

# Technical Challenges for Small SAR Satellites with High Performance

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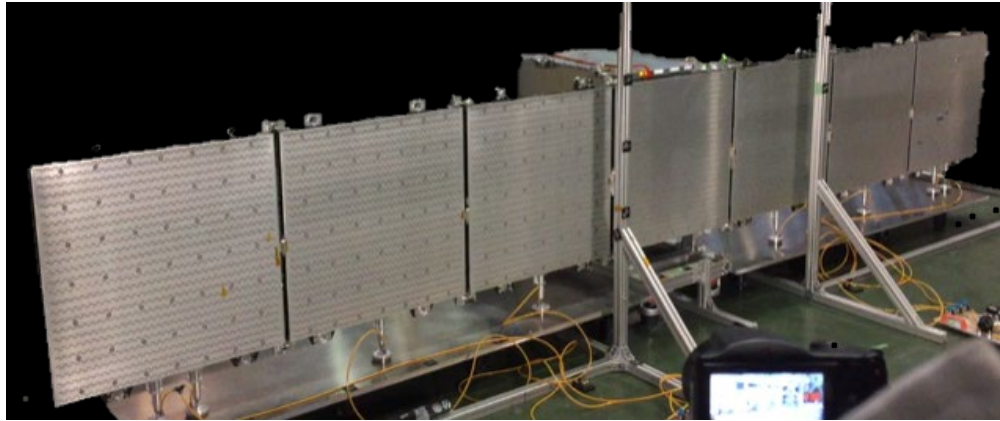
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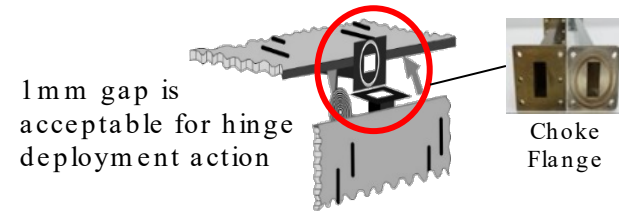
1. JAXA /Tokyo Tech Inst have developed Small SAR system with unique passive array antenna.  
The first in-orbit demonstration was by start- up company Synspective in 2021. Feb.
2. This paper describes next **Technical Challenges for Small SAR Satellites with High Performance.**
3. Mission requirement of SAR constellation  
& Technology challenges  
Resolution, Swath,  
SAR antenna type, Bandwidth, High RF power
4. Topics  
CFRP antenna, Bandwidth of slot array antenna,  
RF breakdown problem of high power GaN SSPA

# Small SAR Satellite, Micro-X-SAR

## Compact Honeycomb Panel Slot Array Antenna & Non-contact Waveguide Feeding



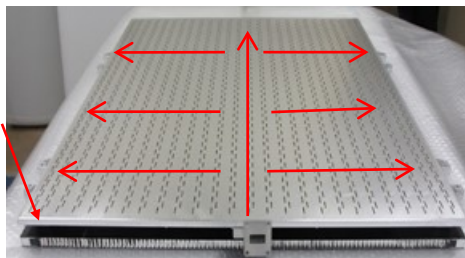
### Compact Antenna Feeding



Non-contact Waveguide Feeding with Choke Flange

### Honeycomb Panel Slot Array Antenna

Honeycomb Slot Array Antenna



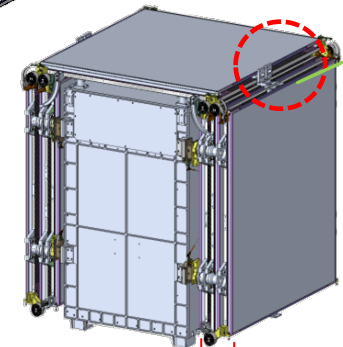
Waveguide Tournament Feeder

5m

Deployment  
 $5 \times 0.7 \text{ m}^2$

All Instruments in Satellite body.

Stow  
 $0.7 \times 0.8 \times 0.8 \text{ m}^3$



15 cm

On-orbit Demonstrated in 2021 Feb.

# Fundamental Relations

1. Range Resolution  $\propto$  Frequency Band Width

Ground resolution	Band width
1m	300MHz
0.5m	600MHz
0.25m	1200MHz

2. Radar Equation:  $\sigma_{NE} \circ \delta_r = (8\pi R^3 k T_o v_{st}) (NFL_s) \frac{\lambda}{P_{TX-ave} A^2 \eta^2}$

Range Resolution x NESZ  $\propto$  (Average Power)<sup>-1</sup> (Antenna Area)<sup>-2</sup>

3. Antenna Size & Beam Width

RF Beam Width  $\propto$  1/ (Antenna Size)

600MHz, 1200MHz

>3kW

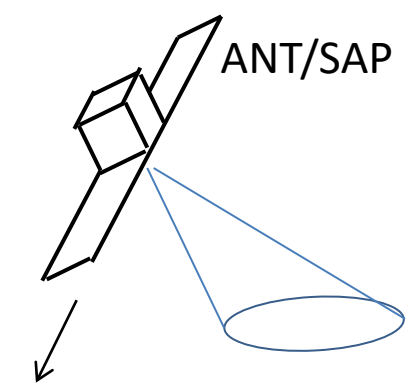
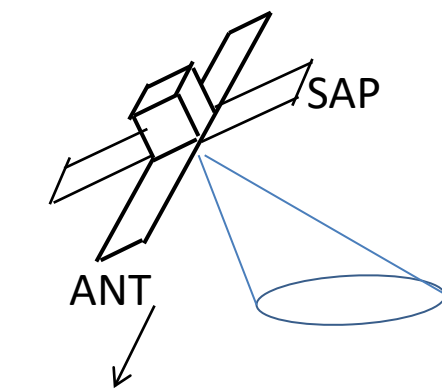
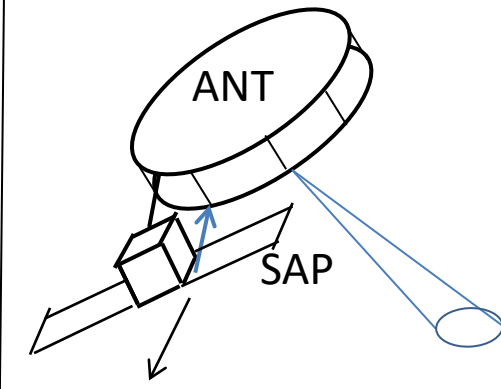
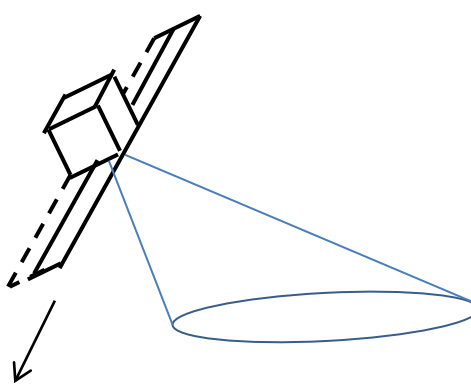
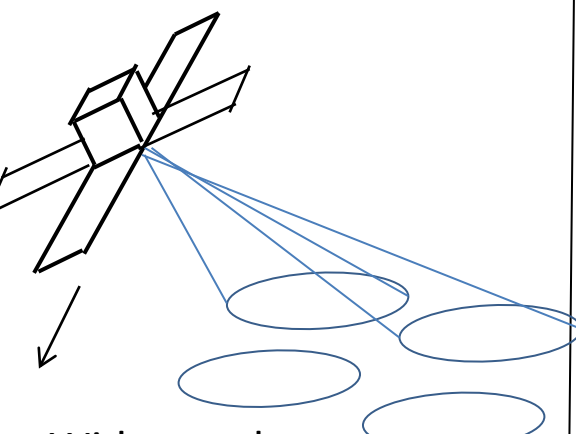
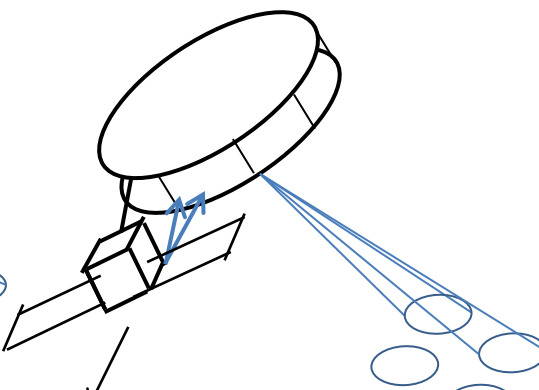
High Resolution SAR  $\Rightarrow$  Wide Band, High Power

Wide Swath SAR  $\Rightarrow$  Beam Scan, or Narrow Antenna,  
High Power

# Requirement from Recent SAR Constellation Missions

Application Spec.	Constellation	High Resolution	Wide Swath	
Low Cost	Required			
Mass Productivity	Required			
High TX Power		Required	Required	
Wide Frequency Band		Required		
Wide EL Beam /Scan EL Beam			Required	
High Speed Data Processing		Required		
Large Data Volume			Required	

# Summary of SAR Antenna and SAR Application

	Passive Phased Array	Active Phased Array	Parabola
Merit/ Demerit	Low cost (simple honeycomb antenna with solar cell) Medium swath/resolution	Wide swath High cost	High resolution Narrow swath
High Resolution Mode	 <p>ANT/SAP</p>	 <p>SAP</p> <p>ANT</p>	 <p>ANT</p> <p>SAP</p>
Wide Swath Mode	<p>One subpanel excited</p> 	<p>Scan SAR mode</p>  <p>Wide swath</p>	<p>Primary feeder scan</p> 

# Toward Next generation of Micro-X-SAR

	Present		Next Generation	
SAR Mode	Standard Stripmap Mode	Standard Spotlight Mode	Wide Swath Stripmap Mode	High Resolution Spotlight Mode
Ground Resolution	3.2m	0.8m	6m	0.4m
Swath	20km Swath	20kmx20km	40km Swath	20kmx20km
TX Power	1kW	1kW	3kW	3kW
On-Duty	25%	25%	15%	25%
Excited Ant. Aeria	5m x 0.7m	5m x 0.7m	5m x 0.35m	5m x 0.7m
Bandwidth	75MHz	300MHz	32MHz	600MHz

# Technical Challenges

1. CFRP Antenna

Shape Stability, Mass Productivity, Mass Reduction

2. Wide Band, Wide Swath Passive Slot Array Antenna

600MHz, 1200MHz in X band

40km swath

3. High Power GaN SSPA

> 3kW



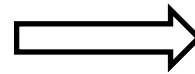
# CFRP Slot Array Antenna

Merits of CFRP Antenna:

**shape stability**, mass productivity, mass reduction

Ex. Terra-SAR X

1 D CFRP Sub-Array



Micro-X-SAR

2D CFRP Array

Cost Reduction

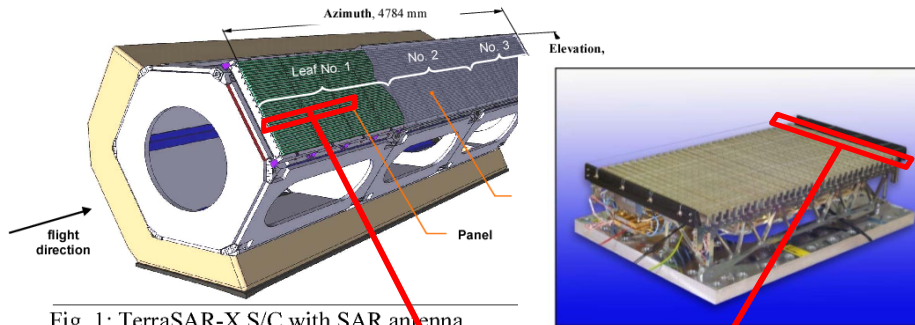


Fig. 1: TerraSAR-X S/C with SAR antenna

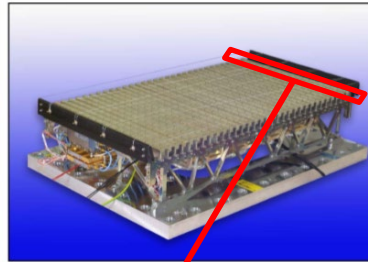


Fig. 5: TerraSAR-X antenna panel

Small scale model, 400mmx140mm  
2D CFRP slot array antenna  
with Ag plating

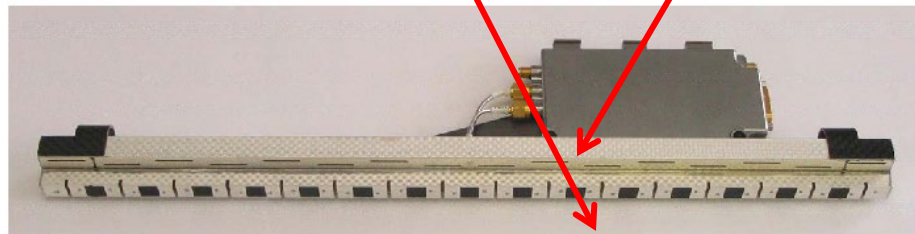
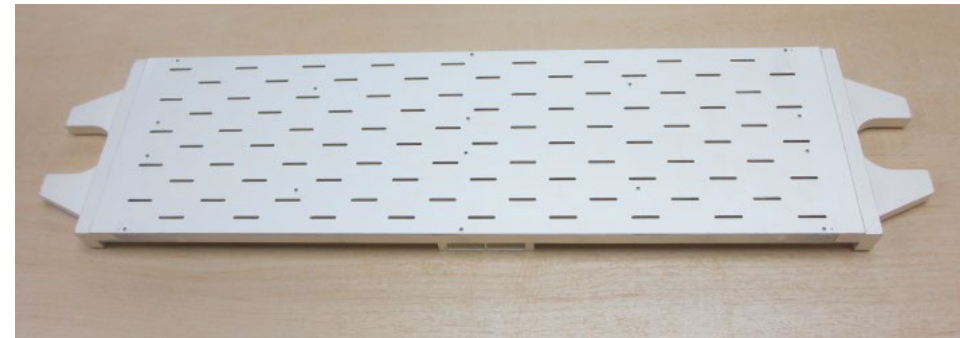


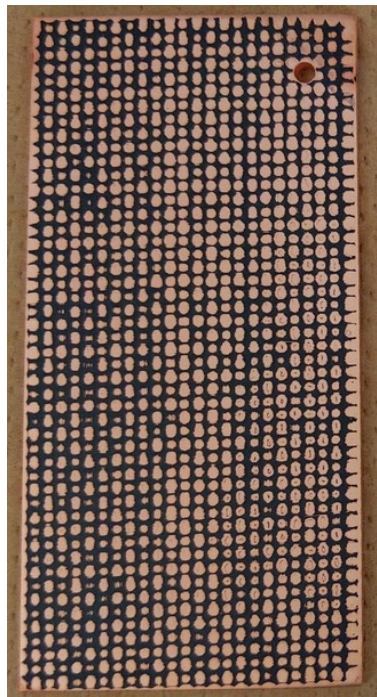
Fig. 2: Dual polarized Sub-array with TR-module

# Conductive Plating on CFRP

Direct Electro Plating  
on cloth type CFRP  
Cu deposit  
only on Carbon Fiber



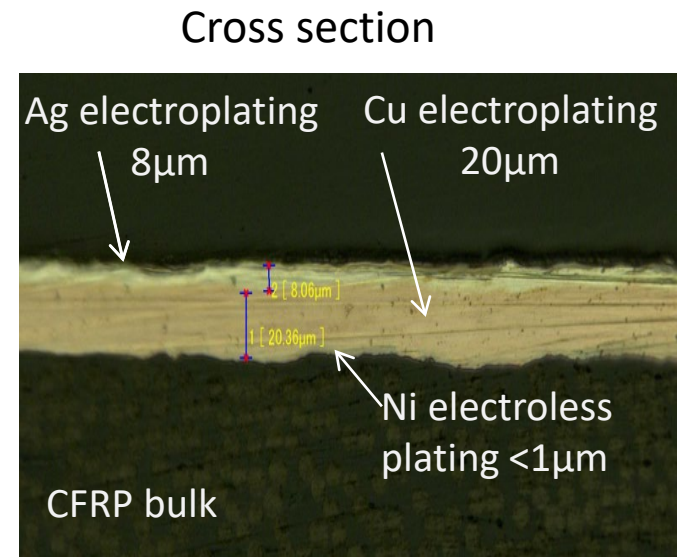
Three Stage Plating on CFRP  
Ni electroless plating  
⇒ Cu Electroplating  
⇒ Ag Electroplating



Nomura Plating Inc.



Nomura Plating Inc.



Suzuki Hitech Inc.

# Wide Band Slot Array Antenna

## Series Feeding

Bandwidth BW is limited by “long-line effect” .

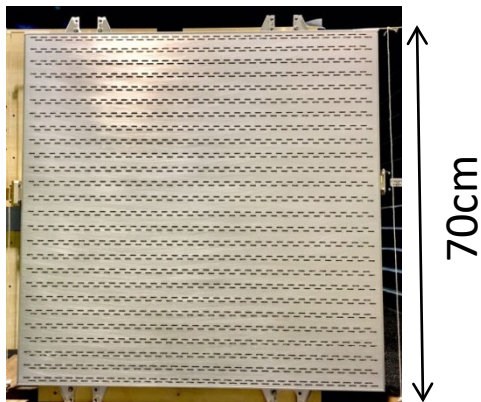
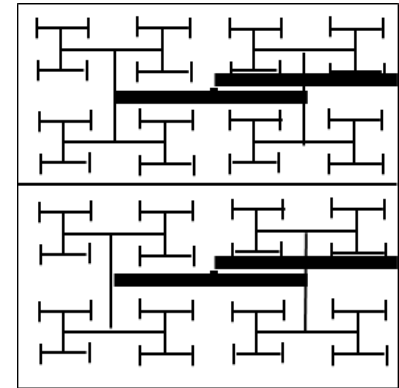
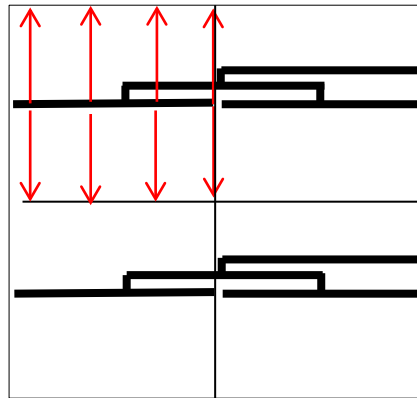
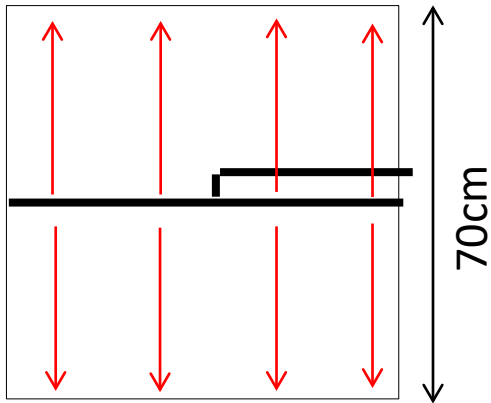
14 x14 Array x 4  
BW ~ 400MHz in X band



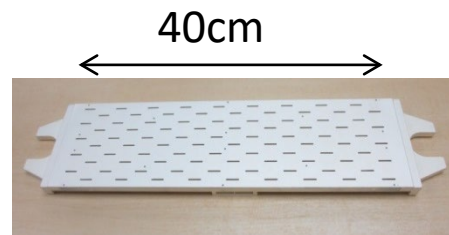
7x7 Array x 4 x 4 subpanel  
BW ~ 600MHz in X band

Corporate Feeding  
with additional one layer

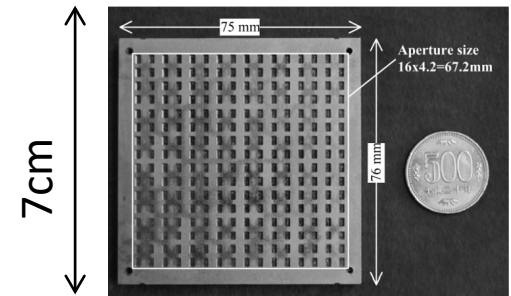
BW >1200MHz in X band



Honeycomb 2D array



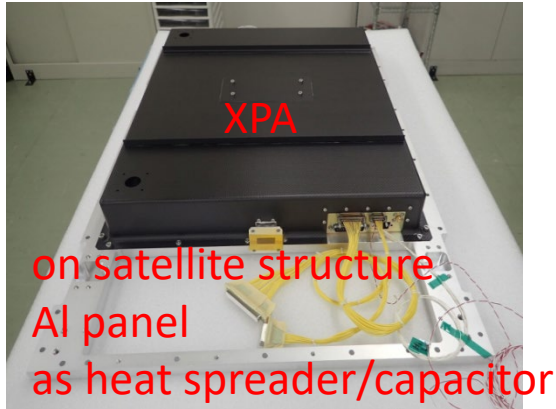
CFRP 2D array



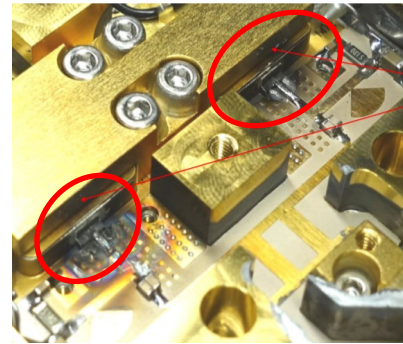
Example of 60GHz,  
16x16 Slot Antenna  
Tokyo Inst. Technology

# High Power X band Amplifier

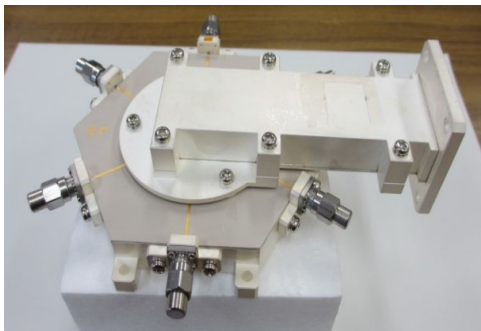
1 kW, GaN, XPA  
demonstrated in orbit



>3kW, GaN, XPA  
RF Vacuum Discharge Problem  
in Microstripline Junction



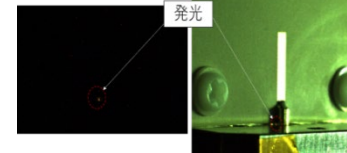
6- power combiner



Non-self-sustaining  
Discharge 412W



Self-sustaining  
Discharge 551W



Disruptive  
Discharge 572W



- Discharge mechanism  
Multipactor/ Gas /Creeping Discharge
- Measure against discharge  
material/surface coating  
with low secondary electron emission

# Conclusions

1. Passive 2D Slot Array Antenna is a unique, low cost SAR antenna. Multi mode of moderately high resolution/ wide swath for SAR constellation.
2. Technical Challenges are
  - CFRP Antenna
  - Wide band 2D Slot Array
  - High Power XPA, RF vacuum discharge