The gender division of agricultural labour

in Uganda and Tanzania

- Participatory rural appraisal draws on a suite of exercises including seasonal calendars that allows farmers to share knowledge of their life and conditions.
- Based on the specificity of the agricultural tasks for each crop, seasonal calendars allow men and women to share their detailed knowledge of cultivation practices and work entailed in farming.
- Both men and women participate in physical, hard manual labour such as land preparation, land clearing, digging holes and pruning branches.
- Men seem solely responsible for pesticide and fungicide application in coffee plantations. Likewise, there are other post-harvest activities that women are solely responsible for such as storage for maize and beans.
- These results which are specific to some villages in Uganda and Tanzania illustrate one type of data that calendar exercises generate.



	P	
Preparing land	65 %	35 %
Cultivation	76 %	24 %
Procuring planting material	55 %	45 %
Digging holes or trenches	54 %	46 %
Planting	68 %	32 %
Care for soil and plants	64 %	36 %
Irrigation	35 %	65 %
Pruning	65 %	35 %
Harvesting	60 %	40 %
Selling	50 %	50 %



COFFEE

	X	X
Land preparation	83%	17 %
Ploughing/Cultivation	50 %	50 %
Prepare seedling	100%	0%
Digging holes	100%	0%
Spacing	100%	0%
Fertilizer/Manure application	66 %	34 %
Plant seedling	100%	0%
Weeding	70 %	30 %
Pesticide application	100%	0%
Fungicide application	100%	0%
Pruning	85 %	15 %
Desuckering and Pruning	50 %	50 %
Harvesting	50 %	50 %
Peeling	50 %	50 %
Processing	50 %	50 %
Drying	50 %	50 %
Fermentation	50 %	50 %
Washing	50 %	50 %
Selling	60 %	40%

MAIZE

	从	X
Land preparation	50 %	50 %
Harrowing	50 %	50 %
Land clearing	84 %	26 %
Sourcing for inputs	50 %	50 %
Seed preparation	50 %	50 %
Digging holes	0%	100%
Planting	18 %	82 %
Weeding	45 %	55 %
Earthing up	0%	100%
Fertilizer application	45 %	55 %
Spray herbicide and pestcide	50 %	50 %
Add manure	50 %	50 %
Cultivating	55 %	45 %
Harvesting	25 %	75 %
Drying	25 %	75 %
Selling	50 %	50 %
Storage	0%	100%



	~	~
Primary cultivation	25 %	75 %
Land clearing	50 %	50 %
Digging holes	50 %	50 %
Seeds selection	0%	100%
Planting	0%	100%
Weeding	10 %	90%
Spray herbicide and pestcide	50 %	50 %
Harvesting	16 %	84 %
Harvesting for eating	25 %	75 %
Harvesting for selling	0%	100%
Produce home	50 %	50 %
Drying	12 %	88%
Threshing	25 %	75 %
Winnowing	8%	92 %
Selling	33 %	67 %
Storing	0%	100 %

























Cynthia Caron

Department of International Development, Community and Environment (IDCE), Clark University, USA. ☑ CCaron@clarku.edu

