# THERMAL PERFORMANCE OF BACKFLOW SOLAR AIR HEATING WITH INTEGRATED NANOPARTICLE ENHANCED PCM ABSORBER STORAGE SYSTEM

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A thesis submitted in fulfillment of the requirement for the award of the Doctor of Philosophy in Mechanical Engineering

Faculty of Mechanical and Manufacturing Engineering Universiti Tun Hussein Onn Malaysia

AUGUST 2019

To the memory of my mother, my father, who would have been glad to see me at this moment.

To my wife and beloved children, Sarah, Malak, Lyan, Hussein for their love and support.

To my brothers and my sisters for their support and encouragement To all my family members and friends for their love and support



To science, enlightening us

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Alhamdulillah, I am so grateful to Allah for giving me enough strength, inspiration and guidance throughout my Ph.D. study. many people have redounded directly or indirectly to the completion of this thesis and their assistances are highly appreciated.

First and foremost, I would like to express my deepest gratitude to my supervisor, Dr. Azwan Bin Sapit, for his invaluable guidance and assistance during my Ph.D. journey. Without his patience and motivation, this thesis would not have been completed successfully. He gave me the opportunity to start with him a new constructive experience of research work. I have learned from him many aspects not only in the academic life but also in my living attitude.

Thanks to my co- supervisor Assoc. Prof. Dr. Qahtan Adnan Abed from the Furat Al-Awsat Technical University, for his valuable technical advice.

I would like to acknowledge Universiti Tun Hussein Onn Malaysia (UTHM) for giving me the opportunity to undertake my doctorate program by bestowing upon me university grant scholarship.

The cooperation given by the Engineering Technical College of Al-Najaf; Al-Furat Al-Awsat Technical University is also highly appreciated. Appreciation also goes to everyone involved directly or indirectly towards the compilation of this thesis especially Dr. Yasir Amer Al-Jawahar. Last but not least,

Special thanks I would like present to my brother Hayder whose vineyard and enthusiasm have been always precious to me.

Private gratitude for brother-in-law HJ. Mueen Aljanabi to encourage and support him to me even achieving success.

Finally, I would like to thank my wife Aseel for her encourage, support, patience and unwavering love. I thank my daughters Sarah, Malak, Lyan and my son Hussein for providing cheerful atmosphere at home, their never-ending love, and affection to me.



#### ABSTRACT

The present study has been executed to clarify the advantage of using latent thermal storage integrated with a back pass solar air heater (SAH). The purpose of this study is to design, fabricate and evaluate the performance of SAH with integrated nanoparticles enhanced phase change material (PCM) absorber storage system. Three different SAH configurations have been designed and studied; without thermal storage, with thermal storage using paraffin wax as a PCM and with thermal storage using Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-paraffin wax. A three-dimensional Navier-Stokes equation coupled with the energy balance equation is solved using the computational fluid dynamics (CFD) software program to implement numerical computations. The numerical analysis is conducted to determine the optimum collector dimensions in terms of length (L), width (W) and depth of air flow channel (H<sub>ch</sub>) at air mass flow rate of 0.03 kg/s and solar irradiance of 1000 W/m<sup>2</sup>. Results obtained from the numerical analysis indicate that the collector dimensions of (L = 1.8 m, W = 0.7 m, H<sub>ch</sub> = 0.07 m) which are the best design. The numerical results show that the SAH with Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-paraffin wax have the thermal efficiency ranged between 73 % and 78 % with air temperature difference from 25 °C to 46.6 °C when the solar irradiance of 1000 W/m<sup>2</sup> at the air mass flow rates of 0.03 kg/s and 0.06 kg/s, respectively. The experimental setup is constructed using these optimum dimensions for each configuration and validated using the numerical results. All configurations are fabricated and tested outdoor under the Iraq climatic conditions according to ASHRAE standard tests at different air mass flow rates. The two steps method is used to prepare the mixture of nanoparticles with PCM and ultrasonic device is used to suspend the nanoparticles in the PCM. The experimental results show that the SAH with Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-paraffin wax has the highest daily performance and thermal efficiency followed by SAH with pure paraffin wax and SAH without storage. Moreover, the discharging time in the SAH with pure paraffin wax of heat stored took 5.5, 5, 4.5 and 4 hours at the air mass flow rate 0.03, 0.04, 0.05 and 0.06 kg/s, respectively. As for the SAH with Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-paraffin



wax, the discharge time are 5, 4.5, 4 and 3.5 hours at the air mass flow rates of 0.03, 0.04, 0.05 and 0.06 kg/s, respectively. The experimental results also show that increment in the thermal conductivity of PCM with the dispersion 1wt. %  $Al_2O_3$  which led to raise the outlet air temperature and thermal efficiency of the SAH compared to SAH with pure paraffin wax. In addition, good agreement are obtained when comparing between the numerical and experimental results. It was the average differences in percentage on outlet air temperatures obtained in the numerical and experimental results from 2.11 % to 2.47 % and on the thermal efficiency from 2.70% to 3.50 %, respectively.

vi

#### ABSTRAK

Kajian ini telah dilaksanakan untuk menjelaskan kelebihan menggunakan storan terma laten yang disepadukan dengan pemanas udara suria (SAH) aliran belakang. Tujuan kajian ini adalah untuk merekabentuk, membina dan menilai prestasi SAH dengan sistem storan laten bersepadu berdasarkan sistem penyerapan thermal material berubah fasa yang telah ditambah nanopartikel terpadu (PCM). Tiga konfigurasi SAH yang berbeza telah direka dan dipelajari; tanpa penyimpanan termal, dengan sistem simpanan termal menggunakan lilin parafin sebagai PCM dan dengan penyimpanan haba menggunakan Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-lilin parafin. Persamaan Navier-Stokes tiga dimensi disertakan dengan persamaan imbangan tenaga telah diselesaikan menggunakan program perisian dinamik bendalir (CFD) untuk melaksanakan perhitungan berangka. Analisis berangka telah dijalankan untuk menentukan dimensi pengumpul optimum dari segi panjang (L), lebar (W) dan kedalaman saluran aliran udara (H<sub>ch</sub>) pada kadar aliran jisim udara 0.03 kg/s dan sinar matahari 1000 W/m<sup>2</sup>. Keputusan yang diperoleh daripada analisis berangka menunjukkan bahawa dimensi pengumpul (L = 1.8 m, W = 0.7 m, H<sub>ch</sub> = 0.07 m) mempunyai reka bentuk terbaik. Keputusan berangka menunjukkan bahawa SAH dengan Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-lilin parafin mempunyai kecekapan haba berkisar antara 73 % dan 78 % dengan perbezaan suhu udara dari 25 °C hingga 46.6 °C apabila sinar matahari 1000 W/m<sup>2</sup> pada kadar aliran jisim udara daripada 0.03 kg/s dan 0.06 kg/s. Persediaan eksperimen dibina menggunakan dimensi optimum untuk setiap konfigurasi dan telah disahkan menggunakan kaedah analisa berangka. Semua konfigurasi dibuat dan diuji di bawah keadaan iklim Iraq menurut ujian standard ASHRAE pada kadar aliran jisim udara yang berlainan. Kaedah dua langkah digunakan untuk menyediakan campuran nanopartikel dengan PCM dan peranti ultrasonik digunakan untuk mengampai nanopartikel dalam PCM. Keputusan eksperimen menunjukkan bahawa SAH dengan Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-lilin parafin mempunyai prestasi harian yang paling tinggi dan kecekapan terma diikuti oleh SAH dengan lilin paraffin tulen dan SAH tanpa penyimpanan.



Selain itu, masa pelepasan haba pendam di SAH dengan lilin parafin tulen yang disimpan mengambil 5.5, 5, 4.5 dan 4 jam pada kadar aliran jisim udara 0.03, 0.04, 0.05 dan 0.06 kg/s. Bagi lilin SAH dengan Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-lilin Parafin, masa pelepasan adalah 5, 4.5, 4 dan 3.5 jam pada kadar aliran jisim udara masing-masing 0.03, 0.04, 0.05 dan 0.06 kg/s. Keputusan percubaan juga menunjukkan bahawa peningkatan dalam kekonduksian terma PCM dengan pengampaian 1wt. % Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> yang menyebabkan peningkatan suhu udara dan kecekapan haba SAH berbanding dengan SAH dengan lilin parafin tulen. Di samping itu, persetujuan yang baik diperoleh apabila membandingkan antara keputusan berangka dan eksperimen. Secara umumnya, perbezaan purata peratusan pada suhu udara keluar yang didapati dalam keputusan berangka dan eksperimen iaitu dari nilai 2.11 % hingga 2.47 % dan perbezaan pada kecekapan terma dari nilai 2.70 % hingga 3.50 %.



## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	DECLARATION	ii
	DEDICATION	iii
	ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	iv
	ABSTRACT	V
	ABSTRAK	vii
	TABLE OF CONTENTS	ix
	LIST OF TABLES	AxivINA
	LIST OF FIGURES	xvi
	LIST OF SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS	xxiv
	LIST OF APPENDICES	xxvii
CHAPTER 1	INTRODUCTION	1
	1.1 Introduction	1
	1.2 Background of Research	2
	1.3 Problem Statement	3
	1.4 Objectives of Research	3
	1.5 Scopes of Study	4
	1.6 Thesis Outline	4
CHAPTER 2	LITERATURE REVIEW	6
	2.1 Introduction	6
	2.2 Solar Energy Collectors	7

•

	2.3	Solar	Energy Collector without TESU	11
	2.4	Solar	Energy Collector with TESU	18
		2.4.1	Latent Thermal Energy Storage Systems (LTESS)	18
			2.4.1.1 LTESS without Nanoparticles	18
			2.4.1.2 LTESS with Nanoparticles	28
		2.4.2	Sensible Thermal Energy Storage Systems (STESS)	33
			2.4.2.1 STESS without Nanoparticles	33
			2.4.2.2 STESS with Nanoparticles	37
		2.4.3	Hybrid Thermal Energy Storage Systems (HTESS)	40
			2.4.3.1 HTESS without Nanoparticles	40
			2.4.3.2 HTESS with Nanoparticles	42
CHAPTER 3	ME	THOD	OLOGY	44
	3.1	Introd	uction	44
	3.2	Resear	rch Methodology Steps	46
		3.2.1	Section One (Numerical Simulation Validation)	46
		3.2.2	Section Two (Numerical Analysis)	46
			3.2.2.1 The CFD Modeling Process	46
			3.2.2.2 Procedures	47
		3.2.3	Section Three (Experimental Setup)	48
	3.3	Chapt	er Summary	51
CHAPTER 4	NU	MERI	CAL ANALYSIS AND EXPERIMENTAL SETUP	52
	4.1	Introd	uction	52
	4.2	Nume	rical Analysis of SAH Model	52
		4.2.1	CFD Theories	53
		4.2.2	Physical Model and Assumptions	53
			4.2.2.1 The Solar Air Heater without Storage	
			(SAHWOS)	54
			4.2.2.2 The Solar Air Heater with Storage	
			(SAHWS)	54
		4.2.3	Governing Equations	55
		4.2.4	Thermal Energy Balance of Corrugated SAH	56
		4.2.5	Boundary Conditions	60
		4.2.6	Grid Independence Test	61

•

x

		4.2.7	Numerical Simulation Validation	63
	4.3	Exper	imental Setup	65
	4.4	The D	escription of SAH System	66
		4.4.1	Design and Fabrication of the Collector	66
		4.4.2	Design of Thermal Energy Storage Unit	67
		4.4.3	Thermal Energy Storage Material (PCM)	68
		4.4.4	Alumina (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) Nanoparticles	69
	4.5	Prepar	ration of Mixture (Nanoparticles with PCM)	70
	4.6	Therm	no-physical properties of Mixture	72
		4.6.1	Thermal Conductivity of Mixture	72
		4.6.2	Density of Mixture	73
		4.6.3	Specific Heat Capacity of Mixture	73
		4.6.4	Viscosity of Mixture	74
	4.7	Field H	Emission Scanning Electron Microscopy (FESEM)	74
	4.8	Instru	ments and Measurements	75
		4.8.1	Temperature Measurement	75
		4.8.2	Data Logging System	76
		4.8.3	Solar Irradiance Intensity Measurement	77
		4.8.4	Wind Velocity Measurement	78
	4.9	Procee	dures of Experimental Tests	78
	4.10	)Error	and Uncertainty Analysis	80
CHAPTER 5	RE	SULTS	S AND OBSERVATIONS	82
	5.1	Introd	uction	82
	5.2	Nume	rical Analysis Results	82
		5.2.1	Predicting of Collector Dimensions for Optimum	
			Raise of Temperature	83
		5.2.2	Thermal Performance Evaluation of Flat Plate	
			SAH Using Dimensions [L = $1.8 \text{ m}$ , W = $0.7 \text{ m}$ ,	
			$H_{ch} = 0.07 \text{ m}$ ]	84
		5.2.3	Thermal Performance Evaluation of Corrugated	
			SAH without Storage Using Dimensions	
			$[L = 1.8 \text{ m}, W = 0.7 \text{ m}, H_{ch} = 0.07 \text{ m}]$	87

`

xi

	5.2.4	Thermal Performance Evaluation of Corrugated	
		SAH with PCM Using Dimensions	
		$[L=1.8\ m,W=0.7\ m,H_{ch}=0.07\ m]$	89
	5.2.5	Thermal Performance Evaluation of Corrugated	
		SAH with Nano-PCM Using Dimensions	
		$[L = 1.8 \text{ m}, W = 0.7 \text{ m}, H_{ch} = 0.07 \text{ m}]$	91
	5.2.6	Summary of Numerical Analysis Results	94
	5.3 Exper	imental Analysis Results	95
	5.3.1	Solar Air Heater without Storage (SAHWOS)	96
		5.3.1.1 The Variation of Temperatures	96
		5.3.1.2 Relationship Between Daily Useful	
		Energy and Daily Solar Irradiation	101
		5.3.1.3 System Efficiencies and Its Relationship	
		with Outlet Air Temperature	103
	5.3.2	Solar Air Heater with Thermal Storage (SAHWS)	105
		5.3.2.1 Effect Using Paraffin Wax as a PCM	
		(SAHWP)	105
		5.3.2.2 Effect Using Nanoparticles with PCM	
		(SAHWNP)	115
	5.3.3	Collector Tests	124
		5.3.3.1 Typical Efficiency Curves	124
		5.3.3.2 Collector Incidence Angle Modifier	127
		5.3.3.3 Collector Time Constant	129
	5.3.4	Summary of Experimental Analysis Results	130
	5.4 Comp	arison Between the Numerical and Experimental	
	Result	ts	131
	5.4.1	Comparison of Temperatures with Different Air	
		Mass Flow Rates	131
	5.4.2	Comparison of Thermal Efficiencies with	
		Different Air Mass Flow Rates	134
	5.5 Comp	arisons with Other PCM Based SAH	136
CHAPTER 6	CONCLU	SIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	137
	6.1 Introd	uction	137

•

xii

6.2	Conclusions	137
6.3	Significance of the Research	139
6.4	Recommendations for Future Works	140
RE	FERENCES	142
API	PENDICES	158
VIT	`A	170

xiii



## LIST OF TABLES

2.1	Summary of the previous studies for the effect of different design	
	on the performance of the solar air collector	15
2.2	Summary of the previous studies for the latent thermal energy	
	storage materials with nanoparticles of the solar system	30
2.3	Summary of the previous studies for the sensible thermal energy	
	storage materials with nanoparticles of the solar system	39
2.4	Summary of the previous studies for the hybrid thermal energy	
	storage materials with nanoparticles of the solar system	43
4.1	Thermo-physical properties of aluminum plate	67
4.2	Thermo-physical properties of paraffin wax	69
4.3	Thermo-physical properties of Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> nanoparticles	ANDA
4.4	Accuracy of the measuring instruments	80
4.5	The total error and uncertainty of the parameters	81
5.1	Cases tested by simulation to select the optimum collector dimension	S
	in terms of length, width, and height of the air flow channel	84
5.2	Change of thermal characteristic of SAH collectors design for	
	dimensions (L = 1.8 m, W = 0.7 m and $H_{ch} = 0.07$ m) at solar	
	irradiance of 1000 $W/m^2$ and different air mass flow rates	95
5.3	The values of the factor of absorbing energy and the factor of losses	
	energy at different air mass flow rates for all cases	125
5.4	Outcomes of the collector time constant tests	129
5.5	Change of $(T_{in}, T_{out}, \Delta T, \eta_{th})$ for different configuration of the SAH	
	at solar irradiance of 800 $W/m^2$ and different air mass flow rates	131
5.6	Comparison between numerical and experimental results in terms of	
	( $T_{out}$ and $\Delta T$ ) for SAHWOS at solar irradiance of 800 W/m <sup>2</sup> and	
	different air mass flow rates	132



.

5.7 Comparison between numerical and experimental results in terms of (Tout and ΔT) for SAHWP at solar irradiance of 800 W/m<sup>2</sup> and different air mass flow rates
5.8 Comparison between numerical and experimental results in terms of (Tout and ΔT) for SAHWNP at solar irradiance of 800 W/m<sup>2</sup> and different air mass flow rates
134



## LIST OF FIGURES

2.1	Types of thermal energy storage systems	7
2.2	The overall chart of literature review for solar systems with and	
	without thermal energy storage unit	7
2.3	Thermal efficiency curves for four types of solar thermal collectors	8
2.4	Classification of flat plate solar collectors	9
2.5	Classification of evacuated tube solar collectors	10
2.6	Classification of concentrating solar collectors	10
2.7	The experimental setup for the solar air heaters	12
2.8	The hourly variation in the temperature difference during the sunny	
	and cloudy days	12
2.9	Efficiency of the system during the months of year	13
2.10	The different designs of absorber plate surface of SAH collectors	13
2.11	The difference in design of the absorber plate for solar air collector	14
2.12	Cross sectional side view of a thermal storage unit	19
2.13	Schematic drawing of SAH collector with storage	20
2.14	SAH collector to drying agricultural crops	22
2.15	Outlet air temperature for different configurations of the SAH collector	22
2.16	The SAH collector integrated with PCM	23
2.17	Variation of melting temperature versus thermal conductivity of the PCM	24
2.18	Different configurations of the heat exchanger (a) ordinary collector;	
	(b) ordinary collector with a copper coil; (c) ordinary collector	
	a circular fin	25
2.19	SAH collectors with and without PCM	25
2.20	The SAH collector integrated with thermal storage unit	26
2.21	The SAH collector to dryer red chili	27
2.22	The SAH collector integrated with AC27 as a PCM	27
2.23	SAH collector with vertical and horizontal parts	28



2.24	Schematic diagram for SAH collector with a sensible storage	35
2.25	Schematic diagram for two configurations of SAH collector	36
2.26	The SAH collector with sensible storage	36
2.27	Photo view of dried bitter gourd before and after drying	37
2.28	Experimental setup to modify the conventional solar collector	42
3.1	Overview of the research methodology	45
3.2	Flowchart of the modeling process	47
3.3	Outline of the numerical analysis methodology	48
3.4	Photo of three different configurations of the SAH collector	49
3.5	Phases of mixture preparation (Nanoparticles with PCM) and calculate	
	its thermo-physical properties	49
3.6	Flowchart of the experimental test conditions parameters and energy	
	balance equations for SAH collector	50
3.7	A diagram of all experimental activities conducted in the present study	51
4.1	Schematic view of elements the system configuration of SAHWOS	54
4.2	Schematic view of elements the system configuration of SAHWS	54
43	Thermal analysis of the system configuration of SAHWOS	56
т.Ј	Thermal analysis of the system configuration of SATWOS	50
4.4	Thermal analysis of the system configuration of SAHWS	57
4.4 4.5	Thermal analysis of the system configuration of SAHWOS CFD meshing of corrugated absorber plate surface without storage	57 61
4.4 4.5 4.6	Thermal analysis of the system configuration of SAHWOS Thermal analysis of the system configuration of SAHWS CFD meshing of corrugated absorber plate surface without storage Average absorber plate temperature versus the mesh face for grid	57 61
4.4 4.5 4.6	Thermal analysis of the system configuration of SAHWOS Thermal analysis of the system configuration of SAHWS CFD meshing of corrugated absorber plate surface without storage Average absorber plate temperature versus the mesh face for grid independence test	57 61 62
4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7	Thermal analysis of the system configuration of SAHWS CFD meshing of corrugated absorber plate surface without storage Average absorber plate temperature versus the mesh face for grid independence test Skewness mesh metrics spectrum and Orthogonal Quality mesh	57 61 62
4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7	Thermal analysis of the system configuration of SAHWS CFD meshing of corrugated absorber plate surface without storage Average absorber plate temperature versus the mesh face for grid independence test Skewness mesh metrics spectrum and Orthogonal Quality mesh metrics spectrum	57 61 62 62
4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7 4.8	Thermal analysis of the system configuration of SAHWS CFD meshing of corrugated absorber plate surface without storage Average absorber plate temperature versus the mesh face for grid independence test Skewness mesh metrics spectrum and Orthogonal Quality mesh metrics spectrum Average absorber plate temperature and outlet air temperature versus	57 61 62 62
4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7 4.8	Thermal analysis of the system configuration of SAHWOS Thermal analysis of the system configuration of SAHWS CFD meshing of corrugated absorber plate surface without storage Average absorber plate temperature versus the mesh face for grid independence test Skewness mesh metrics spectrum and Orthogonal Quality mesh metrics spectrum Average absorber plate temperature and outlet air temperature versus air mass flow rates for the numerical validation results and experimental	57 61 62 62
4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7 4.8	Thermal analysis of the system configuration of SAHWOS Thermal analysis of the system configuration of SAHWS CFD meshing of corrugated absorber plate surface without storage Average absorber plate temperature versus the mesh face for grid independence test Skewness mesh metrics spectrum and Orthogonal Quality mesh metrics spectrum Average absorber plate temperature and outlet air temperature versus air mass flow rates for the numerical validation results and experimental results of Aboghrara et al. [40] of corrugated solar air heater	<ul> <li>57</li> <li>61</li> <li>62</li> <li>62</li> <li>63</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>4.4</li> <li>4.5</li> <li>4.6</li> <li>4.6</li> <li>4.7</li> <li>4.8</li> <li>4.9</li> </ul>	Thermal analysis of the system configuration of SAHWOS Thermal analysis of the system configuration of SAHWS CFD meshing of corrugated absorber plate surface without storage Average absorber plate temperature versus the mesh face for grid independence test Skewness mesh metrics spectrum and Orthogonal Quality mesh metrics spectrum Average absorber plate temperature and outlet air temperature versus air mass flow rates for the numerical validation results and experimental results of Aboghrara et al. [40] of corrugated solar air heater Thermal efficacy versus air mass flow rates for the numerical validation	<ul> <li>57</li> <li>61</li> <li>62</li> <li>62</li> <li>63</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>4.4</li> <li>4.5</li> <li>4.6</li> <li>4.6</li> <li>4.7</li> <li>4.8</li> <li>4.9</li> </ul>	Thermal analysis of the system configuration of SAHWOS Thermal analysis of the system configuration of SAHWS CFD meshing of corrugated absorber plate surface without storage Average absorber plate temperature versus the mesh face for grid independence test Skewness mesh metrics spectrum and Orthogonal Quality mesh metrics spectrum Average absorber plate temperature and outlet air temperature versus air mass flow rates for the numerical validation results and experimental results of Aboghrara et al. [40] of corrugated solar air heater Thermal efficacy versus air mass flow rates for the numerical validation results and experimental results of Aboghrara et al. [40] of corrugated	<ul> <li>57</li> <li>61</li> <li>62</li> <li>62</li> <li>63</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>4.4</li> <li>4.5</li> <li>4.6</li> <li>4.6</li> <li>4.7</li> <li>4.8</li> <li>4.9</li> </ul>	Thermal analysis of the system configuration of SAHWOS Thermal analysis of the system configuration of SAHWS CFD meshing of corrugated absorber plate surface without storage Average absorber plate temperature versus the mesh face for grid independence test Skewness mesh metrics spectrum and Orthogonal Quality mesh metrics spectrum Average absorber plate temperature and outlet air temperature versus air mass flow rates for the numerical validation results and experimental results of Aboghrara et al. [40] of corrugated solar air heater Thermal efficacy versus air mass flow rates for the numerical validation results and experimental results of Aboghrara et al. [40] of corrugated solar air heater	<ul> <li>57</li> <li>61</li> <li>62</li> <li>62</li> <li>63</li> <li>64</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>4.4</li> <li>4.5</li> <li>4.6</li> <li>4.7</li> <li>4.8</li> <li>4.9</li> <li>4.10</li> </ul>	Thermal analysis of the system configuration of SAHWOS Thermal analysis of the system configuration of SAHWS CFD meshing of corrugated absorber plate surface without storage Average absorber plate temperature versus the mesh face for grid independence test Skewness mesh metrics spectrum and Orthogonal Quality mesh metrics spectrum Average absorber plate temperature and outlet air temperature versus air mass flow rates for the numerical validation results and experimental results of Aboghrara et al. [40] of corrugated solar air heater Thermal efficacy versus air mass flow rates for the numerical validation results and experimental results of Aboghrara et al. [40] of corrugated solar air heater Average absorber plate temperature and outlet air temperature versus	<ul> <li>50</li> <li>57</li> <li>61</li> <li>62</li> <li>62</li> <li>63</li> <li>64</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>4.4</li> <li>4.5</li> <li>4.6</li> <li>4.7</li> <li>4.8</li> <li>4.9</li> <li>4.10</li> </ul>	Thermal analysis of the system configuration of SAHWOS Thermal analysis of the system configuration of SAHWS CFD meshing of corrugated absorber plate surface without storage Average absorber plate temperature versus the mesh face for grid independence test Skewness mesh metrics spectrum and Orthogonal Quality mesh metrics spectrum Average absorber plate temperature and outlet air temperature versus air mass flow rates for the numerical validation results and experimental results of Aboghrara et al. [40] of corrugated solar air heater Thermal efficacy versus air mass flow rates for the numerical validation results and experimental results of Aboghrara et al. [40] of corrugated solar air heater Average absorber plate temperature and outlet air temperature versus air mass flow rates for the numerical validation	<ul> <li>50</li> <li>57</li> <li>61</li> <li>62</li> <li>62</li> <li>63</li> <li>64</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>4.4</li> <li>4.5</li> <li>4.6</li> <li>4.7</li> <li>4.8</li> <li>4.9</li> <li>4.10</li> </ul>	Thermal analysis of the system configuration of SAHWOS Thermal analysis of the system configuration of SAHWS CFD meshing of corrugated absorber plate surface without storage Average absorber plate temperature versus the mesh face for grid independence test Skewness mesh metrics spectrum and Orthogonal Quality mesh metrics spectrum Average absorber plate temperature and outlet air temperature versus air mass flow rates for the numerical validation results and experimental results of Aboghrara et al. [40] of corrugated solar air heater Thermal efficacy versus air mass flow rates for the numerical validation results and experimental results of Aboghrara et al. [40] of corrugated solar air heater Average absorber plate temperature and outlet air temperature versus air mass flow rates for the numerical validation results and experimental results of Aboghrara et al. [40] of flat plate solar air heater	<ul> <li>50</li> <li>57</li> <li>61</li> <li>62</li> <li>62</li> <li>63</li> <li>64</li> <li>64</li> </ul>

xvii



•

4.11	Thermal efficacy versus air mass flow rates for the numerical validation	
	results and experimental results of Aboghrara et al. [40] of flat plate	
	solar air heater	65
4.12	The air processing unit (a) axial fan (b) speed controller	67
4.13	The design of absorber plate surface integrated with storage containers	68
4.14	Thermal energy storage material (paraffin wax)	69
4.15	Suspension of nanoparticles in PCM by ultrasonic water bath	
	(Elmasonic P180H)	71
4.16	View of the (a) pure paraffin wax, (b) $Al_2O_3$ nanoparticle suspended in	
	paraffin wax with concentration 1wt. %	72
4.17	FESEM image of 1wt. % $Al_2O_3$ nanoparticles with paraffin wax	75
4.18	K-type thermocouple to temperature measurement	76
4.19	Data logger module AT4532 with 32-channel	77
4.20	Pyranometer (TENMARS TM 207) to measure the solar irradiance	77
4.21	Anemometer (model AM-4826) to measure the wind velocity	78
4.22	Photographic view of the experimental setup show the tilt and details	
	of the collectors	80
		80
5.1	Outlet air temperature versus SAH dimensions at solar irradiance of	MIL
5.1	Outlet air temperature versus SAH dimensions at solar irradiance of $1000 \text{ W/m}^2$ and air mass flow rate of 0.03 kg/s	83
5.1 5.2	Outlet air temperature versus SAH dimensions at solar irradiance of $1000 \text{ W/m}^2$ and air mass flow rate of $0.03 \text{ kg/s}$ Air temperature difference versus different air mass flow rate of flat	83
5.1 5.2	Outlet air temperature versus SAH dimensions at solar irradiance of 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup> and air mass flow rate of 0.03 kg/s Air temperature difference versus different air mass flow rate of flat plate SAH for dimensions (L = $1.8 \text{ m}$ , W = $0.7 \text{ m}$ , H <sub>ch</sub> = $0.07 \text{ m}$ ) at	83
5.1 5.2	Outlet air temperature versus SAH dimensions at solar irradiance of 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup> and air mass flow rate of 0.03 kg/s Air temperature difference versus different air mass flow rate of flat plate SAH for dimensions (L = $1.8 \text{ m}$ , W = $0.7 \text{ m}$ , H <sub>ch</sub> = $0.07 \text{ m}$ ) at solar irradiance 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup>	83
<ul><li>5.1</li><li>5.2</li><li><b>PE</b></li><li>5.3</li></ul>	Outlet air temperature versus SAH dimensions at solar irradiance of 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup> and air mass flow rate of 0.03 kg/s Air temperature difference versus different air mass flow rate of flat plate SAH for dimensions (L = $1.8 \text{ m}$ , W = $0.7 \text{ m}$ , H <sub>ch</sub> = $0.07 \text{ m}$ ) at solar irradiance 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup> Thermal efficiency versus different air mass flow rate of flat plate	83
<ul><li>5.1</li><li>5.2</li><li><b>PE</b></li><li>5.3</li></ul>	Outlet air temperature versus SAH dimensions at solar irradiance of 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup> and air mass flow rate of 0.03 kg/s Air temperature difference versus different air mass flow rate of flat plate SAH for dimensions (L = $1.8 \text{ m}$ , W = $0.7 \text{ m}$ , H <sub>ch</sub> = $0.07 \text{ m}$ ) at solar irradiance 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup> Thermal efficiency versus different air mass flow rate of flat plate SAH for dimensions (L = $1.8 \text{ m}$ , W = $0.7 \text{ m}$ , H <sub>ch</sub> = $0.07 \text{ m}$ ) at solar	83
<ul><li>5.1</li><li>5.2</li><li><b>PE</b></li><li>5.3</li></ul>	Outlet air temperature versus SAH dimensions at solar irradiance of 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup> and air mass flow rate of 0.03 kg/s Air temperature difference versus different air mass flow rate of flat plate SAH for dimensions (L = $1.8 \text{ m}$ , W = $0.7 \text{ m}$ , H <sub>ch</sub> = $0.07 \text{ m}$ ) at solar irradiance 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup> Thermal efficiency versus different air mass flow rate of flat plate SAH for dimensions (L = $1.8 \text{ m}$ , W = $0.7 \text{ m}$ , H <sub>ch</sub> = $0.07 \text{ m}$ ) at solar irradiance 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup>	83 85 85
<ul> <li>5.1</li> <li>5.2</li> <li><b>PE</b></li> <li>5.3</li> <li>5.4</li> </ul>	Outlet air temperature versus SAH dimensions at solar irradiance of $1000 \text{ W/m}^2$ and air mass flow rate of $0.03 \text{ kg/s}$ Air temperature difference versus different air mass flow rate of flat plate SAH for dimensions (L = $1.8 \text{ m}$ , W = $0.7 \text{ m}$ , H <sub>ch</sub> = $0.07 \text{ m}$ ) at solar irradiance $1000 \text{ W/m}^2$ Thermal efficiency versus different air mass flow rate of flat plate SAH for dimensions (L = $1.8 \text{ m}$ , W = $0.7 \text{ m}$ , H <sub>ch</sub> = $0.07 \text{ m}$ ) at solar irradiance $1000 \text{ W/m}^2$ Side view of the temperature distribution of flat plate SAH for	83 85 85
<ul> <li>5.1</li> <li>5.2</li> <li><b>PE</b></li> <li>5.3</li> <li>5.4</li> </ul>	Outlet air temperature versus SAH dimensions at solar irradiance of 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup> and air mass flow rate of 0.03 kg/s Air temperature difference versus different air mass flow rate of flat plate SAH for dimensions (L = 1.8 m, W = 0.7 m, H <sub>ch</sub> = 0.07 m) at solar irradiance 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup> Thermal efficiency versus different air mass flow rate of flat plate SAH for dimensions (L = 1.8 m, W = 0.7 m, H <sub>ch</sub> = 0.07 m) at solar irradiance 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup> Side view of the temperature distribution of flat plate SAH for dimensions (L = 1.8 m, W = 0.7 m, H <sub>ch</sub> = 0.07 m)	83 85 85 86
<ul> <li>5.1</li> <li>5.2</li> <li><b>PE</b></li> <li>5.3</li> <li>5.4</li> <li>5.5</li> </ul>	Outlet air temperature versus SAH dimensions at solar irradiance of 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup> and air mass flow rate of 0.03 kg/s Air temperature difference versus different air mass flow rate of flat plate SAH for dimensions (L = 1.8 m, W = 0.7 m, H <sub>ch</sub> = 0.07 m) at solar irradiance 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup> Thermal efficiency versus different air mass flow rate of flat plate SAH for dimensions (L = 1.8 m, W = 0.7 m, H <sub>ch</sub> = 0.07 m) at solar irradiance 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup> Side view of the temperature distribution of flat plate SAH for dimensions (L = 1.8 m, W = 0.7 m, H <sub>ch</sub> = 0.07 m) The temperature distribution in outlet air cross section of flat plate	83 85 85 86
<ul> <li>5.1</li> <li>5.2</li> <li><b>PE</b></li> <li>5.3</li> <li>5.4</li> <li>5.5</li> </ul>	Outlet air temperature versus SAH dimensions at solar irradiance of 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup> and air mass flow rate of 0.03 kg/s Air temperature difference versus different air mass flow rate of flat plate SAH for dimensions (L = 1.8 m, W = 0.7 m, H <sub>ch</sub> = 0.07 m) at solar irradiance 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup> Thermal efficiency versus different air mass flow rate of flat plate SAH for dimensions (L = 1.8 m, W = 0.7 m, H <sub>ch</sub> = 0.07 m) at solar irradiance 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup> Side view of the temperature distribution of flat plate SAH for dimensions (L = 1.8 m, W = 0.7 m, H <sub>ch</sub> = 0.07 m) The temperature distribution in outlet air cross section of flat plate SAH for dimensions (L = 1.8 m, W = 0.7 m, H <sub>ch</sub> = 0.07 m)	83 85 85 86 86
<ul> <li>5.1</li> <li>5.2</li> <li><b>PE</b></li> <li>5.3</li> <li>5.4</li> <li>5.5</li> <li>5.6</li> </ul>	Outlet air temperature versus SAH dimensions at solar irradiance of 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup> and air mass flow rate of 0.03 kg/s Air temperature difference versus different air mass flow rate of flat plate SAH for dimensions (L = 1.8 m, W = 0.7 m, H <sub>ch</sub> = 0.07 m) at solar irradiance 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup> Thermal efficiency versus different air mass flow rate of flat plate SAH for dimensions (L = 1.8 m, W = 0.7 m, H <sub>ch</sub> = 0.07 m) at solar irradiance 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup> Side view of the temperature distribution of flat plate SAH for dimensions (L = 1.8 m, W = 0.7 m, H <sub>ch</sub> = 0.07 m) The temperature distribution in outlet air cross section of flat plate SAH for dimensions (L = 1.8 m, W = 0.7 m, H <sub>ch</sub> = 0.07 m) Air temperature difference versus different air mass flow rate of	83 85 85 86 86
<ul> <li>5.1</li> <li>5.2</li> <li><b>PE</b></li> <li>5.3</li> <li>5.4</li> <li>5.5</li> <li>5.6</li> </ul>	Outlet air temperature versus SAH dimensions at solar irradiance of 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup> and air mass flow rate of 0.03 kg/s Air temperature difference versus different air mass flow rate of flat plate SAH for dimensions (L = 1.8 m, W = 0.7 m, H <sub>ch</sub> = 0.07 m) at solar irradiance 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup> Thermal efficiency versus different air mass flow rate of flat plate SAH for dimensions (L = 1.8 m, W = 0.7 m, H <sub>ch</sub> = 0.07 m) at solar irradiance 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup> Side view of the temperature distribution of flat plate SAH for dimensions (L = 1.8 m, W = 0.7 m, H <sub>ch</sub> = 0.07 m) The temperature distribution in outlet air cross section of flat plate SAH for dimensions (L = 1.8 m, W = 0.7 m, H <sub>ch</sub> = 0.07 m) Air temperature difference versus different air mass flow rate of corrugated SAH without storage for dimensions (L = 1.8 m,	83 85 85 86 86



•

5.7	Thermal efficiency versus different air mass flow rate of corrugated	
	SAH without storage for dimensions (L = $1.8 \text{ m}$ , W = $0.7 \text{ m}$ ,	
	$H_{ch} = 0.07 \text{ m}$ ) at solar irradiance 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup>	88
5.8	Side view of the temperature distribution of corrugated SAH without	
	storage for dimensions (L = 1.8 m, W = 0.7 m, $H_{ch}$ = 0.07 m)	88
5.9	The temperature distribution in outlet air cross section of corrugated	
	SAH without storage for dimensions (L = $1.8 \text{ m}$ , W = $0.7 \text{ m}$ ,	
	$H_{ch} = 0.07 m$ )	89
5.10	Air temperature difference versus different air mass flow rate of	
	corrugated SAH with PCM for dimensions (L = $1.8 \text{ m}$ , W = $0.7 \text{ m}$ ,	
	$H_{ch} = 0.07 \text{ m}$ ) at solar irradiance 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup>	90
5.11	Thermal efficiency versus different air mass flow rate of corrugated	
	SAH with PCM for dimensions (L = $1.8 \text{ m}$ , W = $0.7 \text{ m}$ , H <sub>ch</sub> = $0.07 \text{ m}$ )	
	at solar irradiance 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup>	90
5.12	Side view of the temperature distribution of corrugated SAH with	
	PCM for dimensions (L = $1.8 \text{ m}$ , W = $0.7 \text{ m}$ , H <sub>ch</sub> = $0.07 \text{ m}$ )	91
5.13	The temperature distribution in outlet air cross section of corrugated	
	SAH with PCM for dimensions (L = $1.8 \text{ m}$ , W = $0.7 \text{ m}$ , H <sub>ch</sub> = $0.07 \text{ m}$ )	91
5.14	Air temperature difference versus different air mass flow rate of	
	corrugated SAH with Nano-PCM for dimensions (L = $1.8 \text{ m}$ , W = $0.7 \text{ m}$ ,	
	$H_{ch} = 0.07 \text{ m}$ ) at solar irradiance 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup>	92
5.15	Thermal efficiency versus different air mass flow rate of corrugated	
	SAH with Nano-PCM for dimensions (L = $1.8 \text{ m}$ , W = $0.7 \text{ m}$ ,	
	$H_{ch} = 0.07 \text{ m}$ ) at solar irradiance 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup>	93
5.16	Side view of the temperature distribution of corrugated SAH with	
	Nano-PCM for dimensions (L = $1.8 \text{ m}$ , W = $0.7 \text{ m}$ , H <sub>ch</sub> = $0.07 \text{ m}$ )	93
5.17	The temperature distribution in outlet air cross section for the corrugated	
	SAH with Nano-PCM with dimensions (L = $1.8 \text{ m}$ , W = $0.7 \text{ m}$ ,	
	$H_{ch} = 0.07 \text{ m}$ )	94
5.18	Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g)$	
	and $T_p$ ) for SAHWOS at $\dot{m} = 0.03$ kg/s to the entire daytime	97
5.19	Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g)$	
	and $T_p$ ) for SAHWOS at $\dot{m} = 0.04$ kg/s to the entire daytime	97

•

xix

5.20	Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g)$	
	and $T_p$ ) for SAHWOS at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s to the entire daytime	98
5.21	Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g)$	
	and $T_p$ ) for SAHWOS at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the entire daytime	98
5.22	A temperature difference of air versus local time at different air	
	mass flow rates for SAHWOS	99
5.23	Effect of air mass flow rate on the measured daily average air	
	temperature difference for SAHWOS	100
5.24	Mean temperature of the air inside the air flow channel at different	
	air mass flow rates for SAHWOS	100
5.25	The solar irradiance and useful energy for SAHWOS at $\dot{m} = 0.03$ kg/s	
	to the entire daytime	101
5.26	The solar irradiance and useful energy for SAHWOS at $\dot{m} = 0.04$ kg/s	
	to the entire daytime	102
5.27	The solar irradiance and useful energy for SAHWOS at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s	
	to the entire daytime	102
5.28	The solar irradiance and useful energy for SAHWOS at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s	
5.28	The solar irradiance and useful energy for SAHWOS at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the entire daytime	103 NAI
5.28 5.29	The solar irradiance and useful energy for SAHWOS at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the entire daytime A instantaneous thermal efficiency versus local time at different	103 NA
5.28 5.29	The solar irradiance and useful energy for SAHWOS at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the entire daytime A instantaneous thermal efficiency versus local time at different air mass flow rates for SAHWOS	103 104
5.28 5.29 5.30	The solar irradiance and useful energy for SAHWOS at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the entire daytime A instantaneous thermal efficiency versus local time at different air mass flow rates for SAHWOS Relationship between the efficiency and outlet air temperature	103 104
5.28 5.29 5.30	The solar irradiance and useful energy for SAHWOS at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the entire daytime A instantaneous thermal efficiency versus local time at different air mass flow rates for SAHWOS Relationship between the efficiency and outlet air temperature for SAHWOS at different air mass flow rates	103 104 104
<ul><li>5.28</li><li>5.29</li><li>5.30</li><li>5.31</li></ul>	The solar irradiance and useful energy for SAHWOS at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the entire daytime A instantaneous thermal efficiency versus local time at different air mass flow rates for SAHWOS Relationship between the efficiency and outlet air temperature for SAHWOS at different air mass flow rates Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of ( $T_{amb}$ , $T_{out}$ , $T_g$ ,	103 104 104
<ul><li>5.28</li><li>5.29</li><li>5.30</li><li>5.31</li></ul>	The solar irradiance and useful energy for SAHWOS at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the entire daytime A instantaneous thermal efficiency versus local time at different air mass flow rates for SAHWOS Relationship between the efficiency and outlet air temperature for SAHWOS at different air mass flow rates Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of ( $T_{amb}$ , $T_{out}$ , $T_g$ , $T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.03$ kg/s to the entire day	103 104 104 106
<ul> <li>5.28</li> <li>5.29</li> <li>5.30</li> <li>5.31</li> <li>5.32</li> </ul>	The solar irradiance and useful energy for SAHWOS at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the entire daytime A instantaneous thermal efficiency versus local time at different air mass flow rates for SAHWOS Relationship between the efficiency and outlet air temperature for SAHWOS at different air mass flow rates Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of ( $T_{amb}$ , $T_{out}$ , $T_g$ , $T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.03$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of ( $T_{amb}$ , $T_{out}$ , $T_g$ ,	103 104 104 106
<ul> <li>5.28</li> <li>5.29</li> <li>5.30</li> <li>5.31</li> <li>5.32</li> </ul>	The solar irradiance and useful energy for SAHWOS at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the entire daytime A instantaneous thermal efficiency versus local time at different air mass flow rates for SAHWOS Relationship between the efficiency and outlet air temperature for SAHWOS at different air mass flow rates Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of ( $T_{amb}$ , $T_{out}$ , $T_g$ , $T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.03$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of ( $T_{amb}$ , $T_{out}$ , $T_g$ , $T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.04$ kg/s to the entire day	103 104 104 106 106
<ul> <li>5.28</li> <li>5.29</li> <li>5.30</li> <li>5.31</li> <li>5.32</li> <li>5.33</li> </ul>	The solar irradiance and useful energy for SAHWOS at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the entire daytime A instantaneous thermal efficiency versus local time at different air mass flow rates for SAHWOS Relationship between the efficiency and outlet air temperature for SAHWOS at different air mass flow rates Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of ( $T_{amb}$ , $T_{out}$ , $T_g$ , $T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.03$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of ( $T_{amb}$ , $T_{out}$ , $T_g$ , $T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.04$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of ( $T_{amb}$ , $T_{out}$ , $T_g$ ,	103 104 104 106 106
<ul> <li>5.28</li> <li>5.29</li> <li>5.30</li> <li>5.31</li> <li>5.32</li> <li>5.33</li> </ul>	The solar irradiance and useful energy for SAHWOS at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the entire daytime A instantaneous thermal efficiency versus local time at different air mass flow rates for SAHWOS Relationship between the efficiency and outlet air temperature for SAHWOS at different air mass flow rates Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of ( $T_{amb}$ , $T_{out}$ , $T_g$ , $T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.03$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of ( $T_{amb}$ , $T_{out}$ , $T_g$ , $T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.04$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of ( $T_{amb}$ , $T_{out}$ , $T_g$ , $T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.04$ kg/s to the entire day	103 104 104 106 106 107
<ol> <li>5.28</li> <li>5.29</li> <li>5.30</li> <li>5.31</li> <li>5.32</li> <li>5.33</li> <li>5.34</li> </ol>	The solar irradiance and useful energy for SAHWOS at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the entire daytime A instantaneous thermal efficiency versus local time at different air mass flow rates for SAHWOS Relationship between the efficiency and outlet air temperature for SAHWOS at different air mass flow rates Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of ( $T_{amb}$ , $T_{out}$ , $T_g$ , $T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.03$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of ( $T_{amb}$ , $T_{out}$ , $T_g$ , $T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.04$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of ( $T_{amb}$ , $T_{out}$ , $T_g$ , $T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of ( $T_{amb}$ , $T_{out}$ , $T_g$ , $T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s to the entire day	103 104 104 106 106 107
<ul> <li>5.28</li> <li>5.29</li> <li>5.30</li> <li>5.31</li> <li>5.32</li> <li>5.33</li> <li>5.34</li> </ul>	The solar irradiance and useful energy for SAHWOS at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the entire daytime A instantaneous thermal efficiency versus local time at different air mass flow rates for SAHWOS Relationship between the efficiency and outlet air temperature for SAHWOS at different air mass flow rates Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of ( $T_{amb}$ , $T_{out}$ , $T_g$ , $T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.03$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of ( $T_{amb}$ , $T_{out}$ , $T_g$ , $T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.04$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of ( $T_{amb}$ , $T_{out}$ , $T_g$ , $T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of ( $T_{amb}$ , $T_{out}$ , $T_g$ , $T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s to the entire day	103 104 104 106 106 107 107
<ol> <li>5.28</li> <li>5.29</li> <li>5.30</li> <li>5.31</li> <li>5.32</li> <li>5.33</li> <li>5.34</li> <li>5.35</li> </ol>	The solar irradiance and useful energy for SAHWOS at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the entire daytime A instantaneous thermal efficiency versus local time at different air mass flow rates for SAHWOS Relationship between the efficiency and outlet air temperature for SAHWOS at different air mass flow rates Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of ( $T_{amb}$ , $T_{out}$ , $T_g$ , $T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.03$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of ( $T_{amb}$ , $T_{out}$ , $T_g$ , $T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.04$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of ( $T_{amb}$ , $T_{out}$ , $T_g$ , $T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of ( $T_{amb}$ , $T_{out}$ , $T_g$ , $T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of ( $T_{amb}$ , $T_{out}$ , $T_g$ , $T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of ( $T_{amb}$ , $T_{out}$ , $T_g$ , $T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of ( $T_{amb}$ , $T_{out}$ , $T_g$ , $T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the entire day	103 104 104 106 106 107 107

XX



.

5.36	Effect of air mass flow rate on the measured daily average air	
	temperature difference for SAHWP	109
5.37	Mean temperature of the air inside the air flow channel at different	
	air mass flow rates for SAHWP	109
5.38	The solar irradiance and useful energy for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.03$ kg/s	
	to the entire day	110
5.39	The solar irradiance and useful energy for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.04$ kg/s	
	to the entire day	111
5.40	The solar irradiance and useful energy for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s	
	to the entire day	111
5.41	The solar irradiance and useful energy for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s	
	to the entire day	112
5.42	Mean temperature of ( $T_{out}$ , $T_p$ , $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.03$ kg/s	
	to the discharging period	113
5.43	Mean temperature of ( $T_{out}$ , $T_p$ , $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.04$ kg/s	
	to the discharging period	113
5.44	Mean temperature of $(T_{out}, T_p, T_{pcm})$ for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s	
5.44	Mean temperature of $(T_{out}, T_p, T_{pcm})$ for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s to the discharging period	A 114
5.44 5.45	Mean temperature of $(T_{out}, T_p, T_{pcm})$ for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s to the discharging period Mean temperature of $(T_{out}, T_p, T_{pcm})$ for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s	A 114
5.44 5.45	Mean temperature of $(T_{out}, T_p, T_{pcm})$ for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s to the discharging period Mean temperature of $(T_{out}, T_p, T_{pcm})$ for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the discharging period	A 114 114
5.44 5.45 5.46	Mean temperature of $(T_{out}, T_p, T_{pcm})$ for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s to the discharging period Mean temperature of $(T_{out}, T_p, T_{pcm})$ for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the discharging period A instantaneous thermal efficiency versus local time at different air	A 114 114
5.44 5.45 5.46	Mean temperature of $(T_{out}, T_p, T_{pcm})$ for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s to the discharging period Mean temperature of $(T_{out}, T_p, T_{pcm})$ for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the discharging period A instantaneous thermal efficiency versus local time at different air mass flow rates for SAHWP	A 114 114 115
<ul><li>5.44</li><li>5.45</li><li>5.46</li><li>5.47</li></ul>	Mean temperature of $(T_{out}, T_p, T_{pcm})$ for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s to the discharging period Mean temperature of $(T_{out}, T_p, T_{pcm})$ for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the discharging period A instantaneous thermal efficiency versus local time at different air mass flow rates for SAHWP Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g, T_p)$	A 114 114 115
<ul><li>5.44</li><li>5.45</li><li>5.46</li><li>5.47</li></ul>	Mean temperature of $(T_{out}, T_p, T_{pcm})$ for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s to the discharging period Mean temperature of $(T_{out}, T_p, T_{pcm})$ for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the discharging period A instantaneous thermal efficiency versus local time at different air mass flow rates for SAHWP Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g, T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.03$ kg/s to the entire day	A 114 114 115 116
<ul> <li>5.44</li> <li>5.45</li> <li>5.46</li> <li>5.47</li> <li>5.48</li> </ul>	Mean temperature of $(T_{out}, T_p, T_{pcm})$ for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s to the discharging period Mean temperature of $(T_{out}, T_p, T_{pcm})$ for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the discharging period A instantaneous thermal efficiency versus local time at different air mass flow rates for SAHWP Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g, T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.03$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g, T_p$	A 114 114 115 116
<ul> <li>5.44</li> <li>5.45</li> <li>5.46</li> <li>5.47</li> <li>5.48</li> </ul>	Mean temperature of $(T_{out}, T_p, T_{pcm})$ for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s to the discharging period Mean temperature of $(T_{out}, T_p, T_{pcm})$ for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the discharging period A instantaneous thermal efficiency versus local time at different air mass flow rates for SAHWP Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g, T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.03$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g, T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.04$ kg/s to the entire day	<ul> <li>114</li> <li>114</li> <li>115</li> <li>116</li> <li>116</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>5.44</li> <li>5.45</li> <li>5.46</li> <li>5.47</li> <li>5.48</li> <li>5.49</li> </ol>	Mean temperature of $(T_{out}, T_p, T_{pcm})$ for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s to the discharging period Mean temperature of $(T_{out}, T_p, T_{pcm})$ for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the discharging period A instantaneous thermal efficiency versus local time at different air mass flow rates for SAHWP Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g, T_p$ and $T_{pcm})$ for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.03$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g, T_p$ and $T_{pcm})$ for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.04$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g, T_p$	<ul> <li>114</li> <li>114</li> <li>115</li> <li>116</li> <li>116</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>5.44</li> <li>5.45</li> <li>5.46</li> <li>5.47</li> <li>5.48</li> <li>5.49</li> </ol>	Mean temperature of $(T_{out}, T_p, T_{pcm})$ for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s to the discharging period Mean temperature of $(T_{out}, T_p, T_{pcm})$ for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the discharging period A instantaneous thermal efficiency versus local time at different air mass flow rates for SAHWP Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g, T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.03$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g, T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.04$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g, T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.04$ kg/s to the entire day	<ul> <li>114</li> <li>114</li> <li>115</li> <li>116</li> <li>116</li> <li>117</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>5.44</li> <li>5.45</li> <li>5.46</li> <li>5.47</li> <li>5.48</li> <li>5.49</li> <li>5.50</li> </ol>	Mean temperature of $(T_{out}, T_p, T_{pcm})$ for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s to the discharging period Mean temperature of $(T_{out}, T_p, T_{pcm})$ for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the discharging period A instantaneous thermal efficiency versus local time at different air mass flow rates for SAHWP Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g, T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.03$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g, T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.04$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g, T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g, T_p$	<ul> <li>114</li> <li>114</li> <li>115</li> <li>116</li> <li>116</li> <li>117</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>5.44</li> <li>5.45</li> <li>5.46</li> <li>5.47</li> <li>5.48</li> <li>5.49</li> <li>5.50</li> </ol>	Mean temperature of $(T_{out}, T_p, T_{pcm})$ for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s to the discharging period Mean temperature of $(T_{out}, T_p, T_{pcm})$ for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the discharging period A instantaneous thermal efficiency versus local time at different air mass flow rates for SAHWP Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g, T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.03$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g, T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.04$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g, T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g, T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g, T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s to the entire day	<ul> <li>114</li> <li>114</li> <li>115</li> <li>116</li> <li>116</li> <li>117</li> <li>117</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>5.44</li> <li>5.45</li> <li>5.46</li> <li>5.47</li> <li>5.48</li> <li>5.49</li> <li>5.50</li> <li>5.51</li> </ol>	Mean temperature of $(T_{out}, T_p, T_{pcm})$ for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s to the discharging period Mean temperature of $(T_{out}, T_p, T_{pcm})$ for SAHWP at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the discharging period A instantaneous thermal efficiency versus local time at different air mass flow rates for SAHWP Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g, T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.03$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g, T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.04$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g, T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g, T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g, T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s to the entire day Hourly solar irradiance and mean temperature of $(T_{amb}, T_{out}, T_g, T_p$ and $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s to the entire day A temperature difference of air versus local time at different air	<ul> <li>114</li> <li>114</li> <li>115</li> <li>116</li> <li>116</li> <li>117</li> <li>117</li> </ul>

xxi



•

5.52	Effect of air mass flow rate on the measured daily average air	
	temperature difference for SAHWNP	119
5.53	Mean temperature of the air inside the air flow channel at different	
	air mass flow rates for SAHWNP	119
5.54	The solar irradiance and useful energy for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.03$ kg/s	
	to the entire day	120
5.55	The solar irradiance and useful energy for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.04$ kg/s	
	to the entire day	120
5.56	The solar irradiance and useful energy for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s	
	to the entire day	121
5.57	The solar irradiance and useful energy for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s	
	to the entire day	121
5.58	Mean temperature of ( $T_{out}$ , $T_p$ , $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.03$ kg/s	
	to the discharging period	122
5.59	Mean temperature of ( $T_{out}$ , $T_p$ , $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.04$ kg/s	
	to the discharging period	122
5.60	Mean temperature of $(T_{out}, T_p, T_{pcm})$ for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.05$ kg/s	
	to the discharging period	123
5.61	Mean temperature of ( $T_{out}$ , $T_p$ , $T_{pcm}$ ) for SAHWNP at $\dot{m} = 0.06$ kg/s	
	to the discharging period	123
5.62	A instantaneous thermal efficiency versus local time at different air	
	mass flow rates for SAHWNP	124
5.63	Efficiency curve of the SAH collector at different configurations in	
	air mass flow rate of 0.03 kg/s	126
5.64	Efficiency curve of the SAH collector at different configurations in	
	air mass flow rate of 0.04 kg/s	126
5.65	Efficiency curve of the SAH collector at different configurations in	
	air mass flow rate of 0.05 kg/s	127
5.66	Efficiency curve of the SAH collector at different configurations in	
	air mass flow rate of 0.06 kg/s	127
5.67	Variation between incidence angle modifier $K_{\alpha\tau}$ and the incidence angle	128
5.68	$(T_{in}, T_{out} \text{ and } \Delta T)$ versus air mass flow rates in comparison between	
	numerical and experimental results for SAHWOS	132

xxii



•

5.69	9 ( $T_{in}$ , $T_{out}$ and $\Delta T$ ) versus air mass flow rates in comparison between		
	numerical and experimental results for SAHWP	133	
5.70	( $T_{in}$ , $T_{out}$ and $\Delta T$ ) versus air mass flow rates in comparison between		
	numerical and experimental results for SAHWNP	134	
5.71	Efficiency versus air mass flow rate in comparison of numerical and		
	experimental results for SAHWOS	135	
5.72	Efficiency versus air mass flow rate in comparison of numerical and		
	experimental results for SAHWP	135	
5.73	Efficiency versus air mass flow rate in comparison of numerical and		
	experimental results for SAHWNP	136	
5.74	Comparison of thermal efficiency with other studies for SAHWP	136	



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DERPUSTAKAAN TUNKU TUN AMINAH

## LIST OF SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS

Ι	-	Global Solar Irradiance (W/m <sup>2</sup> )
I <sub>T</sub>	-	Solar Irradiance on the Tilt Surface $(W/m^2)$
$h_{conv}$	-	Convection Heat Transfer Coefficient (W/m <sup>2</sup> K)
$h_{_{rad}}$	-	Radiation Heat Transfer Coefficient (W/m <sup>2</sup> K)
$h_{_{cond}}$	-	Conduction Heat Transfer Coefficient (W/m <sup>2</sup> K)
T <sub>out</sub>	-	Output Temperature (°C)
T <sub>in</sub>	-	Inlet Temperature (°C)
$T_{amb}$	-	Ambient Temperature (°C)
$T_p$	-	Absorber Plate Surface Temperature (°C)
T <sub>g</sub>	-	Glass Cover Surface Temperature (°C)
T <sub>sky</sub>	ICT	Sky Temperature (°C)
TmERP	<u>U</u> SI	Mean Temperature (°C)
$T_{b}$	-	Bottom Temperature (°C)
T <sub>PCM</sub>	-	PCM Temperature (°C)
$T_{out,t}$	-	Outlet Temperature at the Time (°C)
T <sub>in,init</sub>	-	Outlet Temperature When Solar Radiation is Interrupted (°C)
k	-	Thermal Conductivity (W/m K)
$U_{\scriptscriptstyle L}$	-	Overall Heat Loss Coefficient (kJ/kg K)
$U_{t}$	-	Top Heat Loss Coefficient (kJ/kg K)
${U}_{b}$	-	Bottom Heat Loss Coefficient (kJ/kg K)
$U_{_{e}}$	-	Edges Heat Loss Coefficient (kJ/kg K)
S	-	The Absorbed Solar Irradiance by a Collector (W)



$C_p$	-	Specific Heat Capacity (kJ/kg K)
$Q_{u}$	-	Useful Energy of Collector (W)
$Q_{st}$	-	Stored Thermal Energy of Collector (W)
$\dot{m}_{_{air}}$	-	Air Mass Flow Rate (kg/s)
V <sub>air</sub>	-	Air Velocity (m/s)
W <sub>v</sub>	-	Wind Velocity (m/s)
$A_{g}$	-	Cross Section Area of Glass Covers (m <sup>2</sup> )
$A_p$	-	Cross Section Area of Absorber Plate Surface (m <sup>2</sup> )
$A_{c}$	-	Cross Section Area of Collector (m <sup>2</sup> )
$A_{ext}$	-	Cross Section Area of the Duct (m <sup>2</sup> )
l	-	Absorber to Glass Cover Distance (m)
g	-	Gravitational Constant (m <sup>2</sup> /s)
$D_{\scriptscriptstyle H}$	-	Hydraulic Diameter of the Air Flow Channel (m)
${H}_{ch}$	-	Depth of Air Flow Channel (m)
W	-	Width of the Collector (m)
L	-	Length of the Collector (m)
$P_{c}$	TIST	Perimeter of the Collector (m)
$R_e \in RP$	00	Reynolds Number (Dimensionless)
$P_r$	-	Prandtl Number (Dimensionless)
$R_a$	-	Rayleigh Number (Dimensionless)
$N_{u}$	-	Nusselt Number (Dimensionless)
$F_{R}$	-	Removal Factor (Dimensionless)
F'	-	Collector Efficiency Factor (Dimensionless)
ρ	-	Density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )
$\sigma$	-	Stephan Constant $(W/m^2 K)$
τ	-	Transmittance (Dimensionless)
$\alpha_{_t}$	-	Thermal Diffusivity (m <sup>2</sup> /s)
α	-	Absorptance (Dimensionless)
ε	-	Emissivity (Dimensionless)

XXV



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