



Mikro-Plakların Modelleme ve Analizi İçin Yeni Yöntemler

Program Kodu: 1001

Proje No: 213M606

**Proje Yürüttücsü:
Prof. Dr. Serkan Dağ**

Araştırmacı:
Doç. Dr. Ender Ciğeroğlu

Bursiyer:
Ata Alipour Ghassabi

HAZİRAN 2016
ANKARA

Önsöz

Mikro-plakların modelleme ve analizi başlıklı ve 213M606 numaralı proje Türkiye Bilimsel ve Teknolojik Araştırma Kurumu (TÜBİTAK) tarafından desteklenmiştir. Proje kapsamında fonksiyonel derecelendirilmiş mikro-plaklar için gerinim gradyanı elastisite teorisi bazlı yeni analiz ve modelleme yöntemleri geliştirilmiştir. Yürüttülen faaliyetler analitik türetim, sayısal çözüm yöntemlerinin geliştirilmesi, sayısal çözüm uygulaması, ve parametrik analizler gibi ana kısımlardan oluşmaktadır. Proje 2014 yılı Nisan ayında başlamış ve 2016 yılı Nisan ayında tamamlanmıştır. Proje yürütücülüğü Prof. Dr. Serkan Dağ tarafından yapılmıştır. Projede Doç. Dr. Ender Ciğeroğlu araştırmacı, Ata Alipour Ghassabi bursiyer olarak görev almıştır. Çalışmalar Orta Doğu Teknik Üniversitesi Makine Mühendisliği Bölümü’nde yürütülmüştür.

Proje ekibi olarak araştırmamıza verdiği destekten dolayı TÜBİTAK Mühendislik Araştırma Grubu'na teşekkürlerimizi sunuyoruz.

İçindekiler

Önsöz	i
İçindekiler	ii
Şekil Listesi	iv
Tablo Listesi	v
Öz	vi
Abstract	viii
1. GİRİŞ	1
2. LITERATÜR ÖZETİ.....	3
3. DİFERANSİYEL DENKLEMLER VE SINIR KOŞULLARININ BULUNMASI.....	7
3.1 Yerdeğiştirme Alanı ve Bünye Denklemleri	7
3.2 Kısmi Diferansiyel Denklemler ve Sınır Koşulları.....	14
3.2.1 Denklemlerin ϕ_1 ve ϕ_2 Cinsinden İfadeleri	34
3.2.2 Kuvvet ve Moment Katsayılarının Atalet ve Mukavemet Katsayıları Cinsinden İfadeleri	43
4. DİFERANSİYEL KARE YAPMA METODUNUN UYGULANMASI	64
5. SAYISAL ÇÖZÜM YÖNTEMLERİ.....	91
5.1 Statik Eğilme.....	92
5.2 Serbest Titreşim.....	93
5.3 Burkulma.....	94
5.4 Termal Etkiler.....	94
6. SAYISAL SONUÇLAR.....	96
6.1 Model Doğrulama Çalışmaları.....	98
6.1.1 Statik Eğilme	98
6.1.2 Serbest Titreşim	100
6.1.3 Burkulma	102
6.2 Parametrik Analizler	105
6.2.1 Statik Eğilme	106
6.2.2 Serbest Titreşim	110
6.2.3 Burkulma	113
7. EK ÇALIŞMALAR.....	115
7.1 Fonksiyonel Derecelendirilmiş Halka Şeklinde ve Dairesel Mikro-Plakların Statik ve Dinamik Analizleri	115
7.2 Terma Yükleme Altındaki Fonksiyonel Derecelendirilmiş Halka Şeklinde ve Dairesel Mikro-Plakların Statik ve Dinamik Analizleri	117

7.3 Fonksiyonel Derecelendirilmiş Nano-Plakların Lokal Olmama Parametresinin Uzaysal Değişimi Göz Önüne Alınarak Serbest Titreşim Analizi	117
8. SONUÇ	119
KAYNAKLAR	121
EKLER	125

Şekil Listesi

Şekil 1. FDM mikro-plak konfigürasyonu	7
Şekil 2. Plak yüzeyinin alt-alanlara bölümü	64
Şekil 3. FDM dikdörtgen mikro-plak ve basit mesnet geometrisi	96
Şekil 4. MATLAB ile hazırlanan grafiksel kullanıcı arayüzü	97
Şekil 5. Deforme olmuş mikro-plak: (a) Akgöz ve Civalek, (2013); (b) bu çalışma.....	100
Şekil 6. Boyutsuz orta nokta yerdeğiştirmesi, \bar{w} , $l=10 \mu\text{m}$, $l/h=0.2$, $a/h=10$, $b/a=1.0$, $\beta=2.0$, $q=1 \text{ N/m}^2$, $\Delta T=0 \text{ K}$	107
Şekil 7. Boyutsuz orta nokta yerdeğiştirmesi, \bar{w} , $l=10 \mu\text{m}$, $l/h=0.2$, $a/h=10$, $b/a=1.0$, $q=1$ N/m^2 , $\Delta T=0 \text{ K}$	108
Şekil 8. Orta nokta yerdeğiştirmesi w , $l=10 \mu\text{m}$, $l/h=0.2$, $a/h=10$, $b/a=1.0$, $q=0 \text{ N/m}^2$, $\Delta T=100$ K	109
Şekil 9. Orta nokta yerdeğiştirmesi w , $l=10 \mu\text{m}$, $a/h=10$, $b/a=1.0$, $\beta=2.0$, $q=0 \text{ N/m}^2$, $\Delta T=100$ K	109
Şekil 10. Boyutsuz ilk doğal frekans $\bar{\omega}_1$, $h=25 \mu\text{m}$, $a/h=10$, $b/a=1.0$, $\beta=2.0$, $\Delta T=0 \text{ K}$	110
Şekil 11. Boyutsuz ikinci doğal frekans $\bar{\omega}_2$, $h=25 \mu\text{m}$, $a/h=10$, $b/a=1.0$, $\beta=2.0$, $\Delta T=0 \text{ K}$	111
Şekil 12. Boyutsuz ilk doğal frekans $\bar{\omega}_1$, $h=25 \mu\text{m}$, $a/h=10$, $b/a=1.0$, $\beta=2.0$, $\Delta T=100 \text{ K}$	112
Şekil 13. Boyutsuz ikinci doğal frekans $\bar{\omega}_2$, $h=25 \mu\text{m}$, $a/h=10$, $b/a=1.0$, $\beta=2.0$, $\Delta T=100 \text{ K}$	112
Şekil 14. Boyutsuz burkulma kuvveti \bar{P} , $h=25 \mu\text{m}$, $a/h=10$, $b/a=1.0$, $\beta=2.0$, $\Delta T=0 \text{ K}$	113
Şekil 15. Boyutsuz burkulma kuvveti \bar{P} , $h=25 \mu\text{m}$, $a/h=10$, $b/a=1.0$, $\beta=2.0$, $\Delta T=100 \text{ K}$	114
Şekil 16. Halka şeklinde FDM mikro-plak.....	116
Şekil 17. FDM dikdörtgen nano-plak geometrisi	118

Tablo Listesi

Tablo 1. Boyutsuz orta nokta yerdeğiştirmesi \bar{w} , 13×13 ağı boyutu	98
Tablo 2. Boyutsuz orta nokta yerdeğiştirmesi \bar{w} , 23×23 ağı boyutu	99
Tablo 3. Boyutsuz ilk iki doğal frekans $\bar{\omega}$, 17×17 ağı boyutu.....	101
Tablo 4. Boyutsuz ilk iki doğal frekans $\bar{\omega}$, 15×15 ağı boyutu	102
Tablo 5. Boyutsuz burkulma kuvveti \bar{P} , 15×15 ağı boyutu	103
Tablo 6. Boyutsuz burkulma kuvveti \bar{P} , 13×13 ağı boyutu	104

Öz

Bu araştırma projesinin temel amacı mekanik veya termal yükleme altındaki mikro-plakların analizi için yeni yöntemler ortaya koymaktır. Malzemelerin makro-ölçekte mekanik analizini yapmakta kullanılan teoriler mikro-ölçekte geçerli değildir. Bunun nedeni uzunluk ölçüği küçüldükçe etkisi artış gösteren boyut etkisidir. Mikro-ölçekli yapıların analizi için gerinim gradyanı elastisite teorisi ve modifiye edilmiş kuvvet çifti gerilmesi teorisi gibi yüksek dereceden sürekli ortam teorileri geliştirilmiştir. Teknik literatürde, mikro-plakların yüksek dereceden sürekli ortam teorileri ile modellenmesi üzerine çeşitli çalışmalar bulunmaktadır. Bu araştırmalarda hem fonksiyonel derecelendirilmiş malzemelerden (FDM) yapılmış mikro-plaklar hem de homojen mikro-plaklar analiz edilmiştir. Ancak, yapısal mekanik ile ilgili bazı önemli problemler bu makalelerde incelenmemiştir. İlgili çalışmalar sadece mekanik yükleme altındaki mikro-plaklar için yapılmış; ve çevresel ve elektrik etkiler gibi nedenlerle oluşabilecek termal yüklemeler ele alınmamıştır. Ayrıca, fonksiyonel derecelendirilmiş mikro-plaklar üzerine yürütülen çalışmalarında, hacim oranlarındaki değişimler nedeniyle uzaysal koordinatların fonksiyonları olması gereken uzunluk ölçüği parametreleri sabit olarak kabul edilmiştir. Bu araştırma projesinde, termal etkiler ve FDM'lerin uzunluk ölçüği parametrelerindeki değişimler göz önüne alınarak yeni analiz yöntemleri geliştirilmiştir.

Yeni yöntemler geliştirilirken, öncelikle termal yükleme altındaki uzunluk ölçüği parametreleri değişken fonksiyonel derecelendirilmiş mikro-plaklar için bağılık kısımları diferansiyel denklemler ve sınır koşulları türetilmiştir. Bu formülasyonda yüksek dereceden sürekli ortam teorisi olarak gerinim gradyanı elastisite teorisi kullanılmıştır. Kirchhoff, Mindlin, ve üçüncü dereceden plak teorileri olarak belirlenen üç farklı plak teorisi için sonuç üretmek amacıyla, genel bir formülasyon yaklaşımı ortaya konulmuştur. Matematiksel olarak, modifiye edilmiş kuvvet çifti gerilmesi teorisi, gerinim gradyanı elastisite teorisinin özel bir halidir; dolayısıyla basitleştirme yoluyla modifiye edilmiş kuvvet çifti gerilmesi teorisi için geçerli sonuçlar da bulunabilmektedir. Benzer şekilde, homojen mikro-plaklar için geçerli olan sonuçlar, FDM mikro-plaklar için türetilen formülasyon kullanılarak bulunabilmektedir. Sonuç itibarıyle, geliştirilen formülasyon olabilecek en genel formda yapılandırılmış ve eğilme, burkulma, ve serbest titreşim gibi yapısal problemlerin çözümünde kullanılmıştır. Bağılık denklemleri sayısal olarak çözebilme için, diferansiyel kare yapma metodunu baz alan sayısal algoritmalar hazırlanmıştır. Bu algoritmalar MATLAB adlı matematik yazılımına entegre edilmiştir. Formülasyonun ve sayısal çözüm tekniklerinin geçerliliklerini gösterebilme amacıyla özel durumlar için geçerli olan ve literatürde bulunan sayısal sonuçlarla karşılaştırmalar yapılmıştır. Yürüttülen detaylı sayısal analizler aracılığıyla, sıcaklık farkı, uzunluk ölçüği parametrelerindeki uzaysal değişimler, heterojenlik sabitleri, ve

geometrik parametrelerin, mikro-plakların statik deformasyonları, burkulma yükleri, ve serbest titreşim doğal frekansları üzerindeki etkileri belirlenmiştir.

Proje önerisinde tanımlanan bu çalışmalara ek olarak modifiye edilmiş kuvvet çifti teorisi kullanılarak halka şeklinde ve dairesel FDM mikro-plaklar için ve lokal olmayan elastisite teorisi aracılığı ile dikdörtgen FDM nano-plaklar için formülasyon ve sayısal çözüm çalışmaları yapılmıştır. Bu çalışmalarla statik eğilme ve serbest titreşim davranışları ile ilgili ek sonuçlar üretilmiştir.

Anahtar Kelimeler: Mikro-plaklar, fonksiyonel derecelendirilmiş malzemeler, eğilme, serbest titreşimler, burkulma.

Abstract

The main objective of this research project is to put forward new methods for the analysis of micro-plates that are under the effect of mechanical or thermal loading. The theories applicable for mechanical analysis of materials at the macro-scale are known not to be valid for micro-scale structures. This fact stems from the so-called size effect, which plays an increasingly important role on the mechanical behavior as the length scale gets smaller. Higher order continuum theories are developed for the analysis of micro-scale structures, among which we can mention strain gradient elasticity, and modified couple stress theory. There are a number of studies in the technical literature on the analysis of micro-plates by means of higher order continuum theories. Both micro-plates made of functionally graded materials (FGMs) and homogeneous micro-plates are examined in these investigations. However, certain important aspects of structural problems are not considered in these articles. In all relevant studies in the literature, only micro-plates subjected to mechanical loads are analyzed and the influence of thermal loading, which may arise as a result of environmental or electrical effects, is ignored. Furthermore, in the analysis of functionally graded micro-plates, the length scale parameters are assumed to be constants, which in reality are functions of spatial coordinates due to smooth spatial variations of volume fractions in functionally graded materials. Presented research is undertaken to be able to develop new analysis methods that can take into account thermal effects and the spatial variations in the length scale parameters of FGMs.

In the development of these new methods, first governing partial differential equations and boundary conditions are derived for thermally-loaded functionally graded micro-plates, that possess variable length scale parameters. As the higher order continuum theory, strain gradient elasticity is employed in the derivations. A unified formulation is constructed to be able to produce results for three different plate theories which are Kirchhoff, Mindlin, and third-order plate theories. Mathematically, modified couple stress theory is a special case of strain gradient elasticity thus results for modified couple stress theory can be computed through simplification. Moreover, results pertaining to homogeneous micro-plates can be found using the formulation derived for FGM micro-plates. Consequently, developed formulation is in the most general form, and applicable in the solutions of structural problems including bending, buckling, and free vibrations. Solution algorithms based on the differential quadrature method (DQM) are prepared so as to numerically solve the governing equations. These algorithms are integrated into the math software MATLAB. The formulation and numerical solution techniques are verified by making comparisons to results available in the literature for special cases. Systematic numerical analyses are carried out in order to determine the influences of temperature difference, variations in length scale parameters,

inhomogeneity constants, and geometric parameters upon static deflections, buckling loads, and free vibration frequencies of micro-plates.

In addition to this work defined in the project proposal, formulation and numerical solution techniques are developed for annular and circular FGM micro-plates considering modified couple stress theory and for rectangular FGM nano-plates considering nonlocal elasticity theory. Additional new results regarding static bending and free vibrations are produced through these applications.

Key words: Micro-plates, functionally graded materials, bending, free vibrations, buckling.

1. GİRİŞ

Mikro-elektro-mekanik sistemler (MEMS) günümüzde birçok teknolojik uygulamada özellikle mikro-sensörler, mikro-aktüatörler, ve mikro-rezonatörler olarak kullanılmaktadır. Uygulama alanlarının sürekli olarak çeşitlilik ve yaygınlık kazanmasıyla beraber, bu sistemler üzerine yapılan yatırım ve araştırmalar da artmıştır. Mikro-kırış ve mikro-plak gibi yapılar birçok MEMS cihazında kullanılmaktadır; ve bu yapıların mekanik, termal, ve elektrik yüklemeler altındaki davranışlarının doğru olarak belirlenmesi tasarım süreci içerisinde büyük önem kazanmıştır. Bu araştırma projesinin temel amacı mikro-plakların mekanik analizi için, literatürde bulunan yöntemlere göre, daha genel ve daha doğru sonuç veren yöntemler geliştirmektir. Proje kapsamında çalışmalar ile termal yükleme altındaki homojen ve fonksiyonel derecelendirilmiş malzemeden (FDM) yapılmış mikro-plaklar için analiz yöntemleri geliştirilmiştir; ayrıca FDM mikro-plaklar için yapılan formülasyon ve analizlerde uzunluk ölçüği parametrelerindeki uzaysal koordinatlara bağlı değişimler göz önüne alınmıştır.

Mikro-yapıların analiz ve modellemesinde standard sürekli ortam mekaniği yaklaşımları boyut etkisi nedeniyle geçerliliğini yitirmektedir. Elastisite teorisi gibi yaygın kullanılan teoriler mikro-yapıların mekanik davranışını açıklamakta yetersiz kaldığından, bu yapılar için geçerli olan modifiye edilmiş kuvvet çifti gerilmesi teorisi (Yang vd., 2002) ve gerinim gradyanı elastisite teorisi (Lam vd., 2003) gibi teoriler geliştirilmiştir. Bu teoriler kullanılarak, Literatür Özeti bölümünde anlatıldığı gibi, mikro-plakların mekanik davranışlarının belirlenmesini sağlayacak çeşitli çözümler geliştirilmiştir. Ancak, tüm bu çalışmalar incelendiğinde, çevresel ve elektriksel etkiler sonucunda oluşabilecek termal yüklemelerin göz önüne alınmadığı; ayrıca FDM mikro-plaklar üzerine yapılan çalışmalarda uzaysal koordinatlara bağlı fonksiyonlarla temsil edilmesi gereken uzunluk ölçüği parametrelerinin sabit olarak alındığı görülmüştür. Bu araştırma projesi kapsamında mikro-plakların mekanik modellemesinde termal yüklemeler göz önüne alınmış ve FDM mikro-plaklar ile ilgili yapılan geliştirmelerde, uzunluk ölçüği parametreleri sürekli fonksiyonlarla temsil edilerek daha gerçekçi sonuç veren yöntemler ortaya konulmuştur.

Bu hedeflere ulaşabilmek için öncelikle termal yükleme altındaki FDM mikro-plaklar için genel bir formülasyon geliştirilerek bağılık kısımlı diferansiyel denklemler ve sınır koşulları türetilmiştir. Homojen mikro-plak problemi matematiksel olarak FDM mikro-plak problemiin özel bir hali olduğundan, bu denklemlerden homojen mikro-plaklar için geçerli olan denklemleri elde etmek mümkündür. Formülasyonun oluşturulmasında gerinim gradyanı elastisite teorisi kullanılmıştır. Modifiye edilmiş kuvvet çifti gerilmesi teorisi de, gerinim gradyanı elastisite teorisinin özel bir halidir. Bu nedenle geliştirilen formülasyon her iki teori için de geçerlidir. Ayrıca, formülasyon üç farklı plak deformasyon teorisi için sonuç verecek

şekilde oluşturulmuştur. Göz önüne alınan deformasyon teorileri Kirchhoff, Mindlin, ve üçüncü dereceden plak teorileridir. Türetilen denklemlerin sayısal çözümü diferansiyel kare yapma yöntemi (Shu, 2000) aracılığıyla gerçekleştirilmiştir.

Yürüttülen araştırma sonucunda, termal veya mekanik yüklemeye tabi tutulmuş mikro-plakların eğilme, burkulma, ve serbest titreşim analizlerinin yapılmasını sağlayacak araçlar ortaya konulmuştur. Bu araçlar ile malzeme özelliklerinin, geometrik parametrelerin, ve FDM mikro-plaklarda uzunluk ölçüği parametrelerindeki değişimlerin, statik deformasyon, kritik burkulma yükü, ve serbest titreşim doğal frekansları üzerindeki etkilerini açığa çıkarmak mümkün olmaktadır. Ortaya konulan yeni yöntemler, MEMS cihazları tasarıımı konusunda çalışan bilim adamları ve mühendisler tarafından kullanılabilecek; ve mikro-kabuklar ile eğik mikro-paneller gibi yapıların incelenmesi üzerine yeni araştırma projelerinin tasarlanması sağlanacaktır.

2. LİTERATÜR ÖZETİ

Genel olarak mikro-fabrikasyon teknikleri ile üretilen minyatürize edilmiş mekanik ve elektrik bileşenlerden oluşan sistemler olarak tanımlanan mikro-elektro-mekanik sistemler (MEMS) ile ilgili günümüzde yoğun araştırma ve uygulama çalışmaları yürütmektedir. Teknolojik uygulamalarda en sık kullanılan MEMS cihazları arasında mikro-sensörler, mikro-aktüatörler, ve mikro-rezonatörler gösterilebilir. Mikro-sensörler genellikle sıcaklık, basıncı, ivme, ve magnetik alan gibi fiziksel nicelikleri ölçmek amacıyla kullanılmaktadır. Yoğunlukla kullanılan mikro-aktüatör çeşitleri arasında ise mikro-konumlama cihazlarını, mikro-pompaları, mikro-flapları, ve mikro-tutucuları gösterebiliriz. Mikro-rezonatör uygulamaları özellikle otomotiv, telekomunikasyon, ve biyomedikal sektörlerinde yaygın kazanmaktadır. Mikro-fabrikasyona dayalı üretim yöntemlerinde ulaşılan gelişmelerle üretim maliyetlerinin düşürülmesi gibi etkenler de MEMS cihazlarının uygulama alanlarını hızla genişletmekte ve bu cihazların uluslararası ekonomi içerisindeki önemini artırmaktadır.

Araştırma projemiz kapsamında incelenen mikro-plaklar çeşitli türde MEMS cihazlarının önemli bileşenlerinden birisidir. Elektriksel olarak aktive edilen mikro-plaklar, mikro-sensörler ve mikro-aktüatörlerde bulunan havalı kondensatörlerde yer almaktadır (Zhao, 2004). Aynı şekilde dikdörtgen ve dairesel mikro-plaklar, mikro-rezonatörlerde yaygın olarak kullanılmaktadır (Li vd., 2012). Bu nedenlerle mikro-plakların dış etkiler altındaki mekanik davranışlarının doğru olarak belirlenmesi, MEMS tasarıımı sürecinde büyük önem taşımaktadır. Mikro-plağın kullanıldığı uygulamaya bağlı olarak eğilme, burkulma ya da serbest titreşim analizinin yapılması, mekanik davranışın dış etkiler altında nasıl olacağı sorusunun yanıtlanabilmesi için gereklidir. Yürüttülen projenin başlıca amacı bu incelemelerin yapılabilmesi için yeni modelleme ve analiz yöntemleri geliştirmektir.

Standard analiz yöntem ve yaklaşımları boyut etkisi nedeniyle mikro-düzeyde geçerliliğini kaybetmekte; ve bu yöntemler mikro-yapılar için yeterli doğrulukta sonuç vermemektedir. Örneğin ankastre bir makro-kırışte üç noktasındaki yerdeğiştirme, kırışın uzunluk-kalınlık oranının sabit olması halinde, kalınlık değişikçe değişmemektedir. Ancak, aynı gözlem ankastre mikro-kırışlar için yapılamamaktadır. Ankastre mikro-kırışlerde üç noktasındaki yerdeğiştirme, uzunluk-kalınlık oranının sabit tutulduğu durumda dahi kalınlıkla değişmektedir (Lam vd., 2003). Boyut etkisi olarak adlandırılan bu durum mikro-kırış, mikro-plak ve mikro-kabuk gibi diğer yapısal elemanlar için de geçerlidir. Boyut etkisini göz önüne alabilmek için yüksek dereceden sürekli ortam teorileri olarak adlandırılan teorileri kullanmak gereklidir. Yürüttüğümüz proje çalışmasında da mikro-plakların modelleme ve analizini yapabilmek için yüksek dereceden sürekli ortam teorileri kullanılmıştır.

Son yıllarda mikro-yapıların modellenmesinde özellikle iki farklı yüksek dereceden teori temel alınmıştır. Bunlardan birincisi Yang vd. (2002) tarafından geliştirilen modifiye edilmiş kuvvet çifti gerilmesi teorisidir. Bu teoride bilinen malzeme özelliklerine ek olarak, formülasyonda bir de uzunluk ölçüği parametresi kullanılmaktadır. İkinci teori ise gerinim gradyanı elastisite teorisi olarak adlandırılmaktadır; ve bu teoride üç farklı uzunluk ölçüği parametresine ihtiyaç vardır (Lam vd., 2003). Modifiye edilmiş kuvvet çifti gerilmesi teorisini, gerinim gradyanı elastisite teorisinin özel bir hali olarak da tanımlamak mümkündür. Teknik literatürde, mikro-plakların mekanığı konusunda bu teorileri baz alarak yapılmış çeşitli çalışmalar bulunmaktadır. Bu çalışmalar incelendiğinde, bir kısmının homojen mikro-plaklar üzerine bir kısmının da fonksiyonel derecelendirilmiş malzemelerden (FDM) yapılmış mikro-plaklar ile ilgili olduğu görülecektir. Fonksiyonel derecelendirilmiş malzemeler birden çok faz içeren ve fazların hacim oranlarının uzaysal koordinatlara bağlı olarak değiştiği malzemelerdir (Suresh ve Mortensen, 1998). Bu değişimler kullanılarak termal bariyer kaplamaları, sürtünme ve aşınmaya dayanıklı yüzeyler, biomedikal malzemeler, ve yakıt hücreleri gibi teknolojik uygulamalarda kullanılabilecek yeni malzeme ve yapıların tasarılanması mümkün olmaktadır. Fonksiyonel derecelendirilmiş malzemelerin mikro-elektromekanik sistemlerde kullanımı konusunda da araştırmalar devam etmektedir (Fu vd., 2003; Witrouw ve Mehta, 2005).

Homojen mikro-plaklar ile ilgili bilimsel araştırmalarda farklı mekanik problemleri ele alınmıştır. Bu araştırmaların bir kısmında modifiye edilmiş kuvvet çifti gerilmesi teorisi baz alınmış ve mikro-plakların statik eğilme, burkulma, ve serbest titreşim analizleri yapılmıştır (Akgöz ve Civelek, 2013; Asghari, 2012; Jomehzadeh vd., 2011; Ke vd., 2012a; Ma vd., 2011; Tsiatas, 2009; Wang vd., 2013; Yin vd., 2010). Bu incelemelerde formülasyon genellikle en temel plak teorisi olan Kirchhoff plak teorisine göre oluşturulmuş olmakla birlikte, Ke vd. (2012a) ve Ma vd. (2011) tarafından yürütülen çalışmalarda Mindlin plak teorisinin geçerli olduğu varsayılmıştır. Modifiye edilmiş kuvvet çifti gerilmesi teorisi dışında gerinim gradyanı elastisite teorisi de homojen mikro-plak analizinde kullanılmıştır (Lazopoulos, 2009; Ramezani, 2012; Ramezani, 2013; Wang vd., 2011). Yüksek dereceden sürekli ortam teorisi temel alınarak, fonksiyonel derecelendirilmiş mikro-plakların davranışları üzerine yapılmış bilimsel araştırmalar da bulunmaktadır. Bu araştırmaların çoğu formülasyon modifiye edilmiş kuvvet çifti gerilmesi teorisine göre geliştirilmiştir. Bu teorinin kullanıldığı çalışmalara örnek olarak Ke vd. (2012b), Kim ve Reddy (2013), Reddy ve Kim (2012), Thai ve Choi (2013), Thai ve Kim (2013), ve Thai ve Vo (2013) tarafından yazılmış makaleler gösterilebilir. Sahmani ve Ansari (2013) tarafından FDM mikro-plaklar ile ilgili yapılan çalışmada ise gerinim gradyanı elastisite teorisi esas alınmıştır. FDM mikro-plaklar konusunda yapılan tüm bu incelemelerde Kirchhoff, Mindlin, ve üçüncü dereceden plak

teorilerinden biri kullanılmıştır. Verilen sonuçlar uzunluk ölçüği parametrelerinin eğilme, burkulma, ve serbest titreşim davranışları üzerindeki etkilerini ortaya koymaktadır.

Homojen ve FDM mikro-plaklar üzerine yapılmış ve yukarıdaki paragrafta özetlenen çalışmalar incelendiğinde, bazı önemli noktaların göz önüne alınmadığı görülmektedir. Bunlardan birincisi termal yüklemedir. Termal yükleme gerek mikro-plakların bulunduğu ortamda sıcaklık değişiklikleri nedeniyle, gerekse de elektriksel etkiler sonucunda ortaya çıkabilir. Bu yükleme ve termal gerilmeler bir mikro-plağın mekanik davranışını önemli ölçüde değiştirmektedir. Termal yüklemenin mikro-kırışların hem statik eğilme hem de serbest titreşim davranışını göz ardı edilemeyecek bir biçimde değiştirdiği gösterilmiştir (Aghazadeh, 2013). Aynı etkinin mikro-plaklar için de geçerli olması beklenmelidir. Bu nedenle proje kapsamında, mikro-plakların incelenmesinde termal yüklemeler de ele alınmış; ve olusabilecek sıcaklık farklarının statik deformasyon, gerilme dağılımı, burkulma yükü, ve doğal frekanslar üzerindeki etkileri araştırılmıştır.

Literatürde bulunan çalışmalarında göz önüne alınmayan ikinci bir önemli nokta ise fonksiyonel derecelendirilmiş mikro-plaklarda uzunluk ölçüği parametrelerindeki uzaysal koordinatlara bağlı değişimlerdir. Literatür incelemesinde de濂ilen FDM mikro-plaklar ile ilgili makalelerin tamamında, uzunluk ölçüği parametrelerinin sabit oldukları varsayılmıştır. Ancak, derecelendirilmiş bir mikro-plak için bu doğru bir yaklaşım değildir. Uzunluk ölçüği parametresi de mekanik bir malzeme özelliği olduğundan, FDM'lerde diğer mekanik özellikler gibi uzaysal koordinatlara bağlı olarak değişmektedir. Araştırma projesi kapsamında, FDM mikro-plaklar için yapılan formülasyonda, uzunluk ölçüği parametrelerinin kalınlığa bağlı olarak değiştiği varsayılmış, ve mikro-plakların mekanik davranışları ile ilgili literatürde verilen sonuçlara göre daha gerçekçi sonuçlar elde edilmiştir.

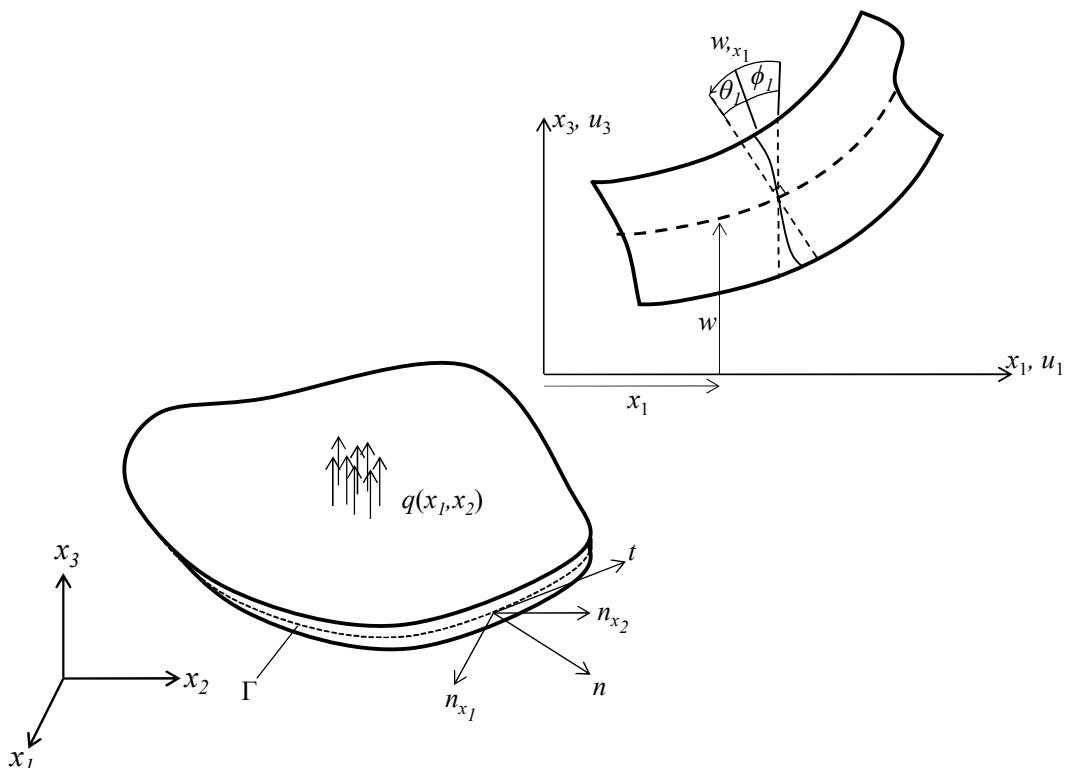
Yürüttüğümüz çalışmalarla fonksiyonel derecelendirilmiş mikro-plaklar için hem termal etkilerin hem de uzunluk ölçüği parametrelerindeki değişimlerin göz önüne alındığı genel bir formülasyon geliştirilmiş, ve bağışık kısmi diferansiyel denklemler ile sınır koşulları türetilmiştir. Denklemler bulunurken gerinim gradyanı elastisite teorisini kullanılmıştır. Modifiye edilmiş kuvvet çifti gerilmesi teorisi, gerinim gradyanı elastisite teorisinin özel bir hali olduğundan elde edilen denklem sistemi çeşitli sadeleştirmelerle modifiye edilmiş kuvvet çifti teorisi için de uygulanabilmektedir. Denklemlerin sayısal çözümü için diferansiyel kare yapma metoduna (Shu, 2000) bağlı sayısal teknikler geliştirilmiştir. Statik eğilme, serbest titreşim, ve burkulma problemleri için geliştirdiğimiz sayısal çözüm yöntemleri MATLAB adlı matematik yazılımı içersine entegre edilmiştir. Ortaya koyduğumuz yöntemleri doğrulamak için, literatürde bulunan özel durumlar için geçerli hesaplamalı veriler kullanılmıştır. Yapılan karşılaştırmalar, proje çalışmaları ile oluşturduğumuz çözüm prosedürlerinin yüksek doğruluk derecesinde sonuç verdiği kanıtlamıştır. Parametrik analizler ile termal yükleme, uzunluk

ölçeği parametrelerindeki değişimler, malzeme özellikleri, ve geometrik özellikler gibi faktörlerin statik deformasyon, gerilme dağılımı, burkulma yükü, ve serbest titreşim doğal frekansları üzerindeki etkileri araştırılmıştır.

3. DİFERANSİYEL DENKLEMLER VE SINIR KOŞULLARININ BULUNMASI

3.1 Yerdeğiştirme Alanı ve Bünye Denklemleri

Şekil 1'de genel bir fonksiyonel derecelendirilmiş malzemeden (FDM) yapılmış mikro-plak konfigürasyonu gösterilmektedir. FDM mikro-plağın özellikleri x_3 yönünde değişmektedir. x_1 ve x_2 ise düzlem içi koordinatlardır.



Şekil 1. FDM mikro-plak konfigürasyonu.

Plağın herhangi bir noktasının t zamanında x_1, x_2 ve x_3 doğrultularında yerdeğiştirmeleri, sırasıyla u_1, u_2 ve u_3 ile gösterilmiştir. Yerdeğiştirme alanı aşağıdaki gibi ifade edilmiştir:

$$u_1(x_1, x_2, x_3, t) = u(x_1, x_2, t) - x_3 w_{,x_1} + f(x_3) \theta_1(x_1, x_2, t) \quad (1)$$

$$u_2(x_1, x_2, x_3, t) = v(x_1, x_2, t) - x_3 w_{,x_2} + f(x_3) \theta_2(x_1, x_2, t) \quad (2)$$

$$u_3(x_1, x_2, x_3, t) = w(x_1, x_2, t) \quad (3)$$

Burada virgül türevi temsil etmektedir; u , v ve w orta düzlemin sırasıyla x_1, x_2 ve x_3 yönlerinde yerdeğiştirmeleridir. θ_1 ve θ_2 , orta düzlem üzerindeki (x_1, x_2) noktasının sırasıyla $x_1 - x_3$ ve $x_2 - x_3$ düzlemlerindeki kayma gerinimleridir. θ_1 ve θ_2 ile dönmeleri temsil eden ϕ_1 ve ϕ_2 arasındaki ilişkiler şu şekildedir:

$$\theta_1(x_1, x_2, t) = w_{,x_1}(x_1, x_2, t) + \phi_1(x_1, x_2, t), \quad (4)$$

$$\theta_2(x_1, x_2, t) = w_{,x_2}(x_1, x_2, t) + \phi_2(x_1, x_2, t). \quad (5)$$

Denklem (1) ve (2)'de f şekil fonksiyonudur ve plağın kalınlığı boyunca kayma geriniminin dağılımını belirlemektedir. Klasik plak teorisi (Kirchhoff teorisi) enine kayma gerinim etkisini içermez. Birinci derece kayma deformasyon teorisi (Mindlin teorisi) kayma geriniminin plağın kalınlığı boyunca sabit olduğunu varsaymaktadır. Yüksek derece kayma deformasyonu plak teorilerinde kayma gerinimi lineer olmayan bir şekilde x_3 koordinatına bağlıdır. Üçüncü derece kayma deformasyon teorisi en yaygın yüksek derece plak teorilerinden biridir. Kirchhoff, Mindlin ve üçüncü derece plak teorisi (Reddy plak teorisi) için f fonksiyonları aşağıdaki ifadeyle verilmektedir:

$$f(x_3) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{Kirchhoff plak teorisi için,} \\ x_3, & \text{Mindlin plak teorisi için,} \\ x_3 \left(1 - \frac{4x_3^2}{3h^2}\right), & \text{üçüncü derece plak teorisi için.} \end{cases} \quad (6)$$

Termal etki altında olan bir mikro-plak için gerinim gradyanı elastisite teorisine göre şekil değiştirme enerjisi

$$U = \frac{1}{2} \int_{\Omega} \left(\sigma_{ij} (\varepsilon_{ij} - \alpha \Delta T \delta_{ij}) + p_i \gamma_i + \tau_{ijk}^{(1)} \eta_{ijk}^{(1)} + m_{ij}^s \chi_{ij}^s \right) dV, \quad (7)$$

formunda ifade edilir. Bu tanımda V plağın hacmini; δ_{ij} Kronecker deltayı; α ıslı genleşme katsayısını temsil eder. $\Delta T = T - T_o$ olarak tanımlıdır; burada T sıcaklık, T_o ise referans sıcaklığıdır. ε_{ij} , γ_i , $\eta_{ijk}^{(1)}$ ve χ_{ij}^s sırasıyla gerinim, dilatasyon gradyan, deviatorik streç gradyan ve dönme gradyanının simetrik tensörleridir. Bu değişkenler şu şekilde tanımlanırlar:

$$\varepsilon_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} (u_{i,j} + u_{j,i}), \quad (8)$$

$$\gamma_i = \varepsilon_{mm,i}, \quad (9)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \eta_{ijk}^{(1)} = & \frac{1}{3} (\varepsilon_{jk,i} + \varepsilon_{ki,j} + \varepsilon_{ij,k}) - \frac{1}{15} \delta_{ij} (\varepsilon_{mm,k} + 2\varepsilon_{mk,m}) - \frac{1}{15} \{\delta_{jk} (\varepsilon_{mm,i} + 2\varepsilon_{mi,m}) \\ & + \delta_{ki} (\varepsilon_{mm,j} + 2\varepsilon_{mj,m})\}, \end{aligned} \quad (10)$$

$$\chi_{ij}^s = \frac{1}{2} (e_{ipq} \varepsilon_{qj,p} + e_{jpq} \varepsilon_{qi,p}). \quad (11)$$

Bu denklemlerdeki e_{ijk} permutasyon sembolüdür. (7) numaralı eşitlikte, σ_{ij} klasik Cauchy gerilme tensörü ve p_i , $\tau_{ijk}^{(1)}$ ve m_{ij}^s yüksek derece gerilimlerdir. Gerinim gradyanı elastisite teorisine göre temel bünye denklemleri aşağıdaki gibi ifade edilir:

$$\sigma_{ij} = \lambda \text{tr}(\varepsilon) \delta_{ij} + 2\mu \varepsilon_{ij} - \alpha (3\lambda + 2\mu) \Delta T \delta_{ij}, \quad (12)$$

$$p_i = 2\mu l_0^2 \gamma_i, \quad (13)$$

$$\tau_{ijk}^{(1)} = 2\mu l_1^2 \eta_{ijk}^{(1)}, \quad (14)$$

$$m_{ij}^s = 2\mu l_2^2 \chi_{ij}^s. \quad (15)$$

(13)-(15) numaralı denklemlerdeki l_0 , l_1 , ve l_2 uzunluk ölçüği parametreleridir. Literatürdeki çalışmalarında uzunluk ölçüği parametrelerinin sabit oldukları varsayılmıştır. Ancak, bu parametreler malzeme özelliği olduğundan, FDM bir mikro-plak için diğer malzeme özellikleri gibi kalınlık koordinatı x_3 boyunca değişim göstergeleri gereklidir. Bu nedenle bu çalışmada l_0 , l_1 , ve l_2 'nin x_3 'e bağlı olarak değişikleri kabul edilmiştir. Modifiye edilmiş kuvvet çifti teorisinde ise $l_0=l_1=0$ olarak alınır. Dolayısıyla gerinim gradyanı elastisite teorisi için geliştirilmiş sayısal çözüm algoritmasında l_0 ve l_1 sıfıra eşitlenerek, modifiye edilmiş kuvvet çifti teorisi ile ilgili sayısal sonuçları elde etmek mümkün olmaktadır.

(12) numaralı eşitlikteki λ ve μ Lame katsayılarıdır. Bu parametreler Young modülü E ve Poisson oranı ν ile şu şekilde bağıntılıdır:

$$\lambda = \frac{E\nu}{(1+\nu)(1-2\nu)}, \quad (16)$$

$$\mu = \frac{E}{2(1+\nu)}. \quad (17)$$

(1)-(3) ve (8)-(15) numaralı denklemler kullanılarak gerinim ve gerilmeler şu şekilde ifade edilmiştir:

$$\begin{aligned} \varepsilon_{11} &= \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_1} - x_3 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + f \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1}, \\ \varepsilon_{22} &= \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_2} - x_3 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + f \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2}, \\ \varepsilon_{12} = \varepsilon_{21} &= \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_1} - x_3 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{1}{2} f \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{2} f \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_1}, \\ \varepsilon_{13} = \varepsilon_{31} &= \frac{1}{2} f' \theta_1, \\ \varepsilon_{23} = \varepsilon_{32} &= \frac{1}{2} f' \theta_2, \end{aligned} \quad (18)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \gamma_1 &= \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} - x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1^2} + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2}, \\ \gamma_2 &= \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_2^2} - x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2^3} - x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_2^2}, \\ \gamma_3 &= -\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + f' \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} + f' \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2}, \end{aligned} \quad (19)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\eta_{111}^{(1)} &= \frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} + \frac{3}{2} x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{1}{2} f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{1}{2} f'' \theta_1 - f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right) \\
\eta_{222}^{(1)} &= \frac{2}{5} \left(- \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_2^2} - x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2^3} + \frac{3}{2} x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} - f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{1}{2} f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1^2} + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{1}{2} f'' \theta_2 \right) \\
\eta_{333}^{(1)} &= \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} - 2f' \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} - 2f' \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} \right) \\
\eta_{112}^{(1)} &= \eta_{211}^{(1)} = \eta_{121}^{(1)} \\
&= \frac{1}{15} \left(8 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + 4 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1^2} - 3 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_2^2} + 3x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2^3} - 12x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + 8f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + 4f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1^2} - 3f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_2^2} - f'' \theta_2 \right) \\
\eta_{113}^{(1)} &= \eta_{311}^{(1)} = \eta_{131}^{(1)} = -\frac{1}{15} \left(4 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} - 8f' \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} + 2f' \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} \right) \\
\eta_{221}^{(1)} &= \eta_{122}^{(1)} = \eta_{212}^{(1)} \\
&= \frac{1}{15} \left(-3 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1^2} + 4 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2^2} + 8 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + 3x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} - 12x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} - 3f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1^2} + 4f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_2^2} - f'' \theta_1 + 8f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right) \\
\eta_{223}^{(1)} &= \eta_{322}^{(1)} = \eta_{232}^{(1)} = -\frac{1}{15} \left(-\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + 4 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + 2f' \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} - 8f' \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} \right) \\
\eta_{331}^{(1)} &= \eta_{133}^{(1)} = \eta_{313}^{(1)} \\
&= -\frac{1}{15} \left(3 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2^2} + 2 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - 3x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} - 3x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + 3f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1^2} + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_2^2} - 4f'' \theta_1 + 2f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right) \\
\eta_{332}^{(1)} &= \eta_{233}^{(1)} = \eta_{323}^{(1)} \\
&= -\frac{1}{15} \left(2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1^2} + 3 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_2^2} - 3x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2^3} - 3x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + 2f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1^2} + 3f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_2^2} - 4f'' \theta_2 \right) \\
\eta_{123}^{(1)} &= \eta_{312}^{(1)} = \eta_{231}^{(1)} = \eta_{132}^{(1)} = \eta_{213}^{(1)} = \eta_{321}^{(1)} = \eta_{321}^{(1)} = \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + f' \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_2} + f' \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_1} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

(20)

$$\begin{aligned}
\chi_{11}^s &= \frac{1}{2} \left(2 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - f' \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_1} \right), \\
\chi_{22}^s &= -\frac{1}{2} \left(2 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - f' \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_2} \right), \\
\chi_{33}^s &= -\frac{1}{2} \left(f' \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_2} - f' \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_1} \right), \\
\chi_{12}^s = \chi_{21}^s &= \frac{1}{4} \left(-2 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + 2 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + f' \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} - f' \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} \right), \\
\chi_{13}^s = \chi_{31}^s &= \frac{1}{4} \left(-\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1^2} - f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1^2} - f'' \theta_2 \right), \\
\chi_{23}^s = \chi_{32}^s &= \frac{1}{4} \left(-\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_2^2} + f'' \theta_1 + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right),
\end{aligned} \tag{21}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_{11} \\ \sigma_{22} \\ \sigma_{12} \\ \sigma_{13} \\ \sigma_{23} \end{Bmatrix} = \frac{E}{1-v^2} \begin{Bmatrix} 1 & v & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ v & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1-v & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & k_s(1-v) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & k_s(1-v) \end{Bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_{11} - \alpha \Delta T \\ \varepsilon_{22} - \alpha \Delta T \\ \varepsilon_{12} \\ \varepsilon_{13} \\ \varepsilon_{23} \end{Bmatrix}, \tag{22}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
p_1 &= 2\mu l_0^2 \left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} - x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1^2} + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right), \\
p_2 &= 2\mu l_0^2 \left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_2^2} - x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2^3} - x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_2^2} \right), \\
p_3 &= 2\mu l_0^2 \left(-\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + f' \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} + f' \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} \right),
\end{aligned} \tag{23}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\tau_{111}^{(1)} &= \frac{4}{5} \mu l_1^2 \left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} + \frac{3}{2} x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{1}{2} f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{1}{2} f'' \theta_1 - f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right), \\
\tau_{222}^{(1)} &= \frac{4}{5} \mu l_1^2 \left(-\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_2^2} - x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2^3} + \frac{3}{2} x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} - f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{1}{2} f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1^2} + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{1}{2} f'' \theta_2 \right), \\
\tau_{333}^{(1)} &= \frac{2}{5} \mu l_1^2 \left(\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} - 2f' \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} - 2f' \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} \right), \\
\tau_{112}^{(1)} &= \tau_{211}^{(1)} = \tau_{121}^{(1)} \\
&= \frac{2}{15} \mu l_1^2 \left(8 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + 4 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1^2} - 3 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_2^2} + 3x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2^3} - 12x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + 8f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + 4f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1^2} - 3f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_2^2} - f'' \theta_2 \right), \\
\tau_{113}^{(1)} &= \tau_{311}^{(1)} = \tau_{131}^{(1)} = -\frac{2}{15} \mu l_1^2 \left(4 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} - 8f' \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} + 2f' \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} \right), \\
\tau_{221}^{(1)} &= \tau_{122}^{(1)} = \tau_{212}^{(1)} \\
&= \frac{2}{15} \mu l_1^2 \left(-3 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1^2} + 4 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2^2} + 8 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + 3x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} - 12x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} - 3f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1^2} + 4f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_2^2} - f'' \theta_1 + 8f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right), \\
\tau_{223}^{(1)} &= \tau_{322}^{(1)} = \tau_{232}^{(1)} = -\frac{2}{15} \mu l_1^2 \left(-\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + 4 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + 2f' \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} - 8f' \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} \right), \\
\tau_{331}^{(1)} &= \tau_{133}^{(1)} = \tau_{313}^{(1)} \\
&= -\frac{2}{15} \mu l_1^2 \left(3 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2^2} + 2 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - 3x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} - 3x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + 3f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1^2} + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_2^2} - 4f'' \theta_1 + 2f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right), \\
\tau_{332}^{(1)} &= \tau_{233}^{(1)} = \tau_{323}^{(1)} \\
&= -\frac{2}{15} \mu l_1^2 \left(2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1^2} + 3 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_2^2} - 3x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2^3} - 3x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + 2f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1^2} + 3f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_2^2} - 4f'' \theta_2 \right), \\
\tau_{123}^{(1)} &= \tau_{312}^{(1)} = \tau_{231}^{(1)} = \tau_{132}^{(1)} = \tau_{213}^{(1)} = \tau_{321}^{(1)} = \frac{2}{3} \mu l_1^2 \left(-\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + f' \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_2} + f' \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_1} \right),
\end{aligned}
\tag{24}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
m_{11}^s &= \mu l_2^2 \left(2 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - f' \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_1} \right), \\
m_{22}^s &= -\mu l_2^2 \left(2 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - f' \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_2} \right), \\
m_{33}^s &= -\mu l_2^2 \left(f' \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_2} - f' \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_1} \right), \\
m_{12}^s = m_{21}^s &= \frac{1}{2} \mu l_2^2 \left(-2 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + 2 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + f' \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} - f' \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} \right), \\
m_{13}^s = m_{31}^s &= \frac{1}{2} \mu l_2^2 \left(-\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1^2} - f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1^2} - f'' \theta_2 \right), \\
m_{23}^s = m_{32}^s &= \frac{1}{2} \mu l_2^2 \left(-\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_2^2} + f'' \theta_1 + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right).
\end{aligned} \tag{25}$$

(22) numaralı denklemde k_s kayma gerilmesinin düzeltme faktöründür ve Mindlin teorisinde dikdörtgen kesite sahip plaklar için genellikle $5/6$ olarak alınmaktadır. Denklem (22)'de düzlem gerilme varsayıımı kullanılmıştır. Düzlem gerilme varsayıımında (16)'da verilen eşitlik yerine, şu tanım kullanılmaktadır:

$$\lambda = \frac{Ev}{(1-v^2)} \tag{26}$$

3.2 Kısmi Diferansiyel Denklemler ve Sınır Koşulları

Kısmi diferansiyel denklemler ve sınır koşulları Hamilton prensibi kullanılarak türetilmiştir. Hamilton prensibi varyasyonel yöntemle dayalıdır ve aşağıdaki gibi ifade edilir:

$$\delta \int_{t_1}^{t_2} (K - (U - W)) dt = 0. \tag{27}$$

Burada K kinetik enerji, U şekil değiştirme enerjisi ve W uygulanan kuvvetlerin yaptığı iştir. Şekil değiştirme enerjisinin varyasyonu, (18)-(25) numaralı denklemler kullanılarak aşağıdaki gibi yazılabilir:

$$\delta U = \int_A \int_{\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \left(\sigma_{ij} \delta \varepsilon_{ij} + p_i \delta \gamma_i + \tau_{ijk}^{(1)} \delta \eta_{ijk}^{(1)} + m_{ij}^s \delta \chi_{ij}^s \right) dx_3 dA = \delta U_1 + \delta U_2 + \delta U_3 + \delta U_4, \tag{28}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta U_1 &= \int_A \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \sigma_{ij} \delta \varepsilon_{ij} dx_3 dA = \int_A \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} (\sigma_{11} \delta \varepsilon_{11} + \sigma_{22} \delta \varepsilon_{22} + 2\sigma_{12} \delta \varepsilon_{12} + 2\sigma_{13} \delta \varepsilon_{13} + 2\sigma_{23} \delta \varepsilon_{23}) dx_3 dA \\
&= \int_A \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \left\{ \sigma_{11} \delta \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x_1} - x_3 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + f \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} \right) + \sigma_{22} \delta \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial x_2} - x_3 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + f \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} \right) \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \sigma_{12} \delta \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x_2} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_1} - 2x_3 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + f \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_2} + f \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_1} \right) + \sigma_{13} \delta (f' \theta_1) + \sigma_{23} \delta (f' \theta_2) \right\} dx_3 dA,
\end{aligned} \tag{29}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta U_2 &= \int_A \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} p_i \delta \gamma_i dx_3 dA = \int_A \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} (p_1 \delta \gamma_1 + p_2 \delta \gamma_2 + p_3 \delta \gamma_3) dx_3 dA \\
&= \int_A \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \left\{ p_1 \delta \left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} - x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1^2} + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right) \right. \\
&\quad \left. + p_2 \delta \left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_2^2} - x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2^3} - x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_2^2} \right) \right. \\
&\quad \left. + p_3 \delta \left(-\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + f' \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} + f' \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} \right) \right\} dx_3 dA,
\end{aligned} \tag{30}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta U_3 &= \int_A \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \tau_{ijk}^{(1)} \delta \eta_{ijk}^{(1)} dx_3 dA = \int_A \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \left(\tau_{111}^{(1)} \delta \eta_{111}^{(1)} + \tau_{222}^{(1)} \delta \eta_{222}^{(1)} + \tau_{333}^{(1)} \delta \eta_{333}^{(1)} + 3\tau_{112}^{(1)} \delta \eta_{112}^{(1)} + 3\tau_{113}^{(1)} \delta \eta_{113}^{(1)} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + 3\tau_{221}^{(1)} \delta \eta_{221}^{(1)} + 3\tau_{223}^{(1)} \delta \eta_{223}^{(1)} + 3\tau_{331}^{(1)} \delta \eta_{331}^{(1)} + 3\tau_{332}^{(1)} \delta \eta_{332}^{(1)} + 6\tau_{123}^{(1)} \delta \eta_{123}^{(1)} \right) dx_3 dA \\
&= \int_A \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \left\{ \frac{2}{5} \tau_{111}^{(1)} \delta \left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} + \frac{3}{2} x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{1}{2} f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{1}{2} f'' \theta_1 - f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right) \right. \\
&\quad + \frac{2}{5} \tau_{222}^{(1)} \delta \left(-\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_2^2} - x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2^3} + \frac{3}{2} x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} - f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{1}{2} f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1^2} + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{1}{2} f'' \theta_2 \right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{5} \tau_{333}^{(1)} \delta \left(\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} - 2f' \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} - 2f' \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} \right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{5} \tau_{112}^{(1)} \delta \left(8 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + 4 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1^2} - 3 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_2^2} + 3x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2^3} - 12x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + 8f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + 4f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1^2} - 3f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_2^2} - f'' \theta_2 \right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{5} \tau_{113}^{(1)} \delta \left(4 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} - 8f' \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} + 2f' \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} \right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{5} \tau_{221}^{(1)} \delta \left(-3 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1^2} + 4 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2^2} + 8 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + 3x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} - 12x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} - 3f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1^2} + 4f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_2^2} - f'' \theta_1 + 8f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{5} \tau_{223}^{(1)} \delta \left(-\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + 4 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + 2f' \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} - 8f' \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} \right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{5} \tau_{331}^{(1)} \delta \left(3 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2^2} + 2 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - 3x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} - 3x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + 3f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1^2} + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_2^2} - 4f'' \theta_1 + 2f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{5} \tau_{332}^{(1)} \delta \left(2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1^2} + 3 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_2^2} - 3x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2^3} - 3x_3 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + 2f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1^2} + 3f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_2^2} - 4f'' \theta_2 \right) \\
&\quad \left. + 2\tau_{123}^{(1)} \delta \left(-\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + f' \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_2} + f' \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_1} \right) \right\} dx_3 dA,
\end{aligned} \tag{31}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta U_4 &= \int_A \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} m_{ij}^s \delta \chi_{ij}^s dx_3 dA \\
&= \int_A \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \left(m_{11}^s \delta \chi_{11}^s + m_{22}^s \delta \chi_{22}^s + m_{33}^s \delta \chi_{33}^s + 2m_{12}^s \delta \chi_{12}^s + 2m_{13}^s \delta \chi_{13}^s + 2m_{23}^s \delta \chi_{23}^s \right) dx_3 dA \\
&= \int_A \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \frac{1}{2} \left\{ m_{11}^s \delta \left(2 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - f' \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_1} \right) - m_{22}^s \delta \left(2 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - f' \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_2} \right) - m_{33}^s \delta \left(f' \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_2} - f' \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_1} \right) \right. \\
&\quad + m_{12}^s \delta \left(-2 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + 2 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + f' \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} - f' \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} \right) + m_{13}^s \delta \left(-\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1^2} - f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1^2} - f'' \theta_2 \right) \\
&\quad \left. + m_{23}^s \delta \left(-\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_2^2} + f'' \theta_1 + f \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right) \right\} dx_3 dA.
\end{aligned} \tag{32}$$

Bu denklemlerde h mikro-plağın kalınlığını ve A ise orta düzlemin alanını temsil etmektedir. Gerilmelerin kalınlık boyunca integralleri alınarak aşağıda verilen kuvvet ve momentler tanımlanmıştır:

$$\begin{aligned} M_{11}^i &= \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \sigma_{11} \zeta_i dx_3, \quad (i = 0, 1, 2), \quad M_{22}^i = \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \sigma_{22} \zeta_i dx_3, \quad (i = 0, 1, 2), \\ M_{12}^i &= \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \sigma_{12} \zeta_i dx_3, \quad (i = 0, 1, 2), \quad M_{13}^i = \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \sigma_{13} \zeta_i dx_3, \quad (i = 3), \end{aligned} \quad (33)$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_{23}^i &= \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \sigma_{23} \zeta_i dx_3, \quad (i = 3), \\ P_1^i &= \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} p_1 \zeta_i dx_3, \quad (i = 0, 1, 2), \quad P_2^i = \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} p_2 \zeta_i dx_3, \quad (i = 0, 1, 2), \quad P_3^i = \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} p_3 \zeta_i dx_3, \quad (i = 0, 3), \end{aligned} \quad (34)$$

$$\begin{aligned} T_{111}^i &= \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \tau_{111}^{(1)} \zeta_i dx_3, \quad (i = 0, 1, 2, 4), \quad T_{222}^i = \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \tau_{222}^{(1)} \zeta_i dx_3, \quad (i = 0, 1, 2, 4), \\ T_{333}^i &= \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \tau_{333}^{(1)} \zeta_i dx_3, \quad (i = 0, 3), \quad T_{112}^i = \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \tau_{112}^{(1)} \zeta_i dx_3, \quad (i = 0, 1, 2, 4), \\ T_{113}^i &= \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \tau_{113}^{(1)} \zeta_i dx_3, \quad (i = 0, 3), \quad T_{221}^i = \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \tau_{221}^{(1)} \zeta_i dx_3, \quad (i = 0, 1, 2, 4), \\ T_{223}^i &= \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \tau_{223}^{(1)} \zeta_i dx_3, \quad (i = 0, 3), \quad T_{331}^i = \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \tau_{331}^{(1)} \zeta_i dx_3, \quad (i = 0, 1, 2, 4), \\ T_{332}^i &= \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \tau_{332}^{(1)} \zeta_i dx_3, \quad (i = 0, 1, 2, 4), \quad T_{123}^i = \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \tau_{123}^{(1)} \zeta_i dx_3, \quad (i = 0, 3), \end{aligned} \quad (35)$$

$$\begin{aligned} Y_{11}^i &= \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} m_{11}^s \zeta_i dx_3, \quad (i = 0, 3), \quad Y_{22}^i = \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} m_{22}^s \zeta_i dx_3, \quad (i = 0, 3), \quad Y_{33}^i = \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} m_{33}^s \zeta_i dx_3, \quad (i = 3), \\ Y_{12}^i &= \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} m_{12}^s \zeta_i dx_3, \quad (i = 0, 3), \quad Y_{13}^i = \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} m_{13}^s \zeta_i dx_3, \quad (i = 0, 2, 4), \\ Y_{23}^i &= \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} m_{23}^s \zeta_i dx_3, \quad (i = 0, 2, 4). \end{aligned} \quad (36)$$

Burada $\zeta_0 = 1$, $\zeta_1 = x_3$, $\zeta_2 = f$, $\zeta_3 = f'$, ve $\zeta_4 = f''$ olarak tanımlıdır. Yukarıdaki ifadeler kullanılarak enerji varyasyonları aşağıdaki gibi ifade edilmiştir:

$$\delta U_1 = \int_A \left\{ \left(M_{11}^0 \delta \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_1} - M_{11}^1 \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + M_{11}^2 \delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} \right) + \left(M_{22}^0 \delta \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_2} - M_{22}^1 \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + M_{22}^2 \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} \right) + \left(M_{12}^0 \delta \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_2} + M_{12}^0 \delta \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_1} - 2M_{12}^1 \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + M_{12}^2 \delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_2} + M_{12}^2 \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_1} \right) + M_{13}^3 \delta \theta_1 + M_{23}^3 \delta \theta_2 \right\} dA, \quad (37)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta U_2 = & \int_A \left(P_1^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1^2} + P_1^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - P_1^1 \delta \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} - P_1^1 \delta \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + P_1^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1^2} + P_1^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right) \\ & + \left(P_2^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + P_2^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_2^2} - P_2^1 \delta \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2^3} - P_2^1 \delta \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + P_2^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + P_2^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_2^2} \right) \\ & + \left(-P_3^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} - P_3^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + P_3^3 \delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} + P_3^3 \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} \right) \} dA, \end{aligned} \quad (38)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta U_3 = & \int_A \left\{ \frac{2}{5} \left(T_{111}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{1}{2} T_{111}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2^2} - T_{111}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - T_{111}^1 \delta \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} + \frac{3}{2} T_{111}^1 \delta \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} \right. \right. \\
& + T_{111}^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{1}{2} T_{111}^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{1}{2} T_{111}^4 \delta \theta_1 - T_{111}^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \Big) \\
& + \frac{2}{5} \left(-T_{222}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{1}{2} T_{222}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1^2} + T_{222}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_2^2} - T_{222}^1 \delta \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2^3} + \frac{3}{2} T_{222}^1 \delta \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} \right. \\
& - T_{222}^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{1}{2} T_{222}^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1^2} + T_{222}^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{1}{2} T_{222}^4 \delta \theta_2 \Big) \\
& + \frac{1}{5} \left(T_{333}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + T_{333}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} - 2T_{333}^3 \delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} - 2T_{333}^3 \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} \right) \\
& + \frac{1}{5} \left(8T_{112}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + 4T_{112}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1^2} - 3T_{112}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_2^2} + 3T_{112}^1 \delta \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2^3} - 12T_{112}^1 \delta \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} \right. \\
& + 8T_{112}^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + 4T_{112}^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1^2} - 3T_{112}^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_2^2} - T_{112}^4 \delta \theta_2 \Big) \\
& - \frac{1}{5} \left(4T_{113}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} - T_{113}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} - 8T_{113}^3 \delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} + 2T_{113}^3 \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} \right) \\
& + \frac{1}{5} \left(-3T_{221}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1^2} + 4T_{221}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2^2} + 8T_{221}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + 3T_{221}^1 \delta \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} - 12T_{221}^1 \delta \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} \right. \\
& - 3T_{221}^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1^2} + 4T_{221}^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_2^2} - T_{221}^4 \delta \theta_1 + 8T_{221}^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \Big) \\
& - \frac{1}{5} \left(-T_{223}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + 4T_{223}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + 2T_{223}^3 \delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} - 8T_{223}^3 \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} \right) \\
& - \frac{1}{5} \left(3T_{331}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1^2} + T_{331}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2^2} + 2T_{331}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - 3T_{331}^1 \delta \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} - 3T_{331}^1 \delta \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} \right. \\
& + 3T_{331}^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1^2} + T_{331}^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_2^2} - 4T_{331}^4 \delta \theta_1 + 2T_{331}^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \Big) \\
& - \frac{1}{5} \left(2T_{332}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + T_{332}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1^2} + 3T_{332}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_2^2} - 3T_{332}^1 \delta \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2^3} - 3T_{332}^1 \delta \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} \right. \\
& + 2T_{332}^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + T_{332}^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1^2} + 3T_{332}^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_2^2} - 4T_{332}^4 \delta \theta_2 \Big) \\
& \left. \left. + 2 \left(-T_{123}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + T_{123}^3 \delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_2} + T_{123}^3 \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_1} \right) \right\} dA, \tag{39}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta U_4 = & \int_A \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \left(2Y_{11}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - Y_{11}^3 \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_1} \right) - \left(2Y_{22}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - Y_{22}^3 \delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_2} \right) - \left(Y_{33}^3 \delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_2} - Y_{33}^3 \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_1} \right) \right. \\
& + \left(-2Y_{12}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + 2Y_{12}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + Y_{12}^3 \delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} - Y_{12}^3 \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} \right) \\
& + \left(-Y_{13}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + Y_{13}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1^2} - Y_{13}^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + Y_{13}^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1^2} - Y_{13}^4 \delta \theta_2 \right) \\
& \left. + \left(-Y_{23}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2^2} + Y_{23}^0 \delta \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - Y_{23}^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial x_2^2} + Y_{23}^4 \delta \theta_1 + Y_{23}^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right) \right\} dA.
\end{aligned} \tag{40}$$

u, v, w, θ_1 ve θ_2 'nin varyasyonlarını kullanarak hareket denklemlerini elde edebilmek için, Green teoremi vasıtasıyla yüzey integrali eğri integraline dönüştürülmüştür. Green teoremi Γ sınır çizgisi ile çevrelenmiş bir alan için aşağıdaki gibi ifade edilmektedir:

$$\begin{aligned}
\iint_A (\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{F}) dA = & \oint_{\Gamma} \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n} d\Gamma \\
\overline{\vec{F}} = (M, -L) \& \& \vec{n} = (n_{x_1}, n_{x_2}) \rightarrow \iint_A \left(\frac{\partial M}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial L}{\partial x_2} \right) dA = \oint_{\Gamma} (M n_{x_1} - L n_{x_2}) d\Gamma.
\end{aligned} \tag{41}$$

n_{x_1} ve n_{x_2} orta düzlemin sınırının birim normalinin yön kosinüsleridir. Rasgele bir yüzey sınırının lokal normal \vec{n} ve teğet \vec{t} vektörleri şu şekilde yazılır:

$$\begin{aligned}
\vec{n} &= n_{x_1} \vec{e}_1 + n_{x_2} \vec{e}_2, \\
\vec{t} &= -n_{x_1} \vec{e}_1 + n_{x_2} \vec{e}_2,
\end{aligned} \tag{42}$$

Green teoreminin uygulaması ise

$$\int_A M_{11}^0 \delta \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_1} dA = \int_A \left\{ \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} (M_{11}^0 \delta u) - \frac{\partial M_{11}^0}{\partial x_1} \delta u \right\} dA = \oint_{\Gamma} M_{11}^0 n_{x_1} \delta u d\Gamma - \int_A \frac{\partial M_{11}^0}{\partial x_1} \delta u dA, \tag{43}$$

formundadır. Bu yöntem (37)-(40) numaralı denklemlere uygulanarak enerji varyasyonları şu şekilde yazılmıştır:

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta U_1 = & \int_A \left\{ \left(-\frac{\partial M_{11}^0}{\partial x_1} \delta u - \frac{\partial^2 M_{11}^1}{\partial x_1^2} \delta w - \frac{\partial M_{11}^2}{\partial x_1} \delta \theta_1 \right) + \left(-\frac{\partial M_{22}^0}{\partial x_2} \delta v - \frac{\partial^2 M_{22}^1}{\partial x_2^2} \delta w - \frac{\partial M_{22}^2}{\partial x_2} \delta \theta_2 \right) \right. \\
& + \left. \left(-\frac{\partial M_{12}^0}{\partial x_2} \delta u - \frac{\partial M_{12}^0}{\partial x_1} \delta v - 2 \frac{\partial^2 M_{12}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \delta w - \frac{\partial M_{12}^2}{\partial x_2} \delta \theta_1 - \frac{\partial M_{12}^2}{\partial x_1} \delta \theta_2 \right) + M_{13}^3 \delta \theta_1 + M_{23}^3 \delta \theta_2 \right\} dA \\
& + \oint_\Gamma \left\{ \left(M_{11}^0 n_{x_1} \delta u - M_{11}^1 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial M_{11}^1}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta w + M_{11}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \theta_1 \right) \right. \\
& + \left(M_{22}^0 n_{x_2} \delta v - M_{22}^1 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} + \frac{\partial M_{22}^1}{\partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta w + M_{22}^2 n_{x_2} \delta \theta_2 \right) \\
& + \left(M_{12}^0 n_{x_2} \delta u + M_{12}^0 n_{x_1} \delta v - M_{12}^1 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} + \frac{\partial M_{12}^1}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta w - M_{12}^1 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial M_{12}^1}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta w \right. \\
& \left. \left. + M_{12}^2 n_{x_2} \delta \theta_1 + M_{12}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \theta_2 \right) \right\} d\Gamma, \\
\end{aligned} \tag{44}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta U_2 = & \int_A \left\{ \left(\frac{\partial^2 P_1^0}{\partial x_1^2} \delta u + \frac{\partial^2 P_1^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \delta v + \frac{\partial^3 P_1^1}{\partial x_1^3} \delta w + \frac{\partial^3 P_1^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} \delta w + \frac{\partial^2 P_1^2}{\partial x_1^2} \delta \theta_1 + \frac{\partial^2 P_1^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \delta \theta_2 \right) \right. \\
& + \left(\frac{\partial^2 P_2^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \delta u + \frac{\partial^2 P_2^0}{\partial x_2^2} \delta v + \frac{\partial^3 P_2^1}{\partial x_2^3} \delta w + \frac{\partial^3 P_2^1}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} \delta w + \frac{\partial^2 P_2^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \delta \theta_1 + \frac{\partial^2 P_2^2}{\partial x_2^2} \delta \theta_2 \right) \\
& + \left. \left(-\frac{\partial^2 P_3^0}{\partial x_1^2} \delta w - \frac{\partial^2 P_3^0}{\partial x_2^2} \delta w - \frac{\partial P_3^3}{\partial x_1} \delta \theta_1 - \frac{\partial P_3^3}{\partial x_2} \delta \theta_2 \right) \right\} dA \\
& + \oint_\Gamma \left\{ \left(P_1^0 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial P_1^0}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta u + \frac{1}{2} P_1^0 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial P_1^0}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta v + \frac{1}{2} P_1^0 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_1} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial P_1^0}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta v \right. \right. \\
& - P_1^1 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{\partial P_1^1}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial^2 P_1^1}{\partial x_1^2} n_{x_1} \delta w - P_1^1 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{\partial P_1^1}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial^2 P_1^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta w \\
& + P_1^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial P_1^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta \theta_1 + \frac{1}{2} P_1^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial P_1^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta \theta_2 + \frac{1}{2} P_1^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_1} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial P_1^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta \theta_2 \Big) \\
& + \left(\frac{1}{2} P_2^0 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial P_2^0}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta u + \frac{1}{2} P_2^0 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_1} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial P_2^0}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta u + P_2^0 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial P_2^0}{\partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta v \right. \\
& - P_2^1 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{\partial P_2^1}{\partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial^2 P_2^1}{\partial x_2^2} n_{x_2} \delta w - P_2^1 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{\partial P_2^1}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial^2 P_2^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta w \\
& + \frac{1}{2} P_2^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial P_2^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta \theta_1 + \frac{1}{2} P_2^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial P_2^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta \theta_1 + P_2^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial P_2^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta \theta_2 \Big) \\
& + \left. \left(-P_3^0 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial P_3^0}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta w - P_3^0 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} + \frac{\partial P_3^0}{\partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta w + P_3^3 n_{x_1} \delta \theta_1 + P_3^3 n_{x_2} \delta \theta_2 \right) \right\} d\Gamma, \\
\end{aligned} \tag{45}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta U_3 = & \int_A \left\{ \frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{\partial^2 T_{111}^0}{\partial x_1^2} \delta u - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 T_{111}^0}{\partial x_2^2} \delta u - \frac{\partial^2 T_{111}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \delta v + \frac{\partial^3 T_{111}^1}{\partial x_1^3} \delta w - \frac{3}{2} \frac{\partial^3 T_{111}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} \delta w \right. \right. \\
& + \frac{\partial^2 T_{111}^2}{\partial x_1^2} \delta \theta_1 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 T_{111}^2}{\partial x_2^2} \delta \theta_1 - \frac{1}{2} T_{111}^4 \delta \theta_1 - \frac{\partial^2 T_{111}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \delta \theta_2 \Big) \\
& + \frac{2}{5} \left(- \frac{\partial^2 T_{222}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \delta u - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 T_{222}^0}{\partial x_1^2} \delta v + \frac{\partial^2 T_{222}^0}{\partial x_2^2} \delta v + \frac{\partial^3 T_{222}^1}{\partial x_2^3} \delta w - \frac{3}{2} \frac{\partial^3 T_{222}^1}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} \delta w \right. \\
& - \frac{\partial^2 T_{222}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \delta \theta_1 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 T_{222}^2}{\partial x_1^2} \delta \theta_2 + \frac{\partial^2 T_{222}^2}{\partial x_2^2} \delta \theta_2 - \frac{1}{2} T_{222}^4 \delta \theta_2 \Big) \\
& + \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{\partial^2 T_{333}^0}{\partial x_1^2} \delta w + \frac{\partial^2 T_{333}^0}{\partial x_2^2} \delta w + 2 \frac{\partial^3 T_{333}^3}{\partial x_1^3} \delta \theta_1 + 2 \frac{\partial^3 T_{333}^3}{\partial x_2^3} \delta \theta_2 \right) \\
& + \frac{1}{5} \left(8 \frac{\partial^2 T_{112}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \delta u + 4 \frac{\partial^2 T_{112}^0}{\partial x_1^2} \delta v - 3 \frac{\partial^2 T_{112}^0}{\partial x_2^2} \delta v - 3 \frac{\partial^3 T_{112}^1}{\partial x_2^3} \delta w + 12 \frac{\partial^3 T_{112}^1}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} \delta w \right. \\
& + 8 \frac{\partial^2 T_{112}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \delta \theta_1 + 4 \frac{\partial^2 T_{112}^2}{\partial x_1^2} \delta \theta_2 - 3 \frac{\partial^2 T_{112}^2}{\partial x_2^2} \delta \theta_2 - T_{112}^4 \delta \theta_2 \Big) \\
& - \frac{1}{5} \left(4 \frac{\partial^2 T_{113}^0}{\partial x_1^2} \delta w - \frac{\partial^2 T_{113}^0}{\partial x_2^2} \delta w + 8 \frac{\partial^3 T_{113}^3}{\partial x_1^3} \delta \theta_1 - 2 \frac{\partial^3 T_{113}^3}{\partial x_2^3} \delta \theta_2 \right) \\
& + \frac{1}{5} \left(-3 \frac{\partial^2 T_{221}^0}{\partial x_1^2} \delta u + 4 \frac{\partial^2 T_{221}^0}{\partial x_2^2} \delta u + 8 \frac{\partial^2 T_{221}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \delta v - 3 \frac{\partial^3 T_{221}^1}{\partial x_1^3} \delta w + 12 \frac{\partial^3 T_{221}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} \delta w \right. \\
& - 3 \frac{\partial^2 T_{221}^2}{\partial x_1^2} \delta \theta_1 + 4 \frac{\partial^2 T_{221}^2}{\partial x_2^2} \delta \theta_1 - T_{221}^4 \delta \theta_1 + 8 \frac{\partial^2 T_{221}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \delta \theta_2 \Big) \\
& - \frac{1}{5} \left(- \frac{\partial^2 T_{223}^0}{\partial x_1^2} \delta w + 4 \frac{\partial^2 T_{223}^0}{\partial x_2^2} \delta w - 2 \frac{\partial^3 T_{223}^3}{\partial x_1^3} \delta \theta_1 + 8 \frac{\partial^3 T_{223}^3}{\partial x_2^3} \delta \theta_2 \right) \\
& - \frac{1}{5} \left(3 \frac{\partial^2 T_{331}^0}{\partial x_1^2} \delta u + \frac{\partial^2 T_{331}^0}{\partial x_2^2} \delta u + 2 \frac{\partial^2 T_{331}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \delta v + 3 \frac{\partial^3 T_{331}^1}{\partial x_1^3} \delta w + 3 \frac{\partial^3 T_{331}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} \delta w \right. \\
& + 3 \frac{\partial^2 T_{331}^2}{\partial x_1^2} \delta \theta_1 + \frac{\partial^2 T_{331}^2}{\partial x_2^2} \delta \theta_1 - 4 T_{331}^4 \delta \theta_1 + 2 \frac{\partial^2 T_{331}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \delta \theta_2 \Big) \\
& - \frac{1}{5} \left(2 \frac{\partial^2 T_{332}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \delta u + \frac{\partial^2 T_{332}^0}{\partial x_1^2} \delta v + 3 \frac{\partial^2 T_{332}^0}{\partial x_2^2} \delta v + 3 \frac{\partial^3 T_{332}^1}{\partial x_2^3} \delta w + 3 \frac{\partial^3 T_{332}^1}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} \delta w \right. \\
& + 2 \frac{\partial^2 T_{332}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \delta \theta_1 + \frac{\partial^2 T_{332}^2}{\partial x_1^2} \delta \theta_2 + 3 \frac{\partial^2 T_{332}^2}{\partial x_2^2} \delta \theta_2 - 4 T_{332}^4 \delta \theta_2 \Big) \\
& \left. \left. + 2 \left(- \frac{\partial^2 T_{123}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \delta w - \frac{\partial T_{123}^3}{\partial x_2} \delta \theta_1 - \frac{\partial T_{123}^3}{\partial x_1} \delta \theta_2 \right) \right\} dA
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \oint_{\Gamma} \left\{ \left(\frac{2}{5} \left(T_{111}^0 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial T_{111}^0}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta u - \frac{1}{2} T_{111}^0 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial T_{111}^0}{\partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta u - \frac{1}{2} T_{111}^0 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial T_{111}^0}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta v \right. \right. \right. \\
& - \frac{1}{2} T_{111}^0 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial T_{111}^0}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta v - T_{111}^1 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{\partial T_{111}^1}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial^2 T_{111}^1}{\partial x_1^2} n_{x_1} \delta w \\
& + \frac{3}{2} T_{111}^1 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{3}{2} \frac{\partial T_{111}^1}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} + \frac{3}{2} \frac{\partial^2 T_{111}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta w + T_{111}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial T_{111}^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta \theta_1 - \frac{1}{2} T_{111}^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_2} \\
& + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial T_{111}^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta \theta_1 - \frac{1}{2} T_{111}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial T_{111}^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta \theta_2 - \frac{1}{2} T_{111}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial T_{111}^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta \theta_2 \Big) \\
& + \frac{2}{5} \left(-\frac{1}{2} T_{222}^0 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial T_{222}^0}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta u - \frac{1}{2} T_{222}^0 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial T_{222}^0}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta u - \frac{1}{2} T_{222}^0 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial T_{222}^0}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta v \right. \\
& + T_{222}^0 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial T_{222}^0}{\partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta v - T_{222}^1 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{\partial T_{222}^1}{\partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial^2 T_{222}^1}{\partial x_2^2} n_{x_2} \delta w \\
& + \frac{3}{2} T_{222}^1 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{3}{2} \frac{\partial T_{222}^1}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} + \frac{3}{2} \frac{\partial T_{222}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta w - \frac{1}{2} T_{222}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial T_{222}^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta \theta_1 \\
& - \frac{1}{2} T_{222}^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial T_{222}^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta \theta_1 - \frac{1}{2} T_{222}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial T_{222}^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta \theta_2 + T_{222}^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial T_{222}^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta \theta_2 \Big) \\
& + \frac{1}{5} \left(T_{333}^0 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial T_{333}^0}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta w + T_{333}^0 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial T_{333}^0}{\partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta w - 2T_{333}^3 n_{x_1} \delta \theta_1 - 2T_{333}^3 n_{x_2} \delta \theta_2 \right) \\
& + \frac{1}{5} \left(4T_{112}^0 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_2} - 4 \frac{\partial T_{112}^0}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta u + 4T_{112}^0 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_1} - 4 \frac{\partial T_{112}^0}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta u + 4T_{112}^0 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_1} - 4 \frac{\partial T_{112}^0}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta v \right. \\
& - 3T_{112}^0 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_2} + 3 \frac{\partial T_{112}^0}{\partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta v + 3T_{112}^1 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} - 3 \frac{\partial T_{112}^1}{\partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} + 3 \frac{\partial^2 T_{112}^1}{\partial x_2^2} n_{x_2} \delta w \\
& - 12T_{112}^1 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + 12 \frac{\partial T_{112}^1}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} - 12 \frac{\partial^2 T_{112}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta w + 4T_{112}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_2} - 4 \frac{\partial T_{112}^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta \theta_1 \\
& + 4T_{112}^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} - 4 \frac{\partial T_{112}^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta \theta_1 + 4T_{112}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_1} - 4 \frac{\partial T_{112}^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta \theta_2 - 3T_{112}^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} + 3 \frac{\partial T_{112}^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta \theta_2 \Big) \\
& - \frac{1}{5} \left(4T_{113}^0 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} - 4 \frac{\partial T_{113}^0}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta w - T_{113}^0 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} + \frac{\partial T_{113}^0}{\partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta w - 8T_{113}^3 n_{x_1} \delta \theta_1 + 2T_{113}^3 n_{x_2} \delta \theta_2 \right) \\
& + \frac{1}{5} \left(-3T_{221}^0 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_1} + 3 \frac{\partial T_{221}^0}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta u + 4T_{221}^0 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_2} - 4 \frac{\partial T_{221}^0}{\partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta u + 4T_{221}^0 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_2} - 4 \frac{\partial T_{221}^0}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta v \right. \\
& + 4T_{221}^0 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_1} - 4 \frac{\partial T_{221}^0}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta v + 3T_{221}^1 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} - 3 \frac{\partial T_{221}^1}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} + 3 \frac{\partial^2 T_{221}^1}{\partial x_1^2} n_{x_1} \delta w \\
& - 12T_{221}^1 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + 12 \frac{\partial T_{221}^1}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} - 12 \frac{\partial^2 T_{221}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta w - 3T_{221}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} + 3 \frac{\partial T_{221}^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta \theta_1
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& +4T_{221}^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_2} - 4 \frac{\partial T_{221}^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta \theta_1 + 4T_{221}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} - 4 \frac{\partial T_{221}^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta \theta_2 + 4T_{221}^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_1} - 4 \frac{\partial T_{221}^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta \theta_2 \Big) \\
& - \frac{1}{5} \left(-T_{223}^0 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial T_{223}^0}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta w + 4T_{223}^0 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} - 4 \frac{\partial T_{223}^0}{\partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta w + 2T_{223}^3 n_{x_1} \delta \theta_1 - 8T_{223}^3 n_{x_2} \delta \theta_2 \right) \\
& - \frac{1}{5} \left(3T_{331}^0 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_1} - 3 \frac{\partial T_{331}^0}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta u + T_{331}^0 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial T_{331}^0}{\partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta u + T_{331}^0 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial T_{331}^0}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta v \right. \\
& + T_{331}^0 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial T_{331}^0}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta v - 3T_{331}^1 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + 3 \frac{\partial T_{331}^1}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} - 3 \frac{\partial^2 T_{331}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta w + 3T_{331}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} - 3 \frac{\partial T_{331}^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta \theta_1 \\
& - 3T_{331}^1 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + 3 \frac{\partial T_{331}^1}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} - 3 \frac{\partial^2 T_{331}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta w + 3T_{331}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_1} - 3 \frac{\partial T_{331}^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta \theta_2 \\
& + T_{331}^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial T_{331}^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta \theta_1 + T_{331}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial T_{331}^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta \theta_2 + T_{331}^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial T_{331}^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta \theta_2 \Big) \\
& - \frac{1}{5} \left(T_{332}^0 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial T_{332}^0}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta u + T_{332}^0 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial T_{332}^0}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta u + T_{332}^0 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial T_{332}^0}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta v \right. \\
& + 3T_{332}^0 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_2} - 3 \frac{\partial T_{332}^0}{\partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta v - 3T_{332}^1 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + 3 \frac{\partial T_{332}^1}{\partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} - 3 \frac{\partial^2 T_{332}^1}{\partial x_2^2} n_{x_2} \delta w \\
& - 3T_{332}^1 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + 3 \frac{\partial T_{332}^1}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} - 3 \frac{\partial^2 T_{332}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta w + T_{332}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial T_{332}^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta \theta_1 \\
& + T_{332}^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial T_{332}^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta \theta_1 + T_{332}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial T_{332}^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta \theta_2 + 3T_{332}^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} - 3 \frac{\partial T_{332}^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta \theta_2 \Big) \\
& + 2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} T_{123}^0 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial T_{123}^0}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta w - \frac{1}{2} T_{123}^0 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial T_{123}^0}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta w + T_{123}^3 n_{x_2} \delta \theta_1 + T_{123}^3 n_{x_1} \delta \theta_2 \right) d\Gamma,
\end{aligned} \tag{46}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta U_4 = & \int_A \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \left(2 \frac{\partial^2 Y_{11}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \delta w + \frac{\partial Y_{11}^3}{\partial x_1} \delta \theta_2 \right) - \left(2 \frac{\partial^2 Y_{22}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \delta w + \frac{\partial Y_{22}^3}{\partial x_2} \delta \theta_1 \right) - \left(-\frac{\partial Y_{33}^3}{\partial x_2} \delta \theta_1 + \frac{\partial Y_{33}^3}{\partial x_1} \delta \theta_2 \right) \right. \\
& + \left(-2 \frac{\partial^2 Y_{12}^0}{\partial x_1^2} \delta w + 2 \frac{\partial^2 Y_{12}^0}{\partial x_2^2} \delta w - \frac{\partial Y_{12}^3}{\partial x_1} \delta \theta_1 + \frac{\partial Y_{12}^3}{\partial x_2} \delta \theta_2 \right) \\
& + \left(-\frac{\partial^2 Y_{13}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \delta u + \frac{\partial^2 Y_{13}^0}{\partial x_1^2} \delta v - \frac{\partial^2 Y_{13}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \delta \theta_1 + \frac{\partial^2 Y_{13}^2}{\partial x_1^2} \delta \theta_2 - Y_{13}^4 \delta \theta_2 \right) \\
& + \left. \left(-\frac{\partial^2 Y_{23}^0}{\partial x_2^2} \delta u + \frac{\partial^2 Y_{23}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \delta v - \frac{\partial^2 Y_{23}^2}{\partial x_2^2} \delta \theta_1 + Y_{23}^4 \delta \theta_1 + \frac{\partial^2 Y_{23}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \delta \theta_2 \right) \right\} dA \\
& + \oint_{\Gamma} \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \left(Y_{11}^0 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial Y_{11}^0}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta w + Y_{11}^0 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial Y_{11}^0}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta w - Y_{11}^3 n_{x_1} \delta \theta_2 \right) \right. \\
& - \left(Y_{22}^0 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial Y_{22}^0}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta w + Y_{22}^0 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial Y_{22}^0}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta w - Y_{22}^3 n_{x_2} \delta \theta_1 \right) \\
& - \left(Y_{33}^3 n_{x_2} \delta \theta_1 - Y_{33}^3 n_{x_1} \delta \theta_2 \right) \\
& + \left(-2 Y_{12}^0 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} + 2 \frac{\partial Y_{12}^0}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta w + 2 Y_{12}^0 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} - 2 \frac{\partial Y_{12}^0}{\partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta w + Y_{12}^3 n_{x_1} \delta \theta_1 - Y_{12}^3 n_{x_2} \delta \theta_2 \right) \\
& + \left(-Y_{13}^0 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_2} + \frac{\partial Y_{13}^0}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta u + Y_{13}^0 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial Y_{13}^0}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta v \right. \\
& - \frac{1}{2} Y_{13}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{13}^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta \theta_1 - \frac{1}{2} Y_{13}^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{13}^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta \theta_1 + Y_{13}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial Y_{13}^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta \theta_2 \\
& + \left. \left(-Y_{23}^0 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_2} + \frac{\partial Y_{23}^0}{\partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta u + Y_{23}^0 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial Y_{23}^0}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta v - Y_{23}^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_2} + \frac{\partial Y_{23}^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta \theta_1 \right. \right. \\
& + \frac{1}{2} Y_{23}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{23}^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta \theta_2 + \frac{1}{2} Y_{23}^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_1} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{23}^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta \theta_2 \left. \right) \left. \right\} d\Gamma. \tag{47}
\end{aligned}$$

Mikro-plağın kinetik enerjisinin açık formu

$$K = \frac{1}{2} \int_A \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \rho \left\{ \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} - x_3 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial t} + f \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial t} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial t} - x_3 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2 \partial t} + f \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial t} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} \right)^2 \right\} dx_3 dA, \tag{48}$$

olarak yazılır. Bu durumda kinetik enerjinin varyasyonu

$$\delta K = \int_A \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \rho \left\{ \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} - x_3 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial t} + f \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial t} \right) \left(\delta \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} - x_3 \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial t} + f \delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial t} \right) \right. \\ \left. + \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial t} - x_3 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2 \partial t} + f \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial t} \right) \left(\delta \frac{\partial v}{\partial t} - x_3 \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2 \partial t} + f \delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial t} \right) + \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} \right) \left(\delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial t} \right) \right\} dx_3 dA, \quad (49)$$

şeklindedir. Atalet katsayıları

$$\{I_0, I_1, I_2, I_3, I_4, I_5\} = \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \rho(x_3) \{1, x_3, x_3^2, f, x_3 f, f^2\} dx_3, \quad (50)$$

şeklinde tanımlanmaktadır. Böylece kinetik enerji varyasyonu

$$\delta K = \int_A \left\{ \left(I_0 \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} - I_1 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial t} + I_3 \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial t} \right) \left(\delta \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} \right) - \left(I_1 \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} - I_2 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial t} + I_4 \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial t} \right) \left(\delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial t} \right) \right. \\ \left. + \left(I_3 \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} - I_4 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial t} + I_5 \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial t} \right) \left(\delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial t} \right) \right. \\ \left. + \left(I_0 \frac{\partial v}{\partial t} - I_1 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2 \partial t} + I_3 \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial t} \right) \left(\delta \frac{\partial v}{\partial t} \right) - \left(I_1 \frac{\partial v}{\partial t} - I_2 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2 \partial t} + I_4 \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial t} \right) \left(\delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2 \partial t} \right) \right. \\ \left. + \left(I_3 \frac{\partial v}{\partial t} - I_4 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2 \partial t} + I_5 \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial t} \right) \left(\delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial t} \right) + \left(I_0 \frac{\partial w}{\partial t} \right) \left(\delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial t} \right) \right\} dA, \quad (51)$$

formunda bulunmuştur. Zaman integrali için kısmi integral metodu kullanılarak aşağıdaki ifade elde edilmiştir:

$$\delta \int_{t_1}^{t_2} K dt = \int_{t_1}^{t_2} \int_A \left\{ - \left(I_0 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} - I_1 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial t^2} + I_3 \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial t^2} \right) \delta u + \left(I_1 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} - I_2 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial t^2} + I_4 \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial t^2} \right) \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} \right. \\ \left. - \left(I_3 \frac{\partial u^2}{\partial t^2} - I_4 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial t^2} + I_5 \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial t^2} \right) \delta \theta_1 \right. \\ \left. - \left(I_0 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} - I_1 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2 \partial t^2} + I_3 \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial t^2} \right) \delta v + \left(I_1 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} - I_2 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2 \partial t^2} + I_4 \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial t^2} \right) \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} \right. \\ \left. - \left(I_3 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} - I_4 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2 \partial t^2} + I_5 \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial t^2} \right) \delta \theta_2 - \left(I_0 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} \right) \delta w \right\} dAdt. \quad (52)$$

Uzaysal integral için ise kısmi integral yöntemi ile Green teoremi kullanıldıktan sonra kinetik enerjisinin varyasyonu:

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta \int_{t_1}^{t_2} K dt = & \int_{t_1}^{t_2} \int_A \left\{ - \left(I_0 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} - I_1 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial t^2} + I_3 \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial t^2} \right) \delta u - \left(I_1 \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x_1 \partial t^2} - I_2 \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial t^2} + I_4 \frac{\partial^3 \theta_1}{\partial x_1 \partial t^2} \right) \delta w \right. \\
& - \left(I_3 \frac{\partial u^2}{\partial t^2} - I_4 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial t^2} + I_5 \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial t^2} \right) \delta \theta_1 \\
& - \left(I_0 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} - I_1 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2 \partial t^2} + I_3 \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial t^2} \right) \delta v - \left(I_1 \frac{\partial^3 v}{\partial x_2 \partial t^2} - I_2 \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_2^2 \partial t^2} + I_4 \frac{\partial^3 \theta_2}{\partial x_2 \partial t^2} \right) \delta w \\
& - \left. \left(I_3 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} - I_4 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2 \partial t^2} + I_5 \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial t^2} \right) \delta \theta_2 - \left(I_0 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} \right) \delta w \right\} dA dt \\
& + \oint_{\Gamma} \left(\left(I_1 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} - I_2 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial t^2} + I_4 \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial t^2} \right) n_{x_1} \delta w + \left(I_1 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} - I_2 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2 \partial t^2} + I_4 \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial t^2} \right) n_{x_2} \delta w \right) d\Gamma,
\end{aligned} \tag{53}$$

şeklinde bulunmuştur. Dış kuvvetlerin yaptığı iş ise aşağıdaki gibi hesaplanmaktadır

$$\begin{aligned}
W = & \int_V (f_1 u_1 + f_2 u_2 + f_3 u_3 + c_1 \omega_1 + c_2 \omega_2 + c_3 \omega_3) dV \\
& + \int_{\Omega^+} (q_1' u_1 + q_2' u_2 + q_3' u_3) dA + \int_{\Omega^-} (q_1^b u_1 + q_2^b u_2 + q_3^b u_3) dA \\
& + \int_S (t_1 u_1 + t_2 u_2 + t_3 u_3) dS + \frac{1}{2} \int_A \left(P_{x_1} \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} \right)^2 + P_{x_2} \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} \right)^2 \right) dA.
\end{aligned} \tag{54}$$

Bu eşitlikte f_1, f_2 ve f_3 birim hacime düşen cisim kuvvetlerini; c_1, c_2 ve c_3 birim hacime düşen cisim momentlerini; q_1, q_2 ve q_3 üst ve alt yüzeylerdeki yayılı kuvvetleri; ve t_1, t_2 ve t_3 , x_3 -eksenine parallel olan sınır yüzeye birim alan başına uygulanan kuvvetleri temsil etmektedir. t ve b üst indisleri sırasıyla üst ve alt yüzeyleri göstermektedir. P_{x_1} ve P_{x_2} ise, x_1 ve x_2 yönlerindeki düzlem içi basma kuvvetleridir.

Mikro-plağın ebatının oldukça küçük olması nedeniyle cisim kuvvetleri ve momentleri ihmali edilemeyecek düzeydedir. Çalışmamızda dış kuvvet olarak yayılı kuvvet $q(x_1, x_2)$ ve P_{x_1} ve P_{x_2} ele alınmıştır. Bu kuvvetlerin yaptığı iş ve varyasyonu

$$W = \int_A q w dA + \frac{1}{2} \int_A \left(P_{x_1} \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} \right)^2 + P_{x_2} \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} \right)^2 \right) dA, \quad (55)$$

$$\delta W = \int_A q \delta w dA + \frac{1}{2} \int_A \left(P_{x_1} \delta \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} \right)^2 + P_{x_2} \delta \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} \right)^2 \right) dA, \quad (56)$$

olarak yazılır. P_{x_1} ve P_{x_2} sabit varsayılarak, kısmi integral yöntemi ile δW aşağıdaki forma indirgenmiştir:

$$\begin{aligned} \delta W &= \int_A q \delta w dA + \int_A \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} P_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} P_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} \right) dA \\ &= \int_A q \delta w dA + \int_A \left(-\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} P_{x_1} \delta w - \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} P_{x_2} \delta w \right) dA \\ &\quad + \oint_{\Gamma} \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} P_{x_1} n_{x_1} \delta w + \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} P_{x_2} n_{x_2} \delta w \right) d\Gamma. \end{aligned} \quad (57)$$

Gerekli enerji varyasyonu terimleri (27) numaralı denklemde yerine konularak kısmi diferansiyel denklemler ile sınır koşulları şu şekilde türetilmiştir:

$\delta u :$

$$\begin{aligned} &\frac{\partial M_{11}^0}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial M_{12}^0}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial^2 P_1^0}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{\partial^2 P_2^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{111}^0}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{111}^0}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{222}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\ &- \frac{8}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{112}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{221}^0}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{221}^0}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{331}^0}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{331}^0}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{332}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 Y_{13}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 Y_{23}^0}{\partial x_2^2} \\ &= I_0 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} - I_1 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial t^2} + I_3 \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial t^2}, \end{aligned} \quad (58)$$

$\delta v :$

$$\begin{aligned} &\frac{\partial M_{22}^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{\partial M_{12}^0}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial^2 P_1^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{\partial^2 P_2^0}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{111}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{222}^0}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{222}^0}{\partial x_2^2} \\ &- \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{112}^0}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{112}^0}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{8}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{221}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{331}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{332}^0}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{332}^0}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 Y_{13}^0}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 Y_{23}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\ &= I_0 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} - I_1 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2 \partial t^2} + I_3 \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial t^2}, \end{aligned} \quad (59)$$

δw :

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\partial^2 M_{11}^1}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{\partial^2 M_{22}^1}{\partial x_2^2} + 2 \frac{\partial^2 M_{12}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{\partial^3 P_1^1}{\partial x_1^3} - \frac{\partial^3 P_1^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} - \frac{\partial^3 P_2^1}{\partial x_2^3} - \frac{\partial^3 P_2^1}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + \frac{\partial^2 P_3^0}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{\partial^2 P_3^0}{\partial x_2^2} \\
& - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{111}^1}{\partial x_1^3} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{111}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{222}^1}{\partial x_2^3} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{222}^1}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{333}^0}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{333}^0}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{112}^1}{\partial x_2^3} - \frac{12}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{112}^1}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} \\
& + \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{113}^0}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{113}^0}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{221}^1}{\partial x_1^3} - \frac{12}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{221}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{223}^0}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{223}^0}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{331}^1}{\partial x_1^3} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{331}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{332}^1}{\partial x_2^3} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{332}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + 2 \frac{\partial^2 T_{123}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{\partial^2 Y_{11}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{\partial^2 Y_{22}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{\partial^2 Y_{12}^0}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{\partial^2 Y_{12}^0}{\partial x_2^2} \\
& + q - P_{x_1} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} - P_{x_2} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + P_{x_1}^0 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + P_{x_2}^0 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + 2P_{x_1 x_2}^0 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\
& = I_1 \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x_1 \partial t^2} - I_2 \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial t^2} + I_4 \frac{\partial^3 \theta_1}{\partial x_1 \partial t^2} + I_1 \frac{\partial^3 v}{\partial x_2 \partial t^2} - I_2 \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_2^2 \partial t^2} + I_4 \frac{\partial^3 \theta_2}{\partial x_2 \partial t^2} + I_0 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2}, \tag{60}
\end{aligned}$$

$\delta \theta_1$:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\partial M_{11}^2}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial M_{12}^2}{\partial x_2} - M_{13}^3 - \frac{\partial^2 P_1^2}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{\partial^2 P_2^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{\partial P_3^3}{\partial x_1} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{111}^2}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{111}^2}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{1}{5} T_{111}^4 + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{222}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\
& - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial T_{333}^3}{\partial x_1} - \frac{8}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{112}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{8}{5} \frac{\partial T_{113}^3}{\partial x_1} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{221}^2}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{221}^2}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{1}{5} T_{221}^4 - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial T_{223}^3}{\partial x_1} \\
& + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{331}^2}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{331}^2}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{4}{5} T_{331}^4 + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{332}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + 2 \frac{\partial T_{123}^3}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{22}^3}{\partial x_2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{33}^3}{\partial x_2} \\
& + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{12}^3}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 Y_{13}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 Y_{23}^2}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{1}{2} Y_{23}^4 = I_3 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} - I_4 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial t^2} + I_5 \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial t^2}, \tag{61}
\end{aligned}$$

$\delta \theta_2$:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\partial M_{22}^2}{\partial x_2} + \frac{\partial M_{12}^2}{\partial x_1} - M_{23}^3 - \frac{\partial^2 P_1^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{\partial^2 P_2^2}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{\partial P_3^3}{\partial x_2} + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{111}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{222}^2}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{222}^2}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{1}{5} T_{222}^4 \\
& - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial T_{333}^3}{\partial x_2} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{112}^2}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{112}^2}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{1}{5} T_{112}^4 - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial T_{113}^3}{\partial x_2} - \frac{8}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{221}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{8}{5} \frac{\partial T_{223}^3}{\partial x_2} \\
& + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{331}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{332}^2}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{332}^2}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{4}{5} T_{332}^4 + 2 \frac{\partial T_{123}^3}{\partial x_1} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{11}^3}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{33}^3}{\partial x_1} \\
& - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{12}^3}{\partial x_2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 Y_{13}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{1}{2} Y_{13}^4 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 Y_{23}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} = I_3 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} - I_4 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2 \partial t^2} + I_5 \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial t^2}, \tag{62}
\end{aligned}$$

$\delta u = 0$ veya

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(M_{11}^0 - \frac{\partial P_1^0}{\partial x_1} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial P_2^0}{\partial x_2} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial T_{111}^0}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{222}^0}{\partial x_2} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{112}^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{221}^0}{\partial x_1} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{331}^0}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{332}^0}{\partial x_2} \right) n_{x_1} \\ & + \left(M_{12}^0 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial P_2^0}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{111}^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{222}^0}{\partial x_1} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{112}^0}{\partial x_1} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{221}^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{331}^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{332}^0}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{13}^0}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{23}^0}{\partial x_2} \right) n_{x_2} = 0, \end{aligned} \quad (63)$$

$\delta \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_1} = 0$ veya

$$\left(P_1^0 + \frac{2}{5} T_{111}^0 - \frac{3}{5} T_{221}^0 - \frac{3}{5} T_{331}^0 \right) n_{x_1} + \left(\frac{1}{2} P_2^0 - \frac{1}{5} T_{222}^0 + \frac{4}{5} T_{112}^0 - \frac{1}{5} T_{332}^0 \right) n_{x_2} = 0, \quad (64)$$

$\delta \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_2} = 0$ veya

$$\left(\frac{1}{2} P_2^0 - \frac{1}{5} T_{222}^0 + \frac{4}{5} T_{112}^0 - \frac{1}{5} T_{332}^0 - \frac{1}{2} Y_{13}^0 \right) n_{x_1} + \left(-\frac{1}{5} T_{111}^0 + \frac{4}{5} T_{221}^0 - \frac{1}{5} T_{331}^0 - \frac{1}{2} Y_{23}^0 \right) n_{x_2} = 0, \quad (65)$$

$\delta v = 0$ veya

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(M_{12}^0 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial P_1^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{111}^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{222}^0}{\partial x_1} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{112}^0}{\partial x_1} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{221}^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{331}^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{332}^0}{\partial x_1} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{13}^0}{\partial x_1} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{23}^0}{\partial x_2} \right) n_{x_1} \\ & + \left(M_{22}^0 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial P_1^0}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial P_2^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{111}^0}{\partial x_1} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial T_{222}^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{112}^0}{\partial x_2} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{221}^0}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{331}^0}{\partial x_1} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{332}^0}{\partial x_2} \right) n_{x_2} = 0, \end{aligned} \quad (66)$$

$\delta \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_1} = 0$ veya

$$\left(-\frac{1}{5} T_{222}^0 + \frac{4}{5} T_{112}^0 - \frac{1}{5} T_{332}^0 + \frac{1}{2} Y_{13}^0 \right) n_{x_1} + \left(\frac{1}{2} P_1^0 - \frac{1}{5} T_{111}^0 + \frac{4}{5} T_{221}^0 - \frac{1}{5} T_{331}^0 + \frac{1}{2} Y_{23}^0 \right) n_{x_2} = 0, \quad (67)$$

$\delta \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_2} = 0$ veya

$$\left(\frac{1}{2} P_1^0 - \frac{1}{5} T_{111}^0 + \frac{4}{5} T_{221}^0 - \frac{1}{5} T_{331}^0 \right) n_{x_1} + \left(P_2^0 + \frac{2}{5} T_{222}^0 - \frac{3}{5} T_{112}^0 - \frac{3}{5} T_{332}^0 \right) n_{x_2} = 0, \quad (68)$$

$\delta w = 0$ veya

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\frac{\partial M_{11}^1}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial M_{12}^1}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial^2 P_1^1}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{\partial^2 P_2^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{\partial P_3^0}{\partial x_1} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{111}^1}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{222}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{333}^0}{\partial x_1} - \frac{12}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{112}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{113}^0}{\partial x_1} \right. \\
& + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{221}^1}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{223}^0}{\partial x_1} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{331}^1}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{332}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{\partial T_{123}^0}{\partial x_2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{11}^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{22}^0}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial Y_{12}^0}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} P_{x_1} \Big) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(\frac{\partial M_{22}^1}{\partial x_2} + \frac{\partial M_{12}^1}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial^2 P_1^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{\partial^2 P_2^1}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{\partial P_3^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{111}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{222}^1}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{333}^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{112}^1}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{113}^0}{\partial x_2} \right. \\
& - \frac{12}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{221}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{223}^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{331}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{332}^1}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{\partial T_{123}^0}{\partial x_1} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{11}^0}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{22}^0}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial Y_{12}^0}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} P_{x_2} \Big) n_{x_2} \\
& = \left(I_1 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} - I_2 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial t^2} + I_4 \frac{\partial^2 \theta_1}{\partial t^2} \right) n_{x_1} + \left(I_1 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} - I_2 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2 \partial t^2} + I_4 \frac{\partial^2 \theta_2}{\partial t^2} \right) n_{x_2},
\end{aligned} \tag{69}$$

$\delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} = 0$ veya

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(-M_{11}^1 + \frac{\partial P_1^1}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial P_2^1}{\partial x_2} - P_3^0 + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial T_{111}^1}{\partial x_1} - \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{222}^1}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} T_{333}^0 + \frac{12}{5} \frac{\partial T_{112}^1}{\partial x_2} - \frac{4}{5} T_{113}^0 \right. \\
& - \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{221}^1}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{5} T_{223}^0 - \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{331}^1}{\partial x_1} - \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{332}^1}{\partial x_2} - Y_{12}^0 \Big) n_{x_1} + \left(-M_{12}^1 - T_{123}^0 + \frac{1}{2} Y_{11}^0 - \frac{1}{2} Y_{22}^0 \right) n_{x_2} = 0,
\end{aligned} \tag{70}$$

$\delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} = 0$ veya

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(-M_{12}^1 - T_{123}^0 + \frac{1}{2} Y_{11}^0 - \frac{1}{2} Y_{22}^0 \right) n_{x_1} + \left(-M_{22}^1 + \frac{\partial P_1^1}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial P_2^1}{\partial x_2} - P_3^0 - \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{111}^1}{\partial x_1} + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial T_{222}^1}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} T_{333}^0 \right. \\
& - \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{112}^1}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} T_{113}^0 + \frac{12}{5} \frac{\partial T_{221}^1}{\partial x_1} - \frac{4}{5} T_{223}^0 - \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{331}^1}{\partial x_1} - \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{332}^1}{\partial x_2} + Y_{12}^0 \Big) n_{x_2} = 0,
\end{aligned} \tag{71}$$

$\delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} = 0$ veya

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(-P_1^1 - \frac{2}{5} T_{111}^1 + \frac{3}{5} T_{221}^1 + \frac{3}{5} T_{331}^1 \right) n_{x_1} + \left(-P_2^1 + \frac{3}{5} T_{222}^1 - \frac{12}{5} T_{112}^1 + \frac{3}{5} T_{332}^1 \right) n_{x_2} = 0,
\end{aligned} \tag{72}$$

$$\delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} = 0 \quad \text{veya} \quad (73)$$

$$\left(-P_1^1 + \frac{3}{5} T_{111}^1 - \frac{12}{5} T_{221}^1 + \frac{3}{5} T_{331}^1 \right) n_{x_1} + \left(-P_2^1 - \frac{2}{5} T_{222}^1 + \frac{3}{5} T_{112}^1 + \frac{3}{5} T_{332}^1 \right) n_{x_2} = 0,$$

$$\delta \theta_1 = 0 \quad \text{veya} \quad (74)$$

$$\left(M_{11}^2 - \frac{\partial P_1^2}{\partial x_1} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial P_2^2}{\partial x_2} + P_3^3 - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial T_{111}^2}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{222}^2}{\partial x_1} - \frac{2}{5} T_{333}^3 - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{112}^2}{\partial x_2} + \frac{8}{5} T_{113}^3 + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{221}^2}{\partial x_1} - \frac{2}{5} T_{223}^3 \right.$$

$$+ \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{331}^2}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{332}^2}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{2} Y_{12}^3 + \frac{1}{4} \frac{\partial Y_{13}^2}{\partial x_2} \left. \right) n_{x_1} + \left(M_{12}^2 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial P_2^2}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{111}^2}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{222}^2}{\partial x_1} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{112}^2}{\partial x_1} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{221}^2}{\partial x_2} \right.$$

$$+ \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{331}^2}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{332}^2}{\partial x_1} + 2T_{123}^3 + \frac{1}{2} Y_{22}^3 - \frac{1}{2} Y_{33}^3 + \frac{1}{4} \frac{\partial Y_{13}^2}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{23}^2}{\partial x_2} \left. \right) n_{x_2} = 0,$$

$$\delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_1} = 0 \quad \text{veya} \quad (75)$$

$$\left(P_1^2 + \frac{2}{5} T_{111}^2 - \frac{3}{5} T_{221}^2 - \frac{3}{5} T_{331}^2 \right) n_{x_1} + \left(\frac{1}{2} P_2^2 - \frac{1}{5} T_{222}^2 + \frac{4}{5} T_{112}^2 - \frac{1}{5} T_{332}^2 - \frac{1}{4} Y_{13}^2 \right) n_{x_2} = 0,$$

$$\delta \frac{\partial \theta_1}{\partial x_2} = 0 \quad \text{veya} \quad (76)$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2} P_2^2 - \frac{1}{5} T_{222}^2 + \frac{4}{5} T_{112}^2 - \frac{1}{5} T_{332}^2 - \frac{1}{4} Y_{13}^2 \right) n_{x_1} + \left(-\frac{1}{5} T_{111}^2 + \frac{4}{5} T_{221}^2 - \frac{1}{5} T_{331}^2 - \frac{1}{2} Y_{23}^2 \right) n_{x_2} = 0,$$

$$\delta \theta_2 = 0 \quad \text{veya}$$

$$\left(M_{12}^2 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial P_1^2}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{111}^2}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{222}^2}{\partial x_1} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{112}^2}{\partial x_1} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{221}^2}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{331}^2}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{332}^2}{\partial x_1} + 2T_{123}^3 \right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{2} Y_{11}^3 + \frac{1}{2} Y_{33}^3 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{13}^2}{\partial x_1} - \frac{1}{4} \frac{\partial Y_{23}^2}{\partial x_2} \left. \right) n_{x_1} + \left(M_{22}^2 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial P_1^2}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial P_2^2}{\partial x_2} + P_3^3 + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{111}^2}{\partial x_1} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial T_{222}^2}{\partial x_2} - \frac{2}{5} T_{333}^3 \right.$$

$$+ \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{112}^2}{\partial x_2} - \frac{2}{5} T_{113}^3 - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{221}^2}{\partial x_1} + \frac{8}{5} T_{223}^3 + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{331}^2}{\partial x_1} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{332}^2}{\partial x_2} - \frac{1}{2} Y_{12}^3 - \frac{1}{4} \frac{\partial Y_{23}^2}{\partial x_1} \left. \right) n_{x_2} = 0,$$

(77)

$$\delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_1} = 0 \quad \text{veya} \quad (78)$$

$$\left(-\frac{1}{5}T_{222}^2 + \frac{4}{5}T_{112}^2 - \frac{1}{5}T_{332}^2 + \frac{1}{2}Y_{13}^2 \right) n_{x_1} + \left(\frac{1}{2}P_1^2 - \frac{1}{5}T_{111}^2 + \frac{4}{5}T_{221}^2 - \frac{1}{5}T_{331}^2 + \frac{1}{4}Y_{23}^2 \right) n_{x_2} = 0,$$

$$\delta \frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial x_2} = 0 \quad \text{veya} \quad (79)$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2}P_1^2 - \frac{1}{5}T_{111}^2 + \frac{4}{5}T_{221}^2 - \frac{1}{5}T_{331}^2 + \frac{1}{4}Y_{23}^2 \right) n_{x_1} + \left(P_2^2 + \frac{2}{5}T_{222}^2 - \frac{3}{5}T_{112}^2 - \frac{3}{5}T_{332}^2 \right) n_{x_2} = 0,$$

(60) numaralı eşitlikteki $P_{x_1}^0$, $P_{x_2}^0$ ve $P_{x_1 x_2}^0$ termal değişimden dolayı oluşan düzlem içi kuvvetlerdir ve statik termal eğilme analizi kullanılarak bulunur.

3.2.1. Denklemlerin ϕ_1 ve ϕ_2 Cinsinden İfadeleri

Bir önceki bölümde kısmi diferansiyel denklemler ve sınır koşulları orta düzlemin kayma gerinimleri θ_1 ve θ_2 cinsinden türetilmiştir. Yerdeğiştirme alanında (denklem (1) - (3)) θ_1 ve θ_2 yerine orta düzlem normalinin dönmeleri ϕ_1 ve ϕ_2 kullanılarak denklemler ϕ_1 ve ϕ_2 cinsinden ifade edilebilir. (4) ve (5) numaralı eşitlikler aracılığıyla, ϕ_1 ve ϕ_2 cinsinden kısmi diferansiyel denklemler şu şekilde bulunmuştur:

$\delta u :$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\partial M_{11}^0}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial M_{12}^0}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial^2 P_1^0}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{\partial^2 P_2^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{111}^0}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{111}^0}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{222}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\ & - \frac{8}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{112}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{221}^0}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{221}^0}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{331}^0}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{331}^0}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{332}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 Y_{13}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 Y_{23}^0}{\partial x_2^2} \quad (80) \\ & = I_0 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} + (I_3 - I_1) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial t^2} + I_3 \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial t^2}, \end{aligned}$$

$\delta v :$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\partial M_{22}^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{\partial M_{12}^0}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial^2 P_1^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{\partial^2 P_2^0}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{111}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{222}^0}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{222}^0}{\partial x_2^2} \\ & - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{112}^0}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{112}^0}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{8}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{221}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{331}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{332}^0}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{332}^0}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 Y_{13}^0}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 Y_{23}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \quad (81) \\ & = I_0 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} + (I_3 - I_1) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2 \partial t^2} + I_3 \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial t^2}, \end{aligned}$$

δw :

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\partial^2 M_{11}^1}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{\partial^2 M_{11}^2}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{\partial^2 M_{22}^1}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{\partial^2 M_{22}^2}{\partial x_2^2} + 2 \frac{\partial^2 M_{12}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - 2 \frac{\partial^2 M_{12}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{\partial M_{13}^3}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial M_{23}^3}{\partial x_2} \\
& - \frac{\partial^3 P_1^1}{\partial x_1^3} + \frac{\partial^3 P_1^2}{\partial x_1^3} - \frac{\partial^3 P_1^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + \frac{\partial^3 P_1^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} - \frac{\partial^3 P_2^1}{\partial x_2^3} + \frac{\partial^3 P_2^2}{\partial x_2^3} - \frac{\partial^3 P_2^1}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + \frac{\partial^3 P_2^2}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + \frac{\partial^2 P_3^0}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{\partial^2 P_3^3}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{\partial^2 P_3^0}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{\partial^2 P_3^3}{\partial x_2^2} \\
& - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{111}^1}{\partial x_1^3} + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{111}^2}{\partial x_1^3} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{111}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{111}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{111}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{111}^4}{\partial x_1} \\
& - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{222}^1}{\partial x_2^3} + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{222}^2}{\partial x_2^3} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{222}^1}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{222}^2}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{222}^2}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{222}^4}{\partial x_2} \\
& - \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{333}^0}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{333}^3}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{333}^0}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{333}^3}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{112}^1}{\partial x_2^3} - \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{112}^2}{\partial x_2^3} - \frac{12}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{112}^1}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{112}^2}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + \frac{8}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{112}^2}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{112}^4}{\partial x_2} \\
& + \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{113}^0}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{8}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{113}^3}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{113}^0}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{113}^3}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{221}^1}{\partial x_1^3} - \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{221}^2}{\partial x_1^3} - \frac{12}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{221}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + \frac{8}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{221}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{221}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{221}^4}{\partial x_1} \\
& - \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{223}^0}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{223}^3}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{223}^0}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{8}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{223}^3}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{331}^1}{\partial x_1^3} - \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{331}^2}{\partial x_1^3} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{331}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{331}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{331}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{331}^4}{\partial x_1} \\
& + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{332}^1}{\partial x_2^3} - \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{332}^2}{\partial x_2^3} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{332}^1}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{332}^2}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^3 T_{332}^2}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{332}^4}{\partial x_2} + 2 \frac{\partial^2 T_{123}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - 4 \frac{\partial^2 T_{123}^3}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\
& - \frac{\partial^2 Y_{11}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 Y_{11}^3}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{\partial^2 Y_{22}^0}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 Y_{22}^3}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{\partial^2 Y_{12}^0}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 Y_{12}^3}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{\partial^2 Y_{12}^0}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 Y_{12}^3}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{13}^4}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{23}^4}{\partial x_1} \\
& + q - P_{x_1} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} - P_{x_2} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + P_{x_1}^0 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + P_{x_2}^0 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + 2 P_{x_1 x_2}^0 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\
& = (I_1 - I_3) \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x_1 \partial t^2} + (I_1 - I_3) \frac{\partial^3 v}{\partial x_2 \partial t^2} + (2I_4 - I_2 - I_5) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial t^2} + (2I_4 - I_2 - I_5) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_2^2 \partial t^2} + I_0 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} \\
& + (I_4 - I_5) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_1}{\partial x_1 \partial t^2} + (I_4 - I_5) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_2}{\partial x_2 \partial t^2},
\end{aligned} \tag{82}$$

$\delta \phi_1$:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\partial M_{11}^2}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial M_{12}^2}{\partial x_2} - M_{13}^3 - \frac{\partial^2 P_1^2}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{\partial^2 P_2^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{\partial P_3^3}{\partial x_1} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{111}^2}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{111}^2}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{1}{5} T_{111}^4 + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{222}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\
& - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial T_{333}^3}{\partial x_1} - \frac{8}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{112}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{8}{5} \frac{\partial T_{113}^3}{\partial x_1} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{221}^2}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{221}^2}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{1}{5} T_{221}^4 - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial T_{223}^3}{\partial x_1} \\
& + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{331}^2}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{331}^2}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{4}{5} T_{331}^4 + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{332}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + 2 \frac{\partial T_{123}^3}{\partial x_2} \\
& + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{22}^3}{\partial x_2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{33}^3}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{12}^3}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 Y_{13}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 Y_{23}^2}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{1}{2} Y_{23}^4 \\
& = I_3 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} + (I_5 - I_4) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial t^2} + I_5 \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial t^2},
\end{aligned} \tag{83}$$

$\delta\phi_2$:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\partial M_{22}^2}{\partial x_2} + \frac{\partial M_{12}^2}{\partial x_1} - M_{23}^3 - \frac{\partial^2 P_1^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{\partial^2 P_2^2}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{\partial P_3^3}{\partial x_2} \\
 & + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{111}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{222}^2}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{222}^2}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{1}{5} T_{222}^4 - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial T_{333}^3}{\partial x_2} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{112}^2}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{112}^2}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{1}{5} T_{112}^4 - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial T_{113}^3}{\partial x_2} \quad (84) \\
 & - \frac{8}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{221}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{8}{5} \frac{\partial T_{223}^3}{\partial x_2} + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{331}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{332}^2}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{332}^2}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{4}{5} T_{332}^4 + 2 \frac{\partial T_{123}^3}{\partial x_1} \\
 & - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{11}^3}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{33}^3}{\partial x_1} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{12}^3}{\partial x_2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 Y_{13}^2}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{1}{2} Y_{13}^4 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 Y_{23}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} = I_3 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} + (I_5 - I_4) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2 \partial t^2} + I_5 \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial t^2}.
 \end{aligned}$$

Sınır koşullarını da bu şekilde ifade edebilmek için öncelikle aşağıda verilen eşitlikler kullanılmıştır:

$$\frac{1}{2} P_2^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial P_2^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{2} P_2^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial P_2^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} = P_2^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{\partial P_2^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{5}T_{222}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{222}^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} - \frac{1}{5} T_{222}^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{222}^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} \\
& = -\frac{2}{5} T_{222}^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial T_{222}^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1}
\end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{1}{5}T_{222}^2n_{x_1}\delta\frac{\partial^2w}{\partial x_1\partial x_2}+\frac{1}{5}\frac{\partial T_{222}^2}{\partial x_1}n_{x_1}\delta\frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2}=-\frac{1}{5}T_{222}^2n_{x_2}\delta\frac{\partial^2w}{\partial x_1^2}+\frac{1}{5}\frac{\partial T_{222}^2}{\partial x_2}n_{x_1}\delta\frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1}$$

$$+\frac{4}{5}T_{112}^2n_{x_1}\delta\frac{\partial^2w}{\partial x_1\partial x_2}-\frac{4}{5}\frac{\partial T_{112}^2}{\partial x_1}n_{x_2}\delta\frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1}+\frac{4}{5}T_{112}^2n_{x_2}\delta\frac{\partial^2w}{\partial x_1^2}-\frac{4}{5}\frac{\partial T_{112}^2}{\partial x_2}n_{x_1}\delta\frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1}$$

$$=+\frac{8}{5}T_{112}^2n_{x_2}\delta\frac{\partial^2w}{\partial x_1^2}-\frac{8}{5}\frac{\partial T_{112}^2}{\partial x_2}n_{x_1}\delta\frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1}$$

$$\frac{4}{5}T_{112}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{112}^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} = \frac{4}{5} T_{112}^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{112}^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1}$$

$$-\frac{1}{5}T_{331}^2n_{x_2}\delta\frac{\partial^2w}{\partial x_1\partial x_2}+\frac{1}{5}\frac{\partial T_{331}^2}{\partial x_2}n_{x_2}\delta\frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1}=-\frac{1}{5}T_{331}^2n_{x_1}\delta\frac{\partial^2w}{\partial x_2^2}+\frac{1}{5}\frac{\partial T_{331}^2}{\partial x_1}n_{x_2}\delta\frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2}$$

$$-\frac{1}{5}T_{331}^2n_{x_1}\delta\frac{\partial^2w}{\partial x_2^2}+\frac{1}{5}\frac{\partial T_{331}^2}{\partial x_1}n_{x_2}\delta\frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2}-\frac{1}{5}T_{331}^2n_{x_2}\delta\frac{\partial^2w}{\partial x_1\partial x_2}+\frac{1}{5}\frac{\partial T_{331}^2}{\partial x_2}n_{x_1}\delta\frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2}=-\frac{2}{5}T_{331}^2n_{x_1}\delta\frac{\partial^2w}{\partial x_2^2}+\frac{2}{5}\frac{\partial T_{331}^2}{\partial x_1}n_{x_2}\delta\frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2}$$

$$-\frac{1}{5}T_{332}^2n_{x_1}\delta\frac{\partial^2w}{\partial x_1\partial x_2}+\frac{1}{5}\frac{\partial T_{332}^2}{\partial x_1}n_{x_2}\delta\frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1}-\frac{1}{5}T_{332}^2n_{x_2}\delta\frac{\partial^2w}{\partial x_1^2}+\frac{1}{5}\frac{\partial T_{332}^2}{\partial x_2}n_{x_1}\delta\frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1}=-\frac{2}{5}T_{332}^2n_{x_2}\delta\frac{\partial^2w}{\partial x_1^2}+\frac{2}{5}\frac{\partial T_{332}^2}{\partial x_2}n_{x_1}\delta\frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1}$$

$$-\frac{1}{5} T_{332}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{332}}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} = -\frac{1}{5} T_{332}^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{332}^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1}$$

$$-\frac{1}{4}Y_{13}^2n_{x_1}\delta\frac{\partial^2w}{\partial x_1\partial x_2}+\frac{1}{4}\frac{\partial Y_{13}^2}{\partial x_1}n_{x_2}\delta\frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1}-\frac{1}{4}Y_{13}^2n_{x_2}\delta\frac{\partial^2w}{\partial x_1^2}+\frac{1}{4}\frac{\partial Y_{13}^2}{\partial x_2}n_{x_1}\delta\frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1}=-\frac{1}{2}Y_{13}^2n_{x_2}\delta\frac{\partial^2w}{\partial x_1^2}+\frac{1}{2}\frac{\partial Y_{13}^2}{\partial x_2}n_{x_1}\delta\frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} Y_{13}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{13}^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} = \frac{1}{2} Y_{13}^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{13}^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}P_1^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial P_1^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{2} P_1^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial P_1^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} = P_1^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{\partial P_1^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2}$$

$$-\frac{1}{5}T_{111}^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{111}^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} = -\frac{1}{5}T_{111}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{111}^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{5}T_{111}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{111}^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} - \frac{1}{5}T_{111}^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{111}^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} \\ & = -\frac{2}{5}T_{111}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial T_{111}^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{4}{5}T_{221}^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{221}^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} = \frac{4}{5}T_{221}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{221}^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{4}{5}T_{221}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{221}^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} + \frac{4}{5}T_{221}^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{221}^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} \\ & = \frac{8}{5}T_{221}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{8}{5} \frac{\partial T_{221}^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} \end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2}Y_{23}^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{23}^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} = -\frac{1}{2}Y_{23}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{23}^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{4}Y_{23}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{1}{4} \frac{\partial Y_{23}^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{4}Y_{23}^2 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{1}{4} \frac{\partial Y_{23}^2}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} \\ & = \frac{1}{2}Y_{23}^2 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{23}^2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{2} \left(Y_{33}^3 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial Y_{33}^3}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta w - Y_{33}^3 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial Y_{33}^3}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta w \right) = -\frac{1}{4} \left(Y_{33}^3 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} - \delta \frac{\partial Y_{33}^3}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta w \right. \\ & \left. + Y_{33}^3 n_{x_2} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial Y_{33}^3}{\partial x_2} n_{x_1} \delta w - Y_{33}^3 n_{x_1} \delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} + \frac{\partial Y_{33}^3}{\partial x_1} n_{x_2} \delta w \right) = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 Y_{23}^2}{\partial x_2^2} n_{x_1} \delta w + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 Y_{23}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} n_{x_2} \delta w = 0 \quad (85)$$

θ_1 ve θ_2 yerine ϕ_1 ve ϕ_2 kullanılarak sınır koşulları şu şekilde yeniden düzenlenmiştir:

$\delta u = 0$ veya

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(M_{11}^0 - \frac{\partial P_1^0}{\partial x_1} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial P_2^0}{\partial x_2} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial T_{111}^0}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{222}^0}{\partial x_2} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{112}^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{221}^0}{\partial x_1} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{331}^0}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{332}^0}{\partial x_2} \right) n_{x_1} \\ & + \left(M_{12}^0 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial P_2^0}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{111}^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{222}^0}{\partial x_1} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{112}^0}{\partial x_1} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{221}^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{331}^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{332}^0}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{13}^0}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{23}^0}{\partial x_2} \right) n_{x_2} = 0, \end{aligned} \quad (86)$$

$\delta \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_1} = 0$ veya

$$\left(P_1^0 + \frac{2}{5} T_{111}^0 - \frac{3}{5} T_{221}^0 - \frac{3}{5} T_{331}^0 \right) n_{x_1} + \left(\frac{1}{2} P_2^0 - \frac{1}{5} T_{222}^0 + \frac{4}{5} T_{112}^0 - \frac{1}{5} T_{332}^0 \right) n_{x_2} = 0, \quad (87)$$

$\delta \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_2} = 0$ veya

$$\left(\frac{1}{2} P_2^0 - \frac{1}{5} T_{222}^0 + \frac{4}{5} T_{112}^0 - \frac{1}{5} T_{332}^0 - \frac{1}{2} Y_{13}^0 \right) n_{x_1} + \left(-\frac{1}{5} T_{111}^0 + \frac{4}{5} T_{221}^0 - \frac{1}{5} T_{331}^0 - \frac{1}{2} Y_{23}^0 \right) n_{x_2} = 0, \quad (88)$$

$\delta v = 0$ veya

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(M_{12}^0 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial P_1^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{111}^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{222}^0}{\partial x_1} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{112}^0}{\partial x_1} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{221}^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{331}^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{332}^0}{\partial x_1} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{13}^0}{\partial x_1} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{23}^0}{\partial x_2} \right) n_{x_1} \\ & + \left(M_{22}^0 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial P_1^0}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial P_2^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{111}^0}{\partial x_1} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial T_{222}^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{112}^0}{\partial x_2} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{221}^0}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{331}^0}{\partial x_1} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{332}^0}{\partial x_2} \right) n_{x_2} = 0, \end{aligned} \quad (89)$$

$\delta \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_1} = 0$ veya

$$\left(-\frac{1}{5} T_{222}^0 + \frac{4}{5} T_{112}^0 - \frac{1}{5} T_{332}^0 + \frac{1}{2} Y_{13}^0 \right) n_{x_1} + \left(\frac{1}{2} P_1^0 - \frac{1}{5} T_{111}^0 + \frac{4}{5} T_{221}^0 - \frac{1}{5} T_{331}^0 + \frac{1}{2} Y_{23}^0 \right) n_{x_2} = 0, \quad (90)$$

$\delta \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_2} = 0$ veya

$$\left(\frac{1}{2} P_1^0 - \frac{1}{5} T_{111}^0 + \frac{4}{5} T_{221}^0 - \frac{1}{5} T_{331}^0 \right) n_{x_1} + \left(P_2^0 + \frac{2}{5} T_{222}^0 - \frac{3}{5} T_{112}^0 - \frac{3}{5} T_{332}^0 \right) n_{x_2} = 0, \quad (91)$$

$\delta w = 0$ veya

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\frac{\partial M_{11}^1}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial M_{11}^2}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial M_{12}^1}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial M_{12}^2}{\partial x_2} + M_{13}^3 - \frac{\partial^2 P_1^1}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{\partial^2 P_1^2}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{\partial^2 P_2^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{\partial^2 P_2^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{\partial P_3^0}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial P_3^3}{\partial x_1} \right. \\
& - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{111}^1}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{111}^2}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{111}^2}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{1}{5} T_{111}^4 + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{222}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{222}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{333}^0}{\partial x_1} + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial T_{333}^3}{\partial x_1} \\
& - \frac{12}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{112}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{8}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{112}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{113}^0}{\partial x_1} - \frac{8}{5} \frac{\partial T_{113}^3}{\partial x_1} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{221}^1}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{221}^2}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{221}^2}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{1}{5} T_{221}^4 \\
& - \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{223}^0}{\partial x_1} + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial T_{223}^3}{\partial x_1} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{331}^1}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{331}^2}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{331}^2}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{4}{5} T_{331}^4 + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{332}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{332}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{\partial T_{123}^0}{\partial x_2} - 2 \frac{\partial T_{123}^3}{\partial x_2} \\
& \left. - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{11}^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{22}^0}{\partial x_2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{22}^3}{\partial x_2} + \frac{\partial Y_{12}^0}{\partial x_1} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{12}^3}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{2} Y_{23}^4 - \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} P_{x_1} \right) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(\frac{\partial M_{22}^1}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial M_{22}^2}{\partial x_2} + \frac{\partial M_{12}^1}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial M_{12}^2}{\partial x_1} + M_{23}^3 - \frac{\partial^2 P_1^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{\partial^2 P_1^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{\partial^2 P_2^1}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{\partial^2 P_2^2}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{\partial P_3^0}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial P_3^3}{\partial x_2} \right. \\
& + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{111}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{111}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{222}^1}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{222}^2}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{1}{5} T_{222}^4 + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{222}^2}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{333}^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial T_{333}^3}{\partial x_2} \\
& + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{112}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{112}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{112}^2}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{1}{5} T_{112}^4 - \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{113}^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial T_{113}^3}{\partial x_2} - \frac{12}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{221}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{8}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{221}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\
& + \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{223}^0}{\partial x_2} - \frac{8}{5} \frac{\partial T_{223}^3}{\partial x_2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{331}^1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{331}^2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{332}^1}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{332}^2}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial^2 T_{332}^2}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{4}{5} T_{332}^4 + \frac{\partial T_{123}^0}{\partial x_1} - 2 \frac{\partial T_{123}^3}{\partial x_1} \\
& \left. - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{11}^0}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{11}^3}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{22}^0}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial Y_{22}^0}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{12}^3}{\partial x_2} - \frac{1}{2} Y_{13}^4 - \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} P_{x_2} \right) n_{x_2} \\
& = \left((I_1 - I_3) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} + (2I_4 - I_2 - I_5) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial t^2} + (I_4 - I_5) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial t^2} \right) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left((I_1 - I_3) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} + (2I_4 - I_2 - I_5) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2 \partial t^2} + (I_4 - I_5) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial t^2} \right) n_{x_2},
\end{aligned}
\tag{92}$$

$$\delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} = 0 \quad \text{veya}$$

$$\left(-M_{11}^1 + M_{11}^2 + \frac{\partial P_1^1}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial P_1^2}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial P_2^1}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial P_2^2}{\partial x_2} - P_3^0 + P_3^3 + \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial T_{111}^1}{\partial x_1} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial T_{111}^2}{\partial x_1} - \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{222}^1}{\partial x_2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{222}^2}{\partial x_2} \right.$$

$$+ \frac{1}{5} T_{333}^0 - \frac{2}{5} T_{333}^3 + \frac{12}{5} \frac{\partial T_{112}^1}{\partial x_2} - \frac{12}{5} \frac{\partial T_{112}^2}{\partial x_2} - \frac{4}{5} T_{113}^0 + \frac{8}{5} T_{113}^3 - \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{221}^1}{\partial x_1} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{221}^2}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{5} T_{223}^0 - \frac{2}{5} T_{223}^3 \quad (93)$$

$$\left. - \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{331}^1}{\partial x_1} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{331}^2}{\partial x_1} - \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{332}^1}{\partial x_2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{332}^2}{\partial x_2} - Y_{12}^0 + \frac{1}{2} Y_{12}^3 \right) n_{x_1}$$

$$+ \left(-M_{12}^1 + M_{12}^2 - T_{123}^0 + 2T_{123}^3 + \frac{1}{2} Y_{11}^0 - \frac{1}{2} Y_{11}^3 - \frac{1}{2} Y_{22}^0 \right) n_{x_2} = 0,$$

$$\delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} = 0 \quad \text{veya}$$

$$\left(-M_{12}^1 + M_{12}^2 - T_{123}^0 + 2T_{123}^3 + \frac{1}{2} Y_{11}^0 - \frac{1}{2} Y_{11}^3 - \frac{1}{2} Y_{22}^0 \right) n_{x_1}$$

$$+ \left(-M_{22}^1 + M_{22}^2 + \frac{\partial P_1^1}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial P_1^2}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial P_2^1}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial P_2^2}{\partial x_2} - P_3^0 + P_3^3 - \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{111}^1}{\partial x_1} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{111}^2}{\partial x_1} \right.$$

$$+ \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial T_{222}^1}{\partial x_2} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial T_{222}^2}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} T_{333}^0 - \frac{2}{5} T_{333}^3 - \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{112}^1}{\partial x_2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{112}^2}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} T_{113}^0 - \frac{2}{5} T_{113}^3 + \frac{12}{5} \frac{\partial T_{221}^1}{\partial x_1} - \frac{12}{5} \frac{\partial T_{221}^2}{\partial x_1}$$

$$\left. - \frac{4}{5} T_{223}^0 + \frac{8}{5} T_{223}^3 - \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{331}^1}{\partial x_1} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{331}^2}{\partial x_1} - \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{332}^1}{\partial x_2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{332}^2}{\partial x_2} + Y_{12}^0 - \frac{1}{2} Y_{12}^3 \right) n_{x_2} = 0, \quad (94)$$

$$\delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} = 0 \quad \text{veya}$$

$$\left(-P_1^1 + P_1^2 - \frac{2}{5} T_{111}^1 + \frac{2}{5} T_{111}^2 + \frac{3}{5} T_{221}^1 - \frac{3}{5} T_{221}^2 + \frac{3}{5} T_{331}^1 - \frac{3}{5} T_{331}^2 \right) n_{x_1} \quad (95)$$

$$+ \left(-P_2^1 + P_2^2 + \frac{3}{5} T_{222}^1 - \frac{3}{5} T_{222}^2 - \frac{12}{5} T_{112}^1 + \frac{12}{5} T_{112}^2 + \frac{3}{5} T_{332}^1 - \frac{3}{5} T_{332}^2 \right) n_{x_2} = 0,$$

$$\delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} = 0 \quad \text{veya}$$

$$\left(-P_1^1 + P_1^2 + \frac{3}{5} T_{111}^1 - \frac{3}{5} T_{111}^2 - \frac{12}{5} T_{221}^1 + \frac{12}{5} T_{221}^2 + \frac{3}{5} T_{331}^1 - \frac{3}{5} T_{331}^2 \right) n_{x_1} \quad (96)$$

$$+ \left(-P_2^1 + P_2^2 - \frac{2}{5} T_{222}^1 + \frac{2}{5} T_{222}^2 + \frac{3}{5} T_{112}^1 - \frac{3}{5} T_{112}^2 + \frac{3}{5} T_{332}^1 - \frac{3}{5} T_{332}^2 \right) n_{x_2} = 0,$$

$$\delta\phi_1 = 0 \quad \text{veya}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(M_{11}^2 - \frac{\partial P_1^2}{\partial x_1} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial P_2^2}{\partial x_2} + P_3^3 - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial T_{111}^2}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{222}^2}{\partial x_2} - \frac{1}{5} 2T_{333}^3 - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{112}^2}{\partial x_2} + \frac{8}{5} T_{113}^3 + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{221}^2}{\partial x_1} - \frac{2}{5} T_{223}^3 \right. \\ & \left. + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{331}^2}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{332}^2}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{2} Y_{12}^3 + \frac{1}{4} \frac{\partial Y_{13}^2}{\partial x_2} \right) n_{x_1} + \left(M_{12}^2 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial P_2^2}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{111}^2}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{222}^2}{\partial x_1} \right. \\ & \left. - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{112}^2}{\partial x_1} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{221}^2}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{331}^2}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{332}^2}{\partial x_1} + 2T_{123}^3 + \frac{1}{2} Y_{22}^3 - \frac{1}{2} Y_{33}^3 + \frac{1}{4} \frac{\partial Y_{13}^2}{\partial x_1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{23}^2}{\partial x_2} \right) n_{x_2} = 0, \end{aligned} \quad (97)$$

$$\delta \frac{\partial \phi_1}{\partial x_1} = 0 \quad \text{veya}$$

$$\left(P_1^2 + \frac{2}{5} T_{111}^2 - \frac{3}{5} T_{221}^2 - \frac{3}{5} T_{331}^2 \right) n_{x_1} + \left(\frac{1}{2} P_2^2 - \frac{1}{5} T_{222}^2 + \frac{4}{5} T_{112}^2 - \frac{1}{5} T_{332}^2 - \frac{1}{4} Y_{13}^2 \right) n_{x_2} = 0, \quad (98)$$

$$\delta \frac{\partial \phi_1}{\partial x_2} = 0 \quad \text{veya}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2} P_2^2 - \frac{1}{5} T_{222}^2 + \frac{4}{5} T_{112}^2 - \frac{1}{5} T_{332}^2 - \frac{1}{4} Y_{13}^2 \right) n_{x_1} + \left(-\frac{1}{5} T_{111}^2 + \frac{4}{5} T_{221}^2 - \frac{1}{5} T_{331}^2 - \frac{1}{2} Y_{23}^2 \right) n_{x_2} = 0, \quad (99)$$

$$\delta\phi_2 = 0 \quad \text{veya}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(M_{12}^2 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial P_1^2}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{111}^2}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{222}^2}{\partial x_1} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{112}^2}{\partial x_1} - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{221}^2}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{331}^2}{\partial x_2} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{332}^2}{\partial x_1} + 2T_{123}^3 \right. \\ & \left. - \frac{1}{2} Y_{11}^3 + \frac{1}{2} Y_{33}^3 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial Y_{13}^2}{\partial x_1} - \frac{1}{4} \frac{\partial Y_{23}^2}{\partial x_2} \right) n_{x_1} + \left(M_{22}^2 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial P_1^2}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial P_2^2}{\partial x_2} + P_3^3 + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{111}^2}{\partial x_1} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{\partial T_{222}^2}{\partial x_2} \right. \\ & \left. - \frac{2}{5} T_{333}^3 + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{112}^2}{\partial x_2} - \frac{2}{5} T_{113}^3 - \frac{4}{5} \frac{\partial T_{221}^2}{\partial x_1} + \frac{8}{5} T_{223}^3 + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\partial T_{331}^2}{\partial x_1} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\partial T_{332}^2}{\partial x_2} - \frac{1}{2} Y_{12}^3 - \frac{1}{4} \frac{\partial Y_{23}^2}{\partial x_1} \right) n_{x_2} = 0, \end{aligned} \quad (100)$$

$$\delta \frac{\partial \phi_2}{\partial x_1} = 0 \quad \text{veya}$$

$$\left(-\frac{1}{5} T_{222}^2 + \frac{4}{5} T_{112}^2 - \frac{1}{5} T_{332}^2 + \frac{1}{2} Y_{13}^2 \right) n_{x_1} + \left(\frac{1}{2} P_1^2 - \frac{1}{5} T_{111}^2 + \frac{4}{5} T_{221}^2 - \frac{1}{5} T_{331}^2 + \frac{1}{4} Y_{23}^2 \right) n_{x_2} = 0, \quad (101)$$

$$\delta \frac{\partial \phi_2}{\partial x_2} = 0 \quad \text{veya}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2} P_1^2 - \frac{1}{5} T_{111}^2 + \frac{4}{5} T_{221}^2 - \frac{1}{5} T_{331}^2 + \frac{1}{4} Y_{23}^2 \right) n_{x_1} + \left(P_2^2 + \frac{2}{5} T_{222}^2 - \frac{3}{5} T_{112}^2 - \frac{3}{5} T_{332}^2 \right) n_{x_2} = 0. \quad (102)$$

3.2.2. Kuvvet ve Moment Katsayılarının Atalet ve Mukavemet Katsayıları Cinsinden İfadeleri ve Denklemlerin Son Formu

Bir önceki bölümde verilen denklemler kuvvet ve moment katsayılarını $(M_{11}^i, M_{22}^i, M_{12}^i, M_{13}^i, P_1^i, P_2^i, P_3^i, T_{111}^i, T_{222}^i, T_{333}^i, T_{112}^i, T_{221}^i, T_{113}^i, T_{223}^i, T_{331}^i, T_{332}^i, T_{123}^i, Y_{11}^i, Y_{22}^i, Y_{33}^i, Y_{12}^i, Y_{13}^i, Y_{23}^i)$ içermektedir. Bu katsayıların hesabında aşağıda verilen tanımlar kullanılmıştır:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \{A_{11}, B_{11}, D_{11}, F_{11}, F_{22}, F_{33}\} &= \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \frac{E(x_3, T)}{1 - v(x_3, T)^2} \{1, x_3, x_3^2, f, x_3 f, f^2\} dx_3 \\
 \{A_{L11}, B_{L11}, D_{L11}, F_{L11}, F_{L22}, F_{L33}\} &= \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \frac{E(x_3, T) v(x_3, T)}{1 - v(x_3, T)^2} \{1, x_3, x_3^2, f, x_3 f, f^2\} dx_3 \\
 \{A_{T11}, B_{T11}, F_{T11}\} &= \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \frac{E(x_3, T)}{1 - v(x_3, T)} \alpha(x_3, T) \{1, x_3, f\} dx_3 \\
 \{A_{55}, B_{55}, D_{55}, F_{44}, F_{46}, F_{47}, F_{48}, F_{55}, F_{57}, F_{66}, F_{67}, F_{68}\} \\
 &= \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \frac{E(x_3)}{2(1 + v(x_3))} \{1, x_3, x_3^2, f^2, ff'', f, x_3 f, f'^2, f', f''^2, f'', x_3 f''\} dx_3, \\
 \{A_{550}, B_{550}, D_{550}, F_{440}, F_{460}, F_{470}, F_{480}, F_{550}, F_{570}, F_{660}, F_{670}, F_{680}\} \\
 &= \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \frac{E(x_3) \cdot l_0^2}{2(1 + v(x_3))} \{1, x_3, x_3^2, f^2, ff'', f, x_3 f, f'^2, f', f''^2, f'', x_3 f''\} dx_3, \\
 \{A_{551}, B_{551}, D_{551}, F_{441}, F_{461}, F_{471}, F_{481}, F_{551}, F_{571}, F_{661}, F_{671}, F_{681}\} \\
 &= \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \frac{E(x_3) \cdot l_1^2}{2(1 + v(x_3))} \{1, x_3, x_3^2, f^2, ff'', f, x_3 f, f'^2, f', f''^2, f'', x_3 f''\} dx_3, \\
 \{A_{552}, B_{552}, D_{552}, F_{442}, F_{462}, F_{472}, F_{482}, F_{552}, F_{572}, F_{662}, F_{672}, F_{682}\} \\
 &= \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \frac{E(x_3) \cdot l_2^2}{2(1 + v(x_3))} \{1, x_3, x_3^2, f^2, ff'', f, x_3 f, f'^2, f', f''^2, f'', x_3 f''\} dx_3. \\
 \{I_0, I_1, I_2, I_3, I_4, I_5\} &= \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \rho(x_3) \{1, x_3, x_3^2, f, x_3 f, f^2\} dx_3 \tag{103}
 \end{aligned}$$

Kuvvet ve moment katsayıları bu şekilde ifade edilerek, kısmi diferansiyel denklemler ve sınır koşulları aşağıda sunulan formlarıyla yeniden düzenlenmiştir:

$\delta u :$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(-2A_{550} - \frac{4}{5}A_{551} \right) \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x_1^4} + \left(-\frac{8}{15}A_{551} - \frac{1}{4}A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x_2^4} + \left(-2A_{550} - \frac{4}{3}A_{551} - \frac{1}{4}A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + A_{11} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1^2} + A_{55} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(-2A_{550} - \frac{4}{15}A_{551} + \frac{1}{4}A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^4 v}{\partial x_1^3 \partial x_2} + \left(-2A_{550} - \frac{4}{15}A_{551} + \frac{1}{4}A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^4 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^3} \\
& + (A_{55} + A_{L11}) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(-2F_{470} + 2B_{550} + \frac{4}{5}B_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^5 w}{\partial x_1^5} + \left(4B_{550} - 4F_{470} + \frac{8}{5}B_{551} - \frac{8}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^5 w}{\partial x_1^3 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(-2F_{470} + 2B_{550} + \frac{4}{5}B_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^5 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^4} \\
& + \left(F_{11} - B_{11} + \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} + \left(F_{11} - B_{11} + \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^4 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^4} + \left(-\frac{8}{15}F_{471} - \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^4 \phi_1}{\partial x_2^4} + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{3}F_{471} - \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^4 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(F_{11} + \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(F_{47} + \frac{2}{15}F_{671} + \frac{1}{4}F_{672} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^4 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^3 \partial x_2} + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^4 \phi_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^3} \\
& + \left(F_{L11} + F_{47} + \frac{4}{15}F_{671} - \frac{1}{4}F_{672} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - A_{T11} \frac{\partial \Delta T}{\partial x_1} \\
& = I_0 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} + (I_3 - I_1) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial t^2} + I_3 \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial t^2}, \tag{104}
\end{aligned}$$

δv :

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(-2A_{550} - \frac{4}{15}A_{551} + \frac{1}{4}A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x_1^3 \partial x_2} + \left(-2A_{550} - \frac{4}{15}A_{551} + \frac{1}{4}A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^3} \\
& + (A_{55} + A_{L11}) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(-\frac{8}{15}A_{551} - \frac{1}{4}A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^4 v}{\partial x_1^4} + \left(-2A_{550} - \frac{4}{5}A_{551} \right) \frac{\partial^4 v}{\partial x_2^4} + \left(-2A_{550} - \frac{4}{3}A_{551} - \frac{1}{4}A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^4 v}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + A_{55} \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1^2} + A_{L11} \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(-2F_{470} + 2B_{550} + \frac{4}{5}B_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^5 w}{\partial x_2^5} + \left(2B_{550} + \frac{4}{5}B_{551} - 2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^5 w}{\partial x_1^4 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(4B_{550} + \frac{8}{5}B_{551} - 4F_{470} - \frac{8}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^5 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2^3} \\
& + \left(F_{11} - B_{11} + \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2^3} + \left(F_{11} - B_{11} + \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^4 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^3 \partial x_2} + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^4 \phi_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^3} \\
& + \left(F_{L11} + F_{47} + \frac{4}{15}F_{671} - \frac{1}{4}F_{672} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(-\frac{8}{15}F_{471} - \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^4 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^4} + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^4 \phi_2}{\partial x_2^4} + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{3}F_{471} - \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^4 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(F_{47} + \frac{2}{15}F_{671} + \frac{1}{4}F_{672} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(F_{11} + \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_2^2} \\
& - A_{T11} \frac{\partial \Delta T}{\partial x_2} = I_0 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} + (I_3 - I_1) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2 \partial t^2} + I_3 \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial t^2}, \tag{105}
\end{aligned}$$

δw :

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}B_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^5 u}{\partial x_1^5} + \left(-4B_{550} + 4F_{470} - \frac{8}{5}B_{551} + \frac{8}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^5 u}{\partial x_1^3 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}B_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^5 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^4} + \left(B_{11} - F_{11} - \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x_1^3} + \left(B_{11} - F_{11} - \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}B_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^5 v}{\partial x_2^5} + \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}B_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^5 v}{\partial x_1^4 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(-4B_{550} + 4F_{470} - \frac{8}{5}B_{551} + \frac{8}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^5 v}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2^3} + \left(B_{11} - F_{11} - \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \frac{\partial^3 v}{\partial x_2^3} + \left(B_{11} - F_{11} - \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \frac{\partial^3 v}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(2D_{550} + 2F_{440} - 4F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}D_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} - \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^6 w}{\partial x_1^6} \\
& + \left(2D_{550} + 2F_{440} - 4F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}D_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} - \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^6 w}{\partial x_2^6} \\
& + \left(6D_{550} + 6F_{440} - 12F_{480} + \frac{12}{5}D_{551} + \frac{12}{5}F_{441} - \frac{24}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^6 w}{\partial x_1^4 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(6D_{550} + 6F_{440} - 12F_{480} + \frac{12}{5}D_{551} + \frac{12}{5}F_{441} - \frac{24}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^6 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2^4} + (-D_{11} + 2F_{22} - F_{33} \\
& - 2A_{550} - 2F_{550} + 4F_{570} - \frac{8}{15}A_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{461} - \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{32}{15}F_{571} + \frac{4}{5}F_{681} - A_{552} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + F_{572}) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_1^4} \\
& + \left(-D_{11} + 2F_{22} - F_{33} - 2A_{550} - 2F_{550} + 4F_{570} - \frac{8}{15}A_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{461} - \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{32}{15}F_{571} + \frac{4}{5}F_{681} \right. \\
& \left. - A_{552} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_2^4} + (-2D_{11} + 4F_{22} - 2F_{33} - 4A_{550} - 4F_{550} + 8F_{570} \\
& - \frac{16}{15}A_{551} - \frac{8}{5}F_{461} - \frac{64}{15}F_{551} + \frac{64}{15}F_{571} + \frac{8}{5}F_{681} - 2A_{552} - \frac{1}{2}F_{552} + 2F_{572}) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(k_s F_{55} + \frac{8}{15}F_{661} + \frac{1}{4}F_{662} \right) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(k_s F_{55} + \frac{8}{15}F_{661} + \frac{1}{4}F_{662} \right) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} - \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^5 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^5} + \left(4F_{440} - 4F_{480} + \frac{8}{5}F_{441} - \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^5 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^3 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} - \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^5 \phi_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^4} \\
& + \left(F_{22} - F_{33} - 2F_{550} + 2F_{570} - \frac{4}{5}F_{461} - \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{16}{15}F_{571} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^3} \\
& + \left(F_{22} - F_{33} - 2F_{550} + 2F_{570} - \frac{4}{5}F_{461} - \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{16}{15}F_{571} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(k_s F_{55} + \frac{8}{15}F_{661} + \frac{1}{4}F_{662} \right) \frac{\partial \phi_1}{\partial x_1} + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} - \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^5 \phi_2}{\partial x_2^5}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} - \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^5 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^4 \partial x_2} + \left(4F_{440} - 4F_{480} + \frac{8}{5}F_{441} - \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^5 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2^3} \\
& + \left(F_{22} - F_{33} - 2F_{550} + 2F_{570} - \frac{4}{5}F_{461} - \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{16}{15}F_{571} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_2}{\partial x_2^3} \\
& + \left(F_{22} - F_{33} - 2F_{550} + 2F_{570} - \frac{4}{5}F_{461} - \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{16}{15}F_{571} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(k_s F_{55} + \frac{8}{15}F_{661} + \frac{1}{4}F_{662} \right) \frac{\partial \phi_2}{\partial x_2} \\
& + (-B_{T11} + F_{T11}) \frac{\partial^2 \Delta T}{\partial x_1^2} + (-B_{T11} + F_{T11}) \frac{\partial^2 \Delta T}{\partial x_2^2} + P_{x_1}^0 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + P_{x_2}^0 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} + 2P_{x_1 x_2}^0 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\
& + q - P_{x_1} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} - P_{x_2} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} = (I_1 - I_3) \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x_1 \partial t^2} + (I_1 - I_3) \frac{\partial^3 v}{\partial x_2 \partial t^2} + (2I_4 - I_2 - I_5) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial t^2} \\
& + (2I_4 - I_2 - I_5) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_2^2 \partial t^2} + I_0 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} + (I_4 - I_5) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_1}{\partial x_1 \partial t^2} + (I_4 - I_5) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_2}{\partial x_2 \partial t^2},
\end{aligned} \tag{106}$$

$\delta\phi_1$:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x_1^4} + \left(-\frac{8}{15}F_{471} - \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x_2^4} + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{3}F_{471} - \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(F_{11} + \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(F_{47} + \frac{2}{15}F_{671} + \frac{1}{4}F_{672} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^4 v}{\partial x_1^3 \partial x_2} + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^4 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^3} \\
& + \left(F_{L11} + F_{47} + \frac{4}{15}F_{671} - \frac{1}{4}F_{672} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} + 2F_{480} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} + \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^5 w}{\partial x_1^5} + \left(-4F_{440} + 4F_{480} - \frac{8}{5}F_{441} + \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^5 w}{\partial x_1^3 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} + 2F_{480} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} + \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^5 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^4} \\
& + \left(-F_{22} + F_{33} + 2F_{550} - 2F_{570} + \frac{4}{5}F_{461} + \frac{32}{15}F_{551} - \frac{16}{15}F_{571} - \frac{2}{5}F_{681} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} - \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} \\
& + \left(-F_{22} + F_{33} + 2F_{550} - 2F_{570} + \frac{4}{5}F_{461} + \frac{32}{15}F_{551} - \frac{16}{15}F_{571} - \frac{2}{5}F_{681} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} - \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(-k_s F_{55} - \frac{8}{15}F_{661} - \frac{1}{4}F_{662} \right) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} \right) \frac{\partial^4 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^4} + \left(-\frac{8}{15}F_{441} - \frac{1}{4}F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^4 \phi_1}{\partial x_2^4} + \left(-2F_{440} - \frac{4}{3}F_{441} - \frac{1}{4}F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^4 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(F_{33} + 2F_{550} + \frac{4}{5}F_{461} + \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^2} \\
& + \left(F_{44} + \frac{4}{15}F_{461} + \frac{4}{3}F_{551} + \frac{1}{2}F_{462} + F_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(-k_s F_{55} - \frac{8}{15}F_{661} - \frac{1}{4}F_{662} \right) \phi_1 \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} - \frac{4}{15}F_{441} + \frac{1}{4}F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^4 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^3 \partial x_2} + \left(-2F_{440} - \frac{4}{15}F_{441} + \frac{1}{4}F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^4 \phi_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^3} \\
& + \left(F_{L33} + F_{44} + 2F_{550} + \frac{8}{15}F_{461} + \frac{4}{5}F_{551} - \frac{1}{2}F_{462} - \frac{3}{4}F_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\
& - F_{T11} \frac{\partial \Delta T}{\partial x_1} = I_3 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} + (I_5 - I_4) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial t^2} + I_5 \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial t^2}, \tag{107}
\end{aligned}$$

$\delta\phi_2 :$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x_1^3 \partial x_2} + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^3} \\
& + \left(F_{L11} + F_{47} + \frac{4}{15}F_{671} - \frac{1}{4}F_{672} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(-\frac{8}{15}F_{471} - \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^4 v}{\partial x_1^4} + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^4 v}{\partial x_2^4} + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{3}F_{471} - \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^4 v}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(F_{47} + \frac{2}{15}F_{671} + \frac{1}{4}F_{672} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(F_{11} + \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} + 2F_{480} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} + \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^5 w}{\partial x_2^5} + \left(-4F_{440} + 4F_{480} - \frac{8}{5}F_{441} + \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^5 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2^3} \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} + 2F_{480} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} + \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^5 w}{\partial x_1^4 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(-F_{22} + F_{33} + 2F_{550} - 2F_{570} + \frac{4}{5}F_{461} + \frac{32}{15}F_{551} - \frac{16}{15}F_{571} - \frac{2}{5}F_{681} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} - \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2^3} \\
& + \left(-F_{22} + F_{33} + 2F_{550} - 2F_{570} + \frac{4}{5}F_{461} + \frac{32}{15}F_{551} - \frac{16}{15}F_{571} - \frac{2}{5}F_{681} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} - \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(-k_s F_{55} - \frac{8}{15}F_{661} - \frac{1}{4}F_{662} \right) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} - \frac{4}{15}F_{441} + \frac{1}{4}F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^4 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^3 \partial x_2} + \left(-2F_{440} - \frac{4}{15}F_{441} + \frac{1}{4}F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^4 \phi_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^3} \\
& + \left(F_{L33} + F_{44} + 2F_{550} + \frac{8}{15}F_{461} + \frac{4}{5}F_{551} - \frac{1}{2}F_{462} - \frac{3}{4}F_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(-\frac{8}{15}F_{441} - \frac{1}{4}F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^4 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^4} + \left(-2F_{440} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} \right) \frac{\partial^4 \phi_2}{\partial x_2^4} + \left(-2F_{440} - \frac{4}{3}F_{441} - \frac{1}{4}F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^4 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(F_{44} + \frac{4}{15}F_{461} + \frac{4}{3}F_{551} + \frac{1}{2}F_{462} + F_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^2} \\
& + \left(F_{33} + 2F_{550} + \frac{4}{5}F_{461} + \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(-k_s F_{55} - \frac{8}{15}F_{661} - \frac{1}{4}F_{662} \right) \phi_2 - F_{T11} \frac{\partial \Delta T}{\partial x_2} \\
& = I_3 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} + (I_5 - I_4) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2 \partial t^2} + I_5 \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial t^2}, \tag{108}
\end{aligned}$$

$\delta u = 0$ veya

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\left(-2A_{550} - \frac{4}{5}A_{551} \right) \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x_1^3} + \left(-A_{550} - \frac{2}{3}A_{551} - \frac{1}{8}A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + A_{11} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_1} \right. \\
& + \left(-A_{550} + \frac{2}{15}A_{551} \right) \frac{\partial^3 v}{\partial x_2^3} + \left(-2A_{550} + \frac{4}{15}A_{551} + \frac{1}{8}A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^3 v}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + A_{L11} \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_2} \\
& + \left(-2F_{470} + 2B_{550} + \frac{4}{5}B_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_1^4} + \left(-F_{470} + B_{550} - \frac{2}{5}B_{551} + \frac{2}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_2^4} \\
& + \left(3B_{550} - 3F_{470} + \frac{2}{5}B_{551} - \frac{2}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(F_{11} - B_{11} + \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(F_{L11} - B_{L11} + \frac{2}{15}F_{671} - \frac{1}{8}F_{672} \right) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^3} + \left(-F_{470} - \frac{2}{3}F_{471} - \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + \left(F_{11} + \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \frac{\partial \phi_1}{\partial x_1} \\
& + \left(-F_{470} + \frac{2}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_2}{\partial x_2^3} + \left(-2F_{470} + \frac{4}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(F_{L11} + \frac{2}{15}F_{671} - \frac{1}{8}F_{672} \right) \frac{\partial \phi_2}{\partial x_2} - A_{T11} \Delta T \Big) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(\left(-\frac{8}{15}A_{551} - \frac{1}{4}A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x_2^3} + \left(-A_{550} - \frac{2}{3}A_{551} - \frac{1}{8}A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + A_{55} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_2} \right. \\
& + \left(-\frac{8}{15}A_{551} + \frac{1}{8}A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^3 v}{\partial x_1^3} + \left(-A_{550} - \frac{2}{3}A_{551} + \frac{1}{4}A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^3 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + A_{55} \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_1} \\
& + \left(B_{550} - F_{470} + \frac{6}{5}B_{551} - \frac{6}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_1^3 \partial x_2} + \left(-F_{470} + B_{550} + \frac{6}{5}B_{551} - \frac{6}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^3} \\
& + \left(2F_{47} - 2B_{55} + \frac{4}{15}F_{671} + \frac{1}{8}F_{672} \right) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \left(-\frac{8}{15}F_{471} - \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_1}{\partial x_2^3} \\
& + \left(-F_{470} - \frac{2}{3}F_{471} - \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + \left(F_{47} + \frac{2}{15}F_{671} + \frac{1}{4}F_{672} \right) \frac{\partial \phi_1}{\partial x_2} + \left(-\frac{8}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^3} \\
& + \left(-F_{470} - \frac{2}{3}F_{471} + \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + \left(F_{47} + \frac{2}{15}F_{671} - \frac{1}{8}F_{672} \right) \frac{\partial \phi_2}{\partial x_1} \Big) n_{x_2} = 0, \tag{109}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \delta \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_1} = 0 \quad \text{veya} \\
& \left(\left(2A_{550} + \frac{4}{5}A_{551} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{2}{5}A_{551} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2^2} + \left(2A_{550} - \frac{4}{5}A_{551} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right. \\
& + \left(2F_{470} - 2B_{550} - \frac{4}{5}B_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} + \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} + \frac{6}{5}B_{551} - \frac{6}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} \\
& - \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} + \left(2F_{470} + \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{2}{5}F_{471} \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \phi_1 + \left(2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \Big) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(\left(A_{550} + \frac{16}{15}A_{551} + \frac{1}{8}A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \left(\frac{8}{15}A_{551} - \frac{1}{8}A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(A_{550} - \frac{2}{5}A_{551} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_2^2} \right. \\
& + \left(F_{470} - B_{550} + \frac{2}{5}B_{551} - \frac{2}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2^3} + \left(-B_{550} + F_{470} - \frac{8}{5}B_{551} + \frac{8}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left. \left(-\frac{2}{15}F_{671} + \frac{1}{8}F_{672} \right) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} \right. \\
& + \left(F_{470} + \frac{16}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \left(\frac{8}{15}F_{471} - \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(F_{470} - \frac{2}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left. \left(-\frac{2}{15}F_{671} + \frac{1}{8}F_{672} \right) \phi_2 \right) n_{x_2} = 0, \tag{110}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \delta \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_2} = 0 \quad \text{veya} \\
& \left(\left(A_{550} + \frac{16}{15}A_{551} + \frac{1}{8}A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \left(\frac{8}{15}A_{551} - \frac{1}{8}A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(A_{550} - \frac{2}{5}A_{551} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_2^2} \right. \\
& + \left(F_{470} - B_{550} + \frac{2}{5}B_{551} - \frac{2}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2^3} + \left(-B_{550} + F_{470} - \frac{8}{5}B_{551} + \frac{8}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left. \left(-\frac{2}{15}F_{671} + \frac{1}{8}F_{672} \right) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} + \left(F_{470} + \frac{16}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right. \\
& + \left. \left(\frac{8}{15}F_{471} - \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(F_{470} - \frac{2}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_2^2} + \left(-\frac{2}{15}F_{671} + \frac{1}{8}F_{672} \right) \phi_2 \right) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{5}A_{551} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(\frac{8}{15}A_{551} + \frac{1}{4}A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2^2} + \left(\frac{16}{15}A_{551} - \frac{1}{4}A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right. \\
& + \left(\frac{2}{5}B_{551} - \frac{2}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} + \left(-\frac{8}{5}B_{551} + \frac{8}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + \left(-\frac{2}{15}F_{671} - \frac{1}{4}F_{672} \right) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} - \frac{2}{5}F_{471} \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^2} \\
& + \left. \left(\frac{8}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_2^2} + \left(-\frac{2}{15}F_{671} - \frac{1}{4}F_{672} \right) \phi_1 + \left(\frac{16}{15}F_{471} - \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right) n_{x_2} = 0, \tag{111}
\end{aligned}$$

$\delta v = 0$ veya

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\left(-\frac{8}{15} A_{551} + \frac{1}{8} A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x_2^3} + \left(-A_{550} - \frac{2}{3} A_{551} + \frac{1}{4} A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + A_{55} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_2} \right. \\
& + \left(-A_{550} - \frac{2}{3} A_{551} - \frac{1}{8} A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^3 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + \left(-\frac{8}{15} A_{551} - \frac{1}{4} A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^3 v}{\partial x_1^3} + A_{55} \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_1} \\
& + \left(B_{550} - F_{470} + \frac{6}{5} B_{551} - \frac{6}{5} F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_1^3 \partial x_2} + \left(B_{550} + \frac{6}{5} B_{551} - F_{470} - \frac{6}{5} F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^3} \\
& + \left(2F_{47} - 2B_{55} + \frac{4}{15} F_{671} + \frac{1}{8} F_{672} \right) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(-\frac{8}{15} F_{471} + \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_1}{\partial x_2^3} + \left(-F_{470} - \frac{2}{3} F_{471} + \frac{1}{4} F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(F_{47} + \frac{2}{15} F_{671} - \frac{1}{8} F_{672} \right) \frac{\partial \phi_1}{\partial x_2} + \left(-\frac{8}{15} F_{471} - \frac{1}{4} F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^3} \\
& + \left(-F_{470} - \frac{2}{3} F_{471} - \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + \left(F_{47} + \frac{2}{15} F_{671} + \frac{1}{4} F_{672} \right) \frac{\partial \phi_2}{\partial x_1} \Big) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(\left(-A_{550} + \frac{2}{5} A_{551} \right) \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x_1^3} + \left(-2A_{550} + \frac{4}{15} A_{551} + \frac{1}{8} A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + A_{L11} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_1} \right. \\
& + \left(-2A_{550} - \frac{4}{5} A_{551} \right) \frac{\partial^3 v}{\partial x_2^3} + \left(-A_{550} - \frac{2}{3} A_{551} - \frac{1}{8} A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^3 v}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + A_{11} \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_2} \\
& + \left(B_{550} - F_{470} - \frac{2}{5} B_{551} + \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_1^4} + \left(-2F_{470} + 2B_{550} + \frac{4}{5} B_{551} - \frac{4}{5} F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_2^4} \\
& + \left(3B_{550} + \frac{2}{5} B_{551} - 3F_{470} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(F_{L11} - B_{L11} + \frac{2}{15} F_{671} - \frac{1}{8} F_{672} \right) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(F_{11} - B_{11} + \frac{2}{5} F_{671} \right) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(-F_{470} + \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^3} + \left(-2F_{470} + \frac{4}{15} F_{471} + \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(F_{L11} + \frac{2}{15} F_{671} - \frac{1}{8} F_{672} \right) \frac{\partial \phi_1}{\partial x_1} + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5} F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_2}{\partial x_2^3} \\
& + \left(-F_{470} - \frac{2}{3} F_{471} - \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + \left(F_{11} + \frac{2}{5} F_{671} \right) \frac{\partial \phi_2}{\partial x_2} - A_{T11} \Delta T \Big) n_{x_2} = 0, \tag{112}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \delta \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_1} = 0 \quad \text{veya} \\
& \left(\left(\frac{16}{15} A_{551} - \frac{1}{4} A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \left(\frac{8}{15} A_{551} + \frac{1}{4} A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{2}{5} A_{551} \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_2^2} \right. \\
& + \left(\frac{2}{5} B_{551} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2^3} + \left(-\frac{8}{5} B_{551} + \frac{8}{5} F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{671} - \frac{1}{4} F_{672} \right) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} \\
& + \left(\frac{16}{15} F_{471} - \frac{1}{4} F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \left(\frac{8}{15} F_{471} + \frac{1}{4} F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_2^2} + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{671} - \frac{1}{4} F_{672} \right) \phi_2 \Big) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(\left(A_{550} - \frac{2}{5} A_{551} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(\frac{8}{15} A_{551} - \frac{1}{8} A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2^2} + \left(A_{550} + \frac{16}{15} A_{551} + \frac{1}{8} A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right. \\
& + \left(-B_{550} + F_{470} + \frac{2}{5} B_{551} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} + \left(-B_{550} + F_{470} - \frac{8}{5} B_{551} + \frac{8}{5} F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{671} + \frac{1}{8} F_{672} \right) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} + \left(F_{470} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(\frac{8}{15} F_{471} - \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_2^2} + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{671} + \frac{1}{8} F_{672} \right) \phi_1 \\
& \left. + \left(F_{470} + \frac{16}{15} F_{471} + \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right) n_{x_2} = 0,
\end{aligned} \tag{113}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \delta \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_2} = 0 \quad \text{veya} \\
& \left(\left(A_{550} - \frac{2}{5} A_{551} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(\frac{8}{15} A_{551} - \frac{1}{8} A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2^2} + \left(A_{550} + \frac{16}{15} A_{551} + \frac{1}{8} A_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right. \\
& + \left(-B_{550} + F_{470} + \frac{2}{5} B_{551} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} + \left(-B_{550} + F_{470} - \frac{8}{5} B_{551} + \frac{8}{5} F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{671} + \frac{1}{8} F_{672} \right) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} + \left(F_{470} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(\frac{8}{15} F_{471} - \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{671} + \frac{1}{8} F_{672} \right) \phi_1 + \left(F_{470} + \frac{16}{15} F_{471} + \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \Big) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(\left(2A_{550} - \frac{4}{5} A_{551} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{2}{5} A_{551} \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(2A_{550} + \frac{4}{5} A_{551} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_2^2} \right. \\
& + \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} + \frac{6}{5} B_{551} - \frac{6}{5} F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + \left(2F_{470} - 2B_{550} - \frac{4}{5} B_{551} + \frac{4}{5} F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2^3} - \frac{2}{5} F_{671} \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} \\
& \left. + \left(2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5} F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(2F_{470} + \frac{4}{5} F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{2}{5} F_{671} \phi_2 \right) n_{x_2} = 0,
\end{aligned} \tag{114}$$

$\delta w = 0$ veya

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}B_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x_1^4} + \frac{8}{15}F_{471} \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x_2^4} \right. \\
& + \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} - \frac{14}{5}B_{551} + \frac{4}{3}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(B_{11} - F_{11} - \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(B_{55} - F_{47} - \frac{2}{15}F_{671} - \frac{1}{4}F_{672} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}B_{551} + \frac{4}{15}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^4 v}{\partial x_1^3 \partial x_2} + \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} + \frac{6}{5}B_{551} + \frac{4}{15}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^4 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^3} \\
& + \left(B_{55} + B_{L11} - F_{47} - F_{L11} - \frac{4}{15}F_{671} + \frac{1}{4}F_{672} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(2D_{550} + 2F_{440} - 4F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}D_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} - \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^5 w}{\partial x_1^5} \\
& + \left(4D_{550} + 4F_{440} - 8F_{480} + \frac{18}{5}D_{551} + \frac{8}{5}F_{441} - \frac{26}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^5 w}{\partial x_1^3 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(2D_{550} + 2F_{440} - 4F_{480} - \frac{6}{5}D_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} + \frac{2}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^5 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^4} \\
& + \left(-D_{11} + 2F_{22} - F_{33} - 2A_{550} - 2F_{550} + 4F_{570} - \frac{8}{15}A_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{461} - \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{32}{15}F_{571} + \frac{4}{5}F_{681} - A_{552} \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} + \left(-D_{11} + 2F_{22} - F_{33} - 2A_{550} - 2F_{550} + 4F_{570} - \frac{8}{15}A_{551} \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{4}{5}F_{461} - \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{32}{15}F_{571} + \frac{4}{5}F_{681} - A_{552} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + \left(k_s F_{55} + \frac{8}{15}F_{661} + \frac{1}{4}F_{662} \right) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} \\
& + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} - \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^4 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^4} + \frac{8}{15}F_{441} \frac{\partial^4 \phi_1}{\partial x_2^4} + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{3}F_{441} - \frac{14}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^4 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(F_{22} - F_{33} - 2F_{550} + 2F_{570} - \frac{4}{5}F_{461} - \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{16}{15}F_{571} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^2} \\
& + \left(-F_{44} + F_{48} - \frac{4}{15}F_{461} - \frac{4}{3}F_{551} + \frac{2}{3}F_{571} - \frac{1}{4}F_{462} - \frac{1}{2}F_{552} + \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(k_s F_{55} + \frac{8}{15}F_{661} + \frac{1}{4}F_{662} \right) \phi_1 + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{15}F_{441} - \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^4 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^3 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{15}F_{441} + \frac{6}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^4 \phi_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^3} + \left(F_{48} + F_{L22} - F_{44} - F_{L33} - 2F_{550} + 2F_{570} - \frac{8}{15}F_{461} \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{4}{5}F_{551} + \frac{2}{5}F_{571} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} + \frac{1}{4}F_{462} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \left(-B_{T11} + F_{T11} \right) \frac{\partial \Delta T}{\partial x_1} - \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} P_{x_1} \Big) n_{x_1}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \left(\left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} + \frac{6}{5}B_{551} + \frac{4}{15}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x_1^3 \partial x_2} \right. \\
& + \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}B_{551} + \frac{4}{15}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^3} + \left(B_{55} + B_{L11} - F_{47} - F_{L11} - \frac{4}{15}F_{671} + \frac{1}{4}F_{672} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\
& + \frac{8}{15}F_{471} \frac{\partial^4 v}{\partial x_1^4} + \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}B_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^4 v}{\partial x_2^4} \\
& + \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} - \frac{14}{5}B_{551} + \frac{4}{3}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^4 v}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2^2} + \left(B_{11} - F_{11} - \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(B_{55} - F_{47} - \frac{2}{15}F_{671} - \frac{1}{4}F_{672} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(2D_{550} + 2F_{440} - 4F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}D_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} - \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^5 w}{\partial x_2^5} \\
& + \left(2D_{550} + 2F_{440} - 4F_{480} - \frac{6}{5}D_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} + \frac{2}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^5 w}{\partial x_1^4 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(4D_{550} + 4F_{440} - 8F_{480} + \frac{18}{5}D_{551} + \frac{8}{5}F_{441} - \frac{26}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^5 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2^3} \\
& + \left(-D_{11} + 2F_{22} - F_{33} - 2A_{550} - 2F_{550} + 4F_{570} - \frac{8}{15}A_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{461} - \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{32}{15}F_{571} + \frac{4}{5}F_{681} - A_{552} \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2^3} + \left(-D_{11} + 2F_{22} - F_{33} - 2A_{550} - 2F_{550} + 4F_{570} - \frac{8}{15}A_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{461} - \frac{32}{15}F_{551} \right. \\
& \left. + \frac{32}{15}F_{571} + \frac{4}{5}F_{681} - A_{552} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + \left(k_s F_{55} + \frac{8}{15}F_{661} + \frac{1}{4}F_{662} \right) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} \\
& + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{15}F_{441} + \frac{6}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^4 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^3 \partial x_2} + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{15}F_{441} - \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^4 \phi_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^3} \\
& + \left(F_{48} + F_{L22} - F_{44} - F_{L33} - 2F_{550} + 2F_{570} - \frac{8}{15}F_{461} - \frac{4}{5}F_{551} + \frac{2}{5}F_{571} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} + \frac{1}{4}F_{462} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\
& + \frac{8}{15}F_{441} \frac{\partial^4 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^4} + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} - \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^4 \phi_2}{\partial x_2^4} + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{3}F_{441} - \frac{14}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^4 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(-F_{44} + F_{48} - \frac{4}{15}F_{461} - \frac{4}{3}F_{551} + \frac{2}{3}F_{571} - \frac{1}{4}F_{462} - \frac{1}{2}F_{552} + \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^2} \\
& + \left(F_{22} - F_{33} - 2F_{550} + 2F_{570} - \frac{4}{5}F_{461} - \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{16}{15}F_{571} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(k_s F_{55} + \frac{8}{15}F_{661} + \frac{1}{4}F_{662} \right) \phi_2 + \left(-B_{T11} + F_{T11} \right) \frac{\partial \Delta T}{\partial x_2} - \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} P_{x_2} \right) n_{x_2} \\
& = \left((I_1 - I_3) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} + (2I_4 - I_2 - I_5) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial t^2} + (I_4 - I_5) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial t^2} \right) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left((I_1 - I_3) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} + (2I_4 - I_2 - I_5) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2 \partial t^2} + (I_4 - I_5) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial t^2} \right) n_{x_2},
\end{aligned}$$

(115)

$$\delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} = 0 \quad \text{veya}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\left(2B_{550} - 2F_{470} + \frac{4}{5}B_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x_1^3} + \left(2B_{550} - 2F_{470} + \frac{14}{5}B_{551} - \frac{14}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + (-B_{11} + F_{11}) \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_1} \right. \\
& + \left(2B_{550} - 2F_{470} - \frac{6}{5}B_{551} + \frac{6}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 v}{\partial x_2^3} + \left(2B_{550} - 2F_{470} + \frac{4}{5}B_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 v}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + (-B_{L11} + F_{L11}) \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_2} \right. \\
& + \left(-2D_{550} - 2F_{440} + 4F_{480} - \frac{4}{5}D_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} + \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_1^4} \\
& + \left(-2D_{550} + 4F_{480} - 2F_{440} + \frac{6}{5}D_{551} + \frac{6}{5}F_{441} - \frac{12}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_2^4} \\
& + \left(-4D_{550} + 8F_{480} - 4F_{440} - \frac{18}{5}D_{551} - \frac{18}{5}F_{441} + \frac{36}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(D_{11} + F_{33} - 2F_{22} + 2A_{550} + 2F_{550} - 4F_{570} + \frac{8}{15}A_{551} + \frac{2}{5}F_{461} + \frac{32}{15}F_{551} - \frac{32}{15}F_{571} - \frac{2}{5}F_{681} \right. \\
& + A_{552} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} - F_{572} \left. \right) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(D_{L11} - 2F_{L22} + F_{L33} + 2A_{550} + 2F_{550} - 4F_{570} \right. \\
& - \frac{2}{15}A_{551} + \frac{2}{5}F_{461} - \frac{8}{15}F_{551} + \frac{8}{15}F_{571} - \frac{2}{5}F_{681} - A_{552} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + F_{572} \left. \right) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} + 2F_{480} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} + \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^3} + \left(-2F_{440} + 2F_{480} - \frac{14}{5}F_{441} + \frac{14}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(-F_{22} + F_{33} + 2F_{550} - 2F_{570} + \frac{2}{5}F_{461} + \frac{32}{15}F_{551} - \frac{16}{15}F_{571} - \frac{2}{5}F_{681} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} - \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial \phi_1}{\partial x_1} \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} + 2F_{480} + \frac{6}{5}F_{441} - \frac{6}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_2}{\partial x_2^3} + \left(-2F_{440} + 2F_{480} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} + \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(-F_{L22} + F_{L33} + 2F_{550} - 2F_{570} + \frac{2}{5}F_{461} - \frac{8}{15}F_{551} + \frac{4}{15}F_{571} - \frac{2}{5}F_{681} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial \phi_2}{\partial x_2} \\
& + \left((B_{T11} - F_{T11}) \Delta T \right) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left((-B_{55} + F_{47}) \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_2} + (-B_{55} + F_{47}) \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_1} \right. \\
& + \left(2D_{55} + 2F_{44} - 4F_{48} + \frac{2}{3}A_{551} + \frac{8}{3}F_{551} - \frac{8}{3}F_{571} + 2A_{552} + \frac{1}{2}F_{552} - 2F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(F_{44} - F_{48} + \frac{4}{3}F_{551} - \frac{2}{3}F_{571} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} - \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial \phi_1}{\partial x_2} \\
& \left. + \left(F_{44} - F_{48} + \frac{4}{3}F_{551} - \frac{2}{3}F_{571} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} - \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial \phi_2}{\partial x_1} \right) n_{x_2} = 0,
\end{aligned}$$

(116)

$$\delta \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} = 0 \quad \text{veya}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left((-B_{55} + F_{47}) \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_2} + (-B_{55} + F_{47}) \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_1} + \left(2D_{55} + 2F_{44} - 4F_{48} + \frac{2}{3}A_{551} + \frac{8}{3}F_{551} \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. - \frac{8}{3}F_{571} + 2A_{552} + \frac{1}{2}F_{552} - 2F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \left(F_{44} - F_{48} + \frac{4}{3}F_{551} - \frac{2}{3}F_{571} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} - \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial \phi_1}{\partial x_2} \right. \\
& \left. + \left(F_{44} - F_{48} + \frac{4}{3}F_{551} - \frac{2}{3}F_{571} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} - \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial \phi_2}{\partial x_1} \right) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(\left(2B_{550} - 2F_{470} - \frac{6}{5}B_{551} + \frac{6}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x_1^3} + \left(2B_{550} - 2F_{470} + \frac{4}{5}B_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} \right. \\
& \left. + (-B_{L11} + F_{L11}) \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_1} + \left(2B_{550} - 2F_{470} + \frac{4}{5}B_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 v}{\partial x_2^3} \right. \\
& \left. + \left(2B_{550} - 2F_{470} + \frac{14}{5}B_{551} - \frac{14}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 v}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + (-B_{11} + F_{11}) \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_2} \right. \\
& \left. + \left(-2D_{550} + 4F_{480} - 2F_{440} + \frac{6}{5}D_{551} + \frac{6}{5}F_{441} - \frac{12}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_1^4} \right. \\
& \left. + \left(-2D_{550} - 2F_{440} + 4F_{480} - \frac{4}{5}D_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} + \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_2^4} \right. \\
& \left. + \left(-4D_{550} + 8F_{480} - 4F_{440} - \frac{18}{5}D_{551} - \frac{18}{5}F_{441} + \frac{36}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2^2} \right. \\
& \left. + \left(D_{L11} - 2F_{L22} + F_{L33} + 2A_{550} + 2F_{550} - 4F_{570} - \frac{2}{15}A_{551} + \frac{2}{5}F_{461} - \frac{8}{15}F_{551} + \frac{8}{15}F_{571} - \frac{2}{5}F_{681} \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. - A_{552} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + (D_{11} + F_{33} - 2F_{22} + 2A_{550} + 2F_{550} - 4F_{570} \right. \\
& \left. + \frac{8}{15}A_{551} + \frac{2}{5}F_{461} + \frac{32}{15}F_{551} - \frac{32}{15}F_{571} - \frac{2}{5}F_{681} + A_{552} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} - F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} \right. \\
& \left. + \left(-2F_{440} + 2F_{480} + \frac{6}{5}F_{441} - \frac{6}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^3} + \left(-2F_{440} + 2F_{480} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} + \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} \right. \\
& \left. + \left(-F_{L22} + F_{L33} + 2F_{550} - 2F_{570} + \frac{2}{5}F_{461} - \frac{8}{15}F_{551} + \frac{4}{15}F_{571} - \frac{2}{5}F_{681} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial \phi_1}{\partial x_1} \right. \\
& \left. + \left(-2F_{440} + 2F_{480} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} + \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_2}{\partial x_2^3} + \left(-2F_{440} + 2F_{480} - \frac{14}{5}F_{441} + \frac{14}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} \right. \\
& \left. + \left(-F_{22} + F_{33} + 2F_{550} - 2F_{570} + \frac{2}{5}F_{461} + \frac{32}{15}F_{551} - \frac{16}{15}F_{571} - \frac{2}{5}F_{681} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} - \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial \phi_2}{\partial x_2} \right. \\
& \left. + (B_{T11} - F_{T11}) \Delta T \right) n_{x_2} = 0,
\end{aligned}$$

(117)

$$\delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} = 0 \quad \text{veya}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}B_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(+\frac{2}{5}B_{551} - \frac{2}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2^2} \right. \\
& + \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} + \frac{4}{5}B_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \left(2D_{550} + 2F_{440} - 4F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}D_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} - \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} \\
& + \left(2D_{550} + 2F_{440} - 4F_{480} - \frac{6}{5}D_{551} - \frac{6}{5}F_{441} + \frac{12}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{5}F_{461} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} \right) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} - \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(-\frac{2}{5}F_{441} + \frac{2}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{5}F_{461} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} \right) \phi_1 + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} + \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \Big) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(\left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} - \frac{16}{5}B_{551} + \frac{16}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right. \\
& + \left(-\frac{8}{5}B_{551} + \frac{8}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} + \frac{6}{5}B_{551} - \frac{6}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(2D_{550} + 2F_{440} - 4F_{480} - \frac{6}{5}D_{551} - \frac{6}{5}F_{441} + \frac{12}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2^3} \\
& + \left(2D_{550} + 2F_{440} - 4F_{480} + \frac{24}{5}D_{551} + \frac{24}{5}F_{441} - \frac{48}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{5}F_{461} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} \right) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{16}{5}F_{441} - \frac{16}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(\frac{8}{5}F_{441} - \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} - \frac{6}{5}F_{441} + \frac{6}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_2^2} + \left(-\frac{2}{5}F_{461} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} \right) \phi_2 \Big) n_{x_2} = 0,
\end{aligned} \tag{118}$$

$$\delta \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} = 0 \quad \text{veya}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} + \frac{6}{5}B_{551} - \frac{6}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(-\frac{8}{5}B_{551} + \frac{8}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2^2} \right. \\
& + \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} - \frac{16}{5}B_{551} + \frac{16}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(2D_{550} + 2F_{440} - 4F_{480} - \frac{6}{5}D_{551} - \frac{6}{5}F_{441} + \frac{12}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} \\
& + \left(2D_{550} + 2F_{440} - 4F_{480} + \frac{24}{5}D_{551} + \frac{24}{5}F_{441} - \frac{48}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + \left(-\frac{2}{5}F_{461} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} \right) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} \\
& + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} - \frac{6}{5}F_{441} + \frac{6}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(\frac{8}{5}F_{441} - \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_2^2} + \left(-\frac{2}{5}F_{461} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} \right) \phi_1 \\
& + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{16}{5}F_{441} - \frac{16}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \Big) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(\left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} + \frac{4}{5}B_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \left(\frac{2}{5}B_{551} - \frac{2}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1^2} \right. \\
& + \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}B_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_2^2} + \left(2D_{550} + 2F_{440} - 4F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}D_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} - \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2^3} \\
& + \left(2D_{550} + 2F_{440} - 4F_{480} - \frac{6}{5}D_{551} - \frac{6}{5}F_{441} + \frac{12}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{5}F_{461} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} \right) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} + \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\
& \left. + \left(-\frac{2}{5}F_{441} + \frac{2}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} - \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_2^2} + \left(-\frac{2}{5}F_{461} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} \right) \phi_2 \right) n_{x_2} = 0,
\end{aligned} \tag{119}$$

$\delta\phi_1 = 0$ veya

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x_1^3} + \left(-F_{470} - \frac{2}{3}F_{471} - \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + F_{11} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_1} \right. \\
& + \left(-2F_{470} + \frac{4}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^3 v}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + \left(-F_{470} + \frac{2}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 v}{\partial x_2^3} + F_{L11} \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_2} \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} + 2F_{480} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} + \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_1^4} + \left(-F_{440} + F_{480} + \frac{2}{5}F_{441} - \frac{2}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_2^4} \\
& + \left(-3F_{440} + 3F_{480} - \frac{2}{5}F_{441} + \frac{2}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(-F_{22} + F_{33} + 2F_{550} - 2F_{570} + \frac{2}{5}F_{461} + \frac{32}{15}F_{551} - \frac{16}{15}F_{571} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} - \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} \\
& + \left(-F_{L22} + F_{L33} + 2F_{550} - 2F_{570} + \frac{2}{15}F_{461} - \frac{8}{15}F_{551} + \frac{4}{15}F_{571} - \frac{1}{8}F_{462} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^3} + \left(-F_{440} - \frac{2}{3}F_{441} - \frac{1}{8}F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(F_{33} + 2F_{550} + \frac{2}{5}F_{461} + \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} \right) \frac{\partial \phi_1}{\partial x_1} + \left(-F_{440} + \frac{2}{5}F_{441} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_2}{\partial x_2^3} \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} + \frac{4}{15}F_{441} + \frac{1}{8}F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(F_{L33} + 2F_{550} + \frac{2}{15}F_{461} - \frac{8}{15}F_{551} - \frac{1}{8}F_{462} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} \right) \frac{\partial \phi_2}{\partial x_2} - F_{T11} \Delta T \Big) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(\left(-\frac{8}{15}F_{471} - \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x_2^3} + \left(-F_{470} - \frac{2}{3}F_{471} - \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + F_{47} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_2} \right. \\
& + \left(-\frac{8}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^3 v}{\partial x_1^3} + \left(-F_{470} - \frac{2}{3}F_{471} + \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^3 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + F_{47} \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_1} \\
& + \left(-F_{440} + F_{480} - \frac{6}{5}F_{441} + \frac{6}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_1^3 \partial x_2} + \left(-F_{440} + F_{480} - \frac{6}{5}F_{441} + \frac{6}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^3} \\
& + \left(2F_{44} - 2F_{48} + \frac{4}{15}F_{461} + \frac{8}{3}F_{551} - \frac{4}{3}F_{571} + \frac{1}{8}F_{462} + \frac{1}{2}F_{552} - F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(-\frac{8}{15}F_{441} - \frac{1}{4}F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_1}{\partial x_2^3} + \left(-F_{440} - \frac{2}{3}F_{441} - \frac{1}{8}F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(F_{44} + \frac{2}{15}F_{461} + \frac{4}{3}F_{551} + \frac{1}{4}F_{462} + F_{552} \right) \frac{\partial \phi_1}{\partial x_2} + \left(-\frac{8}{15}F_{441} + \frac{1}{8}F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^3} \\
& + \left(-F_{440} - \frac{2}{3}F_{441} + \frac{1}{4}F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + \left(F_{44} + \frac{2}{15}F_{461} + \frac{4}{3}F_{551} - \frac{1}{8}F_{462} - \frac{1}{2}F_{552} \right) \frac{\partial \phi_2}{\partial x_1} \Big) n_{x_2} = 0,
\end{aligned}$$

(120)

$$\begin{aligned}
& \delta \frac{\partial \phi_1}{\partial x_1} = 0 \quad \text{veya} \\
& \left(\left(2F_{470} + \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{2}{5}F_{471} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2^2} + \left(2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right. \\
& + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} - \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} - \frac{6}{5}F_{441} + \frac{6}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} - \frac{2}{5}F_{461} \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} \right. \\
& + \left(2F_{440} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{2}{5}F_{441} \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{2}{5}F_{461} \phi_1 + \left(2F_{440} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \Big) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(\left(F_{470} + \frac{16}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \left(\frac{8}{15}F_{471} - \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(F_{470} - \frac{2}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_2^2} \right. \\
& + \left(F_{440} - F_{480} - \frac{2}{5}F_{441} + \frac{2}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2^3} + \left(F_{440} - F_{480} + \frac{8}{5}F_{441} - \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{15}F_{461} + \frac{1}{8}F_{462} \right) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} + \left(F_{440} + \frac{16}{15}F_{441} + \frac{1}{8}F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\
& \left. + \left(\frac{8}{15}F_{441} - \frac{1}{8}F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(F_{440} - \frac{2}{5}F_{441} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_2^2} + \left(-\frac{2}{15}F_{461} + \frac{1}{8}F_{462} \right) \phi_2 \right) n_{x_2} = 0,
\end{aligned}$$

(121)

$$\begin{aligned}
& \delta \frac{\partial \phi_1}{\partial x_2} = 0 \quad \text{veya} \\
& \left(\left(F_{470} + \frac{16}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \left(\frac{8}{15}F_{471} - \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(F_{470} - \frac{2}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_2^2} \right. \\
& + \left(F_{440} - F_{480} + \frac{8}{5}F_{441} - \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + \left(F_{440} - F_{480} - \frac{2}{5}F_{441} + \frac{2}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2^3} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{15}F_{461} + \frac{1}{8}F_{462} \right) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} + \left(F_{440} + \frac{16}{15}F_{441} + \frac{1}{8}F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\
& \left. + \left(\frac{8}{15}F_{441} - \frac{1}{8}F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(F_{440} - \frac{2}{5}F_{441} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_2^2} + \left(-\frac{2}{15}F_{461} + \frac{1}{8}F_{462} \right) \phi_2 \right) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{5}F_{471} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(\frac{8}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2^2} + \left(\frac{16}{15}F_{471} - \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right. \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{5}F_{441} + \frac{2}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} + \left(\frac{8}{5}F_{441} - \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + \left(-\frac{2}{15}F_{461} - \frac{1}{4}F_{462} \right) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} \\
& - \frac{2}{5}F_{441} \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(\frac{8}{15}F_{441} + \frac{1}{4}F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_2^2} + \left(-\frac{2}{15}F_{461} - \frac{1}{4}F_{462} \right) \phi_1 + \left(\frac{16}{15}F_{441} - \frac{1}{4}F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \Big) n_{x_2} = 0,
\end{aligned}$$

(122)

$$\delta\phi_2 = 0 \quad \text{veya}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\left(-\frac{8}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x_2^3} + \left(-F_{470} - \frac{2}{3}F_{471} + \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + F_{47} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_2} \right. \\
& + \left(-\frac{8}{15}F_{471} - \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^3 v}{\partial x_1^3} + \left(-F_{470} - \frac{2}{3}F_{471} - \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^3 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + F_{47} \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_1} \\
& + \left(-F_{440} + F_{480} - \frac{6}{5}F_{441} + \frac{6}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^3} + \left(-F_{440} + F_{480} - \frac{6}{5}F_{441} + \frac{6}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_1^3 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(2F_{44} - 2F_{48} + \frac{4}{15}F_{461} + \frac{8}{3}F_{551} - \frac{4}{3}F_{571} + \frac{1}{8}F_{462} + \frac{1}{2}F_{552} - F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(-\frac{8}{15}F_{441} + \frac{1}{8}F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_1}{\partial x_2^3} + \left(-F_{440} - \frac{2}{3}F_{441} + \frac{1}{4}F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} \\
& + \left(F_{44} + \frac{2}{15}F_{461} + \frac{4}{3}F_{551} - \frac{1}{8}F_{462} - \frac{1}{2}F_{552} \right) \frac{\partial \phi_1}{\partial x_2} + \left(-\frac{8}{15}F_{441} - \frac{1}{4}F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^3} \\
& + \left(-F_{440} - \frac{2}{3}F_{441} - \frac{1}{8}F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + \left(F_{44} + \frac{2}{15}F_{461} + \frac{4}{3}F_{551} + \frac{1}{4}F_{462} + F_{552} \right) \frac{\partial \phi_2}{\partial x_1} n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(\left(-2F_{470} + \frac{4}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + \left(-F_{470} + \frac{2}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x_1^3} + F_{L11} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_1} \right. \\
& + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^3 v}{\partial x_2^3} + \left(-F_{470} - \frac{2}{3}F_{471} - \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^3 v}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + F_{11} \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_2} \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} + 2F_{480} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} + \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_2^4} + \left(-3F_{440} + 3F_{480} - \frac{2}{5}F_{441} + \frac{2}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(-F_{440} + F_{480} + \frac{2}{5}F_{441} - \frac{2}{5}F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x_1^4} \\
& + \left(-F_{22} + F_{33} + 2F_{550} - 2F_{570} + \frac{2}{5}F_{461} + \frac{32}{15}F_{551} - \frac{16}{15}F_{571} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} - \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(-F_{L22} + F_{L33} + 2F_{550} - 2F_{570} + \frac{2}{15}F_{461} - \frac{8}{15}F_{551} + \frac{4}{15}F_{571} - \frac{1}{8}F_{462} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} \\
& + \left(-F_{440} + \frac{2}{5}F_{441} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^3} + \left(-2F_{440} + \frac{4}{15}F_{441} + \frac{1}{8}F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left(F_{L33} + 2F_{550} + \frac{2}{15}F_{461} - \frac{8}{15}F_{551} - \frac{1}{8}F_{462} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} \right) \frac{\partial \phi_1}{\partial x_1} + \left(-2F_{440} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_2}{\partial x_2^3} \\
& + \left(-F_{440} - \frac{2}{3}F_{441} - \frac{1}{8}F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^3 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + \left(F_{33} + 2F_{550} + \frac{2}{5}F_{461} + \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} \right) \frac{\partial \phi_2}{\partial x_2} - F_{T11} \Delta T \Big) n_{x_2} = 0,
\end{aligned} \tag{123}$$

$$\delta \frac{\partial \phi_2}{\partial x_1} = 0 \quad \text{veya}$$

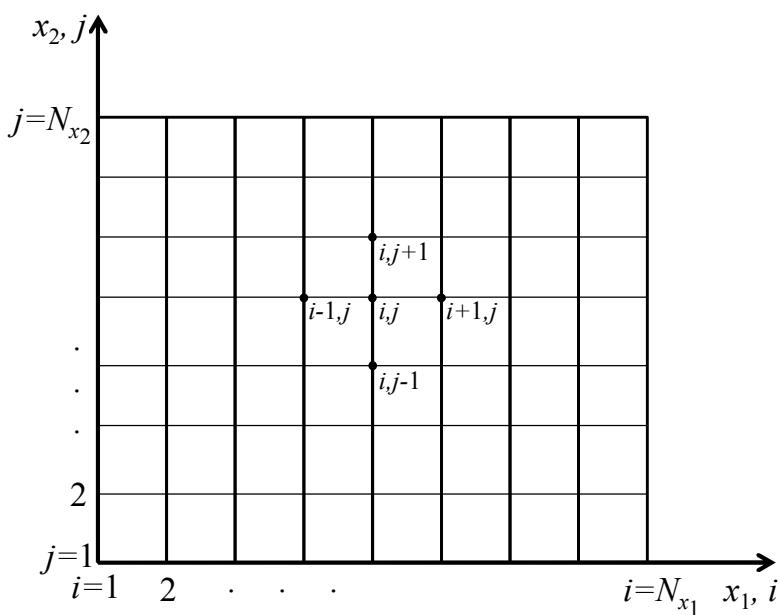
$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\left(\frac{16}{15} F_{471} - \frac{1}{4} F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \left(\frac{8}{15} F_{471} + \frac{1}{4} F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_2^2} \right. \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{5} F_{441} + \frac{2}{5} F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2^3} + \left(\frac{8}{5} F_{441} - \frac{8}{5} F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{461} - \frac{1}{4} F_{462} \right) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} \\
& + \left. \left(\frac{16}{15} F_{441} - \frac{1}{4} F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} + \left(\frac{8}{15} F_{441} + \frac{1}{4} F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{2}{5} F_{441} \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_2^2} + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{461} - \frac{1}{4} F_{462} \right) \phi_2 \right) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(\left(F_{470} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(\frac{8}{15} F_{471} - \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2^2} + \left(F_{470} + \frac{16}{15} F_{471} + \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right. \\
& + \left(F_{440} - F_{480} - \frac{2}{5} F_{441} + \frac{2}{5} F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} + \left(F_{440} - F_{480} + \frac{8}{5} F_{441} - \frac{8}{5} F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{461} + \frac{1}{8} F_{462} \right) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} \\
& + \left. \left(F_{440} - \frac{2}{5} F_{441} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(\frac{8}{15} F_{441} - \frac{1}{8} F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_2^2} + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{461} + \frac{1}{8} F_{462} \right) \phi_1 \right. \\
& + \left. \left(F_{440} + \frac{16}{15} F_{441} + \frac{1}{8} F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right) n_{x_2} = 0,
\end{aligned} \tag{124}$$

$$\delta \frac{\partial \phi_2}{\partial x_2} = 0 \quad \text{veya}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\left(F_{470} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(\frac{8}{15} F_{471} - \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_2^2} + \left(F_{470} + \frac{16}{15} F_{471} + \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right. \\
& + \left(F_{440} - F_{480} - \frac{2}{5} F_{441} + \frac{2}{5} F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} + \left(F_{440} - F_{480} + \frac{8}{5} F_{441} - \frac{8}{5} F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} \\
& + \left. \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{461} + \frac{1}{8} F_{462} \right) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1} + \left(F_{440} - \frac{2}{5} F_{441} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(\frac{8}{15} F_{441} - \frac{1}{8} F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_2^2} + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{461} + \frac{1}{8} F_{462} \right) \phi_1 \right. \\
& + \left. \left(F_{440} + \frac{16}{15} F_{441} + \frac{1}{8} F_{442} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \right) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(\left(2F_{470} - \frac{4}{15} F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(2F_{470} + \frac{4}{5} F_{471} \right) \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x_2^2} \right. \\
& + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{5} F_{441} - \frac{4}{5} F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_2^3} + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} - \frac{6}{5} F_{441} + \frac{6}{5} F_{481} \right) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^2 \partial x_2} - \frac{2}{5} F_{461} \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_2} \\
& + \left. \left(2F_{440} - \frac{4}{5} F_{441} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} - \frac{2}{5} F_{441} \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_1^2} + \left(2F_{440} + \frac{4}{5} F_{441} \right) \frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{2}{5} F_{461} \phi_2 \right) n_{x_2} = 0.
\end{aligned} \tag{125}$$

4. DİFERANSİYEL KARE YAPMA METODUNUN UYGULANMASI

Diferansiyel denklem sistemleri ve sınır koşullarından oluşan bağıtak denklem sistemi diferansiyel kare yapma metodu aracılığı ile çözülmüştür. Bu metotda bir fonksiyonun herhangi bir noktadaki kısmi türevini hesaplamak için fonksiyonun çeşitli noktalardaki değerlerinin ağırlıklı lineer toplamı kullanılmaktadır. Diferansiyel kare yapma metodu uygulanırken, dikdörtgen bir mikro-plağın düzlemini Şekil 2'de gösterildiği gibi alt-alanlara bölünmektedir. Burada N_{x_1} ve N_{x_2} sırasıyla x_1 ve x_2 yönlerindeki nokta sayılarıdır.



Şekil 2. Plak yüzeyinin alt-alanlara bölümü.

Diferansiyel kare yapma yöntemine göre x_1 ve x_2 'ye bağlı olan bir w fonksiyonun türevleri

$$\frac{\partial^n w}{\partial x_1^n} = \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(n)} w_{k,j}, \quad (126)$$

$$\frac{\partial^n w}{\partial x_2^n} = \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(n)} w_{i,k}, \quad (127)$$

$$\frac{\partial^{(n+m)} w}{\partial x_1^n \partial x_2^m} = \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(m)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(n)} w_{k,m}, \quad (128)$$

şeklinde ifade edilmektedir. Burada $c_{ij}^{(m)}$, m dereceden türevin ağırlık katsayılarıdır ve Lagrange interpolasyon polinomları kullanılarak aşağıdaki gibi elde edilmiştir:

$$\begin{aligned}
 c_{ij}^{(1)} &= \frac{M^{(1)}(x_i)}{(x_i - x_j) M^{(1)}(x_j)}, \quad i \neq j \text{ için}, \\
 c_{ii}^{(1)} &= \frac{M^{(2)}(x_i)}{2M^{(1)}(x_i)}, \quad i = j \text{ için}, \\
 c_{ij}^{(m)} &= m \left(c_{ii}^{(m-1)} c_{ij}^{(1)} - \frac{c_{ij}^{(m-1)}}{x_i - x_j} \right), \quad i \neq j \text{ için}, \quad m = 2, 3, \dots, N, \quad i, j = 1, 2, \dots, N, \\
 c_{ii}^{(m)} &= - \sum_{j=1, j \neq i}^N c_{ij}^{(m)}, \quad \text{for } i = 1, 2, \dots, N.
 \end{aligned} \tag{129}$$

$M(x)$ ise

$$M(x) = \prod_{j=1}^N (x - x_j). \tag{130}$$

formunda ifade edilir. $M(x)$ 'in k dereceden türevi $M^{(k)}(x)$ ile gösterilmiştir. Yukarıda tarif edilen diferansiyel kare yapma metodu uygulanarak tüm denklemler sonlu seri formuna dönüştürülmüştür. Denklemlerin seri formları aşağıda sunulmaktadır:

$\delta u :$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(-2A_{550} - \frac{4}{5}A_{551} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(4)} u_{k,j} + \left(-\frac{8}{15}A_{551} - \frac{1}{4}A_{552} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(4)} u_{i,k} \\
& + \left(-2A_{550} - \frac{4}{3}A_{551} - \frac{1}{4}A_{552} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} u_{k,m} \\
& + A_{11} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} u_{k,j} + A_{55} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} u_{i,k} + \left(-2A_{550} - \frac{4}{15}A_{551} + \frac{1}{4}A_{552} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} v_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-2A_{550} - \frac{4}{15}A_{551} + \frac{1}{4}A_{552} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(3)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{k,m} + (A_{55} + A_{L11}) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-2F_{470} + 2B_{550} + \frac{4}{5}B_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(5)} w_{k,j} \\
& + \left(4B_{550} - 4F_{470} + \frac{8}{5}B_{551} - \frac{8}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-2F_{470} + 2B_{550} + \frac{4}{5}B_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(4)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(F_{11} - B_{11} + \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} w_{k,j} + \left(F_{11} - B_{11} + \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(4)} \phi_{1k,j} + \left(-\frac{8}{15}F_{471} - \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(4)} \phi_{1i,k} \\
& + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{3}F_{471} - \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{1k,m} \\
& + \left(F_{11} + \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{1k,j} + \left(F_{47} + \frac{2}{15}F_{671} + \frac{1}{4}F_{672} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{1i,k} \\
& + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} \phi_{2k,m} \\
& + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(3)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{2k,m} \\
& + \left(F_{L11} + F_{47} + \frac{4}{15}F_{671} - \frac{1}{4}F_{672} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{2k,m} - A_{T11} \left(\frac{\partial \Delta T}{\partial x_1} \right)_{i,j} \\
& = I_0 \left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} \right)_{i,j} + (I_3 - I_1) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,j} \left(\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} \right)_{k,j} + I_3 \left(\frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial t^2} \right)_{i,j}, \tag{131}
\end{aligned}$$

δv :

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(-2A_{550} - \frac{4}{15}A_{551} + \frac{1}{4}A_{552} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} u_{k,m} + \left(-2A_{550} - \frac{4}{15}A_{551} + \frac{1}{4}A_{552} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(3)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,m} \\
& + (A_{55} + A_{L11}) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-\frac{8}{15}A_{551} - \frac{1}{4}A_{552} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(4)} v_{k,j} + \left(-2A_{550} - \frac{4}{5}A_{551} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(4)} v_{i,k} \\
& + \left(-2A_{550} - \frac{4}{3}A_{551} - \frac{1}{4}A_{552} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} v_{k,m} + A_{55} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} v_{k,j} + A_{11} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} v_{i,k} \\
& + \left(-2F_{470} + 2B_{550} + \frac{4}{5}B_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(5)} w_{i,k} \\
& + \left(2B_{550} + \frac{4}{5}B_{551} - 2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(4)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(4B_{550} + \frac{8}{5}B_{551} - 4F_{470} - \frac{8}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(3)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(F_{11} - B_{11} + \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} w_{i,k} + \left(F_{11} - B_{11} + \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} \phi_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(3)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,m} \\
& + \left(+F_{L11} + F_{47} + \frac{4}{15}F_{671} - \frac{1}{4}F_{672} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,m} \\
& + \left(-\frac{8}{15}F_{471} - \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(4)} \phi_{2k,j} + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(4)} \phi_{2i,k} \\
& + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{3}F_{471} - \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{2k,m} \\
& + \left(F_{47} + \frac{2}{15}F_{671} + \frac{1}{4}F_{672} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{2k,j} + \left(F_{11} + \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{2i,k} \\
& - A_{T11} \left(\frac{\partial \Delta T}{\partial x_2} \right)_{i,j} = I_0 \left(\frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} \right)_{i,j} + (I_3 - I_1) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} \left(\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} \right)_{i,k} + I_3 \left(\frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial t^2} \right)_{i,j}, \tag{132}
\end{aligned}$$

δw :

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}B_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(5)} u_{k,j} + \left(-4B_{550} + 4F_{470} - \frac{8}{5}B_{551} + \frac{8}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} u_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}B_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(4)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,m} + \left(B_{11} - F_{11} - \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} u_{k,j} \\
& + \left(B_{11} - F_{11} - \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,m} + \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}B_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(5)} v_{i,k} \\
& + \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}B_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(4)} v_{k,m} + \left(-4B_{550} + 4F_{470} - \frac{8}{5}B_{551} \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \frac{8}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(3)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} v_{k,m} + \left(B_{11} - F_{11} - \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} v_{i,k} + \left(B_{11} - F_{11} - \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} v_{k,m} \\
& + \left(2D_{550} + 2F_{440} - 4F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}D_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} - \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(6)} w_{k,j} \\
& + \left(2D_{550} + 2F_{440} - 4F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}D_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} - \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(6)} w_{i,k} \\
& + \left(6D_{550} + 6F_{440} - 12F_{480} + \frac{12}{5}D_{551} + \frac{12}{5}F_{441} - \frac{24}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(4)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(6D_{550} + 6F_{440} - 12F_{480} + \frac{12}{5}D_{551} + \frac{12}{5}F_{441} - \frac{24}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(4)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-D_{11} + 2F_{22} - F_{33} - 2A_{550} - 2F_{550} + 4F_{570} - \frac{8}{15}A_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{461} - \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{32}{15}F_{571} + \frac{4}{5}F_{681} \right. \\
& \quad \left. - A_{552} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + F_{572} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(4)} w_{k,j} + \left(-D_{11} + 2F_{22} - F_{33} - 2A_{550} - 2F_{550} + 4F_{570} \right. \\
& \quad \left. - \frac{8}{15}A_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{461} - \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{32}{15}F_{571} + \frac{4}{5}F_{681} - A_{552} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + F_{572} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(4)} w_{i,k} \\
& + \left(-2D_{11} + 4F_{22} - 2F_{33} - 4A_{550} - 4F_{550} + 8F_{570} - \frac{16}{15}A_{551} - \frac{8}{5}F_{461} - \frac{64}{15}F_{551} + \frac{64}{15}F_{571} + \frac{8}{5}F_{681} \right. \\
& \quad \left. - 2A_{552} - \frac{1}{2}F_{552} + 2F_{572} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,m} + \left(k_s F_{55} + \frac{8}{15}F_{661} + \frac{1}{4}F_{662} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,j} \\
& + \left(k_s F_{55} + \frac{8}{15}F_{661} + \frac{1}{4}F_{662} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} w_{i,k} \\
& + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} - \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(5)} \phi_{1k,j} + \left(4F_{440} - 4F_{480} + \frac{8}{5}F_{441} - \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} \phi_{1k,m} \\
& + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} - \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(4)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,m} \\
& + \left(F_{22} - F_{33} - 2F_{550} + 2F_{570} - \frac{4}{5}F_{461} - \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{16}{15}F_{571} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} \phi_{1k,j}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \left(F_{22} - F_{33} - 2F_{550} + 2F_{570} - \frac{4}{5}F_{461} - \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{16}{15}F_{571} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,m} \\
& + \left(k_s F_{55} + \frac{8}{15}F_{661} + \frac{1}{4}F_{662} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,j} + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} - \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(5)} \phi_{2i,k} \\
& + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} - \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(4)} \phi_{2k,m} \\
& + \left(4F_{440} - 4F_{480} + \frac{8}{5}F_{441} - \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(3)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{2k,m} \\
& + \left(F_{22} - F_{33} - 2F_{550} + 2F_{570} - \frac{4}{5}F_{461} - \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{16}{15}F_{571} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} \phi_{2i,k} \\
& + \left(F_{22} - F_{33} - 2F_{550} + 2F_{570} - \frac{4}{5}F_{461} - \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{16}{15}F_{571} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} \right. \\
& \quad \left. - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{2k,m} + \left(k_s F_{55} + \frac{8}{15}F_{661} + \frac{1}{4}F_{662} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} \phi_{2i,k} \\
& + (-B_{T11} + F_{T11}) \left(\frac{\partial^2 \Delta T}{\partial x_1^2} \right)_{i,j} + (-B_{T11} + F_{T11}) \left(\frac{\partial^2 \Delta T}{\partial x_2^2} \right)_{i,j} \\
& + P_{x_1}^0 \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,j} + P_{x_2}^0 \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} w_{i,k} + 2P_{x_1 x_2}^0 \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} + q_{i,j} - P_{x_1} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,j} - P_{x_2} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} w_{i,k} \\
& = (I_1 - I_3) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} \right)_{k,j} + (I_1 - I_3) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} \left(\frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} \right)_{i,k} + (2I_4 - I_2 - I_5) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \left(\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} \right)_{k,j} \\
& + (2I_4 - I_2 - I_5) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} \left(\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} \right)_{i,k} + I_0 \left(\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} \right)_{i,j} \\
& + (I_4 - I_5) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \left(\frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial t^2} \right)_{k,j} + (I_4 - I_5) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} \left(\frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial t^2} \right)_{i,k} ,
\end{aligned} \tag{133}$$

$\delta\phi_1 :$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(4)} u_{k,j} + \left(-\frac{8}{15}F_{471} - \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(4)} u_{i,k} \\
& + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{3}F_{471} - \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} u_{k,m} \\
& + \left(F_{11} + \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} u_{k,j} + \left(F_{47} + \frac{2}{15}F_{671} + \frac{1}{4}F_{672} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} u_{i,k} \\
& + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} v_{k,m} + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(3)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{k,m} \\
& + \left(F_{L11} + F_{47} + \frac{4}{15}F_{671} - \frac{1}{4}F_{672} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} + 2F_{480} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} + \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(5)} w_{k,j} + \left(-4F_{440} + 4F_{480} - \frac{8}{5}F_{441} + \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} + 2F_{480} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} + \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(4)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-F_{22} + F_{33} + 2F_{550} - 2F_{570} + \frac{4}{5}F_{461} + \frac{32}{15}F_{551} - \frac{16}{15}F_{571} - \frac{2}{5}F_{681} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} - \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} w_{k,j} \\
& + \left(-F_{22} + F_{33} + 2F_{550} - 2F_{570} + \frac{4}{5}F_{461} + \frac{32}{15}F_{551} - \frac{16}{15}F_{571} - \frac{2}{5}F_{681} \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} - \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} + \left(-k_s F_{55} - \frac{8}{15}F_{661} - \frac{1}{4}F_{662} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,j} \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(4)} \phi_{1k,j} + \left(-\frac{8}{15}F_{441} - \frac{1}{4}F_{442} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(4)} \phi_{1i,k} \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} - \frac{4}{3}F_{441} - \frac{1}{4}F_{442} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{1k,m} \\
& + \left(F_{33} + 2F_{550} + \frac{4}{5}F_{461} + \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{1k,j} \\
& + \left(F_{44} + \frac{4}{15}F_{461} + \frac{4}{3}F_{551} + \frac{1}{2}F_{462} + F_{552} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{1i,k} + \left(-k_s F_{55} - \frac{8}{15}F_{661} - \frac{1}{4}F_{662} \right) \phi_{1i,j} \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} - \frac{4}{15}F_{441} + \frac{1}{4}F_{442} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} \phi_{2k,m} + \left(-2F_{440} - \frac{4}{15}F_{441} + \frac{1}{4}F_{442} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(3)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{2k,m} \\
& + \left(F_{L33} + F_{44} + 2F_{550} + \frac{8}{15}F_{461} + \frac{4}{5}F_{551} - \frac{1}{2}F_{462} - \frac{3}{4}F_{552} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{2k,m} \\
& - F_{T11} \left(\frac{\partial \Delta T}{\partial x_1} \right)_{i,j} = I_3 \left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} \right)_{i,j} + (I_5 - I_4) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \left(\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} \right)_{k,j} + I_5 \left(\frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial t^2} \right)_{i,j},
\end{aligned}$$

(134)

$\delta\phi_2 :$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} u_{k,m} + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x2}} c_{jm}^{(3)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,m} \\
& + \left(F_{L11} + F_{47} + \frac{4}{15}F_{671} - \frac{1}{4}F_{672} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-\frac{8}{15}F_{471} - \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x1}} c_{ik}^{(4)} v_{k,j} + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x2}} c_{jk}^{(4)} v_{i,k} \\
& + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{3}F_{471} - \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} v_{k,m} \\
& + \left(F_{47} + \frac{2}{15}F_{671} + \frac{1}{4}F_{672} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} v_{k,j} + \left(F_{11} + \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} v_{i,k} \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} + 2F_{480} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} + \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x2}} c_{jk}^{(5)} w_{i,k} + \left(-4F_{440} + 4F_{480} - \frac{8}{5}F_{441} + \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x2}} c_{jm}^{(3)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} + 2F_{480} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} + \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x1}} c_{ik}^{(4)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-F_{22} + F_{33} + 2F_{550} - 2F_{570} + \frac{4}{5}F_{461} + \frac{32}{15}F_{551} - \frac{16}{15}F_{571} - \frac{2}{5}F_{681} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} - \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} w_{i,k} \\
& + \left(-F_{22} + F_{33} + 2F_{550} - 2F_{570} + \frac{4}{5}F_{461} + \frac{32}{15}F_{551} - \frac{16}{15}F_{571} - \frac{2}{5}F_{681} \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} - \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,m} + \left(-k_s F_{55} - \frac{8}{15}F_{661} - \frac{1}{4}F_{662} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} w_{i,k} \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} - \frac{4}{15}F_{441} + \frac{1}{4}F_{442} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} \phi_{1k,m} + \left(-2F_{440} - \frac{4}{15}F_{441} + \frac{1}{4}F_{442} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x2}} c_{jm}^{(3)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,m} \\
& + \left(F_{L33} + F_{44} + 2F_{550} + \frac{8}{15}F_{461} + \frac{4}{5}F_{551} - \frac{1}{2}F_{462} - \frac{3}{4}F_{552} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,m} \\
& + \left(-\frac{8}{15}F_{441} - \frac{1}{4}F_{442} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x1}} c_{ik}^{(4)} \phi_{2k,j} + \left(-2F_{440} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x2}} c_{jk}^{(4)} \phi_{2i,k} \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} - \frac{4}{3}F_{441} - \frac{1}{4}F_{442} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{2k,m} + \left(F_{44} + \frac{4}{15}F_{461} + \frac{4}{3}F_{551} + \frac{1}{2}F_{462} + F_{552} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{2k,j} \\
& + \left(F_{33} + 2F_{550} + \frac{4}{5}F_{461} + \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{2i,k} + \left(-k_s F_{55} - \frac{8}{15}F_{661} - \frac{1}{4}F_{662} \right) \phi_{2i,j} \\
& - F_{T11} \left(\frac{\partial \Delta T}{\partial x_2} \right)_{i,j} = I_3 \left(\frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} \right)_{i,j} + (I_5 - I_4) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} \left(\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} \right)_{i,k} + I_5 \left(\frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial t^2} \right)_{i,j},
\end{aligned}$$

(135)

$$u_{i,j} = 0 \quad \text{veya}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(-2A_{550} - \frac{4}{5}A_{551} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} u_{k,j} + \left(-A_{550} - \frac{2}{3}A_{551} - \frac{1}{8}A_{552} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,m} + A_{11} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,j} \\
& + \left(-A_{550} + \frac{2}{15}A_{551} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} v_{i,k} + \left(-2A_{550} + \frac{4}{15}A_{551} + \frac{1}{8}A_{552} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} v_{k,m} + A_{L11} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} v_{i,k} \\
& + \left(-2F_{470} + 2B_{550} + \frac{4}{5}B_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(4)} w_{k,j} + \left(-F_{470} + B_{550} - \frac{2}{5}B_{551} + \frac{2}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(4)} w_{i,k} \\
& + \left(3B_{550} - 3F_{470} + \frac{2}{5}B_{551} - \frac{2}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(F_{11} - B_{11} + \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,j} + \left(F_{L11} - B_{L11} + \frac{2}{15}F_{671} - \frac{1}{8}F_{672} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} w_{i,k} \\
& + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{1k,j} + \left(-F_{470} - \frac{2}{3}F_{471} - \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,m} + \left(F_{11} + \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,j} \\
& + \left(-F_{470} + \frac{2}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} \phi_{2i,k} + \left(-2F_{470} + \frac{4}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{2k,m} \\
& + \left(F_{L11} + \frac{2}{15}F_{671} - \frac{1}{8}F_{672} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} \phi_{2i,k} - A_{T11} \Delta T_{i,j} \Bigg) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(\left(-\frac{8}{15}A_{551} - \frac{1}{4}A_{552} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} u_{i,k} + \left(-A_{550} - \frac{2}{3}A_{551} - \frac{1}{8}A_{552} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} u_{k,m} + A_{55} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} u_{i,k} \right. \\
& \left. + \left(-\frac{8}{15}A_{551} + \frac{1}{8}A_{552} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} v_{k,j} + \left(-A_{550} - \frac{2}{3}A_{551} + \frac{1}{4}A_{552} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{k,m} + A_{55} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{k,j} \right. \\
& \left. + \left(B_{550} - F_{470} + \frac{6}{5}B_{551} - \frac{6}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} w_{k,m} + \left(-F_{470} + B_{550} + \frac{6}{5}B_{551} - \frac{6}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(3)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} \right. \\
& \left. + \left(2F_{47} - 2B_{55} + \frac{4}{15}F_{671} + \frac{1}{8}F_{672} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} + \left(-\frac{8}{15}F_{471} - \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} \phi_{1i,k} \right. \\
& \left. + \left(-F_{470} - \frac{2}{3}F_{471} - \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{1k,m} + \left(F_{47} + \frac{2}{15}F_{671} + \frac{1}{4}F_{672} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} \phi_{1i,k} \right. \\
& \left. + \left(-\frac{8}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} \phi_{2k,j} + \left(-F_{470} - \frac{2}{3}F_{471} + \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{2k,m} \right. \\
& \left. + \left(F_{47} + \frac{2}{15}F_{671} - \frac{1}{8}F_{672} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{2k,j} \right) n_{x_2} = 0,
\end{aligned}$$

(136)

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,j} = 0 \quad \text{veya} \\
& \left(\left(2A_{550} + \frac{4}{5} A_{551} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} u_{k,j} - \frac{2}{5} A_{551} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} u_{i,k} + \left(2A_{550} - \frac{4}{5} A_{551} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{k,m} \right. \\
& + \left(2F_{470} - 2B_{550} - \frac{4}{5} B_{551} + \frac{4}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} w_{k,j} + \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} + \frac{6}{5} B_{551} - \frac{6}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} \\
& - \frac{2}{5} F_{671} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,j} + \left(2F_{470} + \frac{4}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{1k,j} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{1i,k} - \frac{2}{5} F_{671} \phi_{1i,j} \\
& + \left(2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{2k,m} \Big) n_{x_1} + \left(\left(A_{550} + \frac{16}{15} A_{551} + \frac{1}{8} A_{552} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,m} \right. \\
& + \left(\frac{8}{15} A_{551} - \frac{1}{8} A_{552} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} v_{k,j} + \left(A_{550} - \frac{2}{5} A_{551} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} v_{i,k} + \left(F_{470} - B_{550} + \frac{2}{5} B_{551} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} w_{i,k} \\
& + \left(-B_{550} + F_{470} - \frac{8}{5} B_{551} + \frac{8}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,m} + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{671} + \frac{1}{8} F_{672} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} w_{i,k} \\
& + \left(F_{470} + \frac{16}{15} F_{471} + \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,m} + \left(\frac{8}{15} F_{471} - \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{2k,j} \\
& + \left. \left(F_{470} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{2i,k} + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{671} + \frac{1}{8} F_{672} \right) \phi_{2i,j} \right) n_{x_2} = 0, \tag{137}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} u_{i,k} = 0 \quad \text{veya} \\
& \left(\left(A_{550} + \frac{16}{15} A_{551} + \frac{1}{8} A_{552} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,m} + \left(\frac{8}{15} A_{551} - \frac{1}{8} A_{552} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} v_{k,j} + \left(A_{550} - \frac{2}{5} A_{551} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} v_{i,k} \right. \\
& + \left(F_{470} - B_{550} + \frac{2}{5} B_{551} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} w_{i,k} + \left(-B_{550} + F_{470} - \frac{8}{5} B_{551} + \frac{8}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{671} + \frac{1}{8} F_{672} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} w_{i,k} + \left(F_{470} + \frac{16}{15} F_{471} + \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,m} \\
& + \left(\frac{8}{15} F_{471} - \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{2k,j} + \left(F_{470} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{2i,k} + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{671} + \frac{1}{8} F_{672} \right) \phi_{2i,j} \Big) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{5} A_{551} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} u_{k,j} + \left(\frac{8}{15} A_{551} + \frac{1}{4} A_{552} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} u_{i,k} + \left(\frac{16}{15} A_{551} - \frac{1}{4} A_{552} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{k,m} \right. \\
& + \left(\frac{2}{5} B_{551} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} w_{k,j} + \left(-\frac{8}{5} B_{551} + \frac{8}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{671} - \frac{1}{4} F_{672} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,j} \\
& - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{1k,j} + \left(\frac{8}{15} F_{471} + \frac{1}{4} F_{472} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{1i,k} + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{671} - \frac{1}{4} F_{672} \right) \phi_{1i,j} \\
& \left. + \left(\frac{16}{15} F_{471} - \frac{1}{4} F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{2k,m} \right) n_{x_2} = 0, \tag{138}
\end{aligned}$$

$$v_{i,j} = 0 \quad \text{veya}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\left(-\frac{8}{15} A_{551} + \frac{1}{8} A_{552} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} u_{i,k} + \left(-A_{550} - \frac{2}{3} A_{551} + \frac{1}{4} A_{552} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} u_{k,m} + A_{55} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} u_{i,k} \right. \\
& + \left(-A_{550} - \frac{2}{3} A_{551} - \frac{1}{8} A_{552} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{k,m} + \left(-\frac{8}{15} A_{551} - \frac{1}{4} A_{552} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} v_{k,j} + A_{55} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{k,j} \\
& + \left(B_{550} - F_{470} + \frac{6}{5} B_{551} - \frac{6}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} w_{k,m} + \left(B_{550} + \frac{6}{5} B_{551} - F_{470} - \frac{6}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(3)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(2F_{47} - 2B_{55} + \frac{4}{15} F_{671} + \frac{1}{8} F_{672} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} + \left(-\frac{8}{15} F_{471} + \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} \phi_{1i,k} \\
& + \left(-F_{470} - \frac{2}{3} F_{471} + \frac{1}{4} F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{1k,m} + \left(F_{47} + \frac{2}{15} F_{671} - \frac{1}{8} F_{672} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} \phi_{1i,k} \\
& + \left(-\frac{8}{15} F_{471} - \frac{1}{4} F_{472} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} \phi_{2k,j} + \left(-F_{470} - \frac{2}{3} F_{471} - \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{2k,m} \\
& + \left(F_{47} + \frac{2}{15} F_{671} + \frac{1}{4} F_{672} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{2k,j} \Big) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(\left(-A_{550} + \frac{2}{5} A_{551} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} u_{k,j} + \left(-2A_{550} + \frac{4}{15} A_{551} + \frac{1}{8} A_{552} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,m} + A_{L11} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,j} \right. \\
& + \left(-2A_{550} - \frac{4}{5} A_{551} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} v_{i,k} + \left(-A_{550} - \frac{2}{3} A_{551} - \frac{1}{8} A_{552} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} v_{k,m} + A_{11} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} v_{i,k} \\
& + \left(B_{550} - F_{470} - \frac{2}{5} B_{551} + \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(4)} w_{k,j} + \left(-2F_{470} + 2B_{550} + \frac{4}{5} B_{551} - \frac{4}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(4)} w_{i,k} \\
& + \left(3B_{550} + \frac{2}{5} B_{551} - 3F_{470} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(F_{L11} - B_{L11} + \frac{2}{15} F_{671} - \frac{1}{8} F_{672} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,j} + \left(F_{11} - B_{11} + \frac{2}{5} F_{671} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} w_{i,k} \\
& + \left(-F_{470} + \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} \phi_{1k,j} + \left(-2F_{470} + \frac{4}{15} F_{471} + \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,m} \\
& + \left(F_{L11} + \frac{2}{15} F_{671} - \frac{1}{8} F_{672} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,j} + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} \phi_{2i,k} \\
& + \left(-F_{470} - \frac{2}{3} F_{471} - \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{2k,m} + \left(F_{11} + \frac{2}{5} F_{671} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} \phi_{2i,k} - A_{T11} \Delta T_{i,j} \Big) n_{x_2} = 0,
\end{aligned}$$

(139)

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{k,j} = 0 \quad \text{veya} \\
& \left(\left(\frac{16}{15} A_{551} - \frac{1}{4} A_{552} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,m} + \left(\frac{8}{15} A_{551} + \frac{1}{4} A_{552} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} v_{k,j} - \frac{2}{5} A_{551} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} v_{i,k} \right. \\
& + \left(\frac{2}{5} B_{551} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} w_{i,k} + \left(-\frac{8}{5} B_{551} + \frac{8}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{671} - \frac{1}{4} F_{672} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} w_{i,k} + \left(\frac{16}{15} F_{471} - \frac{1}{4} F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,m} \\
& + \left(\frac{8}{15} F_{471} + \frac{1}{4} F_{472} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{2k,j} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{2i,k} + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{671} - \frac{1}{4} F_{672} \right) \phi_{2i,j} \Big) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(\left(A_{550} - \frac{2}{5} A_{551} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} u_{k,j} + \left(\frac{8}{15} A_{551} - \frac{1}{8} A_{552} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} u_{i,k} + \left(A_{550} + \frac{16}{15} A_{551} + \frac{1}{8} A_{552} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{k,m} \right. \\
& + \left(-B_{550} + F_{470} + \frac{2}{5} B_{551} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} w_{k,j} + \left(-B_{550} + F_{470} - \frac{8}{5} B_{551} + \frac{8}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{671} + \frac{1}{8} F_{672} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,j} + \left(F_{470} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{1k,j} + \left(\frac{8}{15} F_{471} - \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{1i,k} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{671} + \frac{1}{8} F_{672} \right) \phi_{1i,j} + \left(F_{470} + \frac{16}{15} F_{471} + \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{2k,m} \Big) n_{x_2} = 0, \tag{140}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} v_{i,k} = 0 \quad \text{veya} \\
& \left(\left(A_{550} - \frac{2}{5} A_{551} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} u_{k,j} + \left(\frac{8}{15} A_{551} - \frac{1}{8} A_{552} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} u_{i,k} + \left(A_{550} + \frac{16}{15} A_{551} + \frac{1}{8} A_{552} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{k,m} \right. \\
& + \left(-B_{550} + F_{470} + \frac{2}{5} B_{551} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} w_{k,j} + \left(-B_{550} + F_{470} - \frac{8}{5} B_{551} + \frac{8}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{671} + \frac{1}{8} F_{672} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,j} + \left(F_{470} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{1k,j} + \left(\frac{8}{15} F_{471} - \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{1i,k} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{671} + \frac{1}{8} F_{672} \right) \phi_{1i,j} + \left(F_{470} + \frac{16}{15} F_{471} + \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{2k,m} \Bigg) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(\left(2A_{550} - \frac{4}{5} A_{551} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,m} - \frac{2}{5} A_{551} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} v_{k,j} + \left(2A_{550} + \frac{4}{5} A_{551} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} v_{i,k} \right. \\
& + \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} + \frac{6}{5} B_{551} - \frac{6}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,m} + \left(2F_{470} - 2B_{550} - \frac{4}{5} B_{551} + \frac{4}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} w_{i,k} \\
& - \frac{2}{5} F_{671} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} w_{i,k} + \left(2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,m} \\
& \left. - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{2k,j} + \left(2F_{470} + \frac{4}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{2i,k} - \frac{2}{5} F_{671} \phi_{2i,j} \right) n_{x_2} = 0, \tag{141}
\end{aligned}$$

$w_{i,j} = 0$ veya

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}B_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(4)} u_{k,j} + \frac{8}{15} F_{471} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(4)} u_{i,k} + (-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} - \frac{14}{5}B_{551} \right. \\
& \left. + \frac{4}{3}F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} u_{k,m} + \left(B_{11} - F_{11} - \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} u_{k,j} \\
& + \left(B_{55} - F_{47} - \frac{2}{15}F_{671} - \frac{1}{4}F_{672} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} u_{i,k} + \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}B_{551} + \frac{4}{15}F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} v_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} + \frac{6}{5}B_{551} + \frac{4}{15}F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(3)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{k,m} + \left(B_{55} + B_{L11} - F_{47} - F_{L11} - \frac{4}{15}F_{671} \right. \\
& \left. + \frac{1}{4}F_{672} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{k,m} + \left(2D_{550} + 2F_{440} - 4F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}D_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} - \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(5)} w_{k,j} \\
& + \left(4D_{550} + 4F_{440} - 8F_{480} + \frac{18}{5}D_{551} + \frac{8}{5}F_{441} - \frac{26}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(2D_{550} + 2F_{440} - 4F_{480} - \frac{6}{5}D_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} + \frac{2}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(4)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-D_{11} + 2F_{22} - F_{33} - 2A_{550} - 2F_{550} + 4F_{570} - \frac{8}{15}A_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{461} - \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{32}{15}F_{571} + \frac{4}{5}F_{681} \right. \\
& \left. - A_{552} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + F_{572} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} w_{k,j} + \left(-D_{11} + 2F_{22} - F_{33} - 2A_{550} - 2F_{550} + 4F_{570} - \frac{8}{15}A_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{461} \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{32}{15}F_{571} + \frac{4}{5}F_{681} - A_{552} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + F_{572} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} + \left(k_s F_{55} + \frac{8}{15}F_{661} \right. \\
& \left. + \frac{1}{4}F_{662} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,j} + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} - \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(4)} \phi_{1k,j} + \frac{8}{15} F_{441} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(4)} \phi_{1i,k} \\
& + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{3}F_{441} - \frac{14}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{1k,m} + \left(F_{22} - F_{33} - 2F_{550} + 2F_{570} - \frac{4}{5}F_{461} \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{16}{15}F_{571} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{1k,j} + \left(-F_{44} + F_{48} - \frac{4}{15}F_{461} - \frac{4}{3}F_{551} + \frac{2}{3}F_{571} \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{1}{4}F_{462} - \frac{1}{2}F_{552} + \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{1i,k} + \left(k_s F_{55} + \frac{8}{15}F_{661} + \frac{1}{4}F_{662} \right) \phi_{1i,j} + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{15}F_{441} \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} \phi_{2k,m} + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{15}F_{441} + \frac{6}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(3)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{2k,m} \\
& + \left(F_{48} + F_{L22} - F_{44} - F_{L33} - 2F_{550} + 2F_{570} - \frac{8}{15}F_{461} - \frac{4}{5}F_{551} + \frac{2}{5}F_{571} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} + \frac{1}{4}F_{462} \right. \\
& \left. + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{2k,m} + (-B_{T11} + F_{T11}) \left(\frac{\partial \Delta T}{\partial x_1} \right)_{i,j} - P_{x_1} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,j} \right) n_{x_1}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \left(\left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} + \frac{6}{5}B_{551} + \frac{4}{15}F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} u_{k,m} \right. \\
& + \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}B_{551} + \frac{4}{15}F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(3)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,m} \\
& + \left(B_{55} + B_{L11} - F_{47} - F_{L11} - \frac{4}{15}F_{671} + \frac{1}{4}F_{672} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,m} \\
& + \frac{8}{15}F_{471} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(4)} v_{k,j} + \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}B_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(4)} v_{i,k} \\
& + \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} - \frac{14}{5}B_{551} + \frac{4}{3}F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} v_{k,m} + \left(B_{11} - F_{11} - \frac{2}{5}F_{671} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} v_{i,k} \\
& + \left(B_{55} - F_{47} - \frac{2}{15}F_{671} - \frac{1}{4}F_{672} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} v_{k,j} + \left(2D_{550} + 2F_{440} - 4F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}D_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(5)} w_{i,k} + \left(2D_{550} + 2F_{440} - 4F_{480} - \frac{6}{5}D_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} + \frac{2}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(4)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(4D_{550} + 4F_{440} - 8F_{480} + \frac{18}{5}D_{551} + \frac{8}{5}F_{441} - \frac{26}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(3)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-D_{11} + 2F_{22} - F_{33} - 2A_{550} - 2F_{550} + 4F_{570} - \frac{8}{15}A_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{461} - \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{32}{15}F_{571} + \frac{4}{5}F_{681} \right. \\
& \left. - A_{552} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + F_{572} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} w_{i,k} + \left(-D_{11} + 2F_{22} - F_{33} - 2A_{550} - 2F_{550} + 4F_{570} - \frac{8}{15}A_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{461} \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{32}{15}F_{571} + \frac{4}{5}F_{681} - A_{552} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + F_{572} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(k_s F_{55} + \frac{8}{15}F_{661} + \frac{1}{4}F_{662} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} w_{i,k} + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{15}F_{441} + \frac{6}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} \phi_{1k,m} \\
& + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{15}F_{441} - \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(3)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,m} \\
& + \left(F_{48} + F_{L22} - F_{44} - F_{L33} - 2F_{550} + 2F_{570} - \frac{8}{15}F_{461} - \frac{4}{5}F_{551} + \frac{2}{5}F_{571} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} + \frac{1}{4}F_{462} \right. \\
& \left. + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,m} + \frac{8}{15}F_{441} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(4)} \phi_{2k,j} + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} - \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(4)} \phi_{2i,k} \\
& + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{3}F_{441} - \frac{14}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{2k,m} + \left(-F_{44} + F_{48} - \frac{4}{15}F_{461} - \frac{4}{3}F_{551} + \frac{2}{3}F_{571} \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{1}{4}F_{462} - \frac{1}{2}F_{552} + \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{2k,j} + \left(F_{22} - F_{33} - 2F_{550} + 2F_{570} - \frac{4}{5}F_{461} - \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{16}{15}F_{571} \right. \\
& \left. + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{2i,k} + \left(k_s F_{55} + \frac{8}{15}F_{661} + \frac{1}{4}F_{662} \right) \phi_{2i,j}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + (-B_{T11} + F_{T11}) \left(\frac{\partial \Delta T}{\partial x_2} \right)_{i,j} - P_{x_2} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} w_{i,k} \Bigg) n_{x_2} \\
& = \left((I_1 - I_3) \left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} \right)_{i,j} + (2I_4 - I_2 - I_5) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \left(\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} \right)_{k,j} + (I_4 - I_5) \left(\frac{\partial^2 \phi_1}{\partial t^2} \right)_{i,j} \right) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left((I_1 - I_3) \left(\frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} \right)_{i,j} + (2I_4 - I_2 - I_5) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} \left(\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} \right)_{i,k} + (I_4 - I_5) \left(\frac{\partial^2 \phi_2}{\partial t^2} \right)_{i,j} \right) n_{x_2}, \tag{142}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,j} = 0 \quad \text{veya} \\
& \left(\left(2B_{550} - 2F_{470} + \frac{4}{5}B_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} u_{k,j} + \left(2B_{550} - 2F_{470} + \frac{14}{5}B_{551} - \frac{14}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,m} \right. \\
& + (-B_{11} + F_{11}) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,j} + \left(2B_{550} - 2F_{470} - \frac{6}{5}B_{551} + \frac{6}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} v_{i,k} \\
& + \left(2B_{550} - 2F_{470} + \frac{4}{5}B_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} v_{k,m} + (-B_{L11} + F_{L11}) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} v_{i,k} \\
& + \left(-2D_{550} - 2F_{440} + 4F_{480} - \frac{4}{5}D_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} + \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(4)} w_{k,j} \\
& + \left(-2D_{550} + 4F_{480} - 2F_{440} + \frac{6}{5}D_{551} + \frac{6}{5}F_{441} - \frac{12}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(4)} w_{i,k} \\
& + \left(-4D_{550} + 8F_{480} - 4F_{440} - \frac{18}{5}D_{551} - \frac{18}{5}F_{441} + \frac{36}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(D_{11} + F_{33} - 2F_{22} + 2A_{550} + 2F_{550} - 4F_{570} + \frac{8}{15}A_{551} + \frac{2}{5}F_{461} + \frac{32}{15}F_{551} - \frac{32}{15}F_{571} - \frac{2}{5}F_{681} \right. \\
& + A_{552} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} - F_{572} \left. \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,j} + (D_{L11} - 2F_{L22} + F_{L33} + 2A_{550} + 2F_{550} - 4F_{570} \\
& - \frac{2}{15}A_{551} + \frac{2}{5}F_{461} - \frac{8}{15}F_{551} + \frac{8}{15}F_{571} - \frac{2}{5}F_{681} - A_{552} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + F_{572} \left. \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} w_{i,k} \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} + 2F_{480} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} + \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} \phi_{1k,j} + \left(-2F_{440} + 2F_{480} - \frac{14}{5}F_{441} + \frac{14}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,m} \\
& + \left(-F_{22} + F_{33} + 2F_{550} - 2F_{570} + \frac{2}{5}F_{461} + \frac{32}{15}F_{551} - \frac{16}{15}F_{571} - \frac{2}{5}F_{681} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} - \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,j} \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} + 2F_{480} + \frac{6}{5}F_{441} - \frac{6}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} \phi_{2i,k} + \left(-2F_{440} + 2F_{480} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} + \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{2k,m} \\
& + \left(-F_{L22} + F_{L33} + 2F_{550} - 2F_{570} + \frac{2}{5}F_{461} - \frac{8}{15}F_{551} + \frac{4}{15}F_{571} - \frac{2}{5}F_{681} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} \phi_{2i,k} \\
& + (B_{T11} - F_{T11}) \Delta T_{i,j} n_{x_1} + \left((-B_{55} + F_{47}) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} u_{i,k} + (-B_{55} + F_{47}) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{k,j} \right. \\
& + \left(2D_{55} + 2F_{44} - 4F_{48} + \frac{2}{3}A_{551} + \frac{8}{3}F_{551} - \frac{8}{3}F_{571} + 2A_{552} + \frac{1}{2}F_{552} - 2F_{572} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(F_{44} - F_{48} + \frac{4}{3}F_{551} - \frac{2}{3}F_{571} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} - \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} \phi_{1i,k} \\
& + \left. \left(F_{44} - F_{48} + \frac{4}{3}F_{551} - \frac{2}{3}F_{571} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} - \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{2k,j} \right) n_{x_2} = 0, \tag{143}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} w_{i,k} = 0 \quad \text{veya} \\
& \left((-B_{55} + F_{47}) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} u_{i,k} + (-B_{55} + F_{47}) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{k,j} \right. \\
& + \left(2D_{55} + 2F_{44} - 4F_{48} + \frac{2}{3} A_{551} + \frac{8}{3} F_{551} - \frac{8}{3} F_{571} + 2A_{552} + \frac{1}{2} F_{552} - 2F_{572} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(F_{44} - F_{48} + \frac{4}{3} F_{551} - \frac{2}{3} F_{571} + \frac{1}{4} F_{552} - \frac{1}{2} F_{572} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} \phi_{1i,k} \\
& + \left(F_{44} - F_{48} + \frac{4}{3} F_{551} - \frac{2}{3} F_{571} + \frac{1}{4} F_{552} - \frac{1}{2} F_{572} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{2k,j} \Big) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(\left(2B_{550} - 2F_{470} - \frac{6}{5} B_{551} + \frac{6}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} u_{k,j} + \left(2B_{550} - 2F_{470} + \frac{4}{5} B_{551} - \frac{4}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,m} \right. \\
& + \left(-B_{L11} + F_{L11} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,j} + \left(2B_{550} - 2F_{470} + \frac{4}{5} B_{551} - \frac{4}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} v_{i,k} \\
& + \left(2B_{550} - 2F_{470} + \frac{14}{5} B_{551} - \frac{14}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} v_{k,m} + \left(-B_{11} + F_{11} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} v_{i,k} \\
& + \left(-2D_{550} + 4F_{480} - 2F_{440} + \frac{6}{5} D_{551} + \frac{6}{5} F_{441} - \frac{12}{5} F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(4)} w_{k,j} \\
& + \left(-2D_{550} - 2F_{440} + 4F_{480} - \frac{4}{5} D_{551} - \frac{4}{5} F_{441} + \frac{8}{5} F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(4)} w_{i,k} \\
& + \left(-4D_{550} + 8F_{480} - 4F_{440} - \frac{18}{5} D_{551} - \frac{18}{5} F_{441} + \frac{36}{5} F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(D_{L11} - 2F_{L22} + F_{L33} + 2A_{550} + 2F_{550} - 4F_{570} - \frac{2}{15} A_{551} + \frac{2}{5} F_{461} - \frac{8}{15} F_{551} + \frac{8}{15} F_{571} - \frac{2}{5} F_{681} \right. \\
& - A_{552} - \frac{1}{4} F_{552} + F_{572} \Big) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,j} + \left(D_{11} + F_{33} - 2F_{22} + 2A_{550} + 2F_{550} - 4F_{570} \right. \\
& + \frac{8}{15} A_{551} + \frac{2}{5} F_{461} + \frac{32}{15} F_{551} - \frac{32}{15} F_{571} - \frac{2}{5} F_{681} + A_{552} + \frac{1}{4} F_{552} - F_{572} \Big) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} w_{i,k} \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} + 2F_{480} + \frac{6}{5} F_{441} - \frac{6}{5} F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} \phi_{1k,j} + \left(-2F_{440} + 2F_{480} - \frac{4}{5} F_{441} + \frac{4}{5} F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,m} \\
& + \left(-F_{L22} + F_{L33} + 2F_{550} - 2F_{570} + \frac{2}{5} F_{461} - \frac{8}{15} F_{551} + \frac{4}{15} F_{571} - \frac{2}{5} F_{681} - \frac{1}{4} F_{552} + \frac{1}{2} F_{572} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,j} \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} + 2F_{480} - \frac{4}{5} F_{441} + \frac{4}{5} F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} \phi_{2i,k} + \left(-2F_{440} + 2F_{480} - \frac{14}{5} F_{441} + \frac{14}{5} F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{2k,m} \\
& + \left(-F_{22} + F_{33} + 2F_{550} - 2F_{570} + \frac{2}{5} F_{461} + \frac{32}{15} F_{551} - \frac{16}{15} F_{571} - \frac{2}{5} F_{681} + \frac{1}{4} F_{552} - \frac{1}{2} F_{572} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} \phi_{2i,k}
\end{aligned}$$

$$+\left(B_{T11}-F_{T11}\right)\Delta T_{i,j}\Big)n_{x_2}=0, \quad (144)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,j} = 0 \quad \text{veya} \\
& \left(\left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}B_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} u_{k,j} + \left(+\frac{2}{5}B_{551} - \frac{2}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} u_{i,k} \right. \\
& + \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} + \frac{4}{5}B_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{k,m} \\
& + \left(2D_{550} + 2F_{440} - 4F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}D_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} - \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} w_{k,j} \\
& + \left(2D_{550} + 2F_{440} - 4F_{480} - \frac{6}{5}D_{551} - \frac{6}{5}F_{441} + \frac{12}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{5}F_{461} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,j} \\
& + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} - \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{1k,j} + \left(-\frac{2}{5}F_{441} + \frac{2}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{1i,k} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{5}F_{461} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} \right) \phi_{1i,j} + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} + \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{2k,m} \Big) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(\left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} - \frac{16}{5}B_{551} + \frac{16}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,m} \right. \\
& + \left(-\frac{8}{5}B_{551} + \frac{8}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} v_{k,j} + \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} + \frac{6}{5}B_{551} - \frac{6}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} v_{i,k} \\
& + \left(2D_{550} + 2F_{440} - 4F_{480} - \frac{6}{5}D_{551} - \frac{6}{5}F_{441} + \frac{12}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} w_{i,k} \\
& + \left(2D_{550} + 2F_{440} - 4F_{480} + \frac{24}{5}D_{551} + \frac{24}{5}F_{441} - \frac{48}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{5}F_{461} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} w_{i,k} \\
& + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{16}{5}F_{441} - \frac{16}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,m} + \left(\frac{8}{5}F_{441} - \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{2k,j} \\
& + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} - \frac{6}{5}F_{441} + \frac{6}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{2i,k} + \left(-\frac{2}{5}F_{461} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} \right) \phi_{2i,j} \Big) n_{x_2} = 0, \quad (145)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} w_{i,k} = 0 \quad \text{veya} \\
& \left(\left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} + \frac{6}{5}B_{551} - \frac{6}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} u_{k,j} + \left(-\frac{8}{5}B_{551} + \frac{8}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} u_{i,k} \right. \\
& + \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} - \frac{16}{5}B_{551} + \frac{16}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{k,m} \\
& + \left(2D_{550} + 2F_{440} - 4F_{480} - \frac{6}{5}D_{551} - \frac{6}{5}F_{441} + \frac{12}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} w_{k,j} \\
& + \left(2D_{550} + 2F_{440} - 4F_{480} + \frac{24}{5}D_{551} + \frac{24}{5}F_{441} - \frac{48}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{5}F_{461} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,j} \\
& + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} - \frac{6}{5}F_{441} + \frac{6}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{1k,j} + \left(\frac{8}{5}F_{441} - \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{1i,k} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{5}F_{461} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} \right) \phi_{1i,j} + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{16}{5}F_{441} - \frac{16}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{2k,m} \Big) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(\left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} + \frac{4}{5}B_{551} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,m} \right. \\
& + \left(\frac{2}{5}B_{551} - \frac{2}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} v_{k,j} + \left(-2B_{550} + 2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}B_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} v_{i,k} \\
& + \left(2D_{550} + 2F_{440} - 4F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}D_{551} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} - \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} w_{i,k} \\
& + \left(2D_{550} + 2F_{440} - 4F_{480} - \frac{6}{5}D_{551} - \frac{6}{5}F_{441} + \frac{12}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{5}F_{461} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} w_{i,k} \\
& + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} + \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,m} + \left(-\frac{2}{5}F_{441} + \frac{2}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{2k,j} \\
& + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} - \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{2i,k} + \left(-\frac{2}{5}F_{461} + \frac{2}{5}F_{681} \right) \phi_{2i,j} \Big) n_{x_2} = 0, \tag{146}
\end{aligned}$$

$\phi_{1i,j} = 0$ veya

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} u_{k,j} + \left(-F_{470} - \frac{2}{3}F_{471} - \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,m} + F_{11} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,j} \\
& + \left(-2F_{470} + \frac{4}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} v_{k,m} + \left(-F_{470} + \frac{2}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} v_{i,k} + F_{L11} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} v_{i,k} \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} + 2F_{480} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} + \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(4)} w_{k,j} + \left(-F_{440} + F_{480} + \frac{2}{5}F_{441} - \frac{2}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(4)} w_{i,k} \\
& + \left(-3F_{440} + 3F_{480} - \frac{2}{5}F_{441} + \frac{2}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-F_{22} + F_{33} + 2F_{550} - 2F_{570} + \frac{2}{5}F_{461} + \frac{32}{15}F_{551} - \frac{16}{15}F_{571} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} - \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,j} \\
& + \left(-F_{L22} + F_{L33} + 2F_{550} - 2F_{570} + \frac{2}{15}F_{461} - \frac{8}{15}F_{551} + \frac{4}{15}F_{571} - \frac{1}{8}F_{462} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} + \frac{1}{2}F_{572} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} w_{i,k} \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} \phi_{1k,j} + \left(-F_{440} - \frac{2}{3}F_{441} - \frac{1}{8}F_{442} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,m} \\
& + \left(F_{33} + 2F_{550} + \frac{2}{5}F_{461} + \frac{32}{15}F_{551} + \frac{1}{4}F_{552} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,j} \\
& + \left(-F_{440} + \frac{2}{5}F_{441} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} \phi_{2i,k} + \left(-2F_{440} + \frac{4}{15}F_{441} + \frac{1}{8}F_{442} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{2k,m} \\
& + \left(F_{L33} + 2F_{550} + \frac{2}{15}F_{461} - \frac{8}{15}F_{551} - \frac{1}{8}F_{462} - \frac{1}{4}F_{552} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} \phi_{2i,k} - F_{T11} \Delta T_{i,j} \Bigg) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(\left(-\frac{8}{15}F_{471} - \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} u_{i,k} + \left(-F_{470} - \frac{2}{3}F_{471} - \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} u_{k,m} + F_{47} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} u_{i,k} \right. \\
& \left. + \left(-\frac{8}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} v_{k,j} + \left(-F_{470} - \frac{2}{3}F_{471} + \frac{1}{4}F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{k,m} + F_{47} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{k,j} \right. \\
& \left. + \left(-F_{440} + F_{480} - \frac{6}{5}F_{441} + \frac{6}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} w_{k,m} + \left(-F_{440} + F_{480} - \frac{6}{5}F_{441} + \frac{6}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(3)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} \right. \\
& \left. + \left(2F_{44} - 2F_{48} + \frac{4}{15}F_{461} + \frac{8}{3}F_{551} - \frac{4}{3}F_{571} + \frac{1}{8}F_{462} + \frac{1}{2}F_{552} - F_{572} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} \right. \\
& \left. + \left(-\frac{8}{15}F_{441} - \frac{1}{4}F_{442} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} \phi_{1i,k} + \left(-F_{440} - \frac{2}{3}F_{441} - \frac{1}{8}F_{442} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{1k,m} \right. \\
& \left. + \left(F_{44} + \frac{2}{15}F_{461} + \frac{4}{3}F_{551} + \frac{1}{4}F_{462} + F_{552} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} \phi_{1i,k} + \left(-\frac{8}{15}F_{441} + \frac{1}{8}F_{442} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} \phi_{2k,j} \right. \\
& \left. + \left(-F_{440} - \frac{2}{3}F_{441} + \frac{1}{4}F_{442} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{2k,m} + \left(F_{44} + \frac{2}{15}F_{461} + \frac{4}{3}F_{551} - \frac{1}{8}F_{462} - \frac{1}{2}F_{552} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{2k,j} \right) n_{x_2} = 0, \tag{147}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,j} = 0 \quad \text{veya} \\
& \left(\left(2F_{470} + \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} u_{k,j} - \frac{2}{5}F_{471} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} u_{i,k} + \left(2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{k,m} \right. \\
& + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} - \frac{4}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} w_{k,j} + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} - \frac{6}{5}F_{441} + \frac{6}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} \\
& - \frac{2}{5}F_{461} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,j} + \left(2F_{440} + \frac{4}{5}F_{441} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{1k,j} - \frac{2}{5}F_{441} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{1i,k} - \frac{2}{5}F_{461} \phi_{1i,j} \\
& + \left. \left(2F_{440} - \frac{4}{5}F_{441} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{2k,m} \right) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(\left(F_{470} + \frac{16}{15}F_{471} + \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,m} + \left(\frac{8}{15}F_{471} - \frac{1}{8}F_{472} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} v_{k,j} \right. \\
& + \left(F_{470} - \frac{2}{5}F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} v_{i,k} + \left(F_{440} - F_{480} - \frac{2}{5}F_{441} + \frac{2}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} w_{i,k} \\
& + \left(F_{440} - F_{480} + \frac{8}{5}F_{441} - \frac{8}{5}F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,m} + \left(-\frac{2}{15}F_{461} + \frac{1}{8}F_{462} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} w_{i,k} \\
& + \left(F_{440} + \frac{16}{15}F_{441} + \frac{1}{8}F_{442} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,m} + \left(\frac{8}{15}F_{441} - \frac{1}{8}F_{442} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{2k,j} \\
& + \left. \left(F_{440} - \frac{2}{5}F_{441} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{2i,k} + \left(-\frac{2}{15}F_{461} + \frac{1}{8}F_{462} \right) \phi_{2i,j} \right) n_{x_2} = 0, \tag{148}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{1i,k} = 0 \quad \text{veya}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\left(F_{470} + \frac{16}{15} F_{471} + \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,m} + \left(\frac{8}{15} F_{471} - \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} v_{k,j} + \left(F_{470} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} v_{i,k} \right. \\
& + \left(F_{440} - F_{480} + \frac{8}{5} F_{441} - \frac{8}{5} F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,m} + \left(F_{440} - F_{480} - \frac{2}{5} F_{441} + \frac{2}{5} F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} w_{i,k} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{461} + \frac{1}{8} F_{462} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} w_{i,k} + \left(F_{440} + \frac{16}{15} F_{441} + \frac{1}{8} F_{442} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,m} \\
& + \left(\frac{8}{15} F_{441} - \frac{1}{8} F_{442} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{2k,j} + \left(F_{440} - \frac{2}{5} F_{441} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{2i,k} + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{461} + \frac{1}{8} F_{462} \right) \phi_{2i,j} \Big) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{5} F_{471} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} u_{k,j} + \left(\frac{8}{15} F_{471} + \frac{1}{4} F_{472} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} u_{i,k} + \left(\frac{16}{15} F_{471} - \frac{1}{4} F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{k,m} \right. \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{5} F_{441} + \frac{2}{5} F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} w_{k,j} + \left(\frac{8}{5} F_{441} - \frac{8}{5} F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{461} - \frac{1}{4} F_{462} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,j} - \frac{2}{5} F_{441} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{1k,j} + \left(\frac{8}{15} F_{441} + \frac{1}{4} F_{442} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{1i,k} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{461} - \frac{1}{4} F_{462} \right) \phi_{1i,j} \\
& \left. + \left(\frac{16}{15} F_{441} - \frac{1}{4} F_{442} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{2k,m} \right) n_{x_2} = 0, \tag{149}
\end{aligned}$$

$\phi_{2i,j} = 0$ veya

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\left(-\frac{8}{15} F_{471} + \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} u_{i,k} + \left(-F_{470} - \frac{2}{3} F_{471} + \frac{1}{4} F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} u_{k,m} + F_{47} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} u_{i,k} \right. \\
& + \left(-\frac{8}{15} F_{471} - \frac{1}{4} F_{472} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} v_{k,j} + \left(-F_{470} - \frac{2}{3} F_{471} - \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{k,m} + F_{47} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{k,j} \\
& + \left(-F_{440} + F_{480} - \frac{6}{5} F_{441} + \frac{6}{5} F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(3)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} + \left(-F_{440} + F_{480} - \frac{6}{5} F_{441} + \frac{6}{5} F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(2F_{44} - 2F_{48} + \frac{4}{15} F_{461} + \frac{8}{3} F_{551} - \frac{4}{3} F_{571} + \frac{1}{8} F_{462} + \frac{1}{2} F_{552} - F_{572} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-\frac{8}{15} F_{441} + \frac{1}{8} F_{442} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} \phi_{1i,k} + \left(-F_{440} - \frac{2}{3} F_{441} + \frac{1}{4} F_{442} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{1k,m} \\
& + \left(F_{44} + \frac{2}{15} F_{461} + \frac{4}{3} F_{551} - \frac{1}{8} F_{462} - \frac{1}{2} F_{552} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} \phi_{1i,k} + \left(-\frac{8}{15} F_{441} - \frac{1}{4} F_{442} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} \phi_{2k,j} \\
& + \left(-F_{440} - \frac{2}{3} F_{441} - \frac{1}{8} F_{442} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{2k,m} + \left(F_{44} + \frac{2}{15} F_{461} + \frac{4}{3} F_{551} + \frac{1}{4} F_{462} + F_{552} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{2k,j} \Bigg) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(\left(-2F_{470} + \frac{4}{15} F_{471} + \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,m} + \left(-F_{470} + \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} u_{k,j} + F_{L11} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,j} \right. \\
& + \left(-2F_{470} - \frac{4}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} v_{i,k} + \left(-F_{470} - \frac{2}{3} F_{471} - \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} v_{k,m} + F_{11} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} v_{i,k} \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} + 2F_{480} - \frac{4}{5} F_{441} + \frac{4}{5} F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(4)} w_{i,k} + \left(-3F_{440} + 3F_{480} - \frac{2}{5} F_{441} + \frac{2}{5} F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-F_{440} + F_{480} + \frac{2}{5} F_{441} - \frac{2}{5} F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(4)} w_{k,j} \\
& + \left(-F_{22} + F_{33} + 2F_{550} - 2F_{570} + \frac{2}{5} F_{461} + \frac{32}{15} F_{551} - \frac{16}{15} F_{571} + \frac{1}{4} F_{552} - \frac{1}{2} F_{572} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} w_{i,k} \\
& + \left(-F_{L22} + F_{L33} + 2F_{550} - 2F_{570} + \frac{2}{15} F_{461} - \frac{8}{15} F_{551} + \frac{4}{15} F_{571} - \frac{1}{8} F_{462} - \frac{1}{4} F_{552} + \frac{1}{2} F_{572} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,j} \\
& + \left(-F_{440} + \frac{2}{5} F_{441} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} \phi_{1k,j} + \left(-2F_{440} + \frac{4}{15} F_{441} + \frac{1}{8} F_{442} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,m} \\
& + \left(F_{L33} + 2F_{550} + \frac{2}{15} F_{461} - \frac{8}{15} F_{551} - \frac{1}{8} F_{462} - \frac{1}{4} F_{552} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,j} \\
& + \left(-2F_{440} - \frac{4}{5} F_{441} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} \phi_{2i,k} + \left(-F_{440} - \frac{2}{3} F_{441} - \frac{1}{8} F_{442} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{2k,m} \\
& + \left(F_{33} + 2F_{550} + \frac{2}{5} F_{461} + \frac{32}{15} F_{551} + \frac{1}{4} F_{552} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} \phi_{2i,k} - F_{T11} \Delta T_{i,j} \Bigg) n_{x_2} = 0,
\end{aligned}$$

(150)

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{2k,j} = 0 \quad \text{veya} \\
& \left(\left(\frac{16}{15} F_{471} - \frac{1}{4} F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,m} + \left(\frac{8}{15} F_{471} + \frac{1}{4} F_{472} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} v_{k,j} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} v_{i,k} \right. \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{5} F_{441} + \frac{2}{5} F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} w_{i,k} + \left(\frac{8}{5} F_{441} - \frac{8}{5} F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,m} + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{461} - \frac{1}{4} F_{462} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} w_{i,k} \\
& + \left(\frac{16}{15} F_{441} - \frac{1}{4} F_{442} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,m} \\
& + \left(\frac{8}{15} F_{441} + \frac{1}{4} F_{442} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{2k,j} - \frac{2}{5} F_{441} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{2i,k} + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{461} - \frac{1}{4} F_{462} \right) \phi_{2i,j} \Big) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(\left(F_{470} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} u_{k,j} + \left(\frac{8}{15} F_{471} - \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} u_{i,k} + \left(F_{470} + \frac{16}{15} F_{471} + \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{k,m} \right. \\
& + \left(F_{440} - F_{480} - \frac{2}{5} F_{441} + \frac{2}{5} F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} w_{k,j} + \left(F_{440} - F_{480} + \frac{8}{5} F_{441} - \frac{8}{5} F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{461} + \frac{1}{8} F_{462} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,j} + \left(F_{440} - \frac{2}{5} F_{441} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{1k,j} + \left(\frac{8}{15} F_{441} - \frac{1}{8} F_{442} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{1i,k} \\
& \left. + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{461} + \frac{1}{8} F_{462} \right) \phi_{1i,j} + \left(F_{440} + \frac{16}{15} F_{441} + \frac{1}{8} F_{442} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{2k,m} \right) n_{x_2} = 0,
\end{aligned}$$

(151)

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} \phi_{2i,k} = 0 \quad \text{veya} \\
& \left(\left(F_{470} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} u_{k,j} + \left(\frac{8}{15} F_{471} - \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} u_{i,k} + \left(F_{470} + \frac{16}{15} F_{471} + \frac{1}{8} F_{472} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{k,m} \right. \\
& + \left(F_{440} - F_{480} - \frac{2}{5} F_{441} + \frac{2}{5} F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(3)} w_{k,j} + \left(F_{440} - F_{480} + \frac{8}{5} F_{441} - \frac{8}{5} F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{461} + \frac{1}{8} F_{462} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,j} + \left(F_{440} - \frac{2}{5} F_{441} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{1k,j} + \left(\frac{8}{15} F_{441} - \frac{1}{8} F_{442} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{1i,k} \\
& + \left(-\frac{2}{15} F_{461} + \frac{1}{8} F_{462} \right) \phi_{1i,j} + \left(F_{440} + \frac{16}{15} F_{441} + \frac{1}{8} F_{442} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{2k,m} \Big) n_{x_1} \\
& + \left(\left(2F_{470} - \frac{4}{15} F_{471} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{k,m} - \frac{2}{5} F_{471} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} v_{k,j} + \left(2F_{470} + \frac{4}{5} F_{471} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} v_{i,k} \right. \\
& + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} + \frac{4}{5} F_{441} - \frac{4}{5} F_{481} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(3)} w_{i,k} + \left(2F_{440} - 2F_{480} - \frac{6}{5} F_{441} + \frac{6}{5} F_{481} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,m} \\
& - \frac{2}{5} F_{461} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(1)} w_{i,k} + \left(2F_{440} - \frac{4}{5} F_{441} \right) \sum_{m=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{1k,m} \\
& \left. - \frac{2}{5} F_{441} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_1}} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{2k,j} + \left(2F_{440} + \frac{4}{5} F_{441} \right) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{x_2}} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{2i,k} - \frac{2}{5} F_{461} \phi_{2i,j} \right) n_{x_2} = 0. \tag{152}
\end{aligned}$$

5. SAYISAL ÇÖZÜM YÖNTEMLERİ

Diferansiyel kare yapma metodu uygulanırken, dikdörtgen mikro-plak düzlemi Şekil 2'de gösterildiği gibi alanlara bölünmektedir. Burada N_{x_1} ve N_{x_2} sırasıyla x_1 ve x_2 yönlerindeki nokta sayılarıdır. Şekilde (i,j) ile belirlenen genel bir p noktası $(i-1) \times N_{x_2} + j$ olarak numaralandırılmıştır. Toplam nokta sayısı $N_{x_1} \times N_{x_2}$ olarak ifade edilmektedir. Genel formülasyonda her düğümde 5 bilinmeyen bulunmaktadır. Bu bilinmeyenler u, v, w, ϕ_1, ϕ_2 ile gösterilmiştir. Bilinmeyen yerdeğiştirme vektörü \mathbf{d} aşağıdaki gibi tanımlanmıştır:

$$\mathbf{d} = \left\{ \begin{matrix} \{u_p\}^T, & \{v_p\}^T, & \{w_p\}^T, & \{\phi_{1p}\}^T, & \{\phi_{2p}\}^T \end{matrix} \right\}^T, \quad p = 1, 2, \dots, N_{x_1} \times N_{x_2} \text{ için.} \quad (153)$$

$\{u_p\}, \{v_p\}, \{w_p\}, \{\phi_{1p}\}, \{\phi_{2p}\}$ sırasıyla u, v, w, ϕ_1, ϕ_2 bilinmeyenlerini içeren vektörlerdir. Örneğin $\{w_p\}$

$$\{w_p\}^T = \begin{bmatrix} w_{1,1} \\ \vdots \\ w_{1,N_{x_2}} \\ w_{2,1} \\ \vdots \\ w_{2,N_{x_2}} \\ \vdots \\ w_{N_{x_1},1} \\ \vdots \\ w_{N_{x_1},N_{x_2}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} w_1 \\ \vdots \\ w_{N_{x_2}} \\ w_{N_{x_2}+1} \\ \vdots \\ w_{2N_{x_2}} \\ \vdots \\ w_{(N_{x_1}-1)N_{x_2}+1} \\ \vdots \\ w_{N_{x_1}N_{x_2}} \end{bmatrix}, \quad p = 1, 2, \dots, N_{x_1} \times N_{x_2} \text{ için,} \quad (154)$$

formundadır. Yüksek derece plak ve Mindlin plak teorileri için denklem (153)'deki yerdeğiştirme vektörünün boyutu $5 \times N_{x_1} \times N_{x_2}$ 'dir. Ancak Kirchhoff plak teorisinde ϕ_1 ve ϕ_2 mevcut değildir ve dolayısıyla denklem sayısı ve yerdeğiştirme vektörünün boyutu $3 \times N_{x_1} \times N_{x_2}$ 'dir. Yukarıdaki vektörler ve numaralandırma metodu kullanılarak seri formunda olan hareket denklemleri ve sınır koşulları matris şeklinde ifade edilebilir. Sınırdaki noktalar

için ($i = 1$ veya $j = 1$ veya $i = N_{x_1}$ veya $j = N_{x_2}$) türetilmiş olan sınır koşulları uygulanmalıdır. Bir değişken için birden fazla sınır koşulu varsa, sınırдан bir sonraki noktalar ($i = 2$ veya $j = 2$ veya $i = N_{x_1} - 1$ veya $j = N_{x_2} - 1$) için hareket denklemi yerine bu ekstra sınır şartının yazılması gerekmektedir.

5.1. Statik Eğilme

Statik eğilme probleminde, diferansiyel denklemelerde zamana bağlı kısmi türevler sıfır olarak alınmaktadır. Bu işleminden sonra, denklemelerin seri formu kullanılarak, hareket denklemeleri aşağıdaki gibi ifade edilmiştir:

$$\mathbf{D}_b \mathbf{d}^e + \mathbf{D}_d \mathbf{d}^i + \mathbf{Q} = 0. \quad (155)$$

Burada \mathbf{d}^e ve \mathbf{d}^i sırasıyla kenar ve iç noktaların yerdeğiştirme vektörüdür. \mathbf{D}_b ve \mathbf{D}_d sırasıyla kenar ve iç noktaların katsayı matrisleridir; ve \mathbf{Q} yayılı yük vektörünü temsil etmektedir. Sınır koşulları ise

$$\mathbf{B}_b \mathbf{d}^e + \mathbf{B}_d \mathbf{d}^i = 0, \quad (156)$$

formunda yazılmıştır. \mathbf{B}_b ve \mathbf{B}_d katsayı matrisleri sırasıyla kenar ve iç noktalara göre elde edilirler. Son olarak denklem (156) kullanılarak aşağıdaki lineer denklem sistemi elde edilmiştir:

$$\mathbf{K} \mathbf{d}^i + \mathbf{Q} = 0. \quad (157)$$

Burada direngenlik matrisi \mathbf{K}

$$\mathbf{K} = -\mathbf{D}_b \mathbf{B}_b^{-1} \mathbf{B}_d + \mathbf{D}_d, \quad (158)$$

olarak yazılır.

5.2. Serbest Titreşim

Serbest titreşim probleminde mikro-plaşa uygulanan tüm dış kuvvetler sıfırdır. Bu durumda dinamik yerdeğiştirme vektörü aşağıdaki gibi tanımlanabilir:

$$\mathbf{d} = \mathbf{d}^* e^{i\omega t}. \quad (159)$$

Bu denklemde ω doğal frekansı temsil etmekte; \mathbf{d}^* ise titreşim mod şeklini göstermektedir ve aşağıdaki gibi ifade edilir:

$$\mathbf{d}^* = \left\{ \begin{matrix} \{u_p^*\}^T, & \{v_p^*\}^T, & \{w_p^*\}^T, & \{\phi_{1p}^*\}^T, & \{\phi_{2p}^*\}^T \end{matrix} \right\}^T, \quad p = 1, 2, \dots, N_{x_1} \times N_{x_2} \text{ için.} \quad (160)$$

Denklem (159)'daki dinamik yerdeğiştirme vektörü hareket denklemlerinde kullanılarak

$$\mathbf{D}_b \mathbf{d}^{*e} + \mathbf{D}_d \mathbf{d}^{*i} - \omega^2 \mathbf{M} \mathbf{d}^{*i} = \mathbf{0}, \quad (161)$$

formunda bir denklem sistemi bulunmuştur. Bu denklemde mod şekli \mathbf{d}^* kenar ve iç noktalar için sırasıyla \mathbf{d}^{*e} ve \mathbf{d}^{*i} alt vektörlerine ayrılmıştır. \mathbf{D}_b ve \mathbf{D}_d kenar ve iç noktaların katsayı matrisleridir; ve \mathbf{M} atalet terimlerinden türetilen kütle matrisidir. Benzer biçimde sınır koşulları

$$\mathbf{B}_b \mathbf{d}^{*e} + \mathbf{B}_d \mathbf{d}^{*i} = \mathbf{0}, \quad (162)$$

şeklinde ifade edilir. \mathbf{B}_b ve \mathbf{B}_d statik eğilme problemindeki gibi tanımlanmıştır. (161) ve (162) numaralı denklemler kullanılarak mikro-plaşının serbest titreşimini temsil eden özdeğer problemi

$$\{\mathbf{K} - \omega^2 \mathbf{M}\} \mathbf{d}^{*i} = \mathbf{0}, \quad (163)$$

formunda türetilmiştir. Direngenlik matrisi \mathbf{K} denklem (158) kullanılarak hesaplanmaktadır. Doğal frekanslar ve mod şekilleri denklem (163) çözüleerek bulunmaktadır. Bu çözümden elde edilen frekans beş yerdeğiştirme modundan herhangi birine ait olabilir. Bu titreşim biçimleri u ve v için eksenel yerdeğiştirme, w için enine yerdeğiştirme ve ϕ_1 ve ϕ_2 için dönme olarak

tanımlanmaktadır. Hesaplanan doğal frekansların yerdeğiştirme modları, mod şekilleri incelenerek belirlenmiştir.

5.3. Burkulma

Burkulma probleminde diferansiyel denklemlerde zaman cinsinden kısmi türevler sıfırdır ve dış yük olarak sadece x_1 ve x_2 yönlerindeki düzlem içi basma kuvvetleri P_{x_1} ve P_{x_2} uygulanır. Burkulma problemini matris formunda ifade ederken serbest titreşim probleminde uygulanan prosedüre benzer bir prosedür takip edilmiştir. Kütle matrisi \mathbf{M} yerine $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2}$ ve $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2}$ terimlerinden elde edilen katsayı matrisi \mathbf{X} kullanılmıştır. Böylece mikro-plağın burkulmasını temsil eden özdeğer problemi şu formda elde edilmiştir:

$$\{\mathbf{K} - P\mathbf{X}\} \mathbf{d}_b^{*i} = \mathbf{0}. \quad (164)$$

Bu eşitlikte P kritik burkulma kuvvetini, \mathbf{d}_b^{*i} ise mod şeklini simgelemektedir.

5.4. Termal Etkiler

Micro-plakaların termal yük altında mekanik davranışları mesnet türüne göre iki farklı grupta incelenebilir: Yanal yönde kısıtlı olmayan (hareket eden) ve yanal yönde kısıtlı olan (hareket etmeyen) mikro-plaklar. Hesaplamlarda sıcaklığın sadece kalınlık koordinatı boyunca değiştiği varsayılmıştır. Termal yükler altında olan bir mikro-plağın serbest titreşim analizinden önce sıcaklık değişiminden dolayı oluşan başlangıç düzlem içi termal yüklerin ($P_{x_1}^0$, $P_{x_2}^0$ ve $P_{x_1 x_2}^0$) belirlenmesi gerekmektedir. Bu kuvvetler statik termal eğilme probleminden elde edilir. Statik termal probleminin çözümünde atalet terimleri ve düzlem içi termal ve mekanik yükler gibi kuvvetler göz önüne alınmaz. Bu problemden hesaplanan yerdeğiştirmeler, M_{11}^0 , M_{22}^0 ve M_{12}^0 ifadelerinde yerlerine konulduklarımda sırasıyla $P_{x_1}^0$, $P_{x_2}^0$ ve $P_{x_1 x_2}^0$ 'i vermektedir.

Yanal kısıtlaması olmayan mikro-plakalarda kenarların serbestçe hareket edebilmesinden dolayı termal yüklerin bir kısmı termal gerinimin oluşmasına yol açmaktadır. Yanal hareketleri

kısıtlı olan mikro-plaklarda ise, sıcaklık değişiminden dolayı başlangıç yerdeğiştirme oluşmamaktadır. Dolayısıyla düzlem içi kuvvetler aşağıdaki gibi elde edilir (Ansari vd., 2013; Javaheri ve Eslami, 2002):

$$P_{x_1}^0 = P_{x_2}^0 = - \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \frac{E(x_3) \alpha(x_3) \Delta T(x_3)}{1 - \nu(x_3)} dx_3, \quad P_{x_1 x_2}^0 = 0. \quad (165)$$

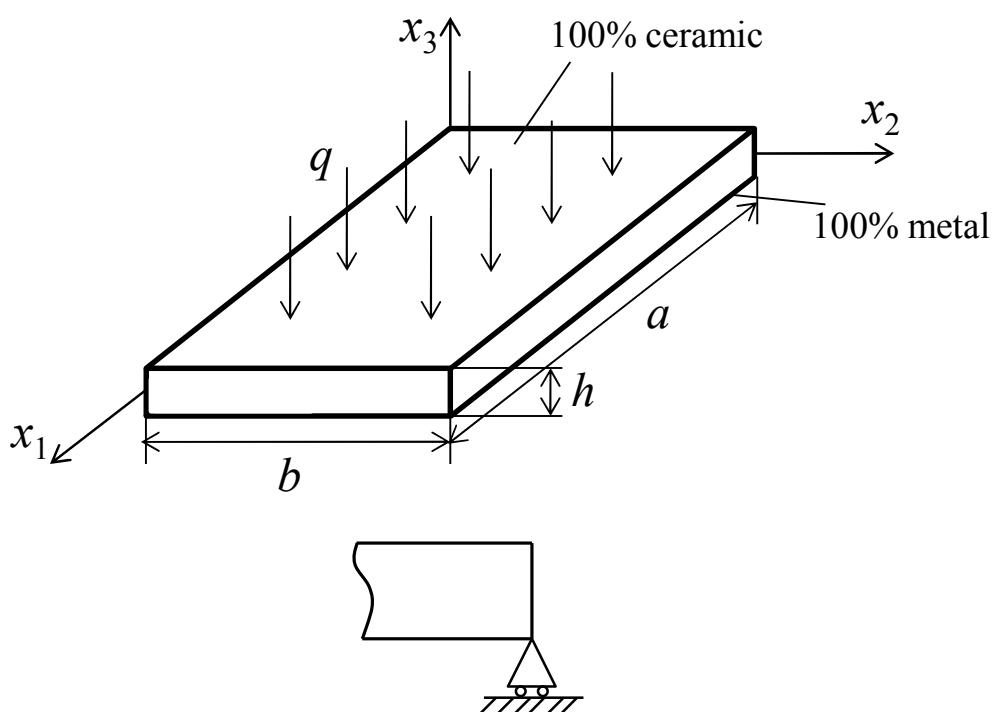
Düzgün sıcaklık değişimi uygulanması durumunda ΔT sabittir. Isı iletimi göz önüne alındığı takdirde is sıcaklık farkı

$$\Delta T(x_3) = \frac{(\Delta T_c - \Delta T_m)}{\int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \frac{dx_3}{K(x_3)}} \int_{-h/2}^{x_3} \frac{dx_3}{K(x_3)} + \Delta T_m. \quad (166)$$

integrali ile hesaplanır. Bu denklemde K malzemenin ısıt iletkenliğini simgelemektedir. c ve m alt indisleri sırasıyla seramik ve metal fazlarını göstermektedir. Düzlem içi termal yükler diğer düzlem içi kuvvetler, P_{x_1} ve P_{x_2} , ile toplanarak formülasyona girilmektedir. Bu durumda kritik burkulma kuvveti, serbest titreşim doğal frekansları, ve düzgün yayılı kuvvetin altında statik eğilme sonuçları etkilenmektedir.

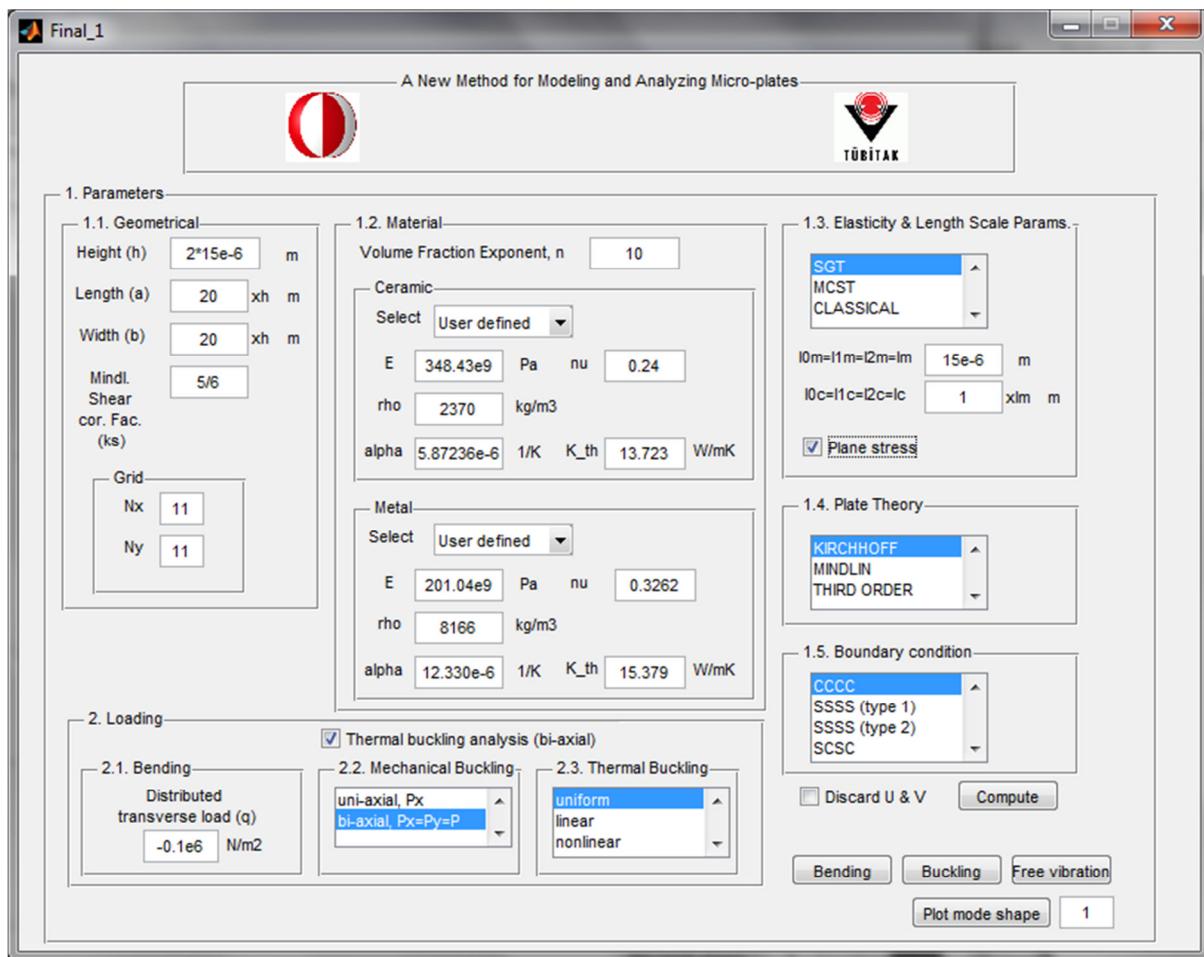
6. SAYISAL SONUÇLAR

Sayısal analizlerde göz önüne alınan dikdörtgen FDM mikro-plak konfigürasyonu ve basit mesnet geometrisi Şekil 3'de gösterilmektedir. Mikro-plağın dört kenarının da basit mesnetle desteklendiği varsayılmıştır. Statik eğilme probleminde plak şekilde q ile gösterilen düzgün yayılı yük ile yüklenmektedir. Serbest titreşim ve burkulma analizlerinde bu tür bir yükleme bulunmamaktadır.



Şekil 3. FDM dikdörtgen mikro-plak ve basit mesnet geometrisi.

Geliştirilen sayısal çözüm teknikleri MATLAB adlı yazılım içersine entegre edilmiş ve sayısal sonuçları hesaplamakta kullanılan genel bir bilgisayar programı geliştirilmiştir. Geliştirilen MATLAB programı kullanıcı arayüzü Şekil 4'de gösterilmektedir. Bu arayüz ile kullanıcı yapılacak olan analiz ile ilgili olarak istenilen seçimleri yapabilmektedir.



Şekil 4. MATLAB ile hazırlanan grafiksel kullanıcı arayüzü.

Yürüttüğümüz sayısal parametrik analizler iki ana bölümden oluşmaktadır. Öncelikle geliştirilen yöntemlerin doğrulamasını yapabilmek için literatürde bulunan verilerle MATLAB programı aracılığı ile hesapladığımız sonuçlar arasında karşılaştırmalar yapılmıştır. Bu karşılaştırmalar 6.1 numaralı bölümde sunulmaktadır. 6.2 numaralı bölümde ise çalışmamız kapsamında elde ettiğimiz yeni sayısal sonuçlara yer verilmektedir.

6.1. Model Doğrulama Çalışmaları

6.1.1. Statik Eğilme

Statik eğilme için yaptığımız model doğrulama çalışmasında Thai ve Choi (2013) tarafından verilen sonuçlar baz alınmıştır. Bu makaledeki sonuçlar modifiye edilmiş kuvvet çifti teorisi kullanılarak üretilmiştir. Bu durumda raporda da degenildiği gibi malzemenin tek bir uzunluk ölçüği parametresi bulunmaktadır. Bu parametre l ile gösterilmektedir. Çalışmamız kapsamında FDM bir mikro-plak için düzgün yükleme altında elde edilen boyutsuz orta nokta yerdeğiştirmeleri ile Thai ve Choi (2013) tarafından sunulan sonuçların karşılaştırmaları Tablo 1 ve 2'de sunulmuştur. Bu tablolarda verilen sonuçlar üretilirken Şekil 3'de gösterilen mesnet tipi kullanılmıştır. Tablo 1 değerleri Kirchhoff plak teorisine göre, Tablo 2'deki değerler ise Mindlin plak teorisine göre bulunmuştur.

Tablo 1. Boyutsuz orta nokta yerdeğiştirmesi \bar{w} , 13×13 ağ boyutu.

a/h	l/h	$n=0$		$n=10$	
		Thai ve Choi (2013)	Bu çalışma	Thai ve Choi (2013)	Bu çalışma
5	0	0.4171	0.4171	2.0905	2.0904
	0.2	0.3631	0.3631	1.8409	1.8408
	0.4	0.2615	0.2615	1.3553	1.3553
	0.6	0.1783	0.1783	0.9415	0.9415
	0.8	0.1234	0.1234	0.6595	0.6595
	1	0.0884	0.0884	0.4762	0.4762
10	0	0.4171	0.4171	2.0905	2.0904
	0.2	0.3631	0.3631	1.8409	1.8408
	0.4	0.2615	0.2615	1.3553	1.3553
	0.6	0.1783	0.1783	0.9415	0.9415
	0.8	0.1234	0.1234	0.6595	0.6595
	1	0.0884	0.0884	0.4762	0.4762

Tablo 2. Boyutsuz orta nokta yerdeğiştirmesi \bar{w} , 23×23 ağ boyutu.

a/h	l/h	$p=0$		$p=10$	
		Thai ve Choi (2013)	Bu çalışma	Thai ve Choi (2013)	Bu çalışma
5	0	0.5147	0.5147	2.6273	2.6273
	0.2	0.4479	0.4479	2.3127	2.3127
	0.4	0.3250	0.3250	1.7138	1.7138
	0.6	0.2268	0.2268	1.2163	1.2163
	0.8	0.1631	0.1631	0.8841	0.8841
	1	0.1230	0.1230	0.6710	0.6710
10	0	0.4415	0.4415	2.2247	2.2247
	0.2	0.3844	0.3843	1.9593	1.9591
	0.4	0.2775	0.2775	1.4461	1.4461
	0.6	0.1907	0.1907	1.0116	1.0116
	0.8	0.1335	0.1335	0.7171	0.7171
	1	0.0972	0.0972	0.5263	0.5263

Boyutsuz orta nokta yerdeğiştirmesi şu şekilde tanımlanmıştır

$$\bar{w} = w_{\max} \frac{100E_2 h^3}{qa^4}. \quad (167)$$

Bu sayısal sonuçlar üretilirken $h = 17.6 \times 10^{-6}$ m, $b = a$, $q = 1.0$ N/m² olarak alınmıştır.

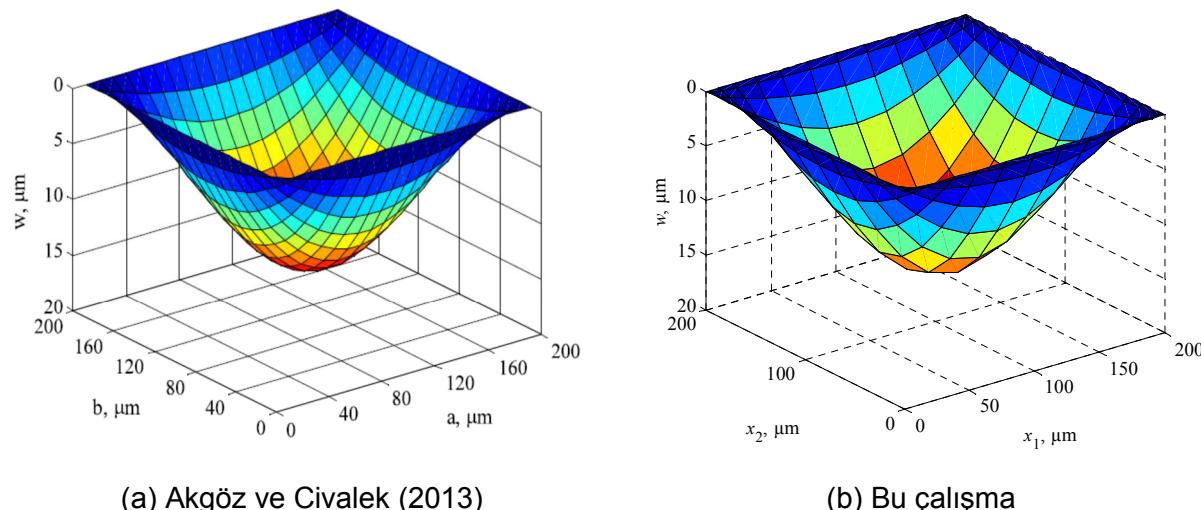
Kalınlık koordinatı boyunca FDM elastisite modülünün şu şekilde değiştiği varsayılmıştır:

$$E(z) = E_2 + (E_1 - E_2) \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{x_3}{h} \right)^n, \quad E_1 = 14.4 \text{ GPa}, \quad E_2 = 1.44 \text{ GPa}. \quad (168)$$

Poisson oranının sabit olduğu kabul edilmiştir ve $\nu = 0.38$ olarak tanımlanmıştır. Tablo 1 ve 2'de verilen sonuçlar incelendiğinde araştırma projemiz kapsamında yapılan çalışmalarda

elde edilen statik eğilme sonuçları ile Thai ve Choi (2013) tarafından verilen sonuçların çok iyi bir uyum içinde olduğu görülmektedir.

Statik eğilme için ikinci doğrulama çalışmasında Akgöz ve Civalek (2013) tarafından verilen sonuçlar kullanılmıştır. Bu makalede yükleme özellikleri ve geometrik özellikler $h = l$, $a/h = 50$, $b = a = 200 \mu\text{m}$, $q = 0.1 \text{ N/m}^2$ şeklinde alınmıştır. Sonuçlar homojen bir mikro-plak için basit mesnet tipi göz önüne alınarak hesaplanmıştır. Malzeme olarak ise homojen epoksi ele alınmıştır. Plak teorisi olarak Kirchhoff plak teorisi kullanılmıştır. Şekil 5'de araştırma projemiz kapsamında hesaplanan mikro-plak deformasyon şekli Akgöz ve Civalek (2013) tarafından verilen sonuçla karşılaştırılmıştır. Bu karşılaştırmada da aradaki uyumun çok iyi olduğu görülmektedir.



Şekil 5. Deform olmuş mikro-plak: (a) Akgöz ve Civalek, (2013); (b) bu çalışma.

6.1.2. Serbest Titreşim

Serbest titreşim için yapılan doğrulamalarda Thai ve Choi (2013) tarafından verilen sonuçlar kullanılmıştır. Bu kapsamda kullanılan malzeme özellikleri ve geometrik özellikler 6.1.1 numaralı bölümde sunulan özellikler ile aynıdır. Bu özelliklere ek olarak FDM mikro-plak yoğunluk değişimi

$$\rho(x_3) = \rho_2 + (\rho_1 - \rho_2) \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{x_3}{h} \right)^n, \quad \rho_1 = 12200 \text{ kg/m}^3, \quad \rho_2 = 12200 \text{ kg/m}^3, \quad (169)$$

eşitlikleri ile tanımlanmıştır. Boyutsuz birinci ve ikinci doğal frekansların karşılaştırmaları Tablo 3 ve 4'de sunulmaktadır. Boyutsuz doğal frekans tanımı

$$\bar{\omega} = \omega \frac{a^2}{h} \sqrt{\frac{\rho_2}{E_2}}, \quad (170)$$

şeklindedir. Tablo 3'de verilen sonuçların hesabında Kirchhoff plak teorisi, Tablo 4'de ise Mindlin plak teorisi kullanılmıştır. Formülasyonda modifiye edilmiş kuvvet çifti gerilmesi teorisi baz alınmıştır.

Tablo 3. Boyutsuz ilk iki doğal frekans $\bar{\omega}$, 17×17 ağ boyutu.

I/h	$n=0$		$n=10$	
	Thai ve Choi (2013)	Bu çalışma	Thai ve Choi (2013)	Bu çalışma
$\bar{\omega}_1$	0	6.1103	6.1103	6.3958
	0.2	6.5491	6.5491	6.8156
	0.4	7.7174	7.7174	7.9431
	0.6	9.3453	9.3453	9.5303
	0.8	11.2349	11.2349	11.3866
	1	13.2749	13.2749	13.4006
$\bar{\omega}_2$	0	15.0936	15.0936	15.7809
	0.2	16.1776	16.1776	16.8169
	0.4	19.0634	19.0634*	19.5989
	0.6	23.0848	23.0848**	23.5151
	0.8	27.7525	27.7525	28.0953
	1	32.7917	32.7917	33.0646

* 19×19 ağ kullanıldı

** 21×21 ağ kullanıldı

Tablo 4. Boyutsuz ilk iki doğal frekans $\bar{\omega}$, 15×15 ağ boyutu.

l/h	$n=0$		$n=10$	
	Thai ve Choi (2013)	Bu çalışma	Thai ve Choi (2013)	Bu çalışma
$\bar{\omega}_1$	0	5.9301	5.9301	6.1903
	0.2	6.3559	6.3559	6.5967
	0.4	7.4807	7.4807	7.6797
	0.6	9.0261	9.0261	9.1829
	0.8	10.7848	10.7848	10.9066
	1	12.6360	12.6360	12.7303
$\bar{\omega}_2$	0	14.0893	14.0893	14.6464
	0.2	15.1064	15.1064	15.6144
	0.4	17.7680	17.7680	18.1705
	0.6	21.3648	21.3648	21.6607
	0.8	25.3657	25.3657	25.5744
	1	29.4588	29.4588	29.6009

Araştırma projemiz kapsamında hesaplanan doğal frekansların Thai ve Choi (2013) tarafından verilen sonuçlarla çok bir iyi uyum içinde olduğu görülmektedir. Bu da serbest titreşim formülasyon ve modelleme yöntemlerimizin doğruluğunu kanıtlamaktadır.

6.1.3. Burkulma

Burkulma konusunda yaptığımız doğrulama çalışmasında Thai ve Choi (2013) tarafından verilen sayısal sonuçlar kullanılmıştır. Kritik burkulma kuvvetleri modifiye edilmiş kuvvet çifti gerilmesi teorisine göre hesaplanmıştır. Hesaplamlarda kullanılan malzeme özellikleri ve geometrik özellikler 6.1.1'de verilen özellikler ile aynıdır. Bu özelliklere ek olarak $a / h = 10$ olarak tanımlanmıştır. FDM mikro-plak için boyutsuz burkulma kuvveti,

$$\bar{P} = \frac{Pa^2}{E_2 h^3}, \quad (171)$$

formundadır. Boyutsuz burkulma kuvveti ile ilgili karşılaştırmalar Tablo 5 ve 6'da sunulmaktadır. Tablo 5'de verilen sonuçlar Kirchhoff plak teorisi ile, Tablo 6 sonuçları ise Mindlin plak teorisi ile hesaplanmıştır. Sunulan sonuçlar farklı n ve I/h değerleri için aradaki uyumun çok iyi olduğunu göstermektedir. Dolayısıyla, bu karşılaştırmalar burkulma üzerine yaptığımız formülasyon ve sayısal çözüm çalışmalarımızı doğrulamaktadır.

Tablo 5. Boyutsuz burkulma kuvveti \bar{P} , 15×15 ağ boyutu.

Burkulma ekseni	I/h	$n=0$		$n=10$	
		Thai ve Choi (2013)	Bu çalışma	Thai ve Choi (2013)	Bu çalışma
Tek eksenli burkulma	0	38.4510	38.4511	7.6717	7.6718
	0.2	44.1725	44.1726	8.7120	8.7121
	0.4	61.3370	61.3371	11.8328	11.8329
	0.6	89.9446	89.9447	17.0342	17.0343
	0.8	129.9952	129.9952	24.3161	24.3162
	1	181.4888	181.4888	33.6786	33.6787
İki eksenli burkulma	0	19.2255	19.2255	3.8359	3.8359
	0.2	22.0863	22.0863	4.3560	4.3560
	0.4	30.6685	30.6686	5.9164	5.9164
	0.6	44.9723	44.9723	8.5171	8.5171
	0.8	64.9976	64.9976	12.1581	12.1581
	1	90.7444	90.7444	16.8393	16.8394

* 19×19 ağ kullanıldı

** 21×21 ağ kullanıldı

Tablo 6. Boyutsuz burkulma kuvveti \bar{P} , 13×13 ağ boyutu.

Burkulma ekseni	I/h	$n=0$		$n=10$	
		Thai ve Choi (2013)	Bu çalışma	Thai ve Choi (2013)	Bu çalışma
Tek eksenli burkulma	0	36.1492	36.1493	7.1707	7.1707
	0.2	41.5214	41.5214	8.1420	8.1420
	0.4	57.4956	57.4956	11.0303	11.0303
	0.6	83.6543	83.6543	15.7605	15.7606
	0.8	119.3314	119.3315	22.2129	22.2130
	1	163.6539	163.6539	30.2304	30.2305
İki eksenli burkulma	0	18.0746	18.0746	3.5854	3.5854
	0.2	20.7607	20.7607	4.0710	4.0710
	0.4	28.7478	28.7478	5.5151	5.5152
	0.6	41.8271	41.8272	7.8802	7.8803
	0.8	59.6657	59.6657	11.1065	11.1065
	1	81.8269	81.8270	15.1152	15.1153

6.2. Parametrik Analizler

Yürütülen sayısal analizlerde Şekil 3'de gösterilen mikro-plak konfigürasyonu göz önüne alınmıştır. Analizler en genel mikro-ölçek sürekli ortam teorisi olan gerinim gradyanı elastisite teorisine göre yürütülmüştür. Mikro-plak için malzeme özellikleri şu şekilde ifade edilmiştir:

$$E(x_3) = E_2 + (E_1 - E_2) \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{x_3}{h} \right)^n, \quad (172)$$

$$\rho(x_3) = \rho_2 + (\rho_1 - \rho_2) \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{x_3}{h} \right)^n, \quad (173)$$

$$\nu(x_3) = \nu_2 + (\nu_1 - \nu_2) \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{x_3}{h} \right)^n, \quad (174)$$

$$l_i(x_3) = l_{i_2} + (l_{i_1} - l_{i_2}) \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{x_3}{h} \right)^n, \quad i = 0, 1, 2, \quad (175)$$

$$\alpha(x_3) = \alpha_2 + (\alpha_1 - \alpha_2) \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{x_3}{h} \right)^n. \quad (176)$$

Görülebileceği gibi uzunluk ölçüği parametreleri l_i , $i = 0, 1, 2$, de dahil olmak üzere tüm malzeme özellikleri kalınlık koordinatı olan x_3 'ün fonksiyonları olarak alınmıştır. Mikro-plağın $x_3 = -h/2$ 'de %100 metal $x_3 = h/2$ 'de ise %100 seramik olduğu varsayılmıştır. Seramik özelliklerini 1 numaralı alt indis, metal özelliklerini ise 2 numaralı alt indis temsil etmektedir. Metal bileşen olarak aluminyum (Al) seramik bileşen olarak ise silisyum karbür (SiC) kullanılmıştır. Bu malzemelerin özellikleri şu şekildedir (Eshraghi vd., 2016):

$$E_1 = 427 \text{ GPa}, \quad E_2 = 70 \text{ GPa}, \quad (177)$$

$$\nu_1 = 0.17, \quad \nu_2 = 0.3, \quad (178)$$

$$\rho_1 = 3100 \text{ kg/m}^3, \quad \rho_2 = 2702 \text{ kg/m}^3, \quad (179)$$

$$\alpha_1 = 4.3(10)^{-6} \text{ 1/K}, \quad \alpha_2 = 23(10)^{-6} \text{ 1/K}. \quad (180)$$

Metal ve seramiklerin uzunluk ölçüği parametreleri ile ilgili literatürde yeterli veri olmadığından, bu özellikler için yaklaşık değerler kullanılmıştır. Metal bileşenin uzunluk ölçüği parametreleri 10 μm olarak aşağıdaki gibi ifade edilmiştir:

$$l_{0_2} = l_{1_2} = l_{2_2} = l = 10 \text{ } \mu\text{m.} \quad (181)$$

Bu değer literatürdeki çeşitli çalışmalarda kullanılmış olan bir referans değeridir (Akgöz ve Civalek, 2013). Seramik bileşenin uzunluk ölçüği parametreleri ise parametrik olarak

$$l_{0_1} = l_{1_1} = l_{2_1} = \beta l, \quad (182)$$

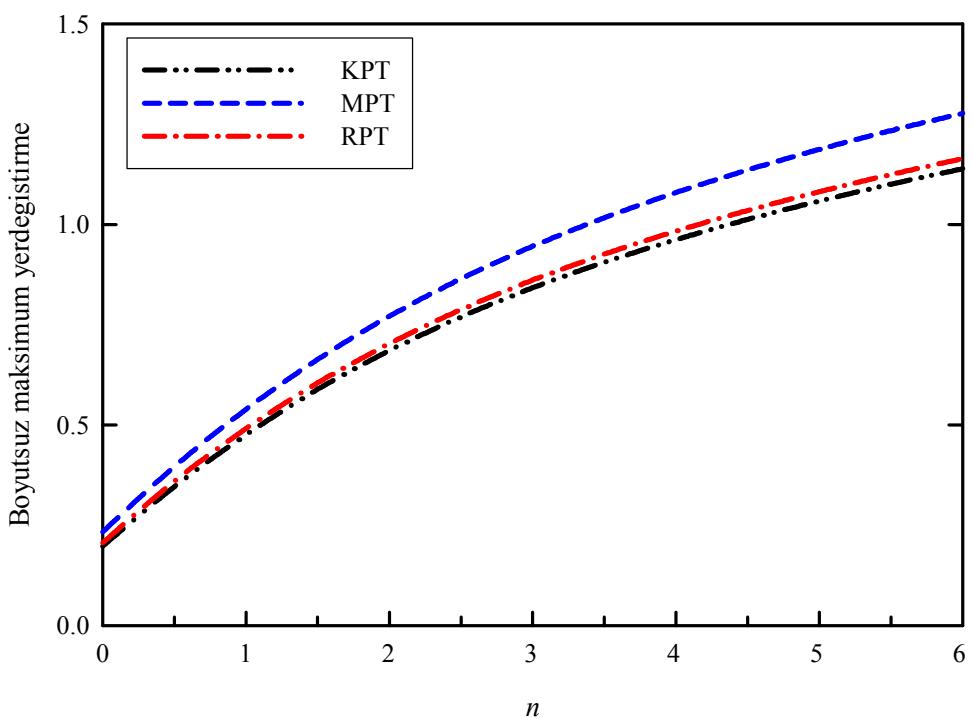
şeklinde ifade edilmiştir. Bu tanımdaki β faktörü aracılığı ile seramik bileşenin uzunluk ölçüği parametrelerini değiştirmek mümkün olmaktadır.

Sayısal sonuçlar statik eğilme, serbest titreşim, ve burkulma problemleri için üretilmiştir. Çeşitli analizlerde termal etkiler de göz önüne alınmıştır. Bu kapsamda bulduğumuz sonuçlar aşağıda sunulmaktadır.

6.2.1. Statik Eğilme

Statik eğilme kapsamında mekanik ve termal yüklemeler altında olan mikro-plaklar için analizler yürütülmüştür. Şekil 6'da $q = 1 \text{ N/m}^2$ düzgün yayılı yükleme uygulanan bir mikro-plak için mikro-plağın orta noktasındaki boyutsuz maksimum yerdeğiştirme, malzeme özelliklerini tanımlayan üstel fonksiyonların üssü olan n 'ye göre çizilmiştir. Buradaki n malzeme değişim profilini belirlemektedir. Örneğin n değerinin 0 ile 1 arasında olması durumunda malzeme değişim profili seramik-ağırlıklı, 1 ile sonsuz arasında olması durumunda ise metal-ağırlıklı olmaktadır. Sonuçlar üç farklı plak teorisi KPT (Kirchhoff plak teorisi), MPT (Mindlin plak teorisi), ve RPT (Reddy plak teorisi veya üçüncü derece plak teorisi) için hesaplanmıştır. Orta noktanın boyutsuz yerdeğiştirmesi şu şekilde tanımlanmıştır:

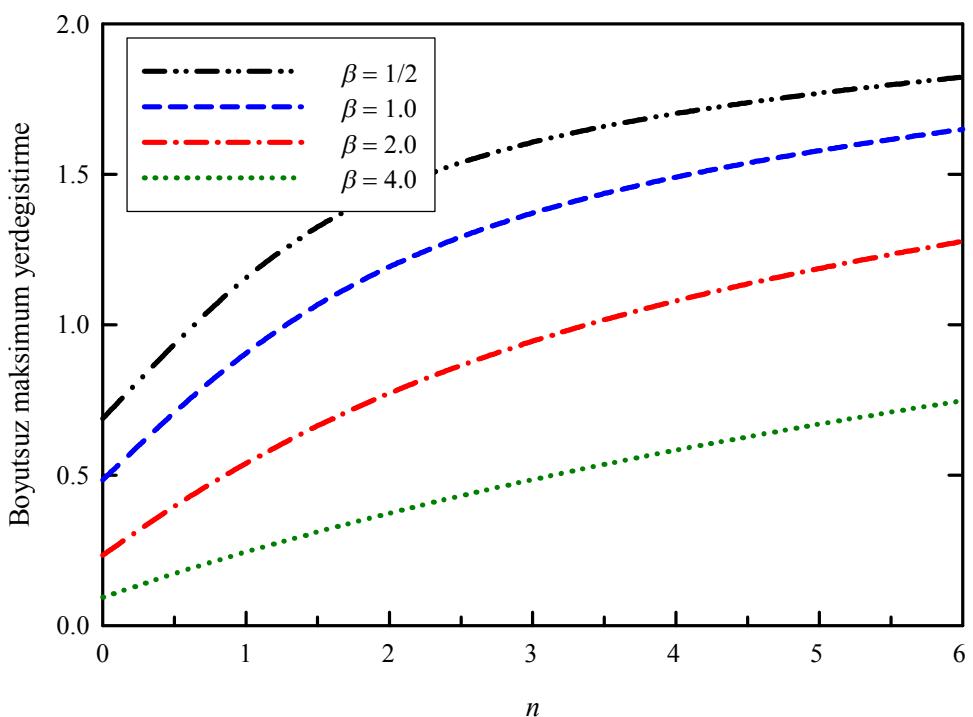
$$\bar{w} = \frac{100E_2 h^3}{qa^4} w_{\max}. \quad (183)$$



Şekil 6. Boyutsuz orta nokta yerdeğiştirmesi, \bar{w} , $l=10 \mu\text{m}$, $l/h=0.2$, $a/h=10$, $b/a=1.0$, $\beta=2.0$, $q=1 \text{ N/m}^2$, $\Delta T=0 \text{ K}$.

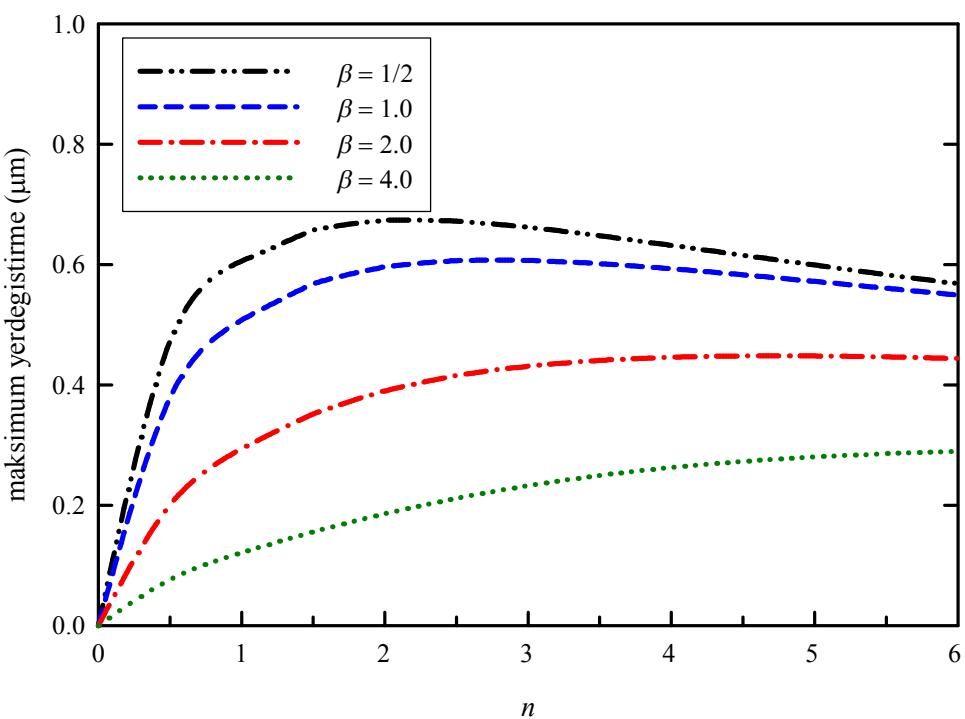
Üç farklı plak teorisi ile elde edilen sonuçlar genel olarak birbirine yakındır. Boyutsuz maksimum yerdeğiştirmeye n üssündeki artışla beraber artmaktadır. Bu durumda seramik-ağırlıklı mikro-plaklardaki boyutsuz yerdeğiştirmeye metal ağırlıklı mikro-plaklardakine göre daha düşük olacaktır.

Aynı mekanik yükleme için uzunluk ölçüği parametrelerindeki değişimin etkisi Şekil 7'de incelenmiştir. Bu şekilde boyutsuz maksimum yerdeğiştirmeye dört farklı β değeri için çizilmiştir. Hesaplamlarda Mindlin plak teorisi kullanılmıştır (MPT). β faktörü seramik uzunluğu ölçüği parametreleri ile metal uzunluk ölçüği parametreleri arasındaki oranı vermektedir. β değeri arttıkça boyutsuz yerdeğiştirmenin azalmakta olduğu görülmektedir. $\beta = 1$ olması durumunda mikro-plak içerisinde uzunluk ölçüği parametresi sabit olmaktadır. Ancak β 'nın 1'den farklı olduğu durumlar için elde edilen sonuçlardaki farklılık, yeterli doğrulukta sonuç üretебilmek için uzunluk ölçüği parametrelerindeki değişimleri göz önüne almak gerektiğini kanıtlamaktadır. Bu araştırma projesi kapsamında ortaya koyduğumuz yöntemler ile uzunluk ölçüği parametrelerindeki uzaysal değişimler herhangi bir fonksiyon için göz önüne alınabilmektedir.

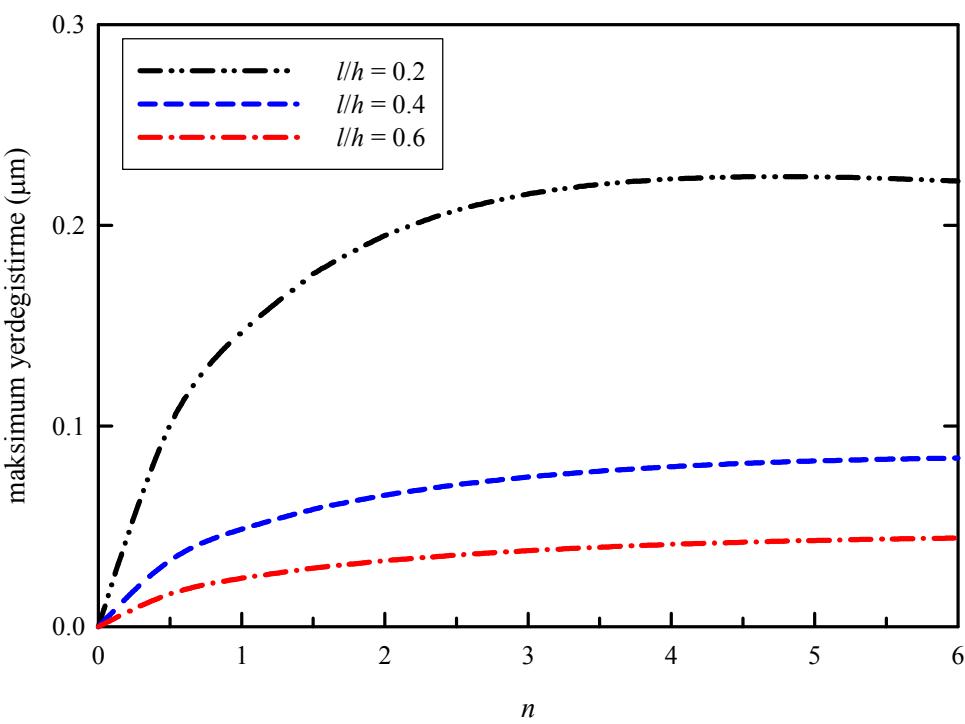


Şekil 7. Boyutsuz orta nokta yerdeğiştirmesi, \bar{w} , $l=10 \mu\text{m}$, $l/h=0.2$, $a/h=10$, $b/a=1.0$, $q=1 \text{ N/m}^2$, $\Delta T=0 \text{ K}$.

Termal etki altında olan mikro-plaklar için orta nokta yerdeğiştirmeleri Şekil 8 ve 9'da sunulmaktadır. Bu şekillerde verilen sonuçlar Mindlin plak teorisine göre hesaplanmıştır, ve $\Delta T = 100 \text{ K}$, $q = 0$ olarak tanımlanmıştır. Termal yükleme altında orta nokta deplasmanın n 'deki artış ile birlikte önce artış gösterdiği ve daha sonra büyük n değerleri için sabit bir değere yakınsadığı görülmektedir. Şekil 8'de termal orta nokta yerdeğiştirmesi dört farklı β değeri için çizilmiştir. Uzunluk ölçü parametresi oranı olan β arttıkça yerdeğiştirmede azalma meydana gelmektedir. 9. Şekil'de ise orta nokta deplasmanı üç farklı l/h değeri için sunulmuştur. l/h , uzunluk ölçü parametresi l 'nin plak kalınlığı h 'ye oranıdır. Bu oran arttıkça, orta nokta deplasmanı azaltmaktadır.



Şekil 8. Orta nokta yerdeğiştirmesi w , $l=10 \mu\text{m}$, $l/h=0.2$, $a/h=10$, $b/a=1.0$, $q=0 \text{ N/m}^2$, $\Delta T=100 \text{ K}$.



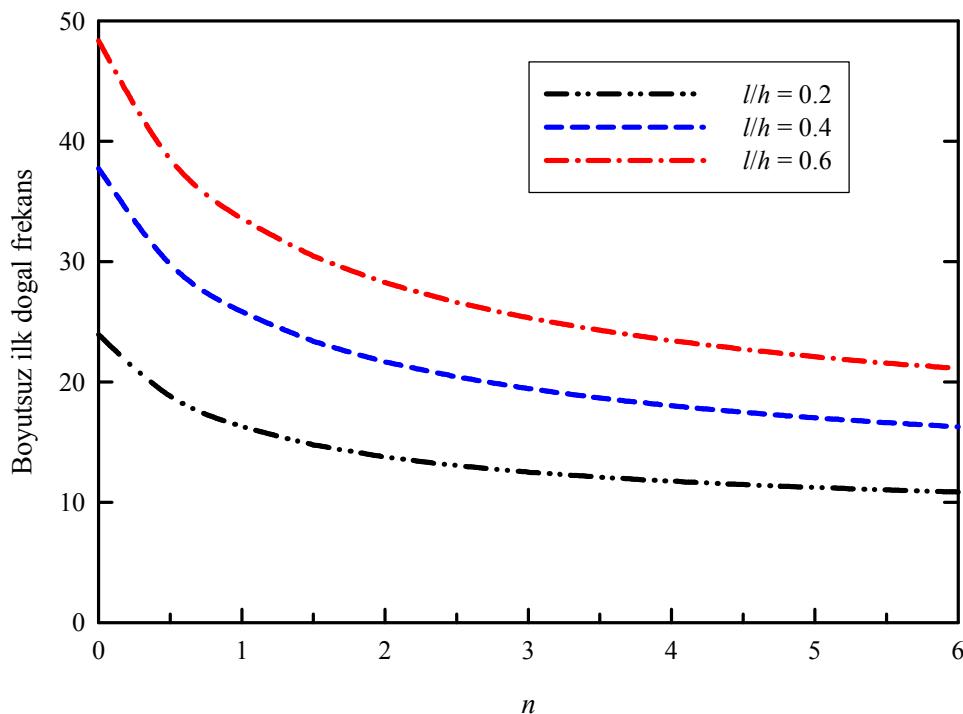
Şekil 9. Orta nokta yerdeğiştirmesi w , $l=10 \mu\text{m}$, $a/h=10$, $b/a=1.0$, $\beta=2.0$, $q=0 \text{ N/m}^2$, $\Delta T=100 \text{ K}$.

6.2.2. Serbest titreşim

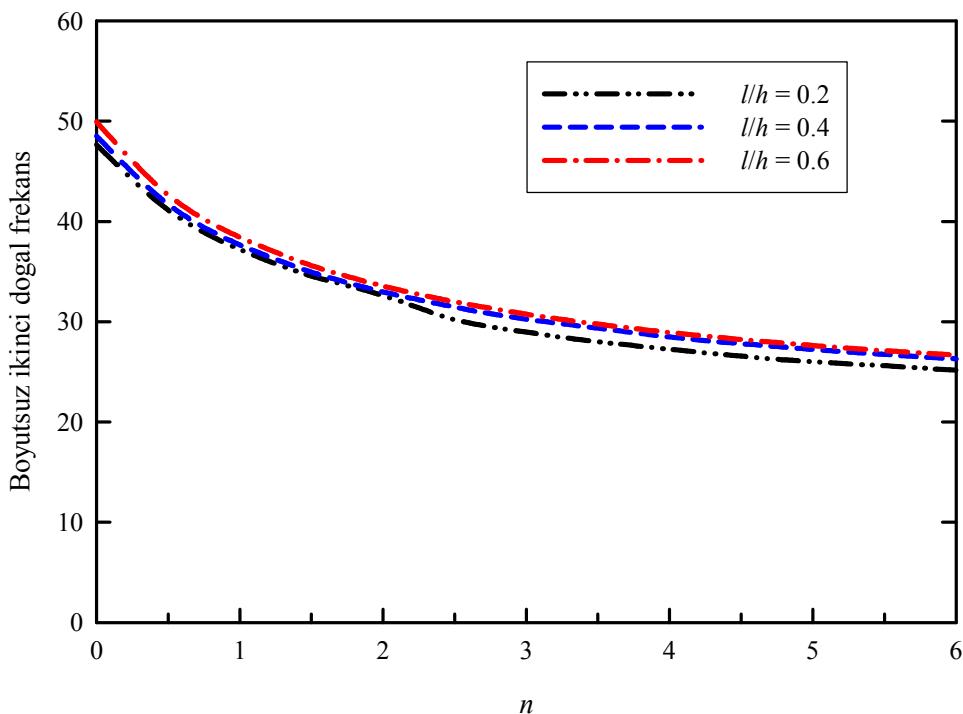
Gerinim gradyanı elastisite teorisini baz alarak, mikro-plakların serbest titreşimi üzerine elde ettiğimiz sonuçlar Şekil 10-13'de gösterilmektedir. Bu sonuçlar elde edilirken Mindlin plak teorisi kullanılmıştır. Şekillerde boyutsuz birinci ve ikinci serbest titreşim frekansları sunulmuştur. Boyutsuz frekanslar

$$\bar{\omega} = \frac{a^2}{h} \sqrt{\frac{\rho_2}{E_2}} \omega, \quad (184)$$

şeklinde tanımlanmıştır. 10. ve 11. Figürlerde termal yüklemenin olmadığı durum için boyutsuz birinci ve ikinci doğal frekansların, üstel fonksiyonların üssü n ile boyutsuz uzunluk ölçüği parametresi l/h 'ye göre değişimleri sunulmaktadır. Her iki boyutsuz frekansda da n arttıkça azalma görülmektedir. Bu durumda seramik-yoğun FDM mikro-plaklar metal-yoğun mikro-plaklara göre daha yüksek doğal frekanslara sahip olmaktadır. Farklı l/h oranları için boyutsuz ikinci frekanslar birbirine yakın olmakla birlikte, boyutsuz birinci frekansda l/h arttıkça artma gözlemlenmektedir.

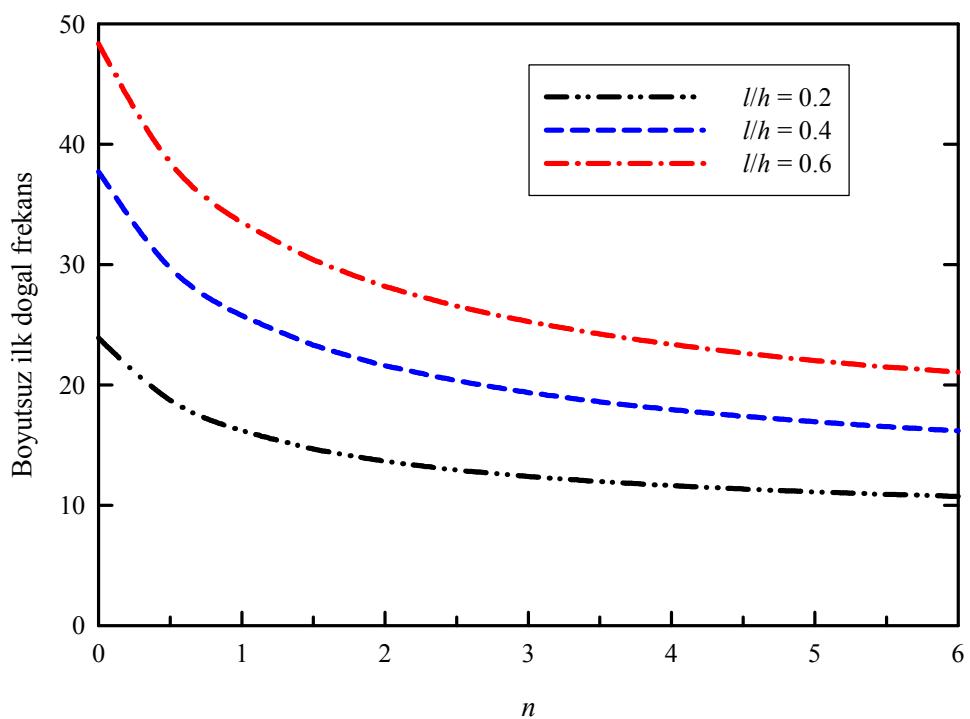


Şekil 10. Boyutsuz ilk doğal frekans $\bar{\omega}_1$, $h=25 \mu\text{m}$, $a/h=10$, $b/a=1.0$, $\beta=2.0$, $\Delta T=0 \text{ K}$.

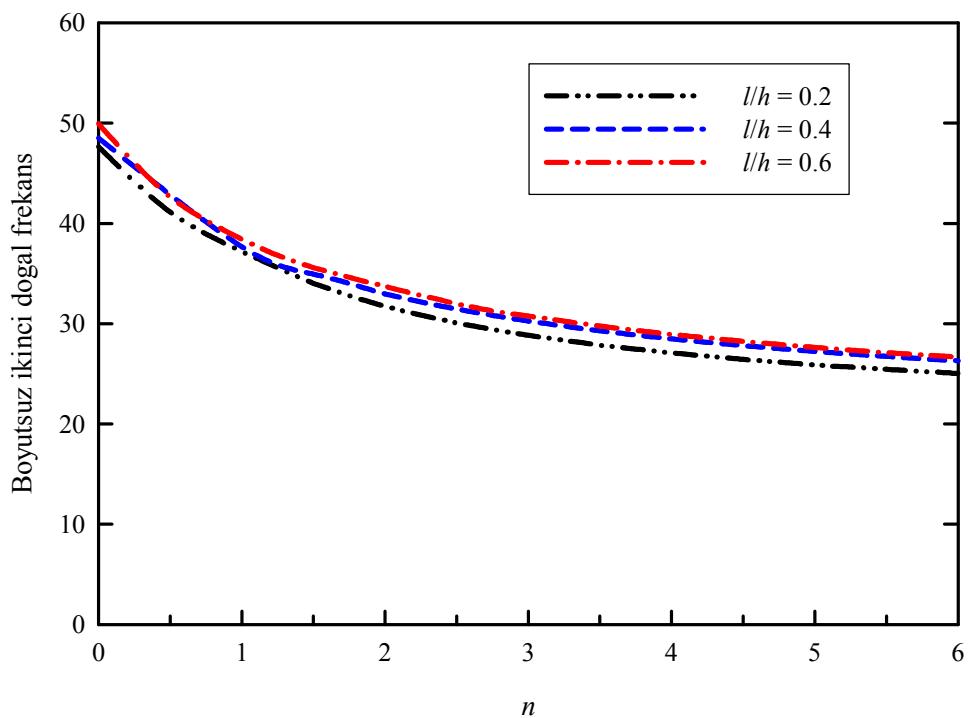


Şekil 11. Boyutsuz ikinci doğal frekans $\bar{\omega}_2$, $h=25 \mu\text{m}$, $a/h=10$, $b/a=1.0$, $\beta=2.0$, $\Delta T=0 \text{ K}$.

Termal etki altında olan mikro-plakların serbest titreşimi üzerine sonuçlar 12. ve 13. figürlerde sunulmaktadır. Bu şekillerde verilen sonuçlar elde edilirken $\Delta T = 100 \text{ K}$ olarak uygulanmıştır. Bu sıcaklık farkı için elde edilen boyutsuz doğal frekans değerlerinin sıcaklık farkının göz önüne alınmadığı durum için hesaplanan Şekil 10 ve 11'deki sonuçlara genel olarak çok yakın olduğu bulunmuştur. Dolayısıyla n ve l/h parametrelerine bağlı olarak termal etkinin olmadığı durumda gözlemlenen değişimler termal etki altında da geçerlidir. Yaptığımız diğer sayısal analizlerde sıcaklık farkı ΔT 'nin daha yüksek olduğu durumlarda termal etki göz önüne alınmadan bulunan serbest titreşim sonuçlarıyla, göz önüne alınarak bulunan serbest titreşim sonuçları arasındaki farkın arttığı görülmüştür. Buna ek olarak sabit mesnet, ya da ankastre plak gibi problemlerde de sıcaklık farkı etkisi daha yüksek düzeyde gözlemlenecektir.



Şekil 12. Boyutsuz ilk doğal frekans $\bar{\omega}_1$, $h=25 \mu\text{m}$, $a/h=10$, $b/a=1.0$, $\beta=2.0$, $\Delta T=100 \text{ K}$.



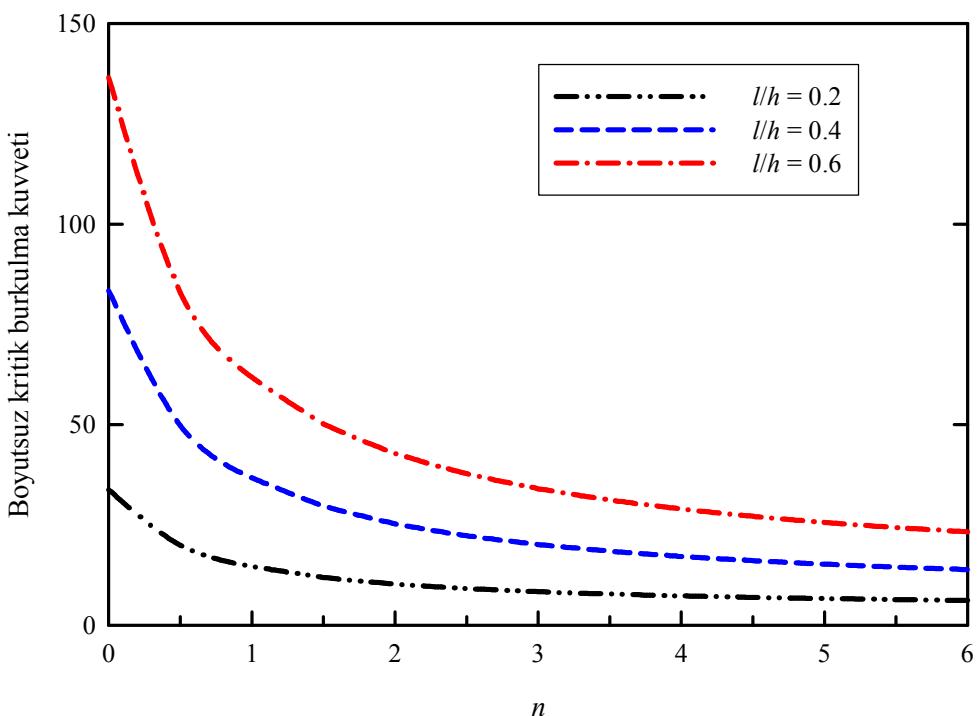
Şekil 13. Boyutsuz ikinci doğal frekans $\bar{\omega}_2$, $h=25 \mu\text{m}$, $a/h=10$, $b/a=1.0$, $\beta=2.0$, $\Delta T=100 \text{ K}$.

6.2.3. Burkulma

Gerinin gradyanı elastisite teorisi baz alınarak burkulma ile ilgili elde ettiğimiz sonuçlar 14. ve 15. Şekillerde sunulmuştur. Bu figürlerde verilen sayısal sonuçlar hesaplanırken Mindlin plak teorisi kullanılmıştır. Boyutsuz kritik burkulma kuvveti

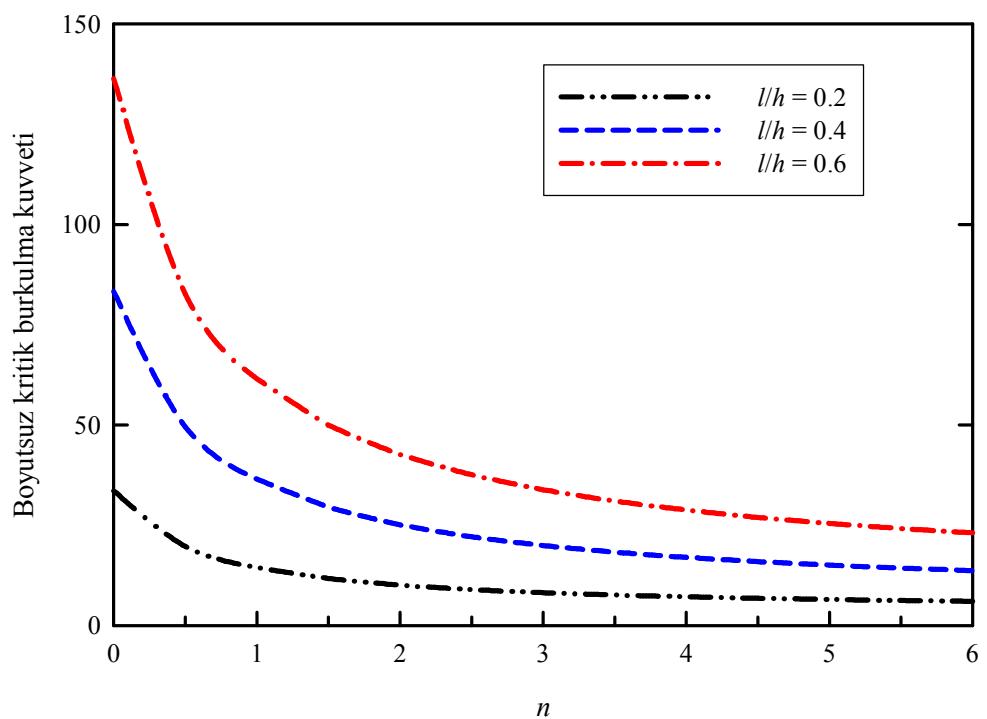
$$\bar{P} = \frac{Pa^2}{E_2 h^3}, \quad (185)$$

formunda tanımlanmıştır. Şekil 14'de boyutsuz burkulma kuvveti n üssü ve l/h oranına bağlı olarak çizilmiştir. n arttıkça boyutsuz burkulma kuvvetinde azalma olduğu görülmektedir. Bu durumda kritik burkulma kuvveti seramik-yoğun FDM mikro-plaklar için, metal-yoğun FDM mikro-plaklara göre daha yüksek seviyede olmaktadır. Boyutsuz uzunluk ölçüği parametresi l/h , 0.2'den 0.6'ya arttıkça, boyutsuz burkulma kuvvetinde de artma meydana gelmektedir.



Şekil 14. Boyutsuz burkulma kuvveti \bar{P} , $h=25 \mu\text{m}$, $a/h=10$, $b/a=1.0$, $\beta=2.0$, $\Delta T=0 \text{ K}$.

Termal etki altında olan FDM mikro-plaklar için hesaplanan kritik burkulma kuvveti ise Şekil 15'de sunulmaktadır. $\Delta T=100 \text{ K}$ büyüğünde düzgün sıcaklık farkı altında elde edilen bu sonuçlar, Şekil 14'de verilen sonuçlara genel olarak yakındır. Fakat, farklı malzemeler ve geometrik konfigürasyonlar için sıcaklık etkisinin daha yüksek düzeyde olması beklenmelidir.



Şekil 15. Boyutsuz burkulma kuvveti \bar{P} , $h=25 \mu\text{m}$, $a/h=10$, $b/a=1.0$, $\beta=2.0$, $\Delta T=100 \text{ K}$.

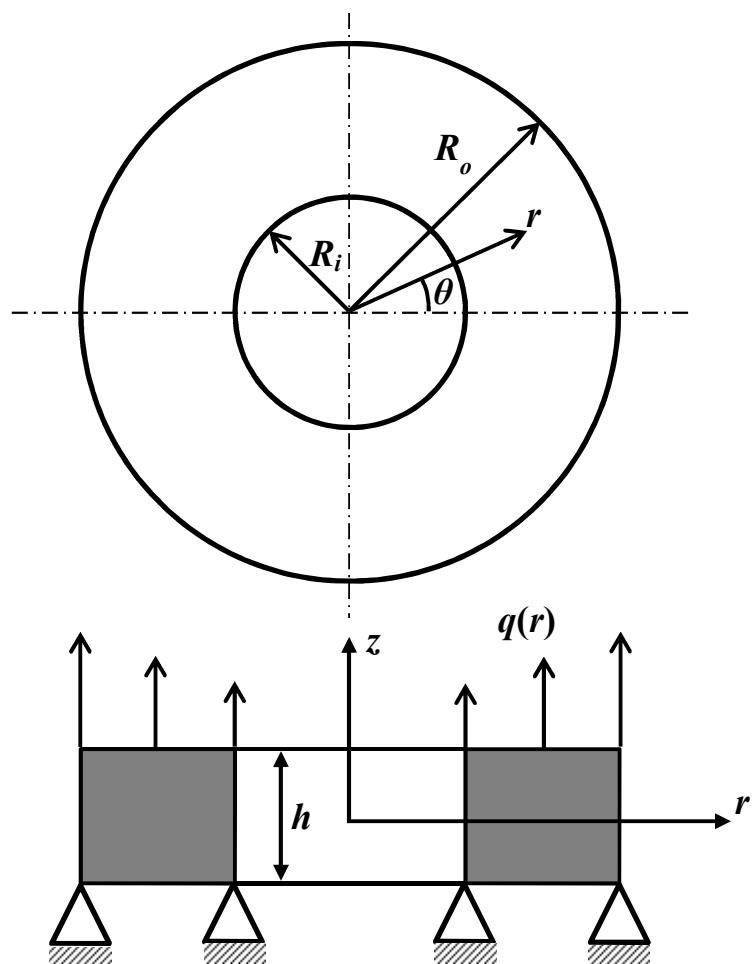
7. EK ÇALIŞMALAR

Önceki bölümlerde detaylandırdığımız çalışmalar proje önerimizde tanımlanmıştır. Öneride tanımlanan bu çalışmalara ek olarak proje ekibimizce mikro- ve nano-plakların modellenmesi ve analizi üzerine üç farklı çalışma yürütülmüştür. Bu kapsamda yapılan çalışmalar ile ilgili iki makalemiz yayımlanmıştır, bir makalemiz de şu an değerlendirmededir. Bu makaleler Ekler bölümünde sunulmuştur. Bu bölümde ek çalışmalarımızda ele alınan problemler kısaca özetlenmiş ve hazırlanmış olan makaleler ile ilgili bilgiler verilmiştir.

7.1. Fonksiyonel Derecelendirilmiş Halka Şeklinde ve Dairesel Mikro-Plakların Statik ve Dinamik Analizleri

Bu ek çalışma proje yürütücüsü Prof. Dr. Serkan Dağ'ın University of Tehran'da görevli Prof. Dr. Nasset Soltani ve doktora öğrencisi Iman Eshraghi ile yapmış olduğu işbirliği neticesinde gerçekleşmiştir. Çalışmada Şekil 16'da gösterilen mikro-plak konfigürasyonu ele alınmıştır. Bu şekilde iç ve dış yarıçapları sırasıyla R_i ve R_o ; ve kalınlığı h olan halka şeklinde bir mikro-plak gösterilmektedir. Mikro-plak üzerine $q(r)$ yüklemesi uygulanmıştır.

Yaptığımız çalışmada mikro-plağın statik eğilme ve serbest titreşim davranışları incelenmiştir. Bağlaşık kısmi diferansiyel denklemler ile sınır koşulları türetilirken modifiye edilmiş kuvvet çifti gerilmesi teorisi kullanılmıştır. Bu formülasyonda uzunluk ölçüği parametresi de dahil olmak üzere tüm malzeme özellikleri kalınlık koordinatının fonksiyonları olarak alınmıştır. Türetilen denklemler sayısal olarak diferansiyel kare yapma metodu ile çözülmüştür. Yürüttülen sayısal analizler ile geometri ve malzeme özelliklerinin statik deformasyon ile serbest titreşim frekansları üzerindeki etkileri açığa çıkarılmıştır.



Şekil 16. Halka şeklinde FDM mikro-plak.

Bu çalışmamız Composites Part B dergisinde yayımlanmıştır. Makale bilgileri şu şekildedir (Eshraghi vd., 2015):

ESHRAGHI I., Dag S., Soltani N., Consideration of spatial variation of the length scale parameter in static and dynamic analyses of functionally graded annular and circular micro-plates, *Composites Part B: Engineering* **78**, 338-348, (2015).

Makalemizin tümüne Ekler bölümünde yer verilmiştir.

7.2. Termal Yükleme Altındaki Fonksiyonel Derecelendirilmiş Halka Şeklinde ve Dairesel Mikro-Plakların Statik ve Dinamik Analizleri

Bu çalışmada termal yükleme etkisi altında olan fonksiyonel derecelendirilmiş halka şeklinde ve dairesel mikro-plakların statik eğilme ve serbest titreşim analizleri yapılmıştır. Çalışma proje yürütücüsü Prof. Dr. Serkan Dağ, Tahran Üniversitesi'nde görevli Prof. Dr. Nasser Soltani, ve doktora öğrencisi Iman Eshraghi tarafından yürütülmüştür. Bu araştırmada göz önüne alınan mikro-plak konfigürasyonu Şekil 16'da gösterilen konfigürasyon ile aynıdır. Ancak, Bölüm 7.1'de tanımlanan problemden farklı olarak mikro-plağın termal gerilme etkisi altında olduğu varsayılmıştır.

Bu problem için gerekli olan diferansiyel denklemler ile sınır koşulları varyasyonel yöntem uygulanarak türetilmiştir. Formülasyonda modifiye edilmiş kuvvet çifti gerilmesi teorisi kullanılmıştır. Elde edilen denklem sistemleri, diferansiyel kare yapma metodu ile çözülmüştür. Yürüttülen parametrik analizlerle malzeme ve geometri özelliklerinin termal yükleme altında olan mikro-plaklardaki statik eğilme deformasyonları ile serbest titreşim frekansları üzerindeki etkileri araştırılmıştır.

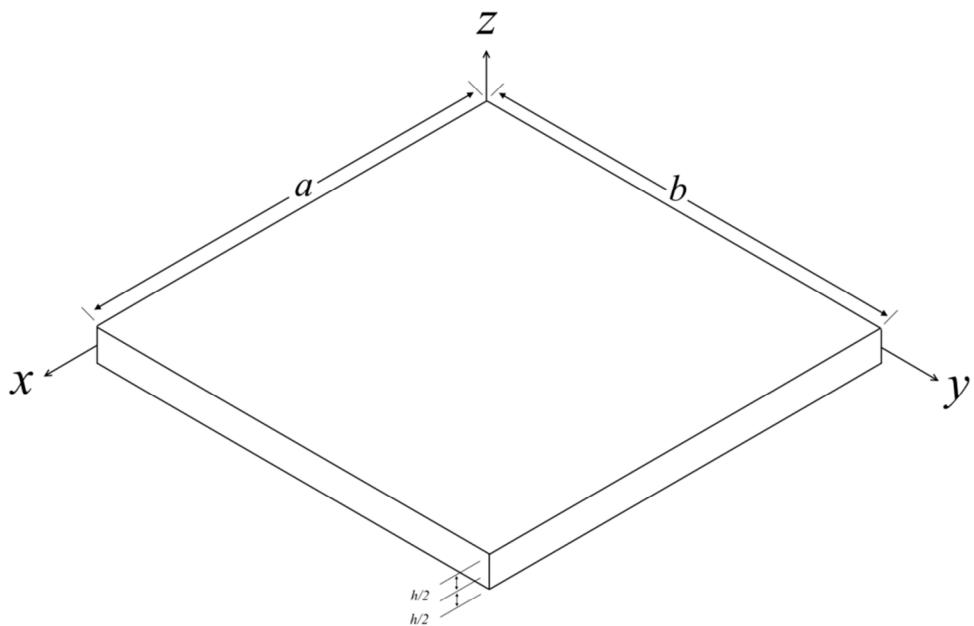
Bu kapsamda yürüttüğümüz çalışma *Composite Structures* adlı dergide yayımlanmıştır. Makale bilgileri şu şekildedir (Eshraghi vd., 2016):

ESHRAGHI I., Dag S., Soltani N., Bending and free vibrations of functionally graded annular and circular micro-plates under thermal loading, *Composite Structures*, 137, 196–207, (2016).

Makalemiz Ekler bölümünde sunulmuştur.

7.3. Fonksiyonel Derecelendirilmiş Nano-Plakların Lokal Olmama Parametresinin Uzaysal Değişimi Göz Önüne Alınarak Serbest Titreşim Analizi

Bu çalışma proje yürütücüsü Prof. Dr. Serkan Dağ, araştırmacı Doç. Dr. Ender Ciğeroğlu, ve bursiyer Ata Alipour Ghassabi tarafından yapılmıştır. Ele alınan fonksiyonel derecelendirilmiş nano-plak geometrisi Şekil 17'de gösterilmektedir.



Şekil 17. FDM dikdörtgen nano-plak geometrisi.

Çalışma kapsamında lokal olmayan elastisite teorisi kullanılarak serbest titreşim davranışını belirleyen diferansiyel denklemler ile sınır koşulları türetilmiştir. Formülasyonda lokal olmama parametresi de dahil olmak üzere, tüm malzeme özelliklerinin z-koordinatı boyunca değiştiği varsayılmıştır. Türetilen denklem sistemi diferansiyel kare yapma metodu kullanılarak sayısal olarak çözülmüştür. Yürüttülen sayısal analizler ile çeşitli malzeme ve geometri parametrelerinin, serbest titreşim frekansları üzerindeki etkileri ortaya konulmuştur. Bu kapsamda bir makale ilgili bir dergiye gönderilmek üzere hemen hemen hazır duruma getirilmiştir. Bazı ek sonuçlar da bulunduktan sonra konu ile ilgili uygun bir dergiye gönderilecektir. Makaleminin şu aşamadaki başlığı şu şekildedir:

ALIPOUR GHASSABI A., Dag S., Cigeroglu E., Free vibration analysis of functionally graded rectangular nano-plates considering spatial variation of the nonlocal parameter, konu ile ilgili bir dergiye gönderilecek.

Bu makale çalışmamız da Ekler bölümünde sunulmuştur.

8. SONUÇ

Yürüttüğümüz araştırma projesi kapsamında mikro-plakların analizi ve modellenmesi için yeni yöntemler geliştirilmiştir. Proje önerisinde detaylandırdığımız dikdörtgen FDM mikro-plakların gerinim gradyanı elastisite teorisi ile analizi dışında, halka şeklinde ve dairesel FDM mikro-plaklar ile lokal olmayan elastisite teorisine göre davranışları dikdörtgen FDM mikro-plaklar için de analiz ve modelleme çalışmaları yürütülmüştür. Her bir çalışma ile ilgili çok sayıda parametrik analiz yapılarak, literatürde bulunmayan orijinal sonuçlar üretilmiştir. Şu ana kadar, yaptığımız çalışmalarla ilgili üç dergi makalesi hazırlanmış, ve bunlardan iki tanesi yayımlanmıştır. Bir makalemiz de konu ile ilgili uygun bir dergiye gönderilecektir. Hazırlamış olduğumuz bu makalelere ek olarak, hem dikdörtgen hem de halka şeklinde ve dairesel FDM mikro-plaklar ile ilgili yeni makaleler de hazırlanacaktır. Dikdörtgen mikro-plaklar üzerine hazırlayacağımız makalelerde gerinim gradyanı elastisite bazlı formülasyona dayalı çözümler sunulacak; halka şeklinde ve dairesel mikro-plaklar ile ilgili makalelerde ise termal burkulma problemleri inceleneciktir.

Gerinim gradyanı elastisite teorisini baz alarak dikdörtgen FDM mikro-plaklar üzerine yaptığımız çalışmalarla formülasyon varyasyonel yöntem esas alınarak geliştirilmiştir. Uzunluk ölçüği parametrelerinde gerekli sadeleştirmeler yapıldığında bu formülasyon modifiye edilmiş kuvvet çifti teorisi için de geçerli olmaktadır. 6. Bölüm'de hem modifiye edilmiş kuvvet çifti gerilmesi teorisine hem de gerinim gradyanı elastisite teorisine dayalı sayısal sonuçlar sunulmuştur. Mekanik ve termal yüklemeler göz önüne alınmıştır. Elde edilen diferansiyel denklem sistemleri, diferansiyel kare yapma metodu kullanılarak sayısal olarak çözülmüştür. Sayısal çözüm tekniği MATLAB adlı yazılıma entegre edilmiştir. Geliştirilen program ile statik eğilme, serbest titreşim, ve burkulma problemleri için hem mekanik hem de termal yükleme altında sayısal çözümler üretmek mümkün olmaktadır. Ortaya koyduğumuz yöntemler literatürde bulunan sayısal sonuçlar ile karşılaştırılarak yapılarak doğrulanmıştır. Yaptığımız parametrik analizlerle mikro-plak teorisi, uzunluk ölçüği parametresi değişimi, uzunluk ölçüği parametresinin mikro-plak kalınlığına oranı, FDM malzeme değişim profili, ve termal yükleme gibi faktörlerin statik eğilme deformasyonu, serbest titreşim frekansları, ve kritik burkulma yükleri üzerindeki etkileri belirlenmiştir.

Proje önerisinde bulunan kapsama ek olarak, halka şeklinde ve dairesel mikro-plaklar için modifiye edilmiş kuvvet çifti teorisi bazlı; ve dikdörtgen nano-plaklar için lokal olmayan elastisite teorisi bazlı çalışmalar yürütülmüştür. Halka şeklinde ve dairesel FDM mikro-plaklar için yapılan çalışmalarla mekanik ve termal etkiler altında statik eğilme ile serbest titreşim problemleri incelenmiştir. Bu çalışmalar sonucunda plak teorisi, uzunluk ölçüği parametresi değişimi, geometrik özellikler, ve malzeme özelliklerinin statik eğilme davranışları ile serbest titreşim frekansları üzerindeki etkileri ortaya çıkarılmıştır. Dikdörtgen FDM nano-plaklar için

yürüttüğümüz lokal olmayan elastisite teorisi bazlı çalışmamızda serbest titreşim problemi ele alınmış ve malzeme özellikleri ile geometrik özelliklerin titreşim davranışını nasıl etkileyeceği araştırılmıştır.

Ortaya koyduğumuz yeni yöntemler kullanılarak mikro-plaklar üzerine detaylı analiz, modelleme, ve tasarım çalışmaları yapmak mümkündür. Bu yöntemler farklı plak teorileri için sonuç üretilmesine, uzunluk ölçüği parametrelerindeki uzaysal değişimlerin göz önüne alınmasına, ve termal etki altında olan mikro-plakların modellenmesine olanak sağlamaktadır. Uzunluk ölçüği parametrelerindeki değişimlerin, dikdörtgen, halka şeklinde, ve dairesel mikro-plakların termomekanik davranışını önemli ölçüde etkilediği bu çalışmamızda kanıtlanmıştır. Bu nedenle bu değişimler göz önüne alınmadan yürütülecek analizler ile gerekli doğruluk derecesinde sonuç üretmek mümkün olmayacağından emin olabiliriz. Araştırma projemiz kapsamında yapılan çalışmalar ile teknik literatürde FDM mikro-plaklar için uzunluk ölçüği parametrelerindeki değişimler ilk kez göz önüne alınmıştır.

Geliştirdiğimiz analiz ve modelleme yöntemleri ile dikdörtgen, halka şeklinde ve dairesel mikro-plakların statik deformasyon, serbest titreşim, ve burkulma davranışları yüksek doğrulukta ve termomekanik etkiler altında incelenebilmektedir. Bu nedenle bu analiz yöntemlerinin konu üzerinde çalışan araştırmacılar ve mühendisler tarafından mikro-plak analizi, tasarımları, ve optimizasyonu gibi çalışmalarında kullanılması mümkün olacaktır.

KAYNAKLAR

AGHAZADEH R., Static and Free Vibration Analyses of Small-Scale Functionally Graded Beams Possessing a Variable Length Scale Parameter Using Different Beam Theories, (Yüksek Lisans Tezi), Orta Doğu Teknik Üniversitesi Fen Bilimleri Enstitüsü, Makina Mühendisliği Bölümü, (2013).

AKGÖZ B., Civalek Ö., Modeling and analysis of micro-sized plates resting on elastic medium using the modified couple stress theory, *Meccanica*, **48**, 863–873, (2013).

ALIPOUR GHASSABI A., Dag S., Cigeroglu E., Free vibration analysis of functionally graded rectangular nano-plates considering spatial variation of the nonlocal parameter, konu ile ilgili bir dergiye gönderilecek.

ANSARI R., Gholami R., Faghih Shojaei M., Mohammadi V., Darabi M.-A., Thermal buckling analysis of a Mindlin rectangular FGM microplate based on the strain gradient theory, *Journal of Thermal Stresses*, **36**, 446–465, (2013).

ASGHARI M., Geometrically nonlinear micro-plate formulation based on the modified couple stress theory, *International Journal of Engineering Science*, **51**, 292–309, (2012).

ESHRAGHI I., Dag S., Soltani N., Consideration of spatial variation of the length scale parameter in static and dynamic analyses of functionally graded annular and circular micro-plates, *Composites Part B: Engineering* **78**, 338-348, (2015).

ESHRAGHI I., Dag S., Soltani N., Bending and free vibrations of functionally graded annular and circular micro-plates under thermal loading, *Composite Structures*, **137**, 196–207, (2016).

FU Y., Du H., Zhang S., Functionally graded TiN/TiNi shape memory alloy films, *Materials Letters*, **57**, 2995–2999, (2003).

JAVAHERI R., Eslami M.-R., Thermal buckling of functionally graded plates based on higher order theory, *Journal of Thermal Stresses*, **25**, 603-625, (2002).

JOMEHZADEH E., Noori H.R., Saidi A.R., The size-dependent vibration analysis of micro-plates based on a modified couple stress theory, *Physica E*, **43**, 877–883, (2011).

KE L.-L., Wang Y.-S., Yang J., Kitipornchai S., Free vibration of size-dependent Mindlin microplates based on the modified couple stress theory, *Journal of Sound and Vibration*, **331**, 94–106, (2012a).

KE L.-L., Yang J., Kitipornchai S., Bradford M.A., Bending, buckling and vibration of size-dependent functionally graded annular microplates, *Composite Structures*, **94**, 3250–3257, (2012b).

KIM J., Reddy J.N., Analytical solutions for bending, vibration, and buckling of FGM plates using a couple stress-based third-order theory, *Composite Structures*, **103**, 86–98, (2013).

LAM D.C.C., Yang F., Chong A.C.M., Wang J., Tong P., Experiments and Theory in Strain Gradient Elasticity, *Journal of the Mechanics and Physics of Solids*, **51**, 1477–1508, (2003).

LAZOPOULOS K.A., On bending of strain gradient elastic micro-plates, *Mechanics Research Communications*, **36**, 777–783, (2009).

LI P., Fang Y., Hu R., Thermoelastic damping in rectangular and circular plate resonators, *Journal of Sound and Vibration*, **331**, 721–733, (2012).

MA H.M., Gao X.-L., Reddy J.N., A non-classical Mindlin plate model based on a modified couple stress theory, *Acta Mechanica*, **220**, 217–235, (2011).

RAMEZANI S., A shear deformation micro-plate model based on the most general form of strain gradient elasticity, *International Journal of Mechanical Sciences*, **57**, 34–42, (2012).

RAMEZANI S., Nonlinear vibration analysis of micro-plates based on strain gradient elasticity theory, *Nonlinear Dynamics*, **73**, 1399–1421, (2013).

REDDY J.N., Kim J., A nonlinear modified couple stress-based third-order theory of functionally graded plates, *Composite Structures*, **94**, 1128–1143, (2012).

SAHMANI S., Ansari A., On the free vibration response of functionally graded higher-order shear deformable microplates based on the strain gradient elasticity theory, *Composite Structures*, **95**, 430–442, (2013).

SHU C., Differential Quadrature and Its Application in Engineering, Springer, London, England, (2000).

SURESH S., Mortensen A., Fundamentals of Functionally Graded Materials, IOM Communications Ltd, London, England, (1998).

THAI H.-T., Choi D.-H., Size-dependent functionally graded Kirchhoff and Mindlin plate models based on a modified couple stress theory, *Composite Structures*, **95**, 142–153, (2013).

THAI H.-T., Kim S.-E., A size-dependent functionally graded plate model based on a modified couple stress theory, *Composites: Part B*, **45**, 1636–1645, (2013).

THAI H.-T., Vo T.P., A size-dependent functionally graded sinusoidal plate model based on a modified couple stress theory, *Composite Structures*, **96**, 376–383, (2013).

TSIATAS G.C., A new Kirchhoff plate model based on a modified couple stress theory, *International Journal of Solids and Structures*, **46**, 2757–2764, (2009).

WANG B., Zhou S., Zhao J., Chen X., A size-dependent Kirchhoff micro-plate model based on strain gradient elasticity theory, *European Journal of Mechanics - A/Solids*, **30**, 517–524, (2011).

WANG Y.-G., Lin W.-H., Liu N., Large amplitude free vibration of size-dependent circular microplates based on the modified couple stress theory, *International Journal of Mechanical Sciences*, **71**, 51–17, (2013).

WITROUW A., Mehta A., The use of functionally graded poly-SiGe layers for MEMS applications, eds: Van der Biest O., Gasik M., Vleugels J., Proceedings of the 8th International Symposium on Multifunctional and Functionally Graded Materials, Trans-Tech Publications Ltd, Zuerich, Switzerland (2005). Pp: 255–259.

YANG F., Chong A.C.M., Lam D.C.M., Tong P., Couple stress based strain gradient theory for elasticity, *International Journal of Solids and Structures*, **39**, 2731–2743, (2002).

YIN L., Qian Q., Wang L., Xia W., Vibration analysis of microscale plates based on modified couple stress theory, *Acta Mechanica Solida Sinica*, **23**, 386–393, (2010).

ZHAO X., Modeling and Simulation of MEMS Devices, (Doktora Tezi), Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, Department of Engineering Mechanics, (2004).

EKLER



Consideration of spatial variation of the length scale parameter in static and dynamic analyses of functionally graded annular and circular micro-plates



Iman Eshraghi ^a, Serkan Dag ^{b,*}, Nasser Soltani ^a

^a School of Mechanical Engineering, College of Engineering, University of Tehran, Tehran, Iran

^b Department of Mechanical Engineering, Middle East Technical University, Ankara 06800, Turkey

ARTICLE INFO

Article history:

Received 14 November 2014

Received in revised form

20 March 2015

Accepted 31 March 2015

Available online 8 April 2015

Keywords:

A. Plates

B. Vibration

C. Analytical modelling

C. Micro-mechanics

Functionally graded materials

ABSTRACT

This article introduces new methods for static and free vibration analyses of functionally graded annular and circular micro-plates, which can take into account spatial variation of the length scale parameter. The underlying higher order continuum theory behind the proposed approaches is the modified couple stress theory. A unified way of expressing the displacement field is adopted so as to produce numerical results for three different plate theories, which are Kirchhoff plate theory (KPT), Mindlin plate theory (MPT), and third-order shear deformation theory (TSĐT). Governing partial differential equations and corresponding boundary conditions are obtained following the variational approach and the Hamilton's principle. Derived systems of differential equations are solved numerically by utilizing the differential quadrature method (DQM). Comparisons to the results available in the literature demonstrate the high level of accuracy of the numerical results generated through the developed methods. Extensive analyses are presented in order to illustrate the influences of various geometric and material parameters upon static deformation profiles, stresses, and natural vibration frequencies. In particular, the length scale parameter ratio -which defines the length scale parameter variation profile-is shown to possess a profound impact on both static and dynamic behaviors of functionally graded annular and circular micro-plates.

© 2015 Elsevier Ltd. All rights reserved.

1. Introduction

Functionally graded materials (FGMs) belong to a special class of composites, which possess smooth spatial variations in the volume fractions of the constituent phases. These variations facilitate design of structures with customized physical properties and improved performance. Previous work show that property gradation enhances mechanical response of components utilized in a number of technological applications including thermal barrier coatings [1], wear resistant surfaces [2], cutting tools [3], solid oxide fuel cells [4], and biomaterials [5]. Recently, with the advent of micro-scale FGM component fabrication techniques such as magnetron sputtering [6], chemical vapor deposition and plasma-enhanced chemical vapor deposition [7], and modified soft lithography [8]; research focus has been placed on behavior of functionally graded micro-scale structures.

The present study aims at putting forward new analysis techniques for micro-scale annular and circular plates built from functionally graded materials. Annular and circular micro-plates have been employed as components in a wide variety of micro-electro-mechanical-systems (MEMS). Annular micro-plates are utilized in MEMS such as gear pumps [9], stiction valves [10], and resonators [11,12]; whereas circular micro-plates find applications in pressure sensors [13], acoustic energy harvesters [14], and optical MEMS sensors [15]. Functionally graded annular and circular plates possess the intrinsic advantages that come along with spatial variations in physical properties. Depending on the form of these variations, in graded annular and circular plates deflections and tensile static stresses could be lower [16] and critical buckling loads could be higher [17] compared to those evaluated for non-graded counterparts. Furthermore, natural frequencies of free vibrations of a graded plate are strongly dependent upon property distribution profiles and can be optimized by devising a suitable composition architecture [18]. Thus, it is of significance to employ solution methodologies delivering sufficiently accurate results regarding

* Corresponding author. Tel.: +90 312 2102580; fax: +90 312 2102536.

E-mail address: sdag@metu.edu.tr (S. Dag).

both static and dynamic behaviors of graded annular and circular micro-plates.

Conventional continuum theories, such as classical elasticity, can not accurately predict the response of micro-components because of the size effect prevailing at the micro-scale. Analysis of micro-scale structures needs to be based on a higher order continuum theory, examples of which are nonlocal theory of Eringen [19–21], modified couple stress theory [22–24], strain gradient elasticity [25,26], and finite deformation gradient elasticity [27]. Modified couple stress theory and strain gradient elasticity are the most commonly used higher-order theories in the analyses of micro-scale functionally graded components.

There are several articles in the technical literature that present higher order continuum theory based analysis techniques for micro-scale FGM plates. Adopting modified couple stress theory, Kim and Reddy [28] and Thai and Kim [29] developed solutions for rectangular graded micro-plates; and Asghari and Taati [30] treated the arbitrarily shaped micro-plate problem. Micro-scale axisymmetric functionally graded plates were considered by Ansari et al. [17] and Ke et al. [18]. Ansari et al. [17] studied bending, buckling, and free vibrations of annular and circular micro-plates using modified strain gradient elasticity, whereas Ke et al. [18] examined free vibrations of annular plates by employing modified couple stress theory.

Higher order stresses and strain gradient measures in higher order continuum theories are related through length scale parameters. The single length scale parameter in modified couple stress theory for instance is defined as the ratio of the modulus of curvature to the shear modulus [31,32], and thus within this context it is essentially an elastic material property. Since all elastic properties of a functionally graded structure are expected to possess spatial variations, the length scale parameter is in general also a function of the spatial coordinates. Hence, the employed solution methodology should be able to account for the spatial variation of the length scale parameter. However, in all studies mentioned in the foregoing paragraph, length scale parameter is assumed to be a constant quantity. The only study presenting a systematic approach in the consideration of the spatial variation of the length scale parameter is that by Aghazadeh et al. [33], which treats problems involving functionally graded micro-beams. Yet, spatial variation of the length scale parameter has not been incorporated into the analysis of FGM micro-plates.

The main objective of the present study is to put forth modified couple stress theory-based modeling and analysis techniques for functionally graded annular and circular micro-plates, which take into account the *spatial variation of the length scale parameter*. Both static bending and free vibration problems of FGM micro-plates are studied to develop the proposed methods. In the formulation, displacement field is expressed in a certain unified form so as to generate results for three different plate theories, which are Kirchhoff plate theory (KPT), Mindlin plate theory (MPT), and third-order shear deformation theory (TSDT). Governing partial differential equations and boundary conditions are derived by applying Hamilton's principle in accordance with modified couple stress theory. All material properties including the length scale parameter are assumed to be functions of the thickness coordinate in the derivations. The equations are solved numerically by means of the differential quadrature method (DQM). Comparisons of the generated numerical results to those available in the literature illustrate the high degree of accuracy attained by the application of the developed procedures. Further parametric analyses are carried out to shed light upon the influences of material and geometric parameters on static deflections and natural frequencies of annular and circular FGM micro-plates. Numerical results unequivocally demonstrate that in modeling and analysis of graded micro-

structures, it is necessary to take into consideration the spatial variation of the length scale parameter.

2. Formulation

In this study, we examine static and dynamic behaviors of functionally graded annular and circular micro-plates. The geometry of the annular micro-plate is depicted in Fig. 1. Inner and outer radii are respectively denoted by R_i and R_o . Circular micro-plate has an identical geometry except for the fact that $R_i = 0$. The loading function and the boundary conditions are assumed to be independent of θ , hence the underlying problems become axisymmetric. Material properties vary continuously along the z -direction. Both the annular and the circular micro-plates are 100% metallic at $z = -h/2$ and 100% ceramic at $z = h/2$. According to the modified couple stress theory [22], strain energy of the plates under consideration reads:

$$U = \frac{1}{2} \iiint_V (\sigma_{ij}\epsilon_{ij} + m_{ij}\chi_{ij}) dV, \quad (1)$$

where V designates volume; σ_{ij} represents Cauchy stress; ϵ_{ij} is strain; m_{ij} stands for the deviatoric part of the couple stress tensor; and χ_{ij} is the symmetric curvature tensor. The tensorial quantities are expressed in the following form:

$$\sigma_{ij} = 2\mu\epsilon_{ij} + \lambda\delta_{ij}\epsilon_{kk}, \quad (2a)$$

$$m_{ij} = 2\mu l^2 \chi_{ij}, \quad (2b)$$

$$\epsilon = \frac{1}{2} [\nabla \mathbf{u} + (\nabla \mathbf{u})^T], \quad (2c)$$

$$\chi = \frac{1}{2} [\nabla \boldsymbol{\omega} + (\nabla \boldsymbol{\omega})^T]. \quad (2d)$$

In Eq. (2), μ and λ are Lame parameters, δ_{ij} is Kronecker delta, l denotes the length scale parameter, \mathbf{u} symbolizes displacement vector, and $\boldsymbol{\omega}$ is the rotation vector. μ , λ , and the rotation vector are defined by

$$\mu = \frac{E}{2(1+\nu)}, \quad \lambda = \frac{Ev}{(1+\nu)(1-2\nu)}, \quad (3a)$$

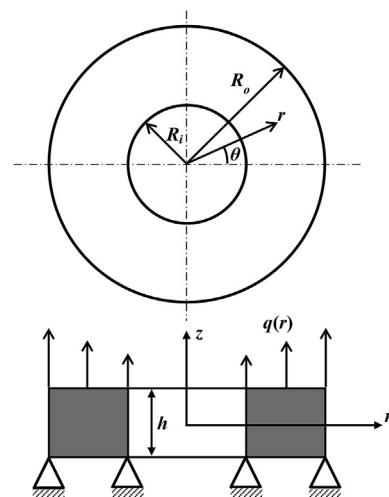


Fig. 1. A functionally graded annular micro-plate under the effect of distributed loading $q(r)$.

$$\omega = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{curl}(\mathbf{u}), \quad (3b)$$

where E and ν are respectively modulus of elasticity and Poisson's ratio. All of the material parameters, including the length scale parameter l , are assumed to be functions of the thickness coordinate z .

In order to be able to examine the behavior of micro-plates according to three different plate theories, namely Kirchhoff plate theory, Mindlin plate theory, and third-order shear deformation theory, the displacement field is expressed in a general form in the following way:

$$u_r(r, z, t) = u(r, t) - z \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} + f(z) \gamma(r, t), \quad (4a)$$

$$u_\theta(r, z, t) = 0, \quad (4b)$$

$$u_z(r, z, t) = w(r, t), \quad (4c)$$

where

$$\gamma(r, t) = \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} - \phi(r, t), \quad (5a)$$

$$f(z) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{for Kirchhoff plate theory,} \\ z, & \text{for Mindlin plate theory,} \\ z \left(1 - \frac{4z^2}{3h^2}\right), & \text{for third-order shear deformation theory.} \end{cases} \quad (5b)$$

ϕ here is the rotation at the mid-plane. Using Eqs. (2) and (4), nonzero components of strain and symmetric curvature tensors are written as

$$\varepsilon_{rr} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} - z \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial r^2} + f \frac{\partial \gamma}{\partial r}, \quad (6a)$$

$$\varepsilon_{\theta\theta} = \frac{u}{r} - \frac{z}{r} \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} + f \frac{\gamma}{r}, \quad (6b)$$

$$\varepsilon_{rz} = \frac{1}{2} f' \gamma, \quad (6c)$$

$$\chi_{r\theta} = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} - \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial \gamma}{\partial r} - \frac{\gamma}{r} \right) f' \right\}, \quad (6d)$$

$$\chi_{\theta z} = \frac{1}{4} f'' \gamma. \quad (6e)$$

Hamilton's principle is used to derive the governing partial differential equations and the corresponding boundary conditions. This principle postulates that

$$\delta \int_{t_1}^{t_2} (K - U + W) dt = 0, \quad (7)$$

where K is total kinetic energy, U is strain energy, and W is the work done by external forces. These terms are as follows:

$$U = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \int_{R_i}^{R_o} \{ \sigma_{rr} \varepsilon_{rr} + \sigma_{\theta\theta} \varepsilon_{\theta\theta} + 2(\sigma_{rz} \varepsilon_{rz} + m_{r\theta} \chi_{r\theta} + m_{z\theta} \chi_{z\theta}) \} \times 2\pi r dr dz, \quad (8a)$$

$$K = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \int_{R_i}^{R_o} \rho(z) (\dot{u}_r^2 + \dot{u}_z^2) 2\pi r dr, \quad (8b)$$

$$W = \int_{R_i}^{R_o} q(r) w 2\pi r dr. \quad (8c)$$

ρ in Eq. (8b) is the mass density, and $q(r)$ in Eq. (8c) is the axisymmetrical distributed loading applied to the plate surface. Note that R_i is to be taken as zero for the circular plate. Utilizing Eqs. (7) and (8), and variational principles, governing partial differential equations are derived in the following form:

$$(F_{11} - B_{11}) \left\{ \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial r^3} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial r^2} - \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} \right\} + A_{11} \left\{ \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} - \frac{u}{r^2} \right\} - F_{11} \left\{ \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial r} - \frac{\phi}{r^2} \right\} = I_1 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} + (I_4 - I_2) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial r \partial t^2} - I_4 \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial t^2}, \quad (9a)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left\{ 2F_{22} - D_{11} - F_{33} - A_{552} + F_{572} - \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \left\{ r \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial r^4} + 2 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial r^3} - \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} \right\} + \left\{ \frac{F_{662}}{4} + k_s F_{55} \right\} \left\{ r \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial r^2} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} \right\} \\ & + (B_{11} - F_{11}) \left\{ r \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial r^3} + 2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial r^2} - \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} + \frac{u}{r^2} \right\} + \left\{ F_{33} - F_{22} - \frac{F_{572}}{2} + \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \left\{ r \frac{\partial^3 \phi}{\partial r^3} + 2 \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial r^2} - \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial r} + \frac{\phi}{r^2} \right\} - \left\{ k_s F_{55} + \frac{F_{662}}{4} \right\} \left\{ r \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial r} + \phi \right\} + rq \\ & = I_1 r \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} + (2I_5 - I_3 - I_6) \left\{ \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial r \partial t^2} + r \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial r^2 \partial t^2} \right\} + (I_2 - I_4) \left\{ \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} + r \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial r \partial t^2} \right\} + (I_6 - I_5) \left\{ \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial t^2} + r \frac{\partial^3 \phi}{\partial r \partial t^2} \right\}, \end{aligned} \quad (9b)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left\{ F_{33} + \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial r} - \frac{\phi}{r^2} \right\} + \left\{ F_{22} - F_{33} + \frac{F_{572}}{2} - \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial r^3} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial r^2} - \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} \right\} + \left\{ k_s F_{55} + \frac{F_{662}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} - \phi \right\} - F_{11} \left\{ \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} - \frac{u}{r^2} \right\} \\ & = I_6 \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial t^2} + (I_5 - I_6) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial r \partial t^2} - I_4 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2}. \end{aligned} \quad (9c)$$

Boundary conditions at $r=R_i, R_o$ are obtained as:

$$\begin{aligned} \delta u = 0, \quad \text{or} \quad & (F_{11} - B_{11}) r \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial r^2} + (F_{11}^* - B_{11}^*) \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} + A_{11} r \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} \\ & + A_{11}^* u - F_{11} r \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial r} - F_{11}^* \phi = 0, \end{aligned} \quad (10a)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta w = 0, \quad \text{or} \quad & \left\{ 2F_{22} - D_{11} - F_{33} - A_{552} + F_{572} - \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \\ & \times \left\{ \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial r^3} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial r^2} - \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} \right\} + \left\{ \frac{F_{662}}{4} + k_s F_{55} \right\} \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} \\ & + (B_{11} - F_{11}) \left\{ \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} - \frac{u}{r^2} \right\} \\ & + \left\{ F_{33} - F_{22} - \frac{F_{572}}{2} + \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial r} - \frac{\phi}{r^2} \right\} \\ & - \left\{ \frac{F_{662}}{4} + k_s F_{55} \right\} \phi = (2I_5 - I_3 - I_6) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial r \partial t^2} \\ & + (I_2 - I_4) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2}, \end{aligned} \quad (10b)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial r} \right) = 0, \quad \text{or} \quad & \left\{ D_{11} - 2F_{22} + F_{33} + A_{552} - F_{572} + \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} r \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial r^2} \\ & + \left\{ D_{11}^* - 2F_{22}^* + F_{33}^* - A_{552} + F_{572} - \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} \\ & + (F_{11} - B_{11}) r \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} + (F_{11}^* - B_{11}^*) u \\ & + \left\{ F_{22} - F_{33} + \frac{F_{572}}{2} - \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} r \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial r} \\ & + \left\{ F_{22}^* - F_{33}^* - \frac{F_{572}}{2} + \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \phi = 0, \end{aligned} \quad (10c)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta \phi = 0, \quad \text{or} \quad & \left\{ F_{22} - F_{33} + \frac{F_{572}}{2} - \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} r \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial r^2} \\ & + \left\{ F_{22}^* - F_{33}^* - \frac{F_{572}}{2} + \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} \\ & - F_{11} r \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} - F_{11}^* u + \left\{ F_{33} + \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} r \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial r} + \left\{ F_{33}^* - \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \phi = 0. \end{aligned} \quad (10d)$$

The coefficient terms in Eqs. (9) and (10) are given by

$$\{A_{11}, B_{11}, D_{11}, F_{11}, F_{22}, F_{33}\} = \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \frac{E(z)}{1 - \nu^2(z)} \left\{ 1, z, z^2, f, zf, f^2 \right\} dz, \quad (11a)$$

$$\{A_{552}, F_{552}, F_{572}, F_{662}\} = \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \frac{E(z)l^2(z)}{2(1 + \nu(z))} \left\{ 1, f^2, f', f''^2 \right\} dz, \quad (11b)$$

$$F_{55} = \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \frac{E(z)}{2(1 + \nu(z))} f'^2 dz, \quad (11c)$$

$$\{A_{11}^*, B_{11}^*, D_{11}^*, F_{11}^*, F_{22}^*, F_{33}^*\} = \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \frac{E(z)\nu(z)}{1 - \nu^2(z)} \left\{ 1, z, z^2, f, zf, f^2 \right\} dz, \quad (11d)$$

$$\{I_1, I_2, I_3, I_4, I_5, I_6\} = \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \rho(z) \left\{ 1, z, z^2, f, zf, f^2 \right\} dz. \quad (11e)$$

Moreover, k_s in Eqs. (9) and (10) is the shear correction factor, which is equal to $\pi^2/12$ in Mindlin plate theory [18] and taken as unity in the third-order shear deformation theory [34]. The results are independent of k_s in Kirchhoff plate theory. Note that the partial differential equations are valid for both functionally graded annular and circular micro-plates. However, the specifications regarding the boundary conditions depend on the type of the plate as will be elucidated in Section 3. Both static bending and free vibrations of circular micro-plates can be examined through the use of the governing equations. In the case of static loading, there are no time-derivatives and right-hand-sides have to be taken as zero. External loading q has to be equated to zero in free vibration analysis.

In order to write the governing equations and the boundary conditions in normalized form, we define the following quantities:

$$\xi = \frac{r - R_i}{R_o - R_i}, \quad \gamma = \frac{R_i}{R_o - R_i}, \quad \eta = \frac{R_o - R_i}{h}, \quad \chi = \xi + \gamma, \quad (12a)$$

$$q_0 = \frac{R_o - R_i}{A_{110}} q, \quad \tau = \frac{1}{R_o - R_i} \sqrt{\frac{A_{110}}{I_{10}}} t, \quad (12b)$$

$$\{\bar{u}, \bar{w}\} = \frac{\{u, w\}}{h}, \quad \varphi = \phi, \quad (12c)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \{\bar{A}_{11}, \bar{B}_{11}, \bar{D}_{11}, \bar{F}_{11}, \bar{F}_{22}, \bar{F}_{33}, \bar{F}_{55}\} \\ & = \left\{ \frac{A_{11}}{A_{110}}, \frac{B_{11}}{hA_{110}}, \frac{D_{11}}{h^2 A_{110}}, \frac{F_{11}}{hA_{110}}, \frac{F_{22}}{h^2 A_{110}}, \frac{F_{33}}{h^2 A_{110}}, \frac{F_{55}}{A_{110}} \right\}, \end{aligned} \quad (12d)$$

$$\{\bar{A}_{552}, \bar{F}_{552}, \bar{F}_{572}, \bar{F}_{662}\} = \left\{ \frac{A_{552}}{h^2 A_{110}}, \frac{F_{552}}{h^2 A_{110}}, \frac{F_{572}}{h^2 A_{110}}, \frac{F_{662}}{A_{110}} \right\}, \quad (12e)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left\{ \bar{A}_{11}^*, \bar{B}_{11}^*, \bar{D}_{11}^*, \bar{F}_{11}^*, \bar{F}_{22}^*, \bar{F}_{33}^* \right\} \\ &= \left\{ \frac{\bar{A}_{11}^*}{A_{110}}, \frac{\bar{B}_{11}^*}{hA_{110}}, \frac{\bar{D}_{11}^*}{h^2 A_{110}}, \frac{\bar{F}_{11}^*}{hA_{110}}, \frac{\bar{F}_{22}^*}{h^2 A_{110}}, \frac{\bar{F}_{33}^*}{h^2 A_{110}} \right\}, \end{aligned} \quad (12f)$$

$$\{\bar{I}_1, \bar{I}_2, \bar{I}_3, \bar{I}_4, \bar{I}_5, \bar{I}_6\} = \left\{ \frac{I_1}{I_{10}}, \frac{I_2}{hI_{10}}, \frac{I_3}{h^2 I_{10}}, \frac{I_4}{hI_{10}}, \frac{I_5}{h^2 I_{10}}, \frac{I_6}{h^2 I_{10}} \right\}. \quad (12g)$$

A_{110} and I_{10} in the above equations are respectively the values of A_{11} and I_1 computed by considering a homogeneous plate with properties same as those of the graded plate at $z = -h/2$.

3. Numerical solution

The system comprising the partial differential equations and the boundary conditions is solved by using the differential quadrature method. According to this technique, an m -th order differential operator is represented as a finite series as follows:

$$\frac{\partial^m u(r, t)}{\partial r^m} \Big|_{r=r_i} = \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(m)} u(r_k, t), \quad i = 1, \dots, N, \quad (13)$$

where N is the number of nodes, and $C_{ik}^{(m)}$ are the weighting coefficients for the m -th derivative [35]. Shifted Chebyshev-Gauss-Lobatto points are utilized as nodal points, which are computed according to the relation [36].

$$r_k = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ 1 - \cos \left(\frac{\pi(k-1)}{N-1} \right) \right\}, \quad k = 1, \dots, N. \quad (14)$$

Considering the normalizations given by Eq. (12) and finite series representations of the unknown functions, governing partial differential equations are recast into the following form:

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{\eta} (\bar{F}_{11} - \bar{B}_{11}) \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(3)} \bar{w}_k + \frac{1}{\chi_i} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \bar{w}_k - \frac{1}{\chi_i^2} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \bar{w}_k \right\} + \bar{A}_{11} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \bar{u}_k + \frac{1}{\chi_i} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \bar{u}_k - \frac{\bar{u}_i}{\chi_i^2} \right\} \\ & - \bar{F}_{11} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \varphi_k + \frac{1}{\chi_i} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \varphi_k - \frac{\varphi_i}{\chi_i^2} \right\} \\ &= \bar{I}_1 \ddot{u}_i + \frac{1}{\eta} (\bar{I}_4 - \bar{I}_2) \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \ddot{w}_k - \bar{I}_4 \ddot{\varphi}_i, \end{aligned} \quad (15a)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{\eta} \left\{ 2\bar{F}_{22} - \bar{D}_{11} - \bar{F}_{33} - \bar{A}_{552} + \bar{F}_{572} - \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \chi_i \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(4)} \bar{w}_k + 2 \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(3)} \bar{w}_k - \frac{1}{\chi_i} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \bar{w}_k + \frac{1}{\chi_i^2} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \bar{w}_k \right\} \\ & + \eta \left\{ \frac{\bar{F}_{662}}{4} + k_s \bar{F}_{55} \right\} \left\{ \chi_i \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \bar{w}_k + \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \bar{w}_k \right\} + (\bar{B}_{11} - \bar{F}_{11}) \left\{ \chi_i \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(3)} \bar{u}_k + 2 \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \bar{u}_k - \frac{1}{\chi_i} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \bar{u}_k + \frac{\bar{u}_i}{\chi_i^2} \right\} \\ & + \left\{ \bar{F}_{33} - \bar{F}_{22} - \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} + \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \chi_i \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(3)} \varphi_k + 2 \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \varphi_k - \frac{1}{\chi_i} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \varphi_k + \frac{\varphi_i}{\chi_i^2} \right\} - \eta^2 \left\{ k_s \bar{F}_{55} + \frac{\bar{F}_{662}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \chi_i \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \varphi_k + \varphi_i \right\} + \eta^2 \chi_i q_{oi} \\ & = \eta \chi_i \bar{I}_1 \ddot{w}_i + \frac{1}{\eta} (2\bar{I}_5 - \bar{I}_3 - \bar{I}_6) \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \ddot{w}_k + \chi_i \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \ddot{w}_k \right\} + (\bar{I}_2 - \bar{I}_4) \left\{ \ddot{u}_i + \chi_i \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \ddot{u}_k \right\} + (\bar{I}_6 - \bar{I}_5) \left\{ \ddot{\varphi}_i + \chi_i \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \ddot{\varphi}_k \right\}, \end{aligned} \quad (15b)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left\{ \bar{F}_{33} + \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \varphi_k + \frac{1}{\chi_i} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \varphi_k - \frac{\varphi_i}{\chi_i^2} \right\} \\ & + \frac{1}{\eta} \left\{ \bar{F}_{22} - \bar{F}_{33} + \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} - \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(3)} \bar{w}_k + \frac{1}{\chi_i} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \bar{w}_k \right. \\ & \left. - \frac{1}{\chi_i^2} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \bar{w}_k \right\} + \eta \left\{ k_s \bar{F}_{55} + \frac{\bar{F}_{662}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \bar{w}_k - \eta \varphi_i \right\} \\ & - \bar{F}_{11} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \bar{u}_k + \frac{1}{\chi_i} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \bar{u}_k - \frac{\bar{u}_i}{\chi_i^2} \right\} \\ & = \bar{I}_6 \ddot{\varphi}_i + \frac{1}{\eta} (\bar{I}_5 - \bar{I}_6) \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \ddot{w}_k - \bar{I}_4 \ddot{u}_i. \end{aligned} \quad (15c)$$

In all three governing equations, $i = 1, \dots, N$; and the dot stands for differentiation with respect to time.

Two different types of micro-plate configurations are considered in the numerical analyses. The first one is that of an annular micro-plate simply supported along its boundaries at $r = R_i$ and $r = R_o$. The second one is the problem of a circular micro-plate simply supported over its periphery $r = R_o$. In terms of the finite series, boundary conditions for the annular micro-plate problem read

$$\bar{u}_1 = \bar{u}_N = 0, \quad (16a)$$

$$\bar{w}_1 = \bar{w}_N = 0, \quad (16b)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left\{ \bar{D}_{11} - 2\bar{F}_{22} + \bar{F}_{33} + \bar{A}_{552} - \bar{F}_{572} + \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \gamma \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(2)} \bar{w}_k + \left\{ \bar{D}_{11}^* - 2\bar{F}_{22}^* + \bar{F}_{33}^* - \bar{A}_{552} + \bar{F}_{572} - \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(1)} \bar{w}_k \\
& + \eta(\bar{F}_{11} - \bar{B}_{11}) \gamma \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(1)} \bar{u}_k + \eta \left\{ \bar{F}_{22} - \bar{F}_{33} + \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} - \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \gamma \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(1)} \varphi_k + \eta \left\{ \bar{F}_{22}^* - \bar{F}_{33}^* - \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} + \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \varphi_1 \\
= & \left\{ \bar{D}_{11} - 2\bar{F}_{22} + \bar{F}_{33} + \bar{A}_{552} - \bar{F}_{572} + \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} (1 + \gamma) \sum_{k=1}^N C_{Nk}^{(2)} \bar{w}_k + \left\{ \bar{D}_{11}^* - 2\bar{F}_{22}^* + \bar{F}_{33}^* - \bar{A}_{552} + \bar{F}_{572} - \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{Nk}^{(1)} \bar{w}_k \\
& + \eta(\bar{F}_{11} - \bar{B}_{11})(1 + \gamma) \sum_{k=1}^N C_{Nk}^{(1)} \bar{u}_k + \eta \left\{ \bar{F}_{22} - \bar{F}_{33} + \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} - \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} (1 + \gamma) \sum_{k=1}^N C_{Nk}^{(1)} \varphi_k + \eta \left\{ \bar{F}_{22}^* - \bar{F}_{33}^* - \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} + \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \varphi_N = 0,
\end{aligned} \tag{16c}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{\eta} \left\{ \bar{F}_{22} - \bar{F}_{33} + \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} - \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \gamma \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(2)} \bar{w}_k + \frac{1}{\eta} \left\{ \bar{F}_{22}^* - \bar{F}_{33}^* - \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} + \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(1)} \bar{w}_k - \bar{F}_{11} \gamma \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(1)} \bar{u}_k \\
& + \left\{ \bar{F}_{33} + \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \gamma \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(1)} \varphi_k + \left\{ \bar{F}_{33}^* - \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \varphi_1 \\
= & \frac{1}{\eta} \left\{ \bar{F}_{22} - \bar{F}_{33} + \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} - \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} (1 + \gamma) \sum_{k=1}^N C_{Nk}^{(2)} \bar{w}_k + \frac{1}{\eta} \left\{ \bar{F}_{22}^* - \bar{F}_{33}^* - \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} + \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{Nk}^{(1)} \bar{w}_k - \bar{F}_{11} (1 + \gamma) \sum_{k=1}^N C_{Nk}^{(1)} \bar{u}_k \\
& + \left\{ \bar{F}_{33} + \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} (1 + \gamma) \sum_{k=1}^N C_{Nk}^{(1)} \varphi_k + \left\{ \bar{F}_{33}^* - \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \varphi_N = 0.
\end{aligned} \tag{16d}$$

The circular micro-plate is approximated as an annular micro-plate with a very small inner radius R_i in the numerical solution. Thus, the conditions at $r=R_o$ given above are also valid for the simply-supported circular micro-plate whereas the conditions at $r=R_i$ have to be replaced by the following equalities:

$$\bar{u}_1 = 0, \tag{17a}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left\{ 2\bar{F}_{22} - \bar{D}_{11} - \bar{F}_{33} - \bar{A}_{552} + \bar{F}_{572} - \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(3)} \bar{w}_k \right. \\
& \left. + \frac{1}{\gamma_e} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(2)} \bar{w}_k \right\} + \eta(\bar{B}_{11} - \bar{F}_{11}) \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(2)} \bar{u}_k + \frac{1}{\gamma_e} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(1)} \bar{u}_k \right\} \\
& + \eta \left\{ \bar{F}_{33} - \bar{F}_{22} - \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} + \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(2)} \varphi_k + \frac{1}{\gamma_e} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(1)} \varphi_k \right\} = 0,
\end{aligned} \tag{17b}$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(1)} \bar{w}_k = 0, \tag{17c}$$

$$\varphi_1 = 0. \tag{17d}$$

γ_e in Eq. (17b) is to be taken as a sufficiently small number.

In the case of static loading, for both annular and circular plate problems final matrix form of the system comprising partial differential equations and boundary conditions is derived as follows:

$$\mathbf{KX} + \mathbf{Q} = \mathbf{0}. \tag{18}$$

where \mathbf{K} is the stiffness matrix, \mathbf{Q} is the generalized distributed load vector, and \mathbf{X} is the vector of nodal displacements written as

$$\mathbf{X} = \left\{ \{\bar{u}_i\}^T, \{\bar{w}_i\}^T, \{\varphi_i\}^T \right\}^T, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, N. \tag{19}$$

In a similar way, matrix form of the equations for the free vibration problems is obtained in the form:

$$\mathbf{KX} + \mathbf{M}\ddot{\mathbf{X}} = \mathbf{0}. \tag{20}$$

\mathbf{M} here is the mass matrix. Assuming a solution of the form

$$\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{X}^* e^{i\omega\tau}, \tag{21}$$

Eq. (20) is reduced to

$$(\mathbf{K} - \omega^2 \mathbf{M}) \mathbf{X}^* = \mathbf{0}. \tag{22}$$

\mathbf{X}^* in this equation is the free vibration mode shape vector, and ω designates dimensionless natural frequency of vibration, which are defined by

$$\mathbf{X}^* = \left\{ \{\bar{u}_i^*\}^T, \{\bar{w}_i^*\}^T, \{\varphi_i^*\}^T \right\}^T, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, N. \tag{23a}$$

$$\omega = \sqrt{\frac{I_{10}}{A_{110}}} (R_o - R_i) \mathcal{Q}, \tag{23b}$$

where \mathcal{Q} stands for the natural frequency of free vibrations. Solution of Eq. (22) yields the dimensionless natural frequencies and the corresponding mode shape vectors. Notice that there are three possible deformation modes in the examined micro-plate problems, namely radial, transverse, and rotational deformation modes; which respectively correspond to the unknown functions u , w , and ϕ . In numerical analyses, the deformation mode to which a computed natural frequency corresponds is ascertained by examining the mode shape vector.

4. Numerical results

Graded ceramic-metal annular and circular micro-plates are considered in the parametric analyses. Referring to Fig. 1, volume fractions of the constituent phases are expressed as follows

$$V_c(z) = \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{z}{h} \right)^{\lambda}, \quad (24a)$$

$$V_m(z) = 1 - V_c(z), \quad (24b)$$

where the subscripts c and m respectively represent the ceramic and the metallic components; and the exponent λ is an in-homogeneity constant defining the property variation. The composition is 100% metallic at $z = -h/2$, and 100% ceramic at $z = h/2$. Note that for $\lambda > 1$ the plate considered is metal-rich whereas for $\lambda < 1$ it has a ceramic-rich profile. Elastic properties are computed by means of the Mori-Tanaka technique [37], according to which effective bulk modulus B_e , and effective shear modulus μ_e are evaluated from

$$B_e = \frac{V_c(B_c - B_m)}{1 + \frac{(B_c - B_m)V_m}{\frac{4\mu_m}{3} + B_m}} + B_m, \quad (25a)$$

$$\mu_e = \frac{V_c(\mu_c - \mu_m)}{1 + \frac{(\mu_c - \mu_m)V_m}{\left\{ \mu_m + \frac{(9B_m + 8\mu_m)\mu_m}{6(B_m + 2\mu_m)} \right\}}} + \mu_m. \quad (25b)$$

Once B_e and μ_e are computed at a given location z across the thickness, modulus of elasticity E and Poisson's ratio ν can be calculated through

$$E(z) = \frac{9B_e(z)\mu_e(z)}{3B_e(z) + \mu_e(z)}, \quad (26a)$$

$$\nu(z) = \frac{3B_e(z) - 2\mu_e(z)}{6B_e(z) + 2\mu_e(z)}. \quad (26b)$$

Mass density ρ , and the length scale parameter l are evaluated by employing the rule of mixtures. These two properties are expressed in the following form:

$$\rho(z) = \rho_c V_c(z) + \rho_m V_m(z), \quad (27a)$$

$$l(z) = l_c V_c(z) + l_m V_m(z). \quad (27b)$$

The particular ceramic and metallic phases considered in the parametric analyses are silicon carbide (SiC) and aluminum (Al), whose material properties are given as:

$$E_c = 427 \text{ GPa}, \quad \nu_c = 0.17, \quad \rho_c = 3100 \text{ kg/m}^3, \quad (28a)$$

$$E_m = 70 \text{ GPa}, \quad \nu_m = 0.3, \quad \rho_m = 2702 \text{ kg/m}^3. \quad (28b)$$

Table 2

Comparisons of the natural frequency $\Omega/(2\pi)$ (in kHz) generated by considering a homogeneous circular micro-plate hinged along its boundary. $E = 1.44 \text{ GPa}$, $\nu = 0.38$, $\rho = 1220 \text{ kg/m}^3$, $h = 100 \mu\text{m}$, $R_0/h = 50$.

h/l	1			2			
	Mode	First	Second	Third	First	Second	Third
Wang et al. [38]		1.2051	13.3250	34.1840	1.1565	8.6931	22.0114
Present study		1.2051	13.3263	34.1874	1.1566	8.6939	22.0136

The length scale parameter of the metallic component l_m is taken as $15 \mu\text{m}$, which is a reference value commonly used in the literature [18,23]. Ceramic component's length scale parameter l_c on the other hand is set as $22.5 \mu\text{m}$ in a number of parametric analyses. In the remaining cases, l_c is varied to be able to illustrate the influence of the length scale parameter variation.

In order to exhibit the accuracy of the numerical results generated by means of the developed procedures, two sets of comparisons are given as presented by Tables 1 and 2. Table 1 tabulates dimensionless first natural frequencies obtained for a functionally graded annular micro-plate hinged along its boundaries. The results computed in the present study are seen to be in very good agreement with those provided by Ke et al. [18]. Note that in the work of Ke et al. [18], Mindlin plate theory is used and the length scale parameter l is assumed to have a constant value of $15 \mu\text{m}$. Table 2 presents comparisons of the first three natural frequencies calculated by considering a simply-supported homogeneous circular micro-plate. Our results are in excellent agreement with those of Wang et al. [38], who adopted Kirchhoff plate theory in their analysis. The comparisons provided are indicative of the high degree of accuracy achieved through the use of developed methods. All frequencies tabulated in Tables 1 and 2 correspond to the transverse deformation mode.

In Figs. 2–9 and Tables 3 and 4, we present the results of parametric analyses carried out to examine the influences of various factors on the behaviors of graded annular and circular micro-plates. The results corresponding to static loading of micro-plates are provided in Figs. 2–5. In all analyses, annular and circular micro-plates are assumed to be simply-supported at their boundaries. Fig. 2 depicts static deflection profiles of a graded annular micro-plate that are generated through the use of three different plate theories. Kirchhoff and third-order shear deformation theories are seen to lead to almost identical profiles whereas Mindlin plate theory slightly overestimates the micro-plate deflection. Static loading results provided in Figs. 3–5 are computed by means of the third-order shear deformation theory. Fig. 3 demonstrates the effect of the spatial variation of the length scale parameter upon the static deflection of a functionally graded annular micro-plate. The deflection profiles are given for four different values of the length scale parameter ratio l_c/l_m . According to Eq. (27b), the length scale parameter varies within the plate when $l_c/l_m \neq 1$, and it is constant when $l_c/l_m = 1$. Fig. 3 indicates that the impact of the length scale parameter variation on the static deflection profile is rather significant. Static deflection drops as the length scale parameter ratio l_c/l_m is increased from $1/3$ to 2 . A similar set of results illustrating the influence of the length scale parameter ratio

Table 1
Comparisons of the first dimensionless natural frequency $R_0\Omega/\sqrt{A_{110}/A_{110}}$ generated by considering an FGM annular micro-plate hinged along the boundaries. $\lambda = 1.2$, $R_0/h = 10$, $R_0/R_i = 5$, $l = 15 \mu\text{m}$.

h/l	1	1.5	2	3	6	10	16	Classical
Ke et al. [18]	1.5711	1.1996	1.0252	0.8718	0.7582	0.7301	0.7201	0.7141
Present study	1.5710	1.1996	1.0252	0.8720	0.7586	0.7306	0.7206	0.7141

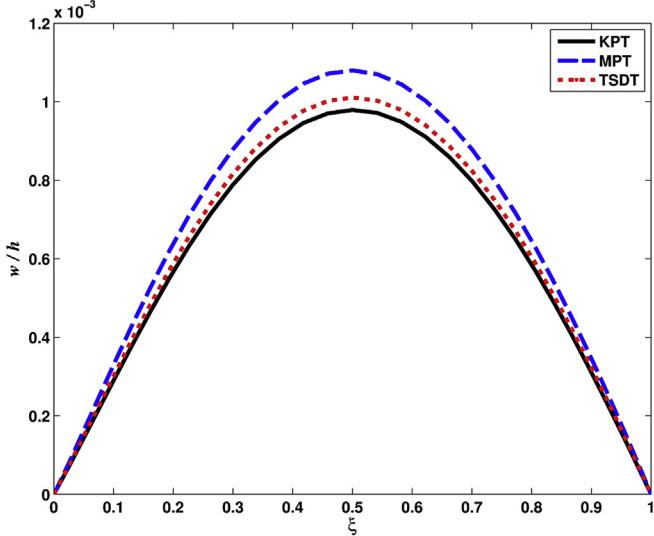


Fig. 2. Static deflection profiles of a graded annular micro-plate generated by means of three different plate theories. $q = 1 \text{ MPa}$, $R_o/h = 10$, $l_m = 15 \mu\text{m}$, $h/l_m = 2$, $l_c/l_m = 3/2$, $\lambda=2$, $R_o/R_i = 4$.

is provided in Fig. 4. These results are calculated by considering a functionally graded circular micro-plate. Again, the influence of the length scale parameter ratio is found to be notable. Fig. 5 shows through-the-thickness distributions of the normalized normal stress σ_{rr}/q computed at $r=(R_i+R_o)/2$ in an annular micro-plate. The tensile stress evaluated at $z=h/2$ is larger in magnitude compared to the compressive stress calculated at $z=-h/2$. As the length scale parameter ratio l_c/l_m is increased, magnitude of the normalized normal stress decreases. This figure demonstrates the fact that under static loading condition, length scale parameter variation is influential also on the stress distribution.

Numerical results regarding free vibration behaviors of annular and circular micro-plates are provided in Tables 3 and 4, and Figs. 6–9. Table 3 presents first three dimensionless natural frequencies corresponding to the transverse deformation mode, that

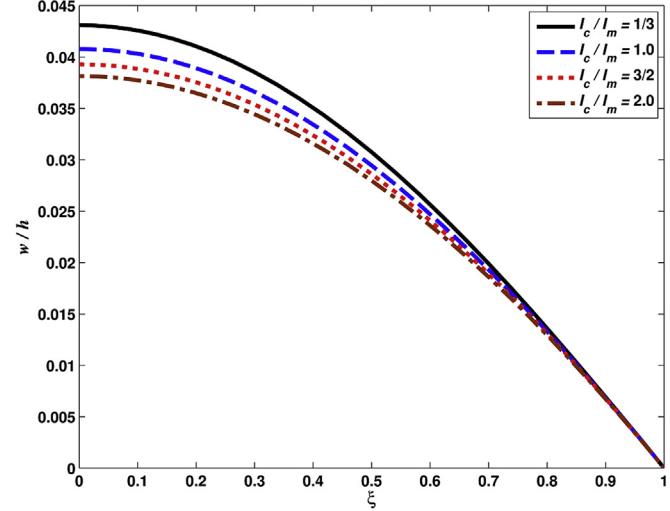


Fig. 4. Static deflection profiles of a graded circular micro-plate generated by considering four different values of l_c/l_m . $q = 1 \text{ MPa}$, $R_o/h = 10$, $l_m = 15 \mu\text{m}$, $h/l_m = 2$, $\lambda=2$.

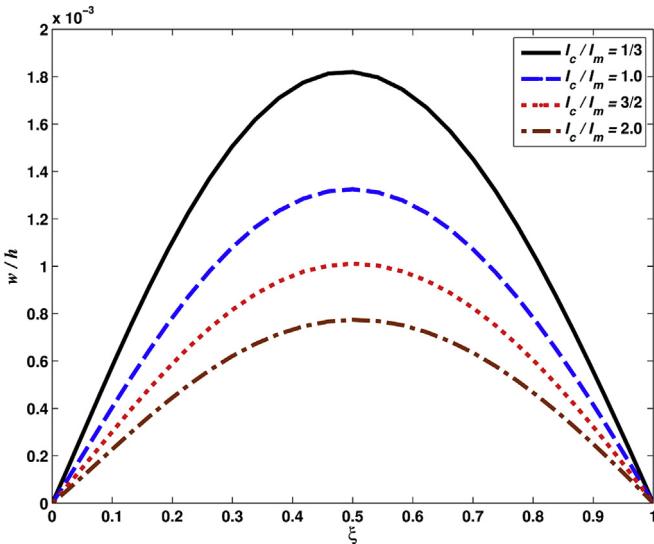


Fig. 3. Static deflection profiles of a graded annular micro-plate generated by considering four different values of l_c/l_m . $q = 1 \text{ MPa}$, $R_o/h = 10$, $l_m = 15 \mu\text{m}$, $h/l_m = 2$, $\lambda=2$, $R_o/R_i = 4$.

are computed by considering a graded annular micro-plate. Frequencies are given as functions of the inhomogeneity exponent λ and the length scale parameter ratio l_c/l_m . As the inhomogeneity exponent λ increases from 0.5 to 5, i.e. as the micro-plate becomes metal-rich, frequency of each mode gets smaller. The rise in l_c/l_m on the other hand leads to increases in the natural frequencies. As can be observed from Table 4, general free vibration behavior of a functionally graded circular micro-plate is similar to that of the annular micro-plate.

Figs. 6–9 depict variations of the first dimensionless natural frequency ω_1 . In all cases ω_1 corresponds to the transverse deformation mode. Fig. 6 provides ω_1 vs h/l_m curves for the three different plate theories. ω_1 values are extracted by considering a functionally graded annular micro-plate. The curves obtained for the different plate theories are seen to lie in close proximity of each other. In each case, natural frequency tends to a constant value as h/l_m gets larger. However, as h/l_m becomes smaller a sharp rise is

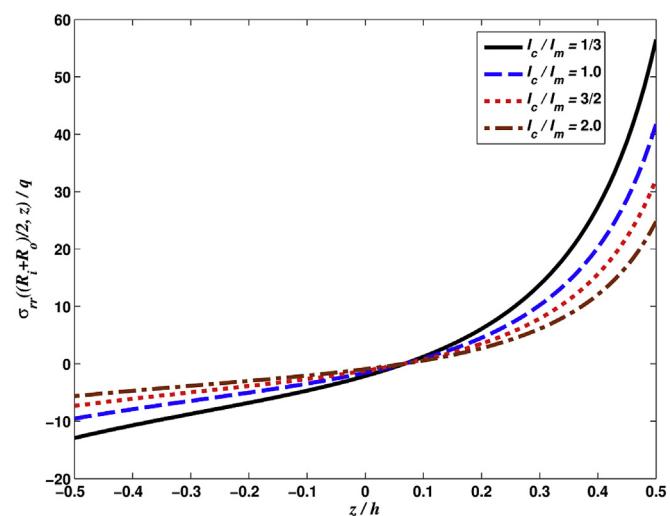


Fig. 5. Through-the-thickness distributions of normal stress in a graded annular micro-plate generated by considering four different values of l_c/l_m . $q = 1 \text{ MPa}$, $R_o/h = 10$, $l_m = 15 \mu\text{m}$, $h/l_m = 2$, $\lambda=2$, $R_o/R_i = 4$.

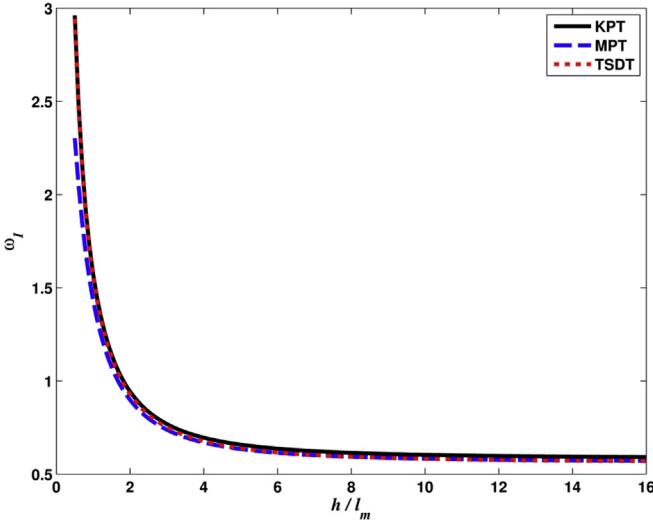


Fig. 6. Variations of the first dimensionless natural frequency with respect to h/l_m generated by considering a graded annular micro-plate and three different plate theories. $R_o/h = 10$, $l_m = 15 \mu\text{m}$, $l_c/l_m = 3/2$, $\lambda=2$, $R_o/R_i = 4$.

induced in ω_1 , which is an indication of the size effect at the micro-scale. When thickness h is at the order of the length scale parameter l_m , the first natural frequency is significantly larger due to the stiffening of the micro-plate. The results displayed in Figs. 7–9 are calculated using third-order shear deformation theory. In Fig. 7, we give natural frequency variations of an annular micro-plate for four different values of the inhomogeneity exponent λ . ω_1 decreases continuously as the inhomogeneity parameter is increased from 0.5 to 5. As a result, we can deduce that a ceramic-rich annular micro-plate is stiffer and possesses higher natural frequencies compared to a metal-rich micro-plate. Fig. 8 shows first dimensionless natural frequency of an annular micro-plate as functions of h/l_m and the length scale parameter ratio l_c/l_m . The impact of l_c/l_m is considerable especially when h is at the order of l_m . An increase in the length scale parameter ratio causes a corresponding increase in ω_1 . Finally, in Fig. 9 we present ω_1 variations illustrating the influence of the length scale parameter ratio for a graded circular micro-plate.

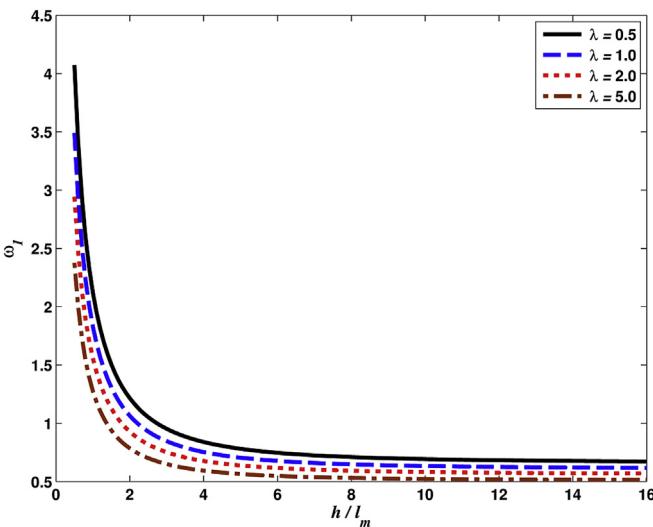


Fig. 7. Variations of the first dimensionless natural frequency with respect to h/l_m generated by considering a graded annular micro-plate and four different values of λ . $R_o/h = 10$, $l_m = 15 \mu\text{m}$, $l_c/l_m = 3/2$, $R_o/R_i = 4$.

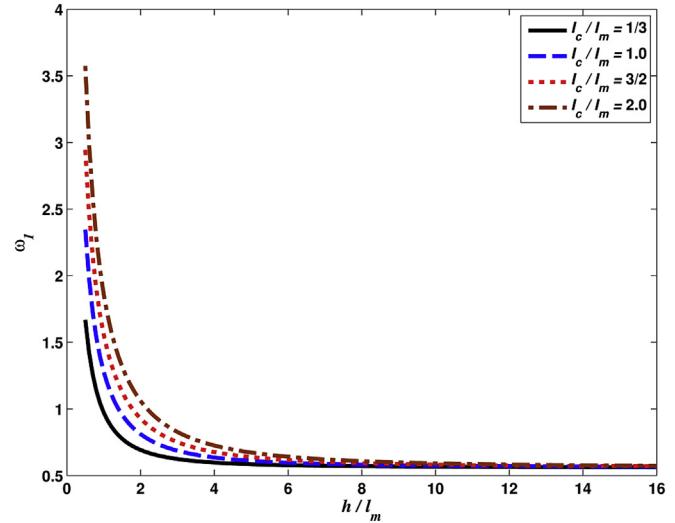


Fig. 8. Variations of the first dimensionless natural frequency with respect to h/l_m generated by considering a graded annular micro-plate and four different values of l_c/l_m . $R_o/h = 10$, $l_m = 15 \mu\text{m}$, $\lambda=2$, $R_o/R_i = 4$.

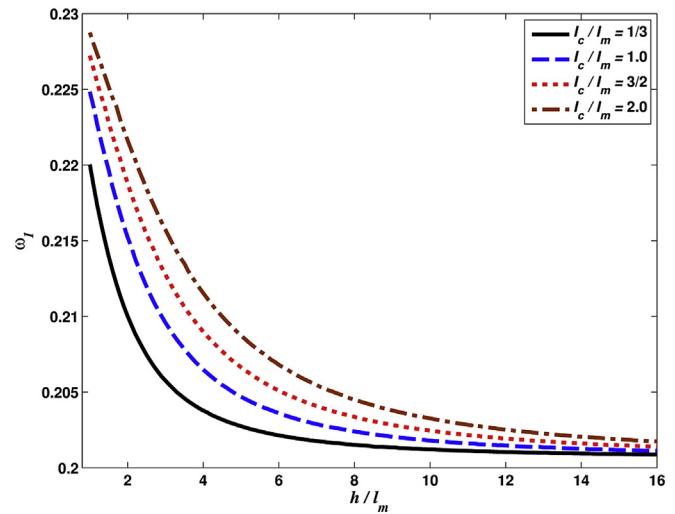


Fig. 9. Variations of the first dimensionless natural frequency with respect to h/l_m generated by considering a graded circular micro-plate and four different values of l_c/l_m . $R_o/h = 10$, $l_m = 15 \mu\text{m}$, $\lambda=2$.

Table 3

Dimensionless natural frequencies corresponding to the transverse deformation mode generated by considering a graded annular micro-plate. $R_o/h = 10$, $l_m = 15 \mu\text{m}$, $h/l_m = 2$, $R_o/R_i = 4$.

Mode	λ	l_c/l_m				
			1/3	1.0	3/2	2.0
First	0.5	0.7635	0.9928	1.2150	1.4590	
	1.0	0.7248	0.8968	1.0645	1.2506	
	2.0	0.6926	0.8113	0.9285	1.0606	
	5.0	0.6556	0.7202	0.7854	0.8610	
Second	0.5	2.6246	3.5248	4.3705	5.1623	
	1.0	2.4536	3.1366	3.7758	4.3993	
	2.0	2.3420	2.8206	3.2731	3.7378	
	5.0	2.2660	2.5366	2.8001	3.0908	
Third	0.5	5.3634	7.3193	9.0952	11.7226	
	1.0	5.0527	6.5193	7.8695	10.2989	
	2.0	4.7903	5.8567	6.8301	7.7069	
	5.0	4.6137	5.2470	5.8417	6.4567	

Table 4

Dimensionless natural frequencies corresponding to the transverse deformation mode generated by considering a graded circular micro-plate. $R_o/h = 10$, $l_m = 15 \mu\text{m}$, $h/l_m = 2$.

Mode	λ	l_c/l_m			
		1/3	1.0	3/2	2.0
First	0.5	0.2389	0.2483	0.2545	0.2645
	1.0	0.2238	0.2311	0.2362	0.2394
	2.0	0.2103	0.2158	0.2188	0.2211
	5.0	0.1918	0.1946	0.1971	0.1981
Second	0.5	1.5000	1.9505	2.3942	2.8819
	1.0	1.4044	1.7456	2.0810	2.4547
	2.0	1.3426	1.5777	1.8114	2.0753
	5.0	1.2930	1.4197	1.5482	1.6977
Third	0.5	3.5711	4.7421	5.8497	7.2054
	1.0	3.3361	4.2290	5.0711	6.1920
	2.0	3.1829	3.8097	4.4063	4.9419
	5.0	3.0736	3.4258	3.7703	4.1435

Length scale parameter ratio effect is again found to be significant. Thus, as is the case in static bending solution, it is necessary to incorporate the variation of the length scale parameter into the formulation in dynamic analysis.

5. Closure

In this article, we propose new methods that can take into account spatial variation of the length scale parameter in static and free vibration analyses of functionally graded annular and circular micro-plates. The developments are based upon the modified couple stress theory. Displacement field is expressed in a unified way to be able to generate numerical results in accordance with three different beam theories, namely: Kirchhoff, Mindlin, and third-order shear deformation theories. Partial differential equations are derived by employing the variational approach and Hamilton's principle. These equations are solved numerically by means of the differential quadrature method. Comparisons to the results available in the literature verify the developed procedures. Numerical analyses are carried out to study the influences of various problem parameters on static deformation profiles, stresses, and natural vibration frequencies.

The effect of the length scale parameter variation is examined through the use of the length scale parameter ratio l_c/l_m . When this ratio is equal to one, length scale parameter is constant across the micro-plate thickness. Non-unity values of l_c/l_m implies a variation in the length scale parameter. The numerical results presented point out that length scale parameter ratio significantly affects both static and the dynamic responses of annular and circular micro-plates. An increase in l_c/l_m is shown to lead to drops in static deflection and stress magnitude; and a rise in the first dimensionless natural frequency. Thus, the methods presented in this article are capable of producing more realistic results regarding the behavior of FGM micro-plates possessing circular and annular profiles.

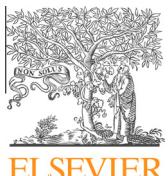
Acknowledgments

Serkan Dag acknowledges the support of the Scientific and Technological Research Council of Turkey (TUBITAK) through grant 213M606.

References

- Baig MN, Khalid FA, Khan FN, Rehman K. Properties and residual stress distribution of plasma sprayed magnesia stabilized zirconia thermal barrier coatings. *Ceram Int* 2014;40:4853–68.
- Lari Baghal SM, Heydarzadeh Sohi M, Amadeh A. A functionally gradient nano-Ni–Co/SiC composite coating on aluminum and its tribological properties. *Surf Coat Tech* 2012;206:4032–9.
- Nomura T, Moriguchi H, Tsuda K, Isobe K, Ikegaya A, Moriyama K. Material design method for the functionally graded cemented carbide tool. *Int J Refract Met Hard Mater* 1999;17:397–404.
- Fu Y, Compson C, Liu M. Nanostructured and functionally graded cathodes for intermediate solid oxide fuel cells. *J Power Sources* 2004;138:194–8.
- Torres Y, Trueba P, Pavon J, Montealegre I, Rodriguez-Ortiz JA. Designing, processing, and characterisation of titanium cylinders with graded porosity: an alternative to stress-shielding solutions. *Mater Des* 2014;63:316–24.
- Fu Y, Du H, Zhang S. Functionally graded TiN/TiNi shape memory alloy films. *Mater Lett* 2003;57:2995–9.
- Witvrouw A, Mehta A. The use of functionally graded Poly-SiGe layers for MEMS applications. *Mater Sci Forum* 2005;492–3:255–60.
- Hassanin H, Jiang K. Near shape manufacturing of ceramic micro parts with tailored graded layers. *J Micromech Microeng* 2014;24. Article No 015018.
- Gietzelt T, Jacobi O, Piötter V, Ruprecht R, Hausselt J. Development of a micro annular gear pump by micro powder injection molding. *J Mater Sci* 2004;39:2113–9.
- Gutierrez CA, Meng E. Liquid encapsulation in parylene microstructures using integrated annular-plate stiction valves. *Micromachines* 2011;2:356–68.
- Ray MP, Feygelson TI, Butler JE, Baldwin JW, Houston BH, Pate BB, et al. Dissipation in single crystal diamond micromechanical annular plate resonators. *Diam Relat Mater* 2011;20:1204–7.
- Stephanou PJ, Pisano AP. GHz higher order contour mode ALN annular resonators. In: Proceedings of the IEEE 20th International Conference on MEMS. Kobe, Japan; January, 2007. p. 787–90.
- Olfatnia M, Xu T, Miao JM, Ong LS, Jing XM, Norford L. Piezoelectric circular microdiaphragm based pressure sensors. *Sens Actuat A-Phys* 2010;163:32–6.
- Horowitz SB, Sheplak M, Cattafesta III LN, Nishida T. A MEMS acoustic energy harvester. *J Micromech Microeng* 2006;16:S174–81.
- Pattnaik PK, Vijayaaditya BH, Srinivas T, Selvarajan A. Optical MEMS pressure sensor using ring resonator on a circular diaphragm. In: Proceedings of the 2005 International Conference on MEMS. Banff, Alberta, Canada; July, 2005.
- Nie G, Zhong Z. Axisymmetric bending of two-directional functionally graded circular and annular plates. *Acta Mech Solida Sin* 2007;20:289–95.
- Ansari R, Gholami R, Faghah Shojaei M, Mohammadi V, Sahmani S. Bending, buckling, and free vibration analysis of size-dependent functionally graded circular/annular microplates based on the modified strain gradient elasticity theory. *Eur J Mech A-Solid* 2015;49:251–67.
- Ke LL, Yang J, Kitipornchai S, Bradford MA, Wang YS. Axisymmetric nonlinear free vibration of size-dependent functionally graded annular microplates. *Compos Part B Eng* 2013;53:207–17.
- Eringen AC. Nonlocal polar elastic continua. *Int J Eng Sci* 1972;10:1–16.
- Malekzadeh P, Shojaee M. Surface and nonlocal effects on the nonlinear free vibration of non-uniform nanobeams. *Compos Part B Eng* 2013;52:84–92.
- Farajpour A, Dehghany M, Shahidi AR. Surface and nonlocal effects on the axisymmetric buckling of circular graphene sheets in thermal environment. *Compos Part B Eng* 2013;50:333–43.
- Yang F, Chong ACM, Lam DCC, Tong P. Couple stress based strain gradient theory for elasticity. *Int J Solids Struct* 2002;39:2731–43.
- Ke LL, Wang YS. Size effect on dynamic stability of functionally graded microbeams based on a modified couple stress theory. *Compos Struct* 2011;93:342–50.
- Ghayesh MG, Farokhi H, Amabili M. In-plane and out-of-plane motion characteristics of microbeams with modal interactions. *Compos Part B Eng* 2014;60:423–39.
- Lam DCC, Yang F, Chong ACM, Wang J, Tong P. Experiments and theory in strain gradient elasticity. *J Mech Phys Solids* 2003;51:1477–508.
- Akgöz B, Civalek Ö. Longitudinal vibration analysis of strain gradient bars made of functionally graded materials (FGM). *Compos Part B Eng* 2013;55:263–8.
- Srinivasa AR, Reddy JN. A model for a constrained, finitely deforming, elastic solid with rotation gradient dependent strain energy, and its specialization to von Karman plates and beams. *J Mech Phys Solids* 2013;61:873–85.
- Kim J, Reddy JN. Analytical solutions for bending, vibration, and buckling of FGM plates using a couple stress-based third-order theory. *Compos Struct* 2013;103:86–98.
- Thai HT, Kim SE. A size-dependent functionally graded Reddy plate model based on a modified couple stress theory. *Compos Part B Eng* 2013;45:1636–45.
- Asghari M, Taati E. A size-dependent model for functionally graded microplates for mechanical analyses. *J Vib Control* 2012;19:1614–32.
- Mindlin RD. Influence of couple-stresses on stress concentrations. *Exp Mech* 1963;3:1–7.
- Park SK, Gao XL. Bernoulli-Euler beam model based on a modified couple stress theory. *J Micromech Microeng* 2006;16:2355–9.

- [33] Aghazadeh R, Cigeroglu E, Dag S. Static and free vibration analyses of small-scale functionally graded beams possessing a variable length scale parameter using different beam theories. *Eur J Mech A Solid* 2014;46: 1–11.
- [34] Ma LS, Wang TJ. Relationships between axisymmetric bending and buckling solutions of FGM circular plates based on third-order plate theory and classical plate theory. *Int J Solids Struct* 2004;41:85–101.
- [35] Shu C. Differential quadrature and its applications in engineering. London: Springer-Verlag; 2000.
- [36] Ng CHW, Zhao YB, Xiang Y, Wei GW. On the accuracy and stability of a variety of differential quadrature formulations for the vibration analysis of beams. *Int J Eng Appl Sci* 2009;1:85–101.
- [37] Mori T, Tanaka K. Average stress in matrix and average elastic energy of materials with misfitting inclusions. *Acta Metall* 1973;21:571–4.
- [38] Wang YG, Lin WH, Liu N. Large amplitude free vibration of size-dependent circular micro-plates based on the modified couple stress theory. *Int J Mech Sci* 2013;71:51–7.



Bending and free vibrations of functionally graded annular and circular micro-plates under thermal loading



Iman Eshraghi ^a, Serkan Dag ^{b,*}, Nasser Soltani ^a

^aSchool of Mechanical Engineering, College of Engineering, University of Tehran, Tehran, Iran

^bDepartment of Mechanical Engineering, Middle East Technical University, Ankara 06800, Turkey

ARTICLE INFO

Article history:

Available online 19 November 2015

Keywords:

Functionally graded materials
Annular and circular micro-plates
Modified couple stress theory
Bending
Free vibrations
Thermal loading

ABSTRACT

We introduce solution methods capable of treating static bending and free vibration problems involving thermally loaded functionally graded annular and circular micro-plates. Formulation is based on modified couple stress theory; and related governing partial differential equations and boundary conditions are derived by means of Hamilton's principle. Displacement field is expressed in a unified way so as to produce numerical results in accordance with Kirchhoff, Mindlin, and third-order shear deformation theories. All material properties, including the length scale parameter, are assumed to be functions of the thickness coordinate. The static and dynamic problems are solved by means of differential quadrature method. Proposed procedures are verified through comparisons made to the findings available in the technical literature on thermally stressed axisymmetric plates. Detailed numerical results are presented in order to demonstrate the influences of thermal loading magnitude, and material and geometric parameters upon static deformation profiles, stresses, and natural vibration frequencies.

© 2015 Elsevier Ltd. All rights reserved.

1. Introduction

Functionally graded materials (FGMs) are advanced composites, that possess smooth spatial variations in the volume fractions of the constituent phases. These variations are additional degrees of freedom in materials design and allow customization of physical properties. The characteristic feature of FGMs is inhomogeneity at both micro- and macro-scale. The inhomogeneity and continuous spatial variations of the physical properties need to be accounted for in theoretical and computational studies so as to produce realistic results regarding behavior of graded structures.

Since the inception of the concept, FGMs have been proposed to be employed in a number of technological applications such as thermal barrier and tribological coatings [1,2], biomaterials [3,4], and solid oxide fuel cells [5]. In recent years, use of functionally graded structures in micro-electro-mechanical-systems (MEMSs) also became feasible with the introduction of micro-scale FGM component production techniques like magnetron sputtering [6], plasma-enhanced chemical vapor deposition [7], and modified soft lithography [8]. As a result, there have been extensive research efforts directed towards examining mechanical behavior of

micro-scale functionally graded structures. An important group of such structural members is comprised of micro-plates. Annular, circular, and rectangular micro-plates find applications in MEMS including micro-scale resonators, optical and pressure sensors, and gear pumps [9–12]. Our main objective in the present study is to develop methods of analysis for functionally graded *annular and circular* micro-plates, that are under the influence of *thermal loading*.

Modeling and analysis of micro-scale structures require adoption of an higher order continuum theory, that takes into account the size effect. The most commonly used higher order continuum theory in the analysis of annular and circular micro-plates is modified couple stress theory [13]. A single length scale parameter is needed in this theory to describe material response at the micro-scale. Modified couple stress theory based previous work on annular and circular micro-plates encompass both homogeneous and functionally graded structures. Wang et al. [14] and Zhou and Gao [15] presented procedures capable of resolving static bending problems involving homogeneous circular micro-plates. Results regarding large amplitude free vibrations of homogeneous circular plates are provided by Wang et al. [16]. In articles on functionally graded annular and circular micro-plates, examined problems include bending [17–19], free vibrations [17,18,20], buckling [18], and post-buckling [21].

The articles mentioned in the foregoing paragraph do not take thermal effects into consideration. Thermal loads on micro-scale

* Corresponding author. Tel.: +90 312 2102580; fax: +90 312 2102536.

E-mail address: sdag@metu.edu.tr (S. Dag).

structures could be induced due to environmental or electrical effects. Depending on the constraints imposed on the micro-structure, these loads may lead to severe thermal stresses that could jeopardize structural integrity. Thus, in analysis and design, it is important to possess tools capable of considering thermal loads acting on micro-scale structures. In the present article, we put forward modified couple stress theory based solutions for *thermally loaded* functionally graded annular and circular micro-plates. Presented techniques are capable of resolving static bending and free vibration problems by taking into account through-the-thickness temperature variation and thermal strains.

The main advantage of modified couple stress theory over other higher order continuum theories is that, it requires a single material property for micro-scale material characterization. This property is the length scale parameter, which can be determined through experimental procedures as described by Lam et al. [22]. Strain gradient elasticity theory, which is another commonly used higher order continuum theory, requires three additional material properties in the characterization [22]. Hence, modified couple stress theory is simpler to implement, and capable of successfully capturing the size effect prevailing at the micro-scale.

The posed static and dynamic problems are formulated in terms of partial differential equations. Two sets of governing partial differential equations are derived for *thermally loaded* FGM annular and circular micro-plates. One group of equations is valid for micro-plates in static bending and the other is applicable for micro-plates undergoing free vibrations. A unified formulation is established to be able generate results for three different plate theories, namely Kirchhoff plate theory (KPT), Mindlin plate theory (MPT), and third-order shear deformation plate theory (TSĐT). The systems comprising governing equations and boundary conditions are solved numerically by means of differential quadrature method (DQM). Proposed techniques are verified by making comparisons to the findings available in the literature. Presented numerical results shed light on the influences of thermal loading, and material and geometric parameters upon static deformation profiles, stresses, and natural vibration frequencies.

2. Formulation

Fig. 1 depicts a functionally graded annular micro-plate, that is assumed to be under the influence of thermal loading. Inner and outer radii, and thickness of the plate are respectively denoted by R_i , R_o , and h . Circular micro-plate possesses exactly the same geometric features except for the fact that $R_i = 0$. All material properties and temperature are functions of only the thickness coordinate, i.e. z . As a consequence, temperature and deformation fields are both axisymmetric.

Ceramic–metal functionally graded annular and circular micro-plates are considered in the parametric analyses. All plates are 100% metallic at $z = -h/2$ and 100% ceramic at $z = h/2$. In the computation of elastic properties modulus of elasticity and Poisson's ratio, we utilize Mori–Tanaka method [23]. These two properties are of the forms

$$E(z) = \frac{9B_e(z)\mu_e(z)}{3B_e(z) + \mu_e(z)}, \quad (1a)$$

$$\nu(z) = \frac{3B_e(z) - 2\mu_e(z)}{6B_e(z) + 2\mu_e(z)}, \quad (1b)$$

$$B_e = \frac{V_c(B_c - B_m)}{1 + \frac{(B_c - B_m)V_m}{\frac{4\mu_m}{3} + B_m}} + B_m, \quad \mu_e = \frac{V_c(\mu_c - \mu_m)}{1 + \left\{ \frac{(B_c - B_m)V_m}{\mu_m + \frac{(9B_m + 8\mu_m)\mu_m}{6(B_m + 2\mu_m)}} \right\}} + \mu_m. \quad (1c)$$

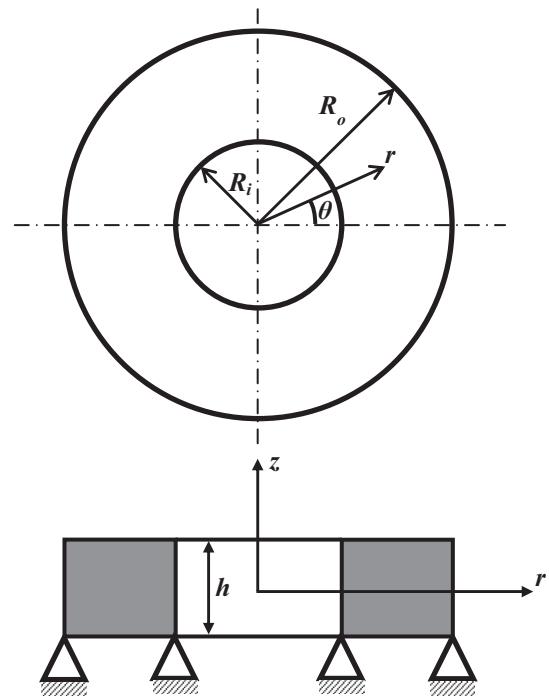


Fig. 1. A functionally graded simply-supported annular micro-plate.

E , ν , B_e , μ_e , and V here respectively designate modulus of elasticity, Poisson's ratio, effective bulk modulus, effective shear modulus, and volume fraction. The subscripts c and m stand for ceramic and metallic phases. Volume fractions are written in terms of a power function as follows:

$$V_c(z) = \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{z}{h} \right)^\lambda, \quad (2a)$$

$$V_m(z) = 1 - V_c(z), \quad (2b)$$

where λ is an inhomogeneity parameter. Mass density, length scale parameter, thermal conductivity, and thermal expansion coefficient variations are evaluated employing rule of mixtures and respectively expressed as:

$$\rho(z) = \rho_c V_c(z) + \rho_m V_m(z), \quad (3a)$$

$$l(z) = l_c V_c(z) + l_m V_m(z), \quad (3b)$$

$$k(z) = k_c V_c(z) + k_m V_m(z), \quad (3c)$$

$$\alpha(z) = \alpha_c V_c(z) + \alpha_m V_m(z). \quad (3d)$$

Computation of spatial variation of a physical property of a functionally graded material requires the use of either a micromechanics model or experimental characterization data. In the absence of such theoretical and experimental results, approximate representations are utilized to evaluate material properties. Exponential [24,25] and power functions [26,27] are commonly employed to directly represent property variations. Another commonly used approximation involves expressing material properties by means of rule of mixtures. Variations of elastic properties such as modulus of elasticity, Poisson's ratio, and Lame's parameters; and thermal properties like thermal expansion coefficient, and thermal conductivity were evaluated by rule of mixtures in previous studies [28–32]. Due to lack of micromechanics formulations and experimental data, we employed the rule of mixtures representations given in Eq. (3) to approximate the spatial variations.

In the analysis of both static bending and free vibration problems, we suppose that the micro-plate shown in Fig. 1 is subjected to a temperature difference defined by

$$\theta(z) = T(z) - T_o, \quad (4)$$

in which T is final temperature, and T_o is temperature of the stress-free state. Solution of the one-dimensional heat equation for the FGM micro-plate results in the following expression for the temperature distribution

$$\theta(z) = \theta_L + \frac{\theta_U - \theta_L}{\int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \frac{dz}{k(z)}} \int_{-h/2}^z \frac{dz}{k(z)}, \quad (5)$$

where $\theta_U = T(h/2) - T_o$, $\theta_L = T(-h/2) - T_o$.

2.1. Formulation for static bending

According to modified couple stress theory [13], constitutive relations are given by:

$$\sigma_{ij} = 2\mu(\varepsilon_{ij} - \alpha\theta\delta_{ij}) + \lambda\delta_{ij}(\varepsilon_{kk} - 3\alpha\theta), \quad (6a)$$

$$m_{ij} = 2\mu l^2 \chi_{ij}, \quad (6b)$$

where σ_{ij} is Cauchy stress, ε_{ij} is total strain, μ and λ are Lame parameters, m_{ij} denotes deviatoric part of the couple stress tensor, and χ_{ij} is symmetric curvature tensor. The material properties μ , λ , α , and l are all functions of the thickness coordinate z . ε_{ij} and χ_{ij} are of the forms

$$\boldsymbol{\varepsilon} = \frac{1}{2} [\nabla \mathbf{u} + (\nabla \mathbf{u})^T], \quad (7a)$$

$$\boldsymbol{\chi} = \frac{1}{2} [\nabla \boldsymbol{\omega} + (\nabla \boldsymbol{\omega})^T]. \quad (7b)$$

\mathbf{u} and $\boldsymbol{\omega}$ here are respectively displacement and rotation vectors. Displacement vector components are expressed in the following way:

$$u_r(r, z, t) = u(r, t) - z \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} + f(z)\gamma(r, t), \quad (8a)$$

$$u_\theta(r, z, t) = 0, \quad (8b)$$

$$u_z(r, z, t) = w(r, t), \quad (8c)$$

where

$$\gamma(r, t) = \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} - \phi(r, t), \quad (9)$$

ϕ being the rotation at the mid-plane. The function f in Eq. (8a) depends on the plate theory used to represent plate deformation and is defined as:

$$f(z) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{for Kirchhoff plate theory (KPT),} \\ z, & \text{for Mindlin plate theory (MPT),} \\ z\left(1 - \frac{4z^2}{3h^2}\right), & \text{for third-order shear deformation theory (TSĐT).} \end{cases} \quad (10)$$

Governing equations and corresponding boundary conditions are derived by means of Hamilton's principle, which for a static problem postulates that

$$\delta U = 0, \quad (11)$$

where U is strain energy evaluated from

$$U = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \int_{R_i}^{R_o} \{ \sigma_{rr}(\varepsilon_{rr} - \alpha\theta) + \sigma_{\theta\theta}(\varepsilon_{\theta\theta} - \alpha\theta) + 2(\sigma_{rz}\varepsilon_{rz} + m_{r\theta}\chi_{r\theta} + m_{z\theta}\chi_{z\theta}) \} 2\pi r dr dz. \quad (12)$$

Using Eqs. (6)–(10) in conjunction with Eqs. (11) and (12), we derive governing partial differential equations as follows:

$$(F_{11} - B_{11}) \left\{ \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial r^3} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial r^2} - \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} \right\} + A_{11} \left\{ \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} - \frac{u}{r^2} \right\} - F_{11} \left\{ \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial r} - \frac{\phi}{r^2} \right\} = 0, \quad (13a)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left\{ 2F_{22} - D_{11} - F_{33} - A_{552} + F_{572} - \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \\ & \times \left\{ r \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial r^4} + 2 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial r^3} - \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} \right\} \\ & + \left\{ \frac{F_{662}}{4} + k_s F_{55} \right\} \left\{ r \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial r^2} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} \right\} \\ & + (B_{11} - F_{11}) \left\{ r \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial r^3} + 2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial r^2} - \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} + \frac{u}{r^2} \right\} \\ & + \left\{ F_{33} - F_{22} - \frac{F_{572}}{2} + \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \left\{ r \frac{\partial^3 \phi}{\partial r^3} + 2 \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial r^2} - \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial r} + \frac{\phi}{r^2} \right\} \\ & - \left\{ k_s F_{55} + \frac{F_{662}}{4} \right\} \left\{ r \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial r} + \phi \right\} = 0, \end{aligned} \quad (13b)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left\{ F_{33} + \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial r} - \frac{\phi}{r^2} \right\} \\ & + \left\{ F_{22} - F_{33} + \frac{F_{572}}{2} - \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial r^3} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial r^2} - \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} \right\} \\ & + \left\{ k_s F_{55} + \frac{F_{662}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} - \phi \right\} - F_{11} \left\{ \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} - \frac{u}{r^2} \right\} = 0. \end{aligned} \quad (13c)$$

And, boundary conditions at $r = R_i$ and R_o read

$$\begin{aligned} \delta u &= 0, \text{ or } (F_{11} - B_{11})r \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial r^2} + (F_{11}^* - B_{11}^*) \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} + A_{11}r \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} \\ &+ A_{11}^* u - F_{11}r \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial r} - F_{11}^* \phi - rN^T = 0, \end{aligned} \quad (14a)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta w &= 0, \text{ or } \left\{ 2F_{22} - D_{11} - F_{33} - A_{552} + F_{572} - \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \\ &\times \left\{ \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial r^3} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial r^2} - \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} \right\} + \left\{ \frac{F_{662}}{4} + k_s F_{55} \right\} \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} \\ &+ (B_{11} - F_{11}) \left\{ \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} - \frac{u}{r^2} \right\} \\ &+ \left\{ F_{33} - F_{22} - \frac{F_{572}}{2} + \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial r} - \frac{\phi}{r^2} \right\} \\ &- \left\{ \frac{F_{662}}{4} + k_s F_{55} \right\} \phi = 0, \end{aligned} \quad (14b)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial r} \right) &= 0, \text{ or } \left\{ D_{11} - 2F_{22} + F_{33} + A_{552} - F_{572} + \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} r \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial r^2} \\ &+ \left\{ D_{11}^* - 2F_{22}^* + F_{33}^* - A_{552} + F_{572} - \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} \\ &+ (F_{11} - B_{11})r \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} + (F_{11}^* - B_{11}^*)u \\ &+ \left\{ F_{22} - F_{33} + \frac{F_{572}}{2} - \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} r \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial r} \\ &+ \left\{ F_{22}^* - F_{33}^* - \frac{F_{572}}{2} + \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \phi + r(M^T - N_f^T) = 0, \end{aligned} \quad (14c)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta\phi = 0, \text{ or } & \left\{ F_{22} - F_{33} + \frac{F_{572}}{2} - \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} r \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial r^2} \\ & + \left\{ F_{22}^* - F_{33}^* - \frac{F_{572}}{2} + \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} - F_{11} r \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} - F_{11}^* u \\ & + \left\{ F_{33} + \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} r \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial r} + \left\{ F_{33}^* - \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \phi + r N_f^T = 0. \end{aligned} \quad (14d)$$

Coefficients and thermal loading terms in Eqs. (13) and (14) are found to be,

$$\{A_{11}, B_{11}, D_{11}, F_{11}, F_{22}, F_{33}\} = \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \frac{E(z)}{1 - v^2(z)} \{1, z, z^2, f, zf, f^2\} dz, \quad (15a)$$

$$\{A_{552}, F_{552}, F_{572}, F_{662}\} = \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \frac{E(z)l^2(z)}{2(1 + v(z))} \{1, f^2, f', f''^2\} dz, \quad (15b)$$

$$F_{55} = \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \frac{E(z)}{2(1 + v(z))} f^2 dz, \quad (15c)$$

$$\{A_{11}^*, B_{11}^*, D_{11}^*, F_{11}^*, F_{22}^*, F_{33}^*\} = \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \frac{E(z)v(z)}{1 - v^2(z)} \{1, z, z^2, f, zf, f^2\} dz, \quad (15d)$$

$$\{N^T, M^T, N_f^T\} = \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \frac{E(z)\alpha(z)\theta(z)}{1 - v(z)} \{1, z, f\} dz. \quad (15e)$$

k_s in Eqs. (13b) and (14b) is the shear correction factor, which assumes a value of unity in third-order shear deformation theory and $\pi^2/12$ in Mindlin plate theory. A shear correction factor is not included in the formulation based on Kirchhoff plate theory. Thermally induced force and moment given in Eq. (15e) appear in the boundary conditions (14a), (14c), and (14d). Note that governing equations conveyed by Eq. (13) are applicable for both annular and circular micro-plates. But, boundary condition specifications are dependent upon the plate type as will be delineated in Section 3.

2.2. Formulation for free vibrations

In this section, we consider free vibrations of a graded annular or circular micro-plate, that is subjected to an initial thermal stress field. Micro-plate geometry is given in Fig. 1. For the free vibrations problem, Hamilton's principle is expressed as

$$\delta \int_{t_1}^{t_2} (K - U) dt = 0, \quad (16)$$

where K is kinetic energy, and U is strain energy. U is a sum of two energy terms in the form [31,32]

$$U = U_S + U_T. \quad (17)$$

U_S is the strain energy corresponding to deformation field and U_T is due to initial thermal stresses. The expressions of K , U_S , and U_T are as follows:

$$K = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \int_{R_i}^{R_o} \rho(z) (\dot{u}_r^2 + \dot{u}_z^2) 2\pi r dr dz, \quad (18a)$$

$$U_S = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \int_{R_i}^{R_o} \{(\sigma_{rr} + \sigma_{rr}^T) \varepsilon_{rr} + (\sigma_{\theta\theta} + \sigma_{\theta\theta}^T) \varepsilon_{\theta\theta} \\ + 2(\sigma_{rz} \varepsilon_{rz} + m_{r\theta} \chi_{r\theta} + m_{z\theta} \chi_{z\theta})\} 2\pi r dr dz, \quad (18b)$$

$$U_T = -\frac{1}{2} \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \int_{R_i}^{R_o} \sigma_{rr}^T \left(\frac{dw}{dr} \right)^2 2\pi r dr dz. \quad (18c)$$

σ_{rr}^T and $\sigma_{\theta\theta}^T$ are defined by

$$\sigma_{rr}^T = \sigma_{\theta\theta}^T = \frac{E(z)\alpha(z)\theta(z)}{1 - v(z)}. \quad (19)$$

Applying Hamilton's principle, we derive the governing partial differential equations as given below

$$(F_{11} - B_{11}) \left\{ \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial r^3} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial r^2} - \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} \right\} + A_{11} \left\{ \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} - \frac{u}{r^2} \right\} \\ - F_{11} \left\{ \frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial r} - \frac{\varphi}{r^2} \right\} = I_1 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} + (I_4 - I_2) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial r \partial t^2} - I_4 \frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial t^2}, \quad (20a)$$

$$\left\{ 2F_{22} - D_{11} - F_{33} - A_{552} + F_{572} - \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \\ \times \left\{ r \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial r^4} + 2 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial r^3} - \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} \right\} \\ + \left\{ \frac{F_{662}}{4} + k_s F_{55} - N^T \right\} \left\{ r \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial r^2} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} \right\} \\ + (B_{11} - F_{11}) \left\{ r \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial r^3} + 2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial r^2} - \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} + \frac{u}{r^2} \right\} \\ + \left\{ F_{33} - F_{22} - \frac{F_{572}}{2} + \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \left\{ r \frac{\partial^3 \varphi}{\partial r^3} + 2 \frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial r^2} - \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial r} + \frac{\varphi}{r^2} \right\} \\ - \left\{ k_s F_{55} + \frac{F_{662}}{4} \right\} \left\{ r \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial r} + \varphi \right\} \\ = I_1 r \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} + (2I_5 - I_3 - I_6) \left\{ \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial r \partial t^2} + r \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial r^2 \partial t^2} \right\} \\ + (I_2 - I_4) \left\{ \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} + r \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial r \partial t^2} \right\} + (I_6 - I_5) \left\{ \frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial t^2} + r \frac{\partial^3 \varphi}{\partial r \partial t^2} \right\}, \quad (20b)$$

$$\left\{ F_{33} + \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial r} - \frac{\varphi}{r^2} \right\} \\ + \left\{ F_{22} - F_{33} + \frac{F_{572}}{2} - \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial r^3} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial r^2} - \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} \right\} \\ + \left\{ k_s F_{55} + \frac{F_{662}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} - \varphi \right\} - F_{11} \left\{ \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} - \frac{u}{r^2} \right\} \\ = I_6 \frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial t^2} + (I_5 - I_6) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial r \partial t^2} - I_4 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2}. \quad (20c)$$

And, boundary conditions at $r = R_i, R_o$ are obtained as

$$\delta u = 0, \text{ or } (F_{11} - B_{11}) r \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial r^2} + (F_{11}^* - B_{11}^*) \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} + A_{11} r \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} \\ + A_{11}^* u - F_{11} r \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial r} - F_{11}^* \phi = 0, \quad (21a)$$

$$\delta w = 0, \text{ or } \left\{ 2F_{22} - D_{11} - F_{33} - A_{552} + F_{572} - \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \\ \times \left\{ \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial r^3} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial r^2} - \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} \right\} + \left\{ \frac{F_{662}}{4} + k_s F_{55} - N^T \right\} \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} \\ + (B_{11} - F_{11}) \left\{ \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} - \frac{u}{r^2} \right\} \\ + \left\{ F_{33} - F_{22} - \frac{F_{572}}{2} + \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial r} - \frac{\varphi}{r^2} \right\} \\ - \left\{ \frac{F_{662}}{4} + k_s F_{55} \right\} \phi = (2I_5 - I_3 - I_6) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial r \partial t^2} + (I_2 - I_4) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2}, \quad (21b)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta \left(\frac{\partial W}{\partial r} \right) = 0, \text{ or } & \left\{ D_{11} - 2F_{22} + F_{33} + A_{552} - F_{572} + \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} r \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial r^2} \\ & + \left\{ D_{11} - 2F_{22}^* + F_{33}^* - A_{552} + F_{572} - \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \frac{\partial W}{\partial r} \\ & + (F_{11} - B_{11}) r \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} + (F_{11}^* - B_{11}^*) u \\ & + \left\{ F_{22} - F_{33} + \frac{F_{572}}{2} - \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} r \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial r} \\ & + \left\{ F_{22}^* - F_{33}^* - \frac{F_{572}}{2} + \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \phi = 0, \end{aligned} \quad (21c)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta \phi = 0, \text{ or } & \left\{ F_{22} - F_{33} + \frac{F_{572}}{2} - \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} r \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial r^2} \\ & + \left\{ F_{22}^* - F_{33}^* - \frac{F_{572}}{2} + \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \frac{\partial W}{\partial r} - F_{11} r \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} - F_{11}^* u \\ & + \left\{ F_{33} + \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} r \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial r} + \left\{ F_{33}^* - \frac{F_{552}}{4} \right\} \phi = 0. \end{aligned} \quad (21d)$$

Inertia coefficients in Eqs. (20) and (21) are of the forms

$$\{I_1, I_2, I_3, I_4, I_5, I_6\} = \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \rho(z) \{1, z, z^2, f, zf, f^2\} dz. \quad (22)$$

Notice that thermally induced constant force N^T enters free vibration formulation through Eqs. (20b) and (21b). Thermally induced moment however does not affect governing equations and boundary conditions because of the assumed form of strain energy due to initial thermal stresses. This form, which is given by Eq. (18c) and proposed by Raju and Rao [33,34], includes only the resultant thermal force. We also note that the terms $(\sigma_{rr} + \sigma_{rr}^T)$ and $(\sigma_{\theta\theta} + \sigma_{\theta\theta}^T)$ in Eq. (18b), where σ_{rr} and $\sigma_{\theta\theta}$ are given by Eq. (6a), are independent of temperature. Thus, use of Eqs. (18b) and (18c) in Hamilton's principle does not introduce terms involving thermal bending moment in the resulting governing equations and boundary conditions.

3. Numerical solution

Numerical solutions are developed for an annular micro-plate simply supported at $r = R_i$, R_o as illustrated in Fig. 1 and a simply-supported circular micro-plate. Differential quadrature method is employed in the solution of the partial differential equations and associated boundary conditions. First step in the solution is definition of normalized quantities, which are as follows:

$$\xi = \frac{r - R_i}{R_o - R_i}, \quad \gamma = \frac{R_i}{R_o - R_i}, \quad \eta = \frac{R_o - R_i}{h}, \quad \chi = \xi + \gamma, \quad (23a)$$

$$\tau = \frac{1}{R_o - R_i} \sqrt{\frac{A_{110}}{I_{10}}} t, \quad (23b)$$

$$\{\bar{u}, \bar{w}\} = \frac{\{u, w\}}{h}, \quad \varphi = \phi, \quad (23c)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \{\bar{A}_{11}, \bar{B}_{11}, \bar{D}_{11}, \bar{F}_{11}, \bar{F}_{22}, \bar{F}_{33}, \bar{F}_{55}\} \\ = \left\{ \frac{A_{11}}{A_{110}}, \frac{B_{11}}{hA_{110}}, \frac{D_{11}}{h^2 A_{110}}, \frac{F_{11}}{hA_{110}}, \frac{F_{22}}{h^2 A_{110}}, \frac{F_{33}}{h^2 A_{110}}, \frac{F_{55}}{A_{110}} \right\}, \end{aligned} \quad (23d)$$

$$\{\bar{A}_{552}, \bar{F}_{552}, \bar{F}_{572}, \bar{F}_{662}\} = \left\{ \frac{A_{552}}{h^2 A_{110}}, \frac{F_{552}}{h^2 A_{110}}, \frac{F_{572}}{h^2 A_{110}}, \frac{F_{662}}{A_{110}} \right\}, \quad (23e)$$

$$\{\bar{A}_{11}^*, \bar{B}_{11}^*, \bar{D}_{11}^*, \bar{F}_{11}^*, \bar{F}_{22}^*, \bar{F}_{33}^*\} = \left\{ \frac{A_{11}^*}{A_{110}}, \frac{B_{11}^*}{hA_{110}}, \frac{D_{11}^*}{h^2 A_{110}}, \frac{F_{11}^*}{hA_{110}}, \frac{F_{22}^*}{h^2 A_{110}}, \frac{F_{33}^*}{h^2 A_{110}} \right\}, \quad (23f)$$

$$\{\bar{N}^T, \bar{M}^T, \bar{N}_f^T\} = \left\{ \frac{N^T}{A_{110}}, \frac{M^T}{hA_{110}}, \frac{N_f^T}{hA_{110}} \right\}, \quad (23g)$$

$$\{\bar{I}_1, \bar{I}_2, \bar{I}_3, \bar{I}_4, \bar{I}_5, \bar{I}_6\} = \left\{ \frac{I_1}{I_{10}}, \frac{I_2}{hI_{10}}, \frac{I_3}{h^2 I_{10}}, \frac{I_4}{hI_{10}}, \frac{I_5}{h^2 I_{10}}, \frac{I_6}{h^2 I_{10}} \right\}. \quad (23h)$$

A_{110} and I_{10} in the above definitions are reference values of A_{11} and I_1 calculated by considering a homogeneous plate, whose properties are equal to those of the functionally graded plate at $z = -h/2$.

In differential quadrature method, an m th order partial derivative is approximated as

$$\frac{\partial^m u(r, t)}{\partial r^m} \Big|_{r=r_i} = \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(m)} u(r_k, t), \quad i = 1, \dots, N, \quad (24)$$

where N is number of nodes, and $C_{ik}^{(m)}$ are weighting coefficients [35]. Nodal points are enforced to be shifted Chebyshev–Gauss–Lobatto points [36] through the relation

$$r_k = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ 1 - \cos \left(\frac{\pi(k-1)}{N-1} \right) \right\}, \quad k = 1, \dots, N. \quad (25)$$

3.1. Numerical solution for static bending

By utilizing Eq. (23) and implementing the differential quadrature method, governing partial differential equations for the static bending problem are reduced to series forms, which are given by

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{\eta} (\bar{F}_{11} - \bar{B}_{11}) \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(3)} \bar{W}_{0k} + \frac{1}{\chi_i} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \bar{W}_{0k} - \frac{1}{\chi_i^2} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \bar{W}_{0k} \right\} \\ + \bar{A}_{11} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \bar{u}_{0k} + \frac{1}{\chi_i} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \bar{u}_{0k} - \frac{\bar{u}_{0i}}{\chi_i^2} \right\} \\ - \bar{F}_{11} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \varphi_{0k} + \frac{1}{\chi_i} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \varphi_{0k} - \frac{\varphi_{0i}}{\chi_i^2} \right\} = 0, \end{aligned} \quad (26a)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{\eta} \left\{ 2\bar{F}_{22} - \bar{D}_{11} - \bar{F}_{33} - \bar{A}_{552} + \bar{F}_{572} - \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \\ \times \left\{ \chi_i \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(4)} \bar{W}_{0k} + 2 \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(3)} \bar{W}_{0k} - \frac{1}{\chi_i} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \bar{W}_{0k} + \frac{1}{\chi_i^2} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \bar{W}_{0k} \right\} \\ + \eta \left\{ \frac{\bar{F}_{662}}{4} + k_s \bar{F}_{55} \right\} \left\{ \chi_i \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \bar{W}_{0k} + \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \bar{W}_{0k} \right\} \\ + (\bar{B}_{11} - \bar{F}_{11}) \left\{ \chi_i \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(3)} \bar{u}_{0k} + 2 \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \bar{u}_{0k} - \frac{1}{\chi_i} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \bar{u}_{0k} + \frac{\bar{u}_{0i}}{\chi_i^2} \right\} \\ + \left\{ \bar{F}_{33} - \bar{F}_{22} - \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} + \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \\ \times \left\{ \chi_i \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(3)} \varphi_{0k} + 2 \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \varphi_{0k} - \frac{1}{\chi_i} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \varphi_{0k} + \frac{\varphi_{0i}}{\chi_i^2} \right\} \\ - \eta^2 \left\{ k_s \bar{F}_{55} + \frac{\bar{F}_{662}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \chi_i \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \varphi_{0k} + \varphi_{0i} \right\} = 0, \end{aligned} \quad (26b)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left\{ \bar{F}_{33} + \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \varphi_{0k} + \frac{1}{\chi_i} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \varphi_{0k} - \frac{\varphi_{0i}}{\chi_i^2} \right\} \\ & + \frac{1}{\eta} \left\{ \bar{F}_{22} - \bar{F}_{33} + \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} - \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \\ & \times \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(3)} \bar{w}_{0k} + \frac{1}{\chi_i} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \bar{w}_{0k} - \frac{1}{\chi_i^2} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \bar{w}_{0k} \right\} \\ & + \eta \left\{ k_s \bar{F}_{55} + \frac{\bar{F}_{662}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \bar{w}_{0k} - \eta \varphi_{0i} \right\} \\ & - \bar{F}_{11} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \bar{u}_{0k} + \frac{1}{\chi_i} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \bar{u}_{0k} - \frac{\bar{u}_{0i}}{\chi_i^2} \right\} = 0. \end{aligned} \quad (26c)$$

In all three equations $i = 1, \dots, N$. For a simply supported annular micro-plate as depicted in Fig. 1, boundary conditions at $r = R_i$, R_o read:

$$\bar{u}_{01} = \bar{u}_{0N} = 0, \quad (27a)$$

$$\bar{w}_{01} = \bar{w}_{0N} = 0, \quad (27b)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left\{ \bar{D}_{11} - \bar{F}_{22} + \bar{A}_{552} - \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} \right\} \gamma \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(2)} \bar{w}_{0k} \\ & + \left\{ \bar{D}_{11}^* - \bar{F}_{22}^* - \bar{A}_{552} + \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} \right\} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(1)} \bar{w}_{0k} - \eta \bar{B}_{11} \gamma \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(1)} \bar{u}_{0k} \\ & + \eta \left\{ \bar{F}_{22} + \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} \right\} \gamma \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(1)} \varphi_{0k} + \eta \left\{ \bar{F}_{22}^* - \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} \right\} \varphi_{01} \\ & + \eta^2 \gamma \bar{M}^T = \left\{ \bar{D}_{11} - \bar{F}_{22} + \bar{A}_{552} - \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} \right\} (1 + \gamma) \sum_{k=1}^N C_{Nk}^{(2)} \bar{w}_{0k} \\ & + \left\{ \bar{D}_{11}^* - \bar{F}_{22}^* - \bar{A}_{552} + \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} \right\} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{Nk}^{(1)} \bar{w}_{0k} \\ & - \eta \bar{B}_{11} (1 + \gamma) \sum_{k=1}^N C_{Nk}^{(1)} \bar{u}_{0k} + \eta \left\{ \bar{F}_{22} + \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} \right\} (1 + \gamma) \sum_{k=1}^N C_{Nk}^{(1)} \varphi_{0k} \\ & + \eta \left\{ \bar{F}_{22}^* - \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} \right\} \varphi_{0N} + \eta^2 (1 + \gamma) \bar{M}^T = 0, \end{aligned} \quad (27c)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left\{ \bar{F}_{22} - \bar{F}_{33} + \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} - \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \gamma \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(2)} \bar{w}_{0k} \\ & + \left\{ \bar{F}_{22}^* - \bar{F}_{33}^* - \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} + \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(1)} \bar{w}_{0k} - \eta \bar{F}_{11} \gamma \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(1)} \bar{u}_{0k} \\ & + \eta \left\{ \bar{F}_{33} + \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \gamma \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(1)} \varphi_{0k} + \eta \left\{ \bar{F}_{33}^* - \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \varphi_{01} \\ & + \eta \gamma \bar{N}_f^T = \left\{ \bar{F}_{22} - \bar{F}_{33} + \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} - \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} (1 + \gamma) \sum_{k=1}^N C_{Nk}^{(2)} \bar{w}_{0k} \\ & + \left\{ \bar{F}_{22}^* - \bar{F}_{33}^* - \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} + \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{Nk}^{(1)} \bar{w}_{0k} \\ & - \eta \bar{F}_{11} (1 + \gamma) \sum_{k=1}^N C_{Nk}^{(1)} \bar{u}_{0k} + \eta \left\{ \bar{F}_{33} + \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} (1 + \gamma) \sum_{k=1}^N C_{Nk}^{(1)} \varphi_{0k} \\ & + \eta \left\{ \bar{F}_{33}^* - \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \varphi_{0N} + \eta (1 + \gamma) \bar{N}_f^T = 0. \end{aligned} \quad (27d)$$

In the numerical solution of the circular micro-plate problem, plate profile is assumed to be annular with a very small inner radius R_i . For a circular micro-plate simply-supported around the periphery, the aforementioned equations are applicable at $r = R_o$. Boundary conditions at $r = R_i$ however need to be rearranged as

$$\bar{u}_{01} = 0, \quad (28a)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left\{ 2\bar{F}_{22} - \bar{D}_{11} - \bar{F}_{33} - \bar{A}_{552} + \bar{F}_{572} - \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(3)} \bar{w}_{0k} + \frac{1}{\gamma_e} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(2)} \bar{w}_{0k} \right\} \\ & + \eta (\bar{B}_{11} - \bar{F}_{11}) \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(2)} \bar{u}_{0k} + \frac{1}{\gamma_e} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(1)} \bar{u}_{0k} \right\} \\ & + \eta \left\{ \bar{F}_{33} - \bar{F}_{22} - \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} + \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(2)} \varphi_{0k} + \frac{1}{\gamma_e} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(1)} \varphi_{0k} \right\} = 0, \end{aligned} \quad (28b)$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(1)} \bar{w}_{0k} = 0, \quad (28c)$$

$$\varphi_1 = 0. \quad (28d)$$

γ_e in Eq. (28b) is a sufficiently small number.

For both annular and circular micro-plate problems, governing equations and boundary conditions are consolidated into a matrix equation of the form

$$\mathbf{K}_S \mathbf{X}_0 + \mathbf{Q} = \mathbf{0}, \quad (29)$$

where \mathbf{K}_S is stiffness matrix, \mathbf{Q} is generalized distributed thermal load vector, and \mathbf{X}_0 is nodal displacement vector, which is expressed as follows:

$$\mathbf{X}_0 = \left\{ \{\bar{u}_{0i}\}^T, \{\bar{w}_{0i}\}^T, \{\varphi_{0i}\}^T \right\}, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, N. \quad (30)$$

All required field variables can be determined once the solution of Eq. (29) is obtained.

3.2. Numerical solution for free vibrations

By using the normalizations given by Eq. (23), series forms of the governing equations are derived as presented below:

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{\eta} (\bar{F}_{11} - \bar{B}_{11}) \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(3)} \bar{w}_k^* + \frac{1}{\chi_i} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \bar{w}_k^* - \frac{1}{\chi_i^2} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \bar{w}_k^* \right\} \\ & + \bar{A}_{11} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \bar{u}_k^* + \frac{1}{\chi_i} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \bar{u}_k^* - \frac{\bar{u}_i^*}{\chi_i^2} \right\} \\ & - \bar{F}_{11} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \varphi_k^* + \frac{1}{\chi_i} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \varphi_k^* - \frac{\varphi_i^*}{\chi_i^2} \right\} \\ & = \bar{I}_1 \ddot{u}_i^* + \frac{1}{\eta} (\bar{I}_4 - \bar{I}_2) \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \ddot{w}_k^* - \bar{I}_4 \ddot{\varphi}_i^*, \end{aligned} \quad (31a)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{\eta} \left\{ 2\bar{F}_{22} - \bar{D}_{11} - \bar{F}_{33} - \bar{A}_{552} + \bar{F}_{572} - \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \\ & \times \left\{ \chi_i \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(4)} \bar{w}_k^* + 2 \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(3)} \bar{w}_k^* - \frac{1}{\chi_i} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \bar{w}_k^* + \frac{1}{\chi_i^2} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \bar{w}_k^* \right\} \\ & + \eta \left\{ \frac{\bar{F}_{662}}{4} + k_s \bar{F}_{55} - \bar{N}^T \right\} \left\{ \chi_i \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \bar{w}_k^* + \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \bar{w}_k^* \right\} \\ & + (\bar{B}_{11} - \bar{F}_{11}) \left\{ \chi_i \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(3)} \bar{u}_k^* + 2 \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \bar{u}_k^* - \frac{1}{\chi_i} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \bar{u}_k^* + \frac{\bar{u}_i^*}{\chi_i^2} \right\} \\ & + \left\{ \bar{F}_{33} - \bar{F}_{22} - \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} + \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \\ & \times \left\{ \chi_i \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(3)} \varphi_k^* + 2 \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \varphi_k^* - \frac{1}{\chi_i} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \varphi_k^* + \frac{\varphi_i^*}{\chi_i^2} \right\} \\ & - \eta^2 \left\{ k_s \bar{F}_{55} + \frac{\bar{F}_{662}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \chi_i \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \varphi_k^* + \varphi_i^* \right\} \\ & = \eta \chi_i \bar{I}_1 \ddot{w}_i^* + \frac{1}{\eta} (2\bar{I}_5 - \bar{I}_3 - \bar{I}_6) \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \ddot{w}_k^* + \chi_i \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \ddot{w}_k^* \right\} \\ & + (\bar{I}_2 - \bar{I}_4) \left\{ \ddot{u}_i^* + \chi_i \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \ddot{u}_k^* \right\} + (\bar{I}_6 - \bar{I}_5) \left\{ \ddot{\varphi}_i^* + \chi_i \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \ddot{\varphi}_k^* \right\}, \end{aligned} \quad (31b)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left\{ \bar{F}_{33} + \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \varphi_k^* + \frac{1}{\chi_i} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \varphi_k^* - \frac{\varphi_i^*}{\chi_i^2} \right\} \\
& + \frac{1}{\eta} \left\{ \bar{F}_{22} - \bar{F}_{33} + \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} - \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \\
& \times \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(3)} \bar{w}_k^* + \frac{1}{\chi_i} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \bar{w}_k^* - \frac{1}{\chi_i^2} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \bar{w}_k^* \right\} \\
& + \eta \left\{ k_s \bar{F}_{55} + \frac{\bar{F}_{662}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \bar{w}_k^* - \eta \varphi_i^* \right\} \\
& - \bar{F}_{11} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(2)} \bar{u}_k^* + \frac{1}{\chi_i} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \bar{u}_k^* - \frac{\bar{u}_i^*}{\chi_i^2} \right\} \\
& = \bar{I}_6 \ddot{\varphi}_i^* + \frac{1}{\eta} (\bar{I}_5 - \bar{I}_6) \sum_{k=1}^N C_{ik}^{(1)} \ddot{w}_k^* - \bar{I}_4 \ddot{u}_i^*. \tag{31c}
\end{aligned}$$

$i = 1, \dots, N$ in all three equations. For the simply supported annular micro-plate shown in Fig. 1, boundary conditions at $r = R_i$, R_o are:

$$\bar{u}_1^* = \bar{u}_N^* = 0, \tag{32a}$$

$$\bar{w}_1^* = \bar{w}_N^* = 0, \tag{32b}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left\{ \bar{D}_{11} - \bar{F}_{22} + \bar{A}_{552} - \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} \right\} \gamma \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(2)} \bar{w}_k^* \\
& + \left\{ \bar{D}_{11}^* - \bar{F}_{22}^* - \bar{A}_{552} + \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} \right\} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(1)} \bar{w}_k^* - \eta \bar{B}_{11} \gamma \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(1)} \bar{u}_k^* \\
& + \eta \left\{ \bar{F}_{22} + \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} \right\} \gamma \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(1)} \varphi_k^* + \eta \left\{ \bar{F}_{22}^* - \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} \right\} \varphi_1^* \\
& = \left\{ \bar{D}_{11} - \bar{F}_{22} + \bar{A}_{552} - \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} \right\} (1 + \gamma) \sum_{k=1}^N C_{Nk}^{(2)} \bar{w}_k^* \\
& + \left\{ \bar{D}_{11}^* - \bar{F}_{22}^* - \bar{A}_{552} + \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} \right\} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{Nk}^{(1)} \bar{w}_k^* \\
& - \eta \bar{B}_{11} (1 + \gamma) \sum_{k=1}^N C_{Nk}^{(1)} \bar{u}_k^* + \eta \left\{ \bar{F}_{22} + \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} \right\} (1 + \gamma) \sum_{k=1}^N C_{Nk}^{(1)} \varphi_k^* \\
& + \eta \left\{ \bar{F}_{22}^* - \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} \right\} \varphi_N^* = 0, \tag{32c}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left\{ \bar{F}_{22} - \bar{F}_{33} + \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} - \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \gamma \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(2)} \bar{w}_k^* \\
& + \left\{ \bar{F}_{22}^* - \bar{F}_{33}^* - \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} + \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(1)} \bar{w}_k^* - \eta \bar{F}_{11} \gamma \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(1)} \bar{u}_k^* \\
& + \eta \left\{ \bar{F}_{33} + \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \gamma \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(1)} \varphi_k^* + \eta \left\{ \bar{F}_{33}^* - \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \varphi_1^* \\
& = \left\{ \bar{F}_{22} - \bar{F}_{33} + \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} - \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} (1 + \gamma) \sum_{k=1}^N C_{Nk}^{(2)} \bar{w}_k^* \\
& + \left\{ \bar{F}_{22}^* - \bar{F}_{33}^* - \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} + \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{Nk}^{(1)} \bar{w}_k^* \\
& - \eta \bar{F}_{11} (1 + \gamma) \sum_{k=1}^N C_{Nk}^{(1)} \bar{u}_k^* + \eta \left\{ \bar{F}_{33} + \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} (1 + \gamma) \sum_{k=1}^N C_{Nk}^{(1)} \varphi_k^* \\
& + \eta \left\{ \bar{F}_{33}^* - \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \varphi_N^* = 0. \tag{32d}
\end{aligned}$$

In the case of the circular micro-plate, these conditions are applicable at $r = R_o$. At $r = R_i$ on the other hand, following equations need to be implemented:

$$\bar{u}_1^* = 0, \tag{33a}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left\{ 2\bar{F}_{22} - \bar{D}_{11} - \bar{F}_{33} - \bar{A}_{552} + \bar{F}_{572} - \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(3)} \bar{w}_k^* + \frac{1}{\gamma_e} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(2)} \bar{w}_k^* \right\} \\
& + \eta \left\{ \bar{B}_{11} - \bar{F}_{11} \right\} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(2)} \bar{u}_k^* + \frac{1}{\gamma_e} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(1)} \bar{u}_k^* \right\} \\
& + \eta \left\{ \bar{F}_{33} - \bar{F}_{22} - \frac{\bar{F}_{572}}{2} + \frac{\bar{F}_{552}}{4} \right\} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(2)} \varphi_k^* + \frac{1}{\gamma_e} \sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(1)} \varphi_k^* \right\} = 0, \tag{33b}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^N C_{1k}^{(1)} \bar{w}_k^* = 0, \tag{33c}$$

$$\varphi_1^* = 0. \tag{33d}$$

For both of the annular and circular micro-plate problems, governing equations and boundary conditions are combined and recast into the general form:

$$\mathbf{K}_D \mathbf{X}^* + \mathbf{M} \ddot{\mathbf{X}}^* = \mathbf{0}, \tag{34}$$

in which \mathbf{K}_D is the stiffness matrix including initial thermal stresses, and \mathbf{M} is mass matrix. Dynamic displacement vector is expressed as follows:

$$\mathbf{X}^* = \left\{ \{\bar{u}_i^*\}^T, \{\bar{w}_i^*\}^T, \{\varphi_i^*\}^T \right\}^T, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, N. \tag{35}$$

By assuming

$$\mathbf{X}^* = \hat{\mathbf{X}}^* e^{i\omega\tau}, \tag{36}$$

Eq. (34) is reduced to the linear homogeneous system

$$(\mathbf{K}_D - \omega^2 \mathbf{M}) \hat{\mathbf{X}}^* = \mathbf{0}, \tag{37}$$

where $\hat{\mathbf{X}}^*$ is mode shape vector and ω stands for dimensionless vibration frequency. $\hat{\mathbf{X}}^*$ and ω are given by

$$\hat{\mathbf{X}}^* = \left\{ \{\hat{\bar{u}}_i^*\}^T, \{\hat{\bar{w}}_i^*\}^T, \{\hat{\varphi}_i^*\}^T \right\}^T, \tag{38a}$$

$$\omega = \sqrt{\frac{I_{10}}{A_{110}}} (R_o - R_i) \Omega. \tag{38b}$$

Ω here is the frequency of free vibrations. The deformation mode that a computed frequency represents is identified in the numerical solution by examining the mode shape vector.

4. Numerical results

The particular ceramic and metallic constituents considered are silicon carbide (SiC) and aluminum (Al), whose properties are given by

$$\begin{aligned}
E_c &= 427 \text{ GPa}, \quad v_c = 0.17, \quad \rho_c = 3100 \text{ kg/m}^3, \\
k_c &= 65 \text{ W/(m K)}, \quad \alpha_c = 4.3(10)^{-6} \text{ 1/K}, \tag{39a}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
E_m &= 70 \text{ GPa}, \quad v_m = 0.3, \quad \rho_m = 2702 \text{ kg/m}^3, \\
k_m &= 204 \text{ W/(m K)}, \quad \alpha_m = 23.0(10)^{-6} \text{ 1/K}. \tag{39b}
\end{aligned}$$

For a given material, the value of the length scale parameter can be determined experimentally. This requires development of a modified couple stress theory based solution considering a simple problem such as bending or torsion. Length scale parameter can then be measured by matching the theoretical results to those obtained from experiments. By adopting such a technique, the length scale parameter for epoxy is determined as $17.6 \mu\text{m}$ [22,37]. However, due to lack of experimental data for length scale parameters of SiC and Al, in the present study we use approximate values. Length scale parameter of the metallic phase is specified as

$l_m = 15 \mu\text{m}$, which is a reference value suggested in the literature [20,38]. l_c is taken as $22.5 \mu\text{m}$ in a number of parametric analyses. In the other cases, it is varied to be able to examine the influence of the length scale parameter variation.

In order to verify the solution methodologies developed, we first present comparisons to the results available in the literature. Fig. 2 shows results pertaining to static bending of a simply-supported annular homogeneous macro-scale plate under the influence of thermal loading. Plate material is silicon carbide, and Kirchhoff plate theory is employed in the computations. l_c and l_m are taken as zero to be able to generate results for the macro-scale annular plate. The figure illustrates that static deformation profile we compute is in perfect agreement with that found by Noda et al. [39]. The second set of comparisons comprises natural frequencies of a freely vibrating simply-supported aluminum circular macro-scale plate subjected to initial thermal stresses. First dimensionless natural frequencies of the homogeneous plate are given in Table 1 for four different loading conditions. Kirchhoff plate theory is used in these parametric analyses. Our findings are in excellent agreement with those given by Raju and Rao [34]. Hence, we conclude that proposed techniques lead to numerical results to within a high degree of accuracy.

Numerical results on static bending of FGM micro-plates under thermal loading are provided in Figs. 3–8. In Fig. 3, we present deflections of an annular FGM micro-plate computed utilizing Kirchhoff, Mindlin and third-order shear deformation theories. The theories are seen to lead to almost identical deformation profiles. Thus, in the computation of the results given in Figs. 4–8, we employed third-order shear deformation theory. Fig. 4 depicts deflections of an annular FGM micro-plate generated by considering three different thermal loading conditions. When the temperature of the upper surface is greater than or equal to that of the lower surface, the micro-plate becomes concave downward. In the case of a lower upper surface temperature, concavity is reversed.

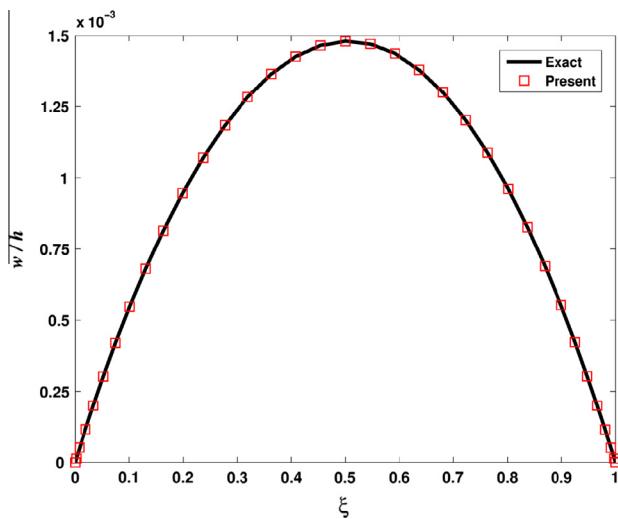


Fig. 2. Static bending deformation of a simply-supported annular silicon carbide plate. $R_o/h = 10$, $R_o/R_i = 4$, $\theta_L = 20^\circ\text{C}$, $\theta_U = 70^\circ\text{C}$.

Table 1

Comparisons of the first dimensionless natural frequencies computed for a simply-supported aluminum circular plate. $R_o/h = 10$, $v = 0.3$.

$\theta_L = \theta_U$	0°C	45.6°C	91.3°C	110.9°C
Raju and Rao [34]	0.1425	0.1113	0.0668	0.0326
Present study	0.1422	0.1111	0.0666	0.0326

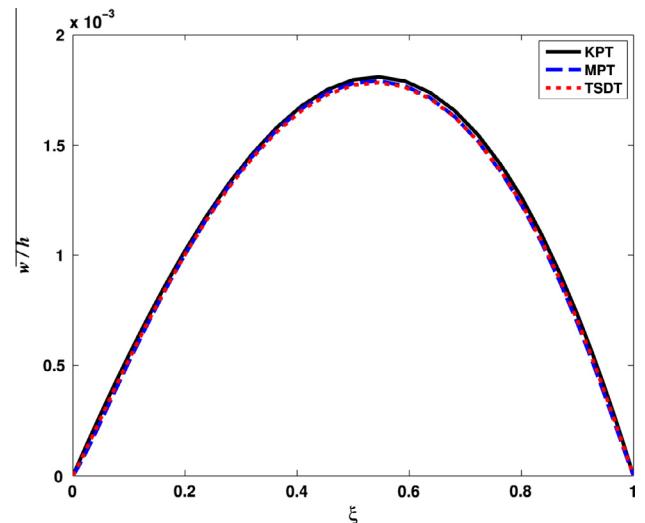


Fig. 3. Static deformation profiles of a simply-supported annular FGM micro-plate generated by considering three different plate theories. $R_o/h = 10$, $R_o/R_i = 4$, $h/l_m = 2$, $l_c/l_m = 3/2$, $l_m = 15 \mu\text{m}$, $\lambda = 2$, $\theta_L = 20^\circ\text{C}$, $\theta_U = 70^\circ\text{C}$.

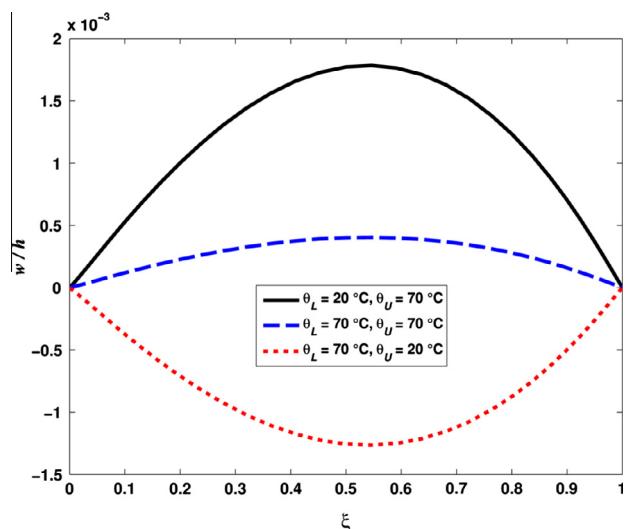


Fig. 4. Static deformation profiles of a simply-supported annular FGM micro-plate generated by considering different boundary temperature specifications. $R_o/h = 10$, $R_o/R_i = 4$, $h/l_m = 2$, $l_c/l_m = 3/2$, $l_m = 15 \mu\text{m}$, $\lambda = 2$.

The results provided in Figs. 5 and 6 demonstrate the impact of the length scale parameter ratio l_c/l_m upon static deformation profiles of functionally graded annular and circular micro-plates, respectively. Referring to Eq. (3b), it can be deduced that when $l_c = l_m$, length scale parameter l is constant within the plate. But, if $l_c \neq l_m$, l is a function of the spatial coordinate z ; and the ratio l_c/l_m quantifies the degree of length scale parameter variation. From Fig. 5 it is seen that, for a thermally loaded annular micro-plate, static deflection decreases significantly as l_c/l_m increases. This implies that the micro-plate displays a stiffer behavior when the length scale parameter ratio is larger. However, as Fig. 6 indicates, a thermally loaded circular micro-plate is not sensitive to the variations in l_c/l_m . Figs. 7 and 8 show distributions of normalized circumferential and radial stresses in a simply supported annular FGM micro-plate. Both of the stress components are compressive under the given thermal loading condition. Largest magnitudes are computed near the upper surface. These magnitudes are greater for micro-plates displaying a stiffer behavior, i.e., for those

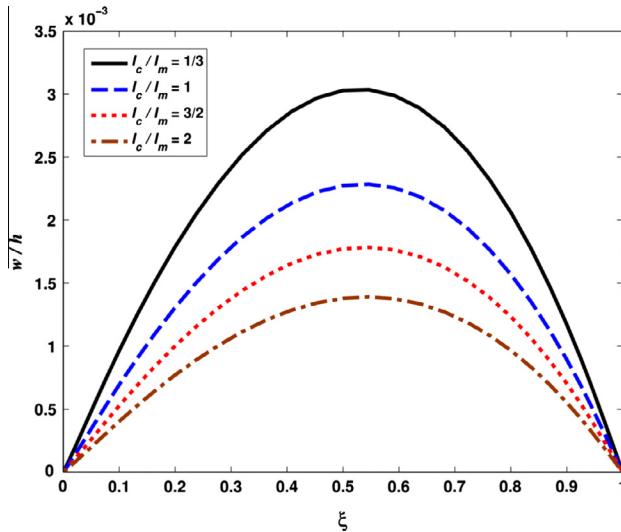


Fig. 5. Static deformation profiles of a simply-supported annular FGM micro-plate generated by considering different length scale parameter ratios. $R_o/h = 10$, $R_o/R_i = 4$, $h/l_m = 2$, $l_m = 15 \mu\text{m}$, $\lambda = 2$, $\theta_L = 20^\circ\text{C}$, $\theta_U = 70^\circ\text{C}$.

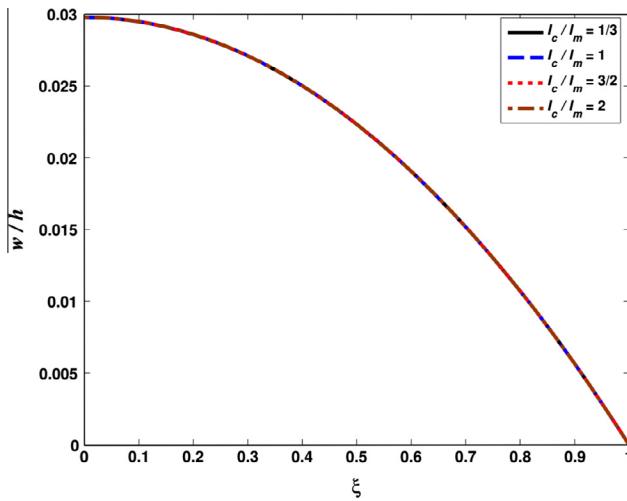


Fig. 6. Static deformation profiles of a simply-supported circular FGM micro-plate generated by considering different length scale parameter ratios. $R_o/h = 10$, $h/l_m = 2$, $l_m = 15 \mu\text{m}$, $\lambda = 2$, $\theta_L = 20^\circ\text{C}$, $\theta_U = 70^\circ\text{C}$.

possessing larger I_c/l_m values. The influence of the length scale parameter ratio on the radial stress component is in general more pronounced compared to its effect on circumferential stress.

Outcomes of parametric analyses regarding free vibrations under initial thermal stresses are presented in [Tables 2 and 3](#); and [Figs. 9–13](#). All of these results are produced by using third order shear deformation theory. [Table 2](#) tabulates first three dimensionless natural frequencies of a simply supported annular FGM micro-plate. The frequencies correspond to the transverse deformation mode. The findings indicate that each natural frequency is an increasing function of the length scale parameter ratio I_c/l_m , and a decreasing function of the inhomogeneity parameter λ . The rise in I_c/l_m again causes a stiffer response demonstrated by the corresponding rise in the natural frequency. This behavior is consistent with our findings pertaining to static analysis. Similar trends are found to be valid for a simply supported circular FGM micro-plate as indicated by [Table 3](#).

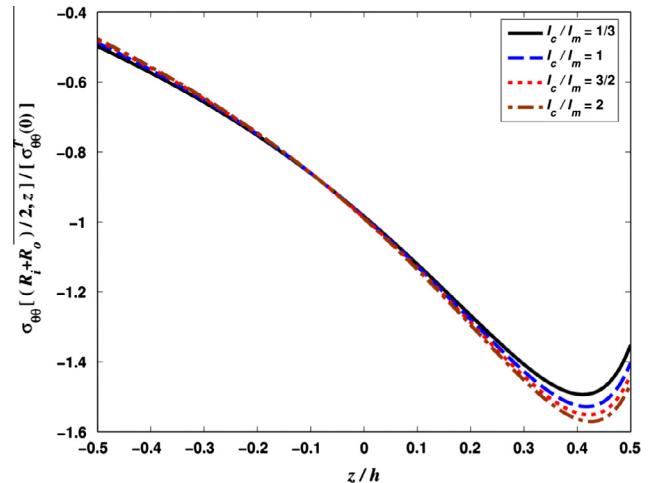


Fig. 7. Normalized circumferential stress distributions in a simply-supported annular FGM micro-plate generated by considering different length scale parameter ratios. $R_o/h = 10$, $R_o/R_i = 4$, $h/l_m = 2$, $l_m = 15 \mu\text{m}$, $\lambda = 2$, $\theta_L = 20^\circ\text{C}$, $\theta_U = 70^\circ\text{C}$.

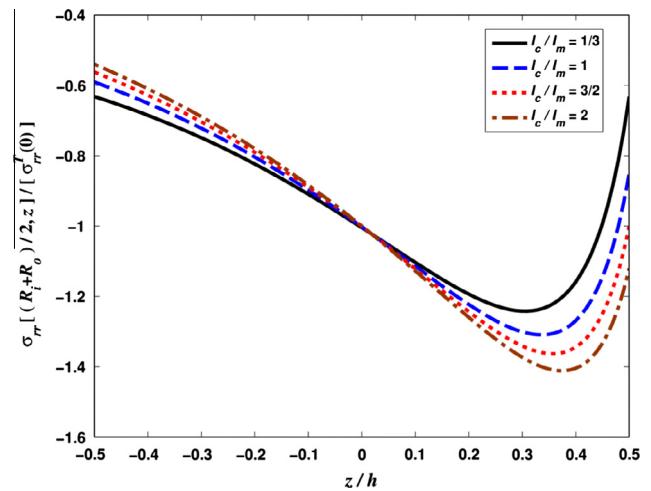


Fig. 8. Normalized radial stress distributions in a simply-supported annular FGM micro-plate generated by considering different length scale parameter ratios. $R_o/h = 10$, $R_o/R_i = 4$, $h/l_m = 2$, $l_m = 15 \mu\text{m}$, $\lambda = 2$, $\theta_L = 20^\circ\text{C}$, $\theta_U = 70^\circ\text{C}$.

Table 2

First three dimensionless transverse deformation natural frequencies of a simply-supported annular FGM micro-plate. $R_o/h = 10$, $R_o/R_i = 4$, $h/l_m = 2$, $\theta_L = 20^\circ\text{C}$, $\theta_U = 70^\circ\text{C}$.

Mode	λ	I_c/l_m				
			1/3	1.0	3/2	2.0
First	0.5	0.7556	0.9867	1.2100	1.4548	
	1.0	0.7163	0.8899	1.0586	1.2456	
	2.0	0.6836	0.8036	0.9217	1.0547	
	5.0	0.6459	0.7113	0.7773	0.8535	
Second	0.5	2.6159	3.5185	4.3658	5.1598	
	1.0	2.4443	3.1296	3.7703	4.3959	
	2.0	2.3322	2.8127	3.2667	3.7331	
	5.0	2.2556	2.5274	2.7920	3.0839	
Third	0.5	5.3549	7.3128	9.0908	11.7195	
	1.0	5.0445	6.5120	7.8643	10.2959	
	2.0	4.7799	5.8484	6.8239	7.6958	
	5.0	4.6024	5.2375	5.8336	6.4504	

Table 3

First three dimensionless transverse deformation natural frequencies of a simply-supported circular FGM micro-plate. $R_o/h = 10$, $h/l_m = 2$, $\theta_L = 20^\circ\text{C}$, $\theta_U = 70^\circ\text{C}$.

Mode	λ	l_c/l_m	1/3	1.0	3/2	2.0
		1/3	1.0	3/2	2.0	
First	0.5	0.2234	0.2334	0.2386	0.2421	
	1.0	0.2066	0.2147	0.2194	0.2228	
	2.0	0.1915	0.1971	0.2009	0.2039	
	5.0	0.1712	0.1740	0.1762	0.1783	
Second	0.5	1.4875	1.9409	2.3861	2.8757	
	1.0	1.3909	1.7349	2.0724	2.4467	
	2.0	1.3281	1.5655	1.8010	2.0665	
	5.0	1.2781	1.4059	1.5357	1.6862	
Third	0.5	3.5587	4.7329	5.8428	7.1996	
	1.0	3.3227	4.2186	5.0629	5.6589	
	2.0	3.1687	3.7979	4.3968	4.9378	
	5.0	3.0587	3.4125	3.7584	4.1340	

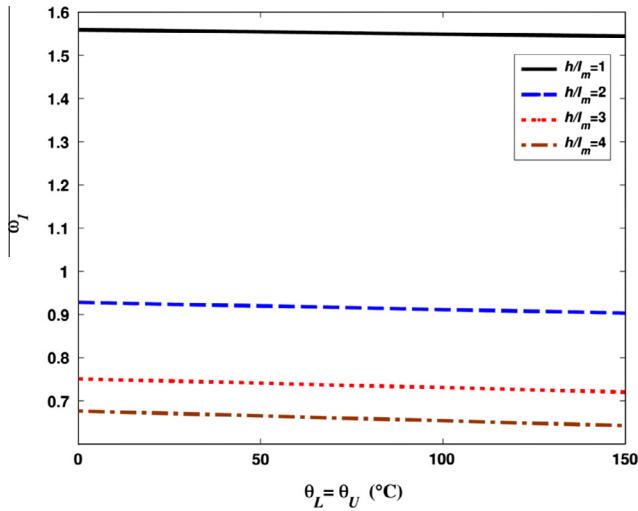


Fig. 9. First dimensionless natural frequency of a functionally graded annular micro-plate vs. temperature and h/l_m . $R_o/h = 10$, $l_m = 15 \mu\text{m}$, $\lambda = 2$, $l_c/l_m = 3/2$, $R_o/R_i = 4$.

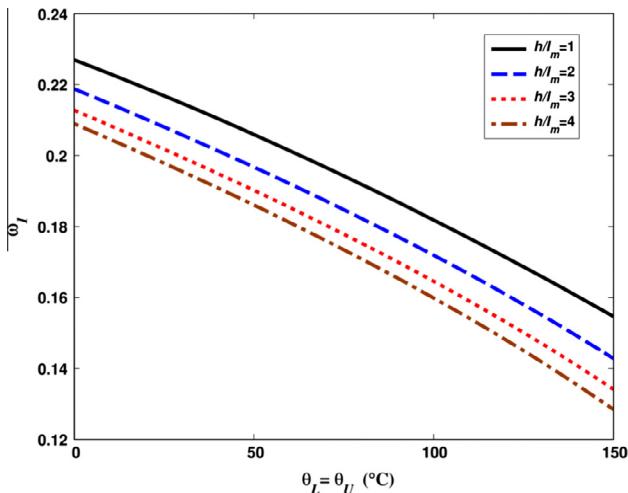


Fig. 10. First dimensionless natural frequency of a functionally graded circular micro-plate vs. temperature and h/l_m . $R_o/h = 10$, $l_m = 15 \mu\text{m}$, $\lambda = 2$, $l_c/l_m = 3/2$.

In Figs. 9 and 10, we provide first dimensionless natural frequency ω_1 as a function of boundary temperature difference for simply-supported annular and circular micro-plates, respectively.

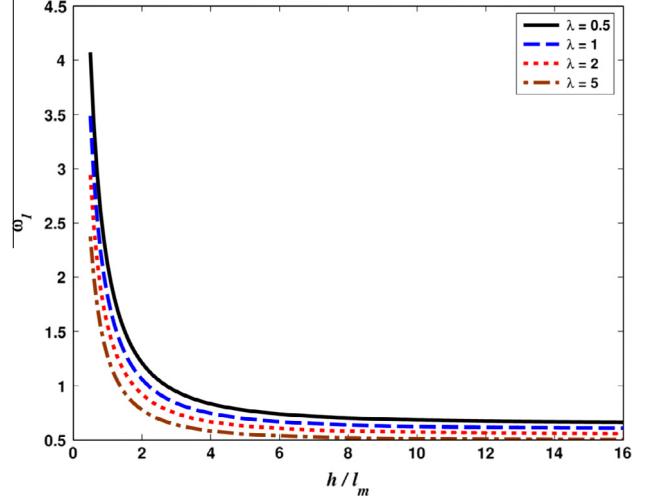


Fig. 11. First dimensionless natural frequency of a functionally graded annular micro-plate as functions of λ and h/l_m . $R_o/h = 10$, $l_m = 15 \mu\text{m}$, $l_c/l_m = 3/2$, $R_o/R_i = 4$, $\theta_L = 20^\circ\text{C}$, $\theta_U = 70^\circ\text{C}$.

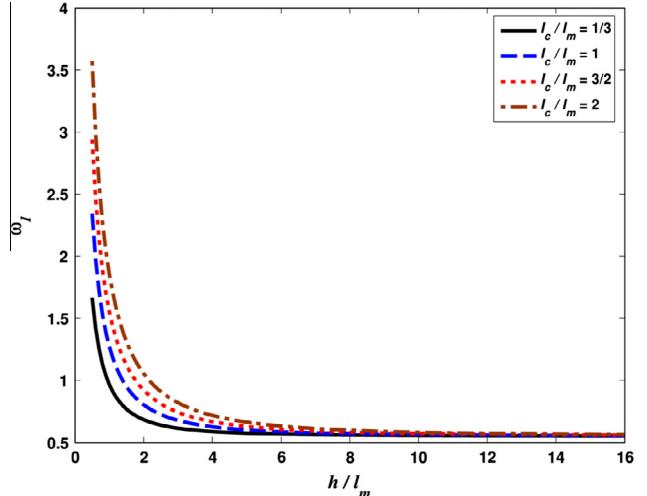


Fig. 12. First dimensionless natural frequency of a functionally graded annular micro-plate as functions of l_c/l_m and h/l_m . $R_o/h = 10$, $l_m = 15 \mu\text{m}$, $\lambda = 2$, $R_o/R_i = 4$, $\theta_L = 20^\circ\text{C}$, $\theta_U = 70^\circ\text{C}$.

In each case, ω_1 curve is plotted for four different values of the ratio h/l_m . Note that temperature differences of lower and upper plate surfaces are assumed to be equal, i.e. $\theta_L = \theta_U$. Results given in Fig. 9 reveal that first natural frequency of a simply-supported annular micro-plate is not that sensitive to the variation in temperature difference. However, ω_1 of a circular micro-plate drops significantly as temperature difference increases, as can be seen from Fig. 10. The ratio h/l_m is representative of the degree of size effect. Size dependence is more prevalent when this ratio is relatively small. For both annular and circular micro-plates, first dimensionless frequency increases notably as h/l_m decreases from 4 to 1. This finding is in complete agreement with the physics of the problem since as the component size approaches the realm of micro-scale, size effect causes it to behave in a stiffer manner and leads to significantly smaller deflections and larger natural frequencies.

The effect of h/l_m over a wider domain for a simply-supported annular micro-plate is depicted in Fig. 11. The variation is plotted for four different values of the inhomogeneity parameter λ . ω_1

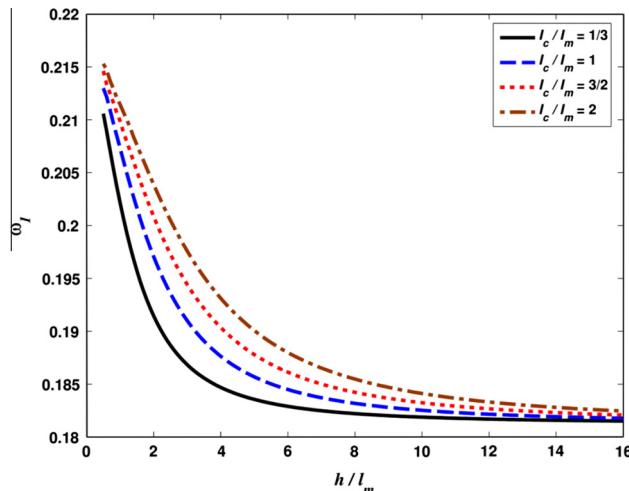


Fig. 13. First dimensionless natural frequency of a functionally graded circular micro-plate as functions of l_c/l_m and h/l_m . $R_o/h = 10$, $l_m = 15 \mu\text{m}$, $\lambda = 2$, $\theta_L = 20^\circ\text{C}$, $\theta_U = 70^\circ\text{C}$.

rises sharply as the ratio h/l_m tends to zero, which is indicative of the size effect. Inhomogeneity parameter is also influential and an increase in its value causes a drop in the dimensionless first natural frequency. From Eq. (2), it follows that, annular and circular micro-plates are both ceramic-rich when $\lambda < 1$, and metal-rich when $\lambda > 1$. Thus, ceramic-rich micro-plates display a stiffer vibration behavior compared to metal-rich micro-plates.

Finally, in Figs. 12 and 13, ω_1 is given as functions of h/l_m and the length scale parameter ratio l_c/l_m . The results provided in Fig. 12 for an annular plate and those presented in Fig. 13 for a circular one are in general similar. In both cases, as l_c/l_m is increased from 1/3 to 2, dimensionless first natural frequency becomes larger. As is the case for static loading, the increase in the length scale parameter ratio causes the micro-plates to display a stiffer behavior.

5. Concluding remarks

We presented new techniques that facilitate solution of static bending and free vibrations problems involving thermally loaded functionally graded annular and circular micro-plates. Governing partial differential equations and corresponding boundary conditions are derived by applying Hamilton's principle in conjunction with modified couple stress theory. Posed problems are then solved numerically utilizing the differential quadrature method, which converts partial derivatives into finite sums in terms of weighting coefficients and functional values. Comparisons to the results provided by Noda et al. [39] and Raju and Rao [34] do verify the proposed thermal analysis procedures. Extensive parametric analyses are conducted to be able to assess the influences of factors such as applied thermal loading, length scale parameter ratio, problem geometry, and material inhomogeneity.

Our findings illustrate that both type and magnitude of thermal loading have a substantive effect on the mechanical response of graded annular and circular micro-plates. A graded micro-plate under static loading bends concave downwards when the temperature of the upper surface is greater than or equal to that of the lower surface. On the other hand, for freely vibrating annular and circular micro-plates that are under the influence of initial thermal stresses, increase in the body temperature leads to drops in the first dimensionless natural frequency.

Each of the material and geometric parameters l_c/l_m , h/l_m , and λ possesses a strong bearing on the behavior of annular and circular micro-plates. The ratio h/l_m quantifies the extent of size effect

since when it is around or smaller than unity, size effect is expected to be noticeable. Our results demonstrate a sharp rise in natural frequency with a drop in h/l_m which is indicative of stiffening at the micro-scale. Such a strengthening in mechanical response is also observed for larger l_c/l_m values and for ceramic-rich plates, for which λ assumes values less than unity.

Annular and circular micro-plates are fabricated for a wide variety of micro-electro-mechanical-systems including acoustic energy harvesters, micro-scale resonators, optical and pressure sensors, and stiction valves. The methods presented could prove useful in accounting for temperature related effects and material inhomogeneity in design studies involving such components. Proposed framework is open to further extension especially through incorporation of large deformations by means of a suitable nonlinear plate theory.

Acknowledgements

Serkan Dag acknowledges the support of the Scientific and Technological Research Council of Turkey (TÜBİTAK) through Grant 213M606.

References

- [1] Nath S, Manna I, Majumdar JD. Nanomechanical behavior of yttria stabilized zirconia (YSZ) based thermal barrier coating. *Ceram Int* 2015;41:5247–56.
- [2] Singh RK, Zhou Z, Li LKY, Munroe P, Hoffman M, Xie Z. Design of functionally graded carbon coatings against contact damage. *Thin Solid Films* 2010;518:5769–76.
- [3] Ma R, Fang L, Luo Z, Weng L, Song S, Zheng R, et al. Mechanical performance and in vivo bioactivity of functionally graded PEEK-HA biocomposite materials. *J Sol-Gel Sci Technol* 2014;70:339–45.
- [4] Mehrali M, Shirazi FS, Mehrali M, Metselaar HSC, Kadri NAB, Osman NAA. Dental implants from functionally graded materials. *J Biomed Mater Res A* 2013;101A:3046–57.
- [5] Woolley RJ, Skinner SJ. Functionally graded composite $\text{La}_2\text{NiO}_{4+\delta}$ and $\text{La}_4\text{Ni}_3\text{O}_{10-\delta}$ solid oxide fuel cell cathodes. *Solid State Ionics* 2014;255:1–5.
- [6] Fu Y, Du H, Zhang S. Functionally graded TiNi shape memory alloy films. *Mater Lett* 2003;57:2995–9.
- [7] Witvrouw A, Mehta A. The use of functionally graded Poly-SiGe layers for MEMS applications. *Mater Sci Forum* 2005;492–3:255–60.
- [8] Hassanian H, Jiang K. Net shape manufacturing of ceramic micro parts with tailored graded layers. *J Micromech Microeng* 2014;24. Article No: 015018.
- [9] Li P, Fang Y, Hu R. Thermoelastic damping in rectangular and circular microplate resonators. *J Sound Vib* 2012;331:721–33.
- [10] Pattnaik PK, Vijayaditya BH, Srinivas T, Selvarajan A. Optical MEMS pressure sensor using ring resonator on a circular diaphragm. In: Proceedings of the 2005 international conference on MEMS. Banff, Alberta, Canada; July, 2005.
- [11] Olfatnia M, Xu T, Miao JM, Ong LS, Jing XM, Norford L. Piezoelectric circular microdiaphragm based pressure sensors. *Sens Actuators A-Phys* 2010;163:32–6.
- [12] Gietzel T, Jacobi O, Piotter V, Ruprecht R, Hausselt J. Development of a micro annular gear pump by micro powder injection molding. *J Mater Sci* 2004;39:2113–9.
- [13] Yang F, Chong ACM, Lam DCC, Tong P. Couple stress based strain gradient theory for elasticity. *Int J Solids Struct* 2002;39:2731–43.
- [14] Wang YG, Lin WH, Zhou CL. Nonlinear bending of size-dependent circular microplates based on the modified couple stress theory. *Arch Appl Mech* 2014;84:391–400.
- [15] Zhou SS, Gao XL. A nonclassical model for circular Mindlin plates based on a modified couple stress theory. *J Appl Mech-T ASME* 2014;81. Paper No: 051014-1.
- [16] Wang YG, Lin WH, Liu N. Large amplitude free vibration of size-dependent circular microplates based on the modified couple stress theory. *Int J Mech Sci* 2013;71:51–7.
- [17] Eshraghi I, Dag S, Soltani N. Consideration of spatial variation of the length scale parameter in static and dynamic analyses of functionally graded annular and circular micro-plates. *Compos Part B-Eng* 2015;78:338–48.
- [18] Ansari R, Gholami R, Faghih Shojaei M, Mohammadi V, Sahmani S. Bending, buckling and free vibration analysis of size-dependent functionally graded circular/annular microplates based on the modified strain gradient elasticity theory. *Eur J Mech A-Solid* 2015;49:251–67.
- [19] Reddy JN, Berry J. Nonlinear theories of axisymmetric bending of functionally graded circular plates with modified couple stress. *Compos Struct* 2012;94:3664–8.
- [20] Ke LL, Yang J, Kitipornchai S, Bradford MA, Wang YS. Axisymmetric nonlinear free vibration of size-dependent functionally graded annular microplates. *Compos Part B-Eng* 2013;53:207–17.

- [21] Ke LL, Yang J, Kitipornchai S, Wang YS. Axisymmetric postbuckling analysis of size-dependent functionally graded annular microplates using the physical neutral plane. *Int J Eng Sci* 2014;81:66–81.
- [22] Lam DCC, Yang F, Chong ACM, Wang J, Tong P. Experiments and theory in strain gradient elasticity. *J Mech Phys Solids* 2003;51:1477–508.
- [23] Mori T, Tanaka K. Average stress in matrix and average elastic energy of materials with misfitting inclusions. *Acta Metall* 1973;21:571–4.
- [24] Cömez I. Contact problem of a functionally graded layer resting on a Winkler foundation. *Acta Mech* 2013;224:2833–43.
- [25] Mao JJ, Ke LL, Wang YS. Thermoelastic instability of a functionally graded layer interacting with a homogeneous layer. *Int J Mech Sci* 2013;99:218–27.
- [26] Ohmichi M, Noda N. Conditions of single-valuedness of rotation and displacements for non-homogeneous materials in plane thermoelasticity. *J Therm Stresses* 2015;38:610–29.
- [27] Fallah F, Vahidipoor MK, Nosier A. Post-buckling behavior of functionally graded circular plates under asymmetric transverse and in-plane loadings. *Compos Struct* 2015;125:477–88.
- [28] Su Z, Jin G, Ye T. Three-dimensional vibration analysis of thick functionally graded conical, cylindrical shell and annular plate structures with arbitrary elastic restraints. *Compos Struct* 2014;118:432–47.
- [29] Xin L, Dui G, Yang S, Zhang J. An elasticity solution for functionally graded thick-walled tube subjected to internal pressure. *Int J Mech Sci* 2014;89:344–9.
- [30] Dehrouyeh-Semnani AM, Dehrouyeh M, Torabi-Kafshgari M, Nikkhah-Bahrami M. An investigation into size-dependent vibration damping characteristics of functionally graded viscoelastically damped sandwich microbeams. *Int J Eng Sci* 2015;96:68–85.
- [31] Shi P, Dong CY. Vibration analysis of functionally graded annular plates with mixed boundary conditions in thermal environment. *J Sound Vib* 2012;331:3649–62.
- [32] Nateghi A, Salamat-talab M. Thermal effect on size dependent behavior of functionally graded microbeams based on modified couple stress theory. *Compos Struct* 2013;96:97–110.
- [33] Raju KK, Rao KS. Effect of temperature on the large amplitude vibrations of circular plates. *J Sound Vib* 1977;54:149–52.
- [34] Raju KK, Rao GV. Effect of initial thermal stresses on the large amplitude vibrations of circular plates. *J Sound Vib* 1978;59:150–2.
- [35] Shu C. Differential quadrature and its applications in engineering. Springer-Verlag; 2000.
- [36] Ng CHW, Zhao YB, Xiang Y, Wei GW. On the accuracy and stability of a variety of differential quadrature formulations for the vibration analysis of beams. *Int J Eng Appl Sci* 2009;1:85–101.
- [37] Ansari R, Gholami R, Sahmani S. Free vibration analysis of size-dependent functionally graded microbeams based on the strain gradient Timoshenko beam theory. *Compos Struct* 2011;94:221–8.
- [38] Ke LL, Wang YS. Size effect on dynamic stability of functionally graded microbeams based on a modified couple stress theory. *Compos Struct* 2011;93:342–50.
- [39] Noda N, Hetnarski RB, Tanigawa Y. Thermal stresses. Taylor & Francis; 2003.

(Konu ile ilgili bir dergiye gönderilecektir)

Free vibration analysis of functionally graded rectangular nano-plates considering spatial variation of the nonlocal parameter

Ata Alipour Ghassabi, Serkan Dag ^{*}, Ender Cigeroglu

Department of Mechanical Engineering, Middle East Technical University, Ankara 06800, Turkey

ABSTRACT

This study presents a new nonlocal elasticity based analysis method for free vibrations of functionally graded rectangular nano-plates. The method allows taking into account spatial variation of the nonlocal parameter. Governing partial differential equations and associated boundary conditions are derived by employing the variational approach and applying Hamilton's principle. All required material properties are assumed to be functions of thickness coordinate in the derivations. Displacement field is expressed in a unified way to be able to produce numerical results pertaining to three different plate theories, namely Kirchhoff, Mindlin, and third-order shear deformation theories. The equations are solved numerically by means of the generalized differential quadrature method. Proposed procedures are verified through comparisons made to the results available in the literature. Further numerical results are generated by considering functionally graded simply-supported and cantilever nano-plates undergoing free vibrations. These findings demonstrate influences of factors such as dimensionless plate length, plate theory, nonlocal parameter ratio, and power-law index upon natural vibration frequencies.

^{*} Corresponding author. Tel.: +90-312-2102580; fax: +90-312-2102536.
E-mail address: sdag@metu.edu.tr (S. Dag).

Keywords: A. Nano-structures; A. Plates; B. Vibration; C. Analytical modelling; Functionally graded materials.

1. Introduction

Functionally graded materials (FGMs) are a special class of composites, which possess smooth spatial variations in the volume fractions of the constituent phases. They find applications in a wide variety of technological fields including thermal barrier coatings, solid oxide fuel cells, high performance cutting tools, and biomedical materials. Deployment of functionally graded components in small-scale systems has recently become feasible with advances in fabrication technologies such as magnetron sputtering [1], chemical vapor deposition and plasma enhanced chemical vapor deposition [2], and modified soft lithography [3]. These developments are accompanied by theoretical and computational studies directed towards understanding mechanical behavior of small-scale FGM composite structures.

Classical continuum theories fail to account for the size effect observable at small-scales, whereas molecular dynamics based simulations need to confront an immense computational effort. As a result, higher order continuum theories have been commonly utilized to examine behavior of small-scale FGM beams, plates, and shells. Among such theories, we can mention nonlocal elasticity [4,5], strain gradient elasticity [6–9], and couple stress theories [10–12].

Nonlocal elasticity theory has been widely used to investigate small-scale effects on free vibrations, bending and buckling of small-sized functionally graded beams and plates. Work on functionally graded nonlocal beams encompass free vibrations [13,14], buckling [15,16], nonlinear vibrations [17], surface effects [18], forced vibrations [19], and thermomechanical vibrations [20]. Finite element analysis based solutions are presented by Eltaher et al. [21–23]

and Reddy et al. [24]. Structural theories utilized in these articles to describe nonlocal FGM beam behavior include Euler-Bernoulli, Timoshenko, and third-order beam theories.

Studies pertaining to nonlocal FGM plates consider free vibrations [25–28], buckling [29,30], effect of distributed nanoparticles [31] and Winkler-Pasternak elastic foundation [32]. A three dimensional nonlocal elasticity solution for small-scale FGM plates is proposed by Salehipour et al. [33]. Novel computational approaches are discussed by Nguyen et al. [34] and Ansari et al. [35]. Commonly used structural theories in analysis of nonlocal FGM plates are Kirchhoff, Mindlin, and third-order shear deformation theories.

In all work mentioned in the above paragraphs, the nonlocal parameter of the nonlocal elasticity theory is assumed to be constant. However, the nonlocal parameter is essentially a material property [36] and thus varies as a function of spatial coordinates in a functionally graded composite structure. The primary objective in this study, is to reveal the influence of the *spatial variation of the nonlocal parameter* upon free vibration behavior of small-scale rectangular functionally graded plates. For this purpose, a set of governing partial differential equations and boundary conditions are derived by employing the nonlocal elasticity theory and variational principles. All material properties, including the nonlocal parameter, are assumed to be functions of the thickness coordinate in the derivations. Displacement field is expressed in a unified way to be able to produce numerical results for Kirchhoff, Mindlin, and third-order plate theories. The equations are solved numerically by means of the generalized differential quadrature method. Developed procedures are verified through comparisons made to the findings available in the literature. Simply-supported and cantilever nano-plates are considered in parametric analyses. Results presented for these configurations illustrate influences of material and geometric parameters upon natural vibration frequencies.

2. Formulation

The geometry of the functionally graded rectangular nano-plate is depicted in Fig. 1. The plate is of thickness h and assumed to possess property variations in z -direction. In nonlocal elasticity theory, stress at a point is expressed as a function of the strain field in the material domain as follows:

$$\sigma_{ij} = \iiint_V \alpha(|x' - x|, \tau) t_{ij}(x') dV(x'), \quad (1)$$

where α is the nonlocal modulus or kernel function, $|x' - x|$ represents the distance, τ is a material property that depends on internal and external characteristic lengths (such as the lattice spacing and wavelength); and σ_{ij} and t_{ij} stand for nonlocal and local stress tensors, respectively. Eringen [37] proposed an equivalent differential form of the nonlocal constitutive equation in the form:

$$(1 - \mu \nabla^2) \sigma_{ij} = t_{ij}. \quad (2)$$

μ in this equation is the nonlocal parameter defined by

$$\mu = (e_0 l)^2, \quad (3)$$

where l is internal characteristic length and e_0 is a material property found through experimental characterization. Because of its dependence on l and e_0 , μ is a material property and should be expressed as a function of the z -coordinate as well.

The relation between local stress tensor t_{ij} and strain tensor ε_{ij} is expressed by

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_{xx} \\ t_{yy} \\ t_{xy} \\ t_{xz} \\ t_{yz} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} Q_{11} & Q_{12} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ Q_{21} & Q_{22} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & Q_{66} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & Q_{66} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & Q_{66} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \varepsilon_{xx} \\ \varepsilon_{yy} \\ 2\varepsilon_{xy} \\ 2\varepsilon_{xz} \\ 2\varepsilon_{yz} \end{pmatrix}, \quad (4)$$

where,

$$Q_{11} = Q_{22} = \frac{E(z)}{1-\nu(z)^2}, \quad (5a)$$

$$Q_{12} = Q_{21} = \frac{E(z)\nu(z)}{1-\nu(z)^2}, \quad (5b)$$

$$Q_{66} = \frac{E(z)}{2(1+\nu(z))}. \quad (5c)$$

E and ν are respectively modulus of elasticity and Poisson's ratio. All material properties including the nonlocal parameter are functions of the thickness coordinate and their spatial variations are described by

$$E(z) = E_c V_c(z) + E_m V_m(z), \quad (6a)$$

$$\nu(z) = \nu_c V_c(z) + \nu_m V_m(z), \quad (6b)$$

$$\rho(z) = \rho_c V_c(z) + \rho_m V_m(z), \quad (6c)$$

$$\mu(z) = \mu_c V_c(z) + \mu_m V_m(z). \quad (6d)$$

The subscripts c and m stand for ceramic and metallic phases; and V_c and V_m are volume fractions. ρ in Eq. (6c) is mass density. Spatial variations of the volume fractions are represented as follows:

$$V_c(z) = \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{z}{h}\right)^n, \quad (7a)$$

$$V_m(z) = 1 - V_c(z). \quad (7b)$$

The power-law index n defines property distribution profiles. When n is less than 1 the nano-plate is ceramic-rich, whereas if n is greater than unity plate has a metal-rich FGM profile.

Displacement field of the nano-plate is expressed in a unified way as given below:

$$u(x, y, z, t) = u_0(x, y, t) - zw_{,x} + f(z)(\phi_x + w_{,x}), \quad (8a)$$

$$v(x, y, z, t) = v_0(x, y, t) - zw_{,y} + f(z)(\phi_y + w_{,y}), \quad (8b)$$

$$w(x, y, z, t) = w_0(x, y, t), \quad (8c)$$

where,

$$f(z) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{for Kirchhof plate theory,} \\ z, & \text{for Mindlin plate theory,} \\ z\left(1 - \frac{4z^2}{3h^2}\right), & \text{for Third-order shear deformation plate theory.} \end{cases} \quad (8d)$$

In this representation u , v , and w are displacement components in x , y , and z directions, respectively; u_0 , v_0 , and w_0 are displacements of a point on the midplane $z = 0$; ϕ_x and ϕ_y are the rotations of a transverse normal about y and x axes, respectively; and a comma stands for differentiation. Strain field corresponding to these displacements is then found in the form:

$$\varepsilon_{xx} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right) = u_{0,x} - zw_{,xx} + f(\phi_{x,x} + w_{,xx}), \quad (9a)$$

$$\varepsilon_{yy} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \right) = v_{0,y} - zw_{,yy} + f(\phi_{y,y} + w_{,yy}), \quad (9b)$$

$$\varepsilon_{zz} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \right) = 0, \quad (9c)$$

$$\varepsilon_{xy} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ (u_{0,y} + v_{0,x}) - 2zw_{,xy} + f(\phi_{x,y} + 2w_{,xy} + \phi_{y,x}) \right\}, \quad (9d)$$

$$\varepsilon_{yz} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \right) = \frac{1}{2} f'(\phi_y + w_{,y}), \quad (9e)$$

$$\varepsilon_{xz} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right) = \frac{1}{2} f'(\phi_x + w_{,x}). \quad (9f)$$

For an FGM composite nano-plate undergoing free vibrations, Hamilton's principle requires that

$$\delta \int_{t_1}^{t_2} (K - U) dt = 0, \quad (10)$$

where U is strain energy and K is kinetic energy. Variations of the energy terms are written as:

$$\delta U = \iiint_V (\sigma_{xx} \delta \varepsilon_{xx} + \sigma_{yy} \delta \varepsilon_{yy} + 2\sigma_{xy} \delta \varepsilon_{xy} + 2\sigma_{xz} \delta \varepsilon_{xz} + 2\sigma_{yz} \delta \varepsilon_{yz}) dV, \quad (11a)$$

$$\delta K = \iiint_V \rho(z) (\dot{u} \delta \dot{u} + \dot{v} \delta \dot{v} + \dot{w} \delta \dot{w}) dV. \quad (11b)$$

Using Eqs. (9)-(11) and variational principles, governing partial differential equations are derived as follows:

$$\frac{\partial N_{xx}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial N_{xy}}{\partial y} = \left\{ I_0 \frac{\partial^2 u_0}{\partial t^2} - I_1 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial t^2 \partial x} + I_3 \left(\frac{\partial^2 \phi_x}{\partial t^2} + \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial t^2 \partial x} \right) \right\} - \nabla^2 \left\{ L_0 \frac{\partial^2 u_0}{\partial t^2} - L_1 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial t^2 \partial x} + L_3 \left(\frac{\partial^2 \phi_x}{\partial t^2} + \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial t^2 \partial x} \right) \right\}, \quad (12a)$$

$$\frac{\partial N_{yy}}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial N_{xy}}{\partial x} = \left\{ I_0 \frac{\partial^2 v_0}{\partial t^2} - I_1 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial t^2 \partial y} + I_3 \left(\frac{\partial^2 \phi_y}{\partial t^2} + \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial t^2 \partial y} \right) \right\} - \nabla^2 \left\{ L_0 \frac{\partial^2 v_0}{\partial t^2} - L_1 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial t^2 \partial y} + L_3 \left(\frac{\partial^2 \phi_y}{\partial t^2} + \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial t^2 \partial y} \right) \right\}, \quad (12b)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial^2 M_{xx}}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 M_{yy}}{\partial y^2} + 2 \frac{\partial^2 M_{xy}}{\partial x \partial y} - \frac{\partial^2 P_{xx}}{\partial x^2} - \frac{\partial^2 P_{yy}}{\partial y^2} - 2 \frac{\partial^2 P_{xy}}{\partial x \partial y} + \frac{\partial R_{yz}}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial R_{zx}}{\partial x} = \\ + \left\{ I_0 \ddot{w} + (I_1 - I_3) \left(\frac{\partial \ddot{u}_0}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \ddot{v}_0}{\partial y} \right) + (-I_2 + 2I_4 - I_5) \left(\frac{\partial^2 \ddot{w}}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 \ddot{w}}{\partial y^2} \right) + (I_4 - I_5) \left(\frac{\partial \ddot{\phi}_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \ddot{\phi}_y}{\partial y} \right) \right\} \\ - \nabla^2 \left\{ L_0 \ddot{w} + (L_1 - L_3) \left(\frac{\partial \ddot{u}_0}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \ddot{v}_0}{\partial y} \right) + (-L_2 + 2L_4 - L_5) \left(\frac{\partial^2 \ddot{w}}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 \ddot{w}}{\partial y^2} \right) + (L_4 - L_5) \left(\frac{\partial \ddot{\phi}_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \ddot{\phi}_y}{\partial y} \right) \right\}, \end{aligned} \quad (12c)$$

$$\frac{\partial P_{xx}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial P_{xy}}{\partial y} - R_{zx} = \left\{ I_3 \frac{\partial^2 u_0}{\partial t^2} - I_4 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial t^2 \partial x} + I_5 \left(\frac{\partial^2 \phi_x}{\partial t^2} + \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial t^2 \partial x} \right) \right\} - \nabla^2 \left\{ L_3 \frac{\partial^2 u_0}{\partial t^2} - L_4 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial t^2 \partial x} + L_5 \left(\frac{\partial^2 \phi_x}{\partial t^2} + \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial t^2 \partial x} \right) \right\}, \quad (12d)$$

$$\frac{\partial P_{yy}}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial P_{xy}}{\partial x} - R_{yz} = \left\{ I_3 \frac{\partial^2 v_0}{\partial t^2} - I_4 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial t^2 \partial y} + I_5 \left(\frac{\partial^2 \phi_y}{\partial t^2} + \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial t^2 \partial y} \right) \right\} - \nabla^2 \left\{ L_3 \frac{\partial^2 v_0}{\partial t^2} - L_4 \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial t^2 \partial y} + L_5 \left(\frac{\partial^2 \phi_y}{\partial t^2} + \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial t^2 \partial y} \right) \right\}. \quad (12e)$$

The boundary conditions are obtained as:

$$u_0 = 0, \quad \text{or} \quad N_{xx}n_x + N_{xy}n_y = 0, \quad (13a)$$

$$v_0 = 0, \quad \text{or} \quad N_{xy}n_x + N_{yy}n_y = 0, \quad (13b)$$

$$\phi_x = 0, \quad \text{or} \quad P_{xx}n_x + P_{xy}n_y = 0, \quad (13c)$$

$$\phi_y = 0, \quad \text{or} \quad P_{xy}n_x + P_{yy}n_y = 0, \quad (13d)$$

$$w = 0, \quad \text{or}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{\partial M_{xx}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial M_{xy}}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial P_{xx}}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial P_{xy}}{\partial y} + R_{xz} \right) n_x + \left(\frac{\partial M_{yy}}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial M_{xy}}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial P_{yy}}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial P_{xy}}{\partial x} + R_{yz} \right) n_y = \\ & \left\{ \left\{ (I_1 - I_3) \ddot{u}_0 + (-I_2 + 2I_4 - I_5) \frac{\partial \ddot{w}}{\partial x} + (I_4 - I_5) \ddot{\phi}_x \right\} - \nabla^2 \left\{ (L_1 - L_3) \ddot{u}_0 + (-L_2 + 2L_4 - L_5) \frac{\partial \ddot{w}}{\partial x} + (L_4 - L_5) \ddot{\phi}_x \right\} \right\} n_x \\ & + \left\{ \left\{ (I_1 - I_3) \ddot{v}_0 + (-I_2 + 2I_4 - I_5) \frac{\partial \ddot{w}}{\partial y} + (I_4 - I_5) \ddot{\phi}_y \right\} - \nabla^2 \left\{ (L_1 - L_3) \ddot{v}_0 + (-L_2 + 2L_4 - L_5) \frac{\partial \ddot{w}}{\partial y} + (L_4 - L_5) \ddot{\phi}_y \right\} \right\} n_y, \end{aligned} \quad (13e)$$

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial x} = 0, \quad \text{or} \quad (M_{xx} - P_{xx})n_x + (M_{xy} - P_{xy})n_y = 0, \quad (13f)$$

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial y} = 0, \quad \text{or} \quad (M_{xy} - P_{xy})n_x + (M_{yy} - P_{yy})n_y = 0, \quad (13g)$$

where n_x and n_y are the components of the unit outward normal vector.

Stress resultants and coefficient terms in the governing equations and boundary conditions are defined by

$$\begin{Bmatrix} N_{\alpha\beta} \\ M_{\alpha\beta} \\ P_{\alpha\beta} \end{Bmatrix} = \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} (1 - \mu(z) \nabla^2) \sigma_{\alpha\beta} \begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ z \\ f \end{Bmatrix} dz, \quad \alpha = x, y, \quad \beta = x, y, \quad (14a)$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} N_{\alpha z} \\ R_{\alpha z} \end{Bmatrix} = \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} (1 - \mu(z) \nabla^2) \sigma_{\alpha z} \begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ f' \end{Bmatrix} dz, \quad \alpha = x, y, \quad (14b)$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} I_0 \\ I_1 \\ I_2 \\ I_3 \\ I_4 \\ I_5 \end{Bmatrix} = \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \rho(z) \begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ z \\ z^2 \\ f \\ zf \\ f^2 \end{Bmatrix} dz, \quad (14c)$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} L_0 \\ L_1 \\ L_2 \\ L_3 \\ L_4 \\ L_5 \end{Bmatrix} = \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \mu(z) \rho(z) \begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ z \\ z^2 \\ f \\ zf \\ f^2 \end{Bmatrix} dz. \quad (14d)$$

3. Numerical solution

Generalized differential quadrature method (GDQM) [38] is used to solve the equation system comprising governing partial differential equations and boundary conditions.

According to GDQM, n^{th} - derivative of a function f is expressed as follows:

$$\frac{\partial^n f(x, t)}{\partial x^n} \Big|_{x=x_i} = \sum_{j=1}^N c_{ij}^{(n)} f(x_j, t), \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, N, \quad (15)$$

where $c_{ij}^{(n)}$ are weighting coefficients [39] for the n^{th} -order derivative and N is the number of nodes. In parametric analyses, we consider two different types of nano-plate

configurations: A nano-plate simply-supported over all edges; and a cantilever nano-plate fixed at $x = 0$. For both simply-supported and cantilever nano-plates, nodal points are identified as Chebyshev-Gauss-Lobatto points, which are given by

$$x_i = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ 1 - \cos \left(\frac{\pi(i-1)}{N-1} \right) \right\}, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, N. \quad (16)$$

Applying the representation in Eq. (15) to the differential operators, series forms of the governing equations are derived as:

$$\begin{aligned} & A_0 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(2)} u_{0_{k,j}} + C_0 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(2)} u_{0_{i,k}} + (B_0 + C_0) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{0_{k,m}} + (A_3 - A_1) \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(3)} w_{k,j} \\ & + (B_3 - B_1 - 2C_1 + 2C_3) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} + A_3 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{x_{k,j}} + C_3 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{x_{i,k}} \\ & + (B_3 + C_3) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{y_{k,m}} = I_0 \ddot{u}_0 + (I_3 - I_1) \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} \ddot{w}_{k,j} + I_3 \ddot{\phi}_x - L_0 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(2)} \ddot{u}_{0_{k,j}} \\ & - (L_3 - L_1) \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(3)} \ddot{w}_{k,j} - L_3 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(2)} \ddot{\phi}_{x_{k,j}} - L_0 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(2)} \ddot{u}_{0_{i,k}} - (L_3 - L_1) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} \ddot{w}_{k,m} - L_3 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(2)} \ddot{\phi}_{x_{i,k}}, \end{aligned} \quad (17a)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & C_0 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(2)} v_{0_{k,j}} + A_0 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(2)} v_{0_{i,k}} + (B_0 + C_0) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{0_{k,m}} + (A_3 - A_1) \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(3)} w_{i,k} \\ & + (B_3 - B_1 - 2C_1 + 2C_3) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,m} + C_3 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{y_{k,j}} + A_3 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{y_{i,k}} \\ & + (B_3 + C_3) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{x_{k,m}} = I_0 \ddot{v}_0 + (I_3 - I_1) \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(1)} \ddot{w}_{i,k} + I_3 \ddot{\phi}_y - L_0 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(2)} \ddot{v}_{0_{k,j}} \\ & - (L_3 - L_1) \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(3)} \ddot{w}_{i,k} - L_3 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(2)} \ddot{\phi}_{y_{k,j}} - L_0 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(2)} \ddot{v}_{0_{i,k}} - (L_3 - L_1) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(2)} \ddot{w}_{k,m} - L_3 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(2)} \ddot{\phi}_{y_{i,k}}, \end{aligned} \quad (17b)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& (A_1 - A_3) \left(\sum_{k=1}^{N_y} C_{jk}^{(3)} v_{0_{i,k}} + \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(3)} u_{0_{k,j}} \right) + (2A_4 - A_2 - A_5) \left(\sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(4)} w_{k,j} + \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} C_{jk}^{(4)} w_{i,k} \right) + (A_4 - A_5) \left(\sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(3)} \phi_{x_{k,j}} \right. \\
& \left. + \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} C_{jk}^{(3)} \phi_{y_{i,k}} \right) + (B_1 - B_3 + 2C_1 - 2C_3) \left(\sum_{m=1}^{N_y} C_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(2)} v_{0_{k,m}} + \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} C_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(1)} u_{0_{k,m}} \right) \\
& + 2(2B_4 - B_2 - B_5 + 4C_4 - 2C_2 - 2C_5) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} C_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,m} + (B_4 - B_5 + 2C_4 - 2C_5) \left(\sum_{m=1}^{N_y} C_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{y_{k,m}} \right. \\
& \left. + \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} C_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{x_{k,m}} \right) + C_6 \left(\sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{x_{k,j}} + \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} C_{jk}^{(1)} \phi_{y_{i,k}} \right) + C_6 \left(\sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,j} + \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} C_{jk}^{(2)} w_{i,k} \right) = \\
& I_0 \ddot{w} + (I_1 - I_3) \left(\sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(1)} \ddot{u}_{0_{k,j}} + \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} C_{jk}^{(1)} \ddot{v}_{0_{i,k}} \right) + (-I_2 + 2I_4 - I_5) \left(\sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(2)} \ddot{w}_{k,j} + \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} C_{jk}^{(2)} \ddot{w}_{i,k} \right) \\
& + (I_4 - I_5) \left(\sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(1)} \ddot{\phi}_{x_{k,j}} + \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} C_{jk}^{(1)} \ddot{\phi}_{y_{i,k}} \right) - L_0 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(2)} \ddot{w}_{k,j} - (L_1 - L_3) \left(\sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(3)} \ddot{u}_{0_{k,j}} + \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} C_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(2)} \ddot{v}_{0_{k,m}} \right) \\
& - (-L_2 + 2L_4 - L_5) \left(\sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(4)} \ddot{w}_{k,j} + \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} C_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(2)} \ddot{w}_{k,m} \right) - (L_4 - L_5) \left(\sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(3)} \ddot{\phi}_{x_{k,j}} + \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} C_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(2)} \ddot{\phi}_{y_{k,m}} \right) \\
& - L_0 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} C_{jk}^{(2)} \ddot{w}_{i,k} - (L_1 - L_3) \left(\sum_{m=1}^{N_y} C_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(1)} \ddot{u}_{0_{k,m}} + \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} C_{jk}^{(3)} \ddot{v}_{0_{i,k}} \right) \\
& - (-L_2 + 2L_4 - L_5) \left(\sum_{m=1}^{N_y} C_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(2)} \ddot{w}_{k,m} + \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} C_{jk}^{(4)} \ddot{w}_{i,k} \right) - (L_4 - L_5) \left(\sum_{m=1}^{N_y} C_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(1)} \ddot{\phi}_{x_{k,m}} + \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} C_{jk}^{(3)} \ddot{\phi}_{y_{i,k}} \right), \tag{17c}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& A_3 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(2)} u_{0_{k,j}} + C_3 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} C_{jk}^{(2)} u_{0_{i,k}} + (B_3 + C_3) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} C_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(1)} v_{0_{k,m}} + (A_5 - A_4) \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(3)} w_{k,j} \\
& + (B_5 - B_4 - 2C_4 + 2C_5) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} C_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} + A_5 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{x_{k,j}} + C_5 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} C_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{y_{i,k}} \\
& + (B_5 + C_5) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} C_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{y_{k,m}} - C_6 \phi_x - C_6 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,j} = I_3 \ddot{u}_0 + (I_5 - I_4) \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(1)} \ddot{w}_{k,j} + I_5 \ddot{\phi}_x - L_3 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(2)} \ddot{u}_{0_{k,j}} \\
& - (L_5 - L_4) \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(3)} \ddot{w}_{k,j} - L_5 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(2)} \ddot{\phi}_{x_{k,j}} - L_3 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} C_{jk}^{(2)} \ddot{u}_{0_{i,k}} - (L_5 - L_4) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} C_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(1)} \ddot{w}_{k,m} - L_5 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} C_{jk}^{(2)} \ddot{\phi}_{x_{i,k}}, \tag{17d}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& C_3 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(2)} v_{0_{k,j}} + A_3 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} C_{jk}^{(2)} v_{0_{i,k}} + (B_3 + C_3) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} C_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(1)} u_{0_{k,m}} + (A_5 - A_4) \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} C_{jk}^{(3)} w_{i,k} \\
& + (B_5 - B_4 - 2C_4 + 2C_5) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} C_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,m} + C_5 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{y_{k,j}} + A_5 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} C_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{y_{i,k}} \\
& + (B_5 + C_5) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} C_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{y_{k,m}} - C_6 \phi_y - C_6 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} C_{jk}^{(1)} w_{i,k} = I_3 \ddot{v}_0 + (I_5 - I_4) \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} C_{jk}^{(1)} \ddot{w}_{i,k} + I_5 \ddot{\phi}_y - L_3 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(2)} \ddot{v}_{0_{k,j}} \\
& - (L_5 - L_4) \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} C_{jk}^{(3)} \ddot{w}_{i,k} - L_5 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(2)} \ddot{\phi}_{y_{k,j}} - L_3 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} C_{jk}^{(2)} \ddot{v}_{0_{i,k}} - (L_5 - L_4) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} C_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} C_{ik}^{(2)} \ddot{w}_{k,m} - L_5 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} C_{jk}^{(2)} \ddot{\phi}_{y_{i,k}}. \tag{17e}
\end{aligned}$$

N_x and N_y above are number of nodal points in x - and y -directions, respectively.

For a simply-supported nano-plate, boundary conditions at $y = 0$ and $y = b$ read:

$$u_0 = v_0 = w = \phi_x = 0, \quad (18a)$$

$$A_3 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(1)} v_{0_{i,k}} + (A_5 - A_4) \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(2)} w_{i,k} + A_5 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(1)} \phi_{y_{i,k}} = 0, \quad (18b)$$

$$A_1 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(1)} v_{0_{i,k}} + (A_4 - A_2) \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(2)} w_{i,k} + A_4 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(1)} \phi_{y_{i,k}} = 0, \quad (18c)$$

and at $x = 0$, $x = a$, we have

$$u_0 = v_0 = w = \phi_y = 0, \quad (19a)$$

$$A_3 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{0_{k,j}} + (A_5 - A_4) \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,j} + A_5 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{x_{k,j}} = 0, \quad (19b)$$

$$A_1 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{0_{k,j}} + (A_4 - A_2) \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,j} + A_4 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{x_{k,j}} = 0. \quad (19c)$$

For the cantilever nano-plate fixed at $x = 0$, boundary conditions at the cantilever edge

are:

$$u_0 = v_0 = w = \phi_x = \phi_y = \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} = 0. \quad (20)$$

The conditions at $x = a$ are derived as:

$$\begin{aligned}
& A_0 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{0_{k,j}} + (A_3 - A_1) \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,j} + A_3 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{x_{k,j}} \\
& + B_0 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(1)} v_{0_{i,k}} + (B_3 - B_1) \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(2)} w_{i,k} + B_3 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(1)} \phi_{y_{i,k}} = 0,
\end{aligned} \tag{21a}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& C_0 \left(\sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(1)} u_{0_{i,k}} + \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{0_{k,j}} \right) + 2(C_3 - C_1) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} \\
& + C_3 \left(\sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(1)} \phi_{x_{i,k}} + \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{y_{k,j}} \right) = 0,
\end{aligned} \tag{21b}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& A_3 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{0_{k,j}} + (A_5 - A_4) \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,j} + A_5 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{x_{k,j}} \\
& + B_3 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(1)} v_{0_{i,k}} + (B_5 - B_4) \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(2)} w_{i,k} + B_5 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(1)} \phi_{y_{i,k}} = 0,
\end{aligned} \tag{21c}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& C_3 \left(\sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(1)} u_{0_{i,k}} + \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{0_{k,j}} \right) + 2(C_5 - C_4) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} \\
& + C_5 \left(\sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(1)} \phi_{x_{i,k}} + \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{y_{k,j}} \right) = 0,
\end{aligned} \tag{21d}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& (A_1 - A_3) \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(2)} u_{0_{k,j}} + (-A_2 + 2A_4 - A_5) \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(3)} w_{k,j} + (A_4 - A_5) \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{x_{k,j}} \\
& + (B_1 - B_3) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{0_{k,m}} + (-B_2 + 2B_4 - B_5) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} + (B_4 - B_5) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{y_{k,m}} \\
& + (C_1 - C_3) \left(\sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(2)} u_{0_{i,k}} + \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{0_{k,m}} \right) + 2(-C_2 + 2C_4 - C_5) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} \\
& + (C_4 - C_5) \left(\sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{x_{i,k}} + \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{y_{k,m}} \right) + C_6 (\phi_x + \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,j}) = \\
& (I_1 - I_3) \ddot{u}_0 + (-I_2 + 2I_4 - I_5) \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} \ddot{w}_{k,j} + (I_4 - I_5) \ddot{\phi}_x \\
& - (L_1 - L_3) \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(2)} \ddot{u}_{0_{k,j}} - (-L_2 + 2L_4 - L_5) \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(3)} \ddot{w}_{k,j} - (L_4 - L_5) \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(2)} \ddot{\phi}_{x_{k,j}} \\
& - (L_1 - L_3) \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(2)} \ddot{u}_{0_{i,k}} - (-L_2 + 2L_4 - L_5) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} c_{jm}^{(2)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} \ddot{w}_{k,m} - (L_4 - L_5) \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(2)} \ddot{\phi}_{x_{i,k}},
\end{aligned} \tag{21e}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& (A_1 - A_3) \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{0_{k,j}} + (-A_2 + 2A_4 - A_5) \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,j} + (A_4 - A_5) \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{x_{k,j}} \\
& + (B_1 - B_3) \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(1)} v_{0_{i,k}} + (-B_2 + 2B_4 - B_5) \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(2)} w_{i,k} + (B_4 - B_5) \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(1)} \phi_{y_{i,k}} = 0.
\end{aligned} \tag{21f}$$

And, the conditions at $y = 0, y = b$ are of the forms:

$$\begin{aligned}
& C_0 \left(\sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(1)} u_{0_{i,k}} + \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{0_{k,j}} \right) + 2(C_3 - C_1) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} \\
& + C_3 \left(\sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(1)} \phi_{x_{i,k}} + \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{y_{k,j}} \right) = 0,
\end{aligned} \tag{22a}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& B_0 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{0_{k,j}} + (B_3 - B_1) \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,j} + B_3 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{x_{k,j}} \\
& + A_0 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(1)} v_{0_{i,k}} + (A_3 - A_1) \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(2)} w_{i,k} + A_3 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(1)} \phi_{y_{i,k}} = 0,
\end{aligned} \tag{22b}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& C_3 \left(\sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(1)} u_{0_{i,k}} + \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} v_{0_{k,j}} \right) + 2(C_5 - C_4) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} w_{k,m} \\
& + C_5 \left(\sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(1)} \phi_{x_{i,k}} + \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{y_{k,j}} \right) = 0,
\end{aligned} \tag{22c}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& B_3 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{0_{k,j}} + (B_5 - B_4) \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,j} + B_5 \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{x_{k,j}} \\
& + A_3 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(1)} v_{0_{i,k}} + (A_5 - A_4) \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(2)} w_{i,k} + A_5 \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(1)} \phi_{y_{i,k}} = 0,
\end{aligned} \tag{22d}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& (B_1 - B_3) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{0_{k,m}} + (-B_2 + 2B_4 - B_5) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,m} + (B_4 - B_5) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{x_{k,m}} \\
& + (A_1 - A_3) \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(2)} v_{0_{i,k}} + (-A_2 + 2A_4 - A_5) \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(3)} w_{i,k} + (A_4 - A_5) \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(2)} \phi_{y_{i,k}} \\
& + (C_1 - C_3) \left(\sum_{m=1}^{N_y} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{0_{k,m}} + \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(2)} v_{0_{k,j}} \right) + 2(-C_2 + 2C_4 - C_5) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,m} \\
& + (C_4 - C_5) \left(\sum_{m=1}^{N_y} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{x_{k,m}} + \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(2)} \phi_{y_{k,j}} \right) + C_6 (\phi_y + \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(1)} w_{i,k}) = \\
& (I_1 - I_3) \ddot{v}_0 + (-I_2 + 2I_4 - I_5) \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(1)} \ddot{w}_{i,k} + (I_4 - I_5) \ddot{\phi}_y \\
& - (L_1 - L_3) \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(2)} \ddot{v}_{0_{k,j}} - (-L_2 + 2L_4 - L_5) \sum_{m=1}^{N_y} c_{jm}^{(1)} \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(2)} \ddot{w}_{k,m} - (L_4 - L_5) \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(2)} \ddot{\phi}_{y_{k,j}} \\
& - (L_1 - L_3) \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(2)} \ddot{v}_{0_{i,k}} - (-L_2 + 2L_4 - L_5) \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(3)} \ddot{w}_{i,k} - (L_4 - L_5) \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(2)} \ddot{\phi}_{y_{i,k}},
\end{aligned} \tag{22e}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& (B_1 - B_3) \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} u_{0_{k,j}} + (-B_2 + 2B_4 - B_5) \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(2)} w_{k,j} + (B_4 - B_5) \sum_{k=1}^{N_x} c_{ik}^{(1)} \phi_{x_{k,j}} \\
& + (A_1 - A_3) \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(1)} v_{0_{i,k}} + (-A_2 + 2A_4 - A_5) \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(2)} w_{i,k} + (A_4 - A_5) \sum_{k=1}^{N_y} c_{jk}^{(1)} \phi_{y_{i,k}} = 0.
\end{aligned}$$

(22f)

In addition to these boundary conditions, $w_{,xy} = 0$ should be imposed at the points where free edges intersect. The coefficients in the governing equations and boundary conditions conveyed by Eqs. (17)-(22) are given by:

$$\begin{aligned}
\begin{pmatrix} A_0 \\ A_1 \\ A_2 \\ A_3 \\ A_4 \\ A_5 \end{pmatrix} &= \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} Q_{11} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ z \\ z^2 \\ f(z) \\ zf(z) \\ (f(z))^2 \end{pmatrix} dz, \quad \begin{pmatrix} B_0 \\ B_1 \\ B_2 \\ B_3 \\ B_4 \\ B_5 \end{pmatrix} = \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} Q_{12} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ z \\ z^2 \\ f(z) \\ zf(z) \\ (f(z))^2 \end{pmatrix} dz, \\
\begin{pmatrix} C_0 \\ C_1 \\ C_2 \\ C_3 \\ C_4 \\ C_5 \\ C_6 \end{pmatrix} &= \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} Q_{66} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ z \\ z^2 \\ f(z) \\ zf(z) \\ (f(z))^2 \\ (f'(z))^2 \end{pmatrix} dz.
\end{aligned} \tag{23}$$

For both simply-supported and cantilever nano-plates, governing equations and boundary conditions are consolidated into the following matrix form:

$$(\mathbf{K} - \Omega^2 \mathbf{M}) \mathbf{d}^* = \mathbf{0}, \quad (24)$$

where Ω is natural frequency, \mathbf{K} is the stiffness matrix, \mathbf{M} is the mass matrix and \mathbf{d}^* is mode shape vector expressed as

$$\mathbf{d}^* = \left\{ \left\{ u_i^* \right\}^T, \left\{ v_i^* \right\}^T, \left\{ w_i^* \right\}^T, \left\{ \phi_{x_i}^* \right\}^T, \left\{ \phi_{y_i}^* \right\}^T \right\}^T, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, N_x \times N_y. \quad (25)$$

4. Numerical results

In parametric analyses, we examine free vibrations of ceramic-metal functionally graded composite nano-plates, whose constituents are silicon nitride (Si_3N_4) and stainless steel. Properties for this material pair are given by

$$E_c = 348.43 \text{ GPa}, \quad \nu_c = 0.3, \quad \rho_c = 2370 \text{ kg/m}^3, \quad (26a)$$

$$E_m = 201.04 \text{ GPa}, \quad \nu_m = 0.3, \quad \rho_m = 8166 \text{ kg/m}^3. \quad (26b)$$

Nonlocal parameter of the metallic phase is taken as $\mu_m = 2 \text{ nm}^2$, which is a reference value adopted in various studies in the literature [26,28]. The degree of variation in the nonlocal parameter is quantified by the ratio μ_c/μ_m . When the nonlocal parameter is assumed to be constant μ_c/μ_m is equal to unity, whereas when μ varies across the thickness $\mu_c/\mu_m \neq 1$.

We set μ_c/μ_m as 2 in a number of parametric analyses. In remaining cases it is varied to be able to assess the influence of the nonlocal parameter variation.

To be able to verify theoretical and computational developments, in Table 1 we provide comparisons to the results given in the article by Zare et al. [25]. This article presents solutions regarding free vibrations of functionally graded rectangular nano-plates developed under the assumption of constant nonlocal parameter. Material properties used in [25] are same as those given by Eq. (26). Table 1 presents comparisons of first three dimensionless natural frequencies of a simply-supported functionally graded nano-plate. Dimensionless natural frequency is defined as

$$\omega = \Omega h \sqrt{\frac{2(1 + v_c) \rho_c}{E_c}}. \quad (27)$$

Both our results and those provided in [25] are generated by using Kirchhoff plate theory. Natural frequencies computed in the present study are in very good agreement with those given by Zare et al. [25], which is indicative of the high degree of accuracy attained by the application of the proposed procedures.

In Figs. 2-10 and Tables 2 and 3, we present results of our parametric analyses for functionally graded rectangular nano-plates possessing a spatially variable nonlocal parameter. Fig. 2 depicts dimensionless first natural frequencies of simply-supported and cantilever nano-plates as a function of the dimensionless plate length $a/\sqrt{\mu_m}$. Dimensionless natural frequency is defined by Eq. (27). The frequencies are calculated in accordance with Kirchhoff plate theory (KPT), Mindlin plate theory (MPT), and third-order shear deformation theory (TSDT). For both simply-supported and cantilever nano-plates, ω_1 increases with a corresponding increase in $a/\sqrt{\mu_m}$; and levels off around a constant attained at larger values

of dimensionless plate length. The constants are equal to the vibration frequencies of the classical macro-scale plate, for which numerical results are found by setting $\mu_c = \mu_m = 0$. Thus, as expected, size effect turns out to be important especially for relatively smaller values of the ratio $a/\sqrt{\mu_m}$. In the case of the simply-supported nano-plate, frequencies found for different plate theories are close to each other; whereas for the cantilever nano-plate, differences are slightly larger. Curves generated by KPT and MPT envelope that computed by utilizing TSDT. Numerical results given in Fig. 3 regarding second natural frequency point out to similar trends, except for more pronounced differences among results obtained for the simply-supported nano-plate. The first two mode shapes of simply-supported and cantilever nano-plates for $a/\sqrt{\mu_m} = 10$ are provided in Fig. 4. Third-order shear deformation theory is used in the generation of the mode shapes and the remaining sets of results presented in this section.

Figs. 5 and 6 depict the influence of the nonlocal parameter ratio μ_c/μ_m on respectively ω_1 and ω_2 . For both simply-supported and cantilever nano-plates, nonlocal parameter ratio has a significant impact on the dimensionless natural frequency. This finding implies that variation of the nonlocal parameter needs to be taken into account to be able to produce more realistic numerical results. Both of the dimensionless natural frequencies ω_1 and ω_2 get smaller as the ratio μ_c/μ_m is increased from 0.5 to 4.0. Notice that natural frequencies merge at a single value as the dimensionless plate length $a/\sqrt{\mu_m}$ gets larger. This single value is again the frequency obtained for a classical plate by taking $\mu_c = \mu_m = 0$. Further results regarding the influence of μ_c/μ_m on dimensionless frequencies ω_1 and ω_2 are provided in Tables 2 and 3. Dependence on μ_c/μ_m is examined by considering different values of dimensionless plate length $a/\sqrt{\mu_m}$ and aspect ratio a/b . In all cases, dimensionless

frequencies are decreasing functions of nonlocal parameter ratio μ_c/μ_m . Increase in the aspect ratio a/b however causes an increase in the dimensionless natural frequencies.

In Figs. 7 and 8, we present ω_1 and ω_2 as functions of the power-law index n and dimensionless plate length $a/\sqrt{\mu_m}$. The index n controls the variation of the ceramic volume fraction as indicated by Eq. (7a). The nano-plate considered is ceramic-rich if $n < 1$, and metal-rich if $n > 1$. Both of the dimensionless natural frequencies ω_1 and ω_2 decrease as the exponent n is increased from 0.5 to 8. Thus, ceramic-rich functionally graded nano-plates possess larger natural frequencies. This is the expected result since the ceramic phase of the FGM composite nano-plate has larger elastic modulus and lower density compared to the metallic phase. The constants attained for larger $a/\sqrt{\mu_m}$ are equal to the frequencies predicted by the classical plate theory.

Further parametric analyses regarding the effects of the power-law index n and the nonlocal parameter ratio μ_c/μ_m on the first four dimensionless natural frequencies of a simply-supported FGM nano-plate are presented in Figs. 9 and 10. The figures clearly show how the natural frequencies increase as the power-law index n gets smaller. Ceramic-rich functionally graded composite nano-plates are again shown to possess significantly larger natural frequencies than the metal-rich nano-plates. Nonlocal parameter ratio μ_c/μ_m also imparts a notable influence upon all four natural frequencies. Sensitivity of the frequencies to the change in the nonlocal parameter ratio points to the fact that nonlocal parameter variation should be accounted for in dynamic analysis, which is the basic premise of the present study.

5. Concluding remarks

In this article, we outline a nonlocal elasticity based method for free vibration analysis of functionally graded rectangular composite nano-plates. The method developed is capable of

accounting for the spatial variation of the nonlocal parameter. Governing equations and boundary conditions are derived by following the variational approach and applying Hamilton's principle. All material properties, including the nonlocal parameter, are assumed to be functions of the thickness coordinate in the derivations. Displacement field is expressed in a unified way in the formulation to be able to generate results for three plate theories, which are Kirchhoff, Mindlin, and third order shear deformation theories. The equations derived are solved numerically by means of generalized differential quadrature method. Proposed procedure is verified through comparisons made to the results available in the literature. Further numerical results are provided to be able to demonstrate the effects of dimensionless nano-plate length, nonlocal parameter ratio, and power-law index upon the natural vibration frequencies of simply-supported and cantilever nano-plates.

Vibration frequencies calculated for three different plate theories show that Kirchhoff plate theory predicts higher natural frequencies and stiffer nano-plate behavior. The results for third-order shear deformation theory lie in between those calculated for Kirchhoff and Mindlin plate theories. In all cases, as the dimensionless plate length $a/\sqrt{\mu_m}$ is increased, vibration frequencies first increase and then tend to approach constant values. For a given configuration, the constant attained at large $a/\sqrt{\mu_m}$ is equal to the frequency computed for a plate whose nonlocal parameter μ is zero. In other words, results corresponding to macro-scale plates are recovered for larger $a/\sqrt{\mu_m}$, which is indicative of size effect's dominance for smaller plate length. The influence of the nonlocal parameter ratio μ_c/μ_m is shown to be significant. An increase in μ_c/μ_m causes drops in the dimensionless natural frequencies. This finding implies that assuming a constant nonlocal parameter might lead to results of reduced accuracy. Thus, reliable results regarding free vibrations of functionally graded rectangular nano-plates can be produced by taking into account nonlocal parameter variation. The

methods presented in this article could prove useful in this respect and in analysis, design, and optimization of graded composite nano-plate structures.

Acknowledgement

This work is supported by the Scientific and Technological Research Council of Turkey (TÜBİTAK) through grant 213M606.

References

- [1] Fu Y, Du H, Zhang S. Functionally graded TiN/TiNi shape memory alloy films. *Mater Lett* 2003;57:2995–9.
- [2] A. Witvrouw AM. The Use of Functionally Graded Poly-SiGe Layers for MEMS Application. *Mater Sci Forum* 2005;492-493:255–60.
- [3] Hassanin H, Jiang K. Net shape manufacturing of ceramic micro parts with tailored graded layers. *J Micromechanics Microengineering* 2014;24:15018.
- [4] Eringen AC, Edelen DGB. On nonlocal elasticity. *Int J Eng Sci* 1972;10:233–48.
- [5] Eringen AC. Nonlocal polar elastic continua. *Int J Eng Sci* 1972;10:1–16.
- [6] Aifantis EC. Strain gradient interpretation of size effects. In: Bažant Z, Rajapakse YS, editors. *Fract. Scaling*, Springer Netherlands; 1999, p. 299–314.
- [7] Zhang B, He Y, Liu D, Lei J, Shen L, Wang L. A size-dependent third-order shear deformable plate model incorporating strain gradient effects for mechanical analysis of functionally graded circular/annular microplates. *Compos Part B-Eng* 2015;79:553–580.
- [8] Fleck NA, Hutchinson JW. A reformulation of strain gradient plasticity. *J Mech Phys Solids* 2001;49:2245–71.
- [9] Lam DCC, Yang F, Chong ACM, Wang J, Tong P. Experiments and theory in strain

- gradient elasticity. *J Mech Phys Solids* 2003;51:1477–508.
- [10] Yang F, Chong ACM, Lam DCC, Tong P. Couple stress based strain gradient theory for elasticity. *Int J Solids Struct* 2002;39:2731–43.
- [11] Eshraghi I, Dag S, Soltani N. Consideration of spatial variation of the length scale parameter in static and dynamic analyses of functionally graded annular and circular micro-plates. *Compos Part B-Eng* 2015;78:338–348.
- [12] Eshraghi I, Dag S, Soltani N. Bending and free vibrations of functionally graded annular and circular micro-plates under thermal loading. *Compos Struct* 2016;137:196–207.
- [13] Rahmani O, Pedram O. Analysis and modeling the size effect on vibration of functionally graded nanobeams based on nonlocal Timoshenko beam theory. *Int J Eng Sci* 2014;77:55–70.
- [14] Ebrahimi F, Salari E. Size-dependent free flexural vibration behavior of functionally graded nanobeams using semi-analytical differential transform method. *Compos Part B-Eng* 2015;79:156–169.
- [15] Şimşek M, Yurcu HH. Analytical solutions for bending and buckling of functionally graded nanobeams based on the nonlocal Timoshenko beam theory. *Compos Struct* 2013;97:378–86.
- [16] Rahmani O, Jandaghian AA. Buckling analysis of functionally graded nanobeams based on a nonlocal third-order shear deformation theory. *Appl Phys A* 2015;119:1019–32.
- [17] Nazemnezhad R, Hosseini-Hashemi S. Nonlocal nonlinear free vibration of functionally graded nanobeams. *Compos Struct* 2014;110:192–9.
- [18] Hosseini-Hashemi S, Nazemnezhad R, Bedrouz M. Surface effects on nonlinear free vibration of functionally graded nanobeams using nonlocal elasticity. *Appl Math*

Model 2014;38:3538–53.

- [19] Uymaz B. Forced vibration analysis of functionally graded beams using nonlocal elasticity. *Compos Struct* 2013;105:227–39.
- [20] Ebrahimi F, Salari E. Nonlocal thermo-mechanical vibration analysis of functionally graded nanobeams in thermal environment. *Acta Astronaut* 2015;113:29–50.
- [21] Eltaher MA, Emam SA, Mahmoud FF. Free vibration analysis of functionally graded size-dependent nanobeams. *Appl Math Comput* 2012;218:7406–20.
- [22] Eltaher MA, Emam SA, Mahmoud FF. Static and stability analysis of nonlocal functionally graded nanobeams. *Compos Struct* 2013;96:82–8.
- [23] Eltaher MA, Khairy A, Sadoun AM, Omar F-A. Static and buckling analysis of functionally graded Timoshenko nanobeams. *Appl Math Comput* 2014;229:283–95.
- [24] Reddy JN, El-Borgi S, Romanoff J. Non-linear analysis of functionally graded microbeams using Eringen's non-local differential model. *Int J Non Linear Mech* 2014;67:308–18.
- [25] Zare M, Nazemnezhad R, Hosseini-Hashemi S. Natural frequency analysis of functionally graded rectangular nanoplates with different boundary conditions via an analytical method. *Meccanica* 2015;50:2391–408.
- [26] Natarajan S, Chakraborty S, Thangavel M, Bordas S, Rabczuk T. Size-dependent free flexural vibration behavior of functionally graded nanoplates. *Comput Mater Sci* 2012;65:74–80.
- [27] Nami MR, Janghorban M. Free vibration of functionally graded size dependent nanoplates based on second order shear deformation theory using nonlocal elasticity theory. *Iran J Sci Technol Trans Mech Eng* 2015;39:15–28.
- [28] Daneshmehr A, Rajabpoor A, Hadi A. Size dependent free vibration analysis of nanoplates made of functionally graded materials based on nonlocal elasticity theory

with high order theories. *Int J Eng Sci* 2015;95:23–35.

- [29] Daneshmehr A, Rajabpoor A, pourdavood M. Stability of size dependent functionally graded nanoplate based on nonlocal elasticity and higher order plate theories and different boundary conditions. *Int J Eng Sci* 2014;82:84–100.
- [30] Nami MR, Janghorban M, Damadam M. Thermal buckling analysis of functionally graded rectangular nanoplates based on nonlocal third-order shear deformation theory. *Aerosp Sci Technol* 2015;41:7–15.
- [31] Kananipour H. Static analysis of nanoplates based on the nonlocal Kirchhoff and Mindlin plate theories using DQM. *Lat Am J Solids Struct* 2014;11:1709–20.
- [32] Salehipour H, Nahvi H, Shahidi AR. Closed-form elasticity solution for three-dimensional deformation of functionally graded micro/nano plates on elastic foundation. *Lat Am J Solids Struct* 2015;12:747–62.
- [33] Salehipour H, Nahvi H, Shahidi AR. Exact analytical solution for free vibration of functionally graded micro/nanoplates via three-dimensional nonlocal elasticity. *Phys E Low-Dimensional Syst Nanostructures* 2015;66:350–8.
- [34] Nguyen N-T, Hui D, Lee J, Nguyen-Xuan H. An efficient computational approach for size-dependent analysis of functionally graded nanoplates. *Comput Methods Appl Mech Eng* 2015;297:191–218.
- [35] Ansari R, Faghish Shojaei M, Shahabodini A, Bazdid-Vahdati M. Three-dimensional bending and vibration analysis of functionally graded nanoplates by a novel differential quadrature-based approach. *Compos Struct* 2015;131:753–64.
- [36] Liang Y, Han Q. Prediction of the nonlocal scaling parameter for graphene sheet. *Eur J Mech - A/Solids* 2014;45:153–60.
- [37] Eringen AC. On differential equations of nonlocal elasticity and solutions of screw dislocation and surface waves. *J Appl Phys* 1983;54:4703–10.

- [38] Du H, Lim MK, Lin RM. Application of generalized differential quadrature method to structural problems. *Int J Numer Methods Eng* 1994;37:1881–96.
- [39] Shu C. Differential quadrature and its application in engineering. Springer Science & Business Media; 2012.

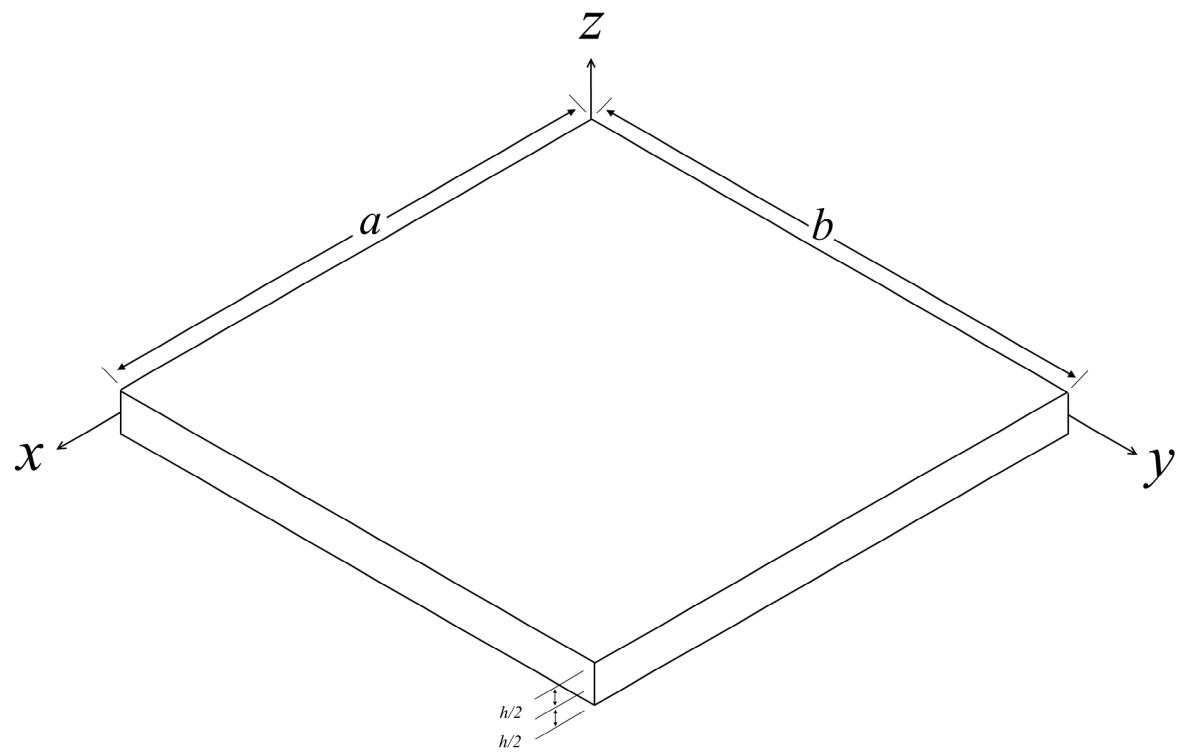


Fig.1. The geometry of the functionally graded rectangular nanoplate.

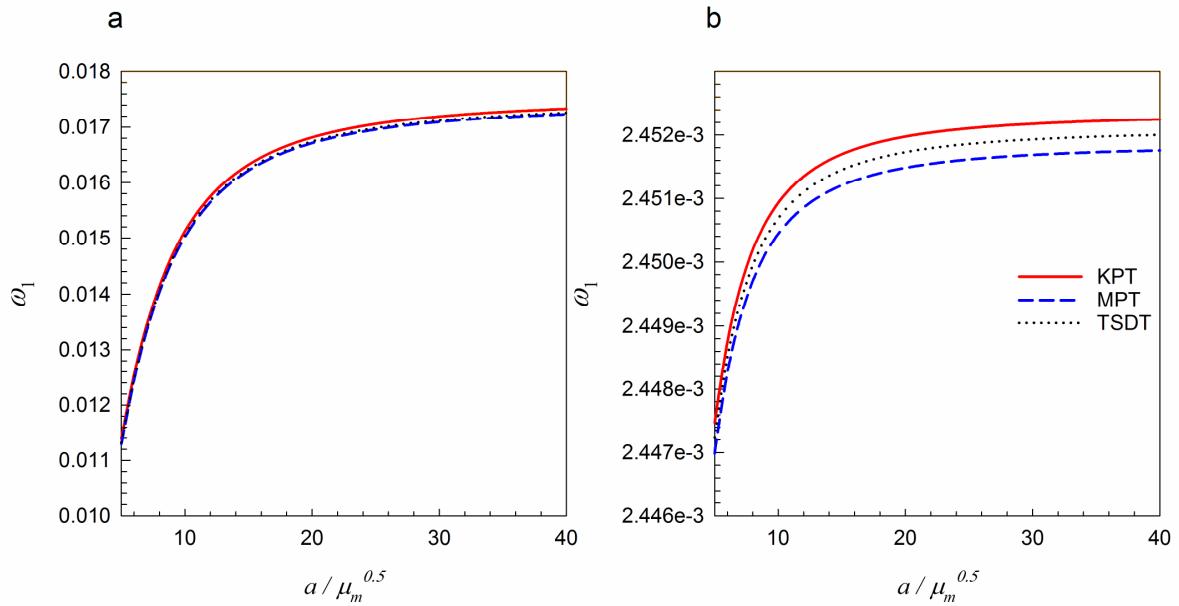


Fig. 2. Dimensionless first natural frequency ω_l as a function of $a/\sqrt{\mu_m}$ for three different plate theories: (a) Simply-supported nano-plate; (b) cantilever nano-plate. $a/b = 4/3$, $a/h = 20$, $\mu_m = 2 \text{ nm}^2$, $\mu_c/\mu_m = 2$, $n = 2$.

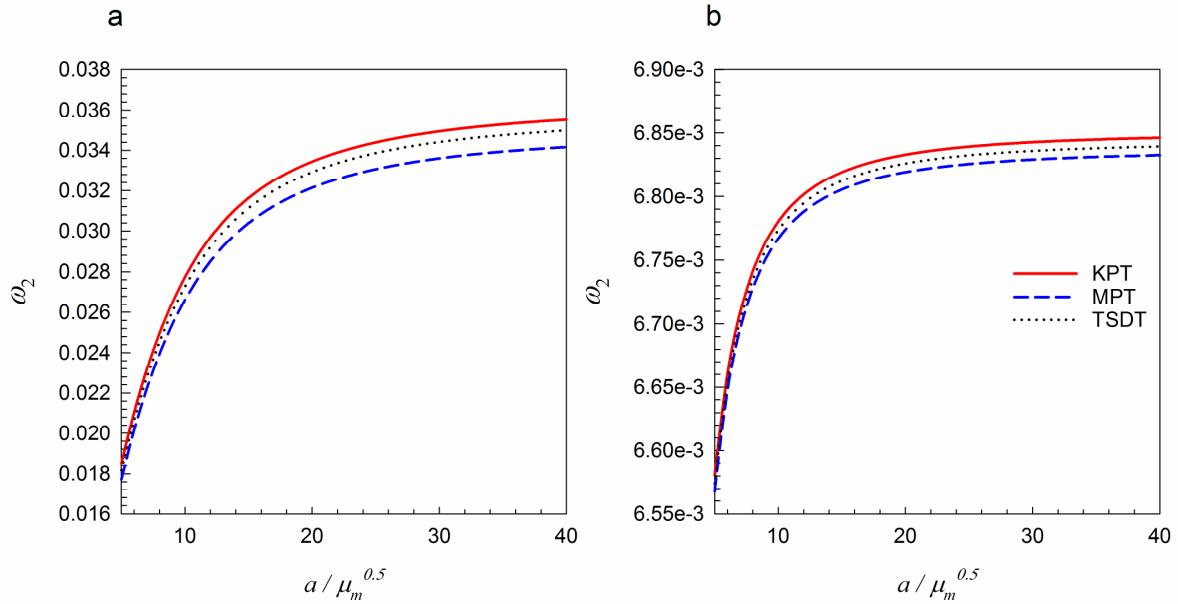


Fig. 3. Dimensionless second natural frequency ω_2 as a function of $a/\sqrt{\mu_m}$ for three different plate theories: (a) Simply-supported nano-plate; (b) cantilever nano-plate.
 $a/b = 4/3$, $a/h = 20$, $\mu_m = 2 \text{ nm}^2$, $\mu_c/\mu_m = 2$, $n = 2$.

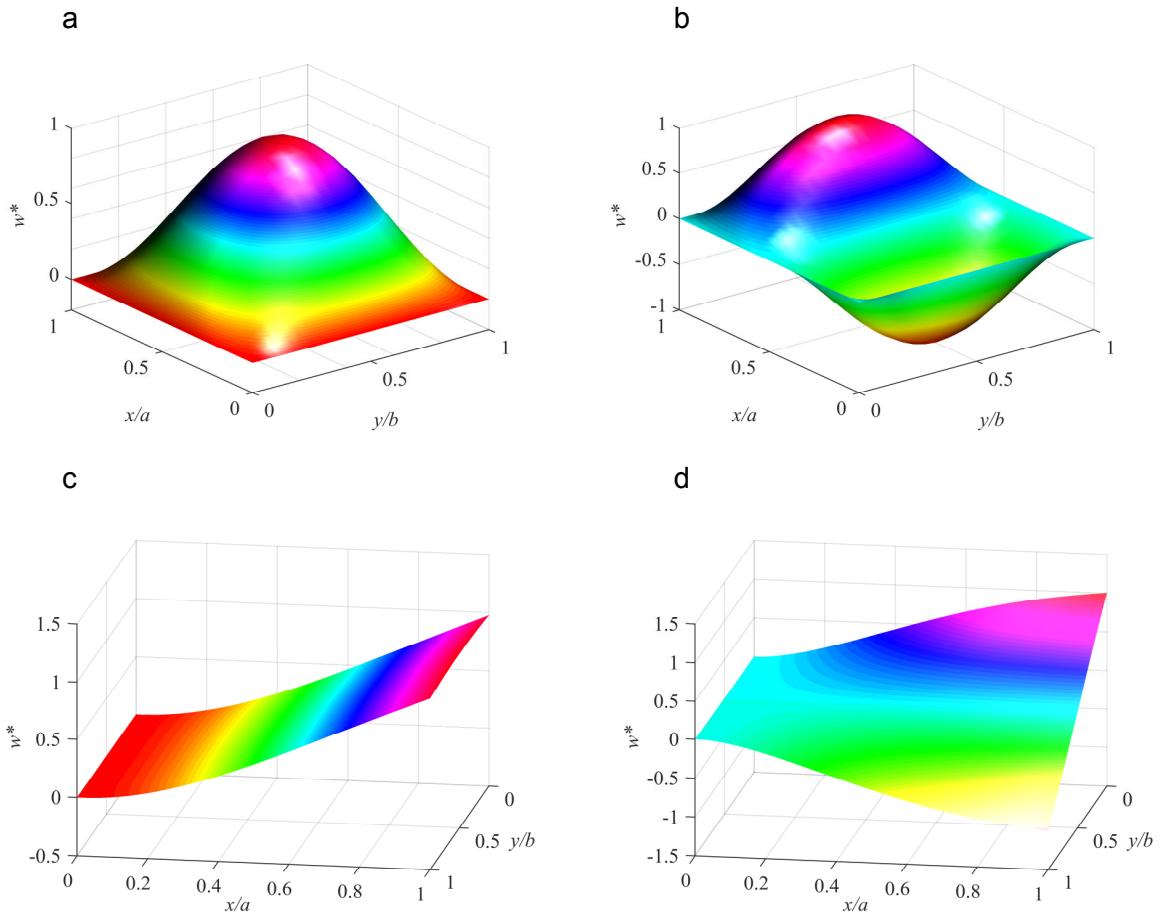


Fig. 4. First two mode shapes of simply-supported and cantilever nano-plates: (a) First mode shape of simply supported nano-plate, $\omega_1 = 0.015$, (b) second mode-shape of simply-supported nano-plate, $\omega_2 = 0.027$, (c) first mode shape of cantilever nano-plate, $\omega_1 = 2.451 \times 10^{-3}$, (d) second mode shape of cantilever nano-plate, $\omega_2 = 6.774 \times 10^{-3}$. $a/\sqrt{\mu_m} = 10$, $a/b = 4/3$, $a/h = 20$, $\mu_m = 2 \text{ nm}^2$, $\mu_c/\mu_m = 2$, $n = 2$.

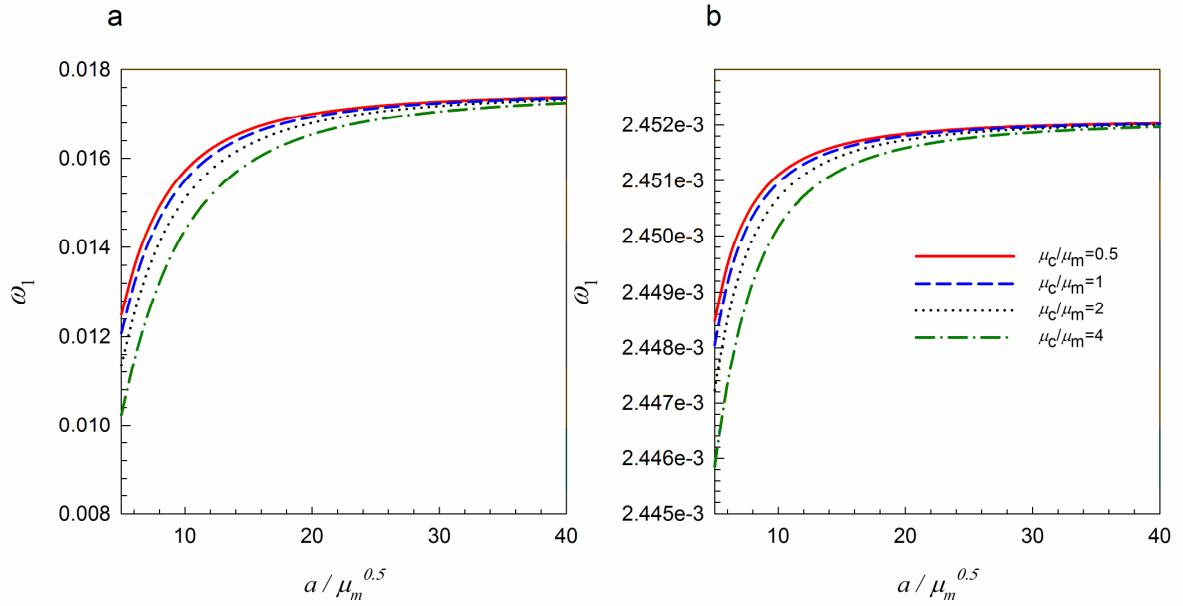


Fig. 5. Dimensionless first natural frequency ω_l versus $a/\sqrt{\mu_m}$ according to different nonlocal conditions: (a) Simply-supported nano-plate; (b) cantilever nano-plate.
 $a/b = 4/3$, $a/h = 20$, $n = 2$, $\mu_m = 2 \text{ nm}^2$.

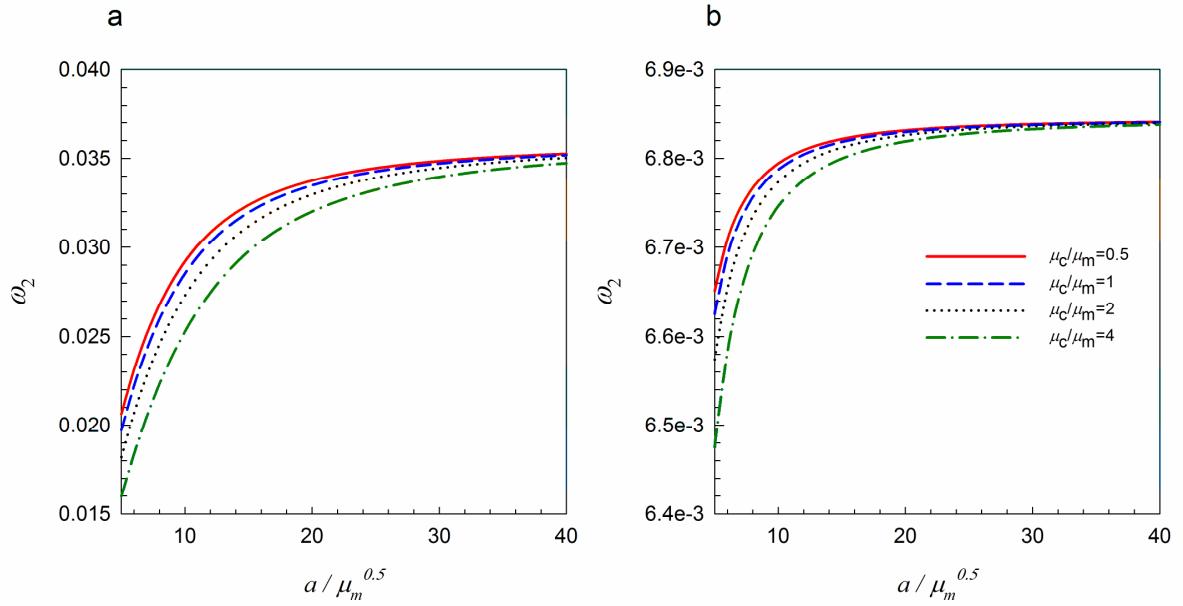


Fig. 6. Dimensionless second natural frequency ω_2 versus $a/\sqrt{\mu_m}$ according to different nonlocal conditions: (a) Simply-supported nano-plate; (b) cantilever nano-plate.
 $a/b = 4/3$, $a/h = 20$, $n = 2$, $\mu_m = 2 \text{ nm}^2$.

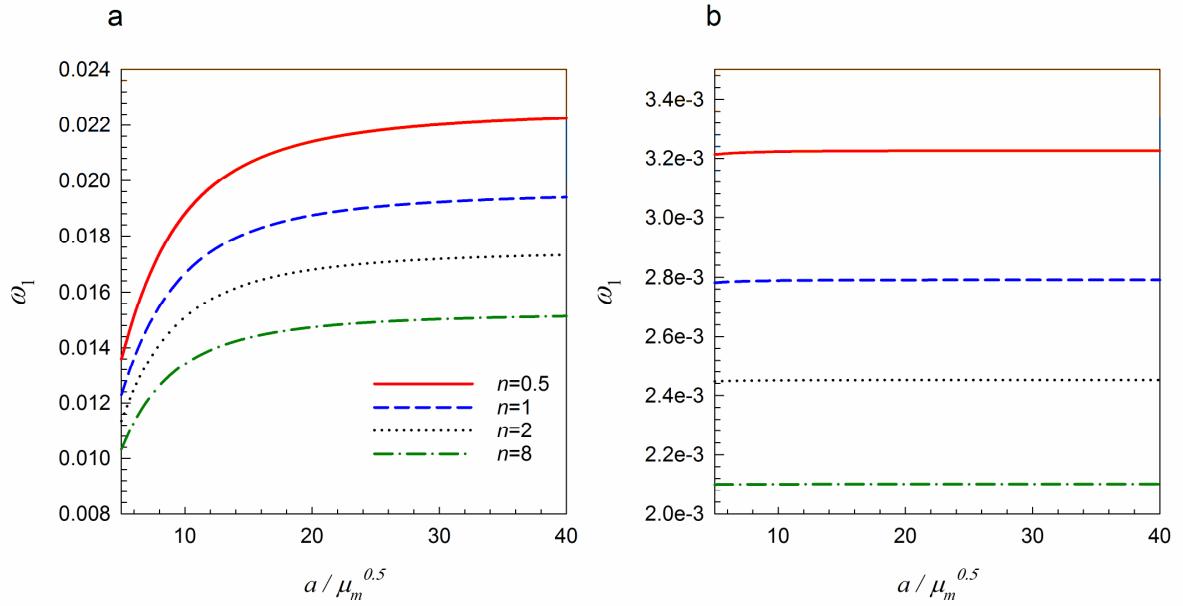


Fig. 7. Dimensionless first natural frequency ω_l versus $a/\sqrt{\mu_m}$ for various values of the power-law index n : (a) Simply-supported nano-plate; (b) cantilever nano-plate.

$$a/b = 4/3, \quad a/h = 20, \quad \mu_m = 2 \text{ nm}^2, \quad \mu_c/\mu_m = 2 \text{ nm}^2.$$

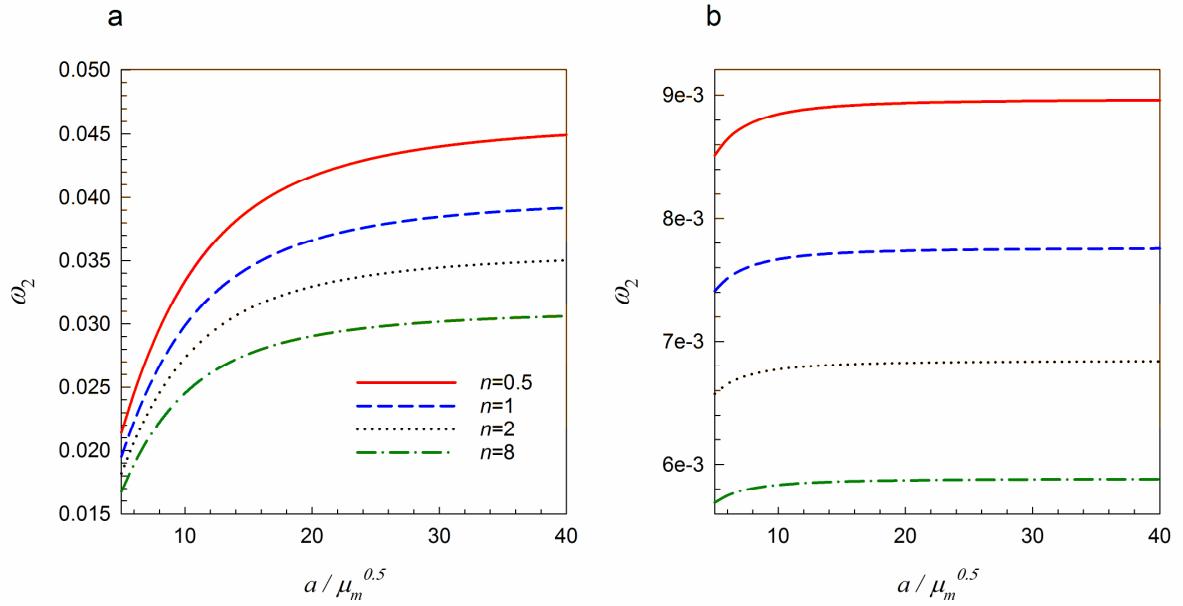


Fig. 8. Dimensionless second natural frequency ω_2 versus $a/\sqrt{\mu_m}$ for various values of the power-law index n : (a) Simply-supported nano-plate; (b) cantilever nano-plate.

$$a/b = 4/3, \quad a/h = 20, \quad \mu_m = 2 \text{ nm}^2, \quad \mu_c/\mu_m = 2 \text{ nm}^2.$$

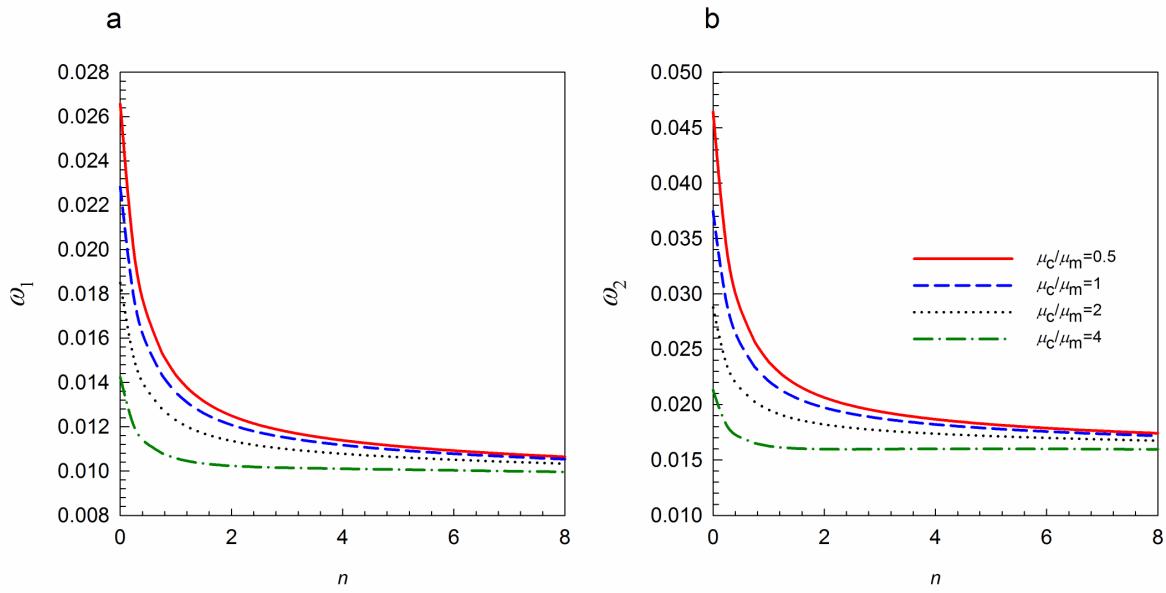


Fig. 9. Dimensionless natural frequencies of a simply-supported nano-plate as functions of n and μ_c/μ_m : (a) First natural frequency ω_1 ; (b) Second natural frequency ω_2 . $a/\sqrt{\mu_m} = 5$, $a/b = 4/3$, $a/h = 20$, $\mu_m = 2 \text{ nm}^2$.

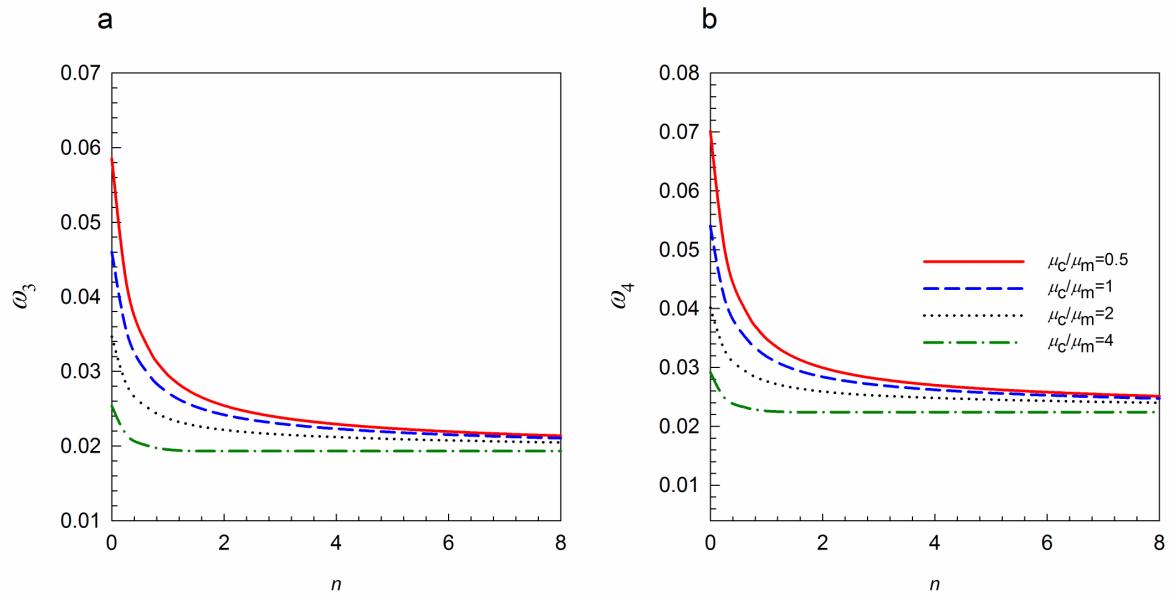


Fig. 10. Dimensionless natural frequencies of a simply-supported nano-plate as functions of n and μ_c/μ_m : (a) Third natural frequency ω_3 ; (b) Fourth natural frequency ω_4 . $a/\sqrt{\mu_m} = 5$, $a/b = 4/3$, $a/h = 20$, $\mu_m = 2 \text{ nm}^2$.

Table 1

Comparisons of dimensionless first three natural frequencies calculated for a simply-supported functionally graded nano-plate possesing a constant nonlocal parameter μ . $n = 5$, $a = 10 \text{ nm}$, $a/h = 20$.

a/b	$\mu_c = \mu_m = \mu$ (in nm^2)		ω_1	ω_2	ω_3
1	0	Present study	0.0114	0.0285	0.0285
		Zare et al. [25]	0.0114	0.0281	0.0281
	1	Present study	0.0104	0.0233	0.0233
		Zare et al. [25]	0.0104	0.0230	0.0230
	4	Present study	0.0085	0.0165	0.0165
		Zare et al. [25]	0.0085	0.0165	0.0165
2	0	Present study	0.0285	0.0454	0.0732
		Zare et al. [25]	0.0281	0.0443	0.0704
	1	Present study	0.0233	0.0340	0.0484
		Zare et al. [25]	0.0230	0.0330	0.0466
	4	Present study	0.0165	0.0223	0.0296
		Zare et al. [25]	0.0165	0.0218	0.0286

Table 2

Dimensionless first natural frequencies of simply-supported and cantilever nano-plates.

$$a/h = 20, \ n = 2, \ \mu_m = 2 \text{ nm}^2.$$

		Simply-supported nano-plate		Cantilever nano-plate	
		$\frac{a}{\sqrt{\mu_m}} = 5$	$\frac{a}{\sqrt{\mu_m}} = 10$	$\frac{a}{\sqrt{\mu_m}} = 5$	$\frac{a}{\sqrt{\mu_m}} = 10$
$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{1}{2}$	$\mu_c/\mu_m = 0.5$	6.6127e-3	7.5184e-3	1.9457e-3	1.9575e-3
	$\mu_c/\mu_m = 1$	6.4742e-3	7.4665e-3	1.9454e-3	1.9574e-3
	$\mu_c/\mu_m = 2$	6.2215e-3	7.3657e-3	1.9450e-3	1.9573e-3
	$\mu_c/\mu_m = 4$	5.7938e-3	7.1757e-3	1.9444e-3	1.9570e-3
$\frac{a}{b} = 1$	$\mu_c/\mu_m = 0.5$	9.7128e-3	1.1667e-2	2.2529e-3	2.2547e-3
	$\mu_c/\mu_m = 1$	9.4402e-3	1.1545e-2	2.2526e-3	2.2546e-3
	$\mu_c/\mu_m = 2$	8.9575e-3	1.1314e-2	2.2522e-3	2.2545e-3
	$\mu_c/\mu_m = 4$	8.1795e-3	1.0889e-2	2.2514e-3	2.2541e-3
$\frac{a}{b} = 2$	$\mu_c/\mu_m = 0.5$	1.8897e-2	2.6108e-2	2.4577e-3	2.4597e-3
	$\mu_c/\mu_m = 1$	1.8094e-2	2.5561e-2	2.4574e-3	2.4596e-3
	$\mu_c/\mu_m = 2$	1.6754e-2	2.4562e-2	2.4569e-3	2.4594e-3
	$\mu_c/\mu_m = 4$	1.4778e-2	2.2871e-2	2.4561e-3	2.4590e-3

Table 3

Dimensionless second natural frequencies of simply-supported and cantilever nano-plates.

$$a/h = 20, \quad n = 2, \quad \mu_m = 2 \text{ nm}^2.$$

		Simply-supported nano-plate		Cantilever nano-plate	
		$\frac{a}{\sqrt{\mu_m}} = 5$	$\frac{a}{\sqrt{\mu_m}} = 10$	$\frac{a}{\sqrt{\mu_m}} = 5$	$\frac{a}{\sqrt{\mu_m}} = 10$
$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{1}{2}$	$\mu_c/\mu_m = 0.5$	9.6723e-3	1.1618e-2	3.2856e-3	3.3026e-3
	$\mu_c/\mu_m = 1$	9.4009e-3	1.1497e-2	3.2825e-3	3.3018e-3
	$\mu_c/\mu_m = 2$	8.9204e-3	1.1267e-2	3.2764e-3	3.3001e-3
	$\mu_c/\mu_m = 4$	8.1457e-3	1.0844e-2	3.2649e-3	3.2968e-3
$\frac{a}{b} = 1$	$\mu_c/\mu_m = 0.5$	1.8760e-2	2.5917e-2	5.3673e-3	5.4606e-3
	$\mu_c/\mu_m = 1$	1.7963e-2	2.5374e-2	5.3502e-3	5.4561e-3
	$\mu_c/\mu_m = 2$	1.6634e-2	2.4383e-2	5.3165e-3	5.4471e-3
	$\mu_c/\mu_m = 4$	1.4673e-2	2.2706e-2	5.2510e-3	5.4291e-3
$\frac{a}{b} = 2$	$\mu_c/\mu_m = 0.5$	2.5295e-2	3.7799e-2	9.1438e-3	9.3824e-3
	$\mu_c/\mu_m = 1$	2.4063e-2	3.6737e-2	9.1006e-3	9.3708e-3
	$\mu_c/\mu_m = 2$	2.2058e-2	3.4858e-2	9.0159e-3	9.3476e-3
	$\mu_c/\mu_m = 4$	1.9203e-2	3.1828e-2	8.8526e-3	9.3018e-3

TÜBİTAK
PROJE ÖZET BİLGİ FORMU

Proje Yürüttücsü:	Prof. Dr. SERKAN DAĞ
Proje No:	213M606
Proje Başlığı:	Mikro-Plakların Modelleme Ve Analizi İçin Yeni Yöntemler
Proje Türü:	1001 - Araştırma
Proje Süresi:	24
Araştırmacılar:	ENDER CİÇEROĞLU
Danışmanlar:	
Projeyin Yürüttüğü Kuruluş ve Adresi:	ORTA DOĞU TEKNİK Ü. MÜHENDİSLİK F. MAKİNE MÜHENDİSLİĞİ B.
Projeyin Başlangıç ve Bitiş Tarihleri:	15/04/2014 - 15/04/2016
Onaylanan Bütçe:	131977.0
Harcanan Bütçe:	83789.5

TÜBİTAK

Öz:	<p>Bu araştırma projesinin temel amacı mekanik veya termal yükleme altındaki mikro-plakların analizi için yeni yöntemler ortaya koymaktır. Malzemelerin makro-ölçekte mekanik analizini yapmakta kullanılan teoriler mikro-ölçekte geçerli değildir. Bunun nedeni uzunluk ölçüği küçüldükçe etkisi artış gösteren boyut etkisidir. Mikro-ölçekli yapıların analizi için gerinim gradayını elastisite teorisi ve modifiye edilmiş kuvvet çifti gerilmesi teorisi gibi yüksek dereceden sürekli ortam teorileri geliştirilmiştir. Teknik literatürde, mikro-plakların yüksek dereceden sürekli ortam teorileri ile modellenmesi üzerine çeşitli çalışmalar bulunmaktadır. Bu araştırmalarda hem fonksiyonel derecelendirilmiş malzemelerden (FDM) yapılmış mikro-plaklar hem de homojen mikro-plaklar analiz edilmiştir. Ancak, yapısal mekanik ile ilgili bazı önemli problemler bu makalelerde incelenmemiştir. İlgili çalışmalar sadece mekanik yükleme altındaki mikro-plaklar için yapılmış; ve çevresel ve elektrik etkiler gibi nedenlerle oluşabilecek termal yüklemeler ele alınmamıştır. Ayrıca, fonksiyonel derecelendirilmiş mikro-plaklar üzerine yürütülen çalışmalarla, hacim oranlarındaki değişimler nedeniyle uzaysal koordinatların fonksiyonları olması gereken uzunluk ölçüği parametreleri sabit olarak kabul edilmiştir. Bu araştırma projesinde, termal etkiler ve FDM?lerin uzunluk ölçüği parametrelerindeki değişimler göz önüne alınarak yeni analiz yöntemleri geliştirilmiştir.</p> <p>Yeni yöntemler geliştirilirken, öncelikle termal yükleme altındaki uzunluk ölçüği parametreleri değişken fonksiyonel derecelendirilmiş mikro-plaklar için bağılık kısmi diferansiyel denklemler ve sınır koşulları türetilmiştir. Bu formülasyonda yüksek dereceden sürekli ortam teorisi olarak gerinim gradayı elastisite teorisi kullanılmıştır. Kirchhoff, Mindlin, ve üçüncü dereceden plak teorileri olarak belirlenen üç farklı plak teorisi için sonuç üretебilmek amacıyla, genel bir formülasyon yaklaşımı ortaya konulmuştur. Matematiksel olarak, modifiye edilmiş kuvvet çifti gerilmesi teorisi, gerinim gradayı elastisite teorisinin özel bir halidir; dolayısıyla basitleştirme yoluyla modifiye edilmiş kuvvet çifti gerilmesi teorisi için geçerli sonuçlar da bulunabilmektedir. Benzer şekilde, homojen mikro-plaklar için geçerli olan sonuçlar, FDM mikro-plaklar için türetilen formülasyon kullanılarak bulunabilmektedir. Sonuç itibarıyle, geliştirilen formülasyon olabilecek en genel formda yapılandırılmış ve eğilme, burkulma, ve serbest titreşim gibi yapısal problemlerin çözümünde kullanılmıştır. Bağılık denklemleri sayısal olarak çözebilmek için, diferansiyel kare yapma metodunu baz alan sayısal algoritmalar hazırlanmıştır. Bu algoritmalar MATLAB adlı matematik yazılımına entegre edilmiştir. Formülasyonun ve sayısal çözüm tekniklerinin geçerliliklerini gösterebilmek amacıyla özel durumlar için geçerli olan ve literatürde bulunan sayısal sonuçlarla karşılaştırmalar yapılmıştır. Yürüttülen detaylı sayısal analizler aracılığıyla, sıcaklık farkı, uzunluk ölçüği parametrelerindeki uzaysal değişimler, heterojenlik sabitleri, ve geometrik parametrelerin, mikro-plakların statik deformasyonları, burkulma yükleri, ve serbest titreşim doğal frekansları üzerindeki etkileri belirlenmiştir.</p> <p>Proje önerisinde tanımlanan bu çalışmalara ek olarak modifiye edilmiş kuvvet çifti teorisi kullanılarak halka şeklinde ve dairesel FDM mikro-plaklar için ve lokal olmayan elastisite teorisi aracılığı ile dikdörtgen FDM nano-plaklar için formülasyon ve sayısal çözüm çalışmaları yapılmıştır. Bu çalışmalarla statik eğilme ve serbest titreşim davranışları ile ilgili ek sonuçlar üretilmiştir.</p>
Anahtar Kelimeler:	Mikro-plaklar, fonksiyonel derecelendirilmiş malzemeler, eğilme, serbest titreşimler, burkulma.
Fikri Ürün Bildirim Formu Sunuldu Mu?:	Hayır
Projeden Yapılan Yayınlar:	1- Consideration of spatial variation of the length scale parameter in static and dynamic analyses of functionally graded annular and circular micro-plates (Makale - Diğer Hakemli Makale),