

# **Interplanetary Rideshare Cost/Benefit Analysis:** A Mars Mission Approach

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## Small Satellites Beyond Earth

- Interplanetary Small Satellites interest is growing
- Driven by the Scientific Community / Governments
- Motivated by experiences in Low Earth Orbit
  - Cost, Speed, Constellations, etc.
- Small numbers right now, but growing
- Launch is a big challenge
  - Similar to what happened in LEO
- Is it possible to use LEO experience to help?





## Low Earth Orbit Experience

### Spacecraft/Mission development phases:



- AMSAT
- Universities
- CubeSats

CAL POLY

- SSTL
- NASA Exobiology
- SkyBox
- Planet
- Spire

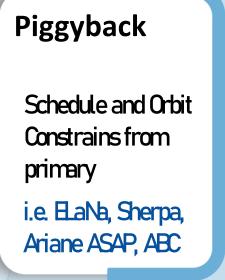


- NASA
- ESA
- JAXA
- Startups
- DoD
- [...]
- Global



## Low Earth Orbit Experience

Launch access phases:



CAL POLY

Small Launch Vehicles

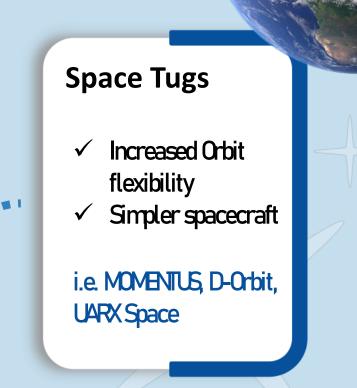
Schedule and Orbit Rexibility

i.e. Rocket Lab, Virgin Galactic

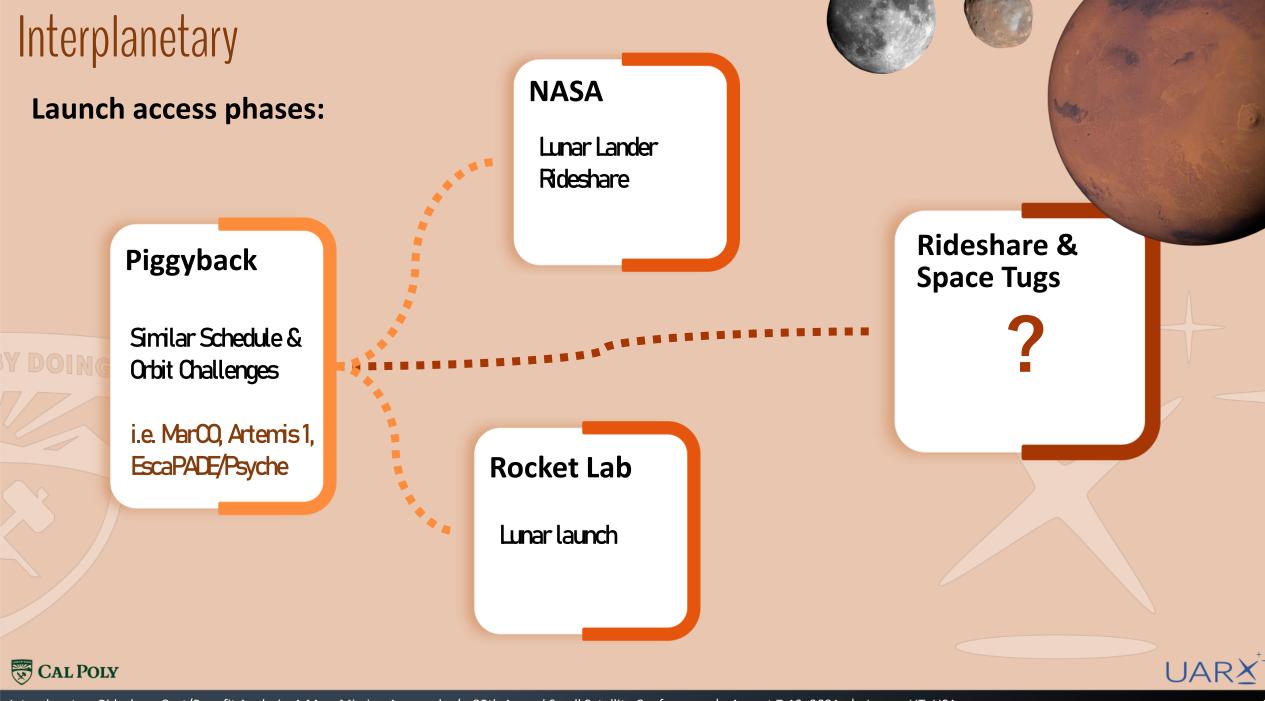
Dedicated Rideshare

✓ Lower Cost✓ No primary

i.e. PSLV, SpaceX, Vega



UARX



# **Interplanetary Missions Favor Tugs**

- Orbits Constrain Schedule
  - Encourages Rideshare
- Long and Complex Cruise Phases
  - Requires Critical Non-Mission Knowhow and Infrastructure
- Large Propulsion Requirements
  - Complex / Costly Spacecraft

### Tugs can reduce Spacecraft and Mission Complexity





# Sample Mars Mission to compare Tug and Individual Travel

#### **Mission Scenario**

Parameter	Value	
Initial Orbit	Mars Transfer Orbit	
Destination Orbit	500km Low Mars Orbit	
Propulsion Type	Chemical propulsion (Isp = 250s)	
Payload Mass	10 x 100kg small satellites	
Required Delta-V	2.1 km/s	
<b>Propellant-Mass Fraction</b>	58%	



# Sample Mars Mission to compare Tug and Individual Travel (cont.)

#### **Mass Comparison**

Component	Space Tug	Individual
Space tug (dry)	445 kg	-
Payloads mass	10 x 100 kg	10 x 100 kg
Extra Prop. system	-	10 x 32 kg
Fuel mass (Isp=250s)	1995 kg	1820 kg
Total launch mass	3440 kg	3140 kg
Propellant-Mass Fraction	58%	58%



# Sample Mars Mission to compare Tug and Individual Travel (cont.)

#### **Operational Cost Comparison**

Concept	Space Tug	Individual
Planning	\$180,000	\$81,000
Execution	\$50,000	\$30,000
DSN Fees	\$2,500,000	\$2,500,000
Total operational cost	\$2,730,000	\$2,611,000
x10 spacecraft	_	\$26,110,000
Space Tug savings	\$23,380,000	-





### Conclusions

- Interplanetary Small Satellites market tracking events in LEO
- Need to prepare for wide adoption phase
- Tugs are a key enabling technology
- Initial mission opportunity is critical to activate system
- Must define accommodations on Tug (standardization?)
- Need international effort
  - Lower numbers
  - Interplanetary missions driven by Governments



