Background		Results		
Following the initial outbreak of Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS) in 2003, extensive research centered around the molecular mechanisms, pathophysiology, and treatment for the coronavirus family. Here, we describe			A.Detection:	
the pathophysiology of SARS-CoV2, detection tools including RT-PCR and rapid antigen testing, treatments, and vaccines approved for Coronavirus infectious disease 2019 (Covid-19).			Testing RNA detection via Real-Time (RT)-PCR	
SARS	Infection	Physiology	ELISA	
SARS 2003	Binding to ACE-2 receptors	Effects on ACE-2	Rapid Antigen Testing	
MERS 2012	Virus-laden respiratory droplets leads to infection	Inflammatory mediators	CRISPR-Cas 9	
SARS-COV-2	Virus-laden respiratory droplets leads to infection Via binding to ACE-2 receptors Virus exits the cells via lysosome	Inflammatory mediators	B. Treatment:Covid-19 Treatment OptionsRole of PharmacistsMonoclonal Antibody: TocilizumabTocilizumab can be used to treat the severe COVID-19 - cytokine release which leads to inflammatory responses on	
Purpose			Tocilizumab blocks the IL-6the lungs.11receptor to reduce theinflammatory response.Increase oxygen saturation.Increase oxygen saturation.Block the spike protein ofOur review highlights this drug	
Our presentation highlights the role of pharmacists in the COVID-19 pandemic in terms of drug treatment, consultation, and vaccination. Method			coronaviruses from entering ACE receptor on host cells.6,7,8Our review highlights this drug because of its well-tolerated properties, and less side effects compared to other monoclonal antibody drugs like Gimsilumab.	
Covid-19 related keyword search and review of primary and tertiary literatures available in medRxiv and PubMed. The search focused on COVID-19 pathophysiology, clinical data, detection, treatments, and available vaccines under emergency use authorization (EUA).			Retroviral Therapy: RemdesivirRemdesivir has been shown to reduce both hospital stays, and mortality rates associated with Covid-19.	
		ID-19 DONSE	C. EUA Vaccine: • Israel has become a successful country in terms of Covid- An abundance of front-line healthcare workers emerged mortality rate of COVID-19 significantly according. Still, th as displayed on the table below. Israel: Confirmed COVID-19 cases by age group – indexed to the start of the more and age group and be deeper exported during the week of December 19, 2020, when vaccination against COVID-19 abundance of cases in that week is given a value of 1.	to ac here

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Source: Government of Israel

Oct 3, 2020 Oct 27, 2020 Nov 16, 2020 Dec 6, 2020 Dec 26, 2020 Jan 15, 2021 Feb 4, 2021



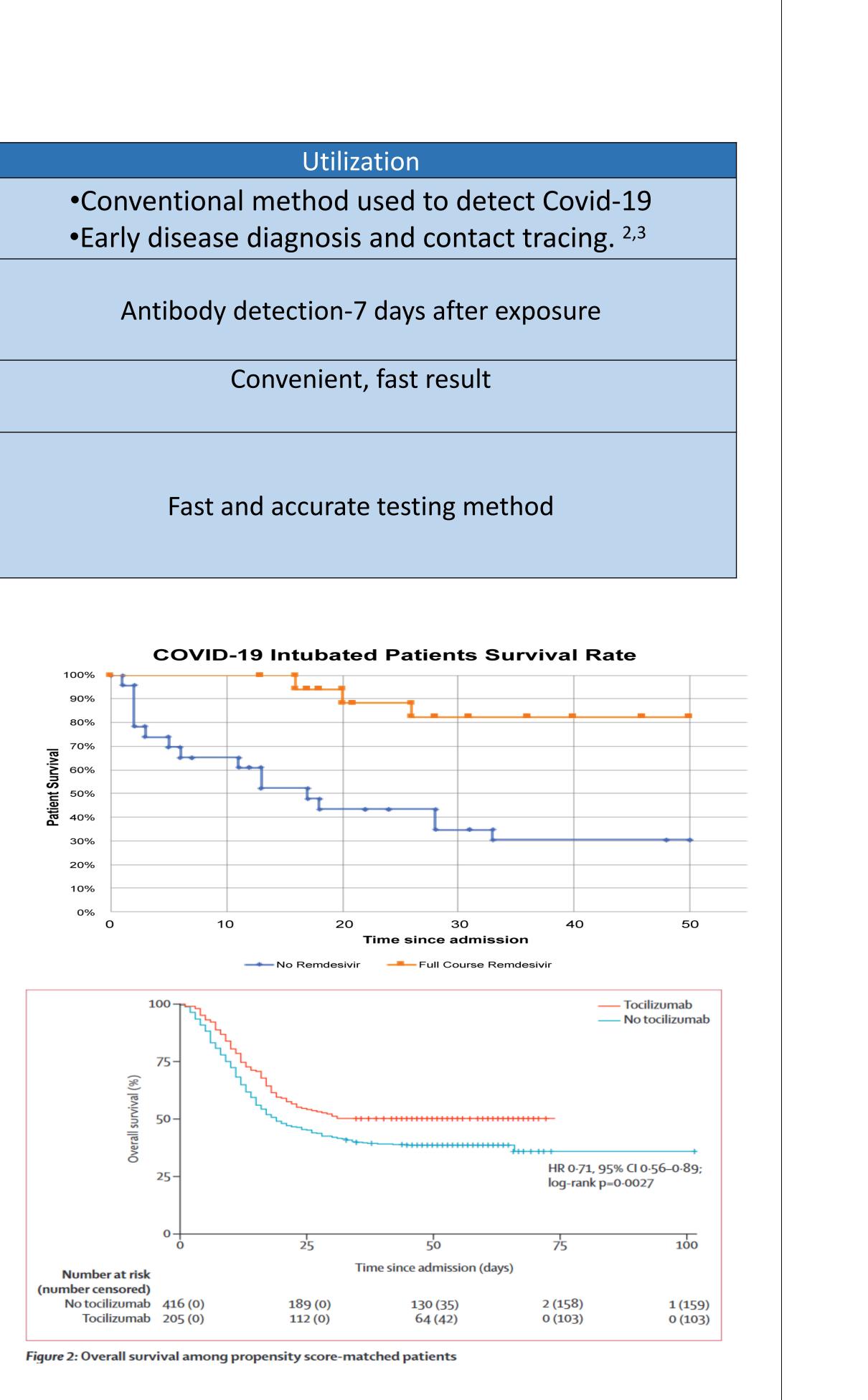
Emerging Role of Pharmacists in Treatment and Vaccination for COVID-19 Dwaynie Bacon, Man Ha, Pharm D. candidates and Manas Mandal, PhD

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Mar 13, 2021



prophylaxis by providing vaccines to 95% of the population. administer millions of vaccine to patients, minimizing the re are upcoming vaccines with different types of technologies

Vaccine	Technology	Number of doses
Pfizer/BioNTech	mRNA	2
Moderna	mRNA	2
Johnson & Johnson	Viral Vector	1
Oxford/AstraZeneca	Viral Vector	1
Novavax	Protein Subunit	Work in Progress
Sanofi Pasteur/G SK	Protein Subunit	Work in Progress
Medicago/G SK	VLP+ adjuvant	Work in Progress



Summary

- RT-PCR, LAMP-PCR, and ELISA are all available for COVID-19 detection and offer precision and accuracy. Antigen testing is done using CRISPRcas9 technology that employs gene editing processes. However, the process requires high technical training along with laboratory equipped with a sophisticated setup.
- From the pharmacist's perspective, Tocilizumab and Remdesevir stand out as emergency treatments for hospital-admitted patients to reduce the mortality rate, and duration of the hospital stays in ICU setup in severe COVID-19 cases.
- COVID-19 vaccines have been developed for prophylaxis against infection by targeting the S-protein. With the Emergency Use Authorization and release of Covid-19 vaccines, pharmacists will continue to provide the immunizations, monitor the side effects, engage in patient education and counseling to improve immunization rates, and ultimately help reduce the rates of infection in communities.

Discussion

- Deaths due to COVID-19, as well as the number of new positive cases increased almost daily earlier in 2020. This led to a burden on worldwide healthcare institutions, leaving many hospitals without available patient beds.
- Community pharmacist's role in COVID-19 test and vaccine administration is crucial. In addition, community pharmacists could engage in counseling patients via telehealth regarding treatment options, quarantining, COVID-19 test results, or vaccination.
- Hospital pharmacists on the other hand would handle the temporary protocols for the antiviral or monoclonal antibody treatments for severe COVID-19 hospitalized cases.
- Counseling points and treatment evaluation from pharmacists would be critical in terms of administering COVID-19 vaccines and medications. It is expected that Pharmacist's expertise along with other frontline healthcare workers would be in high demanded during the pandemic in order to control infection rates, reduce the mortality rate, and bring back normalcy to our society.

Citation:

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