## CRISPRi screens reveal a DNA methylation-mediated 3D genome dependent causal mechanism in prostate cancer

Supplementary materials


Supplementary Figure 1: Overview of CRISPRi screen library, related to Figure 1. a) Number of sgRNAs in each of the rCREs. b,c) Correlation of sgRNA counts between replicates at two time points in V16A and 22Rv1 cells. PCC, Pearson's correlation coefficient. d) Rank of essentiality effects of genes upon CRISPR knock-out in LNCaP, (e) 22Rv1, and (f) A549 cells as determined in the Achilles DepMap project. The genes whose promoters are targeted in this study are labeled. Lower the dependency score, higher the essentiality for cell growth. g) Empirical cumulative distribution of $p$-value of depletion in three cell lines. ${ }^{* * *}$, $\mathrm{p} \leq 0.0001$ in Kolmogorov Smirnov test. The barplot in the inset indicates the intersection of CREs with depletion $p$-value $\leq 0.05$ in the three cell lines.


Supplementary Figure 2: Essential rCREs are enriched in $8 \mathbf{q 2 4 . 2 1}$, related to Figure 2. a) Distribution of library CREs in the genome. b,c) Manhattan plot of essentiality of rCREs in 22Rv1 and A549 cells. The size of the points is related with the depletion fold. The p-values were estimated using Chi-squared test. d) Schematic of rCRE positions in the gene desert region of $8 q 24.21$ region. Vertical bars locate the rCREs. The colors in the box denote the fold depletion. P-value is calculated by a negative binomial test using MAGeCK (see Methods). e) Histone marks in rCREs in the gene desert region of $8 q 24.21$. Green indicates presence of histone modification as determined by peak calling in respective ChIP-seq data. f) ChIP-seq signals of histone marks in LNCaP and $22 R \mathrm{v} 1$ cells in chr6:41514080-41514480. g) ChIP-seq signals of histone marks and transcription factors in LNCaP and $22 R v 1$ cells in $8 q 24.21$ region spanning three library rCREs. h) ChIP-seq signals of H3K27ac marks near PCAT1 region. The region highlighted in yellow has a higher depletion score in 22Rv1 than V16A cells.


Supplementary Figure 3: The rs11986220-containing rCRE regulates MYC in V16a cells, related to Figure 3. a) The differential rCRE in V16A cells is overlapped with two PCa-associated risk SNPs marked in bold letters. The haplotype map indicates the linkage disequilibrium among the SNPs in 1000 Genome Project phase III European population. The top track demonstrates the ChIP-seq signals of H3K27ac modification (blue) and overlapped signal of AR (orange), FOXA1 (green) and HOXB13 (red) binding. b) Effect of the rs11986220 on binding of three transcription factors in LNCaP cells as determined by IGR (see Methods). c) DNase-seq signal in ENCODE cancer cell lines overlapping rs11986220-containing rCRE. d) Schematic of sgRNAs targeting the rCRE and MYC promoter, related to Figure 3c-g. e) MYC expression by qPCR upon suppression of rCRE by independent sgRNAs. The error bars denote standard error of mean ( $n=2$ ). Source data are provided as a Source Data file. f) Top
enriched gene families upon repression of MYC promoter or ( $\mathbf{g}$ ) rCRE in V16 cells. P-values were estimated using geneset enrichment analysis (see Methods) and the False Discovery Rate was calculated by adjusting the p-values for multiple correction. h) Venn diagram indicating the number of differentially expressed genes upon suppression of rs11986220-containing CRE (sgCRE) or MYC promoter (sgMYC) in V16A cells. i) Cellular proliferation assay of 22Rv1 cells upon repression of controls (sgLac or sgLuc) and MYC promoter by sgRNA guided dCas9-KRAB complex. The p value is estimated using ANOVA test. j) Volcano plot of differentially expressed genes in 22Rv1 cells upon repression of MYC promoter or the rCRE.


Supplementary Figure 4: CTCF at -10 Kb site regulated by CpG methylation in motif, related to Figure 4. a) CTCF binding in three prostate cancer cell lines as determined by ChIP-qPCR. The error bar indicates standard error $(\mathrm{n}=3)$. The p -value is estimated by two-sided unpaired Student's t-test. ***, $p \leq 0.01$. b) Box and whiskers plot depicting the methylation levels at -2 Kb and -10 Kb sites across cohort ( $n=89$ ). The upper and lower limits of the box denote the third and first quartile, respectively. The black horizontal line denotes the median, the whiskers indicate the furthest data points within 1.5 times of the interquartile range and the black circles indicate outliers. c) Spearman's correlation between methylation at -10 Kb CTCF motif and CTCF ChIP-seq signals in ENCODE cell lines. NBS is selected
as the nearest CTCF non-binding site. d) MYC expression by qPCR upon targeted methylation of a control negative region, -10 Kb site, -2 Kb site and $M Y C$ promoter. The error bar indicates standard error $(\mathrm{n}=2)$. P value is estimated by Student's t -test. ***, $\mathrm{p} \leq 0.01$. e) eQTL analysis between MYC expression and genotype of SNPs within 2Mbp in TCGA PRAD and (f) CPC-GENE cohorts. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.


Supplementary Figure 5: Expression of $\mathbf{8 q} 24.21$ genes and methylation in 128 prostate tissues, related to Figure 5. a) Expression of 8q24.21 genes in 128 prostate tissues. CASC8 and POU5F1B gene is very lowly expressed and hence removed from downstream analysis in Figure 5 e. The upper and lower limits of the box denote the third and first quartile, respectively. The black horizontal line denotes the median and the whiskers indicate the furthest data points within 1.5 times of the interquartile range. b) The methylation level of CpG at -10Kb CTCF motif in normal prostate and tumor tissues in five patients with homozygous risk allele of rs11986220. The upper and lower limits of the box denote the third and first quartile, respectively. The black horizontal line denotes the median and the whiskers indicate the furthest data points within 1.5 times of the interquartile range. The p-value is estimated using Student's unpaired $t$-test. c) Ratio of A to T allele of rs11986220 in 3C ligated amplicons between rs11986220-containing CRE and MYC promoter region. The error bars indicate s.d. ( $\mathrm{n}=3$ ). The p-value is estimated using Student's unpaired t-test. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.

