Small Satellite Conference 2021 Section ; Advance Technology 1 Paper Number ; [SSC21-WKV-08]

Design and Development of Prelude, Satellite for Seismic Precedence Detection and Verification Using VLF Radio Waves for Navigation Obtained in Orbit

> **Tomoyuki Iida**, Ryo Futamata, Masahiko Yamazaki, Masashi Kamogawa

1. Background

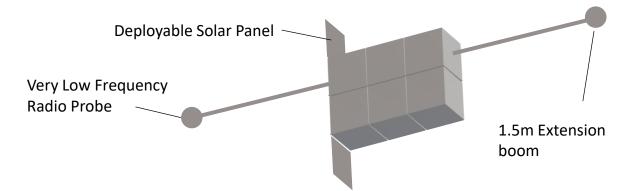
- DEMETER data was collected over a period of six years and matched to approximately 9,000 earthquakes of magnitude 4.8 or greater that occurred around the world to capture anomalous earthquake precursors.
- The 6U CubeSat "Prelude" under development is aimed at verifying the reduction of radio wave intensity 4 hours before earthquakes by installing only one pair of electric field probes.



DEMETER (600mm x 600mm x 800mm, 130kg)©CNES

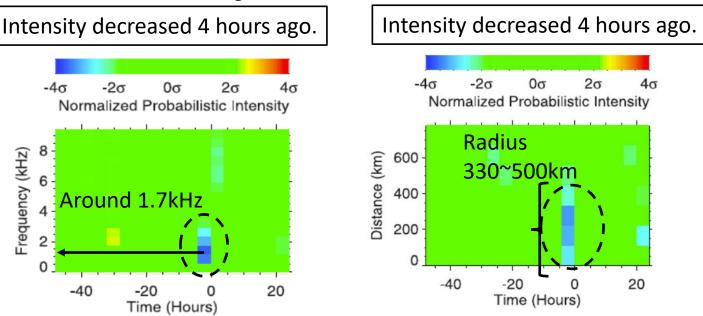


Prelude (6U, 100mm x 226.3mm x 366.0mm, 10kg)



1. Background - Preliminary study-

- In-orbit satellite observations include lightning-derived electromagnetic waves, spike waves from nearby lightning, and artificial electromagnetic waves.
- DEMETER is acquired with 0.5 Hz time resolution.
- Němec analyzed the electric field data at night under stable geomagnetic field conditions, focusing on 10 kHz.

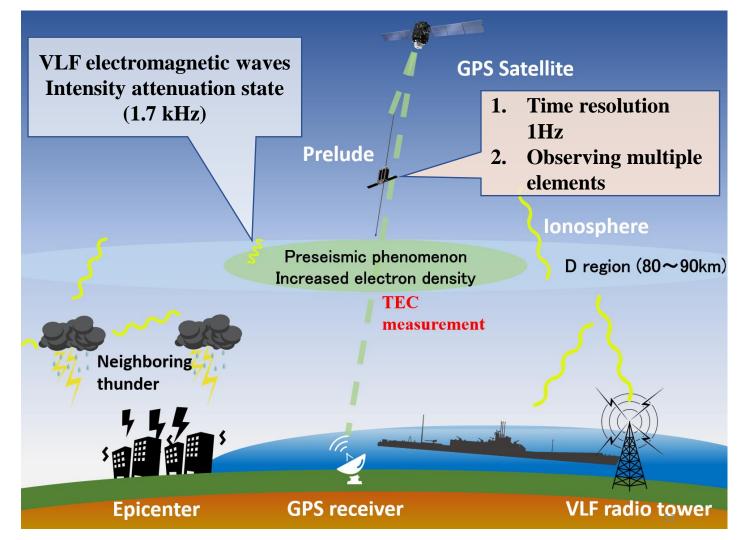


Decrease in VLF band intensity at night and its sphere of influence(Němec at el. 2008)

- Possibility that lightning electromagnetic waves themselves are affecting the ionosphere.
- Important : Exploring the relationship between earthquakes and ionospheric fluctuations by focusing on radio waves other than lightning

2. Purpose

- Focusing on VLF radio waves for navigation.
- whether we can capture earthquake precursor phenomena, which will be a new target of Prelude's mission analysis.

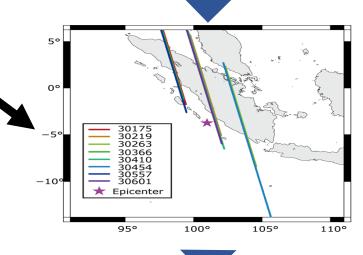


3. Approach

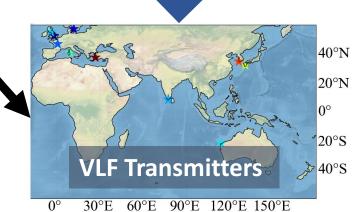
Use electric field data from DEMETER

- the trajectory just before the earthquake : 30366
- Reference Orbit: Orbit temporally and spatially different from the seismic orbit (7 orbits)
- The radio wave from the nearest transmitting station to the earthquake was noticed and analyzed.





Using these trajectories, compare the seismic trajectory with the reference trajectory.

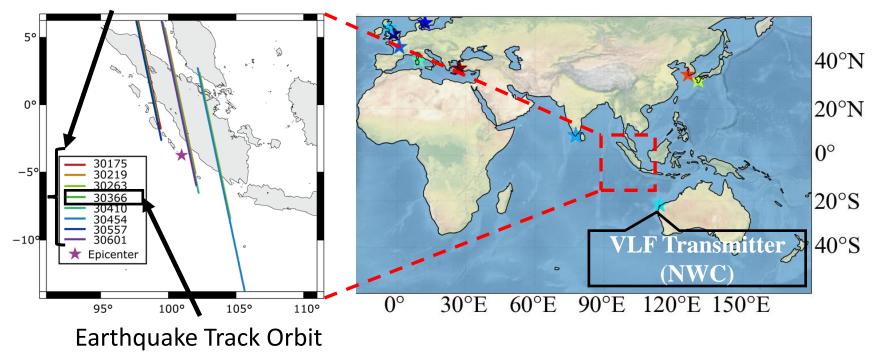


3. Approach -Select VLF radio wave for navigation-

Assuming that anomalies are more visible as the magnitude increases, the following analysis targets.

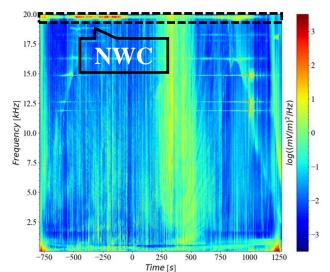
Earthquake off South Sumatra (M6.8); 2010-03-05 16:07:00 (UT)
 * Closest orbit of earthquake (30366) ; 2010-03-05 15:07:47 (UT)
 Analysis frequency ; NWC (19.8 kHz) radio waves for navigation

Orbit to compare

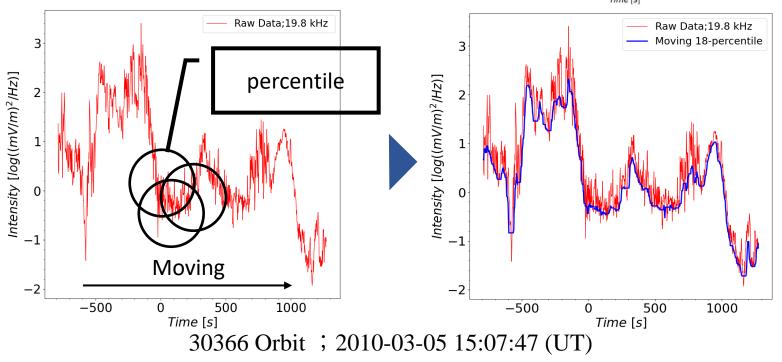


3. Approach -Extract VLF radio waves-

- The bandwidth of the NWC was checked and extracted.
- Lightning electromagnetic waves was considered noise
- The lightning noise is high frequency noise, so low-pass filter is applied.
 - ✤ Using Moving percentile.

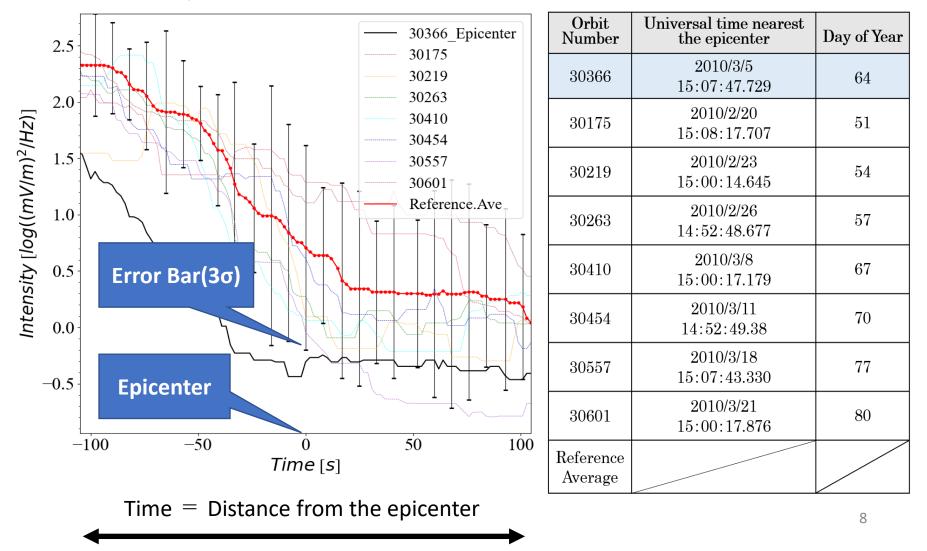


7



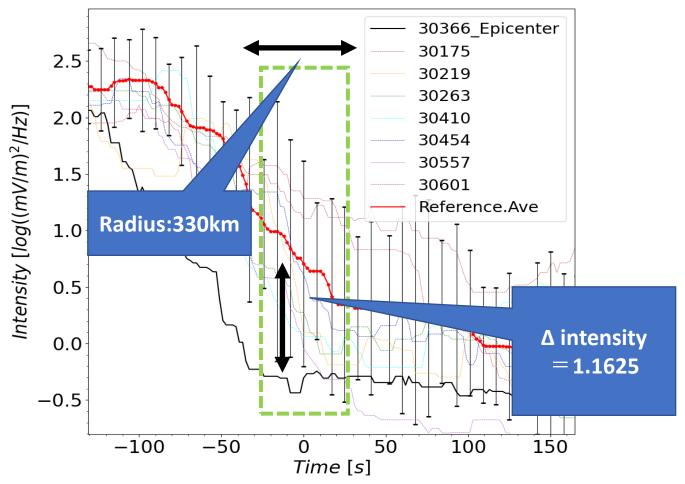
3. Approach -Evaluate precursor-

- Overlay selected VLF radio waves for navigation.
- If the electric field strength decreases by more than 3σ, it is regarded as an anomaly before the earthquake.



4. Result

- The electric field strength captured in the orbit closest to the epicenter decreased by more than 3σ from the average.
 * The amount of decrease is 1.1625 [log[(mV/m)²/Hz]]
- There was no decrease before the earthquake, and the electric field strength returned to normal after the earthquake.



5. Conclusion

- We found that the electric field strength of the VLF radio wave for ships decreased more than 3σ just before the earthquake.
- The analysis of the VLF electric field strength for navigation can be implemented without major changes in the current design because the data to be analyzed remains the same.

★ Future issues

Since this study is an analysis of one case, statistical evaluation is not possible.

By increasing the number of cases in the analysis, we aim to show the number of anomalies, the observable scale, and the probability of earthquake occurrence.

Thank you for Listening

11

