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INDEXED Division of Hornculture Catalog

Report From Raymond Branch Experiment Station

For 1920 to 1922 Inclusive

C. B. ANDERS

MISSISSIPPI AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION
AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE. MISSISSIPPI

J. R. Ricks, Director



Report of The Work at The Raymond Branch Experiment Station

By C. B. Anders

INTRODUCTION

The Raymond Branch Experiment Station was established by the Legislature of 1920 and located at Raymond, Mississippi. During the year 1920 a location was selected, land purchased and some buildings and improvements begun. Complete possession of the farm was not obtained until January, 1921, and farming operations did not begin until that date.

The Station adjoins the farm of the Hinds County Agricultural High School and Junior College. It is one mile from Raymond and sixteen miles from Jackson on the Raymond-Jackson Highway. It consists of one hundred sixty-nine acres of hill and valley land of Brownloam type, fifty acres of which was purchased by the state, eighty acres donated by Hinds County and thirty-nine acres donated by Hinds County Agricultural High School.

The author fully realizes that all experiments must be run through a series of seasons before definite conclusions can be drawn and for this reason data on many of the projects under way here is not published in this bulletin.

IMPROVEMENTS

The farm as originally purchased was entirely without improvements. There was no barns, buildings or fences; the hills were badly washed, the valleys had little drainage and many parts of the place had been allowed to grow up to bushes, briars and willows. These conditions have made it necessary for a great part of the first two years to be devoted to building, fencing, ditching, terracing and clearing land. This and the lack of sufficient funds have limited experimental work. At the present writing a residence for the Assistant Director has been completed, an old cottage repaired for the Farm Foreman, a barn and an implement shed built, and an efficient system of ditches and terraces put in over a large part of the farm. Most of the land has been cleared and a hog proof fence put around the place.

COTTON

VARIETY TESTS—These tests are conducted for the purpose of comparing the leading commercial varieties and testing new varieties and selections that are put on the market. A wide variation in yields and in money value of different varieties indicates the great need of carefully selected seed adapted to the section in which they are grown.

Results of two years' variety work here are shown in table number

1. Both these tests were conducted on valley land typical of the bot-

tom lands in this section and fertilized with 200 pounds acid phosphate and 100 pounds nitrate of soda per acre.

TABLE I. COTTON VARIETY TESTS-1921-1922

Variety	Seed Cotto	Yield of Seed Cotton Per Acre			Length of Lint		ue of it per in Ots	Total Money Value of Seed and Lint		Rank in Mon Value	
	1921 192	2 1921	1922	1921	1922	'21	'22	1921	1922	'21 '22	2
Simpkins	911 121	9 39.1	33.5	1/2	3/4	12	23.25	53.89	107.04	23 18	3
Bank-Account	963	35.9	1	1/2		12		53.73	1	24	
Miss. Station Trice		20 32.2	31.3	$1\frac{1}{16}$	1 16	21	25.00	76.89	125.68	12 4	1
Wanna'mkr-Clev'ld		3 38.2	37.4	5/8	7/8	14	23.75	59.79	117.99		
Cleveland-54			35.2	5/8	15-16	113	24.00	62.56	122.99		
Piedmont-Cleveland	1019 127	0136.7	35.3	1/2	15-16	12	24.00		119.94	20 8	3
Cleveland Big Boll	907	36.7		5/8		14		58.14		19	
Cook-1010	884	42.1		$\frac{1}{2}$		12		54.91		22	
Cook-588	98	3	36.7		⁷ / ₈		23.75		94.95	22	1
Half and Half	987 111	5 46.1	43.6	1/2	5/8		22.75	69.76	120.13		
Miller		7 35.3	32.6	1 16	1 16	22	25.00	93.36	87.60		5
Triumph		- 38.8		7/8		16		68.16		16	
Lone Star		37.8		7/8		16		55.09		21	
Lone Star 65				$1\frac{3}{16}$	1 1/8		26.50	100.43		1 1 1 0	
Lone Star-79	123		30.9		$1\frac{1}{8} - \frac{3}{16}$		27.00		115.67	13	
Acala Number 5	1079 1032	37.9	35.3	1 1	$\frac{1}{16} - \frac{1}{8}$	16 2	25.25	78.85	101.85	11 21	
Salsbury		0 34.2	33.4	7/8	1 1/8 10	6 1/2	26.50	68.71	114.06		Ł
Express-432		33.6		1 1/8		23		87.64		8	
Express-782	931 126	2 32.4	32.7	$1\frac{3}{16}$	1 3 - 1/4	24 2	28.00	85.07	120.07		,
Express 122-433	963	29.8		1 16		24		82.39		10	
Express 350-718		29.8		$1\frac{3}{16}$		25		91.44		7	
Express, Walcot	128		29.8		1_{16}^{3}		27.50		118.56	9	
Express Lightning	128		28.3		$1\frac{3}{16}$		27.50		113.97	15	
Express-630			28.8		$1\frac{3}{16}$		27.50		120.44	6	
Express-350	122		27.5		$1\frac{3}{16}$		27.50		106.32	19	
Delfos-6102				1 1/8	$1\frac{3}{16}$	26	27.50	104.06	139.76	2 1	
Delfos-631	1019,118	5 33.5	31.5	1 1/4	$1\frac{3}{16} - \frac{1}{4}$			102.17	116.67	3 12	
Delfos-198	1400		32.6		$1\frac{3}{16}$		27.50		139.68	2	
Sunpress-61	947 122			1 1/4	1_{16}^{5}		29.50		111.01	4 16	
Webber-49-4	760 107			1 1/4	1 1/4		28.50		102.61	13 20	
Delta-Type Webber	935,110	5 31.2	30.4	1 1/4	1 1/4	28	28.50	94.68	107.40	5 17	

FERTILIZER TESTS—Tables number 2 and 3 give results from two fertilizer tests. Test number 1 has run two years on the same plats, number 2 one year on an adjoining piece of ground with the order of plats reversed. In these tests the increase in yields where stable manure was used is outstanding. The best yields and increases were obtained with the use of 5 tons stable manure and 200 pounds acid phosphate per acre. Nitrate of soda and cotton seed meal gave good returns. Acid phosphate used without nitrate in some form did very poorly. Second to the stable manure the most economical results were obtained from the use of 200 pounds of acid phosphate and 100 pounds nitrate of soda. This combination is advised as a safe fertilizer for this section. In some instances potash seems to have given profitable returns but at present the writer does not feel justified in advising its use except on soils where rust attacks the cotton.

TABLE II. COTTON FERTILIZER TEST NO. 1—1921-1922

Dint	Fertilier Applied	Yields in Pounds Seed Cotton Per Acre							
	Amount Per Acre	Yield 1921	Incr. Over Check 1921	Yeild 1922	Increase over Check 1922				
1	5 Tons Stable Manure.	1584	627	1204.3	549.5				
2	Check	957		654.8					
3	200 lbs. Nitrate Soda	1122	165	745.5	$90.7 \\ 416.3$				
4	400 lbs. Cotton Seed Meal	1083	288	983.8	416.3				
5	Check	795		567.5					
6	400 lbs. Acid Phosphate	717	Loss 78	537.3	Loss 30.2				
7	200 lbs. Kainit	735	40	384.9	32.6				
8	Check	695		352.3					
9	100 lbs. Ni. Soda, 200 lbs. A. P.	816	121	587.6	235.3				
10	200 lbs. C. M., 200 lbs. A. P	693	65						
11	Check	528		299.2					
12	100 lbs. N. Sod., 100 lbs. Kainit		492	506.9	207.7				
13	200 lbs. C. M., 100 lbs. Kainit	1275	354	632.5	212.8				
14	Check	921		419.7					
15	200 lbs. C. M., 200 lbs. A. P		100	656.1	236.4				
	100 lbs. Kainit	[
16	200 lbs. C. M., 200 lbs. A. P	1194	240	747.5	164.3				
	200 lbs. Kainit								
17	Check			583.2					
18	5 tons Stab. Man., 200 lbs. A. P.			1407.6	824.4				
19	5 tons Stab. Man., 100 lbs Kain			1380.0					
20	Check			566.8					
21	5 tons Stable Manure.	1443		1231.8					
	200 lbs. A. P., 100 lbs. Kainit								

TABLE III. COTTON FERTILIZER TEST NO. 2—1922

Plat		Yields in Pounds Seed Cotton Per Acre			
No.	Amonnt per Acre	Yield	Increase over		
1	100 lbs. Ni. Sod., 200 lbs. Ac. Phos	802.3			
2	Check	635.7			
3	200 lbs. C. M., 200 lbs. Ac. Phos	701.5			
4	100 lbs. Ni. Soda, 100 lbs. Kainit	684.0	266.8		
5	Check	417.2			
6	200 lbs. C. M., 100 lbs. Kainit	542.2	125.0		
7	200 lbs. C. M., 200 lbs. Ac. Phos.	790.0	238.2		
	100 lbs. Kainit				
8	Check	551.8			
9	200 lbs. C. S. Meal, 200 lbs. Ac. Phos	801.8	249.7		
	200 lbs. Kainit				
10	5 Tons Stable Manure, 200 lbs. Ac. Phos.	1346.7	562.7		
11	Check	784.0			
12	5 Tons Stable Manure, 100 lbs. Kainit	1305.1	521.1		
13	5 Tons Stable Manure, 200 lbs. Ac. Phos.	1314.6	. 477.0		
	100 lbs. Kainit				
14	Check	837.6			
15	5 Tons Stable Manure	1254.3	416.7		
16	200 lbs. Nitrate Soda	816.7	233.8		
17	Check	682.9			
18	400 lbs. Cottonseed Meal	706.2	23.3		
19	400 lbs. Acid Phosphate	759.6	49.0		
20	Check	710.6			
21	200 lbs. Kainit	419.1			

MISCELLANEOUS COTTON TESTS—In a test of regular cultivation versus alternately cultivating middles no increase in yield was obtained.

Tests are under way studying both time and method of applying fertilizer on which sufficient data for publication has not been obtained.

Records are being made on rotations using crimson clover, bur clover and vetch with corn and cotton. At present the clovers are growing nicely following cotton.

No spacing tests have been conducted on this station but the writer feels that attention should be directed to bulletin number 212 of the Mississippi Experiment Station dealing with this subject in detail. The many tests summarized show conclusively that close spacing is essential.

CORN

VARIETIES—Table nubmer 4 summarizes results from two years' variety tests on valley land without any fertilization. A study of this table will show a marked variation in both yields and quality of the different varieties.

TABLE IV. CORN VARIETY TESTS-1921-1922

	Variety	Total Gr. pe			o 1 Gr.		No. 11 per A	Tot'l M Value			
		1921	1922	1921	1922	1921	1922	1921	1922	'21	'22
1	Williamson	27.5	31.71	23.4	20.08	3.5	10.32	19.30	20.22	12	2
2	Biggs 7-Year	29.4	27.41	24.4	9.43	4.4	17.54	20.50	15.84	7	14
3	Whatley	28.1	29.33	25.3	23.73	12.6	5.60	20.27	20.60	10	1
4	Mosby-College	30.2	25.94	28.4	12.89	[1.7]	12.68	22.15	16.01	2	12
5	Mosby-Delta		27.86		12.75		14.59		16.86		8
6	Mosby-Ewing	30.5	29.63	26.8	17.25	3.4	11.92	21.80	18.90	3	
7	Cocke-College	28.8	26.68	25.3	14.29	3.0	12.09	20.47	16.77	8	9
8	Cocke-Delta						14.45				,15
9	Hastings Pro	29.5	23.44	25.7	12.09		11.06		14.60	1 5	18
10	Vardaman		26.09		12.68		12.82		15.92		13
11	Marlboro	25.6	28.66	22.5	17.77	2.7	10.25	18.22	18.46	15	
12	Leguna	29.5	35.82	26.5	12.97	2.8	15.69	21.27	17.58	3 4	6
13	Mexican June		25.42		12.65	I	12.06		15.52		16
14	Tenn. Red Cob.	26.5	19.84	21.1	4.15	5.0	14.92	18.32	10,57	19	
15	Paymaster										11
16	Ellis	35.6	29.70	32.2	20.88	3.0	7.91	25.65	19.62	2 1	3
17	U. S. No. 201		27.76		12.75		14.40		16.76		10
18	Florida Flint	29.0	26.59	24.3	8.69	4.3	17.25	20.37	15.15	9	17
19	N. C. Prolific	25.3	27.50	20.0	12.76	4.9	15.05	17.45	17.10	16	7
20	Reid's Yel. Dent	28.0	17.81	10.6	2.33	8.4	3.24	12.15	3.37		20
21	Calh'n Red Cob			20.0		2.7		16.35		18	
22	Payms'tr (Harp)			19.4		7.9		18.50		13	
23	Tenn. R. C72.			14.6		4.6		13.50		19	
24	Chisholm	25.5		17.6		6.8		16.60		17	

MISCELLANEOUS TESTS—Crimson clover following corn and plowed under increased the yield of corn ten per cent the first year. In

this test crimson clover made excellent growth on all but the very thinnest soil.

Rotation and fertilizer tests are under way on which data is not yet ready for publication, however we obtained increases of from ten to twenty bushels of corn per acre on the very poorest hill land by the use of 200 pounds acid phosphate and 200 pounds nitrate of soda per acre.

TOMATOES

VARIETIES—Table number 5 shows results with two years variety tests conducted on valley land. Tomatoes in these tests were grown and graded according to commercial standards and results apply to the commercial grower rather than to the gardener.

TABLE V. TOMATO VARIETY TESTS-1921-1922

No.	Variety	Yields in Pounds		A verag	ge Size unds	Per ce Fir	ent of sts	Per cent of Seconds	
		1921	1922	1921	1922	1921	1922	1921	1922
1	Dwarf Champion	40		.18		33		51	
2	Livingston's Globe	35.9	59.3	.19	.20	49	52	42	27
3	Early Detroit	41.5	82.5	.23	-18	59	54	28	24
4	Livingston"s Beauty	59.2	28.33	.25	.18	75	38	17	22
5	Red Field Beauty	51.2		.23		43		44	
6	Livingston's Man'ld.:	90.7		.16		62		36	
7	Matchless	77.4	70.6	.24	-19	651	47	27	30
8	Ponderosa	32.8		.39)	27		47	
9	Acme	49.6		.23	Ì	50		42	
10	Red Rock	61.6	63.9	.25	.20	34	44	59	28
11	Improved Stone	75.5	38.83	.24	.18	53	48	39	26
12	Gulf States		74.90	the party of	.18		56		23

FERTILIZERS—Table number 6 gives the results of one years' work with varying proportions of potash. These tests are to be continued until the need of potash for commercial truck crops has been definitely determined for this section. In this table an 8-4-3 fertilizer means ore containing 8 per cent phosphorous, 4 per cent nitrogen, and 3 per cent potash.

TABLE VI. TOMATO FERTILIZER TESTS-1922

			Total			size of		Per cent of			Earliness percent pulled 1st s 4 pickings	
1	8-4-0					49.9						
2	8-4-3 8-4-6				13.96 15.6	47.5				19.0		
4	4-4-0				23.8					29.6		
5	4-4-3				17.7	1				24.3		
6	4-4-6		73.7	17.2	22.5	34.0	.28	.20	23,3	30.5	46.1	1.6

MISCELLANEOUS

In addition to the projects previously mentioned this station is doing work with various clovers, vetches, soy beans, peas and other forage crops, and an orchard of peaches, apples and grapes has been started. Additional work will be started this year on varieties and fertilizers for several commercial truck crops and the trucking work will be given special attention for the next few years.

Careful regords on all work are being tabulated and these results will be published from time to time as soon as sufficient conclusive data is obtained.

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