS** in circulation and take the App to another level.

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CONSULTING PROJECT FOR CÂMARA
MUNICIPAL DE CASCAIS WITH THE TOPIC
"SHOULD CÂMARA MUNICIPAL DE CASCAIS
INTRODUCE A LOCAL CURRENCY IN ORDER TO
DEVELOP THE LOCAL ECONOMY AND
SUSTAINABILITY?"

APPENDIXES

André Francisco de Jesus Amores Lourenço | #28891 Fábio Manuel Pachon David | #40555 Guilherme Madureira Coelho | #41049 Miguel Santos Pinto | #29332

Work Project carried out under the supervision of: Professor Constança Monteiro Casquinho



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The fact that the group has members from different courses fostered a dynamic and motivating working environment

APPENDIX A | TEAM MEMBERS (I/III)



André Lourenço



- Bachelors in Economics at Nova
 SBE
- International Master in Management at Nova SBE

PROFILE AND BACKGROUND

- ❖ Organizer of Economia Viva 2020
- Former Vice-President of Nova
 Economics Club
- Vice-President of Nova SBE
 Student's Union



Guilherme Coelho

EDUCATION

- Bachelor in Economics at Faculdade de Economia do Porto
- Master in Management at Nova SBE

PROFILE AND BACKGROUND

- Experience in financial management on a hotel group
- Experience in sales and events' organization
- Participation in social actions as a volunteer
- Football player



Manuel Pachon David

EDUCATION

- Bachelors in Economics at Católica-Lisbon SBE;
- International Master in Finance at Nova SBE;

PROFILE AND BACKGROUND

- Experience in Banking and Auditing
- Participation in social actions as a volunteer
- Interested in Politics and Music



Miguel Pinto

EDUCATION

- Bachelors in Economics at Nova
 SBE
- Master in Management at Nova
 SBE

PROFILE AND BACKGROUND

- Experience in associative leadership
- Experience in events' organization
- Interested in Politics

The project enabled all the members to grow in consultancy projects. The long-distance reality was a huge challenge that the team had to overcome and learn how to deal with

APPENDIX A | TEAM MEMBERS (II/III)

TEAM MOTIVATION AND LESSONS LEARNED





André Lourenço

- Participating in a pioneer project in Portugal is challenging and requires full-time dedication.
- Sometimes hardwork is not enough and it may be necessary to have a good team, as it happened in this project with our team.



Guilherme Coelho

- Working with such an innovative Municipality was quite a challenge, as it is highly demanding, and its internal organization differs from those of private companies
- To adapt and overcome are the biggest lessons learned from this project





Manuel Pachon David

- ❖ This project was extremely challenging and enriching due to the moment the world is experiencing and the characteristics of our client.
- It was an honor to work with CMC and develop a pioneering project in Portugal with a City Council that is effectively an international example.





Miguel Pinto

- Developing this project in times of uncertainty and disruption was very stimulating and challenging, as we have been working in an innovative solution with a great potential impact.
- Among the several lessons learned, I would highlight the adaptability to long-distance teamwork

Source: Tetramap analysis

RECOMM.

The Belbin test was performed to identify the strengths and weaknesses of the team. It allowed to develop an action plan that improved team efficiency

APPENDIX A | TEAM MEMBERS (III/III)



TOP 3 ROLES IN THE TEAM:

- Team Worker (121)
- President (112)
- Monitor (73)



BOTTOM 3 ROLES IN THE TEAM:

- Finisher (31)
- Intellectual (46)
- Operational (48)

ACTION PLAN

Not only hard skills, but also soft skills are essential for consulting projects success.

In this way, each member of the team performed Belbin test to identify the strengths and weaknesses of the team. In order to try to compensate for the lack of soft skills inherent in the bottom 3 roles, the team decided:

- Hold weekly meetings with brainstorming sessions on the different topics covered throughout the project in order to bring together different ideas and increase the group's creativity;
- Define weekly deadlines with individual goals for each team member in order to ensure continuous and efficient work;
- Initial definition of main points to always keep in mind and have greater consideration, being they structuring and organizing the project and working methodologies.

Team Member	PRE President	ST Strategist	INT Intellectual	MON Monitor	OPE Operational	TW Team Worker	PRO Prospector	FIN Finisher
André Lourenço		12	8		26	32	4	
Guilherme Coelho	26	14	31	4	8	24	33	0
Manuel Pachon David	44		7	25	2	44	5	0
Miguel Pinto		31	0	24	12	21		14

Source: Belbin analysis Table 18:Belbin 83

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CASCAIS NOVA

There is a high level of confidence in the Municipality of Cascais due to its high political stability and transparency. This environment is the basis for innovation

APPENDIX B | PESTEL ANALYSIS (I/X)





High Political Stability in Cascais:

- The **same political party** has been running the Municipality for **several years**. The president of the Municipality has been in charge since 2011.
- Throughout Cascais history, there were recorded **low corruption rates**, which further suggest the political steadiness.
- Establishment of **Transparency as one of the principles** of the Municipality.

KEY TAKEAWAYS

- 1. The economic prosperity, the low corruption rates and the high transparency create high levels of confidence in terms of political action.
- 2. The local political stability enhances the local economic activity.
- 3. The stability of the political spectrum generates a propitious environment to **innovation**.
- 4. Despite the pandemic and the fall of the economic activity, the political stability in Cascais is expected to continue as, historically, in Cascais, the political environment is not deeply affected by crisis.

Source: Pordata, WorldBank

1

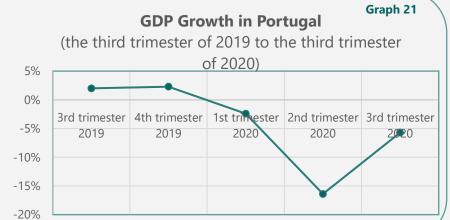
COVID-19 affected the economy both globally and locally. As the fall was severe, it is expected that it will recover in 2021, even with a significant degree of uncertainty

APPENDIX B | PESTEL ANALYSIS (II/X)



Fall in the Economic Activity in Portugal:

• The pandemic affected severely the Portuguese economic activity that was growing in 2019 and fell steeply during 2020, due to the stop in the activities in the economic sectors, being the highest decrease(-16.4%) in the second semester.



KEY TAKEAWAYS

- 1. Despite the current fall in the economic activity, **the confidence in the markets was not as damaged as expected**, since the economic crisis was not caused by market failures.
- 2. In theory and empirically, after a health crisis or a war situation, the economic activity is expected to grow in the subsequent period.
- 3. It is **expected an economic growth in 2021**, but it is yet uncertain the growth rhythm.
- 4. The Portuguese economic activity should also grow in 2021 as result of the recovery from the pandemic situation.

Source: INE 86

2

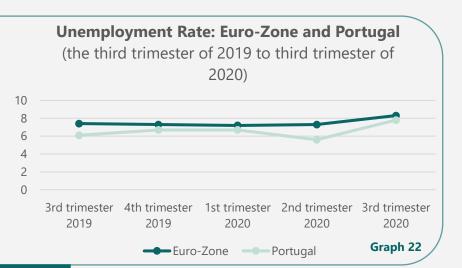
Following the Euro-zone trend, the down on the economy also reflects on the unemployment rates

APPENDIX B | PESTEL ANALYSIS (III/X)



Unemployment increase in Portugal:

 As a consequence of the economic crisis triggered by the pandemic, the unemployment raised both in the Euro-Zone and in Portugal. However, Portugal's unemployment rate is lower than in the Euro-Zone.



KEY TAKEAWAYS

- 1. The economic activity slowdown raised, as expected, the unemployment in the Euro-Zone.
- 2. The trend of unemployment in Portugal followed the Euro-Zone trend, but it was lower than the latest.
- 3. The expected economic growth in 2021 should have a positive impact on the unemployment both in the Euro-Zone and in Portugal.
- 4. It is unpredictable the expected decrease in the unemployment rate in 2021 as the economic growth is also uncertain.

Nowadays, sustainable consumption is a reality for the portuguese population. Therefore, companies must adapt processes in order to retain and attract consumers

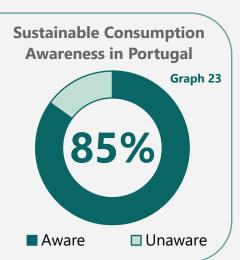
APPENDIX B | PESTEL ANALYSIS (IV/X)





Increase in the awareness of sustainable consumption:

As the environmental and ethical problems around the companies' production process and its products have been raised, the consumers have been adopting sustainable consumption, which means that people are choosing certain products over others that are less environmentally and ethically friendly. In Portugal, 85% of the population are aware of this type of consumption.



KEY TAKEAWAYS

- 1. Furthermore, 92% of the Portuguese population feel that they act for a sustainable consumption on a daily basis.
- 2. More and more Portuguese consumers demand products, which protect or promote the sustainability.
- 3. This demand is not yet met by the supply, which have been unable to provide products at an accessible price or to provide offers or solutions.
- 4. On the other hand, only 16% of the Portuguese population believe that technological innovation can boost sustainable consumption.

Source: Oney

The pandemic made people care more about local companies, which represents an opportunity to boost local economic activity

APPENDIX B | PESTEL ANALYSIS (V/X)



2

Most Portuguese consumers are willing to pay more for local products:

Covid-19 boosted the solidarity among the Portuguese consumers. As such,
 52% of the Portuguese population is willing to pay more for local products
 in order to support local businesses that were severely affected by the
 breakdown in the economic activity, due to the pandemic situation in Portugal.



KEY TAKEAWAYS

- 1. Portuguese solidarity has permitted the survival of some local businesses, but there are a lot that had to close doors, as such the **supply of local produced goods has been decreasing during the pandemic**
- 2. It is expected that **more people purchase local produced goods** and boost even more the local economic activity.
- 3. The Portuguese population values products that are not only produced locally, but also that **promote sustainability**. Moreover, the **willingness to pay for this type of products is large**.

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As almost everyone has a smartphone, e-commerce is rising and people are now more willing to buy online than ever

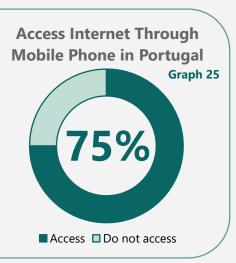
APPENDIX B | PESTEL ANALYSIS (VI/X)



1

The majority of mobile phone users in Portugal access internet through this device:

- In 2018, **75% of the Portuguese mobile phone users accessed internet through this device**.
- In 2019, the smartphone was the device most used to access internet in Portugal.



KEY TAKEAWAYS

- 1. The number of mobile phone users, who accessed internet through this device is expected to increase even more.
- 2. Despite the increase in the leadership of smartphone as the elected mean to access internet, there has also been an increase in the use of other devices to access internet, which means that people are using more and more different devices (eg. smartphone, tablets, laptop) to access internet.
- 3. As a result of the increase in the access to internet from different devices, people look more often for products and services' information in the internet and often purchase items through internet (e-commerce)

Source: Marktest, Deloitte

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CASCAIS NOVA

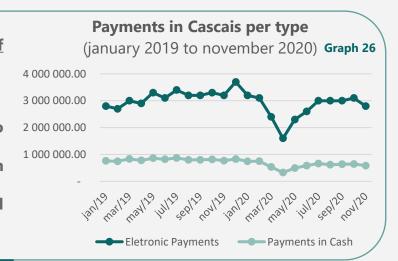
Another impact of COVID-19 is related to the payment methods. In fact, electronic payments have surpassed physical payments and it is expected that this difference will increase in the following years

APPENDIX B | PESTEL ANALYSIS (VII/X)



Electronic payments represent more than the triple of physical payments in Cascais:

 In Cascais, electronic payments is the preferred mean to make payments, suggesting a clear declining in payments in cash. On the other hand, the fall in the payments was caused by the economic slowdown during the quarantine period.



KEY TAKEAWAYS

- 1. Portuguese people prefer to use electronic payments methods instead of the physical one as it is more convenient and flexible.
- 2. The acceleration of the digitalization caused by COVID-19 also had impact on the methods of payment, being **the electronic method the most used** as vehicle of payment in the e-commerce sector.
- 3. As some platforms are developing their own electronic payments methods or other similar digital solutions, and, on the consumer side, there are benefits, which value electronic payments; it is believed that in the future people will choose electronic payments rather than payments in cash.

Source: SIBS Analytics 91

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Digital transformation is no longer a competitive advantage. Companies are trying to find new ways of customer engagement

APPENDIX B | PESTEL ANALYSIS (VIII/X)



The businesses' digitalization process was accelerated by COVID-19:

- Globally, 97% of enterprises' decision makers believe the pandemic sped up their company's digital transformation.
- COVID-19 also accelerated companies' digital communications strategy by an average of 6 years.



KEY TAKEAWAYS

- 1. COVID-19 provoked an acceleration of the digital transformation and, as a result of this acceleration, telework has been adopted.
- 2. The pandemic forced enterprises to change its communications channels and to strongly invest in digital marketing.
- 3. Companies were also made to adapt its customer engagement. However, most of these businesses are still trying to find new ways of customer engagement.

Source: Twilio, Deloitte

As the world worries about climate change and other environmental problems, Portuguese people are adapting their consumption habits and demand environmentally friendly products

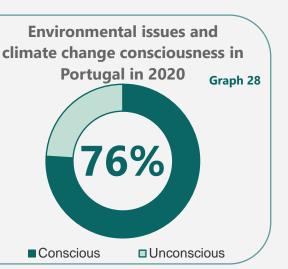
APPENDIX B | PESTEL ANALYSIS (IV/X)

METHOD.



The businesses' digitalization process was accelerated by COVID-19:

- 76% of the Portuguese population are conscious about the environmental problems and the climate change;
- Giving the health crisis and a probable economic crisis, 74% of respondents believe that society's concern about climate change will continue.



KEY TAKEAWAYS

- 1. Despite the health and economic crisis in Portugal, Portuguese people are still concerned about the environmental and climate change issues.
- 2. The environmental concern in Portugal extents to the Portuguese consumption habits. Nowadays, more and more people demand for environmentally friendly products.

There is no specific regulations regarding local currencies. "Leiria coin" is a good implementation example of a pseudocurrency that didn't find any legal problems

APPENDIX B | PESTEL ANALYSIS (X/X)





The Legal Framework of Local Currencies in the EU is ambiguous

The are no specific regulations on the issuance and operation of local currencies in Portugal or in the European Union. Consequently, it is not illegal to issue or operate local currencies, but the activity is not regulated or supervised. There are some forms of "currency" in the Eurozone, in countries like Netherlands, France and Italy. In Portugal, there is "Leiria Coin", which takes a form of voucher to support needy families.

KEY TAKEAWAYS

- 1. Virtual local currency issuers are not obliged to register or to request authorization to operate to the Banco de Portugal or the ECB.
- 2. The activity has no prudential supervision of risks or criminal activity, therefore the monitoring of the activity by the issuer is fundamental to the success of the implementation, bringing credibility to the currency and control over the carried-out operations.
- 3. To avoid a future unfavorable legal framework, the Eurozone members can **implement some characteristics of currencies creating a "pseudocurrency**".

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A TOWS analysis, derivative from the SWOT analysis, enables to connect the four factors to have an improved view that can help in achieving the project goals

APPENDIX C | TOWS ANALYSIS – CÂMARA MUNICIPAL DE CASCAIS

Strengths & Opportunities	Strengths & Threats	Weaknesses & Opportunites	Weaknesses & Threats	
(O1, O2, O3, O5, O6 S1, S4, S5, S6)	(T1, T2, T3, T4 S2, S3, S4, S5) Take	(O1, O2, O3, O5 W1, W5, W6) Sign	(T1 W1) Possibility of being unable	
Leverage on the strong image and	advantage of the financial results,	new partnerships with technological	to follow digital transformation	
strong intra communication, efficient	technological adaptability to act fast on	firms to develop what is pretended and	boosted by COVID-19	
responsiveness and adaptability to	the economic and social consequences	provide data about the Apps.	(T2 W6) The worsen of the economic	
emerging technology to optimize	of the pandemic to sustain sustainability	(O4 W2, W3, W7) Elaborate a	situation provoked by the pandemic may	
applications developed based on the	as a guideline.	marketing plan specific to local	mean the inability to sustain costs.	
analytical tools and skills achieved.		businesses and allocate human	(T4 W7) As economic health worsens,	
(O4 S1, S2, S3) Backed by a strong		resources to celebrate partnerships	the lack of partnerships may imply the	
brand image, strong financial results and	(T5 S1, S5, S6) Provide reliable and	with these businesses.	closure of local businesses.	
keeping sustainability as a guideline,	valuable information, obtained through	(O6 W4) Collect data about users'	(T5 W2, W5) Endanger brand image	
approach and support local	intra communication, through the	behaviours and analyse it to be able to	due to the lack of information and well	
businesses.	different platforms.	provide personalised services.	defined marketing strategy.	

Source: Team analysis

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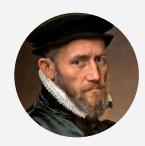
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ANALYSIS

The Gresham's Law states that when two currencies co-exist the "bad" currency tends to drive out the "bad" one

APPENDIX D | GRESHAM'S LAW



Sir Thomas Gresham (1519-1579)

"Bad currency tends to drive good currency out of the market."

When precious metals like gold or silver were used to make the coins, many people melted the coins in better condition to sell in the form of jewelry and other utilities.

According to Gresham's Law, nowadays, people are expected to retain and use better preserved and beautiful coins and, on the other hand, stop using those that are older and worn.

APPLIED TO THE CONTEXT



Applying the concept to the situation in question and assuming that both currencies are accepted under the same conditions and are easily liquid, people would start to use the local currency for transactions, keeping sums of money in Euros. They will therefore start to prefer to cover their expenses with euros, saving euros reserves.

However, in the event of a loss of local currency value, Gresham's law operates the other way around, using people the euro in their transactions. In other words, in case of loss of incentives to use the local currency, people will stop using it in their transactions, and will again prefer to use the euro.

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RECOMM.

CBDCs are a type of currency implemented at a national level, as it is controlled by a central bank, which are the cases of Petro or DCEP

CENTRAL BANK DIGITAL CURRENCY

QUICK CONTEXT







- ❖ A CBDC is a Central Bank Digital Currency.
- CBDC appears as the level of globalization and digitalization increases.
- CBDC emerges as a potential step towards a cashless society.
- Giving the digital degree in this era, CBDC can be considered a different form of holding money between physical cash and digital bank money.
- As such, CBDC can guarantee the access to central bank issued money (like physical cash), but in a digital form.
- However, CBDC is different from a typical cryptocurrency as it is controlled by a central bank.

- Issued by central banks, who therefore control its supply and its value.
- Is centralized.
- No space for speculation in the exchange with the physical currency.
- Uses a blockchain-based token to represent the digital form of a fiat currency of a particular country (or region), being complementary to the legal currency in circulation.
- Easy conversion to physical money.
- * Examples: Petro (Venezuela), DCEP (China), Euro Digital (Eurozone).
- **Legally cannot be implemented at a municipality level.**

Neither a cryptocurrency system nor a CBDC are possible solutions to the goal of the Municipality due to its basic characteristics. It is possible, however, to adopt several

characteristics of these systems for the recommended solution.

Petro is a complementary currency to Bolivar, design in response to the Venezuelan economic crisis, which ended up aggravating existing issues and creating new ones

CBDC - VENEZUELA CASE - PETRO

CONTEXT



- Venezuela is in a serious economic crisis.
- Hyperinflation due to the constant money printing.
- Oil price in sharp decline.
- Sanctions imposed by the European
 Union and the United States of America.

SOLUTION



Petro is a national "cryptocurrency" created by the Venezuelan State.

The exchange rate is fixed at the price of a barrel of oil. This currency is allowed in payments to public institutions, among other;



Increase capital and funding in a way
to avoid international sanctions
imposed by the EU and the US.



IMPACT



Devaluation of the Bolivar

Monetary inequality

Those who receive their income in bolivars have a major disadvantage compared to those who receive remittances or foreign exchange income.

Paralysis of the economic activity

- Worsening of consumption contraction;
- Business closure and unemployment.





China has entered the testing phase of a new digital currency complementary to the yuan, aiming a leading position for the country in the digital currency market

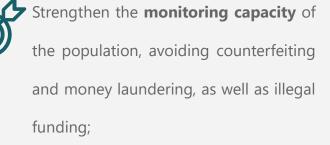
CBDC - CHINA CASE - DIGITAL CURRENCY ELECTRONIC PAYMENT (DCEP)

CONTEXT

Figure 38: DCEP

- 805 million Chinese made online payments in 2020 alone;
- The Chinese online shopping industry has grown on average 22.5% per year in the last 5 years.

SOLUTION



Significantly increase the international reach in an attempt to make yuan a global currency at the level of the dollar;

Ensure access to information, including market trends, making up a global competitive advantage.

IMPACT

- Data on consumer trends allow to provide personalized services and products, which drive economic growth
- Negative impact on banking sector revenues
- Monitoring allows to tackle tax evasion,
 counterfeiting and money laundering.
- Challenges the anonymity of cash transactions and privacy;





PROJECT APP. METHOD. DIAGNOSIS ANALYSIS RECOMM. RISKS & LIM RE

APPENDIXES

- A. <u>TEAM</u>
- B. PESTEL
- C. TOWS
- D. ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS
 - A. GRESHAM'S LAW
 - B. <u>CBDC</u>
- E. <u>IN-DEPTH INTERVIEWS</u>
- F. <u>SURVEY</u>
- G. SUSTAINABILITY PILLARS
- H. MODELS OF BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGY
- I. IMPACT OF THE PROJECT
 - A. **FINANCIAL IMPACT**
 - B. <u>SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS</u>
 - C. <u>STAKEHOLDERS ENGAGEMENT MAP</u>
- J. <u>STRATEGY CANVAS</u>
- K. HOW TO USE CASHCAIS



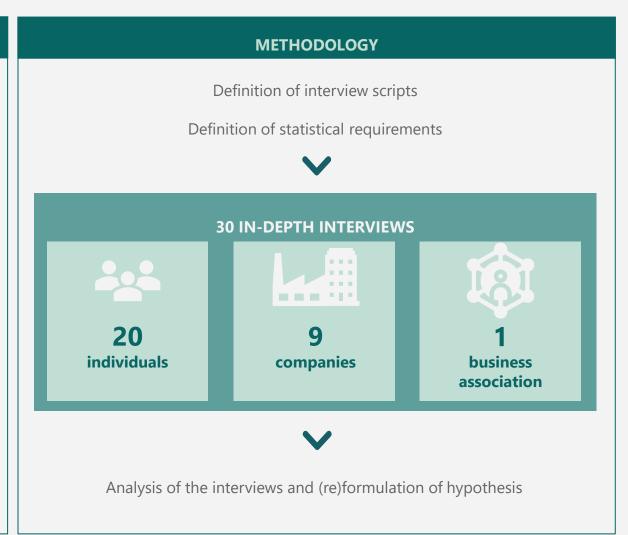
RECOMM.

The in-depth interviews to citizens and companies of Cascais followed a concrete methodology to collect homogeneous answers that can support the hypothesis

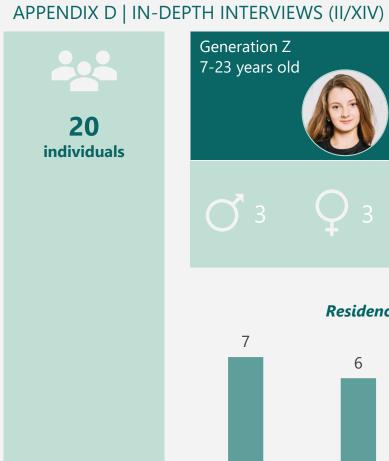
APPENDIX D | IN-DEPTH INTERVIEWS (I/XIV)

RESEARCH OBJECTIVES

- Understand the degree of awareness and assess the degree of approval of City Points App and of CMC initiatives
- Understand the importance given by citizens and companies to sustainability issues
- Assess the digital savviness of citizens and companies
- Analyze consumption habits of Cascais' citizens
- Comprehend the impact of the pandemic of COVID-19 in consumption
- Comprehend the impact of the pandemic of COVID-19 in companies' billing volume
- Analyze the acceptance and willingness to adopt of some formulated hypothesis by citizens and businesses



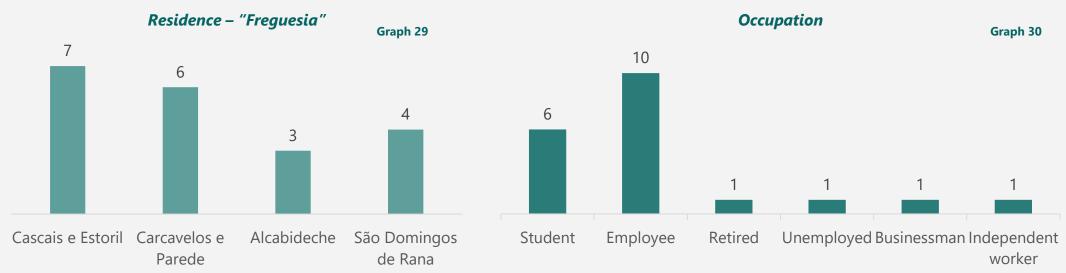
Twenty interviews were conducted, half of them to Gen Z and Millennials and the other half to Gen X and Baby Boomers







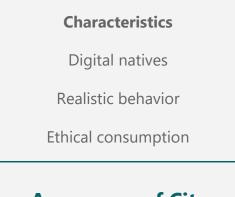




Gen Z is price sensitive, which is a main reason for not purchasing locally. However, they understand the necessity of developing the local economy

APPENDIX D | IN-DEPTH INTERVIEWS (III/XIV)

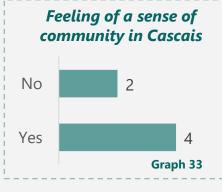




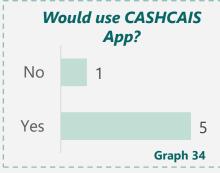




Although being more aware of sustainability issues and of the benefits of consume locally to the development of the local economy, interviewees from Generation Z do not perform purchases in local commerce (besides restaurants) because they are more price sensible and because they have few awareness of the localization and offered services of local businesses.



The majority of the interviewees from this generation feels there is a sense of community in Cascais and understands the necessity to develop the economy of local community. Either way, the feeling or the lack of it is mostly motivated by the proactivity of CMC in its initiatives and the penetration of the institutional communication.



Most Zoomers would use an App with the characteristics of **CASHCAIS**, provided a good communication of the initiative by CMC. For half of the interviewed, the App would be useful even without the monetary benefits for its users, as they feel there is a lack of information about local businesses in the Municipality of Cascais.

DIAGNOSIS

On the contrary, interviewed Millennials purchase in local commerce, because they prefer local products

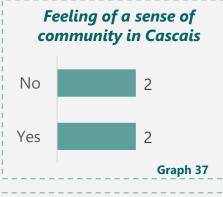
APPENDIX D | IN-DEPTH INTERVIEWS (IV/XIV)



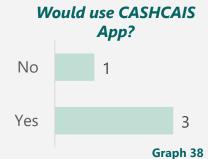




Millennials have more purchasing power than the younger generation and are also conscient about sustainability issues and the benefits of local economy development. As such, all interviewed say they buy products in local commerce, especially groceries and fresh produces.



As Zoomers, the existence of a sense of community in Cascais is not consensual among Millennials. Moreover, that feeling is also driven by the perception of proactivity of CMC regarding the response to the pandemic and to sustainability issues. It is also mentioned that the main weakness is a perceived lack of communication of CMC which does not allow a higher sense of community.



Millennials think Municipalities should have initiatives to boost local commerce in comparison to shopping centers and hypermarkets, being mostly open to use a solution like **CASHCAIS** in the future.

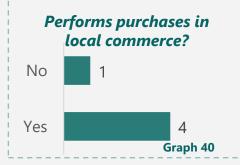
Gen X interviewees present a similar behavior to Millennials regarding local commerce

APPENDIX D | IN-DEPTH INTERVIEWS (V/XIV)

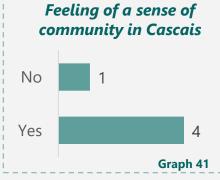








Interviewed integrated in Generation X also buy more locally, namely fruits, vegetables and fresh produces, but also clothes, books and mechanical services, e.g.. They have numerous reasons to do so, from price to conveniency and from the support of businesspeople to sustainability.



Most interviewees from Generation X feel integrated in a Cascais community and feels the need to develop it, although they also feel it has been fading away in the younger generations. They recognize the role of institutions in the promotion of sustainability, in the development of new purchasing habits and in the revival of the community feeling.



Citizens from Generation X would use the App mainly driven by a rational of development of community and of promotion of sustainable habits among citizens, rather than driven by a savings motive. They also think it is an important tool to help small companies in promotion, as they do not have the resources of bigger corporations.

Every generation states that they would use an App like CASHCAIS

APPENDIX D | IN-DEPTH INTERVIEWS (VI/XIV)

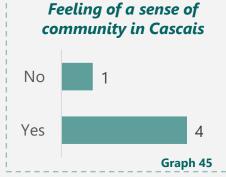




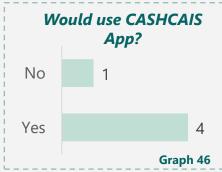




Baby Boomers have habits of consumption in local businesses, although not for every product and service. They mainly consume fresh produces, biological products and clothes in the local commerce. Their environmental consciousness might play a role in their preference for local commerce. However, they are mainly driven by time, quality and accessibility reasons.



The majority of Baby Boomers believe there is a sense of community among Cascais citizens. They consider CMC shall have a role in the promotion of good practices and in giving support to the citizens aiming to have more sustainable actions.



Most Baby Boomers would also join an initiative such as **CASHCAIS**. They value loyalty programs, are used to deal with them and think it is an important part of the project. Finally, they mention it will be important to have support in order to deal with using issues.

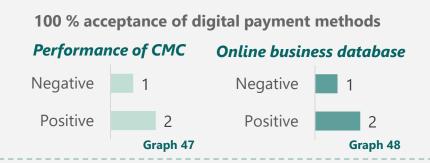
Nine companies presented several perspectives on the issues discussed. Their backgrounds differ to eliminate biased conclusions

APPENDIX D | IN-DEPTH INTERVIEWS (VII/XIV)



companies





- Less open to innovation;
- Mostly against local currency per se because of complexity;
- Parking fees as barrier for consumers.



100 % acceptance of digital payment methods

(1 does not accept Multibanco because of the fees)

Performance of CMCOnline business databaseNegative2Negative0

Positive 2 Positive 4 Graph 49 Graph 50

100 % acceptance of digital payment methods

- More open to innovation;
- Open to introduction of local currency;
- Parking fees as barrier for consumers.

2 inelastic demand providers of G&S



G&S

Performance of CMCOnline business databaseNegative0Negative0Positive2Positive2Graph 51Graph 52

- Open to innovation;
- Divided on the introduction of local currency;
- Parking fees as barrier for consumers.

In addition, an interview to a business association of Cascais to give an overview of local problems, namely regarding the pandemic reality

APPENDIX D | IN-DEPTH INTERVIEWS (VIII/XIV)





1532 member businesses

412 retailers

519 services providers

587 restaurants and similar

11 hospitality

3 food-processing industry

Context

- Pandemic is causing liquidity problems to companies because of the drop in revenues but maintenance of fixed costs;
- Very positive assessment of CMC measures to support local businesses;
- Businesses need to rethink the methodology of their operations to adapt to the new reality.

New App

- Concern about the visibility of the App and the awareness of its benefits;
- App should have ease and intuitive access;
- Important functionalities: shipping management, digital payment systems;
- Concern about cost of transaction inside the App;
- Companies should be willing to promote themselves through the App and to offer discounts which complement the ones already offered by CMC.

In-depth interviews made confirmed that there is little awareness of City Points and that there is space to upgrade to a new App, if advertised well

APPENDIX D | IN-DEPTH INTERVIEWS (IX/XIV)

HIGHLIGHTS

"CMC is proactive but it does not communicate its initiatives properly"

"CMC is very concerned about sustainability measures"

"If I had the awareness that I was contributing to something in the Municipality, I would participate more"

"I feel an initiative like this would further develop the feeling of belonging to the community of Cascais"

"If people knew there were buying alternatives next to their home, people would have more interest about local business"

"Institutions have responsibility in transforming people's bad habits"

MAIN CONCLUSIONS AND HYPOTHESIS TO TEST



Little awareness of CMC initiatives



Little awareness of City Points



Local consumption might be boosted by:

- Increasing awareness of businesses existence
- Creating discounts to decrease prices and to promote business
- Promoting their transformation into more sustainable businesses



A new App or an upgrade to the current one should have a consistent advertisement plan and contain relevant functionalities, such as FAQ An interview guide was developed to ensure that there was comparable answers from each interviewee. However, the interviews were not strictly guided by this paper, as the goal was to let the interview flow naturally

APPENDIX D | IN-DEPTH INTERVIEWS (X/XIV)



20 individuals

NOVA CASCAIS **Evolving Cascais through local currency** In-Depth Interviews Guide - personas: Section A- Personal component How old are you? What is your profession? What is your place of residence? What are your qualifications? Elementary School ____ High School _ Bachelor's Degree Master's Degree ____ What is your professional status? Unemployed ____ Employed Self-employed Retired Student ____ In average, what is your household's monthly income? < 600€ ___ 600 € - 1000€ ___ 1000 € - 1500 € ___ 1500 € - 2500 € 2500 € - 3500 € ___ > 3500 € Consulting Lab – André Lourenço, Guilherme Coelho, Manuel Pachon e Miguel Pinto

Evolving Cascais through local currency

NOVA CASCAIS

Section B - Environmental sustainability and local consumption

- In your day-to-day, do you take actions aimed at promoting a greater environmental sustainability?
 - 1.1 If so, please give three examples.
- Will a reward make you have attitudes more environmentally friendly? Why?
- How important is it for you that CMC values environmental sustainability?
- Are you aware of initiatives taken by the CMC in this area? Which ones?
- . Do you know City Points app?
 - 5.1 Do you use it or have you ever used it?
 - 5.2 How do you rate it?
 - 5.3 How often do you use it?

Section C - Digital Savviness

- Do you use smartphone?
- In average, how many time, per day, do you use your smartphone?
- Currently, do you use applications to realize digital payments and/or transfers, such as MBWay, mobile banking or home banking?
 - 3.1 If not, for some particular reason?
 - 3.2 If yes, what are the biggest advantages of using this method?

Section D - Local Consumption/New Platform

- 1. Do you usually shop at local businesses?
- 2. What are the reasons for buying (or not) at the local level? Name two at least.
- 3. What types of products/services do you buy from local businesses?
- Is it important for you to contribute to the development of the Municipality of Cascais? Do you consider that there is a community feeling in Cascais?
- 5. What do you think about the possibility of using an exclusive application for the Municipality of Cascais which offers benefits in purchases in local companies?
- 6. Would your predisposition to use the app change if there were no such benefits?
- 7. In addition to the exclusive app, would you use a physical local currency and/or vouchers?

Consulting Lab – André Lourenço, Guilherme Coelho, Manuel Pachon e Miguel Pinto

METHOD.

Interviews to individuals were summed up in the table below

APPENIDIX D | INI-DEPTH INITERVIEWS (XI/XIV)

APPE	NDIX D IN-DEPTH INT	ERVIEWS (XI)									
	Individuals (subject number)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Gender		Male	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Male	Male	Female	Female
Age		24	57	42	21	43	63	23	43	22	30
reguesia		Alcabideche	Carcavelos e Parede	Cascais e Estoril	São Domingos de Rana	Carcavelos e Parede	Cascais e Estoril	Cascais e Estoril	Cascais e Estoril	São Domingos de Rana	Carcavelos e Parede
Occupation		Student	Employee	Employee	Student	Employee	Retired	Student	Employee	Student	Employee
	Has environmentally sustainable attitudes	✓	✓	✓	✓	√	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Environmental sustainability	Reward for environment-friendly attitudes	✓	✓	✓	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	CMC current innitiatives	?	?	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	?	✓
	Knows the app	✓	×	×	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	×	✓
	Has used the app	x	-	-	-	×	×	×	✓	-	✓
City Points	Currently uses it	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	×	-	✓
•	Finds it useful?	_	✓	✓	✓	×	✓	×	✓	✓	✓
	Reason not to use	Unawareness of how it works	Unawareness	Unawareness	Unawareness	Unawareness	Unawareness	Does not find it useful	Lack of login maintenance	Unawareness	-
	Uses smartphone	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Time of use of smartphone per day (in hours)	4	3.5	2.5	6	3	1.5	2	1.5	4	3
Digital savviness	Uses MBWay	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×	x	✓	✓	✓
	Uses homebanking/mobilebanking?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	D	A!b:!!:b::	A!b:!!#	Speed, efficiency	A!!-!!!#	A 11- 1114	A!-:!!:t	Utility given to each	Aile ilite	C	A
	Reasons Buys in local commerce (besides restaurants)	Accessibility ✓	Accessibility \[\square \]	Speed, efficiency √	Accessibility ×	Accessibility ✓	Accessibility, usefulness	app ×	Accessibility, speed ✓	Speed, COVID-19 ×	Accessibility, speed ✓
Local Commerce		Better quality of products	Time management	Prices, accessibility	Accessibility	Better know produts and people	Accessibility	Unawareness	Support commerciants, ecological and carbonic footprint	Unawareness	Accessibility
	Products and services	Groceries, Meat	Biological products	Only fruits	-	Almost everything	Bread	-	Fruit and vegetables, books, mechanic services, leisure	-	Groceries
Cascais	Sense of community	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×	×
	Important to develop Cascais	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	✓
	Would use an app exclusive in Cascais with benefits in local commerce	?	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Predisposition to use app without benefits	=	=	V		\downarrow	<u> </u>	=	V	=	\
	Would use local currency	?	×	?	✓	x	✓	×	✓	✓	×
	Would use vouchers	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Source	: In-depth Interviews analysis						Tab	le 19: In-Depth Inter	view 1		114

It is possible to compare their answers in every touched point in the interviews

APPENDIX D | IN-DEPTH INTERVIEWS (XI/XIV)

	Individuals (subject number)	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
nder		Male	Female	Male	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Male	Female
		25	35	66	58	19	23	21	53	48	60
guesia		Cascais e Estoril	Alcabideche	Carcavelos e Parede	Carcavelos e Parede	São Domingos de Rana	Cascais e Estoril	São Domingos de Rana	Alcabideche	Cascais e Estoril	Carcavelos e Pare
cupation		Unemployed	Independent Worker	Businessman	Employee	Student	Employee	Student	Employee	Employee	Employee
j	Has environmentally sustainable attitudes	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
nvironmental ustainability	Reward for environment-friendly attitudes	×	✓	✓	✓	x	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	CMC current innitiatives	?	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	?	✓
!	Knows the app	×	✓	×	✓	×	✓	✓	×	×	✓
Ţ	Has used the app	-	×	-	✓	-	×	✓	-	-	×
ity Points	Currently uses it	-	-	-	✓	-	×	✓	-	-	-
_	Finds it useful?	×	×	✓	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
7	D	Harman	December 6 and 14 months				Jnawareness of how i	t		Unaviona	Unawareness of ho
	Reason not to use	Unawareness √	Does not find it useful ✓	Unawareness √	<u>-</u> ✓	Unawareness √	works ✓	<u> </u>	Unawareness √	Unawareness √	works √
7 F	Uses smartphone Time of use of smartphone per day (in hours)	5	3	1	2	2.5	3	5	1.5	1.5	2
Digital avviness	Uses MBWay	✓	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	×	✓	×
	Uses homebanking/mobilebanking?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
_	Reasons	Speed	Accessibility, speed	Fees, accessibility	Accessibility	Accessibility	Accessibility	Utility given to each app	Fees	Speed, efficiency	Fees
E	Buys in local commerce (besides restaurants)	√ ×	√	√	√ (Coccionate)	x	x	х	√ ·	x	√ ·
Local ommerce <u>F</u>	Reason	Sustainability	Products quality	Products quality and people	Accessibility	Price	Unawareness	Time management	Different products	Time management	Product quality
ļ	Products and services	Groceries	Groceries	Bread, groceries	Meat and fish	-	-	-	Clothes, groceries	-	Clothes
Cascais -	Sense of community	×	✓	✓	✓	x	✓	✓	✓	×	✓
	Important to develop Cascais	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	?	✓
	Would use an app exclusive in Cascais with benefits in local commerce	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
ASHCAIS !	Predisposition to use app without benefits	=	V	V	V	=	V	\	V	=	\
		✓	✓	x	✓	×	✓	×	√	×	×
ì	Would use local currency	v	•	×	•	×	v	×	v	*	

PROJECT APP.

METHOD.

DIAGNOSIS AN

ANALYSIS

RECOMM.

RISKS & LIM

1 REFERENCES

APPENDIX

CASCAIS NOVA

Behind the same reasoning, interview guides were designed for companies and for the business association of Cascais

APPENDIX D | IN-DEPTH INTERVIEWS (XIII/XIV)



9 companies

Evolving Cascais through local currency

NOVA CASCAIS

In-Depth Interviews Guide - companies:

Section A – Company's numbers

- What is your industry?
- How many years has the company been operating?
- 3. How many workers does your company have?
- 4. Can you estimate your company's annual billing amount?
- 5. Given the current moment, have you had or foresee a decrease in revenues and subsequent dismissals? What is the value of the losses?

Section B - Métodos de pagamento

- 1. Do you use digital systems for registrations and payments?
- 2. Are you open to accept a new payment method? With what conditions? Do you think this can benefit your company?
- 3. Are you familiar with the latest payment methods such as MBWay and cryptocurrency? What do you think of them?

Section C - App

- Do you think you will benefit from entering in an app listing companies of Cascais and in which you can advertise your company and give benefits to users (discounts, ability to perform payments, etc.)?
- Is this app attractive by itself or do you think you will need more incentives to join the project? What kind of incentives?
- What disadvantages do you see in joining a project like this?
- 4. What features would you like to see in such an application?

Section D – Câmara Municipal de Cascais

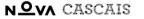
. CMC has been showing concern for local businesses. Do you feel that it should act here as a driver of local economy and thus participate in a project of this nature?

Consulting Lab – André Lourenço, Guilherme Coelho, Manuel Pachon e Miguel Pinto



business association

Evolving Cascais through local currency



In-Depth Interview Guide - Associação Empresarial do Concelho de Cascais:

Section A - Business context

- 1. How many companies are members of Associação Empresarial do Concelho de Cascais?
- 2. Is it possible to give us figures for the number of companies in each sector/industry?
- 3. What is the impact of the pandemic on local small and medium-sized enterprises? Given the current moment, is there a forecast of decrease in revenues of companies and subsequent dismissals?

Section B - Câmara Municipal de Cascais

- How do you assess the relationship of Câmara Municipal de Cascais with Associação Empresarial?
- 2. How do you evaluate the action of Câmara Municipal in supporting local businesses?
- 3. What is the biggest challenge you foresee for local commerce?
- 4. What do you think CMC could implement in order to develop local businesses?

Section C - App - Catalog

- Do you think companies will benefit from entering in an app listing companies of Cascais, from which clients can interact with businesses having knowledge of promotions, for example?
- 2. What disadvantages do you see in joining a project like this?
- 3. What features would you like to see in such an application?

Section D – App – payment methods/vouchers

- 4. Among member companies, how many use or are open to using digital systems for registrations and payments?
- 5. Do you believe there is openness for accepting a new digital payment method? Under what conditions?
- 6. What incentives do companies need to implement the use of the new app?
- 7. Do you think they would be open to join an app that would work on a system similar to loyalty programs, allowing discounts on the purchase or in part of it?
- 8. Would companies be willing to promote promotions through this app? Under what conditions?
- Would companies be willing to make a discount on the purchase if they knew they would be reimbursed of that value by a trusted entity, such as CMC, for example? Under what conditions?
- 10. Would companies be willing to promote other not reimbursed discounts through the app, complementary to discounts reimbursed by the other entity?

Consulting Lab – André Lourenço, Guilherme Coelho, Manuel Pachon e Miquel Pinto

Source: In-depth Interviews

METHOD.

Small and medium enterprises were interviewed, in which some of them decreased in billing volume due to the pandemic

APPENDIX D | IN-DEPTH INTERVIEWS (XIV/XIV)

Company		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Туре		Innelastic demand provider	Restaurants	Restaurants	Innelastic demand provider	Retail commerce	Retail commerce	Retail commerce	Restaurants	Manufacture
SME		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Decrease in billing volume		×	✓	✓	×	√	✓	×	✓	×
#EuComproNoComércioLo	ocal	✓	×	×	×	×	✓	×	×	×
DNA Cascais		×	×	×	×	×	×	✓	✓	✓
Openness to innovation		✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Digital Daymont Matheada	Multibanco	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
Digital Payment Methods	MBWay	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Database for local busines mainly advantages	ses has	✓	✓	x	x	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Parking complaints		✓	×	×	×	✓	×	×	✓	×
Performance of CMC is ma	ainly positive	✓	×	✓	✓	×	×	✓	✓	✓
Openness to introduction currency		x	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×	✓

Table 21: In-Depth Interview 3

PROJECT APP. METHOD. DIAGNOSIS ANALYSIS RECOMM. RISKS & LIM RE

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- E. <u>IN-DEPTH INTERVIEWS</u>
- F. <u>SURVEY</u>
- G. SUSTAINABILITY PILLARS
- H. MODELS OF BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGY
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- J. <u>STRATEGY CANVAS</u>
- K. HOW TO USE CASHCAIS



A survey was elaborated to target the citizens of Cascais and understand their consumer behavior, their relationship with CMC and their opinion regarding City Points and its potential as a renewed App

APPENDIX E | SURVEY GOALS & INITIAL DISCLAIMER



Analyze the demographics of the Municipality of Cascais.



Determine technological and digital trends of the local consumers.



Ascertain local consumption habits and the impact of incentives on the local consumption.



Investigate sustainable behaviors among the citizens.



Understand people's perception on CMC and its initiatives.



Inquire about City Points and its potential improvements.

Initial Disclaimer

The survey registered a total of 449 answers. From those, only 223 were considered, which correspond to the target group, the citizens of Cascais. As such, the survey analysis focus on the local people of Cascais instead of taking into account the totality of answers.

RECOMM.

A full description of the survey was made before it starts so that people who answered could understand the goal of the conducted survey

APPENDIX E | SURVEY QUESTIONS (I/VI)



Duração: O questionário que se segue tem a duração média de 5 minutos.

Objetivo: Este questionário, desenvolvido no âmbito do projeto final dos Mestrados em Gestão e Finanças da Nova School of Business and Economics, tem como objetivo a recolha de dados relativos aos hábitos de sustentabilidade e de consumo no comércio local, com especial incidência no município de Cascais. É, contudo, destinado a todos os consumidores, não apenas aos que residem no município supramencionado.

Participação: A sua participação é completamente voluntária.

Anonimato: Toda a informação concedida é anónima e confidencial. Analisaremos os dados de forma agregada.

Caso tenha alguma dúvida relativa a este questionário, por favor contacte:

André Lourenço 28891@novasbe.pt

Guilherme Coelho 41049@novasbe.pt

Manuel Pachon David 40555@novasbe.pt

Miguel Pinto 29332@novasbe.pt

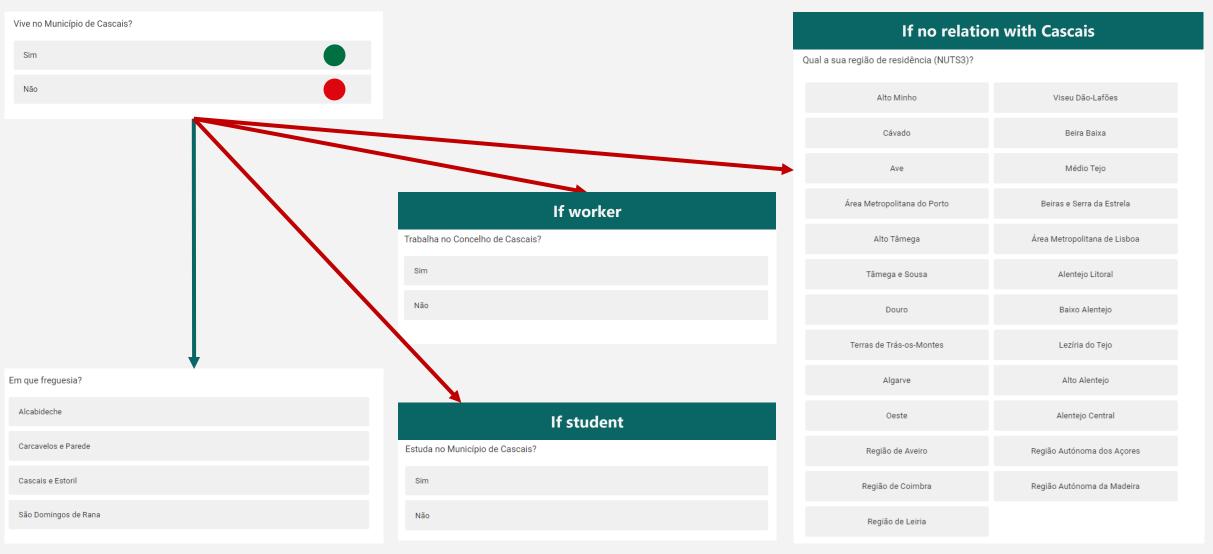
Que idade tem?	
<18	
18-24	
25-34	
35-44	
45-54	
55-65	
>65	
Selecione o género com que se identifica	
Masculino	
Feminino	
Prefiro não dizer	
Qual a sua situação profissional?	
Trabalhador por conta de outrem	Estudante
Trabalhador independente	Desempregado
Empresário	Reformado

Qual o numero de pessoas pertencentes ao se	eu agregado ramiliar?
Em média, qual o rendimento mensal líquido d	lo seu agregado familiar?
<600€	
600€ - 1000€	
1000€ - 1500€	
1500€ - 2500€	
2500€ - 3500€	
>3500€	
Possui smartphone?	
Sim	
Não	
Quais as funcionalidades que utiliza no seu sn	nartphone?
Redes sociais	Funcionalidade QR Code
Mobile banking	Apps de viagem e turismo
Apps de pagamentos (ex: MbWay)	Apps de compras
Apps de estacionamento	Outras

To segment respondents, they had to answer if and where they lived, worked or studied in Cascais

RECOMM.

APPENDIX E | SURVEY QUESTIONS (II/VI)



PROJECT APP.

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RISKS & LIM

Com que frequência faz compras no comércio local no Município de Cascais?

REFERENCES

APPENDIX

CASCAIS NOVA

Some questions regarded the frequency and the reasons behind local purchases

APPENDIX E | SURVEY QUESTIONS (III/VI)

Com que frequência f	faz compra	s no comérci	io local?			
	Nunca	Raramente	1 a 2 vezes por mês	1 vez por semana	2 a 5 vezes por semana	Diariamente
Restauração	0	0	0	0	0	0
Alojamento	0	0	0	0	0	0
Comércio a retalho de bens alimentares	0	0	0	0	0	0
Comércio a retalho de bens não alimentares	0	0	0	0	0	0
Financeiros e seguros	0	0	0	0	0	0
Saúde	0	0	0	0	0	0
Atividades culturais e recreativas	0	0	0	0	0	0

	Nunca	Raramente	1-2 vezes por mês	1 vez por semana	2-5 vezes por semana	Diariamente		
Restauração	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Alojamento	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Comércio a retalho de bens alimentares	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Comércio a retalho de bens não alimentares	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Financeiros e seguros	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Saúde	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Atividades culturais e recreativas	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Quais as razões para o	comprar (ou não) localr	mente?					
Proxi	midade		Estacionamento					
Como	odidade		Tradição familiar					
Contacto próximo o	com os con	nerciantes	Preço					
Confiança nos p pres	rodutos e s stados	erviços		Outro				

Como procura pelo serviço adequado dentro dos serviços existentes no Município?									
Motor de busca	Folhetos informativos								
Amigos	Outro								
Website do Município									
É importante para si contribuir para o desenvo	lvimento do seu município?								
Nada importante	Muito importante								
0 1 2 3 4	5 6 7 8 9 10								
Considera que existe um sentimento de perte Discordo totalmente	nça à comunidade cascalense? Concordo totalmente								
0 1 2 3 4	5 6 7 8 9 10								
Porquê?									

PROJECT APP. METHOD. **DIAGNOSIS ANALYSIS** RECOMM. RISKS & LIM **REFERENCES APPENDIX DIAGNOSIS** RISKS & LIM REFERENCES **APPENDIX** PROJECT APP. METHOD. **ANALYSIS** RECOMM.



Sustainability questions helped to better understand the view of the citizens regarding this topic

APPENDIX E | SURVEY QUESTIONS (IV/VI)

No seu dia-a-dia toma atitudes que visam uma maior sustentabilidade ambiental?
Sim
Não
Selecione as atitudes de sustentabilidade ambiental que pratica no seu dia-a-dia:
Poupança de água nas atividades diárias
Poupança de energia elétrica nas atividades diárias
Reciclagem
Utilização de transportes públicos
Uso de materiais reutilizáveis
Compras no comércio local
Compra de produtos biológicos
Outra
O facto de existir uma recompensa poderá fazer com que tenha mais atitudes amigas do ambiente?
Sim
Não

	o totalmer	nte						Con	cordo tot	almente
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Porquê?										
• • • • •		• • • • •	• • • •		• • • • •		• • • •		• • • • •	
onhece	e a app C	ityPoints	do Mun	icípio de	e Cascai	s?				
Sim										
Não										
Jsa ou j	á usou a	app City	Points?							
Sim										
Não										
Como av	/alia a ap	p?								
Insuficie	ente									Excelente
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
) que pe	ensa sobi						exclusiv s locais?		Munic	ípio de
ascais	que erer	-								

Que beneficios são mais importantes para si enquanto utilizador dessa aplicação?
Descontos em compras no mesmo local
Poder receber um desconto num estabelecimento para utilizar noutro
Ter acesso aos dados dos mais diversos estabelecimentos
Estar a par das últimas novidades locais
Outro
A sua predisposição em usar essa app alterar-se-ia caso não existissem estes benefícios?
Não se alterava Alterava-se totalmente 0 1 2 3 4 5
Descontos em compras no mesmo local
Poder receber um desconto num estabelecimento para utilizar noutro
Ter acesso aos dados dos mais diversos estabelecimentos
Estar a par das últimas novidades locais
Preferia usufruir desses benefícios numa app diferente, que funcionasse à semelhança de uma moeda local, ou através do reforço de funcionalidades da app CityPoints?
Através de uma app diferente
Através da app CityPoints

PROJECT APP. METHOD.

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A key part of the survey was related to the willingness to adopt of a digital points system that would allow to save money when purchasing locally

APPENDIX E | SURVEY QUESTIONS (V/VI)

Usaria um sistema de pontos digital (app) que lhe permitisse poupar nas suas compras?
Sim
Não
De que forma seria mais fácil obter descontos para as suas compras?
Vouchers físicos
Vouchers digitais
Acumulação de pontos/dinheiro para gasto numa compra futura
Promoções em determinados produtos
Outro
Se representasse mais poder de compra, trocaria euros por uma moeda local que apenas pudesse usar no comércio local do seu município?
Sim
Não

De que forma a existênci compras que efetua atua	, ,		r a quantidade de
	Aumentava	Não afetava	Diminuía
Vouchers físicos	0	0	0
Vouchers digitais	0	0	0
Acumulação de pontos/dinheiro para gasto numa compra futura	0	0	0
Promoções em determinados produtos	0	0	0

Qual o nome para esta nova app ou nova versão?
CityPoints 2.0
CashCais
Cascais Pocket
All-In Cascais
Outro

PROJECT APP.

Diariamente

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RISKS & LIM

There were questions made for those who had no relations with Cascais to better understand their behaviors

APPENDIX E | SURVEY QUESTIONS (VI/VI)

Com que frequência se desloca ao Município de Cascais? Nunca Menos de uma vez por ano Menos de uma vez por mês Mensalmente Semanalmente

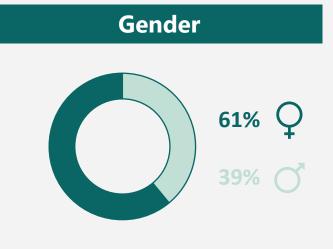
Consider				icipal im	plement	a atitude	es que p	romover	n a	
Discordo	totalmer	nte						Con	cordo to	talmente
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

Different questions for those with no relations with Cascais

O que pensa sobre a possibilidade de usar uma aplicação exclusiva para o seu Município que ofereça benefícios em compras em empresas locais? Nada importante Muito importante 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

A demographic analysis was performed to better understand how different segments of Cascais behave

APPENDIX E | DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS (I/II)



Graph 53



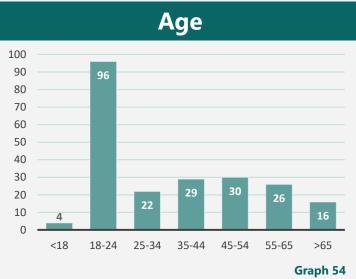
Alcabideche: 22%

Carcavelos e Parede: 29%

Cascais e Estoril: 29%

S. Domingos de Rana: 20%





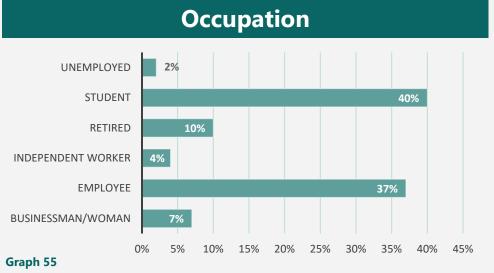
Giapii

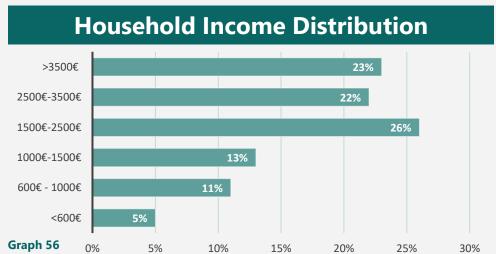
People in Household

3,26 is the average number of people in Cascais's households.

The sample shows gender, age or occupation of Cascais' citizens. The mode of the household income distribution is between 1500€ and 2500€

APPENDIX E | DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS (II/II)





Demographic Analysis Key Takeaways



Regarding gender, most answers were registered by females. As for age, the age range more represented is from 18 to 24 years old.



The residence distribution was balanced, being S. Domingos de Rana the least represented and both Carcavelos e Parede and Cascais e Estoril the most represented.



3,26 is the average number of people per household in Cascais.



77% are either students or employees.



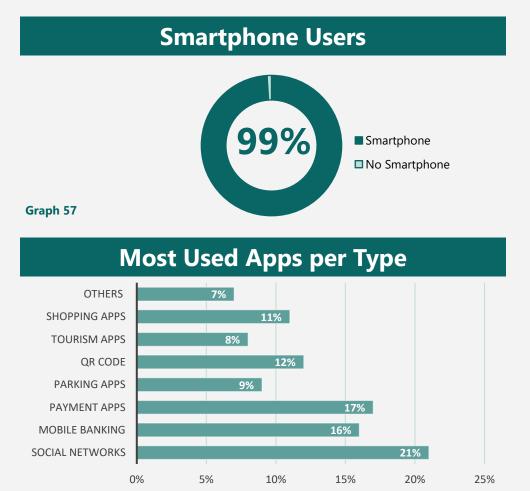
Most observations are seen in the high/middle income households.

DIAGNOSIS

METHOD.

A technological and digital survey analysis was performed to check what kind of Apps people use in their daily routines

APPENDIX E | TECHNOLOGICAL AND DIGITAL TRENDS ANALYSIS



Graph 58

Technological and Digital Trends Analysis Key Takeaways



99% of people from Cascais already have a smartphone.



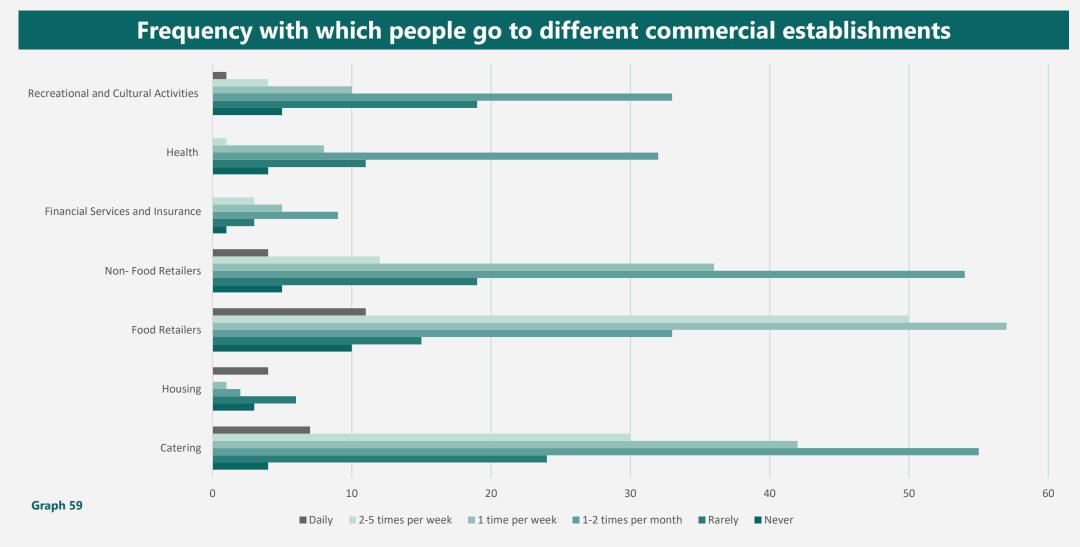
Social Networks are the most used App in Cascais. However, payment Apps and mobile banking are also largely represented.



Tourism Apps and parking Apps are the Apps people less take advantage of in Cascais.

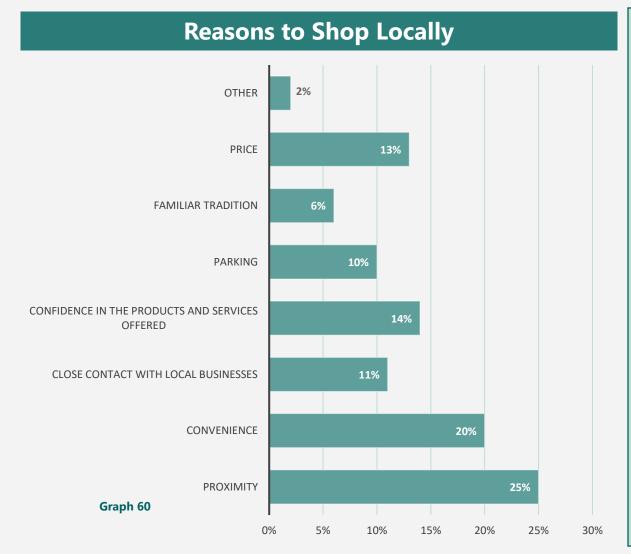
A local consumption analysis shows that people go more frequently to food and non-food retailers than to other type of commercial establishments

APPENDIX E | LOCAL CONSUMPTION ANALYSIS (I/II)



There are many reasons to shop locally and the survey points that proximity and convenience are the most important ones for inhabitants of Cascais

APPENDIX E | LOCAL CONSUMPTION ANALYSIS (II/II)



Local Consumption Analysis Key Takeaways



Cascais' people enjoy often the products and services from the food retailers, the non-food retailers and catering sectors.



On the other hand, the housing and financial and insurance sector are sectors, which Cascais' consumers rarely enjoy.



Proximity and convenience are the factors that play a major role when deciding to consume locally.



Familiar tradition and parking play have a less decisive role in shopping locally.

METHOD.

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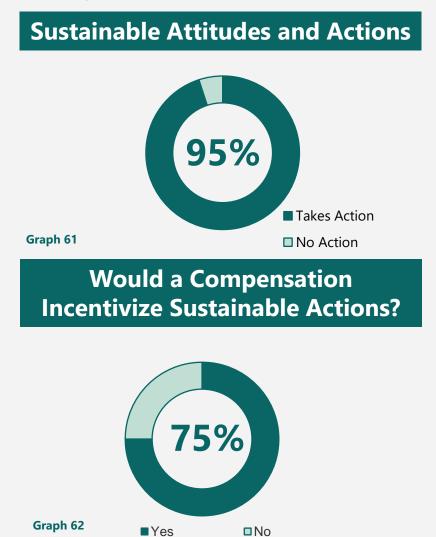
REFERENCES

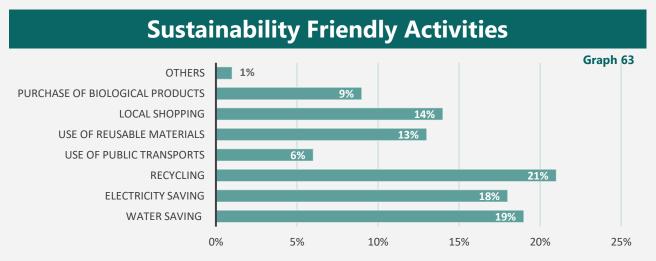
APPENDIX

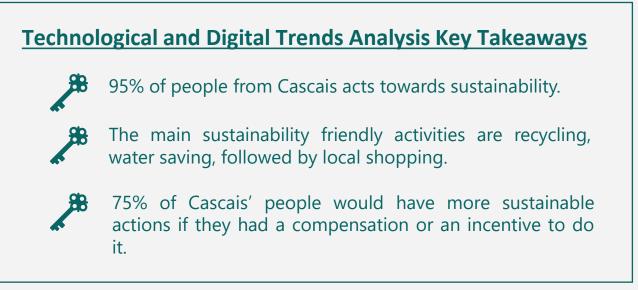
CASCAIS NOVA

To better understand the sustainable actions performed by citizens, many questions regarding this subject were conducted, which stated that most of them already take sustainable actions but would take more if encouraged

APPENDIX E | SUSTAINABILITY BEHAVIOR AND INCENTIVES ANALYSIS







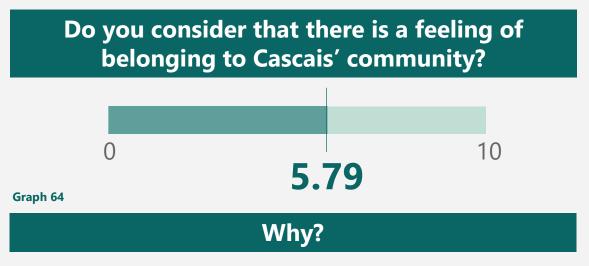
PROJECT APP. METHOD. DIAGNOSIS ANALYSIS RECOMM. RISKS & LIM REFERENCES

CASCAIS NOVA

A sense of belonging to the community is being lost throughout the years and people feel that they can contribute more to the development of the Municipality

APPENDIX

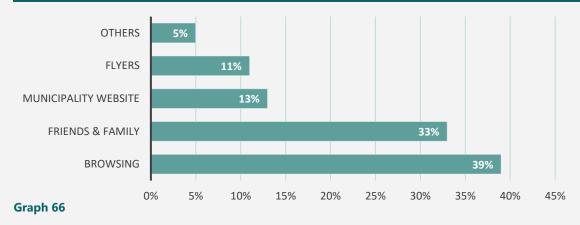
APPENDIX E | CÂMARA MUNICIPAL DE CASCAIS AND THE CITIZEN ANALYSIS (I/II)



"The proximity of President, Carlos Carreiras, and the strategy of **bringing** people closer to the community (as the message reflects: "from people to people") works for me.." I was born in Cascais, I live in Cascais and I hope to die in Cascais

"I think that **feeling was lost many years ago** ... I would like to say that the pandemic is making people come together in community, as before, but I don't know if this spirit of inter-help will endure, unfortunately."

How do you look for the appropriate service within the existing services in the Municipality?



Is it important to you to contribute to the Municipality development?

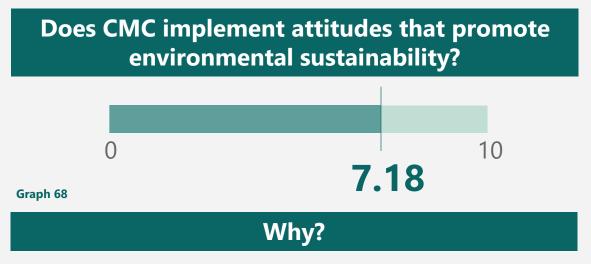


Graph 67

Graph 65

Cascais' citizens believe CMC implement attitudes that promote environmental sustainability, such as making available sufficient recycling containers and providing water dispensing machines

APPENDIX E | CÂMARA MUNICIPAL DE CASCAIS AND THE CITIZEN ANALYSIS (II/II)



"Because it implements **practical and concrete measures**: it makes available to the citizens sufficient containers to deposit the sorted household waste, promotes the non-use of plastic bags on the market; placed water dispensing machines in municipal buildings to avoid plastic bottles, etc."

"There have always been initiatives to favor environmental sustainability and they are adapting and renewing over time."

<u>Câmara Municipal de Cascais and The Citizen Analysis</u> <u>Key Takeaways</u>



Regarding the feeling of belongingness to the community, on a scale from 0 to 10, 5.79 was the mean value as there are mixed feelings along the community.



The most used ways to find the appropriate services within all the services are either asking friends and family or browsing.



Cascais' community feels that it is important to contribute to the development of the Municipality as, on a scale from 0 to 10, the mean value was 7.72.

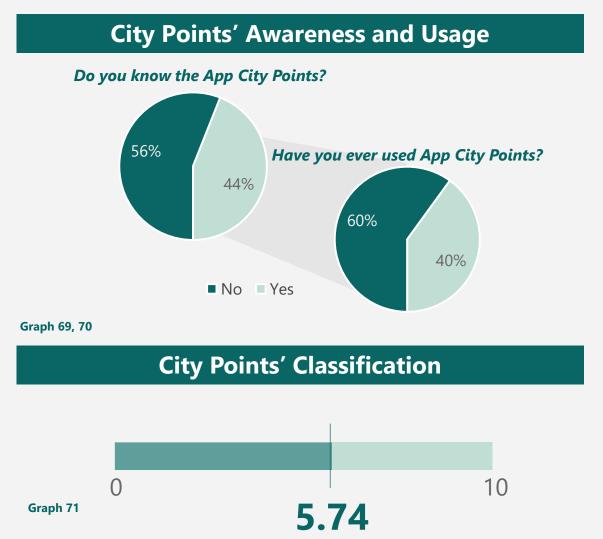


The population believes that CMC implements attitudes that promote environmental sustainability, since, on a scale from 0 to 10, the mean value was 7.18.

DIAGNOSIS

City Points is not ranked high by its users and most of the citizens do not know the App

APPENDIX E | CITY POINTS ANALYSIS



City Points Analysis Key Takeaways



56% of people from Cascais does not know City Points.



From the 44% who knows City Points, only 40% have ever used it.

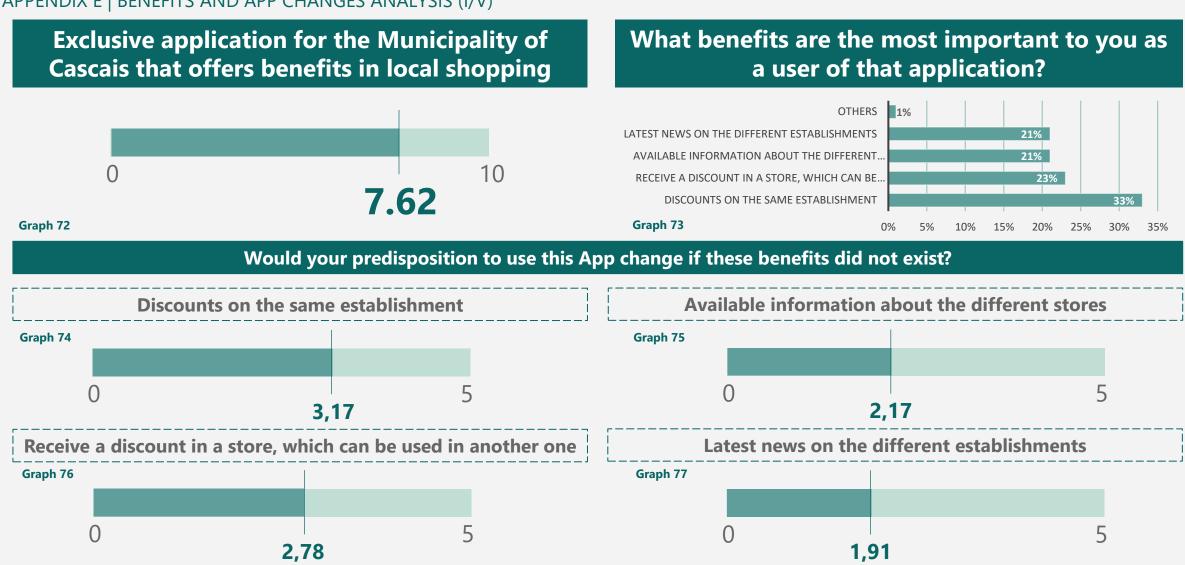


From those who used it, the mean value of City Points' classification was 5.74, suggesting there is room for improvement.

The survey sought which benefits most matter for a user in an App designed for local consumers. Further, the discounts that can be used either in the same store or in a different one are the benefits that most affect consumers

APPENDIX E | BENEFITS AND APP CHANGES ANALYSIS (I/V)

DIAGNOSIS



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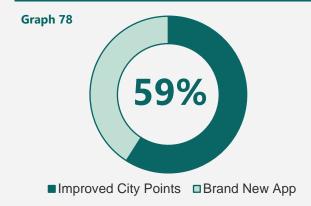
CASCAIS NOVA

Also, the survey shows that citizens prefer an evolution of City Points with a digital points system that allows savings in purchases

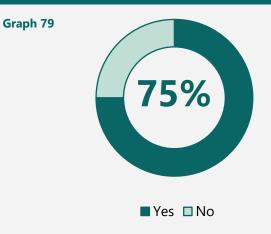
REFERENCES

APPENDIX E | BENEFITS AND APP CHANGES ANALYSIS (II/V)

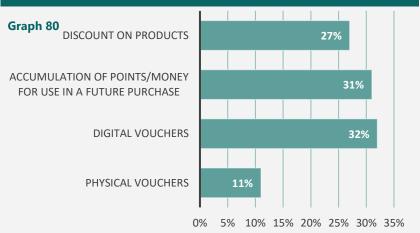
In which App do you prefer to enjoy the benefits?



Digital points system (App) that allows saving in purchases

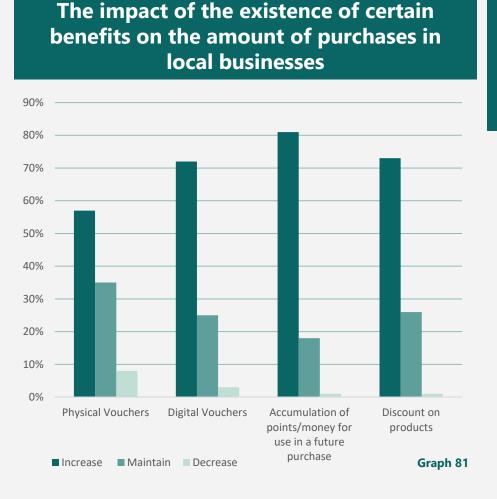


Preferable ways to benefit from discounts

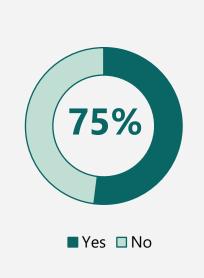


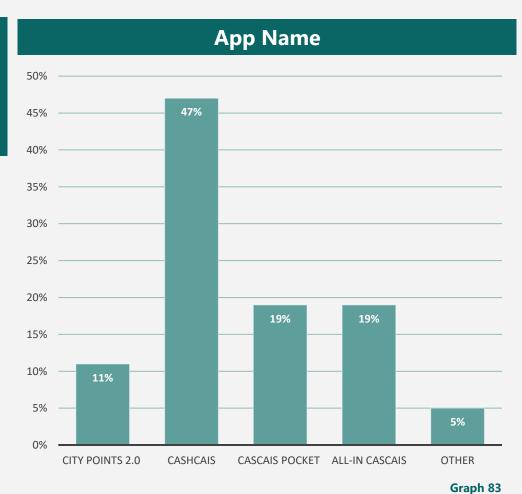
CASHCAIS was the elected name by Cascais' citizens

APPENDIX E | BENEFITS AND APP CHANGES ANALYSIS (III/V)









Graph 82

PROJECT APP.

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DIAGNOSIS ANALYSIS

RECOMM.

To sum up, Cascais' inhabitants are open to a renewed App that would benefit them as local consumers

APPENDIX E | BENEFITS AND APP CHANGES ANALYSIS (IV/V)

Benefits and App Changes Analysis Key Takeaways



Cascais' community believes that a local App to exclusive use in Cascais, which gives benefits to enjoy on local business can be useful, since, on a scale from 0 to 10, the mean value was 7.62.



The most valuable benefits to Cascais people are discount on the same establishments and receive a discount on a store which can be used in another establishment.



If these benefits did not exist in the App, most people would not use it. On a scale from 0 to 5, the mean value was 3.17 for the discounts on the same establishments and the mean value for receiving a discount, which can be used in another establishment was 2.78. As such, the predisposition to use the App is vulnerable to the existence or not of these forms of benefits.



Most Cascais' people would rather enjoy these benefits on an improved City Points rather than a brand-new App.



75% of the community of Cascais would use digital points system in a form of an App, which would permit saving in purchases.

Furthermore, they believe they would increase the number of purchases in local stores if digital vouchers and direct discounts are issued

APPENDIX E | BENEFITS AND APP CHANGES ANALYSIS (V/V)

Benefits and App Changes Analysis Key Takeaways



The most preferred forms to enjoy the benefits are digital vouchers (32%), accumulation of points/money to use in a future a purchase (31%), followed by direct discounts on products (27%). On the other hand, the least preferred form is physical vouchers (11%).



Generally, the existence of these forms of benefits would increase the number of purchases in local businesses. However, 36% of Cascais' people claim that the number of purchases will maintain with existence of physical vouchers, 26% with direct discounts on products and 25% with digital vouchers.



75% states they would exchange Euros for a local currency to exclusively use in local businesses if it meant increasing the purchasing power.



As for the App name, the most preferred name is CASHCAIS (47%), followed by Cascais pocket (19%) and All-in Cascais (19%).

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CASCAIS NOVA

Sustainability has four main pillars – environmental, social, economic and governance – through which the project relies on

APPENDIX F | SUSTAINABILITY PILLARS



Source: BSC Designer, United Nations

RECOMM.

To define a sustainable business there are several metrics that go from energy and water consumptions to the safety of the workplace

APPENDIX F | SUSTAINABILITY METRICS

Energy	 Energy consumption, kWh/year Energy use in offices, kWh/m2 Energy saved due to implemented improvements, %
Water	 Water consumption % of water recycled % of water reused
Waste	 Waste by type and disposal method
Emissions	 Toxic emissions CO2 emissions direct CO2 emissions indirect CO2 emissions from business travel per employee Nitric oxide emission Sulfuric oxide emission

Materials	 % of non-renewable materials % of recycled materials used Product recycling rate, % Packaging materials recycling rate, %
Social	 Workplace safety % of innovations that include sustainability goals % of sustainability awareness training penetration
Management	 % of suppliers reviewed in the context of sustainability % of suppliers that comply with the established sustainability strategy

Source: BSC Designer

PROJECT APP. METHOD. DIAGNOSIS ANALYSIS RECOMM. RISKS & LIM

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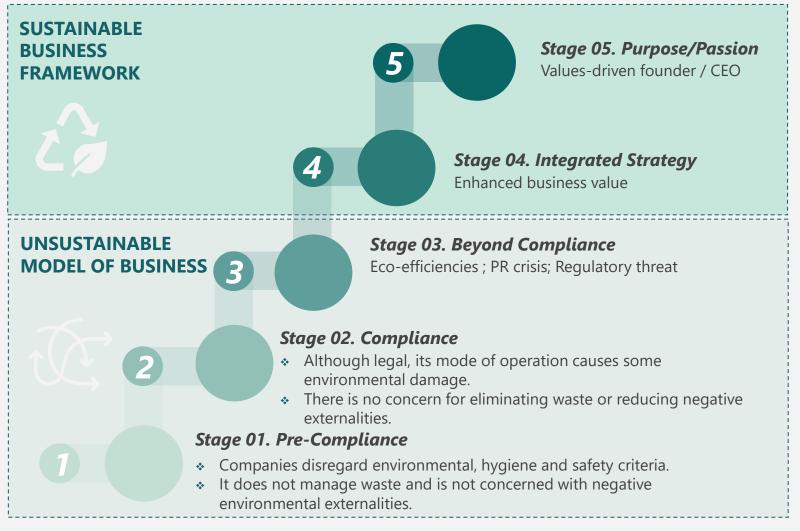
CASCAIS NOW

The sustainability journey is one of the criteria that categorizes companies in Cascais to define the support CMC will give them

REFERENCES

APPENDIX F | 5-STAGE SUSTAINABILITY JOURNEY





Source: Sustainability Advantage

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Several blockchain models are being implemented in organizations, from which it is possible to highlight three – public, private and consortium models

APPENDIX G | BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGY – MODELS

PUBLIC

- Decentralized
- Eliminates middle-man
- ❖ Accessible to all
- Not permissioned
- All transactions are checked and synchronized before they are entered into the system less efficiency
- Completely safe
- Slow process that generates significant energy expenditures

PRIVATE

- Non-decentralized
- There is a control hierarchy, promoted by an entity that holds control
- The user inserts and checks a certain transaction greater efficiency
- Very useful for business use, since it does not make your network open to the outsider

CONSORTIUM

- Decentralized between the different entities
 but compliant with certain rules and requirements
- Operates under the control of a group of equally powerful entities
- ❖ Maintains efficiency and allows beneficial cost reduction for an organization that wants to optimize communication between the various participants of the same sector

Source: Hanxu Hou, Deloitte 145

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The cost projection involves the support CMC will give to local companies to face this crisis and to accelerate local recovery

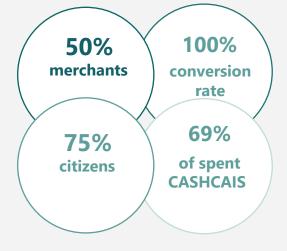
APPENDIX HA | FINANCIAL IMPACT (I/II)

Cascais companies' turnover by activity								
Activity	2018 2019		2020	2021				
Wholesale and retail	1 947 097 000	1 989 933 134	1 591 946 507	1 798 899 553				
Accomodation and catering	485 589 000	496 271 958	240 691 900	321 263 513				

Team estimates

Table 22: Cascais Companies' Turnover





Project costs for CMC					
Activity	< 10 employees	> 10 employees			
Wholesale and retail	13 201 318	14 081 406			
Accomodation and catering	2 357 609	2 514 783			
Total	4 000 867	4 000 867*	8 001 734		

^{*}Amount on issued vouchers is never higher than the amount of **CASHCAIS** for companies with less than 10 employees

Table 23: Project Costs

Several estimates and computations were made to get an accurate projection of the financial costs that the project may require to support

APPENDIX

APPENDIX HA | FINANCIAL IMPACT (II/II)

COMPUTATIONS

PROJECT APP.

Cascais companies' turnover by activity and year

- ❖ 2019 based on Portuguese economic growth for the year (2,2%)
- ❖ 2020 based on the breakdown of both specific activities due to the pandemic crisis (20% break in wholesale and retail and 51,5% break in accommodations and catering in Cascais)
- 2021 based on the expected recovery after the resolution of the pandemic and a consequent return to normality (FMI expects a 6,5% growth)

Support given by CMC

* Based on information regarding Cascais companies with less and more than 10 employees, it was possible to compute the percentage of support given by CMC for those companies

Variables

- Merchants: an estimate of the percentage of companies that will adhere to the project
- Consumers/citizens: an estimate based on survey analysis
- * CASHCAIS spent based on previous data regarding City Points. Only 69% of City Points earned were spent by users
- * CASHCAIS conversion to Euros: it is expected that, in the long-term, all issued CASHCAIS are converted in Euros

Total cost

They are the product of the supported costs multiplied by the four indicated variables

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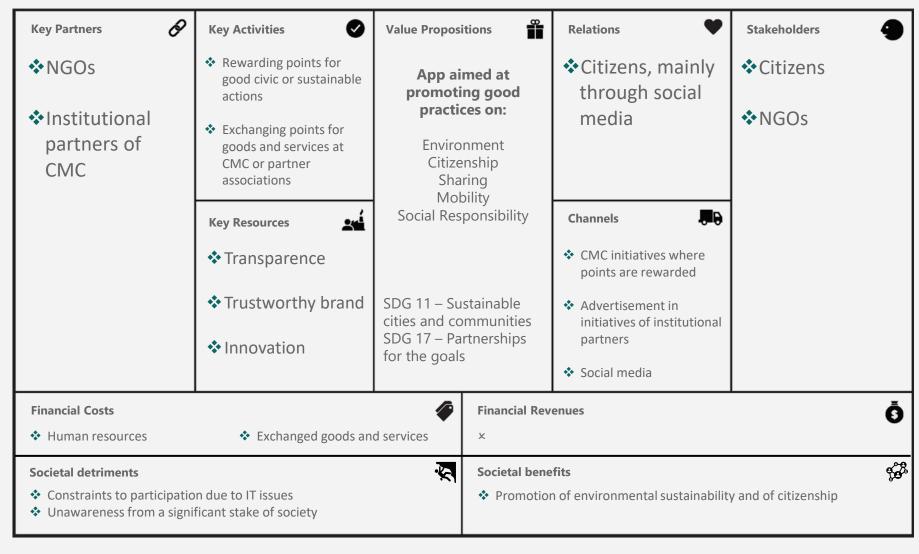
REFERENCES

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CASCAIS NOVA

In order to assess the current overview of City Points project and its social impact, it was drawn a Business Model Canvas

APPENDIX HB | BUSINESS MODEL CANVAS – AS IS





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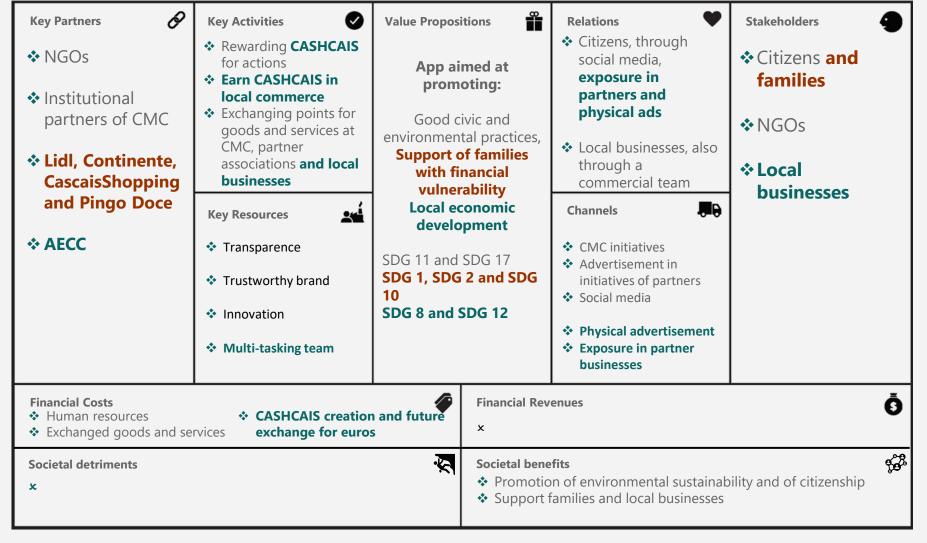
REFERENCES

APPENDIX

CASCAIS NOVA

From the Business Model Canvas of the current situation of City Points, it was drawn a new model, in order to better understand the impact of the recommendations

APPENDIX HB | BUSINESS MODEL CANVAS – TO BE





UPGRADE TO

CASHCAIS

SDGs are important to measure the impact recommendations will have in sustainability

APPENDIX HB | IMPACT – SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS (I/II)

















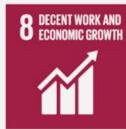




















Figure 39: Sustainable Development Goals

The Municipality of Cascais has a clear commitment to adapting the local community to the objectives of sustainable development, in order to reach cities with less social asymmetries, greater growth and competitiveness and less negative environmental impact.

The current City Points App was awarded in the 2017 World Summit Awards for its digital innovation with impact in society, contributing to:

- Involvement of citizens in transforming the community into a more sustainable place with a better quality of life;
- * Promotion of common goals for social good, while promoting its services and product

A certain recommendation will impact a specific SDG while another one will have a different impact. The integration of 'Cartão Mais Solidário' impacts SDGs that weren't possible for the renewed App to impact without it

APPENDIX HB | IMPACT – SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS (II/II)

City Points

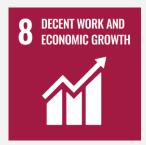
The current City Points App contributes
to two SDGs and **CASHCAIS** will
further contribute to them:





Expansion of the scope to businesses

Contribution to a sustainable promotion of local culture and products and to jobs creation:





Integration with other initiatives

Integrating initiatives such as 'Cartão Mais Solidário' will allow the concentration in one platform of direct answers to 7 SDGs:



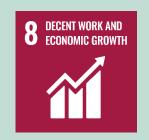




CASHCAIS















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CMC, citizens and companies will be impacted in different ways. In fact, their points of interest are different, too

APPENDIX HC | STAKEHOLDERS ENGAGEMENT MAP

		Interests	Impact					
			1	2	3	4	5	U
		Promotion of Local Commerce					\approx	
		Reduction of Social Asymmetries						\Rightarrow
CASCATS CÂMARA MUNICIPAL	СМС	Increase Environmental Sustainability				\approx		
		Economic Benefits					\gtrsim	
		Reducing the Environmental Footprint			\Rightarrow			
'U'U'U'U '	Citizens	Supporting Local Commerce					\Rightarrow	
		Increase Revenues				\Rightarrow		
	Businesses	Social Responsibility						

¹⁻ Little or no impact; 2- Low impact; 3- Moderate impact; 4- High impact; 5- Very high impact; D- Unknown impact

Table 23: Stakeholders Engagement Map

KEY TAKEAWAYS

- CASHCAIS should have a positive impact on the majority of the interests of the different stakeholders.
- However, it should not have a large impact on the social responsibility of each firm as it heavily relies on the strategy of each business.
- Moreover, it is difficult to foresee the impact on the reduction of social asymmetries.

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The upgrade of City Points App allows to continue its blue ocean position

APPENDIX I | STRATEGY CANVAS

Main takeaways

The upgrade of City Points to **CASHCAIS** will allow the expansion of the blue ocean strategy in which City Points was already positioned. It is improving the response to every component, except the environmental one and the caused ecological footprint, since City Points already had a strong response to this matters. Compared to the other best practices of local currency and loyalty programs Apps, **CASHCAIS** will address new and different citizens' demands, unique in the current strategic landscape as it is only partially addressed by the other Apps. As a matter of fact, besides from scale, CASHCAIS will have a response at least as better as one from a best practice case.



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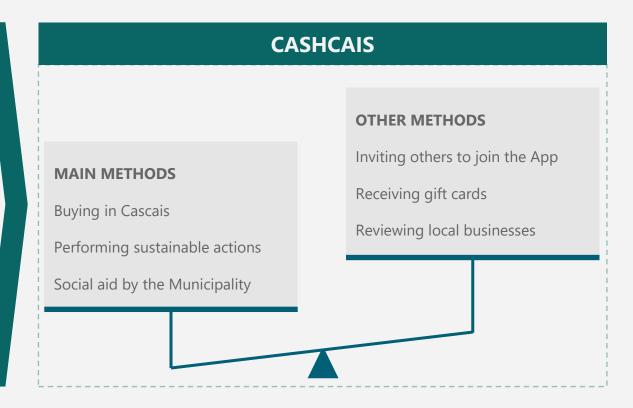
CASCAIS NOVA

The most important methods to accumulate CASHCAIS are the ones that weigh more, while the others will give consumers less CASHCAIS but will be important too to achieve other goals

APPENDIX J | HOW TO USE CASHCAIS AS A CONSUMER – SUMMED UP



Figure 40: City Points



PROJECT APP. METHOD.

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CASCAIS NOVA

The City Points main characteristic of rewarding points for eligible behaviors will be maintained in CASHCAIS App

APPENDIX J | HOW TO USE CASHCAIS AS A CONSUMER – SUMMED UP



Figure 41: City Points

CASHCAIS ENVIRONMENT TODOS FILTRAR ▼ TIPO DE AÇÃO ▼ 0,5 CASHCAIS **CITIZENSHIP RESPONSIBLE MOBILITY** Ofereça ração animal 0,5 CASHCAIS **SOCIAL RESPONSABILITY**

Figure 42: CASHCAIS App

PROJECT APP. MET

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The current method to spend points will be developed and the number of locations where to spend balance will be expanded

APPENDIX J | HOW TO USE CASHCAIS AS A CONSUMER - SUMMED UP



Figure 43: City Points

CASHCAIS







Figure 44: CASHCAIS App