

A Work Project presented as part of the requirements for the Award of a Master's Degree in Management from the
Nova School of Business and Economics

**MARKETING PLAN FOR SEMEAR PROGRAM –
INCREASING THE SUSTAINABILITY OF SEMEAR'S SOCIAL MISSION**

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ABSTRACT

How can *Mercearia* contribute to improve *SEMEAR*'s performance in order to become socially and financially sustainable?

This work project consisted of developing a Marketing Plan for *SEMEAR*, a program of a social organization with the mission to help the full integration of people with Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities (IDD) in society. The group focused on the role of *SEMEAR na Mercearia* business unit to help improve *SEMEAR*'s overall performance and, for that purpose, conducted a strategic diagnosis and analyzed the market and consumers of artisanal products. Three strategic initiatives were suggested, each one with three tactics, presented as recommendations to *SEMEAR*, focusing on fighting seasonality and increasing the financial stability all year long (a key step towards financial self-sustainability) and on increasing brand awareness with the ultimate goal of promoting the inclusion of disabled people in our society.

KEY WORDS: Marketing Plan; SEMEAR; Hybrid Organization; Social Organization; Social-mission driven; People with Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities; Artisanal gourmet products

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS: The group has truly appreciated the support given by the advisor, Prof. Carmen Lages, without which we would not have reached the current level of work. Moreover, João Amado, *SEMEAR*'s Head of Marketing, shared important insights from the organization along these four months that revealed to be key for the work's development.

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1. MOTIVATION

This work project was developed in the scope of the Social Leapfrog Program. The group applied for this type of work project, since the challenge of working with a social organization would enrich our marketing know-how, that is more focused on for-profit organizations.

TEAM



CATARINA
LÓIO



MAFALDA DA
CUNHA



RAQUEL
DA CUNHA



INSTITUTIONS



Lack of knowledge in social mission-driven organizations

Getting out of the comfort zone, as we are more used to the environment of profit-driven organizations.



To learn from a different perspective

Learning from a social purpose rather than a commercial perspective.



To make a positive impact

At the organizational level by helping understand how it can improve its current business performance.



Social Leapfrog
Program from
Nova SBE

2.1. OBJECT OF STUDY

SEMEAR is divided into three business units, being *SEMEAR na Mercearia* the one which will be focused on this project.



“**Sustainable program** that aims at promoting employability, social inclusion and job placement for young people and adults with Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities (IDD).” (BIPP, 2019)

Founded in 2015 by BIPP, a private non-profit Social Solidarity Organization.

It has integrated 3 business units:

1 Social inclusion project

SEMEAR na Academia

2 Inclusion oriented social businesses

SEMEAR na Terra

SEMEAR na Mercearia



DESCRIPTION

Academy for

certified professional training,
being the agri-food sector the
area of training par excellence.

PURPOSE

To place IDD beneficiaries in both
the labor market and *SEMEAR*
social businesses.



DESCRIPTION

Inclusion oriented social business
that produces and
commercializes **organic**
vegetable products.

PURPOSE

To employ people with IDD and
develop their skills; To finance
SEMEAR na Academia.



DESCRIPTION

Inclusion oriented social business
that prepares, manufactures,
processes and sells **artisanal**
gourmet products.

PURPOSE

To employ people with IDD and
develop their skills;
To finance *SEMEAR Academia*;
To fight food waste.

2.2. STUDY OBJECTIVE

After realizing that seasonality at *Mercearia* is a big issue for SEMEAR, market and consumers will be studied to find the best way to overcome it. A possible solution might be increasing the weight of B2C segment on total sales.

ISSUES AT MERCEARIA

SEMEAR na *Mercearia* is facing a big **seasonality issue**: **89% of sales** are made in **November** and **December** ⁽¹⁾.

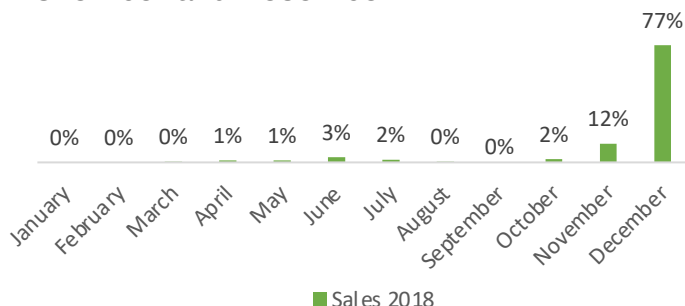


Figure 1 – Seasonality effect on sales of SEMEAR na *Mercearia* (2018)

REASONS BEHIND SEASONALITY

> Core business of *Mercearia* until now was **Christmas Bundles**;

> Private companies buy mostly bundles;

> **B2B** account for **80% of sales** ⁽¹⁾.

TACKLING THE ISSUE

Tackling this issue would mean:

(1) **Financial stability all year** to fulfill the investment needs of all business units;

(2) Moving forward to the objective of **SEMEAR's financial self-sustainability** (in 2019 sales and services covered 48.8% of operational costs) ⁽²⁾.

OPPORTUNITY

20%

of sales are accounted
by **B2C segment**

POSSIBILITY?

Increase the weight of B2C

segment at *SEMEAR na Mercearia*
without hurting B2B

HOW?



Diagnostic of *SEMEAR na Mercearia* current situation



Study market/consumer trends
regarding this type of products



Current and potential
consumers insights gathering
(Interviews and Survey)

(1) SEMEAR's Report 2019

(2) To see detailed information about SEMEAR's Income Statement, check [Appendix 5.6](#)

2.3. SCOPE

The scope of this project will be *SEMEAR na Mercearia*, having in consideration all *SEMEAR*'s products sold individually and in bundles. B2C segment will be studied as well as *SEMEAR*'s partners and competitors.

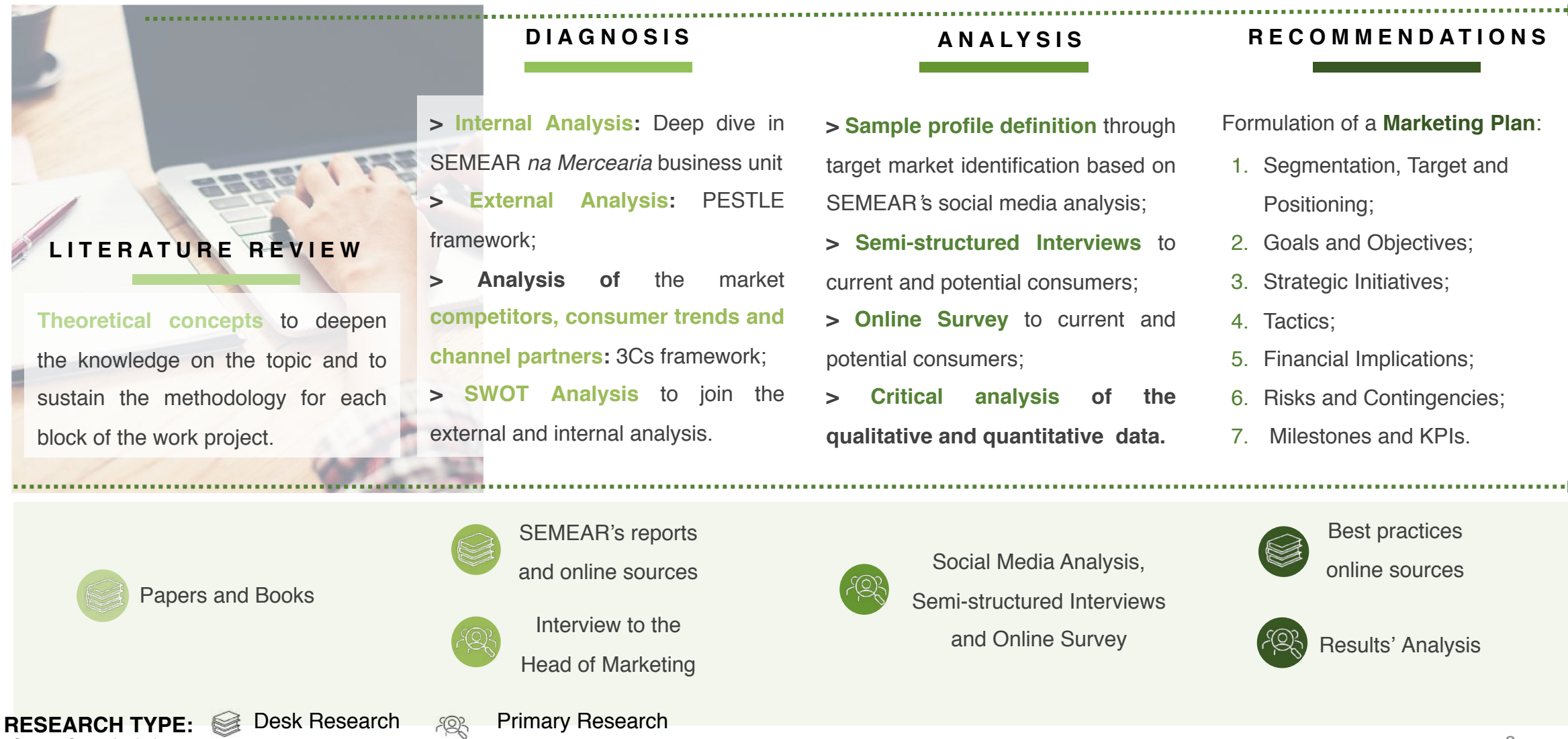


Source: Group Analysis

To see detailed information about the reason behind the choice of these counties, check [Appendix 4](#)

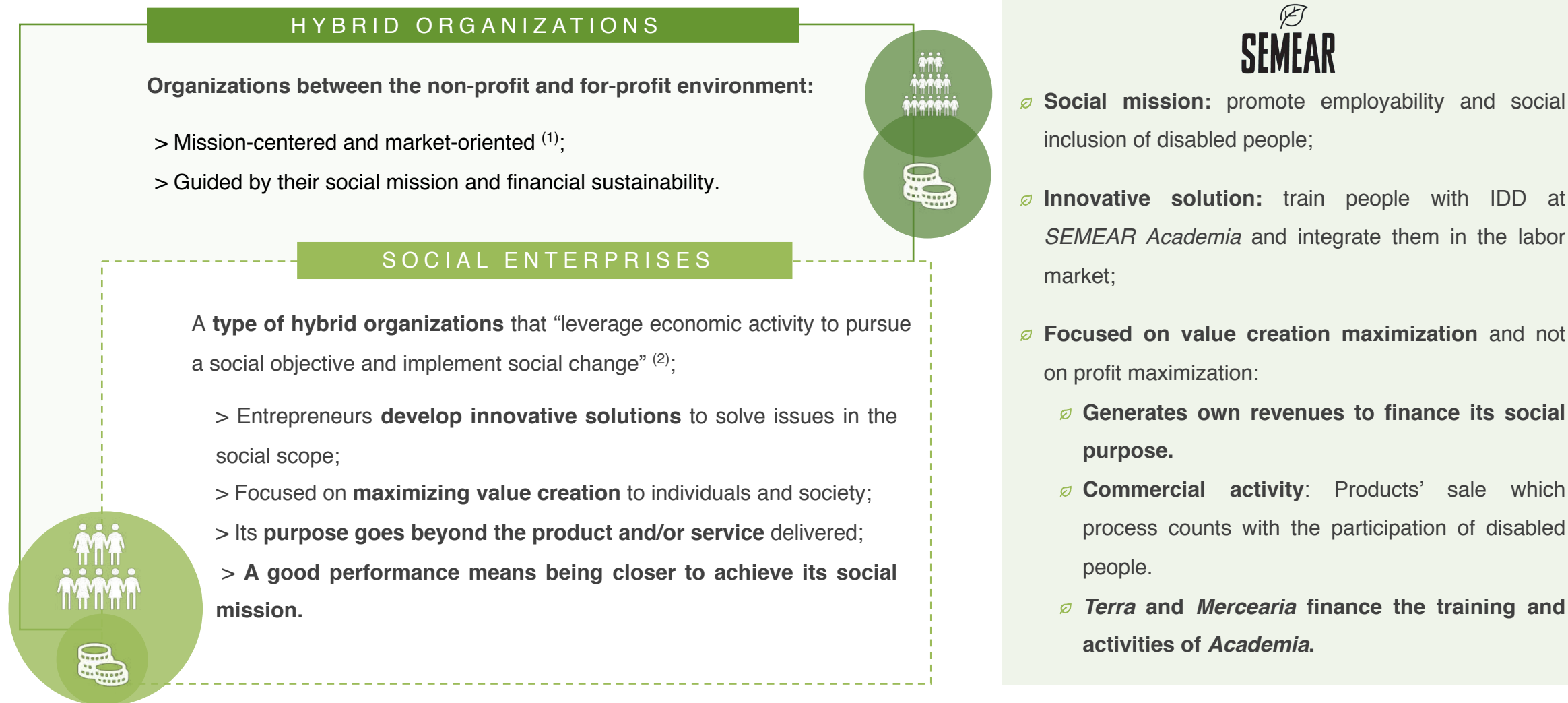
3. METHODOLOGY

The Work Project is divided into four main blocks: Literature Review, Diagnosis, Analysis and Recommendations. Desk and Primary research were used, namely SEMEAR's reports and online sources, and interviews and online survey, respectively.



4.1. HYBRID ORGANIZATIONS | THE CASE OF SOCIAL ENTERPRISES

Social enterprises are a type of hybrid organizations (Mair and Martí, 2006). SEMEAR takes part of a social organization that created an innovative solution to attain its social mission (inclusion of IDD people) and developed a commercial activity in order to finance its mission.



4.2. MARKETING PLAN BY TIM CALKINS | RECOMMENDATION'S TOOLS

The seven identified parts included in the marketing plan developed by Tim Calkins (2012) will match group's recommendation block of the work project. This marketing plan was chosen since it fits a hybrid business and reduces complexity to the organization.

THE BREAKTHROUGH MARKETING PLAN

A disruptive type of a marketing plan suggested by Tim Calkins (2012) based on **Goals** and **Objectives**, **Strategic initiatives** and **Tactics** (**GOST Framework**) will be used, with the following 7 key steps:



REASONS FOR CHOOSING

- ✦ A clear and focused marketing plan to this business unit will reduce complexity and confusion in the general Marketing of SEMEAR, since it follows a straightforward framework.
- ✦ Goals should be financial and non-financial, as financial objectives can harm the business long-term direction when considered alone. Non-financial goals may have limited short-term impact but will strengthen the brand in the longer term.

This fits **SEMEAR na Mercearia** hybrid business.



5.1. ORGANIZATION'S VISION | INTERNAL ANALYSIS

According to SEMEAR, there are defined social, commercial and environmental goals aiming to be achieved until the end of 2020.

The organization's goals for 2020 covered the following aspects:



CONSOLIDATE THE BUSINESS

By **reinforcing the internal knowledge** (process systematization, monitoring, evaluation of results and marketing investment);



PLACE 60% OF THE TRAINEES

By **generating more inclusive employment** in the social businesses of SEMEAR and Portuguese labor market;



INNOVATE

By **launching new services and courses** at *Academia* and **develop new offerings** at *Terra* and *Mercearia* to answer to existing gaps;



INCREASE PRODUCTION

By **finishing** the process of **biological certification**;



GROW FINANCIALLY

By financially **achieving 50% of own revenues**.

LONG-TERM GOALS



SOCIAL SUSTAINABILITY

- > **SEMEAR** needs to **continuously integrate** trainees in the labor market.
- > **SEMEAR** should **fight against social exclusion** by increasing the awareness of this social cause.








FINANCIAL SUSTAINABILITY

- > **Depends on public and private supports**, which is not guaranteed and varies.
- > **SEMEAR** intends to **become financially self-sustainable**, in order to avoid its external dependency.

5.2. BUSINESS UNIT OVERVIEW | INTERNAL ANALYSIS

According to the reports, *SEMEAR na Mercearia*'s sales revenues have been increasing over years, contributing more and more for the investment in training and job placement of people with IDD.

SEMEAR NA MERCEARIA ID

-  Inclusive social business
-  Practical training & job placement of IDD people
-  Artisanal production means
-  Quality certified products
-  Fight food waste (circular economy)

MAIN ACHIEVEMENTS 2019

- > **65%** of trainees developed skills in a practical/real context;
- > **3 IDD trainees became professionally integrated** at *SEMEAR na Mercearia* as employees;
- > **≈ 45,000 gourmet products** produced from food at risk of waste;
- > **≈ 103,000 gourmet products sold.**

TIMELINE

- 2015 ● Foundation of *SEMEAR na Mercearia*
Available at BIPP warehouse, by telephone and at ISA's* reception
- 2020 ● Online sales through website

OPERATING INCOME EVOLUTION

> From 2016 to 2018, the operating income registered a positive growth.

> From 2018 to 2019, it decreased by 19%, as the growth of total expenses was higher than the one from total revenues.

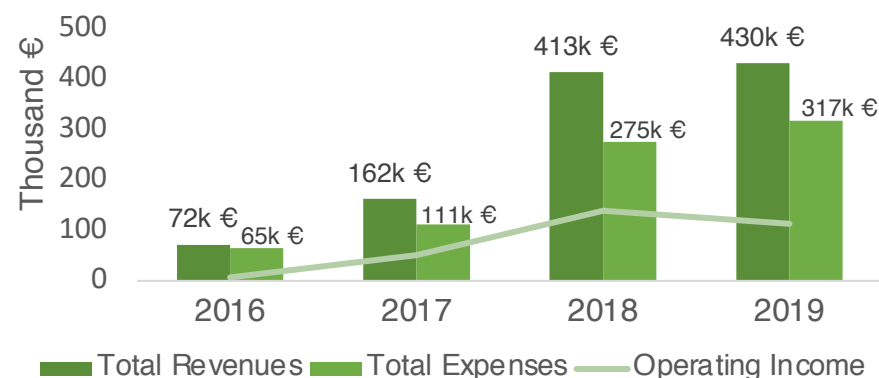


Figure 2 – Operating Income Evolution of *SEMEAR na Mercearia*

STAKEHOLDERS

People with IDD, volunteers, firms, partners, local producers and community.

The income from sales is fully invested in the training and job placement of people with IDD from SEMEAR

* Instituto Superior de Agronomia

5.3. PORTFOLIO OF SEMEAR NA MERCEARIA | INTERNAL ANALYSIS

SEMEAR offers 30 different artisanal products, within 4 categories, that can be purchased in bundles from 6.5€ to 99.4€ or individually from 2.8€ to 6.9€.



Cookies & Tea

4 products

From 3€ to 3.5€

Chocolates & Dry fruits

2 products

From 3.9€ to 5.9€

Jams

11 products

From 3.5€ to 6.9€

Chutneys, Seasonings & Pâté

13 products

From 3.5€ to 6.9€

#1 in sales

“Areias” Cookies

150g - 3€



#2 in sales

Pumpkin Jam

200g - 3.5€



#3 in sales

Wild Fruits Jam

100ml - 4€



Top 3 products sold at SEMEAR's website between April to November 2020 (1)

Bundle number 5

7 products - 34€



There are 10 bundles available in SEMEAR's website

Benchmark product

Pumpkin Jam

200g – 3.5€ | 17.5€/kg



Pumpkin Jam was used as comparison to the competitors

Figure 3 – Portfolio of SEMEAR na Merceria (developed by the group)

5.4. PERFORMANCE AT MERCEARIA | INTERNAL ANALYSIS

Sales and Services account has been increasing year over year, while donations and subsidies have been reducing. B2B segment accounts for 80% of total sales. SEMEAR suffers a big sales' seasonality, with December accounting for 77% of all year sales.

REVENUES



SALES AND SERVICES PROVIDED ⁽¹⁾:

From 2018 to 2019, it increased by 35%, registering around 315k€ last year. **Mercearia accounted for 67% of program's sales and services.**



DONATIONS & SUBSIDIES ^{(1)/(2)}:

From 2018 to 2019, despite the decrease of donations (subsidies included), **total revenues increased by 4% due to the strength of the rise of sales and services.**

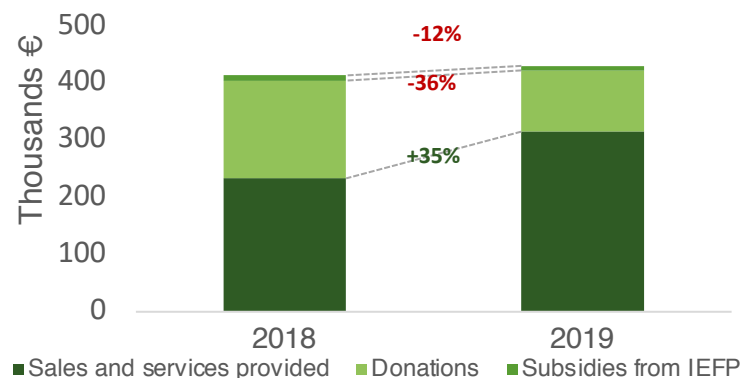


Figure 4 – Evolution of Revenues from 2018 to 2019

EXPENSES ⁽³⁾



PERSONNEL EXPENSES:

From 2018 to 2019, it increased from 7% to 12% due to the entrance of an employee for the commercial area.



COSTS OF GOODS SOLD:

The account with the greatest weight in the cost structure (75% in 2019).

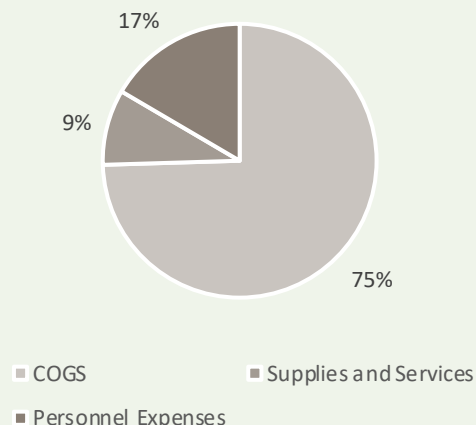


Figure 5 – Costs' Structure of SEMEAR na Mercearia (2019)

OTHERS



HUMAN RESOURCES ⁽⁴⁾:

In 2019, there were 7 employees.



% SALES BY SEGMENT:

Currently, **80% B2B and 20% B2C.**



SEASONALITY OF SALES ⁽⁵⁾:

In 2018, around 77% of sales were registered in December.

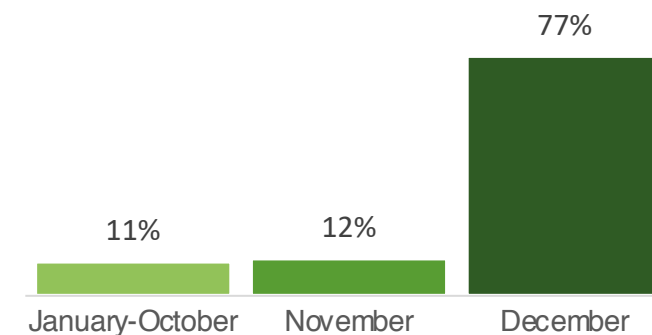


Figure 6 – Seasonality effect on sales (2018)

* Instituto do Emprego e Formação Profissional

Source; SEMEAR's Report 2019

To see detailed information about each account throughout time, check (1) [Appendix 5.1](#); (2) [Appendix 5.2](#); (3) [Appendix 5.3](#); (4) [Appendix 5.4](#); (5) [Appendix 5.5](#); (6) [Appendix 5.6](#)

5.5. PESTLE | EXTERNAL ANALYSIS

External factors like Covid-19 pandemic and increasing awareness of IDD people's rights are the ones that affect SEMEAR the most.

FACTORS

POLITICAL



- Unpredictability and uncertainty of the political environment due to Covid-19;
- Obligation to comply with **General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)** ⁽¹⁾.

ECONOMICAL



- ↓ **GDP** ⁽²⁾;
- ↑ **Unemployment rate** ⁽³⁾;
- ↓ **Private consumption** ⁽⁴⁾;
- ↑ Gross Average Monthly Wage ⁽⁵⁾;
- Goods subject to VAT (Value-Added Tax) policy ⁽⁶⁾.

SOCIAL



- ↑ **Ecommerce growth** due to Covid-19 ⁽⁷⁾;
- ↑ **Health concerns**;
- Change of consumption habits;
- ↑ **Awareness of IDD people's rights** ⁽⁸⁾;
- Social restriction of mobility.

TECHNOLOGICAL



- Online stores** are now key to more accessible distribution, as 65% of the Portuguese consumers shop online ⁽⁹⁾.

LEGAL



- Labor and Employment Rights** for people with IDD, forbidding their discrimination ⁽⁸⁾;
- Food production laws** that refer to the rules of products such as jams ⁽¹⁰⁾.

ENVIRONMENTAL



- ↑ **Food waste Awareness**;
- Climate change** will have profound effects on food production ⁽¹¹⁾. Direct impact in fruit and vegetable production can lead to shortage in raw materials for SEMEAR.



















(1) European Commission 2020; (2) *Jornal de Notícias* 2020; (3) INE 2020; (4) McKinsey 2020; (5) HR Portugal 2020; (6) PWC 2020; (7) Statista 2020; (8) Disability and Human Rights Observatory Report 2019;

(9) DIGITALKS 2020; (10) *Diário da República - Decreto-Lei n.º 230/2003, 2003*; (11) Emerging Technologies and Management of Crop Stress Tolerance - Volume 1: Biological Techniques 2014;

To see detailed information about PESTLE Analysis, check [Appendix 3.2](#), and about Political, Economical and Social Factors, check [Appendix 6](#)

5.6. COMPETITORS | 3 Cs ANALYSIS

SEMEAR stands out for being social mission driven, for having an own online store and a high variety of product's categories.

					
CHARACTERISTICS	OPTIMIZED NUTRITIONAL PRODUCTS	TRADITIONAL PRODUCTS	ORGANIC PRODUCTION	HIGH QUALITY INGREDIENTS	ARTISANAL, ORGANIC AND SOCIAL MISSION DRIVEN 
ACCESSIBILITY *	VERY HIGH	VERY HIGH	MODERATE	HIGH	LOW
ONLINE STORE					 
PRICE (1)					
VARIETY OF PRODUCTS Within each category	VERY HIGH	HIGH	MODERATE	HIGH	MODERATE
VARIETY OF CATEGORIES	HIGH	MODERATE	MODERATE	LOW	HIGH 
ONLINE COMMUNITY Number of followers	LOW	HIGH	LOW	MODERATE	MODERATE

* By Accessibility, it is meant the number of physical stores available to acquire products

(1) Benchmark product: SEMEAR's Pumpkin Jam 200g – 3.5€ | 17.5€/kg; Group Analysis based on each competitor's website and social media

To see detailed information about 3Cs Analysis, check [Appendix 3.2](#) and about each competitor, check [Appendixes 7.1](#), [Appendix 7.2](#), [Appendix 7.3](#), [Appendix 7.4](#), and [Appendix 7.5](#).

Figure 7 – Competitors' Benchmarking (developed by the group)

5.7. CHANNEL PARTNERS | 3 Cs ANALYSIS

Being *SEMEAR na Mercearia* a social business, partnerships with companies and organizations are crucial as they allow cost reductions.

SUPPLIERS



AGRICULTURE PRODUCERS

- > Provide the **raw materials** for transformation;
- > Products come from donations due to excess of production or SEMEAR pays for it at a cost price.



FINISHED GOURMET PRODUCTS' SUPPLIERS

- > To compete with other Christmas Bundles' players, SEMEAR makes partnerships with suppliers of **finished products** like wine, honey and *charcuterie*.

PARTNERS

PRODUCTION & DISTRIBUTION



INSTITUTO SUPERIOR DE AGRONOMIA

Production:

- > Preparation, confection and transformation of their products happens at ISA's industrial kitchen.

Distribution:

- > One of the physical selling point of *SEMEAR na Mercearia* is ISA's Reception.



PARTNERS

PROMOTION



IEFP*

- > **Finances** the training, **promotes** *Mercearia's* products and **develops** projects for the inclusion of people with IDD.



WISDOM CONSULTING*

- > **Communication and PR Partner** for all business units and products' promotion for *Mercearia*.



"Amigos do SEMEAR"

- > WhatsApp **Group with influent members** that **communicate the program** in exchange for a monthly basket.

*Besides being the current promotion partners, SEMEAR believes is not effective in targeting the right consumer.

Source: Insights from the interview with SEMEAR's Head of Marketing

To see detailed information about 3Cs Analysis, check [Appendix 3.2](#), and about channel partners check [Appendix 7.6](#).

5.8. CONSUMER TRENDS (I/II) | 3 Cs ANALYSIS

Consumers are increasingly opting for local products and products that have a social purpose. They are more aware of food waste issue and the impact that their daily behavior has on it. Consuming biological as well as gourmet and artisanal have become a reality.

FOOD WASTE AWARENESS

- Governmental policies will make food waste reduce by 15% until 2027 ⁽⁶⁾;
- **Consumers are more aware of this issue and positively contributing to its reduction.**

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Increase in **consumer preference for local products**,
- **Main Reasons:** 1) “environmental reasons” ⁽¹⁾,
2) Due to Covid-19 pandemic, as a way to “provide financial support to (Portuguese) producers” ⁽²⁾.

PRODUCTS WITH SOCIAL PURPOSE

- **Consumers expect brands and products to have** not only functional benefits but also **social purpose** ⁽³⁾.
- Brands with a purpose have a huge opportunity to stand out ⁽⁴⁾.

GOURMET PRODUCTS

- **The preference for healthier and gourmet options is increasing year by year.**
- Making gourmet products means “adding value through the texture, ingredients, taste or image, differentiating them from similar products” ⁽⁴⁾.

BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS

- **It is estimated that expenses with this segment in Portugal will duplicate** until 2027,
- **Challenges:** Lack of information about the benefits and Biological Agriculture principles ⁽¹⁾, products more expensive due to difficulties in supplying markets.

ARTISANAL PRODUCTS

- Handmade products focused on “the quality of the food, preparation methods, distribution, packaging.” ⁽⁵⁾
- **It has been registering a boom in the demand in Europe for this type of products due to “a higher consumer awareness for the quality factor”** ⁽⁶⁾.



(1) *Distribuição Hoje* 2019; (2) *Público* 2020; (3) Rivotti 2019; (4) *Instituto de Marketing Research* 2019; (5) *Gourmet Artisanal Food Trends* 2020; (6) *Tendências do Mercado Alimentar da União Europeia Report* 2015

To see detailed information about 3Cs Analysis, check [Appendix 3.2](#), and about consumer trends check [Appendix 7.7](#) and [Appendix 7.8](#).

5.8. CONSUMER TRENDS (II/II) | 3 Cs ANALYSIS

Differences between Generation X and Millennials are clear, not only in terms of their characteristics but also regarding consumption patterns. Although both use social media, Millennials are more influenced to purchase through this channel than Gen-X.

GENERATION-X (1965-1980)



Between 40 and 55 years old; ≈ **23%** of the Portuguese population (2019) ⁽¹⁾.



Gen-X still uses traditional media channels, but they are also digitally savvy ⁽³⁾.



Honest and clear product and marketing messages ⁽³⁾.

Outline an obvious path-to-purchase ⁽³⁾.

Prefers unique high-quality products ⁽³⁾.



Highest rate of brand loyalty ⁽³⁾.

Customer service is the key aspect ⁽³⁾.



Willing to pay extra for “fresher”, “authentic” and “homemade” food ⁽²⁾.

MILLENNIALS (1981-1996)



Between 24 and 39 years old; ≈ **18%** of the Portuguese population (2019) ⁽¹⁾.



Technology allows them to purchase “how and when they want” ⁽²⁾.

Traditional advertising is not authentic ⁽³⁾.



Persuaded through WOM marketing, user-generated content and social selling ⁽³⁾.

Choices based on products’ **features and price**.⁽¹⁾

Less loyal to brands ⁽¹⁾.



Value brands that: engage online, offer personalized products ⁽¹⁾, have a cause behind or support local communities ⁽⁴⁾.



Convenience is key⁽⁵⁾.

Privilege healthy foods made with natural ingredients ⁽⁵⁾.

(1) PORDATA 2020; (2) Schawbel 2015; (3) Revelsystems 2018; (4) Independent UK 2018; (5) Pulido 2019
To see detailed information about 3Cs Analysis, check [Appendix 3.2.](#), and about consumer trends check [Appendix 7.9.](#)

5.9. SWOT ANALYSIS

One of the main strengths of *SEMEAR na Mercearia* is its products' high-quality, however, it still faces weaknesses such as seasonality of sales. The increasing consumption of organic and artisanal products is a huge opportunity that SEMEAR can take advantage of.

STRENGTHS



- Strong brand with a message behind: People with IDD, when properly trained, have skills to perform well at work as any other person;
- High-quality of gourmet artisanal products;
- Partnerships that allow to reduce costs and access to distribution;
- Volunteering allows reduction of personnel expenses;
- Synergies with *SEMEAR na Terra* and *SEMEAR Academia*, which minimize costs such as the distribution ones.

WEAKNESSES



- The availability of raw materials varies annually;
- Dependency of stock/delays from suppliers finished goods;
- Low awareness of *SEMEAR* Program;
- Seasonality of sales because of a high focus on B2B;
- Promotion partners not effective in targeting the right consumer;
- Low capacity of response to high demand (out of stock issues);
- Insufficient financial and human resources to attract consumers and grow.

OPPORTUNITIES



- High unemployment rate for IDD people;
- E-commerce & Home deliveries service rise;
- Higher concern about health (e.g. consumption of organic products);
- Increasing purchase of products with social purpose;
- Increasing consumption of artisanal products.

THREATS



- Several competitors offer similar products in the market at a lower price;
- Absence of tax benefits for Social Enterprises;
- Lack of legislation for Social Enterprises

5.10. ORGANIZATIONAL CHALLENGE FORMULATION

After analyzing *SEMEAR na Mercearia* current situation and market opportunities the organizational challenge “How can *Mercearia* contribute to improve SEMEAR’s performance in order to become sustainable?” was formulated.

CURRENT SITUATION

- > SEMEAR intends to become financially self-sustainable;
- > *SEMEAR na Mercearia* accounts for **67% of sales and services of the program** ⁽¹⁾;
- > *Mercearia* faces a **big seasonality of sales**;
- > It translates into a huge pressure to the business unit’s processes and difficulty to manage resources;
- > **B2C segment only accounts for 20% of *Mercearia*’s sales.**

DIAGNOSIS FACTS

- > Consumers expect **brands** to have a **purpose beyond profit** ⁽²⁾.
- > **Increasing demand of artisanal products** ⁽³⁾;
- > Nowadays, Portuguese citizens are increasingly **valuing national products** to help countries’ economy due to the Covid-19 pandemic. ⁽⁴⁾

ORGANIZATIONAL CHALLENGE

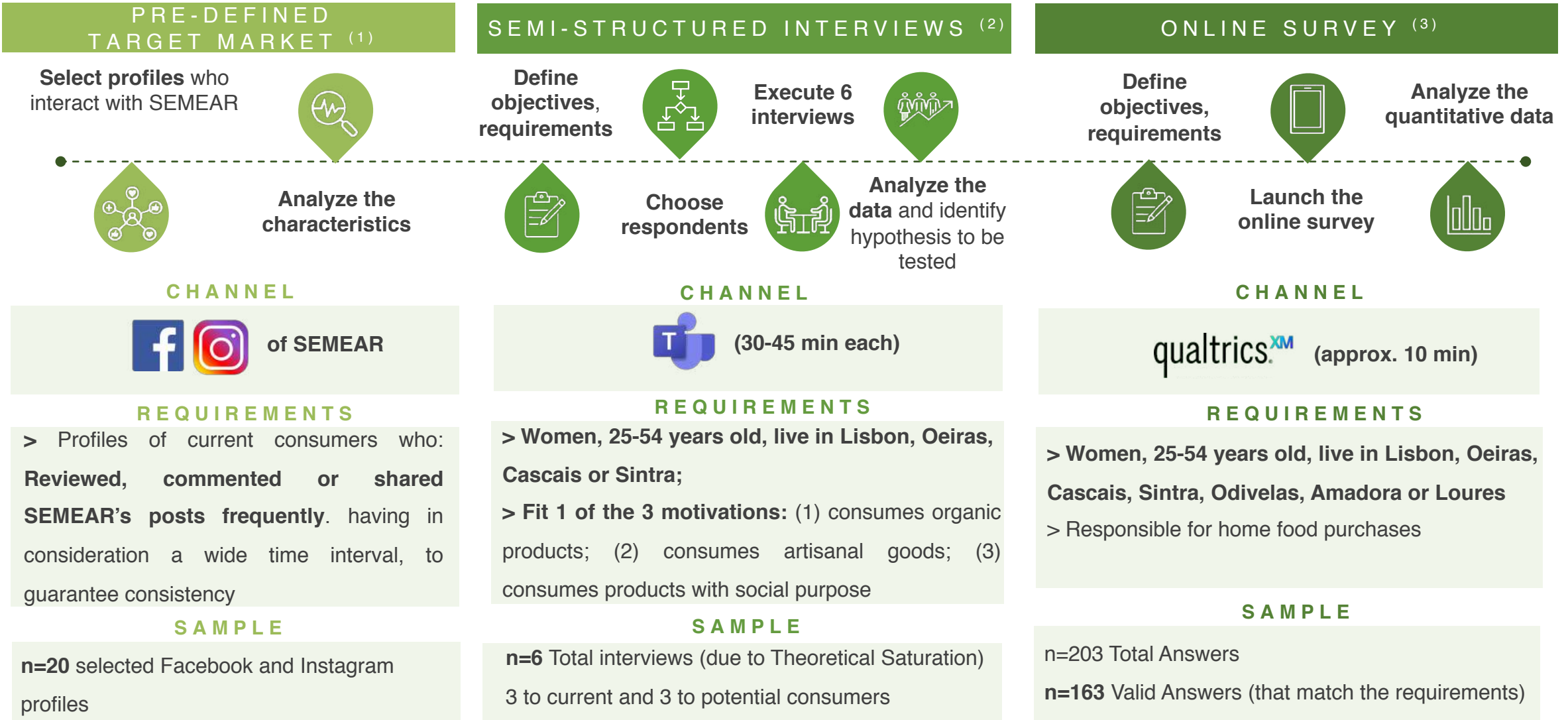
How can *Mercearia* contribute to improve SEMEAR’s performance in order to become socially and financially sustainable?



(1) *SEMEAR’s Income Statement 2019* and *SEMEAR na Mercearia Business Results 2019*; (2) The Economist Group 2017; (3) *Tendências do mercado alimentar da UE* Report 2015; (4) *Jornal Público* 2020

6.1. PRIMARY RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

The target market was pre-defined to be used in the semi-structured interviews. The hypothesis identified in the interviews were tested within a bigger sample (online survey) in order to have a higher level of confidence on the retrieved findings.



6.2. PRIMARY RESEARCH FINDINGS (I/IV)

Both generations highly use social networks, where they like to discover new brands, being Instagram and Facebook the most used ones. Within their social media, they follow Influencers and Public figures from Food and Health accounts.



> Besides the **different motivations**, consumers cannot be segmented within them, since they are **not mutually exclusive.**

6.2. PRIMARY RESEARCH FINDINGS (II/IV)

Consumers perceive high-quality and better taste as the main benefits of gourmet artisanal products. When shopping for these type of products consumers prefer physical places over e-commerce.

CONSUMER

GOURMET ARTISANAL
PRODUCTS

SEMear



PREFERRED LOCAL OF PURCHASE

- > **Physical places** such as **local fairs** and **gourmet sections** of supermarkets are the most mentioned places;
- > **Millennials are more willing to buy online** than Gen-X.



PRICE SENSITIVITY

- > **Consumers are willing to pay more** since these products are usually endowed with quality.

PERCEIVED BENEFITS AND BARRIERS

- > **Benefits:** Higher quality; Better taste; Made with care;
- > **Difficulties:** Price; Accessibility; Time spent searching for brands.



BRAND AWARENESS AND RECOGNITION

- > **Brand Awareness:** Little knowledge regarding brands which sell artisanal products.
- > **Brand Recognition:** when logos of well-known brands were shown, they were able to recognize some;



6.2. PRIMARY RESEARCH FINDINGS (III/IV)

It was possible to understand that there is little awareness of SEMEAR, but the ones who knew pointed out the purpose and products' quality as the main strengths of the brand.

CONSUMER

GOURMET ARTISANAL
PRODUCTS

SEMEAR



Awareness: Little awareness of the brand (63% of respondents did not know the brand);

How did they know SEMEAR? Mostly through the **companies they work for** (33% of respondents), through **relatives** (28%) and **media** (25%);



Motivations to purchase: Adding to its social cause, 58% of current and potential consumers would be motivated to acquire SEMEAR's products **because of its organic baskets** and 20% because of its **gourmet artisanal products**. Moreover, 20% of the respondents would be motivated to buy any SEMEAR's product due to its social mission.



Strengths: Social Purpose, Quality*, Products' characteristics (local, artisanal and gourmet), Packaging;

Weaknesses: Accessibility**, Communication, Products' variety within categories and Price;



SEMEAR na Terra and SEMEAR na Mercearia: There was a higher number of people who purchased organic products (*Terra*) in comparison with artisanal products (*Mercearia*) (41% vs. 25% of respondents who knew SEMEAR), having the majority did it only once.

* By Quality, it is meant the taste associated with artisanal/handmade products; **By Accessibility, it is meant lack of points of sale

Source: Online Survey (n=163) and Semi-Structured Interviews (n=6) conducted by the group.

To see detailed information about these topics check, [Appendix 11.4.](#), [Appendix 11.5.](#) and [Appendix 11.6.](#)

6.2. PRIMARY RESEARCH FINDINGS (IV/IV)

The preferred local of purchase for SEMEAR's products, within the ones available, is their online store. Consumers showed different preferences for each type of products when faced with different consumption occasions.

CONSUMER

GOURMET ARTISANAL
PRODUCTS

SEMEAR



Consumption habits: Very few had **bought products simultaneously from *Terra* and *Mercearia***, but some mentioned it would be an interesting option to have **jams to complement their organic basket**;



Local of purchase: Current and potential consumers prefer to acquire SEMEAR's products **through its website** when comparing to the other available options (63% and 87% of respondents, respectively);



Consumption occasions: Consumer choices are different according to the **consumption occasion**, as well as the criteria used for choosing (variety, price and type of occasion). For instance, 63% of respondents prefer the individual products for daily consumption, being personal preference and daily usage, the criteria given; Bundles are preferred on special occasions;



Types of social media accounts that would better fit SEMEAR's profile: 62% mentioned **Food**, 53% **Health** and 34% **Mummy Bloggers**.

* By Quality, it is meant the taste associated with artisanal/handmade products; **By Accessibility, it is meant lack of points of sale

Source: Online Survey (n=163) and Semi-Structured Interviews (n=6) conducted by the group.

To see detailed information about these topics check, [Appendix 11.6.](#), [Appendix 11.7.](#), [Appendix 11.8.](#) and [Appendix 11.9.](#)

6.3. ORGANIZATIONAL CHALLENGE PROPOSED SOLUTION

After studying current and potential consumer trends and behaviours, *SEMEAR na Mercearia* should take advantage of B2C segment potential to improve the social and financial sustainability of SEMEAR.

CURRENT SITUATION

- > SEMEAR intends to become financially self-sustainable;
- > *SEMEAR na Mercearia* accounts for **67% of sales and services of the program** ⁽¹⁾;
- > *Mercearia* faces a **big seasonality of sales**;
- > It translates into a huge pressure to the business unit's processes and difficulty to manage resources;
- > **B2C segment only accounts for 20% of *Mercearia's* sales.**

DIAGNOSIS ANALYSIS FACTS

- > Consumers expect **brands** to have a **purpose beyond profit** ⁽²⁾.
- > **Increasing demand of artisanal products** ⁽³⁾;
- > Nowadays, Portuguese citizens are increasingly **valuing national products** to help country's economy. ⁽⁴⁾
- > People buy artisanal products in **different occasions, to own consumption or to offer** either on special days or festive seasons ⁽⁵⁾.

ORGANIZATIONAL CHALLENGE

How can Mercearia contribute to improve SEMEAR's performance in order to become socially and financially sustainable?

FINAL ANSWER

BY EXPANDING B2C SEGMENT

Grab the growth potential of B2C segment to achieve all-year sales' stability

(1) *SEMEAR's Income Statement 2019* and *SEMEAR na Mercearia Business Results 2019*; (2) The Economist Group 2017; (3) *Tendências do mercado alimentar da UE* Report 2015; (4) *Jornal Público* 2020 (5) Analysis conducted by the group

7.1. MARKETING STRATEGY | SEGMENTATION AND TARGETING

According to the segmentation criteria chosen, SEMEAR should focus on targeting **women from 25 to 54 years old, who value organic and artisanal products and who care for others' well-being.**

SEGMENTATION CRITERIA

DEMOGRAPHIC

Gender; Age; Professional

Occupation; Social Class.

GEOGRAPHIC

County of residence.



BEHAVIOURAL

Role in household's foods purchase;

Benefits sought.

PSYCHOGRAPHIC

Personality

(Values, Beliefs).

TARGETING



Women from 25 to 54 years old

Worker from Middle to Upper Class

Household food manager

Who live in **Oeiras, Lisboa, Cascais, Sintra,**

Amadora, Loures or Odivelas



Regularly consumes **organic products**;
Less price sensitive because of quality and **nutritional benefits** of the products.



Regularly consumes **artisanal products**;
Values the **human presence** in the production process.



Cares a lot about **social causes** and others' well-being and usually buys products with social purpose.

7.1. MARKETING STRATEGY I POSITIONING

SEMEAR na Mercearia includes disabled people in the gourmet artisanal goods production process and uses raw materials at risk of waste, which consists of a differentiation factor of the brand versus other competing artisanal goods.

FRAME OF REFERENCE

A brand inserted in the category of **gourmet artisanal products** that sells high-quality products.

POINTS OF PARITY



Artisanal products;

Categories of products;

Online distribution.

POINTS OF DIFFERENCE



Brand that goes beyond profit since it is driven by its social mission;

Contributes for environmental sustainability, in specific food waste.

REASONS TO BELIEVE



Includes people with IDD, between 18 and 45 years, **in the production process** by training and professionally integrating them at *Mercearia*;

Raw materials (fruits and vegetables) **at risk of waste are used** in the production process.

PRODUCT AS THE HERO:



emphasize **quality** associated with the taste of products made by artisanal means and also the **participation of people with IDD** in the production process.

7.2. GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

Until 2022, *SEMEAR na Mercearia* should minimize the impact of seasonality, by increasing B2C segment weight on total sales from 20% to 32% and increase brand awareness among the new target audience, obtaining more 144% Instagram followers.

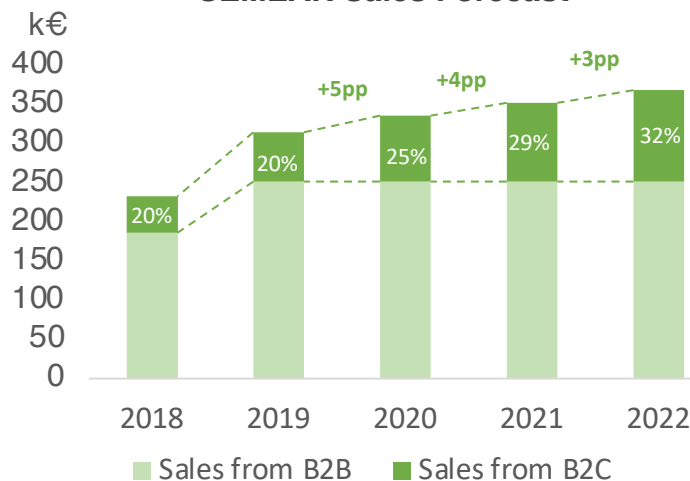


Financial Goal: Enhance all year financial stability until 2022 by **increasing B2C segment weight on total sales from 20% to 32%** of total sales.

Social Mission Goal: Increase the brand awareness among the new target audience by achieving more **144%** Instagram followers until 2022.



SEMEAR Sales Forecast

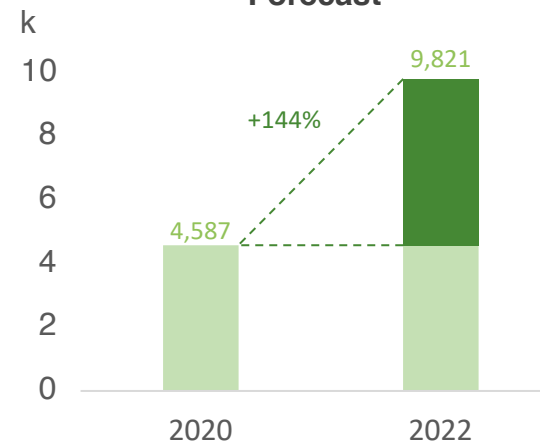


ASSUMPTIONS

- > **Stable growth on particular consumers' sales** from 2018 to 2022;
- > B2C Sales is the only account being forecasted, **ceteris paribus**

Figure 8 – Sales Forecast of SEMEAR (2018-2022)

SEMEAR Instagram Followers Forecast



ASSUMPTIONS

- Based on food giveaways or engagement rate of each suggested brand **ambassador**, as it will be the tactic that will lead to the sharp growth of followers.

Figure 9 – Instagram Followers Forecast of SEMEAR (2020-2022)

Strategic initiatives and tactics will be developed in order to achieve the intended goals.

7.3. STRATEGIC INITIATIVE I INCREASING THE SUSTAINABILITY OF SEMEAR'S SOCIAL MISSION

The sustainability of SEMEAR's mission depends on raising awareness about the need to include people with IDD, associating SEMEAR with high-quality products with disabled people's production contribution. Therefore, SEMEAR should simultaneously communicate its products' high-quality and its social mission.



BEFORE

- At the beginning, the marketing strategy was to **communicate its mission**
- **Problem:** focus on the mission, with no emphasis on products' competitiveness.



WHAT CHANGED?

- Nowadays, the marketing strategy is to **communicate its products' quality**
- **Problem:** focus on the quality and the contribution of people with IDD presented as a marginal extra benefit.



OPPORTUNITY

To move from product to market-orientation and communicate its products' quality and **social mission simultaneously**, reinforcing each other. The brand needs to be recalled for offering high-quality handmade products produced by people with IDD.

STRATEGIC INITIATIVE

PROMOTING THE SUSTAINABILITY OF SEMEAR'S SOCIAL MISSION through a clear brand positioning in target market's mind

WHAT?

SEMEAR should **communicate the social mission of its products**, as individual consumers from the suggested target market are expected to increase their purchase intentions when knowing about SEMEAR's purpose.

HOW?

By creating a **persuasive brand meaning** and underlining the social mission of SEMEAR's high-quality products, through the following tactics:

- 1 **PARTNERSHIP WITH SIC ESPERANÇA**
- 2 **TV PROGRAM PARTICIPATION**
- 3 **SOCIAL MEDIA STRATEGY (DISPLAY ADS)**

7.4. TACTIC 1 | PARTNERSHIP WITH *SIC ESPERANÇA* (I/II)

The first tactic would be making a partnership with *SIC Esperança*, the Private Social Solidarity Institution of IMPRESA Group, of which *SIC* takes part. This partnership would benefit SEMEAR, since it would be promoting, through a TV spot, the social issue they fight against.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION



Partnership with *SIC Esperança* to launch a campaign on television

GOALS



Sensitize the Portuguese population for the exclusion of people with IDD;



Increase the awareness of SEMEAR next to citizens, as a social program that aims for the full inclusion of people with IDD in the society.

RATIONALE



This partnership would be an opportunity for SEMEAR to **promote itself in a context where there will be higher awareness of the problem;**



It would **make viewers interested in knowing more about the program**, overcoming the low awareness concluded through the survey ⁽¹⁾;



Additionally, it would possibly **induce viewers to acquire products to help the social cause.**

SIC ESPERANÇA



Private Social Solidarity Institution transversal of all companies of **IMPRESA Group** ⁽²⁾;



Its mission is to **raise awareness of the social problems in Portugal** and contribute to its resolution ⁽²⁾;



It works in partnership with enterprises for projects' financing and **with institutions that can benefit from Public Service Space** with the help of IMPRESA (e.g. TV spots at *SIC*).



In 2019, **SIC, SIC Notícias and SIC Mulher** provided more than **25 hours of Public Service Space free of charge**, where more than **52 campaigns** from Private Social Solidarity Institutions **were released** ⁽²⁾.



(1) Online Survey conducted by the group (n=163); (2) *SIC Esperança's* Management Report 2019

7.4. TACTIC 1 | PARTNERSHIP WITH *SIC ESPERANÇA* (II/II)

A television spot would be an adequate manner to capture the attention of citizens on a national level to a reality that they might not be aware of. It is suggested to be a TV ad that mainly exposes the social issue, appearing SEMEAR as a brand that works closely with inclusion.



Television spot of 1 min divided into 2 parts, exposing the following:

1

Current situation of people with IDD

(unemployment rate in Portugal and social problems associated)

2

SEMEAR Program

(as an example of brand that tries to minimize exclusion)

“SEMEAR INCLUSION WITH *SIC ESPERANÇA*”



It could be similar to BIPP's video “Difference or Deffect” ⁽¹⁾, **but adjusted**:

- > Text descriptions announced by Ricardo Pereira, a famous actor and TV presenter and ambassador of *SIC Esperança*, to capture viewers' attention;
- > At the end, expose SEMEAR's logo and the way citizens can have access to more information as well as how they can help.

- ✓ It would promote its social mission by sensitizing a big audience towards this reality by **appealing to the human emotional side**;
- ✓ It would arise citizens' attention to know more about this specific program and how they can help;
- ✓ It would **place SEMEAR as a brand with strong identity** going its value beyond the products as it means something relevant for consumers.

(1) BIPP's YouTube Channel 2015. To have access to the video, click on this [link](#).

7.4. TACTIC 2 | DAYTIME TV PROGRAM PARTICIPATION (I/II)

The second tactic would consist in the participation of BIPP's president in the daytime TV program at SIC to promote SEMEAR. After addressing disabled people's integration social issue and SEMEAR Program, a well-known nutritionist would be invited to cook using SEMEAR's products.

DESCRIPTION



Participation in Casa Feliz* at SIC to promote SEMEAR.

It will consist of 2 parts:



1

BIPP's president being interviewed by presenters



2

Live recipe by Mariana Abecasis using SEMEAR's products

Highlight the social problem of the integration of people with IDD; **Explain SEMEAR and its business units; Show trainees' video** to sum up (See [here](#)).

> At the kitchen, **show the products** options she will use;
> **Make a recipe using products from the 2 social business units** (*Terra and Mercearia*).

GOALS

- 1 **Raise awareness of this social reality** next to the portuguese viewers; Make them know about the existence of SEMEAR, its impact on disabled people's lives and the ways they can contribute to its social mission.
- 2 **Visual disclose SEMEAR's products** portfolio; Share possible manners to take the most out of SEMEAR's organic and artisanal products.

RATIONALE

- > TV is survey's respondents 2nd preferred channel to discover new brands ⁽¹⁾.
- > At SIC to ensure consistency because of *SIC Esperança* partnership; **TV program with a high audience reach** ⁽²⁾ that has an audience profile that corresponds to the suggested target market** (individuals 25y-54y; responsible for purchases; from A/B, C and D socio-economic classes***) ⁽³⁾.
- > Mariana Abecasis is a recognized and influent nutritionist; Belongs to Millennials (34y); Current consumer of SEMEAR; Values organic products.

*Assumption: *Casa Feliz* will remain on air in 2022; **Worst scenario ≈ 260k, Best scenario = 490k loyal viewers ⁽¹⁾; *** From Upper class (highest socio-economic status) to lower Middle class ⁽⁴⁾

(1) Online Survey conducted by the group (n=163); (2) Zapping TV 2020; (3) A *Televisão* 2020; (4) Nielsen 2018

7.4. TACTIC 2 | DAYTIME TV PROGRAM PARTICIPATION (II/II)

In order to show some products from SEMEAR to program's viewers, it is suggested that Mariana Abecasis makes a soup using mainly the organic basket from *SEMEAR na Terra* and a snack using the artisanal products from *SEMEAR na Mercearia*.

SUGGESTION #1 – SEMEAR VEGETABLES SOUP

mariana_abecasis_nutricionista



Ingredients ⁽¹⁾:

2 carrots; 1 piece of pumpkin;
1 piece of cauliflower; 1 big leek;
1 pinch of salt; A trickle of olive oil

The soup's recipe will be at the discretion of the nutritionist.

She must have in consideration that it will depend on the organic products available in the basket of that week.

SEMEAR's products needed:



SUGGESTION #2 – SEMEAR SNACK

mariana_abecasis_nutricionista



Ingredients ⁽¹⁾:

Biscuits; Fresh cheese;
Pumpkin jam

The snack's recipe will be at the discretion of the nutritionist.

She can opt to use 2 jams instead of only 1 to show other options of flavors.

External products needed: Fresh cheese.

SEMEAR's products needed:



(1) These are the ingredients needed according to the recipes of the nutritionist Mariana Abecasis

Source: Mariana Abecasis' Instagram profile

7.4. TACTIC 3 | SOCIAL MEDIA STRATEGY (I/II)

The third tactic would consist in an online series called “#SemearNumMinuto” composed by 8 episodes, one minute each, about a specific topic of the program. These videos would be sponsored on Facebook and Instagram in order to reach a higher number of people.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION



Launch of an online series #SemearNumMinuto on specific days with 8 episodes of 1 minute each about SEMEAR and stakeholders

GOAL



Increase the online awareness and engagement with followers by sharing useful content from the point of view of each stakeholder

RATIONALE



According to the survey's results, **98% of Millennials and 86% of Gen-X prefer to discover new brands through social media** ⁽¹⁾;



Some respondents mentioned **it would be interesting to highlight the day-to-day of trainees** and their testimonials ⁽²⁾;



Video content is becoming increasingly significant to Millennials ⁽³⁾;



Millennials “want to know about the people and values behind a brand and are less focused on a hard sell”. ⁽⁴⁾

#SEMEARNUMMINUTO SERIES

Ep. #1 SEMEAR Program

Ep. #5 Trainees

Ep. #2 SEMEAR Academia

Ep. #6 Trainers

Ep. #3 SEMEAR Terra

Ep. #7 Volunteers

Ep. #4 SEMEAR Mercearia

Ep. #8 Partners

> **Describe SEMEAR, its business units and the role stakeholders have** on programs' success through testimonials;

> **Make use of existing video content to avoid monetary costs;**

> **Social Media Strategy applied to Facebook and Instagram** with the goal of **Reach**, being each episode sponsored through Facebook Ads by 5 days:



Post on Facebook feed



Post on IGTV and create a series



Display Ads



Figure 13 – Cover of the videos

(1) Online Survey conducted by the group (n=163); (2) Insights from the interviewees and survey's respondents; (3) REV 2020; (4) Small Biz Daily 2019
To see more information about IGTV Series, check [Appendix 13.1](#), and to see illustrative examples of episodes, check [Appendix 13.2](#).

7.4. TACTIC 3 | SOCIAL MEDIA STRATEGY DISPLAY ADS (II/II)

The criteria chosen to define the target audience of “#SemearNumMinuto” campaign are gender, age and residence county. The only criteria that differs from episode to episode is interests, in accordance with the video topic. The ads will reach from 1,7k to 8,6k people per day.

CRITERIA FOR THE TARGET AUDIENCE

Common criteria to all episodes:

Gender (Female)

Age (25y-54y)

Residence County (Lisboa, Cascais, Oeiras, Sintra, Odivelas, Amadora, Loures)

Additional criteria to each episode:

People's **Interests** linked with each episode's content

- | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1 “Social Inclusion” | 4 “Recipes” |
| 2 “Special Education” | 5 6 “Inclusive Education” |
| 3 “Healthy Lifestyle”, | 7 “Volunteering” |
| “Organic Food”, | 8 “Solidarity” |
| “Veganism”, “Vegetarianism” | |

GOAL = REACH

Show the ads to as many people as possible, in order to reach higher levels of awareness of SEMEAR



Visual representations of the ads (Ep #1)

ESTIMATED RESULTS

	Potential Reach ⁽¹⁾	Estimated Daily Results ⁽²⁾
Ep. #1 – SEMEAR Program	16k	2k-5,8k
Ep. #2 – SEMEAR Academia	9,9k	1,7k-5k
Ep. #3 – SEMEAR Terra	350k	3k-8,6k
Ep. #4 – SEMEAR Mercearia	320k	3k-8,5k
Ep. #5 – Trainees	28k	2,7k-7,9k
Ep. #6 – Trainers	28k	2,7k-7,9k
Ep. #7 – Volunteers	82k	2,8k-8,2k
Ep. #8 – Partners	53k	2,8k-8,1k

(1) Estimated size of the audience eligible to see the ad;

(2) Number of estimated people that will reach the audience per day.

Figure 8 – Results' Estimation of the Paid Display Ads based on Facebook Ads

7.5. MILESTONES AND FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

With exception of July, September and October, all the remaining months will have at least one action to be implemented in order to succeed in the deployment of each tactic. Total budget will be equal to 173.9€.

MILESTONES

TACTIC	TASK	YEAR 2022											
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
PARTNERSHIP WITH SIC ESPERANÇA	Fill in the registration form and send to sicesperanca@sic.pt	■											
	Contact <i>SIC Esperança</i> addressing the willingness to launch a TV campaign about social exclusion												
	Launch the TV Spot “SEMEAR Inclusion with <i>SIC Esperança</i> ” ⁽¹⁾												
DAYTIME TV PROGRAM PARTICIPATION	Contact the program (casafeliz@sic.pt) and the nutritionist (mariana_abecasis@hotmail.com) by e-mail					■							
	Presence in the program (Interview + Live recipe) + Post on Social Media								■				
SOCIAL MEDIA STRATEGY	#SemearNumMinuto Episodes (Launch + Paid Display Ads)												
	Facebook: 12h ⁽²⁾ Instagram: 18h ⁽²⁾												

Ep. #1 – 01/02
Ep. #2 – 24/03 (National Student Day)
Ep. #3 – 22/04 (Earth's Day)

Ep. #4 – 09/06
(National Day of Portuguese Gastronomy)

Ep. #5 – 22/08
(International Day of Persons with Disabilities)

Ep. #6 – 18/11 (National Trainer Day)
Ep. #7 – 05/12 (International Volunteering Day)
Ep. #8 – 20/12 (International Human Solidarity Day)



FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

TOTAL = 0€

Public Service Space
(free of charge for institutions)

TOTAL ≈ 75€

Bundle offerings to presenters and products for the live recipe

TOTAL = 100€

Facebook Ads (each video with a budget of 12,5€ sponsored for 5 days)

(1) It will depend on the partnership's acceptance; (2) According to SEMEAR's Social Media Report, these are the hours when followers interact the most with page's content in each social network

Source: Individual Analysis; Social Media Report of SEMEAR (June-July 2020); *SIC Esperança's* Website; SEMEAR's Website; Facebook Business Ads Manager

To see the milestones in a timeline, check [Appendix 14](#) and more detailed information about financial implications, check [Appendix 15](#).

7.6. RISKS, CONTINGENCIES AND KPIs

Partnership failure, nutritionist's refusal to make the live recipe, lack of time to develop video content and low video engagement are the risks. The main KPIs to be assessed are the number of visits on website/social media, sales revenues' increase and 1-minute video views.

RISKS & CONTINGENCIES



IMPOSSIBILITY OF PARTNERING WITH SIC ESPERANÇA OR TO PARTICIPATE IN THE PROGRAM

Try to appear on *Imagens de Marca**, a *SIC Notícias* TV program, exposing how the brand fights against exclusion.



MARIANA ABECASIS REFUSAL TO MAKE A LIVE RECIPE ON TV

Negotiate with her or take advantage of “*Amigos do Semear*” members to understand who would fit this role.



LACK OF TIME TO DEVELOP VIDEOS FOR TACTIC #3

Ask for help of its communication partner **Wisdom Consulting** to manage video resources and social media pages.



LOW ENGAGEMENT OF COMMUNITY TO THE VIDEOS

Consider to invest more, in order to reach more people and to be more cost effective.

KPIs

- > Ratings of the TV Ad ⁽¹⁾
- > **Number of visits on the website**
- > **Number of visits on social media**

1

PARTNERSHIP WITH SIC ESPERANÇA

- > Website and Social Media Traffic
- > **Sales Revenues' Increase** (vs. same month of the previous year)
- > Engagement Rate ⁽³⁾

2

DAYTIME TV PROGRAM PARTICIPATION

- > Reach ⁽²⁾
- > Video engagement ⁽³⁾
- > **1-Minute Video Views** ⁽⁴⁾
- > Followers Growth

3

SOCIAL MEDIA STRATEGY

* This program has an audience profile that corresponds to the suggested target market: women, between 25 and 54 years old, from Upper and Middle Class, who live in the Great Lisbon

(1) % of potential audience tuned to the spot; (2) Number of people who have seen the ad; (3) Clicks, Reactions, Comments and Shares; (4) Number of times the video has been played for at least 1 min

Source: Individual Analysis; * TVI24, 2004

To see detailed information about risks and contingencies check [Appendix 16](#) and more detailed information about KPIs check [Appendix 17](#).

7.8. CONCLUSION

In order for SEMEAR to become financially and socially sustainable, it should expand its B2C segment at SEMEAR *na Mercaria* by increasing program's brand awareness, acquiring new customers within the target market and improving its portfolio offerings.



ORGANIZATIONAL CHALLENGE

SEMEAR should expand its **B2C segment** in order to become financially and socially sustainable



RECOMMENDED TARGETING

- > Women from 25 to 54 years old who live in the Region of Lisbon;
- > Health conscious; Artisanal Lover; Altruist



RECOMMENDED POSITIONING

- > High-quality gourmet artisanal products;
- > Brand that goes beyond profit, integrates IDD people;
- > Cares about food waste.



GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

- > Increase the weight of B2C segment on total sales;
- > Increase brand awareness.



STRATEGIC INITIATIVES

1. Increasing the sustainability of SEMEAR's social mission
2. Expand B2C market segment - Customer acquisition
3. Product/Service development for the B2C market segment



TACTICS

1. Partnership with *SIC Esperança*, TV Program Participation and Social Media Strategy (Paid Ads)
2. Brand Ambassadors; Partnership with Non Basta Group; Paid Media (Ads)
3. Bundles Customization, Recipe sharing, Limited-edition bundles



ASSESS SUCCESS

SEMEAR should evaluate goals and objectives' achievement, assess the main KPIs for each tactic and the success of the milestones' implementation.

8. RISKS AND LIMITATIONS

The main limitations the group faced while developing this work project were the following: focus on a single business unit (SEMEAR *na Mercearia*), Covid-19 pandemic restrictions as well as time, monetary and research constraints.

CONSTRAINTS

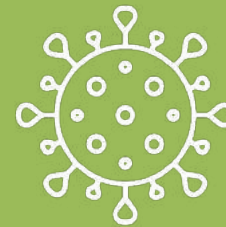
FOCUS

On **SEMEAR na Mercearia** rather than on the others business units or even on all business units at once, being the **efforts and analysis only directed to one specific social business**.



COVID-19

A **situation constraint** for the project, where the communication with the organization, professor and team members was entirely made through online platforms.



The work project **lasted for 4 months**, which explains the **willingness to focus more deeply on a single business unit** rather than superficially on the others. The **absence of monetary resources** made **difficult to have access to high quality and reliable studies**.



MONETARY AND TIME

Desk Research brings risks such as the possibility of the **data being outdated** and being **difficult to assess the quality and reliability of data**.

Online survey may have samples often random and sometimes **not representative of all customers**.



RESEARCH



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APPENDIXES





OBJECT OF STUDY, STUDY OBJECTIVE AND SCOPE



APPENDIX 1. STUDY SCOPE

In 2014, BIPP founded SEMEAR program with the main aim of training and employing disabled people. Year by year, SEMEAR has been achieving important landmarks, such as the placement of 31 people with IDD in the job market.

PROBLEM IDENTIFIED

- ✍ 900 000 portuguese people with disabilities or impairment, where the majority are at risk of poverty and/or social exclusion;
- ✍ In the last 10 years, it was registered a 41% increase of unemployment rate amongst disabled people (vs. a reduction of 38% in the overall population);
- ✍ Recognition of the competences and skills of these people were still not achieved yet.

In 2005, the private non-profit Social Solidarity Organization BIPP was created to:



VISION: Promote an effective inclusion of people with disabilities

MISSION: Develop projects aiming at the inclusion of people with disabilities

MAIN ACHIEVEMENTS SEMEAR 2014-2019

- 31 young people and adults with intellectual disabilities placed in the job market;
- 44 000 gourmet products produced with the participation of IDD people;
- 863 fresh biological baskets sold to consumers;
- 1449 volunteers of a total of 59 firms.



In 2014, BIPP developed SEMEAR, a "sustainable program that aims at promoting employability and social inclusion and job placement for young people and adults with Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities (IDD)" ⁽¹⁾



APPENDIX 2.1. METHODOLOGY

As part of diagnosis stage are the literature review, organizational challenge formulation and external and internal analysis. To conduct these steps, desk and primary research were used, mainly annual reports and information available online, and in-dept interviews, respectively.

DIAGNOSIS



STEPS

(1) An **analysis of the current situation** of *SEMEAR na Mercearia* business unit was conducted, in order to understand the main gaps that could lead to the organizational challenge; (2) To be aware of the brand, its portfolio and results the group decided to **deep dive in this business unit**; (3) Afterwards, an **external and internal situation analysis** were developed to recognize the main factors that influence the business. As part of the external analysis are Opportunities and Threats of the market as well as competitors and consumer trends. The internal analysis consisted of the recognition of Strengths and Weaknesses of the business unit, its partners and the target market (4) In the end of Diagnosis the **Organizational Challenge** was formulated.



METHODOLOGY

(1) The organizational challenge was found through **primary research** with the help of João Amado, the head of Marketing, in the **first interview**; (2) The analysis of SEMEAR program was developed having as support **annual reports** and **information about the organization available on the website**; (3) To conduct the internal and external analysis, **desk research** was used to gather information about the external context, competition, consumer trends, partners and target market, provided by the annual reports and information available online.

APPENDIX 2.2. METHODOLOGY

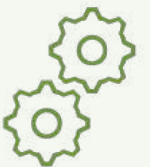
Semi-structured interviews and an online survey were conducted in order to gather consumers insights about the market and the brand. All data collected was critically analyzed to provide the best conclusions to be used in recommendations block.

ANALYSIS



STEPS

(1) The first step of the analysis stage was to **identify and interview** few **current and potential consumers**, who match the profile previously identified, according to their motive for consumption; (2) An **analysis of the qualitative data** gathered was developed, in order to **identify the hypothesis to be tested in a quantitative way**; (3) Finally, the **results** from customers' insights **and the data obtained by the group on the diagnosis stage helped the group to deepen the understanding of SEMEAR na Mercearia's potential on B2C segment**, for further develop the best strategic initiatives and tactics to reach that market.



METHODOLOGY

(1) Due to the lack of accessibility of the clear profile of SEMEAR's target market, a preliminary analysis was conducted through **Facebook and Instagram Analytics** to define consumers profile by analyzing data of representative current clients. Afterwards, the group conducted **6 online semi-structured interviews***, based on the identified profile; (2) The qualitative data was gathered through the **semi-structured interviews**; (3) An **Online Survey** was launched targeting current and potential consumers, who fulfilled some pre-defined requirements (gender, age, county of residence, role in the home food purchases) to obtain quantitative information based on the insights from the interviews.

* The research ended up in the 6th interviewee due to Theoretical Saturation, meaning that interviewing more people would not add new information.

Source: Conducted by the group

APPENDIX 2.3. METHODOLOGY

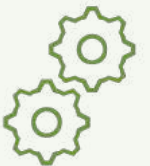
After defining Segmentation, Targeting, Positioning (STP) and Goals, a strategic initiative was formulated together with 3 tactics to attain it.

RECOMMENDATIONS



STEPS

(1) At the first place, **segmentation, targeting and positioning** were defined, in order to understand how SEMEAR should approach; (2) At the second place, a **financial and a non-financial goal** (mission-driven goal) **were pointed out** as the desired end results SEMEAR should assess, in order to measure the success; (3) **A strategic initiative per student was formulated** to recommend which direction SEMEAR should follow; (4) Finally, **for each strategic initiative, three tactics were determined** with the main aim of suggesting SEMEAR the plan the brand should adopt to achieve the pre-defined goals.



METHODOLOGY

(1) Segmentation, Targeting and Positioning were developed based on **the insights from the previous analysis' stage**; (2) **The financial goal was defined based on a Sales Forecast** ⁽¹⁾, while the **social mission-oriented goal was based on Instagram Followers Forecast** ⁽²⁾, both until 2022; (3)/(4) **Strategic Initiatives and Tactics were developed based on the analysis previously made as well as on the insights from interviewees and survey's respondents.**

APPENDIX 2.4. METHODOLOGY

The collection of data is an important step that should be followed to develop an effective marketing plan. In Desk Research, there are some limitations that should be taken into consideration such as the difficulty to evaluate the quality and reliability of the findings.



DATA COLLECTION

DESK RESEARCH What it is & Limitations

Research is essential to an effective marketing plan in several points in time ⁽¹⁾. Each type of research that will be used by the group provides useful information in different manners. Therefore, it is important to highlight the main advantages and limitations of each source used to collect information and data needed.

Types of research used:

- Desk Research
- Primary Research (Interviews and Online Survey)



Desk research or **secondary data** consists in any data gathered from an existing resource and is the mainly used as initial insights for any topic that the researcher does not have much knowledge about the subject matter ⁽²⁾. This secondary data can be internal data from the company/organization, which in this case is collected from company records, sales reports and existing sales studies; or it can be external information that in this case is gathered from external sources as databases, internet and social networks, books and/or government resources.



Limitations: As it is not specifically gathered for the business, it may not fully fit the problem and answer specific questions the researcher might have, besides the possibility of being outdated and being difficult to assess the quality and reliability of the data ⁽²⁾.

(1) Basil, Diaz-Meneses, and Basil 2019; (2) Mooi, Sarstedt, and Mooi-Reci 2018

APPENDIX 2.5. METHODOLOGY

Semi-structured interviews are a method of sampling which consists of pre-defined questions to the interviewee to find important insights for the next stages, even though the comparison between interviews can become an obstacle..



DATA COLLECTION

PRIMARY RESEARCH Semi-structured Interviews and Limitations

Research is essential to an effective marketing plan in several points in time ⁽¹⁾. Each type of research that will be used by the group provides useful information in different manners. Therefore, it is important to highlight the main advantages and limitations of each source used to collect information and data needed.

Types of research used:

- Desk Research
- Primary Research (Interviews and Online Survey)



Semi-structured interviews are conversations one-to-one with a consumer or decision-maker in a specific topic. These interviews can vary in structure levels, for the purpose of our research, the interview will be semi-structured. Semi-structured interviews contain a series of pre-defined questions that must be addressed, being these interviews used for gathering qualitative data, where the questions can be answered in different formats ⁽²⁾. In specific, these interviews will be used to identify consumers' behaviors and biases that can't be identified through desk research.



Limitations: Since these interviews are semi-structured, answers may vary and the comparison between interviews can become difficult ⁽²⁾.

(1) Basil, Diaz-Meneses, and Basil 2019; (2) Mooi, Sarstedt, and Mooi-Reci 2018

APPENDIX 2.6. METHODOLOGY

In Primary Research, specifically in online surveys, large samples can be reached in a relatively inexpensive way. There are also some disadvantages like the amount of time needed and the bias that can be found in the data due to the distribution.



DATA COLLECTION

PRIMARY RESEARCH Online survey and Limitations

Research is essential to an effective marketing plan in several points in time ⁽¹⁾. Each type of research that will be used by the group provides useful information in different manners. Therefore, it is important to highlight the main advantages and limitations of each source used to collect information and data needed.

Types of research used:

- Desk Research
- Primary Research (Interviews and Online Survey)



An **online survey** is usually a quantitative research that provides exclusive and recent information, collected for the purpose aimed by the group with precise measures. It can reach large sample sizes due to its easy access and promotion, being the least expensive method of primary research. Additionally, it does not require an interviewer which means none training is needed and a lack of interviewer biases may mean better results ⁽²⁾.



Limitations: Online survey drawbacks are the collection which can be time consuming; Samples are often random and not representative of all customers due to the difficulty of reaching challenging population or poor distribution may lead to biased data ⁽²⁾.



LITERATURE REVIEW



APPENDIX 3.1. HYBRID ORGANIZATIONS & SOCIAL ENTERPRISES

In the case of *SEMEAR*, the profit serves as the engine of the social mission achievement through *SEMEAR na Terra* and *SEMEAR na Mercearia* business units, since it will be invested, afterwards, in the training of people with IDD.

CLARIFICATION

- > It is important to understand that the **marketing**, in this case, **will not consider the profit maximization goal as the core**. Instead, in the case of this social enterprise, **the profit has a support role of the social mission**. Having said this, the marketing that will be addressed will incorporate these facts, being the profit entirely connected to the social mission. In fact, **the profit will be reinvested with the main aim of maintaining the sustainability of the project** and not for the owners' benefit, as we are used to see in commercial-oriented enterprises.
- > **Social enterprises use the product and/or service just as a mean to achieve the predefined social goal**, aiming "primarily to pursue a social mission and to ultimately transform their social environment". ⁽¹⁾

SEMEAR

- > The previously mentioned facts can be demonstrated by looking at the example of SEMEAR. **The program uses the profit from the products it sells at *SEMEAR na Terra* and *SEMEAR na Mercearia* as a mean to sustain the investment in training and integrating disabled people in society and labor market.**
- > As any social organization, SEMEAR tries to go after a problem that, in their point of view, must receive better attention due to its importance next to citizens, where the potential outcome can positively overcome their initial objective.
- > To sum up, **SEMEAR is focused on maximizing value creation to both beneficiaries and society**, where the financial gain of its social business units serves exclusively to increase its societal gain.

(1) Mair and Martí 2006

APPENDIX 3.2. DIAGNOSIS TOOLS

To better understand the market and the business situation, SWOT, 3Cs and PESTLE frameworks were used for the Diagnosis block.

SWOT ANALYSIS



It is one of the most common and well-known analytical techniques for understanding the situation a business is facing (Calkins, 2012)

Internal factors: **strengths** the business can build on (S) and **weaknesses** the business must deal with (W);

External factors: **opportunities** of the market (O) and **threats** on the horizon (T).

3Cs ANALYSIS



According to Calkins (2012), this analysis focuses on **understanding the main business players:**

Customers: success comes when costumers are understood and pleased;

Competitors: actions of competitors can affect the business success;

(Value) Channel partners: they facilitate the customers in many ways to access the product.

PESTLE ANALYSIS



Strategic management tool used by companies to **view the whole environment from many different angles** to check and keep track on what may affect the business (Marmol, Feys, and Probert 2015).

Factors: Political, Economical, Social, Technological, Legal and Environmental

ADVANTAGES

(1) Forces you to consider each of these important topics; (2) The analysis is critical to understand the situation/issues the business is facing; (3) Solid and useful approaches to build a deeper understanding of the business.

LIMITATIONS

(1) The SWOT and PESTLE analyzes **don't lead logically to action**;
 (2) The tools allow the gathering of **plenty information but not all is useful**.
These limitations were mitigated though the collection of only the facts and data considered relevant for the group analysis.

APPENDIX 3.3. GOST FRAMEWORK | RECOMMENDATIONS TOOLS

GOST Framework by Tim Calkins (2012) consists of an action-oriented model which helps developing a marketing plan. It will be used in the project since it helps the organization to keep the focus and efforts on the most important goals.

GOST FRAMEWORK



Framework based on 3 fundamental key components of the marketing plan. The **Goals or Objectives** (what the business is trying to achieve), the **Strategic initiatives** (the big moves the business will make in order to achieve growth) and the **Tactics** (specific programs and moves the business will make to support the strategic initiatives).



Goals/Objectives:

- ✦ 1 or 2 to have a focus on the desired end result;
- ✦ **SMART**: Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant and Time specific;
- ✦ Usually are **financial objectives** but can also be **non-financial**, like **social mission oriented**.



Strategic Initiatives:

- ✦ Just a few, ideally 3;
- ✦ Criteria to choose: MECE ("Mutually Exclusive, Collectively Exhaustive");
- ✦ **Characteristics**: clear, action-oriented, measurable, directly support the objectives.



Tactics:

- ✦ Highlight the most important on the marketing plan;
- ✦ Focus on the most critical things, some details are unnecessary;
- ✦ Consistent with the strategy.

ADVANTAGES

(1) Action-oriented framework as the result is a comprehensive and executable strategic plan; (2) Easy to follow, helps to keep the focus on the planning process; (3) Leads to a better consistency of the plan and alignment with the business long-term objectives.

LIMITATIONS

(1) Difficulty in choosing the most critical goals and objectives of the business and the few best strategic initiatives to reach those the desired results.



DIAGNOSIS



APPENDIX 4. WEBSITE'S SALES ANALYSIS 2020

Until now website's sales accounted for 4.8k€ and 70% of the sales were registered in November. Lisbon, Oeiras and Sintra are the top 3 counties where the purchases are delivered to.

SALES PER MONTH 2020

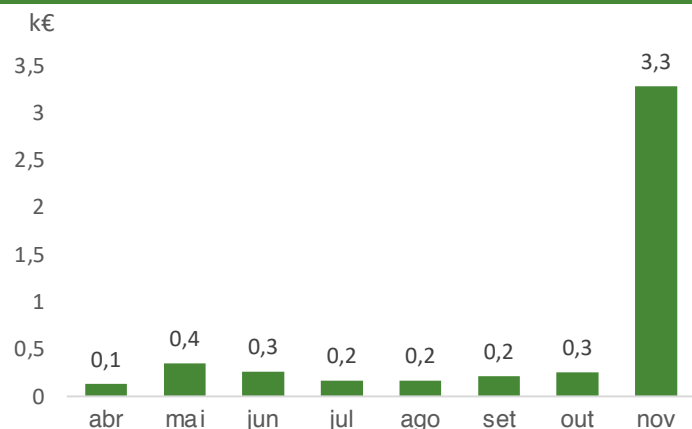


Figure 1 – Monthly sales of SEMEAR na Mercearia (April-November, 2020)

SALES PER COUNTY 2020

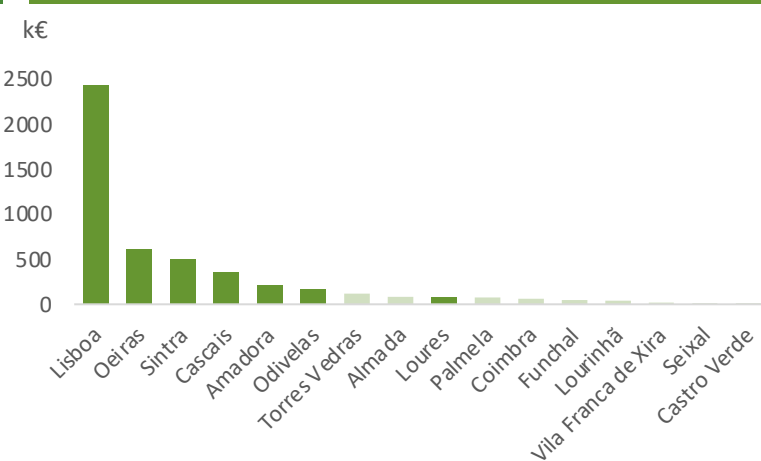


Figure 2 – Sales per county (April-November, 2020)

TOP 6 SKU's SOLD 2020

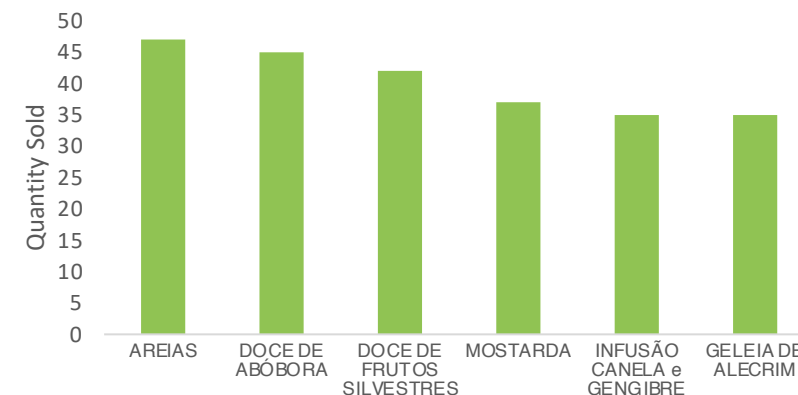


Figure 3 – Top selling products (April-November, 2020)

- **Total sales = 4.8k€;**
- 70% of online sales were registered in November;
- The online sale of SEMEAR's na Mercearia products only started in mid-April and all products were sold out on November 25th. Hence the analysis period was restricted to these months.

- **50% of online sales were delivered to customers who live in Lisbon;**
- **The group chose to focus on the counties that together represented 90% of the sales** (these counties also correspond to the ones where the organic baskets' delivery is available).
- **Loures** was also chosen since SEMEAR added to the list of places where the bio baskets are available and, therefore, has also a great potential.

ONLINE ORDERS

Number of orders = 208

Average order value = 23,4€

Maximum order value = 313,50€

Minimum order value = 2,50€

APPENDIX 5.1. BUSINESS RESULTS **SEMEAR NA MERCEARIA** (SALES AND SERVICES PROVIDED)

Total Revenues, which include not only sales and services but also donations and subsidies, have been increasing over time but the same has been happening to Total Expenses. Last year, the operating income suffered a decrease of about 26k€ when compared to 2018.

	2016	2017	2018	2019
Sales and services provided	4 203,19	64 278,00	233 306,46	315 107,55
Donations	67 476,56	97 983,97	180 060,54	114 980,10
In-kind donations				3 014,00
Cash donations	67 476,56	97 983,97	171 029,50	104 038,53
Subsidies – IEPF (<i>Instituto do Emprego e Formação Profissional</i>)			9 031,04	7 927,57
Total Revenues	71 679,75	162 261,97	413 367,00	430 087,65
Expenses				
COGS (Costs of Goods Sold)	2 221,83	89 640,00	212 360,30	236 387,52
Supplies and Services	46 379,26	1 435,85	34 177,47	28 297,24
Personnel Expenses	16 268,91	20 340,75	28 101,86	52 513,75
Total Expenses	64 870,00	111 416,60	274 639,63	317 198,51
Gross Margin	69 457,92	72 621,97	201 006,70	193 700,13
Operating income	6 809,75	50 845,37	138 727,37	112 889,14

Figure 4 – Operating Income of *Mercearia* 2016-2019 (in euros)

APPENDIX 5.2. BUSINESS RESULTS *SEMEAR NA MERCEARIA* (DONATIONS & SUBSIDIES)

Donations and subsidies have been varying a lot year by year. From 2017 to 2018, they increased by 84% while from 2018 to 2019, these accounts decreased by 36%, which contributed to a deceleration of total revenues growth, that rose only 4%.

	Δ 2016-2017	Δ 2017-2018	Δ 2018-2019
Sales and provided services	1429%	263%	35%
Donations (subsidies included)	45%	84%	-36%
Total Revenues	126%	155%	4%

Figure 5 – Variation of Total Revenues of *Mercelandia* 2016-2019 (in euros)

APPENDIX 5.3. BUSINESS RESULTS *SEMEAR NA MERCEARIA* (EXPENSES)

In 2019, COGS* accounted for 55% of total revenues of *SEMEAR na Mercearia*, followed by personnel expenses with 12%. In fact, as it is expected, Costs of Goods Sold was the greatest responsible for the costs as this business unit represents a commercial activity.

	2016	%	2017	%	2018	%	2019	%
Sales and provided services	4 203,19		64 278,00		233 306,46		315 107,55	
Donations (subsidies included)	67 476,56		97 983,97		180 060,54		114 980,10	
Total Revenues	71 679,75	100%	162 261,97	100%	413 367,00	100%	430 087,65	100%
Expenses								
COGS	2 221,83	3%	89 640,00	55%	212 360,30	51%	236 387,52	55%
Supplies and Services	46 379,26	65%	1 435,85	1%	34 177,47	8%	28 297,24	7%
Personnel Expenses	16 268,91	23%	20 340,75	13%	28 101,86	7%	52 513,75	12%
Total Expenses	64 870,00	90%	111 416,60	69%	274 639,63	66%	317 198,51	74%
Gross Margin	69 457,92	97%	72 621,97	45%	201 006,70	49%	193 700,13	45%
Operating income	6 809,75	10%	50 845,37	31%	138 727,37	34%	112 889,14	26%

Figure 6 – Evolution of the operating profitability of sales and the weight of the several costs on sales at *Mercearia* 2016-2019 (in euros)

	2016	%	2017	%	2018	%	2019
COGS (Costs of Goods Sold)	2 221,83	3%	89 640,00	80%	212 360,30	77%	236 387,52
Supplies and Services	46 379,26	71%	1 435,85	1%	34 177,47	12%	28 297,24
Personnel Expenses	16 268,91	25%	20 340,75	18%	28 101,86	10%	52 513,75
Total Costs	64 870,00	100%	111 416,60	100%	274 639,63	100%	317 198,51

Figure 7 – Evolution of Costs Structure at *Mercearia* 2016-2019 (in euros)

* Costs of Goods Sold

APPENDIX 5.4. BUSINESS RESULTS *SEMEAR NA MERCEARIA* (HUMAN RESOURCES)

At the end of 2018, there was a new employee allocated to the commercial and marketing area. Besides that, from 2017 to 2019, two kitchen helpers were added as well as one responsible for the distribution, totalizing the team of *SEMEAR na Mercearia* 7 members.

	2016	2017	2018	2019
SEMEAR na Mercearia Responsible	1	1	1	1
Production	1	1	1	1
Commercial and Marketing	0	0	1	1
Cooker	1	1	1	1
Kitchen Helper	0	0	2	2
Distribution	0	0	1	1
Total	3	3	7	7

Figure 8 – Allocation of Human Resources at *Mercearia* 2016-2019 (number of workers)

APPENDIX 5.5. BUSINESS RESULTS *SEMEAR NA MERCEARIA* (SEASONALITY)

December accounted for 77% of total sales, followed by November with 12%. It can be seen the seasonality effect in the last month of the year due to the high level of Christmas bundles' demand.

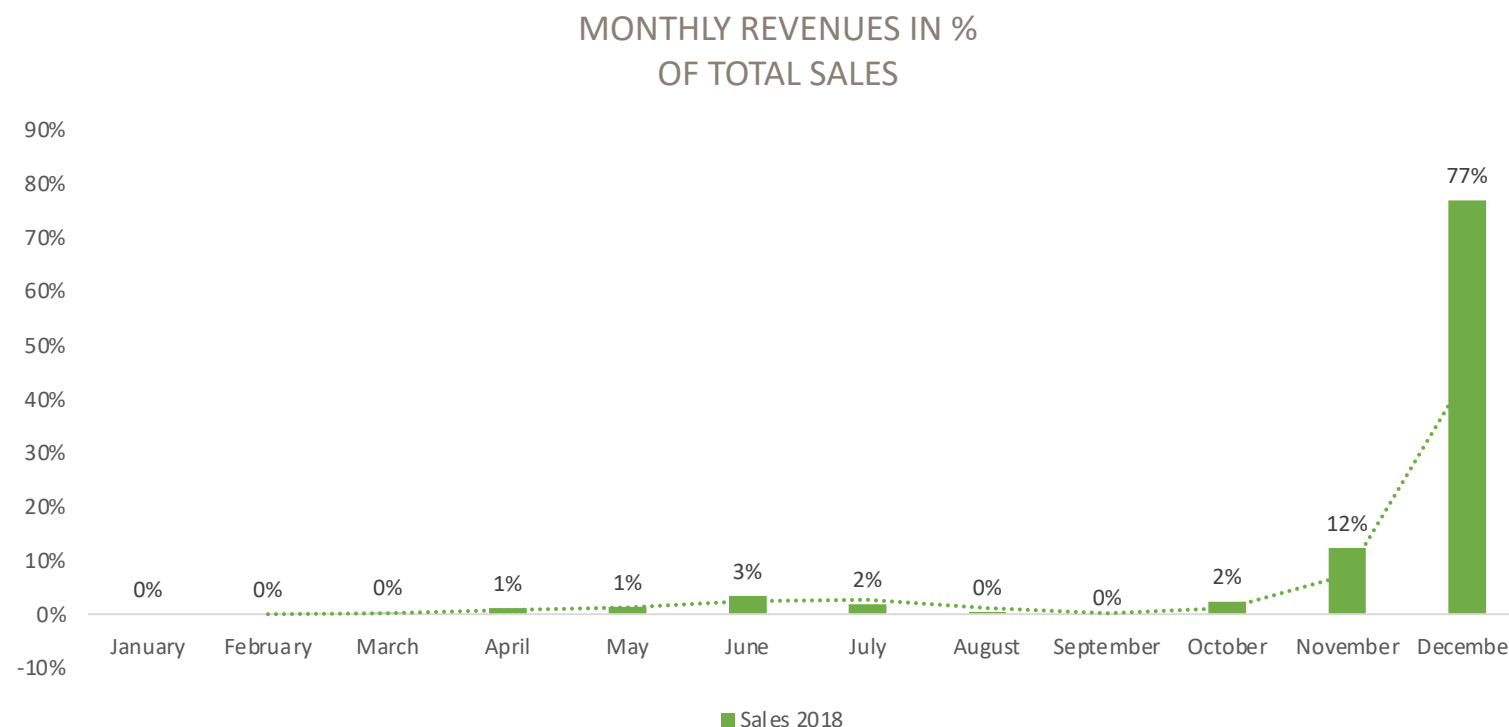


Figure 9 – Seasonality Effect on Sales in 2018 (% of total sales)

APPENDIX 5.6. SEMEAR PROGRAM BUSINESS RESULTS

The following table represents the income statement of SEMEAR in 2018 and 2019, where is shown the net income in both years.

DEMONSTRAÇÕES DOS RESULTADOS POR NATUREZAS

DOS EXERCÍCIOS FINDOS EM 31 DE DEZEMBRO DE 2019 E 2018

RENDIMENTOS E GASTOS	Notas	2019	2018
Vendas e Serviços prestados	6	474 367	321 880
Subsídios à exploração	7/11.9	623 297	652 573
Custos das matérias consumidas	5	(288 920)	(157 479)
Fornecimentos e serviços externos	11.10	(325 126)	(300 801)
Gastos com o pessoal	9	(328 584)	(270 362)
Outros rendimentos	11.11	19 843	22 864
Outros gastos	11.12	(2 871)	(3 758)
Resultado antes de depreciações, gastos de financiamento e impostos		172 005	264 917
Gastos de depreciação e de amortização	4	(27 174)	(22 228)
Resultado operacional (antes de gastos de financiamento e impostos)		144 831	242 689
Juros e rendimentos similares obtidos	11.13	14	35
Juros e gastos similares suportados	11.13	(270)	(72)
Resultado antes de Imposto		144 575	242 652
Imposto sobre o rendimento do período	8	(727)	(263)
Resultado líquido do período		143 848	242 389

Figure 10 – SEMEAR's Income Statement (2018 and 2019)

IMPORTANT NOTES (from the Income Statement):

6. RÉDITO

Para o período de 2019 e 2018 foram reconhecidos os seguintes réditos:

Descrição	2019	2018
Vendas	337 310	252 170
Prestação de Serviços	137 057	69 710
Total	474 367	321 880

7. SUBSÍDIOS DO GOVERNO E APOIOS DO GOVERNO

A 31 de Dezembro de 2019 e 2018 a entidade tinha os seguintes saldos nas rubricas de "Subsídios do Estado e outros entes públicos"

Descrição	2019	2018
Subsídios do Estado e Outros Entes Públicos		
IEFP	252 999	154 975
INR	27 659	-
Total	280 658	154 975

11.9 Subsídios, doações e legados à exploração

A entidade reconheceu, nos períodos de 2019 e 2018, os seguintes subsídios, doações, heranças e legados:

Descrição	2019	2018
Subsídios de outras entidades	-	-
Doações	342 639	497 598
Total	342 639	497 598

Os "Subsídios e Apoios do Governo" estão divulgados na nota 7.

APPENDIX 6. PESTLE ANALYSIS

Political, Economical and Social factors from PESTLE are more deeply detailed below.

P **Uncertainty of the political environment** raised by the appearance of Covid-19 pandemic, directly affects businesses.

GDPR (General Data Protection Regulation): “As of May 2018, with the entry into application of GDPR for all companies operating in the EU”. It not only allows citizens to “have more control over their personal data”, but also “businesses to benefit from a level playing field”. ⁽¹⁾

* Compound Annual Growth Rate

E **GDP**: Considering the YOY rate of change, GDP decreased 16.3% in T2 (compared to T2 in 2016). ⁽²⁾

↑ **Unemployment rate**: In July 2020, it raised 9% relatively to the previous month and 20.2% when compared to the previous year (July 2019). ⁽³⁾

↓ **Private consumption**: Portuguese citizens are currently cutting their spendings. From August 2019 to August 2020, Portugal Private Consumption declined 11.5%. ⁽⁴⁾

↑ **Gross Average Monthly Wage**: It registered a rise of 2.6% in July 2020, when compared to the same period in 2019. ⁽³⁾

VAT (Value-Added Tax) policy: "Transfers of goods in Portuguese territory are subject to VAT in Portugal" ⁽⁵⁾. The rates maintained from 2019 to 2020.

S ↑ **Ecommerce growth**: In Portugal, revenue in e-commerce market is expected to register a CAGR* of 6.9% from 2020 to 2024. ⁽⁶⁾

↑ **Health concerns**: The population is increasingly showing concerns about adopting a healthier lifestyle (e.g. increasing biological products' consumption) ⁽⁷⁾.

Consumption habits: Purchase habits are changing since people are giving preference to more practical options (e.g. home delivery services) ⁽⁸⁾.

↑ **Awareness of IDD people's rights**: Complaints regarding discrimination based on disability increased from 41 to 835 between 2009 and 2018 (≈ ↑ 2000%). ⁽⁹⁾

Social restrictions due to Covid-19: the mobility restriction had a severe impact on several businesses.

APPENDIX 7.1. ANALYSIS 3CS: COMPETITORS (I/IV)

SEMEAR considers Casa da Prisca a relevant competitor to be taken into consideration due to its practices and the way this firm positions itself in the market.



CASA DA PRISCA

- > A brand with **more than 100 years of history** that aims to be a leader and a reference of **quality and good practices**;
- > In 1998, it focused on the **internationalization** in the neighbour spanish market. Today, they are **present in more than 40 countries**;
- > Compared to SEMEAR, it offers a **more diversified portfolio of products** in categories such as jams, cheeses and charcuterie. It counts with **innovative product segments** (e.g. sweet sardines);
- > **Less expensive than SEMEAR in the jam's category**;
- > Casa da Prisca's products are **present in various supermarkets** in the national territory (Continente and Auchan).
- > It also sells its products in a **physical store** located in Trancoso, Guarda;

- > Casa da Prisca created a **gifts segment**, which consists of offering a pack of 2 or 3 miniature jams or *patés* at a reasonable price. It reveals to be interesting in the consumers' point of view, since they can **try different flavours at once**;
- > In 2004, the brand assumed an **important strategic change** when defining the **product lines in the jam's category** (Traditional, Seduction, Gourmet, Nature, Special and Monte Calvo) **with different packagings. This category has a higher online focus compared to others**;
- > **Strong online presence**, with communications directed to special days (e.g. Labor Day, Halloween, Valentine's Day, Black Friday, etc.);
- > Its **website** does not have an online store (as SEMEAR), neither the prices are shown there. Additionally, it has a **section of recipes**, where it is shared, from starters to deserts, meals where customers can use their products.

APPENDIX 7.2. ANALYSIS 3CS: COMPETITORS (II/IV)

Other competitors such as Quinta de Jugais and Sociedade Agrícola Industrial do Algarve, Lda. (that owns *Quinta do Freixo* and *Quinta do Mel*) were also analyzed since they offer similar products as SEMEAR.



QUINTA DE JUGAIS

- > The essence of this brand is connected to the region where it is located: Serra da Estrela. It aims to "bring people the charm of the region, through traditional products with authentic flavour"; ⁽¹⁾
- > Among its portfolio of jams and baskets, **Quinta de Jugais gives greater highlight to this second segment of products**, dividing into Christmas, Gourmet and For Enterprises baskets. Additionally, they give the option to consumers to personalize according to the products and packaging wanted;
- > **In the jam's category, they offer 3 different sizes of packaging** (30g, 280g and 500g), which varies in function of the flavour;
- > **Availability of its products at commercial surfaces** (Continente);
- > They provide **product sections very well structured** in terms of information.



SOCIEDADE AGRÍCOLA INDUSTRIAL DO ALGARVE LDA.

- > It is a **5-generation family business composed by two farming operations**: *Quinta do Freixo* (Loulé) and *Quinta do Mel* (Albufeira).



At Quinta do Freixo, they produce jams, fig cheeses and other products that are served and sold at Quinta do Mel and in other gourmet houses in the country and abroad.

- > Besides the commercialization of products, its business counts with other activities such as agrotourism at Quinta do Mel.
- > **They produce in an organic way** "aromatic herbs, cork, sheep and several fruits and vegetables for processing into jams or other traditional products". ⁽²⁾
- > Its website has an online store divided into different categories of products.

(1) Quinta de Jugais' Website; (2) SAIA's Website

APPENDIX 7.3. ANALYSIS 3CS: COMPETITORS (III/IV)

The competitor Casa de Mateus was also part of the benchmarking analysis since it holds a reasonable position in the category of jams. Additionally, selective supermarkets and local grocery stores were assessed as competitors since they sell identical segment of products.



DOCES CASA DE MATEUS

- > **Founded in 1959** in Vila Real, Trás-os-Montes;
- > Its business calls for **Quality, Tradition** and **Flavour**, claiming that Casa de Mateus' products are "**the favourite of the portuguese since the 60s until today**";⁽¹⁾
- > Possibility of purchasing in national supermarkets (e.g. Continente), **In its website it is only available a very detailed information about the product itself** (ingredients, conservation mode, nutritional statement, net weight, preservatives and others), but it is not possible to purchase;
- > The website has a **section of "Recipes" and "Contests"**, which aim primarily **to increase the engagement level with its clients.**

OTHER COMPETITORS:

- > **Gourmet stores and selective supermarkets:** Private labels from selective supermarkets, such as SuperCor El Corte Inglés, and brands sold at those can be also considered competitors since they offer similar categories of products, in the same price range in a more diversified portfolio of products. By having physical stores and a broad geographical distribution, they are more accessible to consumers which becomes an advantage;
- > **Local grocery stores:** Small businesses in Lisbon that sell similar artisanal products. Usually family owned with a smaller offer with the advantage of the physical store, where consumers go to do some small grocery shopping.

APPENDIX 7.4. ANALYSIS 3CS: COMPETITORS (IV/V)

Firms with a similar portfolio of products to the one offered by *SEMEAR na Mercearia* were identified and a benchmarking analysis was conducted in order to understand the positioning of SEMEAR compared to those relevant players in the market.

				
PROPOSITION	To be a leading company and a benchmark for quality and good practices by developing, producing and trading excellent items that enable people to taste the best that life can give	The passion for the richness of Serra da Estrela is the daily fuels of the dream of being able to bring people the charm of the region through traditional products with authentic flavor	Agriculture holding that believes that “an extremely careful preparation guarantees flavor and good preservation capacity ” of its products	Since 1959, Casa de Mateus sweets have been prepared with carefully selected fruits, which ensure the quality and tradition of all times
CATEGORIES	Lines of jams: traditional, nature, seduction, gourmet, special (70 types); line of spices (25 types); cheese, charcuterie, sardines	Lines of jams: traditional, natura, and perfect for cheese (30 types) Christmas bundles	Jams (10 types) Tea and infusions Other products (figs and herbs)	Lines of jams: classic, light, season, food service (22 flavours)
LOCAL	Commercial surfaces of more than 40 countries	Commercial surfaces of 21 countries	Own online store, physically at the farms, national and international gourmet stores	National supermarkets and B2B in the food service industry
PRICE ⁽¹⁾	 Pumpkin Jam 250g – 2.85€ 11.40€/kg	 Pumpkin Jam 280g – 2.49€ 8.89€/kg	 Pumpkin Jam 265g – 4.5€ 16.98€/kg	 Pumpkin Jam 345g – 2.89€ 8.38€/kg

Figure 11 – Competitors' Benchmarking (developed by the group)

(1) Benchmark product: SEMEAR's Pumpkin Jam 200g – 3.5€ | 17.5€/kg; Casa da Prisca's, Quinta de Jugais', SAIA's and Casa de Mateus' Websites

APPENDIX 7.5. ANALYSIS 3CS: COMPETITORS (V/V)

Strengths and best practices of relevant players were identified to better understand the industry and SEMEAR's position in the market.





				
STRENGTHS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Very diversified portfolio, with several lines and flavours to better satisfy the most demanding and diversified taste - Worldwide Distribution - Oldest brand 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Commitment to create the most natural options - Diversified portfolio with innovative flavours - Worldwide Distribution 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Counts with other activities as agrotourism and catering and take advantage of synergies - Organic production 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - High brand recognition nationally - Strong online engagement - Wide range of formats available to enjoy anywhere, anytime
BEST PRACTICES	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Gift segment (a pack of 2 or 3 miniature jams or patés) - Strong online presence with communications directed to special days - Recipes' section on the website 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 3 different size packaging in the jam's category. - Detailed product information available on the website - Line specialized perfect for cheese 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Products from SAIA are used in its own restaurant - Products are presented and sold to their guests 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Section of "recipes" and "contests" on the website to increase the engagement level with its clients. - Food service line - Detailed information about the product, available on the website

Figure 12 – Competitors' Benchmarking (developed by the group)

APPENDIX 7.6. ANALYSIS 3CS: CHANNEL PARTNERS

Being *SEMEAR na Mercearia* a social business, partnerships with companies and organizations are crucial as they allow cost reductions.



SUPPLIERS

Raw materials & Finished Products

> **Agriculture producers** – Key partners as they provide the raw materials for transformation. Usually, these products come from donations due to excess of production or SEMEAR pays for it at a cost price. Most of the raw products are fruits and vegetables in risk of waste, due to its imperfections or size.

> **Final gourmet products' suppliers** – In order to compete with other Christmas Bundles' players, SEMEAR makes partnerships with suppliers of specific products like wine, honey and *charcuterie*, which are sold at SEMEAR's website.

*Besides being the current promotion partners, SEMEAR believes is not effective in targeting the right consumer.

Source: Insights from the interview with SEMEAR's Head of Marketing
To see detailed information about 3Cs Analysis, check [Appendix 3.2](#)



PARTNERS

Production and Distribution Facilities

> **Instituto Superior de Agronomia (ISA) – School of Agriculture:**

- **Production:** Key partner of SEMEAR program. *SEMEAR na Mercearia* highly benefits from this partnership since the preparation, confection and transformation of their products happens at ISA's industrial kitchen.
- **Distribution:** One of the physical selling point of *SEMEAR na Mercearia* is ISA's Reception.



PARTNERS

Promotion

> **Instituto do Emprego e Formação Profissional (IEFP)*** – Key partner of SEMEAR program as it also finances the training. *SEMEAR na Mercearia* benefits from the promotion and projects developed with IEFP for the inclusion of people with IDD.

> **Wisdom Consulting*** – Communication and PR Partner for all business units and products' promotion for *SEMEAR na Mercearia*.

> **“Amigos do SEMEAR” Group** – A WhatsApp Group with influent members that communicate the program in exchange for a monthly basket.

APPENDIX 7.7. ANALYSIS 3CS: CONSUMER TRENDS (I/III)

Consumers are increasingly opting for biological products and products that have a social purpose behind. Additionally, they are more aware of food waste issue and the impact that their daily behavior has on it.



BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS

> The growth of biological products' consumption has been one topic discussed in the agri-food sector.

- It is estimated that **products' expenses from this segment in Portugal will duplicate until 2027**, changing from 5€ to 10€ *per capita* per year ⁽¹⁾.

> However, there are still some challenges that need to be overcome, such as the lack of clear information about the benefits of this type of agriculture and the **absence of knowledge** about Biological Agriculture principles ⁽¹⁾.

> **The price fixed for these products is more expensive** due to difficulties in supplying markets.



PRODUCTS WITH SOCIAL PURPOSE

> Millennial consumers expect brands to have a **purpose beyond profit** ⁽²⁾.

- 79% would prefer to purchase products from a company that operates with a social purpose.

> When purchasing, **consumers expect brands and products to have not only functional benefits but also social purpose** ⁽³⁾.

> Although **social purpose** can not be seen as the single most important factor in consumer decisions, brands that can pull it well have a **huge opportunity to stand out and make a difference** ⁽⁴⁾.



FOOD WASTE AWARENESS

> According to the Marketing Research Institute, **one million of tons per year are wasted in Portugal** in a planet where 1/6 of the population starves ⁽⁵⁾. This reality has economic, social and environment impact.

> However, according to a study conducted by national experts from the public and academic private sector, **it is being foreseen that governmental policies will make food waste reduce by 15% until 2027** ⁽⁶⁾. Additionally, consumers are more aware of the impact their behaviors have on this issue, which positively contributes to this reduction.

(1) *Distribuição Hoje* 2019; (2) The Economist Group 2017; (3) Harvard Business Review 2017; (4) The Drum 2018; (5) *Instituto de Marketing Research* 2019; (6) IPAM 2018

To see detailed information about 3Cs Analysis, check [Appendix 3.2](#)

APPENDIX 7.8. ANALYSIS 3CS: CONSUMER TRENDS (II/III)

Still about consumer trends, choosing products that are made locally and nationally over others that are not have become a new reality. Also, the preference for gourmet and artisanal products have been increasing, as consumers are more concerned about their health



LOCAL PRODUCTS

> There has been an increase in consumer preference for local products. **Main reasons are:**

- The **distance attribute is being more valued**, due to "a **growing local consumption** and **environmental reasons** – carbon footprint" ⁽¹⁾.

- Due to the Covid-19 pandemic, **Portuguese government has been appealing to the consumption of these kind of products** ⁽²⁾.

They launched the national campaign "Alimente quem o alimenta" with the aim of "sensitizing the portuguese citizens to the importance of consuming national and local products, to provide financial support to producers in these times " ⁽²⁾.



GOURMET PRODUCTS

> The gourmet concept was introduced by Jean Savarin, referring to "people with refined and elegant taste" ⁽³⁾.

> The **preference for healthier and gourmet options is a reality which is increasing year by year**: more than 60% of the Portuguese mention that "the concern of their health and well-being reflects much in their daily lives and in their choices" ⁽⁴⁾, in terms of purchase decisions.

> Making gourmet products means "**adding value through the texture, ingredients, taste or image**, differentiating them from similar products" ⁽⁴⁾.



ARTISANAL PRODUCTS

> Artisanal foods consist of handmade products, created in small scales with natural ingredients. "**Artisanal practices focus on the quality of the food, preparation methods, distribution, packaging**, etc" ⁽⁵⁾.

> It has been registering a boom in the demand in Europe for this type of products due to "**a higher consumer awareness for the quality factor**, both in raw-materials and in the production process" ⁽⁶⁾.

> According to Gourmet Artisanal Trends of 2020, "**food is being treated** the way humans should be treated, **with care and consideration**" ⁽⁵⁾.

APPENDIX 7.9. ANALYSIS 3CS: CONSUMER TRENDS (III/III)

Differences between Generation X and Millennials are clear, not only in terms of their characteristics but also regarding consumption patterns. Although both use social media, Millennials are more influenced to purchase through this channel than Gen-X.

	GENERATION-X (1965-1980)	MILLENNIALS (1981-1996)
 DEMOGRAPHY	 > Between 40 and 55 years old; ≈ 23% of the Portuguese population (2019). ⁽¹⁾	 > Between 24 and 39 years old; ≈ 18% of the Portuguese population (2019) ⁽¹⁾
 MEDIA	> Gen-X still uses traditional media channels, but they are also digitally savvy ⁽³⁾ . They use more Facebook than any other generation ⁽³⁾ . Gen-X is more likely to conduct online search at home and then shop in person ⁽³⁾ .	> They have multiple social media accounts ⁽²⁾ . Technology allows them to purchase “how and when they want” ⁽²⁾ . In fact, they are more likely to buy on their smartphones than any other generation ⁽²⁾ .
 ADVERTISING	> Gen-X prefers honest and clear product and marketing messages that outline an obvious path-to-purchase ⁽³⁾ .	> They believe that traditional advertising is not authentic , being more persuaded through word-of-mouth marketing, user-generated content and social selling ⁽³⁾ .
 RELATIONSHIP WITH BRANDS	> Gen-X prefers to buy products that are unique and have high-quality . It is the generation that has the highest rate of brand loyalty , being customer service the key aspect ⁽³⁾ .	> Millennials base their purchasing decisions on products' features and price ⁽¹⁾ , being less loyal to brands . They value brands that engage online and that offer personalized products ⁽¹⁾ . Also, they are willing to pay for brands that have a cause behind or support local communities ⁽⁴⁾ .
 EATING HABITS	> Gen-X is less concerned about finances when the matter is eating. They are willing to pay extra for “fresher”, “authentic” and “homemade” food ⁽²⁾ .	> Convenience is key in food consumption, being delivery services highly valued ⁽⁵⁾ . They privilege healthy foods made with natural ingredients ⁽⁵⁾ .



SEMI-STRUCTURED INTERVIEWS
ONLINE SURVEY



APPENDIX 8. PRE-DEFINED TARGET MARKET | SOCIAL MEDIA ANALYSIS

The real market of SEMEAR can be represented mainly by females between 25 and 54 years old, who are responsible for the home food purchases and who live in Lisbon.

METHODOLOGY



With a great level of confidence, 20 people were selected, representing the real market of SEMEAR.

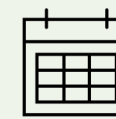
SELECTION CRITERIA



1. Profiles who interacted with SEMEAR Facebook and Instagram page



2. Reviews, comments and shares from current consumers of SEMEAR



3. From a wide time interval (March-October) to guarantee consistency

RESULTS

AGE RANGE

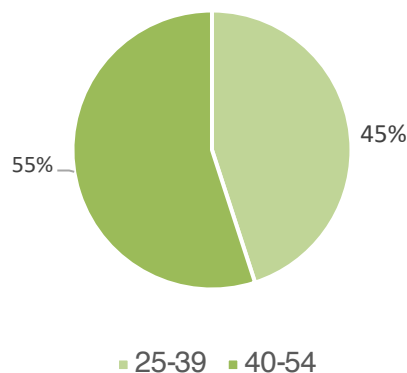


Figure 13 – Age range from the selected real market (%)

25-39 YEARS

40-54 YEARS

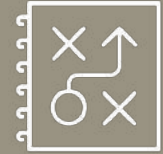
GENDER	89% Female	91% Female
CIVIL STATUS	66% Married	91% Married
HAVE CHILDREN	56% Yes	81% Yes
RATE OF EDUCATION	89% Higher Education	64% Higher Education
MUNICIPALITIES	55% Lisbon 11% Cascais 22% Sintra; 11% N/A	45% Lisbon 27% Cascais 18% Sintra 9% Oeiras

KEY TAKEAWAYS

Females from 25 to 54 years old represent 100% of the sample.

These females have children and make the family food purchases, which indicates they are the household managers

Most of these women live in Lisbon and the others nearby: Cascais and Sintra



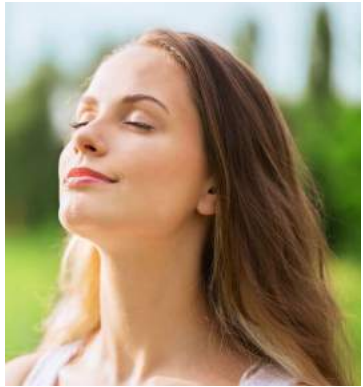
SEMI- STRUCTURED INTERVIEWS



APPENDIX 9.1. PERSONA & OBJECTIVES

After having defined the characteristics that SEMEAR's consumers would have, based on motivations, some objectives were stipulated in order to understand the veracity of the division previously made. For that, 6 semi-structured interviews were conducted.

PERSONA



- > **Woman** between **25-54 years old**
- > **Worker from Middle to Upper Class**
- > Household food manager
- > **Counties:** Oeiras, Lisboa, Cascais, Sintra, Amadora, Loures & Odivelas



Regularly consumes **organic products**;
Less price sensitive because of quality and **nutritional benefits** of the products



Regularly consumes **artisanal products**;
Values the **human presence** in the production process



Cares a lot about **social causes** and usually buys products with social purpose

OBJECTIVES



Test if the 3 segments by their motivations distinguished themselves by the consumption habits.



Understand the consumption of artisanal gourmet products, national and local products and products with purpose within the profile of each identified segment.



Understand how a person within each identified segment perceive different brands on the market, which have product categories like SEMEAR.



Analyze the criteria that influence the purchasing decision of both current and potential consumers of SEMEAR.



Test the preferences of the respondents on different consumption occasions.

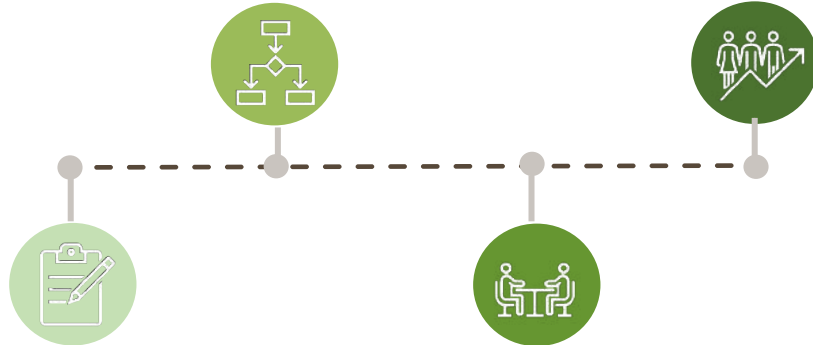
APPENDIX 9.2. METHODOLOGY

Three current and three potential consumers of SEMEAR, who fulfilled the pre-defined requirements regarding gender, age, role in the household and residence county, were interviewed via Teams in order to gather data about their consumption behaviours.

METHODOLOGY

Choose people who match with study's requirements

Analyze the data and identify hypothesis to be tested in the survey



Define objectives, requirements and interviews' script

Execute 6 Semi-structured Interviews

General: (1) Females from 25 to 54 years old; (2) Who are the household managers; (3) Who live in one of the pre-defined counties;

Specific: Each interviewee had to fit in one of the motivations, being a current or potential SEMEAR's consumers.

HOW THE INTERVIEWS WERE CONDUCTED

WHY? Conversation **1:1** with a **consumer** or **decision-maker** to gather qualitative data regarding **behaviours**.

HOW? Online interview via Teams, 30-45 min each.

WHAT? Main interview blocks:

- > Demographic Data;
- > Consumption of national and local products;
- > Consumption of artisanal products;
- > Competitors' brands;
- > SEMEAR Brand and consumption occasions of its products.

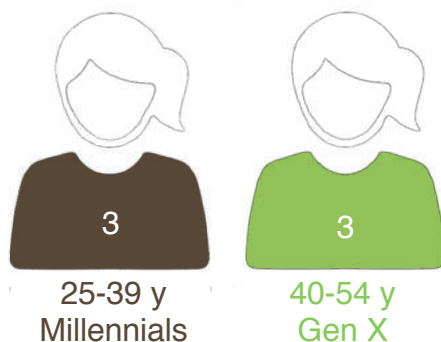
WHO? 3 to current and 3 to potential consumers.

Note: The research ended up in the 6th interviewee due to Theoretical Saturation, meaning that interviewing more people would not add new information.

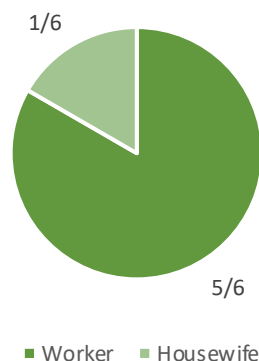
APPENDIX 9.3. DEMOGRAPHIC DATA

The majority of the interviewees are workers, who live in Lisbon and Oeiras, who have a degree and at least 2 children. Also, they have already participated, at least, in one social volunteering action in their lives.

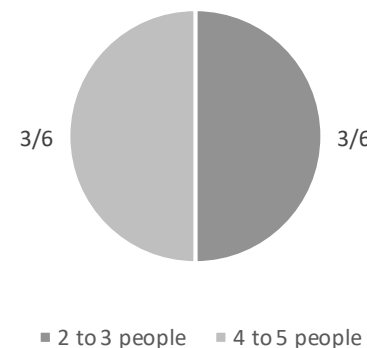
AGE GROUP



PROFESSIONAL OCCUPATION



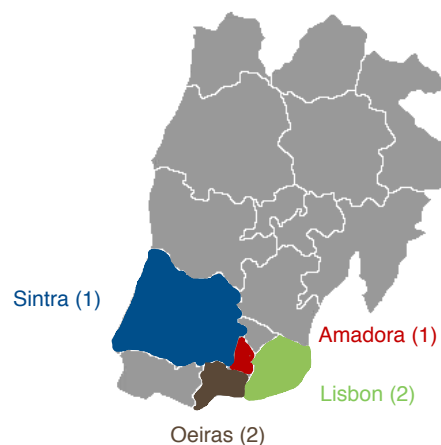
HOUSEHOLD



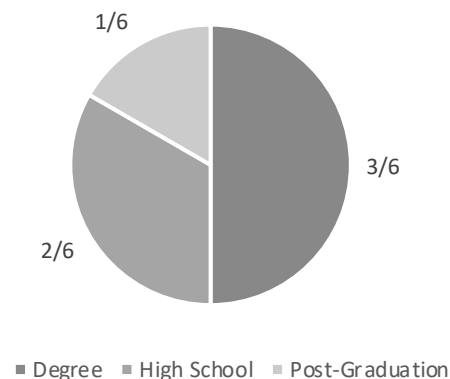
LIFESTYLE

6/6 have already purchased products which helped a social cause and felt accomplished making such gesture

RESIDENCE COUNTY



EDUCATION LEVEL



VOLUNTEERING (HAVE THEY DONE?)

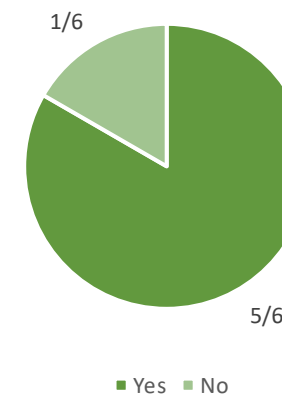


Figure 14 – Interviews' Demographic Data

APPENDIX 9.4. CONSUMPTION OF NATIONAL AND LOCAL PRODUCTS

Regarding the origin of the products, all of the interviewees agreed on the importance and value of consuming national and local products. They highlighted the quality, the taste and the fact that by acquiring products developed in the country they are helping the economy.

HIGHLIGHTS

- “I think they have more value, we should consume national products because we have **products of excellence and quality.**”
- “I believe that locally produced products have more value, I choose whenever I can what is Portuguese because I **consider it better and tastier.**”
- “For me it has much more value, (...) it is a matter of **helping our country and our producers** above all.”
- “I consider that a product produced in Portugal has much more value, because it **reduces the ecological footprint** due to the proximity of transport.”

EXCELLENCE AND
QUALITY

TASTE

HELP THE NATIONAL
ECONOMY AND LOCAL
PRODUCERS

ENVIRONMENTAL
SUSTAINABILITY

6/6 say they are currently trying to consume more and more local and national products.

5/6 say they consume more products of national origin than non-national products.

APPENDIX 9.5. CONSUMPTION OF ARTISANAL PRODUCTS (I/II)

On the one hand, the quality, the human contact, the taste and the help to local producers were the main benefits mentioned by the interviewees. On the other hand, price, accessibility and diversity make the willingness to search for these products more difficult.

BENEFITS



6/6 mentioned the **higher quality** of the ingredients as they are more natural (have less chemicals), fresher and nutritious.



3/6 mentioned the **human contact** on the production process, that is less industrialized which makes consumers think they were **made with more care**.

“ They are products made with another disposition and capacity, greater availability and love. ”



3/6 mentioned the product have a **better flavour**.

“ I always have the idea that handmade products have another (better) flavor. ”



3/6 mentioned the **help of local producers and the national economy**.

“ I've been investing a lot more on businesses closer to me due to the pandemic moment we are living. ”

DIFFICULTIES

5/6 mentioned the **higher price** as one of the biggest obstacle when buying an artisanal product, even though they all understand the reasons for being more expensive.

“ The price can be a difficulty because many times these products turn out to be more expensive and sometimes I am willing to pay for that amount but sometimes I am not. ”

4/6 mentioned the **difficulty in having access** to this type of products, as these products are often not found in the places most frequented by the respondents.

“ The greatest difficulty is in terms of location. A person has to go to a specific place, jumping from store to store, to find artisanal products. ”

2/6 reported the **time taken** to find this type of product as an obstacle to purchase, which is a consequence of the lack of accessibility.



APPENDIX 9.6. CONSUMPTION OF ARTISANAL PRODUCTS (II/II)

The majority of the interviewees search for artisanal products such as jams, several times a month for own consumption or to offer. They are willing to pay more due to its functional characteristics mainly in places such as supermarkets, but also in others like local fairs.

HIGHLIGHTS



MAIN CATEGORIES OF ARTISANAL PRODUCTS:

4/6 search for **jams**, 2/6 for **biscuits** and 2/6 for **spices**.



PURCHASE FREQUENCY

3/6 purchase artisanal products **several times a month**.



CONSUMPTION OCCASIONS:

6/6 acquire food artisanal products to **own consumption or to offer** either on special days (birthdays) or festive seasons (e.g. Christmas).



PRICE:

6/6 are **willing to pay more than other product in the same category but not artisanal**, since they understand these products have higher quality and better taste.



PREFERRED LOCAL OF ACQUISITION:

3/6 prefer to see these products **at the supermarket** because of the simplicity to buy everything at the same place. **Specialized stores and local markets** were other type of local interviewees were used to go at the weekends to buy these products. **The youngest generation also referred local fairs and online**. However, 6/6 would also consider to buy food artisanal products online in a more exclusive and familiar website.

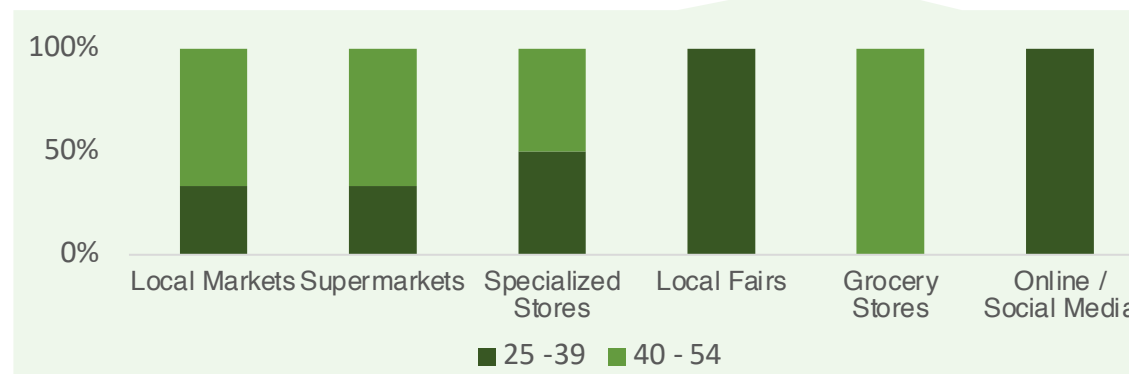


Figure 15 – Local preferences to purchase artisanal products based on survey's respondents

APPENDIX 9.7. BRANDS

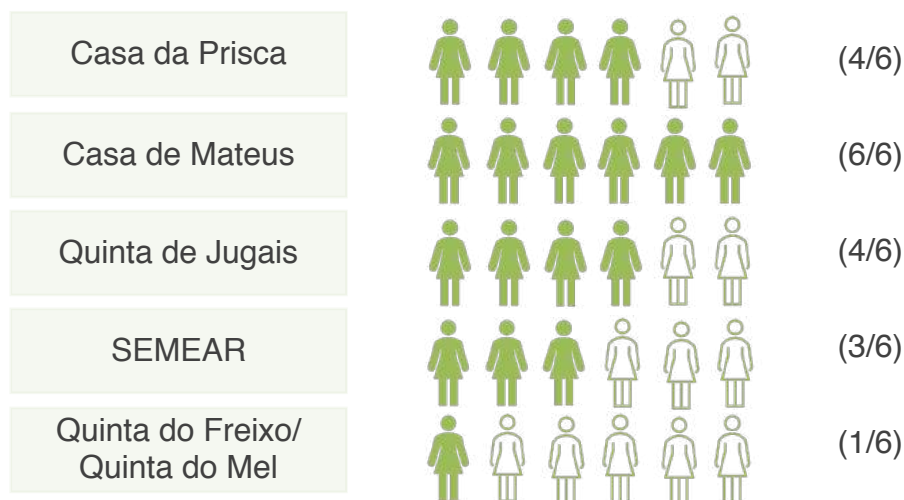
The interviewees had low awareness of brands that sell categories such as jams, spices and pates. When showed some recognized brands, they were able to identify some brands such as Casa de Mateus.

HIGHLIGHTS

BRAND AWARENESS:

When asked for brands which sell jams, spices and pâtés, **only 2/6 interviewees were able to say a name of a brand**. This means that these interviewees showed to have little awareness of the market which sell these product's categories.

BRAND RECOGNITION:



CONSUMERS' PERCEPTION OF BRANDS

The data gathered about consumers' perception of brands regarding price, quality*, accessibility**, variety and social purpose **was not considered valid since:**

- Their knowledge about those brands was not sufficient to make a comparative analysis of positioning.
- Current consumers of SEMEAR tended to overvalue the brand in some factors such as accessibility when compared to other brands.

*By Quality, it is meant the taste associated with artisanal/handmade products; **By Accessibility, it is meant the lack of points of sale.

Source: Semi-structured Interviews conducted by the group (n=6)

APPENDIX 9.8. SEMEAR BRAND (I/II)

Among the main strengths interviewees mentioned are branding, quality, purpose and price and as weaknesses the accessibility and variety of product within the categories

HIGHLIGHTS



All of the current customers **knew about the purpose** before their first purchase



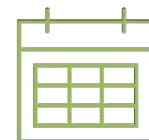
Products purchased: Seasonings; Jams; Chutneys; Pâtés

Channels used: Website/Social Media (25-39y); SEMEAR's Infrastructures (40-54y)

Occasions: Consumption and Offerings (Most mentioned was daily consumption)



2/3 of SEMEAR *na Mercearia* current customers have purchased **SEMEAR na Terra** and they do it monthly



Frequency within the customers that buy *Terra* is lower than the customer that buys only *Mercearia* due to the **monthly subscription of the bio products** that doesn't include *Mercearia's* products (Few times in a year *versus* More than once a month, respectively).

CONSUMERS' PERSPECTIVE



STRENGTHS

Packaging and Branding; Quality*; Social Purpose; Price

“Sometimes people don't care about details but, for me, packaging is really important and this one really calls my attention (Current, 25-39y)

WEAKNESSES



Accessibility**; Variety within the categories

“Having more physical points of sale would be important, like being present in small local fairs (Current, 25-39y)

* By Quality, it is meant the taste associated with artisanal/handmade products; **By Accessibility, it is meant lack of points of sale

Source: Semi-structured Interviews conducted by the group (n=6)

APPENDIX 9.9. SEMEAR BRAND (II/II)

Potential consumers of SEMEAR prioritize the purpose followed by quality while current consumers of the brand, when buying SEMEAR's products, value more the quality of the products than the purpose behind, although it is still important.

CONSUMERS' PERSPECTIVE

“What do you think about SEMEAR?”



“If SEMEAR was a person, what would be his/her main characteristics?”



“What **motivates customers to purchase SEMEAR's** products in the first place?”

POTENTIAL CONSUMERS – 1st consumption

#1 PURPOSE **#2 QUALITY ***

“Emphasize the purpose of the brand is key. Use brands' emotional side to call the consumers attention.” (Potential, 40-54y)

“People are tempted to try its products for the first time due to its great purpose.” (Potential, 25-39y)

CURRENT CONSUMERS – continuous consumption

#1 QUALITY * **#2 PURPOSE**

“Quality first! As a customer, I buy *Mercearia's* products first because they have great quality, being the purpose a plus. If I just wanted to help this social cause, there's other ways to do it, like donations.” (Current, 40-54y)

* By Quality, it is meant the taste associated with artisanal/handmade products; **By Accessibility, it is meant lack of points of sale

Source: Semi-structured Interviews conducted by the group (n=6)

APPENDIX 9.10. CONSUMPTION OCCASIONS

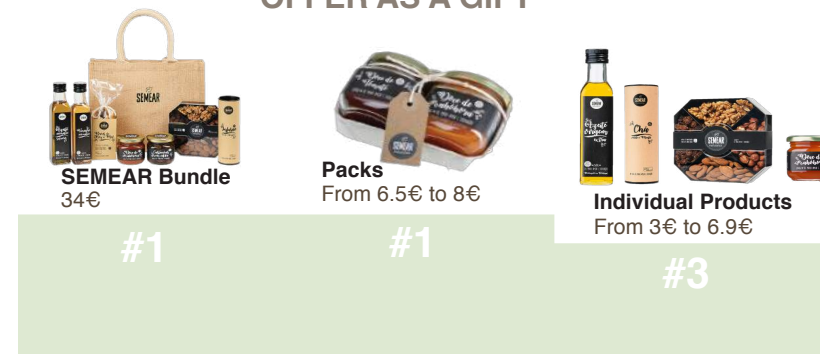
Regarding the occasions of SEMEAR's products consumption, it is relevant to reinforce that interviewees preferred the individual products for personal consumption and the bundles and packs for offerings. Additionally, the criteria chosen was different across the type of products.

TYPE OF OFFERING CHOSEN BY OCCASION

PERSONAL CONSUMPTION



OFFER AS A GIFT



“The baskets work very well for special occasions like Christmas or birthdays”

“I also buy bundles for my house, especially during the festive season”

“To offer, I also choose individual products because often the baskets do not have what I want or because I do not like or do not consume”

CRITERIA CHOSEN BY TYPE OF PRODUCT



1st PERSONAL TASTE/ DAILY INTAKE

2nd PRICE

3rd LEVEL OF PARTICIPATION



1st PERSON TO WHOM THEY OFFER

2nd PRICE

3rd PERSONAL TASTE

4th VARIETY

5th BRAND SEMEAR

APPENDIX 9.11. KEY TAKEAWAYS

Interviewees believe that Social Purpose and Quality* are the factors that SEMEAR takes advantage over others. The persona who values organic and artisanal products and brands with purpose is the one who fits this business..

1

TARGET MARKET

IDENTIFICATION



After conducting a market research, **3 market segments** were identified being divided into 3 different profiles according to their **consumption motivations**.

TEST



The hypothetical segments were analyzed through the interviews and it was understood that **they are not mutually exclusive**, since they share similar consumption characteristics

CONCLUSION



There should be only one persona who fits this business: **the one who values organic and artisanal products and organizations which sell products with a social mission behind.**

The few differences found in responses has to do with respondent's **generation**.

2

BRAND POSITIONING

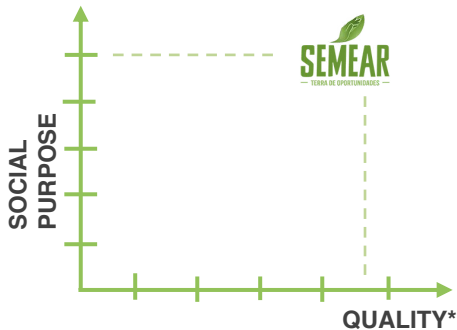


Figure 16 – Interviewees' perceived benefits of SEMEAR

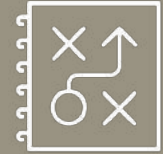
The graphic presented on the left was conducted based on 3 interviewees' evaluation of the brand. Since the competitors' evaluation given by the interviewees was not valid, no comparative analysis was done.

Social Purpose and Quality*

were the main perceived benefits of SEMEAR's consumers

* By Quality, it is meant the taste associated with artisanal/handmade products

Source: Semi-structured Interviews conducted by the group (n=6)



ONLINE SURVEY



APPENDIX 10.1. CHARACTERIZATION AND OBJECTIVES

Having collected semi-structured interviews' insights, an online survey was developed in order to test the hypothesis in a quantitative way. From a sample of 203 total answers, only 163 were considered for the analysis since these were the ones who fulfilled all the requirements.

SURVEY CHARACTERIZATION



Type: Online Survey on Qualtrics Survey Software



Duration: 10 days



Results: 203 Total Answers from which:



163 were valid, as these 3 requirements were fulfilled:

1

Women from 25 to 54 years old

2

Live in Lisbon, Sintra, Cascais, Oeiras, Amadora,
Odivelas or Loures

3

Responsible for the home food purchases

OBJECTIVES



Understand consumers' **opinion regarding employability of IDD people.**



Test the **awareness of SEMEAR Program** and *SEMEAR's* products **consumption habits of current consumers.**



Realize **consumers' preferences** of each **type of SEMEAR's product** in each **consumption occasion.**



Analyze consumers' **preferred locals of gourmet artisanal products acquisition.**



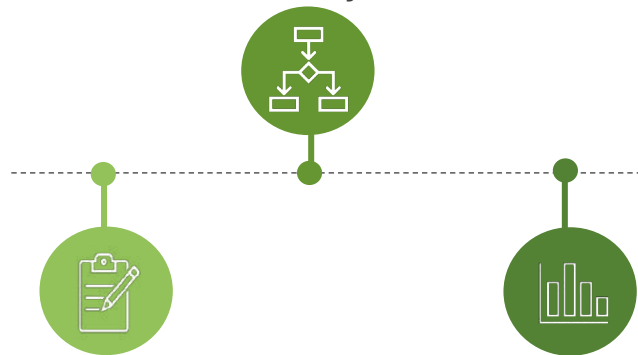
Deep dive in the **target market profile** related to **social media channels and recommendations for SEMEAR** as well as **respondents' demographic characteristics.**

APPENDIX 10.2. METHODOLOGY

After having the insights from the interviewees, an online survey was conducted to current and potential consumers of SEMEAR, who match the requirements presented below, in order to validate the insights and obtain quantitative information regarding several topics.

METHODOLOGY

Share the online
survey



Define objectives,

Requirements and script

Analyze the quantitative data

REQUIREMENTS

- (1) Females from 25 to 54 years old;
- (2) Who live in one of the pre-defined counties;
- (3) Household food managers.

HOW THE SURVEY WAS CONDUCTED

WHY? To gather quantitative data regarding **opinions** and **behaviors**.

HOW? Qualtrics online survey of approximately 10 minutes.

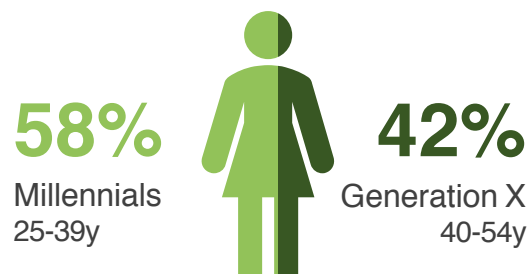
WHAT? Main blocks: Demographic Data; Consumers' opinions and habits of artisanal products' consumption; SEMEAR brand and its business units; Awareness; Consumption motivations and consumption occasions; Preferred locals of acquisition; Social Media.

TO WHOM? **Current and potential consumers**, who fulfilled the defined requirements, **from different environments** to guarantee some level of confidence: SEMEAR's current consumers, "Amigos do SEMEAR" WhatsApp Group, Volunteering Groups, Mothers' Groups on Facebook, Nova SBE Leapfrog Program Network, Influencer (Nutritionist).

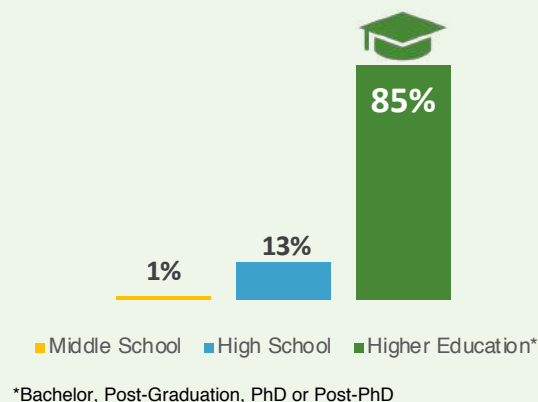
APPENDIX 10.3. DEMOGRAPHIC DATA

Our sample, in majority, belongs to Millennials, being highly educated and employed, with an average monthly income of 1000€ to 3000€.

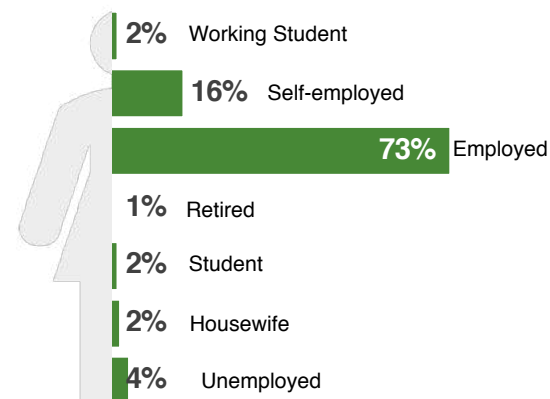
AGE GROUPS



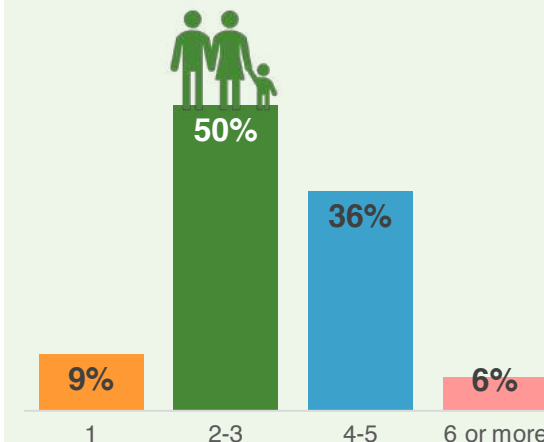
EDUCATION



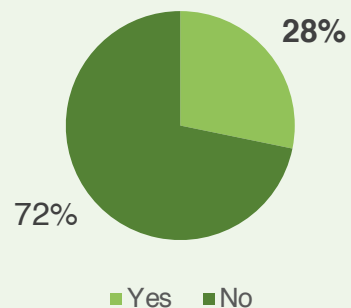
OCCUPATION



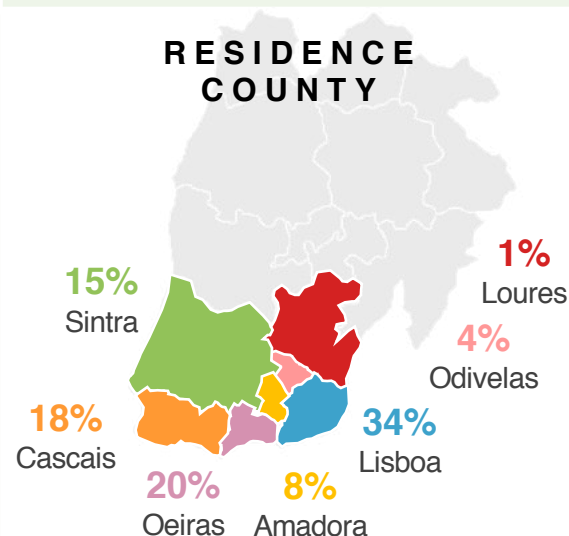
HOUSEHOLD



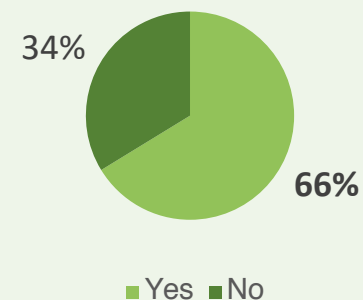
CONTACT WITH IDD PEOPLE (RELATIVES OR FRIENDS)



RESIDENCE COUNTY



VOLUNTEERING



HOUSEHOLD MONTHLY INCOME

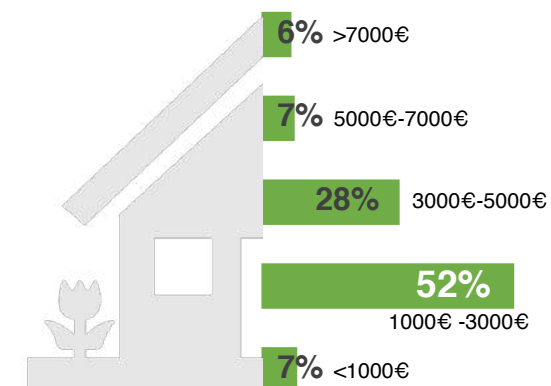


Figure 17 – Online Survey's Demographic Data

APPENDIX 10.4. CONSUMERS' OPINIONS AND HABITS

From the 163 respondents, all of them think that a person with IDD has capacity to be placed in the labor market. Additionally, respondents believe that consuming gourmet artisanal products has several advantages such as helping local producers.

RESPONDENTS' POINT OF VIEW

"A person with disabilities or incapacity is forbidden of getting a job"

75% **Totally Disagreed** on this statement

"In comparison with non-artisanal products, I believe consuming a gourmet artisanal product is more beneficial because (...)"

It is tastier	50%	Agreed
It has more quality	55%	Agreed
It has less chemicals	48%	Agreed
They are handmade produced by traditional methods	55%	Agreed
They help local producers and businesses	63%	Totally Agreed
They have fresher ingredients	40%	Agreed

CATEGORIES MORE CONSUMED

43%	mentioned Chocolates & Dry Fruits
27%	mentioned Cookies & Teas
11%	mentioned None
10%	mentioned Jams
8%	mentioned Chutneys, Seasonings & Pâtés

TOP 3 CRITERIA USED IN THE ACQUISITION OF GOURMET ARTISANAL PRODUCTS

- 1st** Nutritional characteristics of the product
- 2nd** Adequate price
- 3rd** Packaging

APPENDIX 10.5. AWARENESS OF SEMEAR AND CONSUMPTION MOTIVATIONS

Few respondents already knew SEMEAR and it was mainly through the company they work for, friends or relatives or media. The majority (would) consume SEMEAR because they identify themselves with the organic environment but also with social causes.

AWARENESS OF SEMEAR

Do you know *SEMEAR*? (n=163)

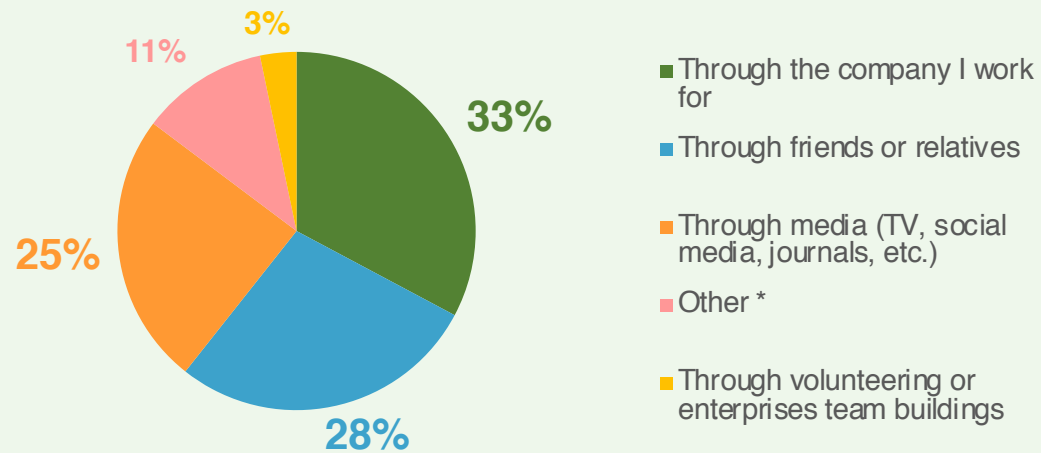
37%

63%

knew SEMEAR (61)

Did not know SEMEAR (102)

HOW DID THEY KNOW SEMEAR?



n = 61

* Other includes Too Good To Go and Gifts/Offerings

Source: Online Survey conducted by the group (n=163)

MOTIVATIONS FOR BUYING SEMEAR'S PRODUCT

58%

"I choose organic products of SEMEAR because they are biological and, simultaneously, I am helping a social cause."

20%

"I choose the artisanal products of SEMEAR because I value the human participation in the production process and, simultaneously, I am helping a social cause."

20%

"I choose products of SEMEAR exclusively for its social mission, regardless of the type of products offered."

2%

None of the above.

CONSUMERS' EVALUATION OF SEMEAR



STRENGTHS



WEAKNESSES

APPENDIX 10.6. SEMEAR BUSINESS UNITS' ANALYSIS

Among the 61 respondents who already knew the brand, 25 have already purchased organic baskets from *Terra* and 15 artisanal products from *Mercelandia*, being jams the category consumed the most. When acquiring a product, they prioritize SEMEAR's brand over partners..

SEMEAR NA TERRA

Have you ever purchased *SEMEAR na Terra*? (n=61)

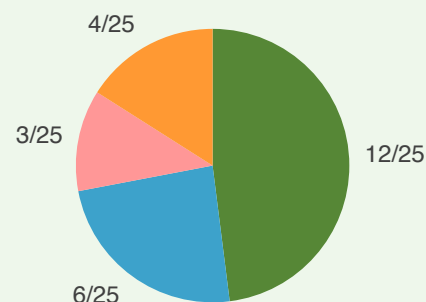
41%

59%

Purchased organic baskets (25)

Did not purchase (36)

HOW FREQUENTLY DO THEY PURCHASE?



■ Only did it once a time ■ A few times a year ■ Once a month ■ A few times a month

A great portion of them only purchased products from *SEMEAR na Terra* once.

n = 25

SEMEAR NA MERCEARIA

Have you ever purchased *SEMEAR na Mercelandia*? (n=61)

25%

75%

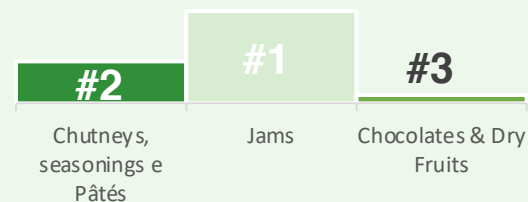
Purchased artisanal products (15)

Did not purchase (46)

HOW FREQUENTLY DO THEY PURCHASE?

Similar to *SEMEAR na Terra*, the majority only purchased products from *SEMEAR na Mercelandia* only once.

WHICH CATEGORIES DO YOU ACQUIRE MORE FREQUENTLY?



TOP 3 CRITERIA



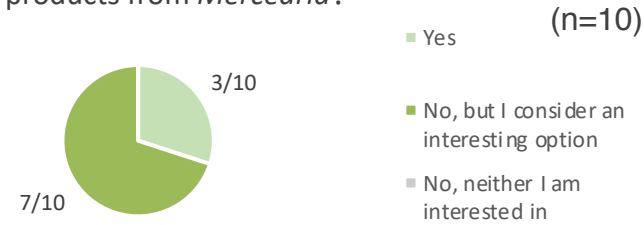
n = 15

APPENDIX 10.7. SEMEAR BUSINESS UNITS' ANALYSIS

Among the current consumers of *Terra* and *Mercelandia*, results have shown that there is potential in promoting a simultaneous acquisition of products from both business units. Jams was the category that consumers would consider to buy to complement their organic baskets.

PURCHASE OF TERRA + MERCEARIA

Have you already purchased with your organic basket products from *Mercelandia*?



From the 10 respondents who already purchased *Terra* and *Mercelandia*, 7 consider acquiring both simultaneously an interesting option, even though they have not done so yet.

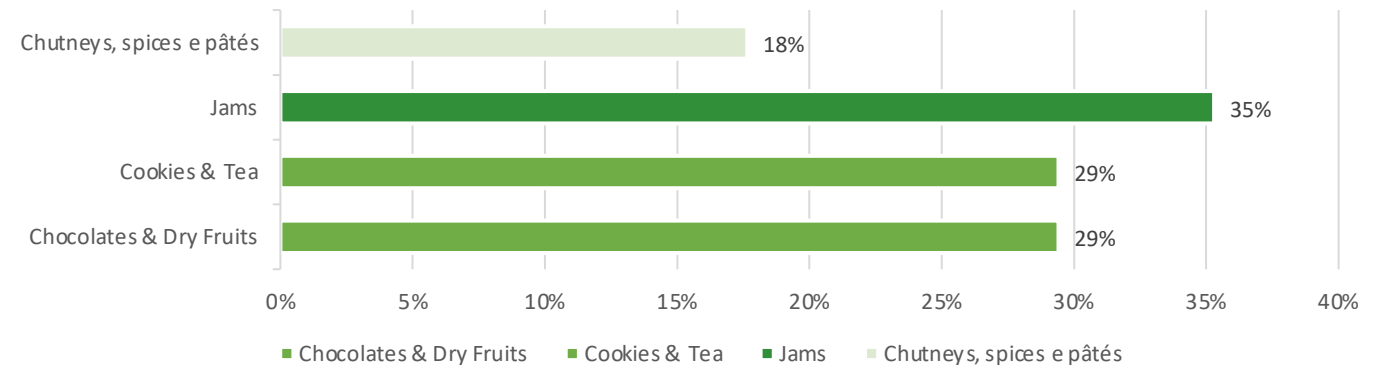
None of the respondents answered that was **not interested**

The reason for the ones who are interested but have not acquired simultaneously yet, might have to do with the fact that this complementary option on the website is not clear.

PREFERRED MERCEARIA'S CATEGORIES TO COMPLEMENT

Which categories of products do/would you consider to complement your organic basket?

(n=10)



#1 Jams was the **most mentioned category**

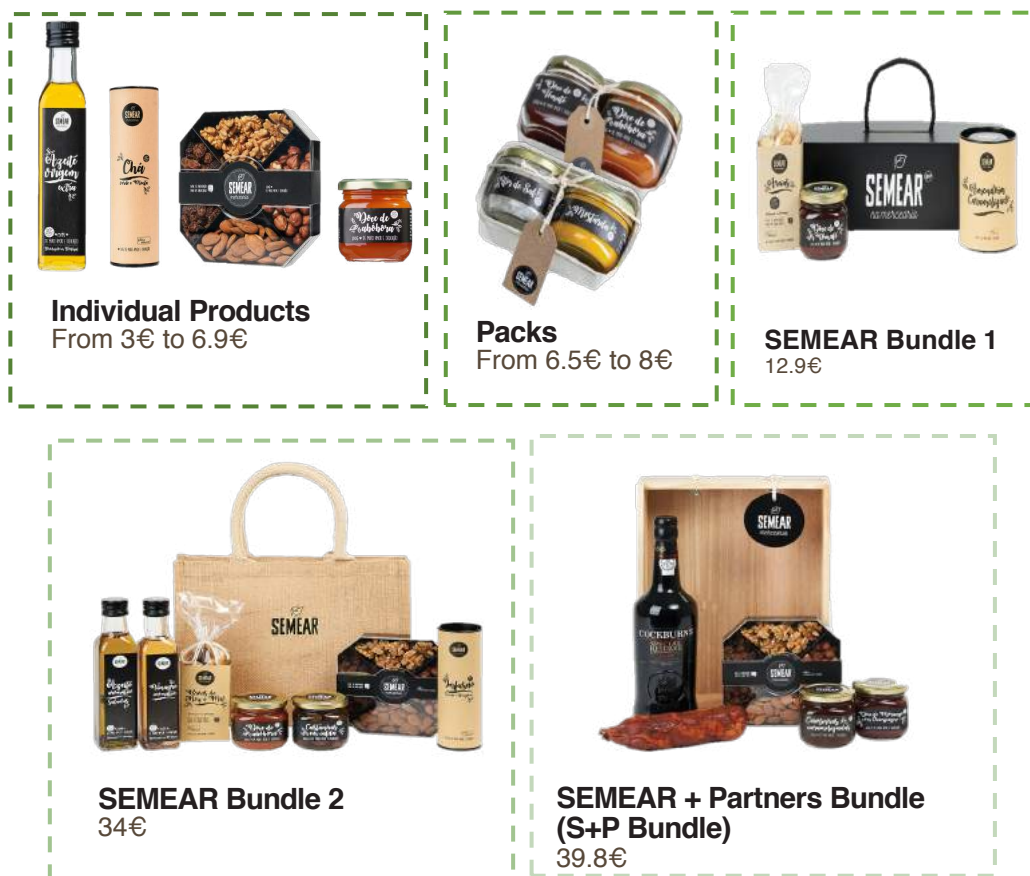
#2 Cookies & Tea and **Chocolate & Dry Fruits** were **equally mentioned**

Although Jams were the most frequently mentioned category to complement the organic baskets, the categories were chosen in a balanced way, which indicates that the category of products chosen to complement the biological basket depends on consumer's personal taste.

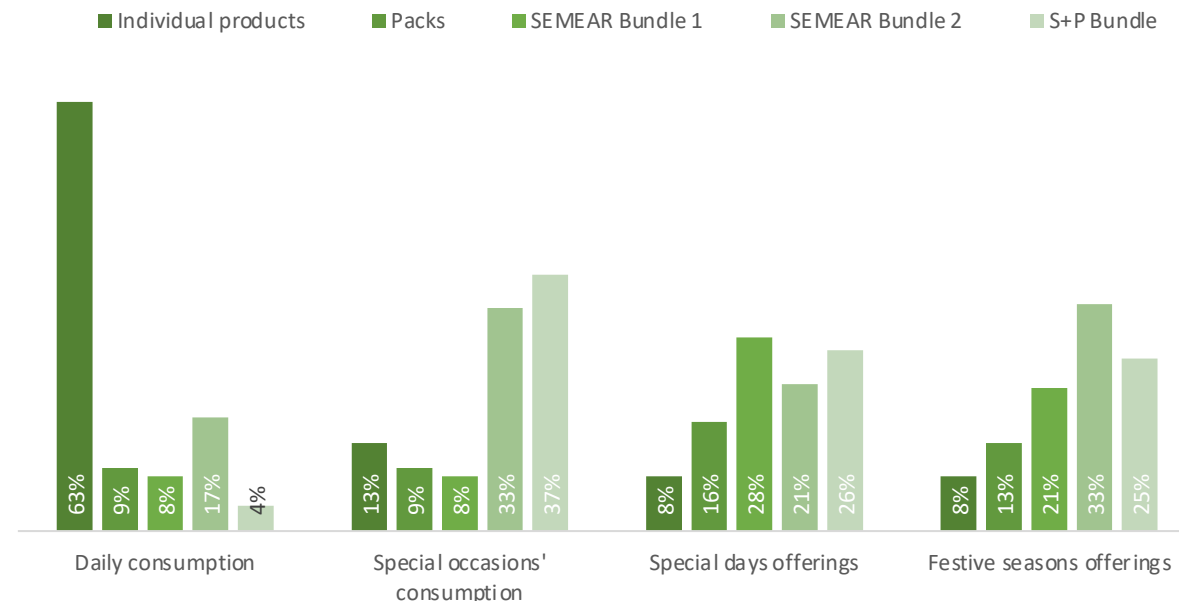
APPENDIX 10.8. CONSUMPTION OCCASIONS PER TYPE OF PRODUCT (I/II)

Four different occasions were analyzed in order to understand which type of products consumers would consider to acquire for each moment: daily consumption, special occasions consumption, special days offerings and festive seasons offerings.

TYPE OF PRODUCTS



OCCASIONS OF CONSUMPTION PER TYPE



	1st	2nd	3rd
DAILY CONSUMPTION:	Individual products	SEMear Bundle 2	Packs
SPECIAL OCCASIONS:	S+P Bundle	SEMear Bundle 2	Individual products
SPECIAL DAYS:	SEMear Bundle 1	S+P Bundle	SEMear Bundle 2
FESTIVE SEASONS:	SEMear Bundle 2	S+P Bundle	SEMear Bundle 1

APPENDIX 10.9. CONSUMPTION OCCASIONS PER TYPE OF PRODUCT (II/II)

It was understood that for own consumption, individual products and Bundle SEMEAR + Partners were the preferred ones based on personal preference and variety of products. For offerings, all bundles were considered having in consideration price and products' quantity.

CONSUMPTION OCCASIONS

DAILY CONSUMPTION

To be consumed on a daily basis by the household;

63% of the respondents prefer to purchase individual products and only 4% of the respondents prefer SEMEAR + Partners Bundle;

SPECIAL DAYS

To be consumed on special days by the household, family and friends, on birthdays or at Christmas, for instance;

37% of the respondents prefer to purchase SEMEAR + Partners Bundle, 33% Bundle 2 and the least preferred option was Bundle 1;

OFFERINGS OCCASIONS

SPECIAL DAYS

To be offered on special occasions as anniversaries of a family member or friends or Valentine's day, for instance;

28% of the respondents prefer to purchase SEMEAR Bundle 1 and 26% SEMEAR + Partners Bundle;

FESTIVE SEASONS

To be offered on festive seasons such as Christmas or Easter to friends or family, for instance;

58% of the respondents prefer to purchase SEMEAR Bundle 2 or SEMEAR + Partners Bundle;

WHEN

RESULTS

CONCLUSIONS

1 The results show that respondents chose based on personal preference and daily usage, when taking into consideration daily basis consumption.

2 The results show that respondents chose based on the variety of products, being less worried about price, when purchasing for consumption on special days.

3 The results show that respondents chose based on quantity and price, when purchasing to offer on special days.

4 The results show that respondents choices were probably based on variety of products and less on price, when purchasing to offer someone on festive seasons.

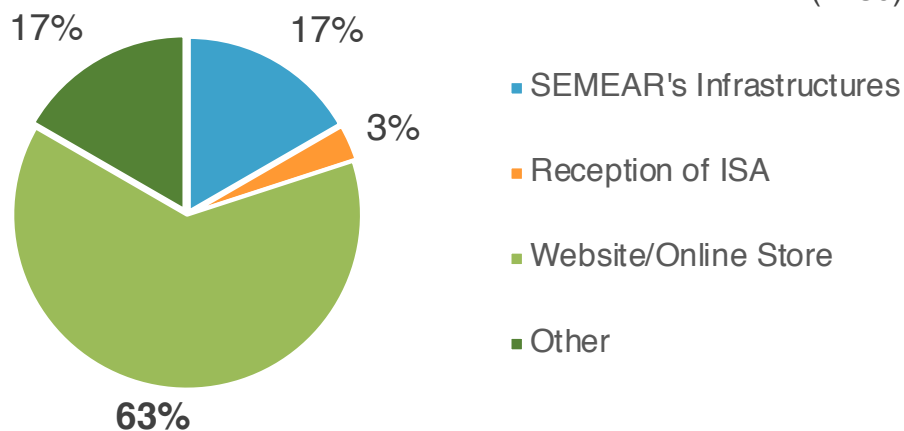
APPENDIX 10.10. CHANNELS (I/II)

When faced with the question regarding their favorite local to acquire SEMEAR's products, both current and potential consumers clearly preferred website over SEMEAR's Infrastructures.

WHERE DO YOU BUY SEMEAR'S PRODUCTS?

CURRENT CLIENTS

(n=30)



OTHER: E-mail; Nova SBE's Infrastructures; Through the company I work for; through a partnership with the company I work for.

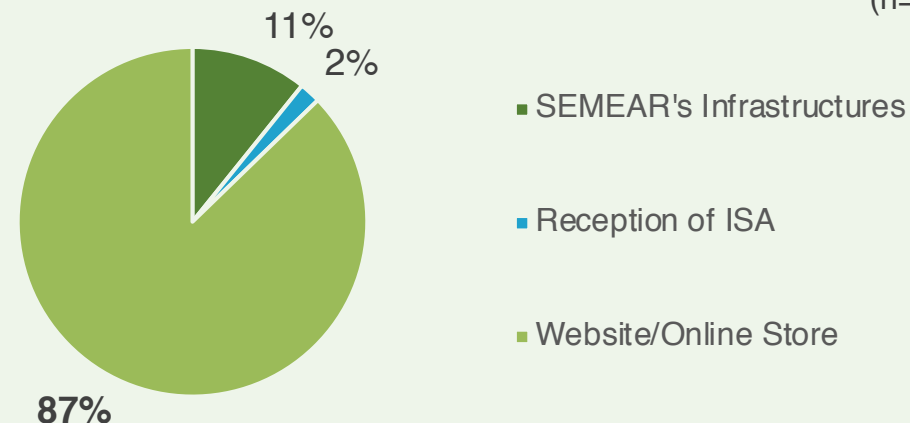
MAIN RESULTS:

- **63%** of current customers shop more often through the **website**;
- **17%** of current customers buy more often at **SEMEAR's Infrastructures**.

WHERE WOULD YOU BUY SEMEAR'S PRODUCTS?

POTENTIAL CLIENTS

(n=133)



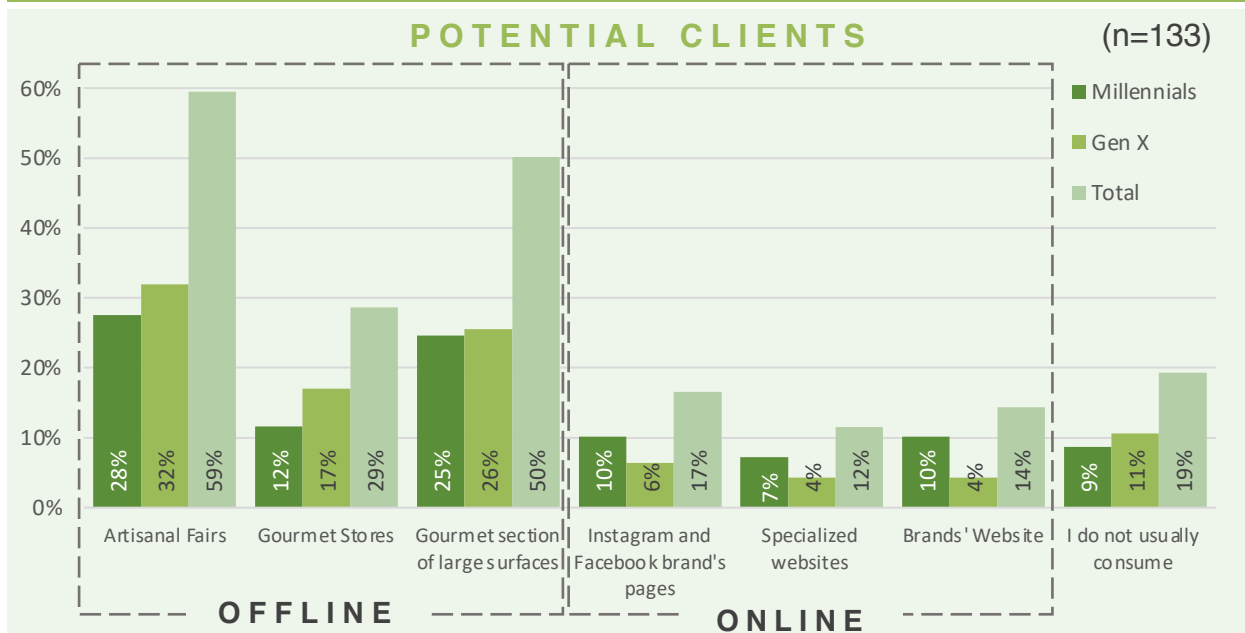
MAIN RESULTS:

- **87%** of potential customers would prefer to purchase through the **website** than to go to one of the physical available locations;
- **11%** of potential customers would prefer to buy at **SEMEAR's Infrastructures**.

APPENDIX 10.11. CHANNELS (II/II)

While current consumers mentioned they would expressly like to see SEMEAR's products at gourmet sections of large surfaces, potential also highlighted artisanal fairs. Analyzing by generations, Millennials are more willing to buy online than the older ones (Generation-X).

WHERE WOULD YOU LIKE TO BUY ARTISANAL PRODUCTS?



More than 65% of both generations actually prefer to buy artisanal gourmet products in physical stores.

27% of Millennials prefer to buy online compared to **13%** of Gen-X.

Preferred places for purchasing are:

1st Artisanal fairs

2nd Gourmet section of supermarkets

When purchasing online:

1st Brands' Website

WHERE WOULD YOU LIKE TO BUY SEMEAR'S PRODUCTS?



67% of the answers were physical places, while **33%** were online options.

The most chosen options for purchasing SEMEAR's products were:

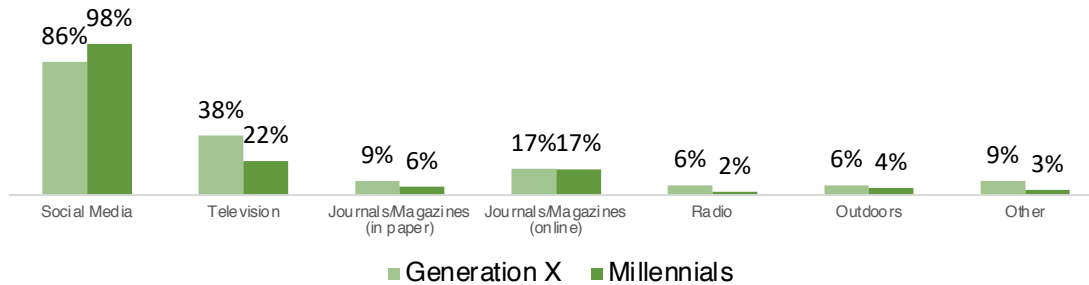
1st Gourmet section of large surfaces

2nd Social media pages

APPENDIX 10.12. MEDIA AND SOCIAL MEDIA USAGE

Both generations like to discover new brands in social media. Millennials prefer to use Instagram while Generation X prefer Facebook.

PREFERRED MEDIA TO DISCOVER NEW BRANDS



TYPE OF ACCOUNTS MOST FOLLOWED

When asked which type of accounts they followed the most, food/recipes was the most mentioned by both generations. It was also asked **which types of accounts would fit more SEMEAR** and 62% mentioned Food, 53% Health and 34% Mummy Bloggers.

SOCIAL MEDIA USAGE TOP3

MILLENNIALS



#1 (92%) #2 (44%) #3 (26%)

GENERATION X



#1 (77%) #2 (66%) #3 (9%)

FAMOUS PEOPLE THEY FOLLOW ON SOCIAL MEDIA

Influencers (77%)

#1

Public Figures (57%)

Public Figures (46%)

Bloggers (49%)

Bloggers (40%)

Influencers (31%)

#1 FOOD



#2 HEALTH



#3 FASHION



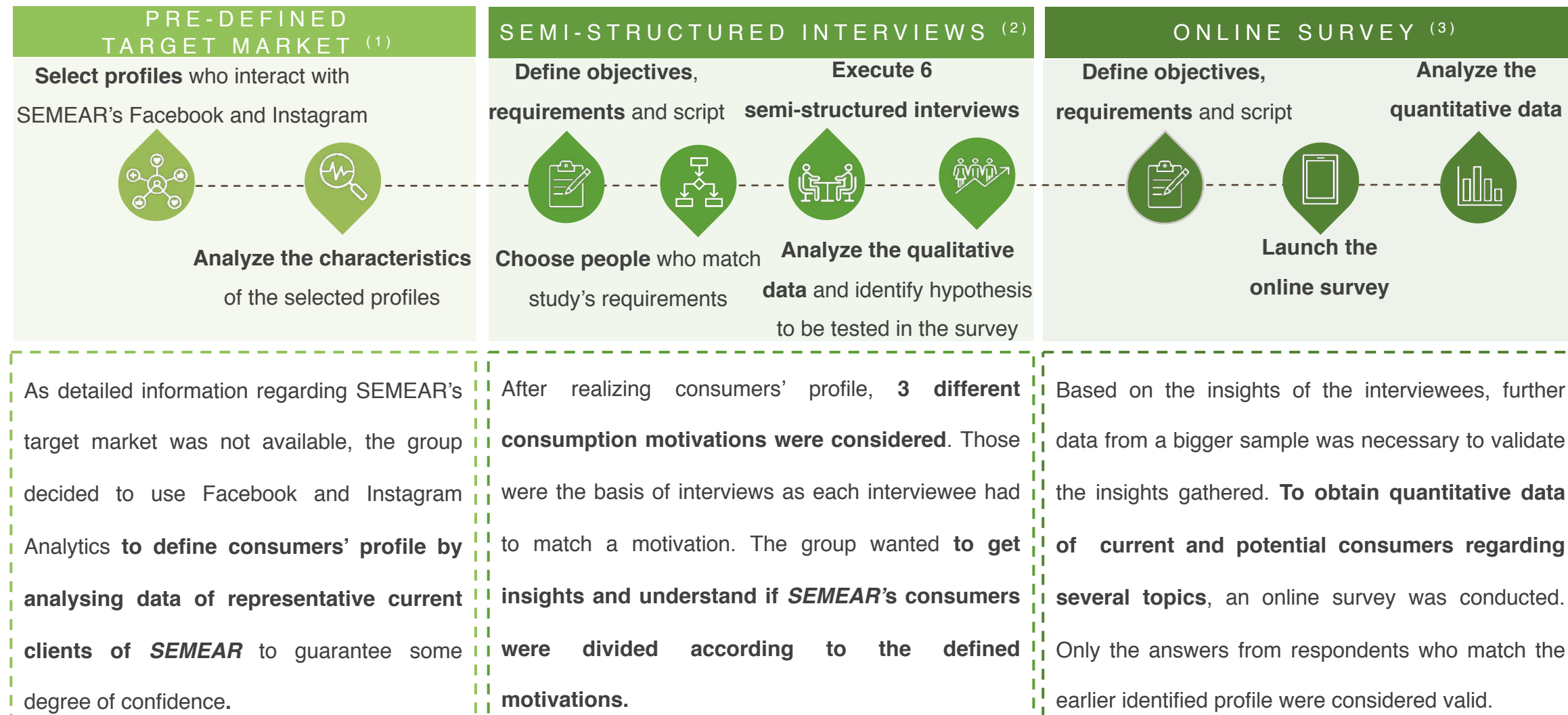
#4 TRAVEL









APPENDIX 11.1. PRIMARY RESEARCH METHODOLOGY (I/II)

The following map serves as a guide of the several steps the group went through while developing the three analysis: pre-definition of the target market, conduction of the semi-structured interviews and launching of the online survey.



APPENDIX 11.2. PRIMARY RESEARCH METHODOLOGY (II/II)

The big sample retrieved from the online survey came to reinforce the insights previously provided by the interviewees, being now possible with a higher level of confidence to develop overall and more detailed conclusions.

		PROFILE DEFINITION ⁽¹⁾	SEMI-STRUCTURED INTERVIEWS ⁽²⁾	ONLINE SURVEY ⁽³⁾
ANALYSIS' CHANNEL BLOCKS		<div><div></div><div>of SEMEAR</div></div>	<div><div></div><div>(30-45 min each)</div></div>	<div><div></div><div>(approx. 10 min)</div></div>
			Demographics; Consumption of local and artisanal products; Brands and consumption occasions	Demographics and social media preferences; Consumption of artisanal products and preferred locals of acquisition; <i>SEMEAR</i> Brand
REQUIREMENTS		Profiles of current consumers who: > Reviewed, commented or shared SEMEAR's posts frequently, having in consideration a wide time interval, to guarantee consistency	> Women, 25-54 years old, Live in Lisbon, Oeiras, Cascais or Sintra > Fit 1 of the 3 motivations: (1) consumes organic products; (2) consumes artisanal goods; (3) consumes products with social purpose	> Women, 25-54 years old, live in Lisbon, Oeiras, Cascais, Sintra, Odivelas, Amadora or Loures > Responsible for home food purchases
SAMPLE		n=20 selected Facebook and Instagram profiles	n=6 Total interviews 3 to current and 3 to potential consumers	n=203 Total Answers n=163 Valid Answers (that match the requirements)

APPENDIX 11.3. CONSUMPTION OF ARTISANAL PRODUCTS

Questionnaire respondents prioritize the nutritional characteristics, adequate price and packaging when buying artisanal products.

PERCEIVED BENEFITS ⁽¹⁾

Higher quality of the ingredients as they are more natural (have less chemicals), fresher and nutritious.

Human contact on the production process as they are not industrialized, which makes consumers think they were **made with more care**.

“The products are made with another disposition and capacity, greater availability and love.”
Source: Interviews (n=6)

Usually associated with a **better taste**.

“I always have the idea that handmade products have another (better) taste.”
Source: Interviews (n=6)

Its consumption **Help local producers and the economy**.

“I’ve been investing a lot more on businesses closer to me due to the pandemic moment we are living.”
Source: Interviews (n=6)

PERCEIVED COSTS ⁽¹⁾

Higher price, being Millennials more price sensitive than Gen-X..

“The price can be a difficulty because many times these products turn out to be more expensive and sometimes I am willing to pay for that amount but sometimes I am not.”
Source: Interviews (n=6)

Accessibility to this type of products, as they are not easily found in the most frequented places.

“The greatest difficulty is in terms of location. We have to go to a specific place, jumping from store to store, to find artisanal products.”
Source: Interviews (n=6)

Time spent to search for these products, which is a consequence of the lack of accessibility.

TOP 3 CRITERIA IN THE ACQUISITION OF GOURMET ARTISANAL PRODUCTS ⁽²⁾

Adequate price	Nutritional characteristics	Packaging
2 nd	1 st	3 rd

APPENDIX 11.4. BRAND AWARENESS OF SEMEAR AND OTHER PLAYERS

37% of respondents already knew SEMEAR and these got to know the brand mainly through the company they work for, friends or relatives or even media.

AWARENESS OF SEVERAL BRANDS ⁽¹⁾



BRAND AWARENESS: Low awareness of brands which sell artisanal products.

BRAND RECOGNITION: Recognition of some brands when logos were shown to the interviewees. The most recognized one was Casa de Mateus, followed by Casa da Prisca and Quinta de Jugais.

Source: Interviews (n=6)

CONSUMERS' PERCEPTION OF BRANDS ⁽¹⁾

> Do to the low awareness, it was impossible to make a reliable comparative analysis. However it was found that:



Current consumers of SEMEAR tended to **overvalue the brand** in some factors such as accessibility and quality when compared to other brands, due to their relationship with the brand and its social purpose.

Source: Interviews (n=6)

AWARENESS OF SEMEAR ⁽²⁾

Do you know SEMEAR? (n=163)

37%

knew SEMEAR (61)

63%

Did not know SEMEAR (102)

HOW DID THEY KNOW SEMEAR?

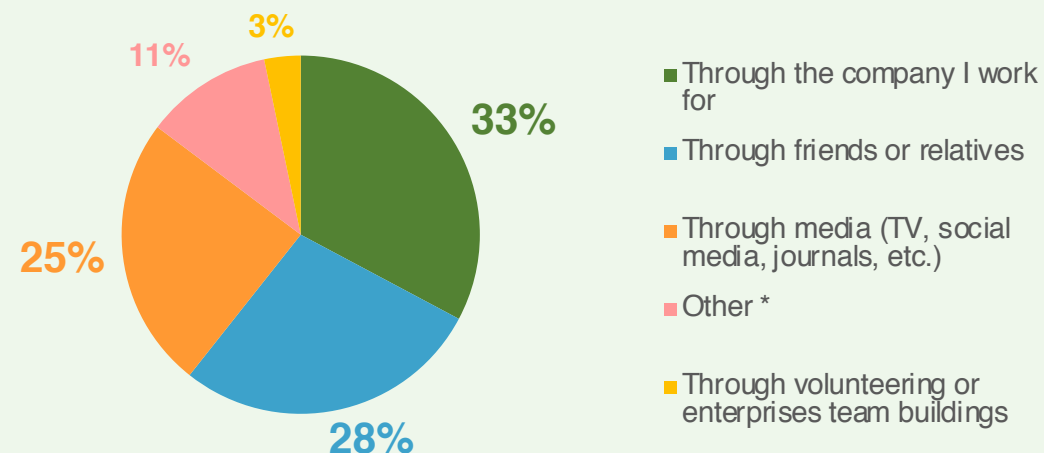


Figure 7 – The ways survey's respondents knew SEMEAR Program

n = 61

* Other includes Too Good To Go and Gifts/Offerings

APPENDIX 11.5. SEMEAR NA MERCEARIA CONSUMPTION MOTIVATIONS AND EVALUATION

When asked to classify *SEMEAR na Mercearia*, consumers gave higher rating to Social Purpose and Quality* and lower rating to Communication, since they believe SEMEAR is not being effective in its communication to the consumer.

MOTIVATIONS FOR BUYING SEMEAR BRAND ⁽¹⁾

58%	"I choose organic products of SEMEAR because they are biological and, simultaneously, I am helping a social cause "
20%	"I choose the artisanal products of SEMEAR because I value the human participation in the production process and, simultaneously, I am helping a social cause ."
20%	"I choose products of SEMEAR exclusively for its social mission , regardless of the type of products offered."

CONSUMERS' MOTIVATION IS MORE THAN JUST THE PURPOSE ⁽²⁾

> Aligned with the survey results, interviewees referred that their motivation is more than just the social purpose. Even though potential consumers tend to prioritize purpose, current consumers value quality* above all.



"As a customer, I buy *Mercearia's* products **first because they have great quality, being the purpose a plus**. If I just wanted to help this social cause, there's other ways to do it, like donations" (current, 25-39y)

Source: Interviews (n=6)

CONSUMERS' EVALUATION OF MERCEARIA ⁽³⁾

Social Purpose	★★★★★	Communication	★★★★
Quality*	★★★★☆	Products' Variety	★★★★
Products' Characteristics	★★★★☆	Accessibility**	★★★★
Packaging	★★★★☆	Price	★★★★

STRENGTHS

WEAKNESSES



"People are tempted to try its products for the first time due to its **great purpose**" (25-39y)



"Sometimes people don't care about details but, for me, **packaging is really important and this one really calls my attention**" (25-39y)



Having **more physical points of sale** would be important, like being present in small local fairs (25-39y)

Source: Interviews (n=6)

* By Quality, it is meant the taste associated with artisanal/handmade products; **By Accessibility, it is meant lack of points of sale

Source: Online Survey (n=163) and Semi-structured Interviews (n=6) conducted by the group

To see detailed information, check (1) [Appendix 10.5](#), (2) [Appendix 9.9](#); (3) [Appendix 10.5](#); [Appendix 9.8](#)

APPENDIX 11.6. SEMEAR'S BUSINESS UNITS ANALYSIS

The purchase frequency of SEMEAR's products is low. Additionally, consumers that buy both *Terra* and *Mercelandia* would consider to add products from *Mercelandia* such as Jams to their organic baskets.

SEMEAR NA TERRA ⁽¹⁾

Have you ever purchased *SEMEAR na Terra*? (n=61)

41%

59%

Purchased organic baskets (25)

Did not purchase (36)

HOW FREQUENTLY DO THEY PURCHASE? ⁽¹⁾

A great portion of them purchased products from *SEMEAR na Terra* only once.

n = 25

PURCHASE OF TERRA + MERCEARIA ⁽²⁾

From the 10 respondents who already purchased both *Terra* and *Mercelandia*,

7 consider acquiring both simultaneously an interesting option, even though

they have not done so yet. The categories they would like to add are:

#1 Jams was the most mentioned category

#2 Cookies & Tea and **Chocolate & Dry Fruits** were equally mentioned

SEMEAR NA MERCEARIA ⁽¹⁾

Have you ever purchased *SEMEAR na Mercelandia*? (n=61)

25%

75%

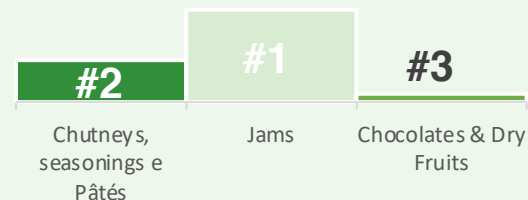
Purchased artisanal products (15)

Did not purchase (46)

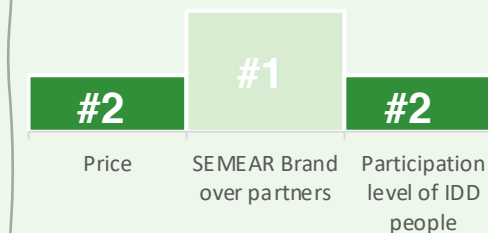
HOW FREQUENTLY DO THEY PURCHASE?

Similar to consumers of *SEMEAR na Terra*, the majority only purchased products from *SEMEAR na Mercelandia* only once.

WHICH CATEGORIES DO YOU ACQUIRE MORE FREQUENTLY?



TOP 3 CRITERIA



n = 15

APPENDIX 11.7. CONSUMPTION OCCASIONS

The choices of consumers regarding the type of products vary accordingly to the consumption occasion (from own consumption to offerings). It also depends on other criteria such as price and variety of products.

TYPES OF PRODUCT PER CONSUMPTION OCCASIONS ⁽¹⁾

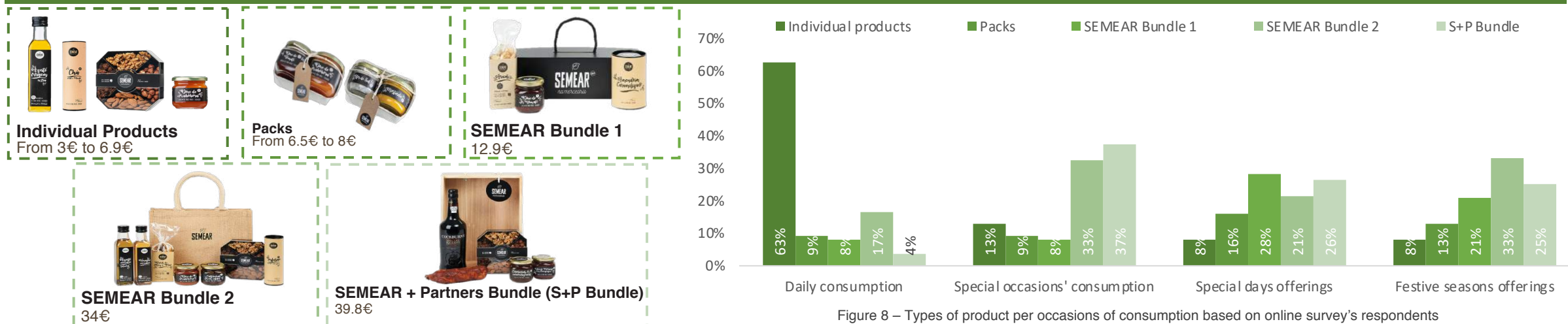


Figure 8 – Types of product per occasions of consumption based on online survey's respondents

DAILY CONSUMPTION

Individual products were clearly the preferred for daily consumption. The choice for this occasion was based on **personal preference and daily usage**.

63% Individual Products

17% SEMSEAR Bundle 2

9% Packs

SPECIAL CONSUMPTION

70% of the respondents chose the most expensive bundles, meaning the choice for this occasion is based on the **variety of products and less on the price**.

37% S+P Bundle

33% SEMSEAR Bundle 2

13% Individual Products

SPECIAL DAYS OFFER

The results show that respondents chose the type of products based on **variety and price**, when purchasing to offer on special days.

28% SEMSEAR Bundle 1

26% S+P Bundle

21% SEMSEAR Bundle 2

FESTIVE SEASONS OFFER

The results show that respondents choices were based on **variety of products and somewhat on price**, when offering on festive seasons.

33% SEMSEAR Bundle 2

25% S+P Bundle

21% SEMSEAR Bundle 1

APPENDIX 11.8. LOCAL OF PURCHASE OF ARTISANAL PRODUCTS

Even though Millennials and Gen-X prefer to purchase artisanal products physically (in artisanal fairs or gourmet sections of surfaces, for instance), the first generation is more willing to buy them online.

PREFERRED LOCATIONS TO PURCHASE ARTISANAL PRODUCTS ⁽¹⁾

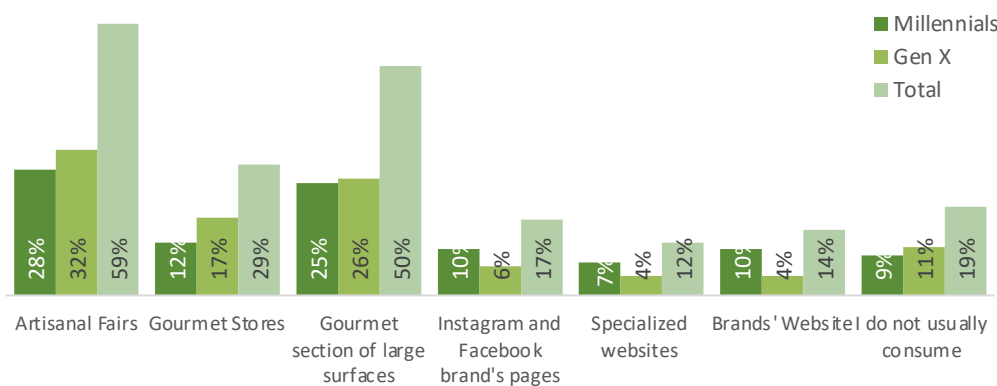


Figure 9 – Local preferences to purchase artisanal products based on survey's respondents

Local preferences were analyzed based on respondents' age, in order to validate if the previous generational consumption patterns regarding the local of purchase are verified in this market.

RESULTS BY LOCAL

- In general**, the most preferred places are:
 - 1st Artisanal fairs
 - 2nd Gourmet sections of large surfaces
- Online**, the most preferred way of purchase is through:
 - 1st Facebook and Instagram Stores
 - 2nd Brand's Website

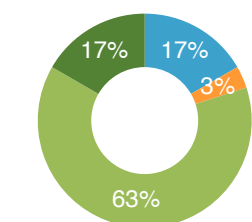
RESULTS BY GENERATION

- Most respondents from **both generations** prefer to buy artisanal products in physical stores
- Millennials** are more willing to buy these products online
28% of Millennials vs. 15% of Gen X

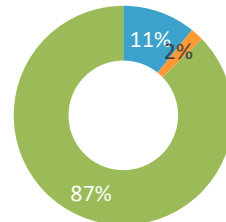
"I prefer to look at the products, choose them personally and buy them, but if I already know the brand and there is no other more convenient way, I order online."

PREFERRED LOCATIONS TO PURCHASE SEMEAR'S PRODUCTS ⁽²⁾

SEMEAR's Infrastructures Reception of ISA Website/Online Store Other



Current consumers (n=30)



Potential consumers (n=133)



Most preferred

SEMEAR's Website



Least preferred

ISA's* Reception

Potential and current consumers agreed on their preferences

regarding the options available for SEMEAR's products purchase

Some current customers still buy through **other ways** as e-mail;

the company they work for or even by company's partners

APPENDIX 11.9. MEDIA AND SOCIAL MEDIA USAGE

Both generations like to discover new brands at social media. Millennials prefer to use Instagram while Generation X prefers Facebook.

PREFERRED MEDIA TO DISCOVER NEW BRANDS ⁽¹⁾

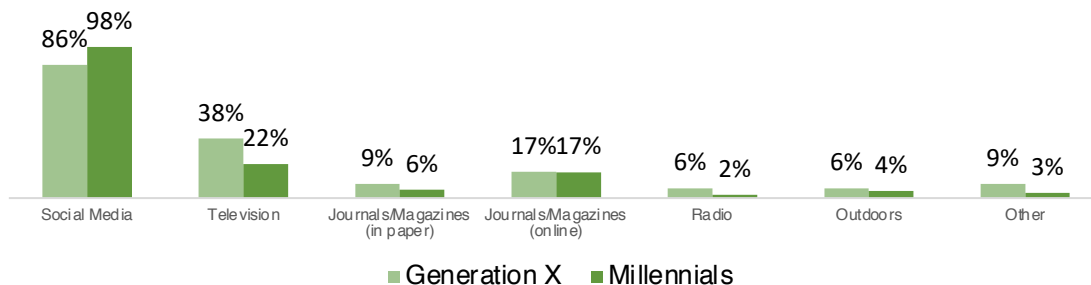


Figure 10 – Media preferences to discover new brands based on survey's respondents

SOCIAL MEDIA USAGE TOP 3 ⁽¹⁾

MILLENNIALS



#1 (92%) #2 (44%) #3 (26%)

GENERATION X



#1 (77%) #2 (66%) #3 (9%)

FAMOUS PEOPLE THEY FOLLOW ON SOCIAL MEDIA

Influencers (77%)

#1

Public Figures (57%)

Public Figures (46%)

Bloggers (49%)

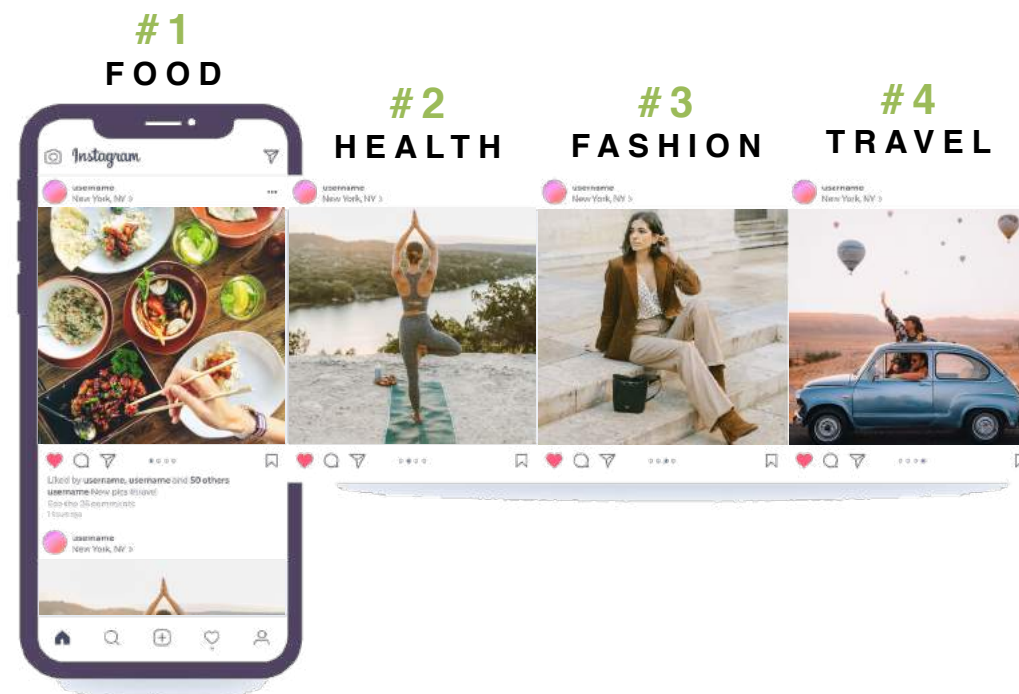
Bloggers (40%)

Influencers (31%)

TYPE OF ACCOUNTS MOST FOLLOWED ⁽¹⁾

> When asked which type of accounts they followed the most, food/recipes was the most mentioned by both generations.

> It was also asked **which types of accounts would better fit SEMear** and **62% mentioned Food, 53% Health and 34% Mummy Bloggers.**



APPENDIX 11.10. MAIN FINDINGS AND INSIGHTS (I/II)

Based on the interviews and the online survey, it is possible to present useful findings regarding consumers' characteristics (education level, opinions, lifestyle), consumer trends (consumption habits, preferred media channels) and consumption of gourmet artisanal products.

CONSUMERS

- > Respondents agree that **people with disabilities or incapacities are totally able of getting a job;**
- > Most of current and potential consumers **have already had an active role on volunteering** or in organizations with a social purpose.
- > Besides the **different motivations**, consumers cannot be segmented within them, since they are **not mutually exclusive.**

TRENDS

- > They are increasingly opting for local products to **help country's economy and local producers;**
- > **Millennials** prefer to use **Instagram** while **Gen-X** prefers **Facebook;**
- > Respondents follow influencers and public figures in their social media. Food and Health are the favorite type of accounts
- > Both **generations** like to **discover brands through social media.**

GOURMET ARTISANAL PRODUCTS

- > **Benefits:** Higher quality; Better taste, Made with more care;
- > **Difficulties:** Price, Accessibility;
- > **Preferred Local of Purchase:** Physical places such as local fairs and gourmet sections of surfaces. Millennials are more willing to buy online than Gen-X;
- > **Brand Awareness and Brand Recognition:** Little knowledge regarding brands which sell artisanal products. However, when some logos of well-known brands were shown to interviewees, they were able to recognize some;
- > **Price:** They are willing to pay more since these products are usually endowed with quality. Millennials are more price sensitive than Generation-X.

APPENDIX 11.1. MAIN FINDINGS AND INSIGHTS (II/II)

It was possible to understand that there is little awareness of SEMEAR, but the ones who knew pointed out the purpose and products' quality as the main strengths of the brand. Consumers identified different consumption occasions for different type of products.

SEMEAR

- **Awareness:** Little awareness of the brand;
- **How did they know?** From the ones who knew SEMEAR, it was **mostly through the companies they work for** and through relatives and media;
- **Motivations to purchase:** The majority of current and potential consumers would be motivated to acquire SEMEAR's products because of its organic baskets and, simultaneously, they would be helping a social cause;
- **Strengths:** Social Purpose, Quality*, Products' characteristics, Packaging;
- **Weaknesses:** Accessibility**, Communication, Products' variety within categories and Price;
- **SEMEAR na Terra and SEMEAR na Mercearia:** There was a higher number of people who purchased organic products (*Terra*) in comparison with artisanal products (*Mercearia*), having the majority did it only once.
- **Local of purchase:** Current and potential consumers prefer to acquire SEMEAR's products through its website when comparing to the other available options;
- **Consumption occasions:** Consumer choices are clearly different according to the consumption occasion of products, as well as the criteria used for choosing. For instance, consumers prefer the individual products for daily consumption, being personal preference and daily usage the criteria given; Bundles are preferred on the other occasions;
- **Types of social media accounts that would better fit SEMEAR's profile:** Food, Health and Mummy Bloggers.

* By Quality, it is meant the taste associated with artisanal/handmade products; **By Accessibility, it is meant lack of points of sale



RECOMMENDATIONS



APPENDIX 12.1. FINANCIAL GOAL

According to the forecasts conducted by the group, if the recommendations are put into practice, it is expected that B2C segment will account for 32% of total sales revenues of SEMEAR in 2022, meaning an increase of 12 pp when compared to 2019.

GOAL



Enhance all year financial stability until 2022 by **increasing B2C segment weight on total sales** from **20%** to **32%** of total sales.

RATIONALE



B2C account for 20% of sales (2019)

Sales from B2C in **2018**: 233 306,46€ x 20% ⁽¹⁾ = 46 661,29€

Sales from B2C in **2019**: 315 107,55€ x 20% = 63 021,51€

$\Delta_{(2018-2019)} = 63\,021,51\text{€} - 46\,661,29\text{€} = 16\,360,22\text{€}$

FORECASTS

$\Delta_{(2019-2020)} = 16\,360,22\text{€}^{(2)} + 4\,816\text{€}^{(3)} = 21\,176,22\text{€}$

$\Delta_{(2020-2021)} = \Delta_{(2021-2022)} = 16\,360,22\text{€}^{(2)}$

$\text{Total Sales } 2022: 315\,107,55\text{€} + 21\,176,22\text{€} + (16\,360,22\text{€} \times 2) = 369\,004,21\text{€}$

% B2C 2022: $(63\,021,51\text{€} + 21\,176,22\text{€} + (16\,360,22\text{€} \times 2)) / 369\,004,21\text{€} \approx 32\%$

B2C Sales 2019
 $\Delta_{(2019-2020)}$
 $\Delta_{(2020-2021)} + \Delta_{(2021-2022)}$
Total Sales 2022

ASSUMPTIONS

- 1 **Stable growth** on B2C sales from 2018 to 2022, even though the group knows it most certainly does not correspond to reality.
- 2 B2C Sales is the only account being forecasted, **ceteris paribus** (Sales from B2B segment remaining without changes).

SEMEAR Sales Forecast (2018-2022)

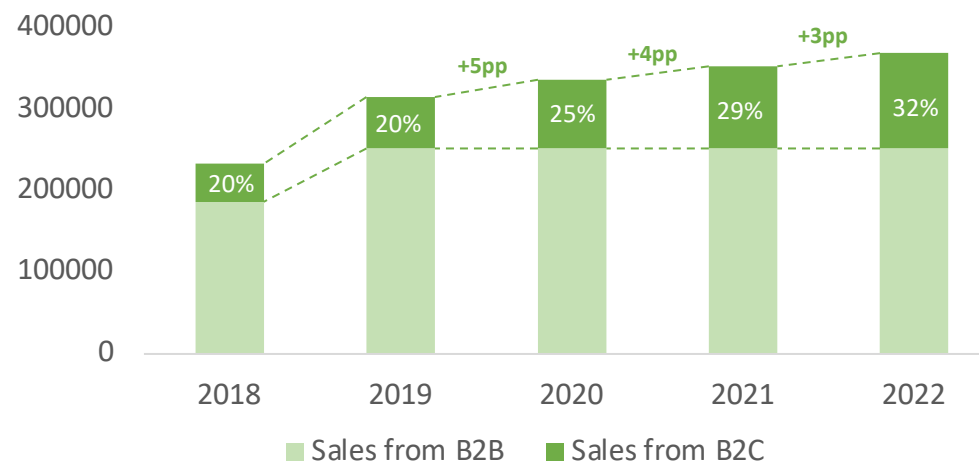


Figure 18 – Sales Forecast of SEMEAR (2018-2022)

(1) It was assumed that the % of B2C on total sales of 2018 was equal to 2019; (2) Same increase from 2018-2019; (3) Website Sales in 2020 from B2C

(1) SEMEAR's Financial Report 2019

APPENDIX 12.2. SOCIAL MISSION ORIENTED GOAL

By the end of 2022, *SEMEAR na Mercearia* will increase the number of followers by 144%, more 5234 followers than they have today.

GOAL



Increase the brand awareness among the new target audience by achieving **more 144% social media followers** until 2022.

RATIONALE

- > As **brand awareness is difficult to assess correctly**, social media followers will be used to measure the success of this goal;
- > The various tactics formulated will contribute to increase the number of SEMEAR's Instagram followers. However, it will be the giveaways made by brand's ambassadors (where the participant has to follow SEMEAR's page) that will lead this sharp growth;
- > Based on past giveaways or engagement of each brand ambassador, potential new followers were estimated.

INCREASE IN FOLLOWERS FORECAST

Suggested Influencers to be Brand Ambassadors are presented bellow.

- Forecast based on previews food giveaways:

Assumptions: Average of 3 comments per participant;

Alice Trewinnard – $9012 \text{ comments} / 3 = 3004 \text{ new followers}$

Biba Pitta – $5250 / 3 = 1750 \text{ new followers}$

- Forecast based on engagement (since they did not have giveaway posts):

Number of followers x Engagement rate x 66.7% / 3

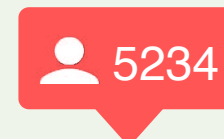
Assumptions: 66.7% of people that likes also comments the giveaway; Average of 3 comments per participant

Mariana Abecasis – $61.5k \times 1.15\% \times 66.7\% / 3 = 323 \text{ new followers}$

Andreia Vasconcellos – $47.4k \times 3.1\% \times 66.7\% / 3 = 157 \text{ new followers}$

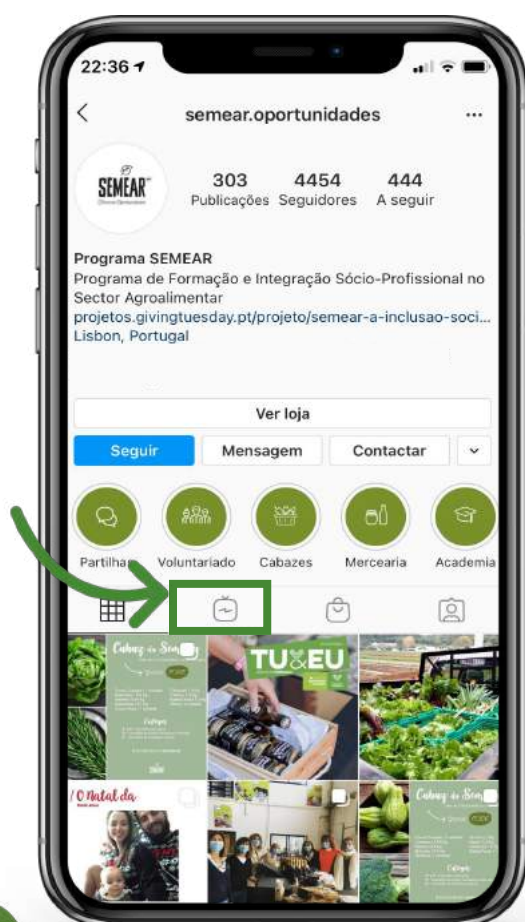
RESULTS:

- SEMEAR's current Instagram followers = 4 587
- Increase in followers by 2022 = 5 234 (Growth rate 144%)



APPENDIX 13.1. IGTV Series

The steps SEMEAR should follow to create a series on IGTV are presented below, aiming to have a section on its Instagram profile that directs followers to #SemearNumMinuto episodes.



1

Go to the IGTV Tool



2

Upload Ep. #1 on IGTV
(mock-up example)



3

Create a series on IGTV called
#SemearNumMinuto and Add Ep. #1

Figure 19 – Explanation of IGTV Series' Creation

APPENDIX 13.2. ILLUSTRATIVE EPISODES

Some episodes were preliminary developed in order to better show in what #SemearNumMinuto consists of. They were made based on video content that can be found on SEMEAR's social networks.



These are mock-up examples of episodes #2 (*Academia*), #5 (*Trainees*) and #6 (*Trainers*). The first one was developed based on a video sent to BIPP's Volunteering Group, while the others on video resources available online at BIPP's YouTube Channel.

Figure 20 – Examples of #SemearNumMinuto Episodes

APPENDIX 14. TIMELINE

Milestones correspond to the three suggested tactics: partnership's submission, TV program participation and #SemearNumMinuto videos launch. It is of foremost importance to plan the respective actions in advance, so that each tactic is implemented in the estimated schedule.

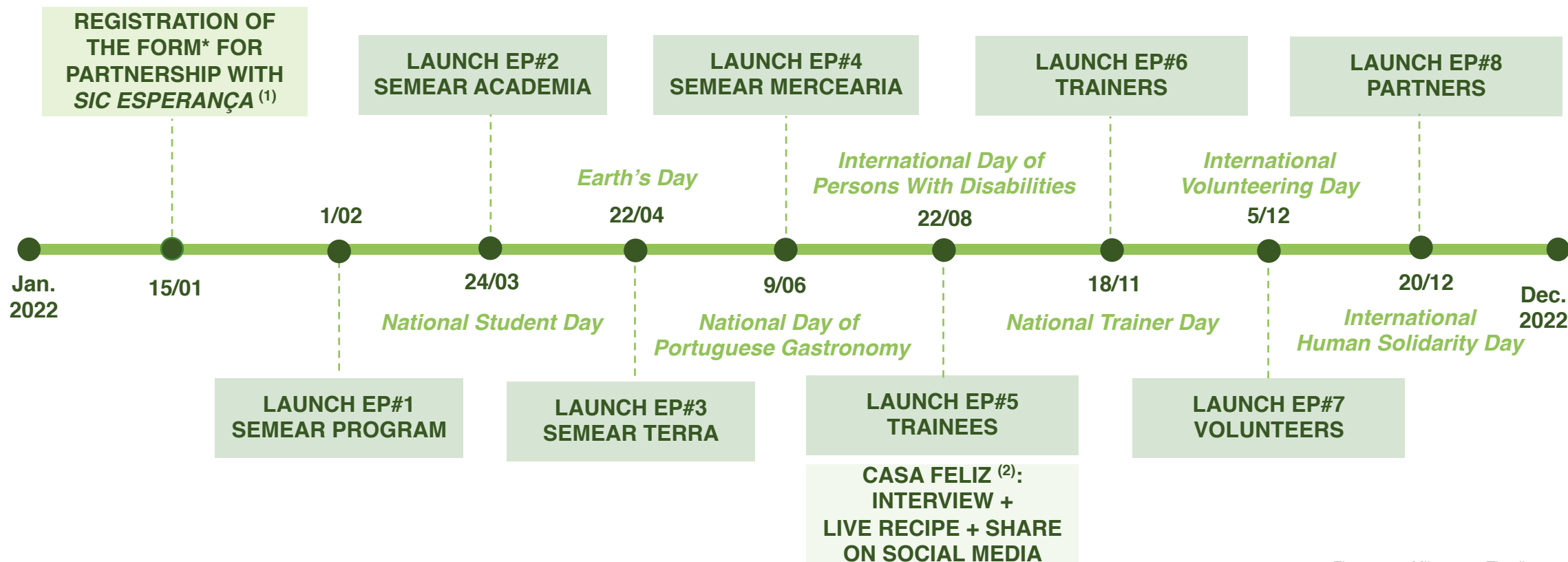


Figure 21 – Milestones Timeline

(1) The proposed TV Ad will depend on the acceptance of the partnership and its schedule is to be defined by *SIC Esperança and IMPRESA Group*

(2) It is suggested to SEMEAR to start contacting Casa Feliz 3 months earlier to ensure its presence on the program

APPENDIX 15. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

TV Program participation costs include the product offerings to presenters and the products needed to make the recipe. Social Media Strategy expenses are based on the budget that will be invested in Facebook and Instagram Ads. Total budget will be equal to 173.9€.

Partnership with *SIC Esperança* ⁽¹⁾

This tactic will require no costs since the registration form is free ([click here to access](#)) and the TV Ad Campaign will be in charge of *SIC Esperança* (Public Service Space free of charge).



0 €



0 €



0 €

TOTAL = 0€

TV Program Participation ⁽²⁾

Partnership cost: The monetary expenses will be the offerings to both presenters (Bundle #7 and Bundle #8, total of 44,4€*) and the costs of products needed to make the live recipe (organic medium basket and 5 individual products, total of 29,5€*).



0 €



73,9 €



0 €

TOTAL = 73,9€

Social Media Strategy ⁽³⁾

Communication cost: Each video will be sponsored through Facebook and Instagram Ads for 5 days (from the specific launch day until the next 4 days)

Each episode will have a budget of 12,5€ (for the 5 days), totalizing the 8 episodes 100€.



0 €



0 €



100 €

TOTAL = 100€

* Based on the sales price of SEMEAR's products



Service Costs



Partnership Costs



Communication Costs

(1) *SIC Esperança's* Website; (2) SEMEAR's Website; (3) Facebook Business Ads Manager

APPENDIX 16. RISKS AND CONTINGENCIES

Partnership failure, nutritionist's refusal to make a live recipe on the daytime TV program, lack of time to develop video content and low video engagement on social media are the main problems that SEMEAR may have to overcome.



**IMPOSSIBILITY OF PARTNERING
WITH SIC ESPERANÇA OR TO
PARTICIPATE IN THE PROGRAM**



**MARIANA ABECASIS REFUSAL
TO MAKE A LIVE RECIPE ON TV**



**LACK OF TIME TO DEVELOP
VIDEOS FOR TACTIC #3**



**LOW ENGAGEMENT OF
COMMUNITY TO THE VIDEOS**

To create national awareness about the social issue, **SEMEAR should try to appear on *Imagens de Marca***, a television program of *SIC Notícias*, exposing how the brand fights against exclusion.

SEMEAR should try to **negotiate with Mariana Abecasis** or **take advantage of the members of “Amigos do Semear”** WhatsApp Group and try **to understand who would better fit this role.**

Filming and editing new videos will require some time of the internal team. In case of need, **SEMEAR should ask for help of its communication partner Wisdom Consulting** to manage video resources and social media pages.

If the brand understands that ads are not having the estimated results, **SEMEAR should consider to invest more**, in order to reach more people and to be more cost effective. Frequent tracking is of foremost importance.

* This program has an audience profile that corresponds to the suggested target market: women, between 25 and 54 years old, from Upper and Middle Class, who live in the Great Lisbon ⁽¹⁾

Source: Individual Analysis; (1) TVI24, 2004

APPENDIX 17. KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS (KPIs)

The main KPIs to be assessed are the following: for the first strategic initiative, number of visits on the website and on social media pages; for the second, sales revenues' increase; for the last one, video engagement and 1-minute video views.

1

Partnership with *SIC Esperança*

After the Ad being on air, SEMEAR should evaluate the following to measure its effectiveness:

- > **Ratings of the TV Ad ⁽¹⁾**
- > **Number of visits on the website**
- > **Number of visits on social media**

2

Daytime TV Program Participation

After going to the TV program, SEMEAR should assess the performance of this tactic through:

- > **Website and Social Media Traffic**
- > **Sales Revenues Increase**

After posting an image on social media reporting this event, evaluate also:

- > **Engagement Rate ⁽²⁾**

3

Social Media Strategy

It is suggested to measure the success of the videos' campaign every episode to understand if videos are achieving the estimated results and if adjustments are needed (e.g. budget), through:

- > **Reach ⁽²⁾**
- > **Video engagement ⁽³⁾**
- > **1-Minute Video Views ⁽⁴⁾**
- > **Followers Growth**

(1) % of potential audience tuned to the spot; (2) Number of people who have seen the ad; (3) Clicks, Reactions, Comments and Shares; (4) Number of times the video has been played for at least 1 min

APPENDIX 18. CONCLUSION

SEMEAR should expand its B2C segment through the suggested target market by promoting awareness about the unique social dimension of its high-quality products (participation of people with IDD). National Partnership, Daytime TV Program Participation and a Social Media Strategy are the recommended tactics to follow as a favorable public visibility enhances the brand intended positioning.

SEMEAR should **expand its B2C segment** in order to become sustainable.



01 ORGANIZATIONAL CHALLENGE

- > **High-quality** gourmet artisanal products;
- > Brand that **goes beyond profit**, integrates IDD people;
- > **Cares** about **food waste**.



03 RECOMMENDED POSITIONING

Promoting the sustainability of SEMEAR's social mission



05 STRATEGIC INITIATIVES

KPIs: **number of website/social media visits, sales revenues' increase, video engagement** and **1-minute video views**



07 ASSESS SUCCESS

RECOMMENDED TARGET 02



Women from 25 to 54 years old who live in the Region of Lisbon;
Health conscious; Artisanal Lover; Altruist

GOALS 04



> Increase the **brand awareness** next to target market to expand B2C segment.

TACTICS 06



- 1) Partnership with *SIC Esperança*;
- 2) TV Program Participation;
- 3) Social Media Strategy (Video Ads).