



## **Investigation of VLF Test Parameters**

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## **Introduction - why**

- IEEE400.2 is in use with recommendations of test times and test voltages
- At the start of the CDFI project there was considerable discussion concerning:
  - Appropriateness of test parameters how close are the parameters to the "cliff edge"
  - How likely are these parameters to cause subsequent failures in service
- Objective was to examine the effects of test voltage and duration of VLF withstand tests on cable performance.

## Introduction – test program

- Field aged cable samples
- Cables from one area within one utility.
  - 15 kV XLPE unjacketed cable
  - 1970 vintage
  - triplex
  - Total length: 1,680 ft
- Test program combines aging at U<sub>0</sub> (1 year) and 2U<sub>0</sub> (1 year) with multiple applications of high voltage VLF or 60 Hz AC.

## **Performance Evaluation**

### **Primary Metric**

Survival during ageing and testing

### **Secondary Metrics**

- Before and after each VLF application 60 Hz PD measurement at the ageing voltage (U<sub>0</sub> or 2 U<sub>0</sub>)
- Between Phase A & B IRC, PD (AC 2.2  $U_0$ , DAC), Tan  $\delta$

# **Test Program Phases**

	Phase A	Phase B
Samples	Service Aged XLPE	Phase A Survivors
Ageing Voltage	U <sub>0</sub>	2U <sub>0</sub>
Ageing Temperature	Ambient	45 °C
VLF Voltage Type	Sine 0.1Hz	Cosine-Rectangular 0.1Hz

### **Test Matrix – Voltages & Times**



# **Laboratory Setup**



## **VLF Units**



### Sinusoidal

### **Cosine-Rectangular**



# Phase A U<sub>0</sub> & Ambient Temp Aging Sinusoidal VLF

















## Failures on Test – When do they happen?





## **Voltage Effect on Times to Failure**



## What can we say about the cables

- After the tests in situ 60Hz breakdown test was conducted
- Because we know when failures occurred we can make some reasonable estimates of the range of 60Hz stresses for these
- Thus
  - Can measure strength after tests
  - Can infer strength before

### **Breakdown Performance**



### **Breakdown Performance**



## **VLF Test Program Summary**

- Phase A (U<sub>0</sub> aging, 20°C Sinusoidal) and Phase B (2U<sub>0</sub> aging, 45°C Cosine-Rectangular) are complete.
- No VLF exposed samples have failed under 60 Hz aging
  @ U<sub>0</sub> & 2U<sub>0</sub>.
- VLF failure occurrence did not increase with sequential application
- VLF failures on test:
  - Less than 15 mins: 12 % (2 failures)
  - 15 60 mins: 71 % (12 failures)
- Estimates of the breakdown performance with and without VLF show that the VLF tested samples improved.

## What does this tell us?

- IEEE400.2 voltages are quite some way from the "cliff edge"
- Great care needs to be used if voltages higher than IEEE400.2 are used
- Test times of 15 mins or less leave many weak spots in place
- 30 mins seems a practical compromise
- Little benefit from going to 60 mins
- Repeated VLF exposure does not cause failure under subsequent AC

