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**IMPORTANT MESSAGE FOR THOSE SEEKING TO OFFER COLLEGIATE COURSES OR PROGRAMS IN NEW JERSEY**

**If you are interested in offering collegiate courses or programs in New Jersey, please review the licensure regulations carefully and then contact the Office of Licensure for more information about licensure processes in this State. Phone (609) 984-3738 or email at [eric.taylor@oshe.nj.gov](mailto:eric.taylor@oshe.nj.gov).**

**NEW JERSEY ADMINISTRATIVE CODE  
TITLE 9A - HIGHER EDUCATION  
New Jersey Secretary of Higher Education  
CHAPTER 1. LICENSURE RULES  
(amendments effective 10/17/16)**

**SUBCHAPTER 1. GENERAL STANDARDS**

**9A:1-1.1 Authority**

N.J.S.A. 18A:68-3 stipulates that no corporation may offer academic degree programs and/or college credit-bearing courses in New Jersey until it files with the Commission on Higher Education a certified copy of its incorporation and obtains from the Commission a license to offer such degree programs or courses under the rules prescribed by the Commission. Pursuant to Reorganization Plan No. 005-2011, issued by Governor Chris Christie on June 29, 2011, all functions, powers, duties, and personnel of the Commission were transferred to the Secretary of Higher Education, pursuant to the State Agency Transfer Act, P.L. 1971, c. 375 (N.J.S.A. 52:14D-1 et seq.).

**9A:1-1.2 Definitions**

The following words and terms, as used in this chapter, shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

"Academic degree" means any associate degree, baccalaureate degree, master's degree, or doctoral degree regardless of the specific discipline in which it was awarded.

"Academic degree completion program" means a baccalaureate degree program consisting of at least 120 semester credit hours offered by a baccalaureate degree-granting institution for students who have earned transferable credit hours from another institution of higher education that are applicable to the baccalaureate degree program. In an academic degree completion program, the baccalaureate degree-granting institution shall offer course work totaling 26 percent or more of the credits required for the baccalaureate degree.

"Academic department" means a subdivision of an institution of higher education designated as such that is responsible for instruction and/or research in a specific discipline or disciplines.

"Academic disciplines" means the major areas of study identified in the Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP), that is, the first two digits of the CIP code, developed by the National Center for Education Statistics, 2010, incorporated herein by reference, as amended and supplemented. The CIP may be obtained from the National Center for Education Statistics website at <http://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/cipcode>.

"Accreditation" and "accredited" both mean a status attained by an institution through voluntarily meeting standards for academic degree programs and/or college credit-bearing courses set by a nongovernmental entity recognized by the U.S. Secretary of Education.

"Adequate, appropriate, equivalent, significant, suitable, and sufficient" mean adequate, appropriate, equivalent, significant, suitable, and sufficient in the judgment of the Secretary in consultation with the Presidents' Council.

"Adjunct faculty" means one who is employed to teach on a course-by-course or credit basis.

"Blended (or hybrid) learning" means a formal educational process in which a part of the instruction occurs when the learner and the instructor are physically located in the same place at the same time, but a part of the instruction occurs by distance learning.

"Branch campus" means a physical facility for a State college or a State university located out-of-State or out-of-country at a place other than the institution's principal campus offering one or more complete programs leading to a degree.

"Changing the programmatic mission" means changing the level of academic degrees authorized for the institution.

"College credit-bearing course" means an instructional activity upon a student's successful completion of which an institution of higher education awards recognition applicable to meeting the requirements for a degree or other formal academic award.

"College credit-bearing distance learning" means a distance learning activity upon a student's successful completion of which an institution of higher education awards recognition applicable to meeting the requirements for a degree or other formal academic award.

"College," "institution," or "institution of higher education" means a postsecondary educational institution that provides instruction beyond the 12th grade level in programs that satisfy the requirements for a degree at the associate, baccalaureate, or graduate level, and which, with the exception of institutions that have a specialty mission, offers a range of degree programs. A college has an independent board of trustees. It has a faculty whose duties may include the instruction of students, involvement in scholarship and research, or some combination of both the instruction of students and involvement in scholarship and research. A college has policies and procedures that encourage the academic officers and the faculty to exercise their full

responsibility for the academic direction of the institution. A community college or county college is an institution of higher education that offers the associate degree only. A senior college offers degrees up to the baccalaureate level and/or offers graduate and professional degrees. Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the term "college" as used in this chapter refers to higher education institutions generally.

"Commission" means the New Jersey Commission on Higher Education, which was the State-level planning and coordinating agency for higher education in New Jersey until June 29, 2011, when all functions, powers, duties, and personnel of the Commission were transferred to the Secretary of Higher Education, pursuant to Reorganization Plan No. 005-2011.

"Distance learning" means a formal educational process in which instruction occurs when the learner and the instructor are not physically located in the same place at the same time.

"Educational delivery mode" means a formal educational process involving either blended (or hybrid) learning, distance learning, or traditional face-to-face learning.

"Educational program" means a group of related courses, organized for the purpose of attaining specified educational objectives.

"Exceeding the programmatic mission" means offering an academic degree beyond the authorized level for the institution.

"Full-time faculty member" is one who is appointed as such and who occupies a full-time faculty position with academic rank or other equivalent title whose primary employment is directly related to teaching, research, other aspects of the educational programs of institutions, or some combination thereof.

"Full-time student" means one who, in a semester, carries at least 12 semester credit hours as an undergraduate or nine semester credit hours as a graduate student or the equivalent in quarter hours, courses, or other methods of measurement used by the institution.

"General education" means instruction that presents forms of expression, fields of knowledge, and methods of inquiry fundamental to intellectual growth and to a mature understanding of the world and the human condition, as distinguished from "specialized education," which prepares individuals for particular occupations or specific professional responsibilities.

"Information literacy" means a set of abilities requiring individuals to recognize when information is needed, have the ability to locate, evaluate, and use effectively the needed information, and observe laws, regulations, and institutional policies related to the access and use of information.

"Letters" means the designated abbreviations used to refer to an academic degree.

"Library" means a physical space conducive to learning and research, providing patrons with efficient physical and/or electronic access to books, journals, databases, and other resource

materials in support of the curriculum, and offering the assistance of qualified library professional(s), librarians, and support staff.

"OSHE" means the New Jersey Office of the Secretary of Higher Education.

"Out-of-State institution" means an institution that is located within the United States or its possessions and is not incorporated in the State of New Jersey and whose accreditation status in New Jersey is based upon a location outside the State, as well as an institution located outside of the U.S. or its possessions that is recognized by the appropriate body in the particular country if the institution's requirements for awarding degrees are generally equivalent to those accepted in the U.S. by an accrediting body recognized by the U.S. Secretary of Education.

"Part-time faculty member" means one whose employment is related to teaching, research, and/or other aspects of the educational programs of the institution but whose assigned responsibilities do not constitute full-time work.

"Physical presence" means that an entity offers college credit-bearing courses from, or conducts some portion of the learning experience at, a physical location established in New Jersey by the entity, whether established directly or under the auspices of another entity or an institution, except in an instance where an interstate agreement that New Jersey is a party to delineates any particular activity as not constituting a physical presence in the State and the offering entity is both licensed in a signatory state to that delineating agreement and authorized by the signatory state to operate pursuant to that delineating agreement.

"Presidents' Council" means the New Jersey Presidents' Council, a statutory body established pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18:3B-7.

"Programmatic mission" means all program offerings consistent with the levels of academic degrees or certificates that the institution has been authorized to grant by the State Board of Higher Education prior to July 1, 1994, or approved thereafter by either the Commission or the Secretary.

"Proprietary institution" means a postsecondary institution that is operated for profit.

"Qualified library professional" means an individual who has earned a master of library science degree from an American Library Association accredited program.

"School" ordinarily means a major subdivision of a college or university that is organized to carry out instruction and/or research in related academic and/or professional fields.

"Secretary" means the New Jersey Secretary of Higher Education.

"Seeking accreditation" means that an institution has achieved candidacy status or the equivalent standing as evidenced by meeting standards for academic degree programs and/or college credit-bearing courses set by a nongovernmental entity recognized by the U.S. Secretary of Education.

"Semester credit hour" means 150 minutes of academic work each week for 15 weeks in one semester, which is typically accomplished by 50 minutes of face-to-face class activity each week complemented by at least 100 minutes each week of laboratory or outside assignments (or the equivalent thereof for semesters of different length) but may also be accomplished through an equivalent amount of academic work as established by an institution, which may include additional class time, laboratory work, internships, practical studio work, and other forms of academic work.

"Specialty mission" means an institutional mission that is primarily focused on a single academic area.

"Traditional face-to-face learning," means a formal educational process in which all of the instruction takes place in the classroom or in out-of-class instruction under the direct supervision of the instructor.

"University" means an institution of higher education that provides undergraduate studies leading to the baccalaureate degree in a broad range of academic disciplines, as well as graduate studies leading to advanced degrees in at least three academic and/or professional fields.

### **9A:1-1.3 Licensure**

(a) An institution seeking to offer academic degree programs and/or college credit-bearing courses with a physical presence in New Jersey shall first provide evidence of incorporation and petition the Secretary for licensure. No institution shall offer or advertise the availability of college credit-bearing course(s) or academic degree program(s) with a physical presence in New Jersey before receiving formal approval of its petition. Licensure shall require the institution to meet all the standards set forth in this chapter.

(b) A New Jersey institution seeking licensure shall submit a licensure petition in an electronic format to OSHE preferably at least one year before the requested date of implementation. The petition shall contain:

1. The accreditation status of the institution;
2. A mission statement that defines the scope, purpose, and basic tenets of the institution;
3. Information equivalent to the annual summary sheet required by the regional and/or national institutional accrediting association for the institution, if applicable;
4. The institution's financial statements and management letter(s) (if issued) (prepared by independent auditors) for each of the last three years, if applicable;
5. Information on the qualifications of prospective faculty for the proposed New Jersey offering(s);
6. A description of the selection and review process for faculty teaching in New Jersey;

7. A catalog and other data that the institution recognizes as appropriate; and
8. Other information that the Secretary specifically requests.

(c) The following procedures apply to petitions from New Jersey institutions:

1. Upon receipt of the petition, OSHE staff shall provide to all New Jersey institutions a brief summary of the petition's contents, along with information on how to obtain the petition from the OSHE website and an invitation to the institutions to submit their comments within 30 days after the notification regarding the request.

2. OSHE staff shall review the petition and any comments submitted by in-State institutions, usually with the assistance of an external consultant team that is mutually acceptable to the institution and the Secretary. As part of the review of the petition, OSHE staff may also conduct a site visit at the campus of the institution, usually with the assistance of the external consultant team.

3. With respect to both initial and continuing licensure, OSHE staff shall provide the institution's petition and the findings of a licensure evaluation to the Presidents' Council for review and recommendation to the Secretary.

4. The Secretary shall consider the recommendation of the Presidents' Council when making a determination on the petition.

(d) To ensure that licensed institutions continue to maintain the standards set forth below, the Secretary shall periodically evaluate licensed institutions to determine whether or not they should continue to be licensed.

(e) In the case of a currently licensed New Jersey institution accredited as a discrete entity (that is, not an out-of-State institution) by an institutional accrediting body recognized by the U.S. Secretary of Education, the Secretary shall accept the granting or reaffirmation of accreditation as sufficient for continued licensure provided that:

1. The appropriately recognized accrediting body's standards are similar to and encompass the State's criteria for licensure in the judgment of the Secretary;

2. The appropriately recognized accrediting body is an institutional accrediting body recognized by the U.S. Secretary of Education to accredit the kinds of academic programs for which licensure was previously granted;

3. The institution provides the OSHE with a copy of its self-study document at the same time it provides it to the accrediting body;

4. If the Secretary sends a representative to accompany and work with the accreditation team on the site visit, the representative shall have the option to participate fully in the

accreditation visit, with the sole exception of voting on recommendations related to accreditation status; and

5. The institution submits to the OSHE a copy of the letter from the recognized accrediting body informing the institution of its accreditation status.

(f) With respect to an unaccredited New Jersey institution, that is, one that is not accredited as a discrete entity by an institutional accrediting body recognized by the U.S. Secretary of Education, the Secretary shall grant licensure for a specified period not to exceed three years in the first instance or more than five years in subsequent instances. Under such conditions, the institution, if it wished to continue to offer academic degree programs and/or college credit-bearing courses in New Jersey, would be required to petition the Secretary for relicensure at least eight months before the expiration of the current license. Licensed unaccredited institutions shall seek accreditation by an institutional accrediting body recognized by the U.S. Secretary of Education to accredit the kinds of academic programs for which initial licensure was granted within three years of initial licensure. Accredited institutions that cease affiliation with an institutional accrediting body while in good standing may petition the Secretary for licensure to offer college credit-bearing courses or academic degree programs in New Jersey.

(g) As a condition of licensure, institutions of higher education that receive direct state support and/or participate in state student assistance grant and scholarship programs shall participate in the Secretary's Student Unit Record Enrollment (SURE) data system within one year of initial licensure. The Secretary shall enter into a memorandum of understanding with institutions participating in the SURE system with regard to the uses of data and protections of student privacy.

(h) The process for out-of-State institutions to seek licensure to offer academic degree programs and/or college credit-bearing courses with a physical presence in New Jersey is detailed at N.J.A.C. 9A:1-5.

(i) The Secretary may direct the OSHE to reevaluate the licensure status of any institution, regardless of its accreditation status.

(j) Before the Secretary revokes or suspends an institution's license, the institution shall have the opportunity for a contested case hearing pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act, N.J.S.A. 52:14B-1 et seq., and 52:14F-1 et seq., and the Uniform Administrative Procedure Rules, N.J.A.C. 1:1. The institution shall submit its request for a hearing to the Secretary within 15 days of receiving notice of the Secretary's proposed action to revoke or suspend the licensee.

(k) An institution that decides to voluntarily cease operations or whose licensure has been revoked shall inform the Secretary immediately of the following:

1. The planned date of termination of operations;
2. The planned date and location for the transfer of student records;



3. The name and address of the organization to receive and manage the student records and the name and contact information of the office or official who is designated to manage transcript requests;

4. Arrangements for the continued education of currently enrolled students via teach-out agreement or other practical solution; and

5. Evidence of communication with the New Jersey Higher Education Student Assistance Authority and the U.S. Department of Education regarding the appropriate actions concerning state grant and scholarships, state loans, Federal grants and scholarships, and Federal loans as applicable.

(l) All licensed institutions shall comply with State and Federal statutes, rules, and regulations. Licensed institutions shall report findings of noncompliance by State or Federal agencies to the Secretary.

(m) In the event that a licensed institution changes the institution's name, notice of the change shall be provided by the institution to the Secretary no later than 30 days from the date of the change. A licensed New Jersey institution that seeks to include "university" in the institution's name shall follow the procedures at N.J.A.C. 9A:1-3.

(n) In the event that a licensed New Jersey institution changes the institution's main campus location or establishes an additional campus location that is not a "branch campus," notice of the change shall be provided by the institution to the Secretary no later than 30 days from the date of the change or establishment of the additional campus location.

#### **9A:1-1.4 Application of standards**

The standards in N.J.A.C. 9A:1-1.5 through 1.12 and, where applicable, in N.J.A.C. 9A:1-2, shall apply to all institutions seeking to be licensed or relicensed by the Secretary.

#### **9A:1-1.5 Long-range plan**

An institution seeking a license shall develop a long-range plan to attain its goals. Appropriate resources (physical, human, and financial) should undergird the elements of the plan. The plan shall be made available to the Secretary upon the Secretary's request.

#### **9A:1-1.6 Organization and administration**

(a) The institution shall be organized to provide sufficient administrative, program, and resource support to attain its mission. The roles and responsibilities of administrators, faculty, and staff should be appropriate to its mission and described in writing.

(b) From an organizational perspective, effective use of an institution's human, physical, and financial resources requires a critical mass of students in order to demonstrate a need for the institution and to provide the learning environment described in its mission statement.

(c) Consistent with the institution's mission, the institution's governing board shall oversee all legal aspects of its operations, set institutional policy, plan for the institution, monitor progress toward fulfilling the mission, and ensure continuous institutional assessment and planning. In addition, the board should develop and maintain policies (by-laws) that specify its own duties, responsibilities, and procedures, as well as its membership, manner of appointment, and terms of office. The board is responsible for selecting the institution's chief executive officer, who leads its administration.

(d) Reporting to the governing board, the chief executive officer is responsible for the following:

1. Administering the governing board's policies;
2. Providing general educational leadership and promote educational effectiveness;
3. Maintaining appropriate administrative records;
4. Establishing academic/administrative regulations and procedures dealing with:
  - i. Organizational structure;
  - ii. Personnel appointments, reappointments, tenure, and promotions;
  - iii. Salary schedules;
  - iv. Budgets;
  - v. Planning, development, and management of facilities;
  - vi. Educational programs, academic policies, and research;
  - vii. Granting of degrees; and
  - viii. Community service;
5. Preparing and submitting such reports as the governing board, the Presidents' Council, or the Secretary may request; and
6. Providing official publications, such as student and faculty handbooks, a catalog, and other related documents or publications, to interested persons at intervals sufficient to ensure current information.

(e) Each institutional constituency directly concerned with the educational process including, but not limited to, the administration, faculty, staff, and students should have a voice in institutional governance with respect to those issues with which it is appropriately concerned.

Such participation should be defined in writing.

(f) Statements of institutional principles, policies, and procedures governing topics such as academic integrity and academic freedom should be developed and disseminated widely among the institutional community. These statements should be reviewed periodically, and proper measures should be established to see that they are enforced.

### **9A:1-1.7 Finances**

(a) An institution shall continuously ascertain its financial requirements, determine its sources of revenue, plan for current and future needs, and budget its resources accordingly.

(b) To qualify for and retain a license, an institution shall demonstrate that it:

1. Possesses financial resources sufficient to realize its mission over an extended period of time;
2. Has a long-range financial plan that includes a program for securing gifts, grants, and other appropriate income;
3. Plans its expenditures by budgeting available resources for specific institutional purposes; and
4. Maintains adequate financial records that are audited annually by an independent certified public accountant in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards promulgated by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants for colleges and universities.

(c) Each licensed New Jersey institution shall furnish annually to the Secretary a copy of its audited financial statement and management letter(s) (if issued) on or before December 31 of each year. An out-of-State institution licensed to offer college credit-bearing courses or academic degree programs in the State shall furnish to the Secretary a copy of its audited financial statement and management letter(s) upon request of the Secretary.

(d) Each licensed institution also shall carry insurance or provide for self-insurance to maintain the solvency of the institution in case of loss by fire or other causes, to protect the institution in instances of personal and public liability, and to ensure the continuity of the institution.

### **9A:1-1.8 Faculty**

(a) The institution shall document and maintain appropriate records attesting to faculty qualifications, performance, and achievements. It should define clearly and disseminate the criteria and the process for promotion.

(b) The majority of all full-time faculty, part-time faculty, and adjunct faculty at an

institution offering only the associate degree shall have at least a master's degree in the field in which they are appointed, if such a qualification exists (recognizing that some technical/occupational specialties offer no such degree), or an equivalent qualification in the field in which they are appointed.

(c) The majority of all full-time faculty, part-time faculty, and adjunct faculty who are teaching in baccalaureate degree programs shall have the doctorate or an equivalent qualification in the field in which they are appointed.

(d) Full-time and part-time faculty teaching in graduate programs shall have earned the doctorate or an equivalent qualification in the field in which they are appointed. They shall engage in an active pattern of professional productivity including, but not limited to, instruction, advisement, research, peer-reviewed publication, authorship, editorial services, creative work, artistic production, patents, applied research, service to professional associations and organizations, program design, and/or the scholarship of instruction.

(e) Adjunct faculty shall possess the same qualifications as full-time and part-time faculty. Adjunct faculty shall be academically qualified to teach all courses to which they are assigned. When appropriate in the judgment of the institution, compensating preparation or experience may be taken into account in judging whether an adjunct instructor is academically qualified to teach a particular course.

(f) Regardless of the specific nature of an academic appointment, be it initial, multi-year, temporary, or permanent, the principle of academic freedom shall apply to all faculty, including adjunct faculty, for it is only through academic freedom that ideas and data can be explored without prejudice. An institution shall promulgate a statement concerning the academic freedom of faculty members that should include a statement supporting the following principles:

1. Freedom in research and publication where these activities do not interfere with adequate performance of academic duties;

2. Freedom in the classroom to discuss controversial issues pertinent to the discipline;  
and

3. Retention of all rights as a citizen to free speech and publication. Such rights are not, as such, subject to institutional censorship or discipline.

### **9A:1-1.9 Library**

(a) Qualified library professionals, librarians, and support personnel in numbers sufficient to serve the needs of students and faculty shall staff the institution's library. Every institution, regardless of enrollment or number of academic offerings, shall provide access to at least one qualified library professional with the exception of institutions with a specialty mission. Institutions with a specialty mission shall provide access to a qualified library professional, a librarian, or an individual qualified by way of disciplinary expertise (for example, an earned doctorate, extensive study in the discipline, demonstrated scholarly production, etc.).

(b) An institution shall demonstrate the development and maintenance of a collection that reflects and supports the curriculum.

(c) There shall be a program for continuous acquisition of materials including books, journals, databases, and other instructional materials.

(d) An institution shall catalog and maintain all library holdings appropriately, including providing a protective environment for its physical library material that adequately protects the collection from deterioration and damage.

(e) An institution shall provide clear and consistent access to electronic resources.

(f) An institution shall document the existence of a plan to assess and document effective use of library resources by students and faculty.

(g) An institution should utilize library representatives in the curriculum development process to inform the administration of the library's ability to offer adequate support for materials and library education.

(h) An institution may enter into contract with another library or libraries for the provision of collections and services, physical or virtual. Institutions shall demonstrate that the collections are appropriate for the curriculum of the institution, that students have convenient access to contracted library services, that there is adequate library instruction provided to students to use effectively the services of the contracted library, and that there are qualified library professionals or librarians available to assist students. The institution shall retain full responsibility for adequacy of resources available to students. Institutions are encouraged to participate in appropriate consortia that allow them to expand and more effectively deliver information resources and services.

(i) An institution shall have in place a plan that articulates how students will obtain information literacy skills as they progress through the curriculum. The plan shall identify outcomes for information literacy skill development, and how those outcomes are measured and assessed.

#### **9A:1-1.10 Students and student services**

(a) An institution shall have a clearly defined admissions policy appropriate to its mission and shall admit students whose educational interests and abilities qualify them to pursue a program offered by the institution.

(b) An institution shall provide adequate student support, financial aid services, and facilities to help students succeed and shall maintain accurate records of each student's academic progress.

(c) An institution shall maintain transcripts for all students and shall provide to all students who request them, transcripts showing dates of attendance and academic performance.

### **9A:1-1.11 Physical facilities**

(a) Physical facilities shall be adequate for an institution to fulfill its mission. The institution's facilities provide the context in which teaching and learning take place; it is, therefore, critical that this setting be maximally conducive to fostering productive scholarship. Such facilities generally include, but are not limited to, instructional buildings, laboratories, residence halls, student activity centers, recreational/athletic centers, administrative offices, library/learning resource centers, computing centers, and support service centers.

(b) The institution shall ensure that the physical facilities are safely maintained and are sufficient in quality, size, and number to accommodate students, faculty, and staff; it shall provide adequately equipped laboratories as required for effective instruction and learning.

### **9A:1-1.12 Official publications**

(a) All information released by an institution shall be true and accurate.

(b) An institution's official catalog sets forth the responsibilities of both the student and the institution. As the nature of these responsibilities is subject to frequent change, official catalogs shall be printed or electronically updated at intervals sufficient to ensure currency of information and in quantities sufficient to supply interested persons.

(c) An institution shall either include the following information in its official catalogs or provide a current web address in its official catalogs for where the information is located on the institution's website:

1. A statement of institutional mission;
2. Statements of institutional and programmatic accreditation;
3. Lists of faculty and administrative officers, including their earned degrees;
4. Complete curricular information, including course descriptions and the grading system;
5. Requirements for admission, transfer, and graduation;
6. Policies for awarding degree credit and policies on academic progress, academic standing, and withdrawal;
7. Descriptions of facilities and of available student support services;
8. Student costs, including an itemized listing of all mandatory fees charged to students, as well as refund and financial aid policies;
9. An academic calendar;

10. A list of members of the governing board; and

11. A description of rules and regulations regarding students if not described in other publications available to students.

## **SUBCHAPTER 2. DEGREE STANDARDS AND PROGRAMMATIC MISSION**

### **9A:1-2.1 General program standards**

(a) An institution's overall curriculum shall reflect and support the mission of the institution.

(b) The academic year shall be determined by the institution's governing board.

(c) A semester credit hour shall not be counted on an hour-for-hour basis for library, independent-study, laboratory, or physical education activities. A semester credit hour is not required to be counted on an hour-for-hour basis for distance learning or blended (or hybrid) learning.

(d) Credit courses offered by a college in conjunction with or under contract with a noncollegiate organization shall meet the same requirements the college applies to its own courses with respect to quality, course content, class attendance and participation, student evaluation, etc. The standards presented at N.J.A.C. 9A:1-6.3, dealing with off-campus sites at which credit courses are offered by a college in conjunction with or under contract with a noncollegiate organization, shall apply to such courses offered at the principal campus.

(e) The rigor of all college credit-bearing courses shall be substantially the same, regardless of the type of educational delivery mode, as demonstrated by the institution through various forms of evidence. Such evidence shall include, but not be limited to, at least two of the following: syllabi, documented faculty interaction with students, learning outcomes, documented units of curricular material, and other documentation which objectively demonstrates the amount of time and/or the level of rigor necessary to complete the coursework.

### **9A:1-2.2 Undergraduate education**

At the undergraduate level, educational programs should impart critical thinking and analytical skills and expose students to both general education and more technical concepts.

### **9A:1-2.3 Associate degree programs**

(a) Each educational program leading to an associate degree shall consist of college courses totaling at least 60 but not more than 66 semester credit hours or the equivalent in quarter hours,

courses, or other measurement used by the institution. The 66-credit-hour maximum may be exceeded when required for licensure or accreditation by a recognized agency or for student transfer to full junior status.

(b) The associate in arts (A.A.) degree nomenclature is appropriate for programs in the liberal arts, humanities, or fine and performing arts; such programs are transfer- oriented. For A.A. degrees, general education courses should total no fewer than 45 semester credit hours or the equivalent.

(c) The associate in science (A.S.) degree nomenclature is appropriate for programs in mathematics, the sciences, business, or in allied health fields if the program is intended as prebaccalaureate work; such programs are transfer-oriented. General education courses for the A.S. degree should total no fewer than 30 semester credit hours or the equivalent.

(d) The associate in applied science (A.A.S.) degree nomenclature is appropriate for programs that emphasize career preparation in the applied arts and sciences, typically at the technical or semiprofessional level. Such programs are designed to prepare students for job entry at completion of the program, notwithstanding any articulation agreements with four-year programs that may be in effect for a particular A.A.S. program. General education courses shall total no fewer than 20 semester credit hours or the equivalent.

(e) Specialized associate degree programs, such as Associate in Fine Arts (A.F.A) and A.S. in Nursing, shall normally require no fewer than 20 semester credit hours or the equivalent in general education courses.

#### **9A:1-2.4 Baccalaureate degree programs**

(a) Each educational program leading to a baccalaureate degree shall consist of college courses totaling at least 120 semester credit hours or the equivalent in quarter hours, courses, or other measurement used by the institution.

(b) Approximately half of the required minimum of 120 credits shall be in general education, and the other half shall be in the major and/or in courses necessary to fulfill requirements for the degree.

(c) In specialized programs, such as Bachelor of Business Administration (B.B.A), Bachelor of Fine Arts (B.F.A.), and Bachelor of Music (B.Mus.), and in programs in the regulated professions, major courses may exceed half of the total required for the degree.

#### **9A:1-2.5 Graduate education**

(a) The scope of an institution's graduate curriculum shall closely reflect and support its mission. Graduate education presupposes advanced study beyond the undergraduate curriculum in terms of rigor, expectations of scholarship, curricular depth, and exercise of independent thought.



(b) To fulfill such expectations, an institution's governing board shall demonstrate a continuing commitment of institutional funds for its graduate programs, particularly for the associated faculty and student research activity. Support for graduate programs should be derived from the general applicable resources of the institution, as well as from tuition and fees paid by students in the programs.

(c) Beyond the needs of the undergraduate college, a graduate school shall have, for each program, a variety and depth of specialized materials available either on the campus or through electronic means, or through some combination of both on-campus and electronic access. A library that supports a graduate program shall provide an adequate and current base for research activities. A library in support of a graduate program also shall provide access to a qualified library professional to provide consultation, research expertise, and support for faculty in curriculum matters.

(d) Existing graduate programs shall be reviewed periodically by the institutions themselves and, insofar as possible, cooperatively with regional and professional accrediting agencies.

(e) The objectives of every graduate or graduate professional program shall be clearly defined and stated. The work in such programs shall be beyond the baccalaureate level in intellectual demand, and a substantial part of it shall be in courses designed explicitly for graduate students, although exceptionally well-qualified undergraduates occasionally may be admitted.

#### **9A:1-2.6 Master's degree programs**

(a) A master's degree requires at least 30 credits of graduate study or its equivalent.

(b) Master's degree programs should be distinguishable by their primary objectives as belonging to one of two general types: disciplinary or professional. The degree awarded to students completing disciplinary programs should be master of arts or master of science, with the discipline named (for example, master of arts in English literature, master of science in engineering). In professional programs, the degree should be appropriately specific (for example, master of library science, master of business administration, master of education, master of social work). The determining criterion is the objective that the program is designed to serve. The two types are further distinguished as follows:

1. **Disciplinary type:** A disciplinary master's degree entails advanced study and exploration in a particular academic discipline (for example, history, physics, engineering science, or musicology). The primary objective is increased knowledge of the subject, rather than its application to professional use. The majority of the degree credit awarded in programs of this type shall be at the advanced level in the principal field. Credit toward this type of master's degree shall not be given for introductory or elementary courses in the field.

2. **Professional type:** A master's degree program of the professional type consists of advanced study to extend and apply previous study to practice in such fields as engineering, law, applied music, pastoral ministry, or teaching; some such subjects may lend themselves also to

disciplinary programs. Professional master's programs should be complete in themselves, although they may in some circumstances also be adaptable to preparation for a research or professional doctorate. A limited amount of introductory work in the field may have an appropriate place, especially in first-level professional programs.

#### **9A:1-2.7 Specialist programs**

(a) Institutions may organize programs of graduate work beyond the master's level that lead not to doctorates but to specialist degrees (such as the Ed.S.) or to comparable certificates. Such programs shall be composed of more advanced coursework than is required for the master's, shall perform definable functions, and shall not be merely continuations of courses beyond the master's. They shall possess a definite philosophy, purpose, design, and sequence and be self-contained and terminal in nature. A comprehensive examination should be required.

(b) Students admitted to specialist programs in education shall have master's degrees in the same field as that of the certificate. Students with master's degrees in unrelated fields shall complete preliminary coursework or demonstrate equivalent knowledge acquired through work experience.

#### **9A:1-2.8 Doctoral degree programs**

(a) Programs leading to doctoral degrees shall represent three or more years of full-time study and research beyond the baccalaureate or the equivalent thereof in part-time work.

(b) Programs leading to a doctor of philosophy degree shall be oriented toward original research.

(c) Professional doctorates usually are oriented toward increased professional competence. The requirements for a professional degree should include either a research thesis or a project involving the solution of a substantial problem of professional interest.

(d) For each doctoral program, an institution shall demonstrate that:

1. The program has clear educational objectives and its requirements are appropriate for the nature of the doctorate;

2. It is supported by related studies and research in ancillary fields;

3. Its faculty or other academic professionals are recognized beyond the bounds of the institution as possessing professional qualifications and research or scholarly achievements sufficient to support the program;

4. It possesses adequate library holdings, laboratory space, research facilities, and other necessary resources; and

5. It has committed the necessary resources for instruction, advisement, thesis supervision, and research guidance.

### **9A:1-2.9 Exceeding or changing programmatic mission**

(a) Licensed New Jersey institutions wishing to exceed their programmatic mission must receive approval from the Secretary to offer each program that exceeds the level of academic degrees that the institution is authorized to grant. Requests to exceed an institution's programmatic mission shall be evaluated based on the following criteria:

1. The objectives of the proposed program(s);
2. The relationship of the proposed program(s) to the current institutional mission and the Statewide plan for higher education, if applicable;
3. Demonstration of need for the program(s), including present and projected student demand and demand for graduates;
4. The effect of the proposed program(s) on existing programs at other institutions;
5. The dedication of sufficient resources to implement and maintain the program(s) without eroding the quality of ongoing programs;
6. Appropriately qualified students, faculty, and administrators;
7. The quality of library holdings, facilities, and equipment; and
8. Evidence of strength compared with similar programs in the region and State.

(b) If an institution has received approval to exceed its programmatic mission for a particular degree level at least five times, the Secretary may, at the request of the institution, authorize a change to the institution's programmatic degree level in order to allow the institution to offer new degree programs at the particular degree level for which the five previous exceeding mission approvals have been granted. Institutions wishing to change their programmatic mission prior to having received such specific program approvals shall follow the procedure set forth in (c) below.

(c) Licensed New Jersey institutions wishing to change their programmatic mission shall specify the scope of the proposed change, including long-range plans for mounting new degree programs that exceed the level of academic degrees currently authorized for the institution. Requests to the Secretary made pursuant to this subsection to change an institution's programmatic mission shall be evaluated based on the following criteria:

1. The objectives of the proposed mission change;
2. The relationship of the proposed mission change to the current institutional mission

and the Statewide plan for higher education, if applicable;

3. Demonstration of need for the mission change, including present and projected student demand and demand for graduates;

4. The effect of the proposed mission change on existing programs at other institutions;

5. The dedication of sufficient resources to implement and maintain the proposed mission change without eroding the quality of ongoing programs;

6. Appropriately qualified students, faculty, and administrators;

7. The quality of library holdings, facilities, and equipment; and

8. Evidence of strength compared with similar institutions in the region and State.

### **SUBCHAPTER 3. CRITERIA FOR UNIVERSITY STATUS**

#### **9A:1-3.1 Programs**

In an atmosphere of freedom of inquiry and expression, a university shall provide undergraduate studies leading to the baccalaureate in a broad range of academic disciplines, as well as graduate studies leading to advanced degrees in at least three academic and/or professional fields. A university may also offer an array of graduate studies related to the fields in which it offers advanced degrees. Such offerings provide students elective opportunities and a selection of support studies that may be useful although not prescribed for a particular graduate degree program.

#### **9A:1-3.2 Organization**

(a) A university shall clearly identify graduate studies and programs as distinct elements in its organization.

(b) A university shall provide an appropriate and adequate staff whose primary responsibility is the administration of graduate and professional programs.

#### **9A:1-3.3 Resources**

A university shall possess the financial ability to support graduate and professional programs, and its facilities and equipment reflect the level of work required in both.

#### **9A:1-3.4 Accreditation**

A university shall be accredited by the Middle States Commission on Higher Education.

### **9A:1-3.5 Eligibility for university status and use of “university” as part of an institution’s name**

(a) Educational institutions that are incorporated and located in New Jersey; licensed by the Secretary; and listed as "research universities," "doctoral universities," or "master's universities and colleges" in the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching's Classification of Institutions of Higher Education and that believe they meet all of the requirements stipulated in this subchapter are, with the concurrence of their governing boards, eligible to apply to the Secretary for university status. Educational institutions dedicated primarily to the education or training of ministers, priests, rabbis, or other professional persons in the field of religion are not eligible to apply for university status.

(b) When an institution's governing body decides to seek university status, it shall file with the Secretary a petition-of-intent seeking authority to do so. The petitioning institution shall develop a fully documented proposal and, with the concurrence of the Secretary, select two consultants to review the proposal. The two consultants shall be totally independent of all higher education institutions in New Jersey and shall be recognized authorities on graduate education. The consultants shall prepare a written report of their findings, which the college shall submit to the Secretary. The Secretary shall consider both the report and the proposal in deciding on the college's application for university status.

(c) The proposal required under (b) above shall demonstrate the institution's eligibility for designation as a university and shall include a history of having met the criteria defined in this subchapter for a period of at least five years. Alternatively, the petitioning institution may indicate, through a combination of retrospective and prospective data, intent to meet the criteria for a total period of five years. The Secretary shall consider such institutions to be in a period of candidacy for university designation. In no case shall formal university designation be granted until an institution has met the minimum criteria for at least five years.

(d) University status and the initial use of the term "university" in the institution's title require approval by the Secretary.

## **SUBCHAPTER 4. PROPRIETARY INSTITUTIONS**

### **9A:1-4.1 General provisions**

(a) Proprietary institutions of higher education shall apply for licensure to offer academic degree programs and/or college credit-bearing courses, subject to conformance with the rules and standards for such licensure as contained in this chapter.

(b) The rules in this subchapter are designed to recognize the distinctive character of proprietary institutions and for these institutions take precedence over any rules and standards with which they may be in conflict.

### **9A:1-4.2 Reassessment of licensure status**

In the event of a change in the ownership of a proprietary institution, the institution shall provide notice of the change to the Secretary within 30 days of the change. The Secretary may determine to reassess the institution's licensure status within one year of the change.

#### **9A:1-4.3 Duration of license**

(a) Any license to operate shall be for a specific period, not to exceed five years, as the Secretary determines, unless a New Jersey institution is currently licensed and accredited as a discrete entity by an institutional accrediting body that is recognized by the U.S. Secretary of Education to accredit the kinds of academic programs for which licensure was previously granted to the institution.

(b) At least eight months before the expiration of the license, the institution shall petition the Secretary for relicensure, unless a New Jersey institution is accredited as a discrete entity by an institutional accrediting body that is recognized by the U.S. Secretary of Education to accredit the kinds of academic programs for which licensure was previously granted to the institution.

#### **9A:1-4.4 Minimum library requirements**

(a) A proprietary institution offering a degree shall have a library collection of sufficient size and composition to meet program objectives and to support high-quality instruction and, where appropriate, research.

(b) The library collection shall be kept up to date.

(c) The library shall have qualified library professional(s), librarian(s), and support personnel in numbers sufficient to serve the needs of students and faculty.

(d) Proprietary institutions are held to the standards in N.J.A.C. 9A:1-1.9 (a)-(i).

#### **9A:1-4.5 Governing board**

(a) The governing board shall have a portion of its membership drawn from the general public and/or the academic community and be of sufficient size to provide for appropriate committee membership.

(b) As is the case in nonprofit institutions of higher education, public members should be appointed for specified terms of office.

#### **9A:1-4.6 Faculty**

(a) Undergraduate faculty shall normally have teaching loads not to exceed the equivalent of 15 semester credit hours; graduate faculty shall normally have teaching loads not to exceed the equivalent of nine semester credit hours.

(b) Workload credit shall normally be granted to faculty involved in heavy administrative, advisory, or committee assignments.

(c) The institution shall promulgate a statement concerning the academic freedom of faculty members that should include statements supporting the following principles:

1. Freedom in research and publication where these activities do not interfere with adequate performance of academic duties;

2. Freedom in the classroom to discuss controversial issues pertinent to the discipline;  
and

3. Retention of all rights as a citizen to free speech and publication. Such rights are not, as such, subject to institutional censorship or discipline.

## **SUBCHAPTER 5. OUT-OF-STATE INSTITUTIONS**

### **9A:1-5.1 Licensure required**

(a) Out-of-State institutions wishing to offer college credit-bearing courses, academic degree completion programs, or complete academic degree programs with a physical presence in New Jersey shall petition the Secretary for licensure. No out-of-State institution shall offer or advertise the availability of college credit-bearing course(s) or academic degree program(s) with a physical presence in New Jersey before receiving formal approval of its petition. Licensure shall require the institution to meet all the standards set forth in this chapter.

(b) An out-of-State institution's petition to offer an academic degree completion program shall provide evidence that the degree-granting institution is authorized to offer the full degree program in the state in which the institution is incorporated.

(c) The Secretary shall review all such licensure petitions from out-of-State institutions. The Secretary shall license only those institutions whose proposed offerings meet State standards of quality (see N.J.A.C. 9A:1-1 and 2), are fiscally viable, serve a demonstrable need, and are in accordance with the Statewide plan for higher education, if applicable.

(d) Out-of-State institutions may be licensed for periods of one to five years. Initial licensure shall not exceed three years.

(e) Licensure by the Secretary of an out-of-State institution shall not preclude an in-State institution from providing coursework or programs similar to that of the out-of-State institution.

(f) An out-of-State proprietary institution shall also be subject to N.J.A.C. 9A:1-4.

### **9A:1-5.2 Petitions from institutions**

(a) Out-of-State institutions seeking licensure shall submit licensure petitions in an electronic format to OSHE preferably at least one year before the requested date of implementation.

(b) The petition shall contain:

1. The accreditation status of the institution;
2. A mission statement that defines the scope, purpose, and basic tenets of the institution;
3. Information equivalent to the annual summary sheet required by the regional and/or national institutional accrediting association for the institution;
4. The institution's financial statements and management letter(s) (if issued) (prepared by independent auditors) for each of the last three years;
5. Information on the qualifications of prospective faculty for the proposed New Jersey offering(s);
6. A description of the selection and review process for faculty teaching in New Jersey;
7. A catalog and other data that the institution recognizes as appropriate; and
8. Other information that the Secretary specifically requests.

#### **9A:1-5.3 Review processes**

(a) The following procedures apply to petitions from out-of-State institutions:

1. Upon receipt of the petition, OSHE staff shall provide to all New Jersey institutions a brief summary of the petition's content, along with information on how to obtain the petition from the OSHE website and an invitation to the institutions to submit their comments within 30 days after the notification regarding the out-of-State request.

2. OSHE staff shall review the petition and any comments submitted by in-State institutions, usually with the assistance of an external consultant team that is mutually acceptable to the institution and the Secretary. As part of the review of the petition, OSHE staff may also conduct a site visit at the campus or proposed instructional site of the institution, usually with the assistance of the external consultant team.

3. OSHE staff shall send the petition and all pertinent materials to the Presidents' Council for review and recommendation to the Secretary.

4. The Secretary shall consider the recommendation of the Presidents' Council when making a determination on the petition.

#### **9A:1-5.4 Annual report**

(a) An out-of-State institution shall submit a report containing an update of the information required pursuant to N.J.A.C. 9A:1-5.2(b) to the Secretary on an annual basis by a date



determined by the Secretary.

(b) If it appears from a review of the annual report that there has been a significant change in the offerings, the necessary resources, or the status of the institution, OSHE staff shall submit the matter to the Presidents' Council for review and recommendation to the Secretary for any appropriate action to be taken, including the revocation of licensure.

### **9A:1-5.5 Additional instructional sites**

(a) A currently licensed out-of-State institution seeking to establish an additional instructional site for its currently licensed academic degree programs and/or college credit-bearing courses shall, before operating the additional instructional site, submit to the Secretary a formal request that shall include a statement justifying the need for the proposed instructional site and a description of the proposed courses/programs to be offered there.

(b) The request under (a) above shall also include evidence that the proposed programs/courses at the proposed instructional site are at least equivalent in quality to comparable programs/courses at the currently licensed instructional site and evidence that the institution has provided for effective monitoring and controls to maintain quality. The request shall include evidence of the dedication of sufficient resources to implement and maintain the proposed instructional site without eroding the quality to ongoing programs and operations in the rest of the institution.

(c) The request under (a) above shall provide information on the standards in N.J.A.C. 9A:1-1.5 through 1.12, with special attention to evidence indicating that the classroom, laboratory, computing, and library facilities are adequate; the provisions for administration, support staff, and student support services are sufficient; and the qualifications of faculty are appropriate.

(d) Upon receipt of a request for approval of an instructional site, OSHE staff shall provide to all New Jersey institutions of higher education a brief summary of the request, along with information on how to obtain all materials related to the request from the OSHE website and an invitation to inform the Secretary within 30 days as to how they would be affected by the proposed instructional site.

1. If no concerns are raised about the proposal, OSHE staff shall forward the request directly to the Secretary for action.

2. If concerns are raised, OSHE staff shall send all materials to the Presidents' Council for review and recommendation within 60 days.

3. The Secretary shall consider the recommendation of the Presidents' Council when making a determination on the request for approval of an instructional site.

## **SUBCHAPTER 6. OFF-CAMPUS OFFERINGS**

### **9A:1-6.1 Purpose and general requirements**

(a) The institution shall consider off-campus offerings part of its total program and shall judge them by the same criteria as the sessions and courses on its main campus.

(b) All institutions shall submit at the request of the Secretary reports on all off-campus offerings.

### **9A:1-6.2 Branch campuses**

(a) When the governing board of a State college or State university, after study and investigation, determines that it is advisable for the institution to establish a branch campus out-of-State or out-of-country that will serve at least 500 students of the institution, the board shall submit the plan for the branch campus in an electronic format to the Secretary for review and recommendations.

(b) The plan shall include: a description of the higher educational needs of the country or region in which the branch campus shall be located; a description of the proposed branch campus and its proposed programs and curriculum; an estimate of the cost of establishing and maintaining the branch campus including the cost of any planned acquisition or construction of facilities; and any other information or data deemed necessary by the Secretary. The request shall include evidence of the dedication of sufficient resources to implement and maintain the branch campus without eroding the quality of ongoing programs and operations in the rest of the institution.

(c) The plan shall provide information on the standards in N.J.A.C. 9A:1-1.5 through 1.12, with special attention to evidence indicating that the classroom, laboratory, computing, and library facilities are adequate; the provisions for administration, support staff, and counseling are sufficient; and the qualifications of faculty are appropriate.

(d) Upon receipt of a plan for a branch campus, OSHE staff shall provide to all New Jersey institutions of higher education a brief summary of the plan's content, along with information on how to obtain the plan from the OSHE website and an invitation to inform the Secretary within 30 days as to how they would be affected by the proposed branch campus.

1. If no concerns are raised about the proposal, OSHE staff shall forward the plan directly to the Secretary for review and response. In developing a response to the plan, the Secretary shall consider whether there is a need for the institution to acquire a branch campus and whether the institution has the financial capacity to support the campus.

2. If concerns are raised about the proposal, OSHE staff shall send all materials to the Presidents' Council for review and recommendation within 60 days.

3. Upon the receipt by the Secretary of the Presidents' Council recommendation, the Secretary will develop a response to the plan pursuant to (d)1 above.

(e) An institution proposing to offer at a particular branch campus an approved degree

program not previously offered there shall inform the Secretary of that offering.

(f) An institution proposing to offer at a branch campus a degree program not previously offered at the main campus shall submit that program for Presidents' Council review, as required for any new program.

(g) An institution closing a branch campus shall inform the Secretary before the closure.

### **9A:1-6.3 Noncollegiate organizations**

(a) Off-campus sites at which an institution offers college credit-bearing courses in conjunction with or under contract with a noncollegiate organization shall first be approved by the institution's governing board or its designee. The institution shall adhere to the following standards:

1. The college may grant credit only at the level and only in those areas for which it has degree programs. For example, a college may not award graduate credit if it does not award graduate degrees, nor may it offer graduate courses in a field (for example, psychology) if such offerings are not acceptable in an authorized graduate degree program at that college;

2. The credentials of instructors used by the contracting agency shall be reviewed and approved by the appropriate faculty of the college;

3. The courses shall be clearly and publicly identified as belonging to the college; that is, both parties shall take appropriate steps to ensure that the public understands that the college assumes responsibility for the courses; and

4. No more than 25 percent of an academic degree program shall be satisfied through such courses, except in the case of arrangements between colleges and hospital-based programs in the health professions in which the clinical component of the program is provided by the hospital school. All course requirements, with respect to student attendance, amount of class time, amount of outside work, standards for performance, and prerequisites, shall be the same as for courses offered on campus.

## **SUBCHAPTER 7. DISTANCE LEARNING**

### **9A:1-7.1 Standards for New Jersey institutions**

(a) An institution's distance learning offerings shall be clearly defined and related to the institution's mission and shall be consistent with the goals and objectives of the institution.

(b) The institution's policies and objectives associated with distance learning and blended (or hybrid) learning offerings shall be consistent with those established for other educational delivery modes and shall comply with the standards set forth in N.J.A.C. 9A:1-2.

(c) The institution's catalog and promotional materials shall indicate the maximum time

permitted for the completion of each course and program offered through distance learning. Any difference between on-campus and distance learning tuition and fee charges shall be clearly indicated.

(d) The institution shall provide students with complete and timely information regarding course and degree requirements, nature of faculty/student interaction, assumptions about technological competence and skills, technical equipment requirements, availability of academic support services, financial aid resources, and costs and payment policies.

(e) Faculty and academic professionals involved in distance learning and blended (or hybrid) learning shall have an understanding of distance education, its special characteristics, and the needs of distance learners.

(f) Each institution shall address issues related to ownership and intellectual property derived from the creation and production of software, telecourses, or other electronically offered programs.

(g) Individuals outside the traditional campus community who act in capacities such as tutors or proctor for students enrolled in distance learning and blended (or hybrid) learning shall be approved by the institution offering the course/program.

#### **9A:1-7.2 Granting degrees for programs provided collaboratively**

In the case of collaborative distance learning and blended (or hybrid) learning degree programs, it is the responsibility of the institutions offering the programs to determine which institution(s) will grant the degree.

#### **9A:1-7.3 Counting students enrolled in multiple institutions**

Students who are taking coursework at more than one institution shall be counted by each institution based on a full-time equivalent standard unless a consortial agreement exists either between or among the institutions regarding which will count the students for enrollment purposes.

#### **9A:1-7.4 Program review and approval for New Jersey institutions**

(a) As is currently the practice with traditionally offered programs, if a licensed New Jersey institution wishes to offer a new academic degree program through distance learning, the program shall be subject to review by the Presidents' Council.

(b) Distance learning degree programs offered at newly established off-campus sites shall be subject to any review or approval that is required for all programs at such off-campus sites; see N.J.A.C. 9A:1-6.

(c) Approval by the Secretary for distance learning programs offered by licensed New Jersey institutions shall be required only if programs are referred to the Secretary by the Presidents'

Council for consideration due to an institution's changing or exceeding its programmatic mission or due to excessive program cost or unnecessary duplication.

### **9A:1-7.5 Approval for out-of-State institutions**

(a) Out-of-State institutions (see N.J.A.C. 9A:1-5) that wish to offer college credit-bearing distance learning with a physical presence in New Jersey must first be licensed by the Secretary, with advice from the Presidents' Council, to offer specific courses or degree programs.

(b) Out-of-State institutions that wish to offer New Jersey residents no other programs, except for college credit-bearing distance learning with no physical presence in New Jersey, are not required to seek licensure from the Secretary.

(c) If a degree program offered by an out-of-State institution requires a supervised component, such as an internship, fellowship, or apprenticeship, for a certain degree, such a component, if conducted in New Jersey, will not be considered to constitute a physical presence, so long as the following two criteria are met:

1. The student-supervisor relationship is conducted on a one-to-one basis (for example, no group review sessions or other gatherings); and
2. The supervisor is not a permanent employee of the out-of-State institution.

## **SUBCHAPTER 8. FRAUDULENT ACADEMIC DEGREES**

### **9A:1-8.1 Protected degree designations for earned degrees**

(a) No person shall use or append to his or her name any academic degree designation, letters, derivatives thereof, or other designations as evidence of having earned an academic degree unless a duly authorized institution of higher education as defined in Section 3 of P.L.1986, c.87 (N.J.S.A. 18A:3-15.3) conferred the degree.

1. In states without a licensing requirement for institutions of higher education, a duly authorized institution of higher education is one that is regionally accredited or accredited by the appropriate accrediting body recognized by the U.S. Secretary of Education or one that is seeking such accreditation.

2. Regarding institutions located outside of the U.S. or its possessions, a duly authorized institution of higher education is one that is recognized by the appropriate body in the particular country provided that the institution's requirements for awarding degrees are generally equivalent to those accepted in the U.S. by an accrediting body recognized by the U.S. Secretary of Education.

### **9A:1-8.2 Honorary degrees**

Any person who has received an honorary degree shall follow the academic degree or the letters used to abbreviate such a degree with the word “Honorary” or “Hon.” in parenthesis when representing himself or herself as having received such a degree or credential.