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SYNTHESIS OF BENZIMIDAZOLE-CYCLOHEXANONE DERIVATIVES

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ABSTRACT

This work reports the synthesis and characterization of new benzimidazole-cyclohexanone derivatives **3a-d**, **4a-d** and **5a-d** under different reaction conditions. The intermediates and final compounds were purified and their chemical structures were elucidated using ¹H-NMR, ¹³C-NMR and mass spectral data.

Keywords: Benzimidazole, Cyclohexanone, NMR, Reaction intermediates

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1. INTRODUCTION

Benzimidazole derivatives are of wide interest because of their diverse biological activity and clinical applications, the benzimidazole ring is present in some clinically used drugs, such as proton pump inhibitors, the antiviral enviroxime and the antihistaminic astemizole, but it may also display antimycobacterial, antimicrobial, anticonvulsant, analgesic, anti-inflammatory, anti-diabetic, antiprotozoal, antipsychotic, antioxidant and antitumoral properties[1].

Some of them like thiabendazole, mebendazole or albendazole are widely used asantihelmintic drugs [2], due to their ability to bind selectively with high affinity to the β -



subunit of helminthmicrotubule protein [3]. Benzimidazolone derivatives also cover a broad range of biological activities, including opioid receptor antagonistic [4] or antinociceptive [5] effects, and potassium channel activation [6].

The benzimidazolone and benzimidazolothione ring structures possess a number of interesting biologically properties and constitute a constrained ring system with two nitrogen atoms linked by an ethylene bridge, as diazoles ring system [7,8].

Cyclohexanone-analogous, which designed based on the curcumin corestructure, have been discovered as potential EGFR inhibitors [9], drugs for the treatment of ER-negative breast cancer [10].

2. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

From this point of view, in the present study, new Benzimidazole-cyclohexanone derivatives were synthesized. We used two-step procedure with different reagents for synthesis of twelve benzimidazole derivatives.

In the first step, A similar procedure involving the addition of *o*-PDAs to 2-acetylbutyrolactone and analogues, was recently used by our group to access benzimidazole-butyrolactone derivatives [11].

By examining a variety of reaction conditions, we have found that the process is usually most efficient using an equimolar mixture of 2- acetylcyclohexanone 1 and o-PDAs in ethanol at room temperature. Under these conditions all the intermediates were obtained in good yields(60–80%) and readily isolated by simple recrystallization (Scheme 1). The structures of all these synthons 2a–d have been established on the basis of ¹H and ¹³C NMR.

Scheme 1. Synthesis of aminophenylaminoethylidenecyclohexanones 2a-d

| Compounds | R | \mathbf{R}^2 | Time(h) | Yield (%) | mp (°C) | Nature and color |
|-----------|-----------------|----------------|---------|-----------|---------|------------------|
| 2a | Н | Н | 24 | 60 | 191-193 | Brown powder |
| 2b | CH ₃ | Н | 24 | 65 | 195-197 | Yellow powder |
| 2c | Cl | Н | 24 | 73 | 204-206 | White powder |
| 2d | Н | NO_2 | 24 | 80 | 207-209 | Yellow powder |

Table 1. Conditions of formation and physical data of 2a-d in ethanol at 25 °C

The next step consisted in the preparation of the benzimidazole ring by treating the isolated (Z)-2-(1-aminoethylidene)cyclohexanones **2a–d** either with *N,N*-dimethylformamide, dimethylacetal (DMF–DMA) in refluxing CH₂Cl₂ in the presence of catalytic amounts of NEt₃ lasting from 10 to 15 h, triphosgene in CH₂Cl₂ and allowed to stir for 3 h starting from 0°C up to room temperature, carbon disulfide in DMSO at room temperature of NEt₃, respectively, benzimidazole **3a–d**, benzimidazolone **4a–d**, or benzimidazole-2-thione **5a–d** attached to a cyclohexanone moiety via a 1-aminoethylidene moiety(Scheme 2)[11].

$$\begin{array}{c} R^2 \\ R^1 \\ R^2 \\ R^2 \\ R^1 \\ R^2 \\ R^2 \\ R^1 \\ R^2 \\ R^2 \\ R^2 \\ R^3 \\$$

Scheme 2. Synthesis of benzimidazoles 3a-d, benzimidazolones 4a-d and benzimidazolothiones 5a-d

All compounds **3-5** were characterized by the various spectroscopic methods. Their physical properties are summarized in table 2.

Nature \mathbb{R}^1 \mathbb{R}^2 Compounds **Temperature Solvent** Time(h) Yield (%) mp (°C) and color Yellow Η Η reflux 10 85 173-175 3a CH₂Cl₂ powder Yellow **3b** reflux 90 202-204 CH_3 Η CH_2Cl_2 12 powder Off white Η reflux 15 75 **3c** Cl CH₂Cl₂ 207-209 powder Yellow **3d** NO_2 reflux CH_2Cl_2 12 65 213-215 Η powder Grey 0°C 90 4a Η Η CH_2Cl_2 3h 223-225 powder Brown **4b** CH_3 Η 0°C CH_2Cl_2 3h 70 229-230 powder Yellow **4c** Cl Η 0°C CH₂Cl₂ 3h 88 235-236 powder White **4d** Η NO_2 0°C CH₂Cl₂ 3h 90 242-243 powder Orange **DMSO** 48h 95 5a Η Η rt 225-226 powder Yellow 5b CH_3 Η **DMSO** 48h 85 234-235 rt powder Brown **5c** C1 Η **DMSO** 48h 50 231-232 rt powder White **5d** Η NO_2 **DMSO** 48h 60 242-244 rt powder

Table 2. Conditions of formation and physical data of **3-5**

3. EXPERIMENTAL

All chemicals were obtained from Aldrich. Melting points were taken on a Thomas Hoover apparatus and are uncorrected. Nuclear magnetic resonance spectra were obtained with a Bruker AC 300 at 300 MHz (1 H) or 75 MHz (13 C). The chemical shifts are reported in ppm(δ -scale) relative to internal TMS and coupling constants are reported in Hertz (Hz). High-resolution mass spectrometry HRMS spectra were obtained with a GC TOF Waters and Waters Q / TOF Ultima.

General procedure for synthesis of 2a-d

In 20 mL ethanol, a 2-acetylcyclohexanone (1 mL, 0.01 mol) was reacted with ophenylenediamines (1.08 g, 0.01 mol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature 24 hours under magneticstirring, the compounds precipitate in the reaction media. After filtration under reduced pressure, the corresponding compounds **2a-d** were purified by recrystallization from ethanol.

General procedure for synthesis of 3a-d

An equimolar amount of (Z)-2-(2 Aminophenylamino) ethylidene) cyclohexanones **2a-d** (1.8 mmol) and DMF DMA (1.8 mmol) was allowed to stir under refluxing dichloromethane (20 mL) for 10 to 15 h (the reactions are monitored by TLC) in the presence of few drops of triethylamine. The precipitating products were removed by evaporation and treatment with diethyl ether. The pure compounds **3a-d** were recrystallized from ethanol.

General procedure for synthesis of 4a-d

A mixture of (Z)-2-(2 Aminophenylamino) ethylidene) cyclohexanones **2a-d** (0.02 mol) and trimethylamine (0.04 mol) in dichloromethane (40 mL) was placed in an ice/water bath under constant magnetic stirring. Triphosgene (6.6 mmol) was gradually added over a period of 3 h. The reaction was quenched in ice/water and the product was extracted using dichloromethane (3 x 40 mL). The organic fraction was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. Solid products of **4a-d** were obtained upon evaporation of the dichloromethane solution.

General procedure for synthesis of 5a-d

A mixture of (Z)-2-(2 Aminophenylamino) ethylidene) cyclohexanones **2a-d** (2 mmol) and thiosulfide (2 mmol) in DMSO (30 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 48 h in the presence of a few drops of NEt₃. The reaction mixture was then slowly versed in ice/water under stirring. Compounds **5a-d** were precipitated, collected by filtration and washed with water.

(Z)-2-[1-(2-Aminophenylamino)ethylidene)]cyclohexanone 2a

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 1.60-1.70 (m, 4H, CH₂), 1.76 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.26 and 2.36 (2t, J 3.7 Hz, 4H, CH₂), 3.75 (s, 2H, NH₂), 6.80-7.30 (m, 4H, Harom), 9.26 (s, 1H, NH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 17.5 (CH₃), 22.8, 26.5, 27.4 and 41.0 (4 x CH₂), 99.5 (CO-C=C), 119.3, 124.5, 126.5, 127.6, 128.4 and 142.8 (Carom), 155.1 [=C(CH₃)-NH], 202.4 (C=O); HRMS (ESI⁺): m/z calcd for [C₁₄H₁₈N₂O+Na]⁺: 253.1330; found: 253.1215.

(Z)-2-[1-(2-Amino-4-methylphenylamino)ethylidene]cyclohexanone 2b

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 1.64-1.76 (m, 4H, CH₂), 1.15 and 1.72 (2s, 6H, CH₃), 2.20 and 2.26 (2t, J 3.7 Hz, 4H, CH₂), 2.95 (s, 2H, NH₂), 7.10-7.80 (m, 3H, Harom), 8.80 (s, 1H, NH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 17.6 and 24.2 (2 x CH₃), 22.5, 26.4, 27.4 and 40.0 (4 x CH₂), 100.1 (CO-C=C), 116.5, 119.2, 122.4, 128.7, 139.1 and 143.4 (Carom), 156.3 [=C(CH₃)-NH], 200.8 (C=O); HRMS (ESI⁺): m/z calcd for [C₁₅H₂₀N₂O+Na]⁺: 267.1550; found: 267.1346.

(Z)-2-[1-(2-Amino-4-chlorophenylamino)ethylidene]cyclohexanone 2c

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 1.60-1.70 (m, 4H, CH₂), δ 1.80 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.25 and 2.37 (2t, J 4.1 Hz, 4H, CH₂), 3.98 (s, 2H, NH₂), 6.60-7.10 (m, 3H, Harom), 9.16 (s, 1H, NH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 17.3 (CH₃), 22.5, 26.6, 27.5 and 41.2 (4 x CH₂), 201.4 (CO-C=C), 115.6, 118.5, 123.4, 129.8, 134.1 and 145.7 (Carom), 157.3 [=C(CH₃)- NH], 201.8 (C=O); HRMS (ESI⁺): m/z calcd for [C₁₄H₁₇ClN₂O+Na]⁺: 287.0908; found: 287.0917.

(Z)-2-[1-(2-Amino-5-nitrophenylamino)ethylidene]cyclohexanone 2d

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 1.64-1.75 (m, 4H, CH₂), 2.10 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.24 and 2.37 (2t, J 3.6 Hz, 4H, CH₂), 4.00 (s, 2H, NH₂), 6.80-7.70 (m, 3H, Harom), 9.40 (s, 1H, NH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 17.8 (CH₃), 23.0, 26.2, 27.6 and 39.8 (4 x CH₂), 99.0 (CO-C=C), 114.2, 126.1, 125.5, 125.6, 136.1 and 152.6 (Carom), 156.4 [=C(CH₃)-NH], 200.5 (C=O); HRMS (ESI⁺): m/z calcd for [C₁₄H₁₇N₃O₃+Na]⁺: 298.1210; found: 298.1140.

(Z)-2-[1-(1H-Benzo[d]imidazol-1-yl)ethylidene|cyclohexanone 3a

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 1.69-1.74 (m, 4H, CH₂), 1.85 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.39 and 2.40 (2t, J 3.9 Hz, 4H, CH₂), 6.60-7.30 (m, 4H, Harom), 9.30 (s, 1H, N=CH-N); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 17.5 (CH₃), 22.7, 26.4, 27.3 and 41.2 (4 x CH₂), 100.6 (CO-C=C), 115.5, 119.1, 124.4, 126.6, 128.2 and 142.8 (Carom), 153.5 (N=CH-N), 157.0 [=C(CH₃)-N<], 198.9 (C=O); HRMS (ESI⁺): m/z calcd for [C₁₅H₁₆N₂O+Na]⁺: 263.1214; found: 263.1109.

(Z)-2-[1-(5-Methyl-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazol-1-yl)ethylidene]cyclohexanone 3b

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 1.20 and 1.83 (2s, 6H, CH₃), 1.68-1.75 (m, 4H, CH₂), 2.41 and 2.43 (2t, J 3.8 Hz, 4H, CH₂), 6.55-7.20 (m, 3H, Harom), 9.32 (s, 1H, N=CH-N); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 17.2 and 23.6 (2 x CH₃), 22.5, 26.3, 27.1 and 40.6 (4 x CH₂), 99.7 (CO-C=C), 115.8, 119.2, 124.5, 126.5, 129.0 and 143.0 (Carom), 153.4 (N=CH-N), 156.5 [=C(CH₃)-N<], 199.8 (C=O); HRMS (ESI⁺): m/z calcd for [C₁₆H₁₈N₂O +Na]⁺: 277.1302; found: 277.1256.

(Z)-2-[1-(5-Chloro-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazol-1-yl)ethylidene]cyclohexanone 3c

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 1.66-1.73 (m, 4H, CH₂), 1.80 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.40 and 2.42 (2t, J 3.9 Hz, 4H, CH₂), 6.52-6.98 (m, 3H, Harom), 9.25 (s, 1H, N=CH-N); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 17.6 (CH₃), 22.6, 26.5, 27.2 and 41.4 (4 x CH₂), 99.6 (CO-C=C), 116.6, 119.6, 123.1, 129.8, 134.7 and 145.2 (Carom), 153.3 (N=CH-N), 156.9 [=C(CH₃)-N<], 199.7 (C=O); HRMS (ESI⁺): m/z calcd for [C₁₅H₁₅ClN₂O+Na]⁺: 297.0856; found: 297.0804.

(Z)-2-[1-(5-Nitro-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-1-yl)ethylidene]cyclohexanone 3d

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 1.70-1.76 (m, 4H, CH₂), 2.10 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.42 and 2.43 (2t, J 3.8 Hz, 4H, CH₂), 6.52-7.03 (m, 3H, Harom), 9.20 (s, 1H, N=CH-N); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 15.2 (CH₃), 22.9, 26.7, 27.5 and 40.5 (4 x CH₂), 99.8 (CO-C=C), 113.7, 123.5, 125.1, 125.7, 135.3 and 152.5 (Carom), 153.3 (N=CHN). 156.2 [=C(CH₃)-N], 200.4 (C=O); HRMS (ESI⁺): m/z calcd for [C₁₅H₁₅N₃O₃+Na]⁺: 308.1055; found: 308.0908.

(Z)-1-[1-(2-oxocyclohexylidene)ethyl]-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-one 4a

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 1.66-1.75 (m, 4H, CH₂), 2.45 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.28 and 2.44 (2t, J 3.8 Hz, 4H, CH₂), 7.10-7.62 (m, 4H, Harom), 9.32 (s, 1H, NH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 19.2 (CH₃), 22.5, 26.3, 27.4 and 40.7 (4 x CH₂), 102.8 (CO-C=C), 108.7, 109.5, 121.0, 121.3, 128.4 and 129.2 (Carom), 138.1 [=C(CH₃)- N], 149.8 and 198.9 (2 x C=O); HRMS (ESI⁺): m/z calcd for [C₁₅H₁₆N₂O₂+Na]⁺: 279.1127; found: 279.1093.

(Z)-5-Methyl-1-[1-(2-oxocyclohexylidene)ethyl]-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-one 4b 1 H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 1.19 and 2.35 (2s, 6H, CH₃), 1.62-1.73 (m, 4H, CH₂), 2.30 and 2.46 (2t, *J* 3.9 Hz, 4H, CH₂), 6.80-7.77 (m, 3H, Harom), 9.29 (s, 1H, NH); 13 C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 18.7 and 19.2 (2 x CH₃), 22.5, 26.2, 27.4 and 40.9 (4 x CH₂), 100.8 (CO-C=C), 109.0, 109.3, 120.5, 121.4, 128.8 and 129.7 (Carom), 138.9 [=C(CH₃)-N], 148.2 and 203.3 (2 x C=O); HRMS (ESI⁺): m/z calcd for [C₁₆H₁₈N₂O₂+Na]⁺: 293.1304; found: 293.1264.

(Z)-5-Chloro-1-[1-(2-oxocyclohexylidene)ethyl]-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-2(3H)-one 4c

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 1.64-1.73 (m, 4H, CH₂), 2.15 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.28 and 2.41 (2t, J 3.9 Hz, 4H, CH₂), 7.20-7.82 (m, 3H, Harom), 9.20 (s, 1H, NH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 19.6 (CH₃), 22.5, 26.2, 27.5 and 41.0 (4 x CH₂), 99.6 (CO-C=C), 108.2, 110.2, 120.2, 122.0, 128.3 and 129.8 (Carom), 142.3 [=C(CH₃)- N], 151.8 and 198.8 (2 x C=O); HRMS (ESI⁺): m/z calcd for [C₁₅H₁₅ClN₂O₂+Na]⁺: 313.0708; found: 313.0680.

(Z)-6-Nitro-1-[1-(2-oxocyclohexylidene)ethyl]-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-2(3H)-one 4d

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 1.63-1.75 (m, 4H, CH₂), 2.18 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.25 and 2.46 (2t, J 3.9 Hz, 4H, CH₂), 7.50-8.61 (m, 3H, Harom), 9.32 (s, 1H, NH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 19.9 (CH₃), 22.6, 26.5, 27.1 and 40.6 (4 x CH₂), 99.8 (CO-C=C), 108.6, 109.5, 120.6, 121.5, 128.1 and 128.8 (Carom), 142.4 [=C(CH₃)-N], 152.0 and 198.9 (2 x C=O); HRMS (ESI⁺): m/z calcd for [C₁₅H₁₅N₃O₄+Na]⁺: 324.1040; found: 324.0923.

(Z)-2-[1-(2-Thioxo-2,3-dihydrobenzo[d|imidazol-1-yl) ethylidene|cyclohexanone 5a

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 1.62-1.74 (m, 4H, CH₂), 2.23 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.24 and 2.47 (2t, J 3.7 Hz, 4H, CH₂), 6.68- 6.98 (m, 4H, Harom), 12.76 (s, 1H, NH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 17.5 (CH₃), 22.6, 26.5, 27.5 and 40.8 (4 x CH₂), 100.4 (CO-C=C), 110.7, 111.5, 123.7, 127.4, 131.6 and 132.5 (Carom), 141.3 [=C(CH₃)- N], 165.2 (C=S), 199.6 (C=O); HRMS (ESI⁺): m/z calcd for [C₁₅H₁₆N₂OS+Na]⁺: 295.0920; found: 265.0502.

$(Z) - 2 - [1 - (5 - Methyl - 2 - thioxo - 2, 3 - dihydrobenzo[\emph{d}] imidazol - 1yl) ethylidene] cyclohexanone 5b$

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 1.64-1.77 (m, 4H, CH₂), 2.42 and 2.50 (2s, 6H, CH₃), 2.25 and 2.36 (2t, J 3.8 Hz, 4H, CH₂), 6.60-7.52 (m, 3H, Harom), 11.76 (s, 1H, NH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 16.9 and 17.2 (2 x CH₃), 22.6, 26.5, 27.5 and 41.0 (4 x CH₂), 99.8 (CO-C=C), 104.4, 110.1, 122.6, 124.5, 138.2 and 143.1 (Carom), 141.0 [=C(CH₃)-N],165.8 (C=S), 200.1 (C=O); HRMS (ESI⁺): m/z calcd for [C₁₆H₁₈N₂OS+Na]⁺: 303.1029; found: 303.0908.

(Z) - 2 - [1 - (5 - Chloro - 2 - thioxo - 2, 3 - dihydrobenzo[d] imidazol - 1 - yl) ethylidene] cyclohexanone 5c

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 1.62-1.74 (m, 4H, CH₂), 2.23 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.31 and 2.39 (2t, J 3.7 Hz, 4H,CH₂), 6.52-7.26 (m, 3H, Harom), 12.29 (s, 1H, NH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 17.7 (CH₃), 22.5, 26.3, 27.5 and 41.1 (4 x CH₂), 99.1 (CO-C=C), 101.8, 107.5, 119.2, 121.2, 125.3 and 131.6 (Carom), 142.0 [=C(CH₃)-N], 166.2 (C=S); 200.6 (C=O); HRMS (ESI⁺): m/z calcd for [C₁₅H₁₅ClN₂OS+Na]⁺: 329.0540; found: 329.0204.

(Z) - 2 - [1 - (6 - Nitro - 2 - thioxo - 2, 3 - dihydrobenzo[d] imidazol - 1 - yl) ethylidene] cyclohexanone 5d

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 1.65-1.76 (m, 4H, CH₂), 2.25 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.35 and 2.47 (2t, J 3.7 Hz, 4H, CH₂), 6.90-7.14 (m, 3H, Harom), 11.35 (s, 1H, NH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d⁶): δ 17.6 (CH₃), 22.7, 25.8, 26.9 and 39.8 (4 x CH₂), 99.6 (CO-C=C), 105.3, 107.5, 120.3, 127.2, 131.9 and 140.6 (Carom), 142.1 [=C(CH₃)- N], 166.8 (C=S), 201.7 (C=O); HRMS (ESI⁺): m/z calcd for [C₁₅H₁₅N₃O₃S+Na]⁺: 340.0712; found: 340.0744.

4. CONCLUSION

A new series of benzimidazole-cyclohexanone **3a-b**, **4a-b** and **5a-b** were synthesized by the reaction of (Z)-2-(1-aminoethylidene)cyclohexanones with different electrophilic reagents as DMF-DMA, triphosgene and carbon disulfide. All these compounds were obtained in moderate-to good yields under mild operating conditions. The determination of the structural features of these intermediates was first performed by solution ¹H, ¹³C NMR and HRMS.

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