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Concept of Stambhana Upakrama as Chikitsa

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ABSTRACT

The perennial science of life Ayurveda has indicated various types of *Chikitsa* for the management of disease. Amongst the *Chikitsa* mentioned, *Shadvidopakrama* bears lot of significance. In this context the knowledge of *Stambhana* among *Shadvidopakrama* plans to act by balancing the *Dosha, Dhatu* and *Mala* in equilibrium condition. In *Shadvidhopakrama Stambhana* has been explained as a last *Upakrama*, so in any end of the disease or in any uncontrolled disease, *Stambhana* plays important role. In conditions like *Rajayakshma, Atisara* etc. *Stambhana* helps in preventing complicated conditions. *Stambhana Chikitsa* can be considered a part of *Yuktivyapashraya Chikitsa* of *Chaturvidha Chikitsa*. In day to day clinical practice it requires proper planning and expertise of the physician for its successful implementation for health and prosperity of mankind as a whole.

Key words: Stambhana Upakrama. Shadvidhopakrama, Yuktivyapashraya Chikitsa.

INTRODUCTION

The perennial since of life Ayurveda has indicated various types of Chikitsa for the management of disease. Chikitsa Amongst the mentioned, Shadvidopakrama bears lot of significance. In Shadvidhopakrama Stambhana also Upakrama^[1] as explained by Charaka but according to Vaqbhata he explained in Dwividopakramaniya. [2] Vagbhata's concept of Dwividopakrama emprises the importance as it includes Shadvidhopakrama under heading of two modalities. Snehna, Rukshna, Swedna and Stambhna all these four Karmas are taken under Santarpana and Apatarpana according to their Gunas. Because Parthivaadi Pancha Mahabhutas are also divided into Santarpna and Apatarpna according to their Gunas.

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Stambhana

Stambha Iha Kriyanirodhah Iti Bhoumah [3]

That which makes the opposition to the movements is called *Stambhana*.

Stambham Karoti Iti Stambhakaari |

The substance which makes the *Stambhana* is a *Stambhakaari*

Stambhanam Stambhayati Yatt Gatimantam Chalam Druvam [^[4]

The procedure or drugs which arrest the mobility of a moving substance or restrict the flow of substances is called as *Stambana*.

Stambhana Dravya^[5]

The *Dravya* which are *Drava, Tanu, Stira* and that which produced *Sheetalata*.

- Madhura Rasa: Snigdha Sheeta Laghu. Sandhana Kara, Pittaghna, Vishaghna, Marutagna, Sarva Dhatu Vardhana.
- Tikta Rasa: Bhoutika Vayu and Akasha, Guna -Ruksha Sheeta Laghu, Kleda Meda Vasa Majja Shakrta Mutra Shoshana.
- Kashaya Rasa: Bhoutika Vayu and Prithvi. Guna
 Guru Sheeta Laghu Rasadi Kriyayam Mandam

Karoti, Srotasam Vibhandam means does Avarodha of Srotas. Rasa and Rakta Sangrahaka Shakti get increased by Kashaya Rasa.

Table 1: Stambhana Drvaya Guna's

Sheeta	Aahladakara and Stambhakaraka
Manda	Chirakaari (make the Gati of Dosha slow)
Mrudu	Mardavakara
Slakshna	Pichila samana (Balya, Sandhanakaaraka)
Ruksha	Shoshana Karaka
Sukshma	Anusadrusha
Drava	which makes the Kledana
Sthira	Dadyarthakara, Balakara
Laghu	Laghavakaraka

Table 2: Difference between Grahi and Stambhana

Grahi	Stambhana
Ushna Virya	Sheeta Virya
Ama Pachana	Ama Apachana
Agni Vruddhi	Vata Karaka
Shoshana	Stambhana
Agni Mahabhuta	Aapa And Prithvi Mahabhuta's
Known as Ushna Grahi, Pakwa Sangrahaka, Eg : Nagarmotha, Shunti, Jeeraka, Gajapippli etc.	Known as Sheeta Grahi, Ama Sangrahaka

Stambhaniya Purusha^[6]

Pitta Dagda, Kshara Dadga, Agni Dagda, Chardi, Atisaara, Visha Ativega, Sweda Ativega.

Stambhana Chikitsa Varga

- 1. Shonita Stapana: That which eliminates the Vikruti of Rakta and attends Prakruti, makes Shonita Vruddhi and Sthirata or Stambana.
- Eg: Madhuka, Mocha Rasa, Mrutkapala, Lodra, Gairika, Priyangu, Sharkara, Laja, Sphatika.
- In Shalya Tantra, the Dravya which stops Rakta Srava are Shonita Stapana Dravya. Eg: Sheeta Parisheka, Bandana, Aqni Karma.
- Shonita Stapanam Chaturvidam, 1) Sadhana2)Dahana 3)Pachana 4) Skandana
- Vedana Stapana: Vedana Sthapayati Ati Pravruttam Stambhayati Iti Vedana Sthapana. Eg: Katphala, Kadamba, Padma, Shirisha etc.
- **3.** *Shukra Stambana:* The *Dravya* which does *Shukra Stambana*. *Eg: Jathiphala, Akarakabha*.
- **4.** *Pitta Sangrahaka : Shoshana of Pitta. Eg: Kutaja Phala, Kashmari Phala, Utpala, Kumuda, Ananta.*
- 5. Purisha Sangrahana: Pureesha Sangrahanm Pureeshasya Stambhanam Tasme Hitam||Eg : Priyangu, Katvanga, Lodra, Mocharasa, Samanga, Dhataki
- Mutra Sangrahak: Makes Mutra Ghada. Eg: Jambu, Plaksha, Vata, Udumbara, Aswata, Somavalka.
- 7. Swedopanayana: Atiswedana Lakshana : Pitta Asruk Kopa, Trshna Murcha Aswara Angasadana Bhrama. Mode of treatment is Stambhana /Swedopanayana. Eg: Kharpara Bhasma, Yashada Bhasma, Kaparda , Bhasma, Kupilu, Ushira, Lodhra, Datura, Vamsalochana.
- 8. Sleshma Sangrahaneeya : Shoshana of Drava Bhaga of Kapha : Kashaya Rasa, Amruta, Kutaja Twak.

Concept of Stambhana in Atisara^[7]

In the first stage of *Amatisara Stambhana* drugs should not be administered. If done so, *Dosas* get further aggravated and cause several others conditions like edema, anemia, spleen disorders, *Kusta* etc.

Caution: If the patient has become emaciated and weak, and if *Dosas* are eliminated in excess through *Atisara*, then even in *Ama* stage, *Stambhana Chikitsa* should be administered, the *Pachana Chikitsa* to such a person might cause death.

Time of administration of Sangrahak Bheshaja

Because of softness of *Grahani* (small intestine), the *Mala* comes out in *Pakva* form (free from *Ama*). In that case *Sangrahika Chikitsa* should immediately administered.

Dosha Dushya Samurchana

- Dosha: Pachaka Pitta Vriddhi (Sara, Drava Guna),Apana Vata Karma Vriddhi.
- Dusya : Apakwa Ahara Rasa, Purisha
- Dusti : Atipravrutti.

Stambhana in Atisara

- Kutajarista
- Lokanath Rasa
- Jatiphaladi Vati.
- Gudena Khadita Bilvam Raktatisara Nashanam.
- Aja Dugdha used in Atisara as it is Kashaya, Madhura, Grahi and Laghu Paki, so in Ksheena person it increase the Jeevana Shakti or Bala.

Sangrahika Basti

- 1. Jivanti, Agnimantha, Dhataki Puspa, Vatsaka.
- 2. Amlatasa, Kadhira, Kusta, Shami, Pinditaka, Yava.
- 3. Priyangu, Raktamooli, Taruni, Svarnayutika.
- 4. Vatadi Ksheera, Vruksa, Kimshuka, Lodra.

Kwatha prepared by these are used in Atisara and Grahani as Stambhaka.

Pravahika Nashaka Basti

- 1. Shalmali Kalka + Duqdha + Ghrita
- 2. Mocha Rasa + Dugdha + Ghrita

Raktatisara

Navanita along with ½ part of sugar + ¼ part of Madhu along with Pathya Sevana acts as Rakta Stambhaka.

Concept of Stambhana in Chardi^[8]

On continuance of vomiting, *Vayu* also gets aggravated definitely due to loss of *Dhatus*. Hence in case of vomiting continuing since long duration then *Stambhana* and *Brumhana Chikitsa* should be applied. *Sarpigud, Tryusana* and *Jivaniya Kalyanak Ghrita Vrushya Mamsa Rasa Leha's* controle the vomiting continue since long.

Concept of Stambhana In Rajyakshma^[9]

In Rajyakshma Rogi Purisha Samrakshna have to be done because there is a Kshaya of all Dhatus in Rajyakshma then the Rogi Bala is Aasrita on Purisha.

Concept of Stambhana in Prameha as Mutrasangrahaniya

In *Prameha* excessive amount of urine is produced so in *Prameha Rogi* excessive loss of *Jaliya Dhatu* takes place for this purpose *Mutrasamgrahniya Dravyas* are used these *Dravyas* are having *Ushna Guna* and *Kshaya Rasa Pradhana* so due these features lesser amount of urine is produced to decreases the loss of *Jaliya Datu*.

Concept of Stambhana in Raktapitta^[10]

Rakta Pitta occurs as a result of over nourishment (Santarpana) and if the strength and the muscle of patient are not reduced, then stoppage of bleeding by the administration of haemostatic measure is not desirable because the vitiated Dosas in the patient have a tendency at that time to come out (get eliminated), if the Stambhana is done in beginning then it may cause Galagraha, Putinasya, Murcha, Aruchi, Jwara, Gulma, Pleeharoga, Aanah, Kilaas, Mutrakrucrata, Kusta, Sanyasa, Visarpa, Varna Nasha, Bhagandara, Budhi Indriyoparodha, so in Raktapitta after seeing Doshavasta and Bala of the patient initial treatment should start.

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Nasagata Raktapitta

Avapida Nasya

- 1. Nilotpala, Gairika, Shankha, Chandana, Sita and Jala.
- 2. Nasya with Amrashti Rasa, Samanga, Dhataki, Mocha Rasa and Lodra.

Mutramarga Raktapitta

- Siddha Gritha prepared with Gokshura, Shatavari, Shalaparni, Prsnaparni, Mudgaparni, Mashaparni.
- Shatavari Ksheera
- Shatavari + Gokshura Kwath + Kalka prepared with Ksheera.

Vit Marga Raktapitta

- Mocha Rasa Siddha Dugdha.
- Godugdha, Mocha Rasa Kalka, Sugandha Bala, Nilotpala, Shunti Sadhita Dugdha.

Ghrita Kalpana's

- Vatsaka Ghrita Lodhra, Kamala, Manjista,
 Trayamana, Laja, Godhuma, Madhuka, Sita, Peya.
- Shanadi Ghrita : Sanapuspa, Kovidara, Vasa and Ghrita
- Kushmandapaka
- Nagabala Ghrita
- Aatarushadhi Ghrita

Basti Prayoga in Adhoga Raktapitta

Niruha Basti: Madhuka, Anjana, Manjista, Mrunala, Utpala, Gairika, Nagakesara, Lodra, Amra, Rakta Chandana, Kamala, Kalka Shankha Bhasma, Madhu, Ghrita and Dugdha.

Peya: Kamala, Utpala, Prshnaparni, Priyangu, Usheeradi Peya, Priyangvadi Peya.

Concept of Stambhana in Raktajagulma

After Shastra Kriya of Raktaja Gulma, If Adhika Rakta Srava occurs then Adhogami Raktapitta Chikitsa has to be done.

Later *Jeevaniya Gana Siddha Ghrita Uttara Basti* is given or *Anuvasana Basti* is given.

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- As per Charak Chikitsastana 5/18, improper Stambhana Chikitsa.
- In women leads to Raktaja Gulma (altered periods).

Concept Of Stambhana In Raktarsha [11]

Charaka says to use Tikta Rasa Dravya in Raktarsha.

Dosha Dusya Samurchana

- Dosha: Apana Vata Karma Vriddhi, Alpakriya Pachaka Pitta (Ushna, Tiksna Guna Vrddhi)
- Dushya: Mamsa, Sira, Dhamani, Rakta
- Dusti: Vimarga Gamana

Raktavarodhaka Yoga

- Kutaja Twak + Shunti Samabhaga Kwath prepared + Go Ghrita
- 2. Dadima Twak + Shunti + Rakta Chandana + Go Ghrita
- 3. Rakta Chandana + Kiratatikta + Dhanvayavasa + Nagara Kwath
- 4. Laja + Go Ghrita + Madhu.

Bhaahya Prayoga in Raktaarshas which does Sthambana Karma

Tender leaves of Kadali Vruksha, Kamala Patra, Neela Utpala taken together is to be applied to the Arshaankura by sprinkling cold water over leaves. By applying this the Rakta Sraava occuring from Arshaankura gets ceased.

Concept of Stambhana after Raktamokshana (Siravyadavidhi) [12]

After the *Sira Vyadana* if blood flow is not stopped then immediatly do the *Stambhan Karma* by *Stambhaniya Dravyas* those are, *Lodhra, Priyangu, Patanga, Masha, Yastimadhu, Gairika, Mrutkapala, Anjana, Kshauma Mashi, Vatankura, Ksheeri Churna* are applied over *Vruna Mukha* and drinking the *Padmakadi Sadhita Sheeta Kashaya*.

Swedana and Stambhana Guna

Swedana Guna	Stambhana Guna
Guru	Laghu
Tikshna	Manda
Ushna	Sheeta
Drava	Drava
Sthira	Sara
Sara	Slakshna
Snigdha	Ruksha
Ruksa	Sukshma
Sukshma	Kashaya Tikta Madhura

Swedana Atiyoga [13]

Lakshanas

- Rakta pitta prakopa
- Chardi, Murcha, Moha
- Sadana, Bramah
- Sandipeeda, Jwara
- Shavarakta, Mandala Darshanam

Chikitsa

Sheeta Upakrama and Stambhana Chikitsa

Chikitsa in Vamana Atiyoga^[14]

In Vamana Atiyoga Sitambhu Parisechana should be done initially, then Kaphahara Mantha along with ghee, honey and sugar. If bulging is present, if patient may develop Murcha then Dhanyaka and Musta Prayoga should be done, and Madhuka, Anjana Churna with Honey prepared Lehya should be given.

Chikitsa of Ati Virechana [15]

- Padmaka Ushira Nagahva Chandanani Prayojayet||
- Pana Alepa Sechana
- Sauvira Pishta Amra Valkala Abhilepo Atisara. (Acc To Chakradatta)

- Basti : Ashwavarohika Kakanasa Rajakasairuka Kalka Madhu Anjana Ghrita Sadhita Duqdha.
- Nyagrodadi Kalka Madhu Anjana Grihta Siddha Dugdha.

Nasya Atiyoga

Lakshana: Mustulunga Agama, Vata Vruddi, Indriya Vibrama, Shira Shoonyata

Chikitsa: Nasagata Raktapitta Chikitsa has to be done.

Stambhaniya Aoushadi Gana [16]

Sarivadi Gana, Anjanadi Gana, Lodradi Gana, Ambastadi Gana, Utpaladi Gana, Lakshadi Gana, Nyagrodadi Gana.

Peya's

- Payasya Arddhodake Chage Hribera Utpala Nagarai | Peya Raktaatisaraghni Prshnaparni Cha Sadhita | |
- Kamala Utpala Prshnaparni Priyangu Peya.
- Ushira Lodra Shringabera Kuchandana
- Hribera Dhataki Pushpa Bilwa Majja Duralabha Peya used in Raktapitta.

Mahakashaya [17]

- Sandhaniya Mahakashaya
- Shonitastapana Mahakashaya
- Rajastapana Mahakashaya : Yendri Brahmi Shatavari Sahasra Veerya Amogha Avyatha Shiva Arista Vatyapusphi .
- Purisha Sangrahaneeya, Mutra Sangrahaniya.

Shamanoushadi's which does Stambhana

Asava Arista	Vati
 Ushirasva 	Shukrastambana Vati
 Chandanasav 	 Pradarantaka Vati
 Kutajarista 	Saubhagya Shunti
 Asokarista 	 Kutaja Ghana Vati
 Patrangasav 	■ Eladi Vati

Rasoushadhi	Churna
 Loknath Ras 	 Pushyanuga Churna
 Kamadugda Ras 	Brht Gangadhar Churna
 Pradarantaka Rasa 	Chandanadi Churna
■ Gangadhar Ras	Stambana Churna
Chandrakala Ras	
 Kutaja Parpati 	
■ Bola Parpati	
 Panchamruta Parpati 	
Bola Baddha Ras	

Basti Yoga

- Picha Basti
- Grahi Basti

Stambhita Ati Yoga Lakshana [18]

- Tvak , Snayu Sankoch
- Kampana
- Obsruction in Gati of Hrudaya, Vaak, Hanugraha
- Shava Varna in both lower and upper limbs, in Osta and in Tvacha and in nails.

Samyak Stambhita Lakshana^[19]

By the proper administration of *Stambhana* treatment, the patient gains strength and the indicated diseases get subsides.

CONCLUSION

In Chikitsa Vidhi Stambhana Chikitsa plays an important role to maintain the Dosha, Dhatu, Mala in equilibrium condition. In Shadvidhopakrama Stambhana explaned as a last Upakrama so in any end of the disease or in any uncontrolled disease, or in Atiyoga of any Shodana, Stambhana plays important role. Stambhana is utmost essential to protect patient's Bala, Prana and when there is Atipravrutti in any of Dosha and Dushya.

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