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Comparative Peer Review Cost Data

Helpful in Determining What Type of Team is Desirable

By Joseph A. DeFatta and Julian D. Smith

TABLE 1 Profile of CPA Firm Respondents (Percent Distribution)								
Number of Professionals per Firm 20 or All								
	1	2-5	6-9	10-19	More	Respondents		
Approximate annual								
accounting and auditing hours billed:								
Under 1.000	42.9	7.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.9		
1,000 - 2,999	42.9	32.5	0.0	0.0	0.0			
3,000 - 4,999	0.0	25.0	25.0	4.5	0.0	12.3		
5,000 - 6,999	0.0	15.0	10.7	9.1	0.0			
7,000 - 9,999	0.0	2.5	35.7	13.6	0.0			
10,000 - 13,999	0.0	0.0	17.9	18.2	8.3			
14,000 - 19,999 20,000 - 39,999	0.0	0.0	0.0	20.5	22.2 27.8			
40,000 & over	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	30.6			
No response	14.3	17.5	10.7	18.2	11.1	14.8		
Total	100.1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	51		
	===	===	===	===		===		
Approximate annual								
gross billing:								
Under \$200,000	100.0	40.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	14.8		
\$ 200,000 - 399,999	0.0	45.0	21.4	0.0	0.0	15.5		
\$ 400,000 - 599,999 \$ 600,000 - 799,999	0.0	12.5 2.5	50.0 25.0	20.5	0.0	18.1 18.7		
\$ 800,000 - 799,999	0.0	0.0	3.6	20.5	5.6	7.7		
\$1,000,000 - 1,199,999	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.8	16.7			
\$1,200,000 - 1,399,999	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.5	11.1	3.9		
\$1,400,000 - 1,599,999	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.1	2.6		
\$1,600,000 & over	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	52.8	12.3		
No response	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.8	.6		
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.1	100.0		

The division for CPA firms of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) has been operational for over three years. The division was created primarily to improve the profession's ability to regulate itself. The basic means of regulation is the peer review which must be undertaken once every three years. By reviewing the quality control policies and procedures of each member firm through peer review, the division is striving to enhance the image of the profession and to improve the quality of services rendered.

The division has periodically published statistics regarding the cost of peer reviews for member firms of the Private Companies Practice Section (PCPS) in its *PCPS Reporter*. These statistics, however, relate only to those firms which have had reviews conducted by committee appointed review teams (CART). In addition to CART, reviews are performed by three other types of review teams: firm on firm, association, and society.

This study was undertaken to provide comparative data for reviews conducted by all types of teams. These statistics should provide useful information to firms that are considering a change in the type of team for their next peer review. The data should also be informative for those firms that are considering joining the division. In order to facilitate comparisons, all statistics are classified by firm size (as measured by the number of professionals).

The Study

Data for this study were gathered through a questionnaire mailed to 300 members of the division. The recipients of the questionnaire were selected randomly from a list of approximately 500 PCPS members that had been reviewed as of January 31, 1982.

A total of 155 usable questionnaires were returned for a response rate of 51.7% as shown.¹ The response percentages in each size category closely paralleled the composition of membership in the PCPS, as reported in the April 1982 PCPS Reporter.

Summary of Mail Survey

Number	Number of Firm	S				
Professionals	Responding	Percent				
One	7	4.5				
	40	25.8				
	28	18.1				
Ten - nineteen	44	28.4				
Twenty or more	36	23.2				
Total	155	100.0				
Approximate number of firms with completed peer reviews as of January 31, 1982 500						
Questionnaires m	ailed	300				
		51.7%				
Two - five Six - nine Ten - nineteen Twenty or more Total Approximate num	44 36 155 ber of firms with of January 31, 1 ailed	25.8 18.1 28.4 23.2 100.0 complete 982 50				

TABLE 2 Type of Peer Review Team (Percent Distribution)

Number of Professionals per Firm

Number of Professionals per Firm

		Number of Professionals per Firm							
				20 or		All			
Type of Review Team	1	2-5	6-9	10-19	more	Respondents			
Firm on firm	14.3	15.0	21.4	13.6	22.2	17.4			
CART	57.1	80.0	71.4	59.1	36.1	61.3			
Association	14.3	2.5	7.1	25.0	41.7	19.4			
State society	14.3	2.5	0.0	2.3	0.0	1.9			
Total	100.0	100.0	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0			

Table 1 provides information regarding annual accounting and auditing (A & A) hours for responding firms as well as annual gross billing data. These statistics are provided to permit firms to compare their practices with those of their peers.

The types of review teams selected by the responding firms to perform their peer reviews are reported in Table 2. For those firms in the size categories ranging from 1 to 19 professionals, CART was the most widely used review team. On the other hand, the largest firms (20 or more professionals) utilized an association review team most frequently. In general, the table reveals that as the size of the firm increases the type of team selected becomes more evenly distributed among the three most popular teams. The small number of firms (three) employing a state society team appears to indicate that most state societies have not yet provided a review team mechanism for their members.

Table 3 is a summary of peer review costs by firm size and type of review team. Peer review costs include all out-of-pocket expenditures such as reviewers' time charges, travel and lodging, and the AICPA's administrative fee where applicable. These review costs are incurred once every three years. As would be expected, the average peer review cost per professional for all respondents tends to decrease as the firm size increases, reflecting economies of scale. For example, the average cost for a

TABLE 3 Summary of Peer Review Costs

	Number of Professionals per Firm					
Town of Daview Team	20 or					
Type of Review Team	1		2-5	6-9	10-19	more
Firm on firm						
Number of firms	1		6	6	6	8
Low			\$ 700	\$2,375	\$1,800	\$ 4,450
Average			\$2,264	\$3,229	\$3,333	\$ 7,044
High Average cost per professional		75 75	\$4,000 \$ 566	\$4,500 \$ 388	\$4,500 \$ 233	\$10,000 \$ 235
	Φ /	75	ф 500	φ 300	φ 200	Φ 233
CART					0.5	10
Number of firms	4		32	17	25	13
Low	\$1,6		\$1,100	\$1,500	\$2,100	\$ 3,900
Average	\$1,8		\$2,190	\$2,776	\$4,192	\$ 7,568
High Average cost per professional	\$2,0 \$1,8		\$4,000 \$ 535	\$4,400 \$ 372	\$7,000 \$ 310	\$15,000 \$ 211
	Ψ1,0	,, 4	Ψ 333	φ 3/2	Φ 510	Ψ 211
Association					40	45
Number of firms	1		1	2	10	15
Low			\$1,100	\$3,600	\$2,500	
Average High			\$1,100 \$1,100	\$4,113 \$4,625	\$4,932 \$7,826	\$ 6,108 \$10,075
Average cost per professional		97	\$ 220	\$ 457	\$ 355	\$ 221
	Ψ 3	.57	Ψ 220	Ψ 407	Ψ 000	Ψ 221
Society						
Number of firms	1		1	0	1*	0
Low		325	\$1,500		\$ 675	
Average		325	\$1,500		\$ 675	-
High		325 325	\$1,500	-	\$ 675 \$ 61	
Average cost per professional	ФО	23	\$ 500		\$ 61	
All respondents				May 1		
Number of firms	7		40	25	42	36
Low		25	\$ 700	\$1,500		\$ 3,500
Average	\$1,4 \$2,0		\$2,156 \$4,000	\$2,991		\$ 6,843
High Average cost per professional	\$1,4		\$ 529	\$4,625 \$ 384	\$ 7,826 \$ 305	\$15,000 \$ 220
Excludes five unusable responses	Ψ1,4	13	Ψ 328	φ 304	φ 303	Ψ 220
*Included as a valid response although the cost appears unrealistic						

sole practitioner (no professional staff) is \$1,413 compared to a cost of \$220 for firms with 20 or more professionals.

An analysis of the data by firm size reveals that a peer review performed by a CART team for a sole practitioner resulted in the highest average cost per professional (\$1,874). In contrast, a review administered by a society-appointed team produced the lowest average cost (\$625) for a sole practitioner.²

For those firms with two to five professionals and six to nine professionals, there is no significant difference in the average cost of peer reviews performed by firm-on-firm or CART review teams in the respective size categories. In firms with ten to nineteen professionals, however, the average cost of a review by a firm-on-firm team is substantially lower than the cost of a CART or association review. On the other hand, the average review cost for the largest firms (20 or more professionals) is approximately the same for each type of review team.

Peer review costs as a percentage of annual revenue by firm size and type of review team are presented in Table 4. Practitioners may find this information useful in budgeting and comparing their review costs with other firms. Average review costs for all types of teams ranged from 1.6% of annual gross billings for sole practitioners to .4% for the largest firms. With some exceptions, the CART review resulted in the lowest peer review costs as a percentage of revenue.

Table 5 summarizes peer review costs per accounting and auditing hour by firm size and type of review team. As previously discussed, economies of scale are also evident in this analysis. Thus, average review cost per A&A hour ranges from \$1.12 for sole proprietors to \$.24 for the largest firms. Although no definite trend is discernible, an analysis by firm size indicates that cost per A & A hour tends to become less variable for all types of teams as the size of the firm increases.

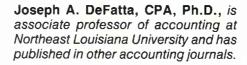
Summary

The small number of survey responses in certain categories limits to some extent the generalizations that can be derived from the data. For example, only three of the responding firms utilized a state society review

TABLE 4
Average Peer Review Cost Per Dollar of Revenue

	Number of Professionals per Firm 20 or					
Type of Review Team	1	2-5	6-9	10-19		
Firm on firm Number of firms Average revenue (gross billings) Average peer review cost per dollar of revenue	1 \$ 38,000 2.0%	6 \$215,583 1.1%	6 \$546,667	6 \$711,667	8 \$1,524,375 .5%	
CART Number of firms Average revenue (gross billings) Average peer review cost per dollar of revenue	4 \$123,250 1.5%	32 \$249,734 .9%	17 \$474,235 .6%		12 \$1,945,833 .4%	
Association Number of firms Average revenue (gross billings) Average peer review cost per dollar of revenue	1 \$ 55,000 1.8%	1 \$175,000	2 \$513,905 .9%	10 \$787,800 .6%	15 \$1,679,733 .4%	
Society Number of firms Average revenue (gross billings) Average peer review cost per dollar of revenue	1 \$ 24,000 2.6%	1 \$165,000 .9%	0 - -	1* \$680,000 .1%	<u>0</u> _	
All respondents Number of firms Average revenue (gross billings) Average peer review cost per dollar of revenue	7 \$ 87,143 1.6%		25 \$494,792 .6%	42 \$736,571 .6%	35 \$1,735,457	
Excludes six unusable responses *Included as a valid response although the	peer review o	cost appear	s unrealisti	С		







Julian D. Smith, CPA, Ph.D., is associate professor of accounting at Northeast Louisiana University and has published in other professional journals.

TABLE 5
Average Peer Review Cost Per Accounting and Auditing Hours

	Number of Professionals per Firm 20 or						
Type of Review Team	1	2-5	6-9	10-19	more		
Firm on firm Number of firms Average annual accounting and	1	6	6	4	7		
auditing hours Average peer review cost per	1,000	2,641	7,558	12,135	33,993		
A and A hour	\$0.78	\$0.86	\$0.43	\$0.27	\$0.20		
CART Number of firms Average annual accounting and	3	25	16	22	12		
auditing hours	1,507	3,655	6,788	12,320	30,317		
Average peer review cost per A and A hour	\$1.22	\$0.62	\$0.40	\$0.35	\$0.25		
Association Number of firms Average annual accounting and	1	1	1	7	14		
auditing hours	550	500	10,683	12,485	24,203		
Average peer review cost per A and A hour	\$1.81	\$2.20	\$0.43	\$0.45	\$0.25		
Society Number of firms Average annual accounting and	1	1	0	1*	0		
auditing hours	1,000	2,250		16,700	- 1		
Average peer review cost per A and A hour	\$0.63	\$0.67		\$0.04			
All respondents Number of firms Average annual accounting and	6	33	23	34	33		
auditing hours	1,178	3,332	7,158	12,461	28,503		
Average peer review cost per A and A hour Excludes 26 unusable responses	\$1.12	\$0.66	\$0.41	\$0.35	\$0.24		
*Included as a valid response although the peer review cost appears unrealistic.							

team. With this limitation in mind, it would appear that smaller firms should carefully consider the alternative types of teams available since the cost of their peer review is subject to greater variability than for the larger firms.

For larger firms the cost of the peer review may be a less critical factor in selecting a review team since there is less variation in cost for these firms. Possibly larger firms should place more emphasis on such factors as: (1) experience of the team in conducting peer review, (2) familiarity of the team with industries in which the firm's clients operate, (3) ability to schedule a team at an appropriate time, and (4) reputation of the team for conducting reviews in an efficient manner for providing constructive recommendations regarding changes in firm policies and procedures. Of course, these intangible factors may also be of greater importance than cost for smaller firms.

This study has given some insights as to the cost of peer reviews conducted by firm-on-firm, CART, association, and society teams. The data will enable practitioners to compare their peer review cost with other firms and help them to determine if a change in the type of team is desirable. Ω

NOTES

¹Although many firms are members of both the PCPS and the SEC Practice Section (SECPS), only one of the 155 respondents indicated that it had undergone a SECPS peer review. Thus this study is essentially an analysis of the costs of PCPS peer reviews.

²Some of the statistics in the study are based on one or two responses and should be given appropriate consideration when comparisons are made to other statistics based on a larger number of responses.

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