RESEARCH PROJECT INITIATION

Ringer Fete

			Date:	July 22, 1	
Project Title: The	Binding of	Antibiotic	s to DNA		
Project No: G-4	1-636				
Principal Investigato	Dr. Roger	M. Wartell			
Sponsor: Publi	.c Health Sei	rvice			
Agreement Period:	From 7/1	10/74	Until 5/3.	L/75	
Type Agreement: B		ciences Sup	port Grant ([nternal]	
Amount: \$4,34	10 (4)				
Reports Required:	Final due by	7/15/75			
Sponsor Contact Per		ohn W. Crens			
		L of Biolog	ces Support (Frant Commi	ccee

Assigned t	o: Physics	
COPIES	To:	
\$ **	Principal Investigator	Library
	School Director	Rich Electronic Computer Center
•	Dean of the College	Photographic Laboratory
	Director, Research Administration	Project File
	Director, Financial Affairs (2)	
	Security-Reports-Property Office	The state of the s
	Patent Coordinator	Other
BA-3/6 7		

GEORGIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

OFFICE OF RESEARCH ADMINISTRATION



RESEARCH PROJECT TERMINATION

•			Date:	
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Project Title: The E	inding of Ant	ibioties to	DNA	
Project No: G-41-	636			
Principal Investigator:	Dr. Roger M.	Wartell	* 25	
Sponsor: DHEW/PH	3 - Biomedica	l Sciences	Support	Grant
Effective Termination	5-31-75			•
Clearance of Account	ing Charges:		* .	<u>.</u>
Grant/Contract	Closeout Actio	ons Remaini	Ing: No	ne

COPIES TO:	Physics		
Principal Investigator	Library, Technical Reports Section		
School Director	Rich Electronic Computer Center		
Dean of the College	Photographic Laboratory		
Director of Research Administration	Terminated Project File No.		
Associate Controller (2)	Other		
Security-Reports-Property Office 🗸			
Patent and Inventions Coordinator	Dr. J. W. Crenshaw, Jr File G-32-608		

Report of Research
Supported by Biomedical Science Support Grant
July 1, 1974 - June 30, 1975

The Binding of Antibiotics To DNA
Dr. Roger M. Wartell

Two studies were initiated during the summer support period. Both are actively being continued by graduate students. The binding of ruticulomycin (also known as nogalomycin) to several natural DNAs was examined. These were Clostridium perfringens DNA (70% AT), calfthymus DNA (67% AT), Escherichia coli DNA (50% AT) and Micrococus: luteus DNA (28% AT). Utilizing the absorbance of the drug between the wavelengths 400-500 nm, binding was examined by monitoring the absorbance spectra after adding DNA. Results indicated that at least two types of binding sities are available to ruticulomycin. One site involves AT rich regions. Ms.Cynthia Fordyce is continuing these studies in order to characterize the binding sites. This work will constitute the research requirement for her Master's thesis.

The second study has involved the interaction of netropsin with DNA. Initial studies by the author on netropsin binding to d(A-T) d(A-T) confirmed results previously obtained with a different sample of the drug. In collaboration with Mr. Jim Martin and Dr. Donald O'Shea a study was initiated to obtain detailed information on the netropsin-DNA complex by Laser Raman Spectroscopy. This technique has the potential to elucidate what functional groups of netropsin are binding to DNA. The Raman lines

of netropsin have been observed to change in the presence of DNA. Work being conducted by Mr. Martin is currently working on correlating the netropsin Raman lines to functional group vibrations of the molecule.

Personnel Receiving Salary

R. M. Wartell, Ph.D.

Salary - \$3,990

Schools of Physics &

Biology

Assistant Professor