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Dementia and Technology:

Evidence supporting the use of assistive technology for individuals with Alzheimer's disease and related dementias

Diana Skoutelas, Christie Tanner, Gabriella Vulpis, Gittel Zelczer Faculty Mentor: Catherine Verrier Piersol, PhD, OTR/L Presented in Partial Fulfillment of the Master of Science in Occupational Therapy degree at Thomas Jefferson University

Objectives of Presentation:

- 1) **Recognize** the potential for and the use of assistive technology (AT) with Alzheimer's disease or related dementias (ADRD).
- 2) **Identify** the context in which AT can be used with individuals with ADRD.
- 3) **Describe** how AT is being used to promote engagement in meaningful occupations for individuals with ADRD.
- 4) Discuss the opportunities for occupational therapy to contribute to the efficacy of AT with ADRD.

Clinical Question: What is the evidence to support the use of assistive technology to promote participation in meaningful occupations for individuals with Alzheimer's disease or related dementias?

Methods:

- Databases: CINAHL, Cochrane, OvidSP, PubMed
- Search terms:

Population		Intervention	Outcomes	
Elder adults	Cognitive impairment*	Assistive technolog*	Aging-in-place	Daily occupation*
Older adults	Neurocognitive disorder*	Smart home	Aging n3 place	ADL
Dementia	Parkinson*	Technolog*	Home environment	IADL
Frontotemporal	Parkinson* disease	Occupational therapy	Improv* participation	
Alzheimer*				

- Inclusion Criteria: Peer-reviewed journals published from 2000 to present, individuals with ADRD, and the use of assistive technology; articles discussing other populations were excluded
- 248 articles yielded from databases; only 8 articles were identified to meet inclusion criteria and 4 additional articles were identified through other sources (8 qualitative, 4 quantitative)
- Critique Process: Two authors served as reviewers and completed either the *Law & McDermid Appendix M* (2008a) and *Law & McDermid Appendix N* (2008b) or the *Law and McDermid Qualitative Review Form* (2008c) to critically appraise the articles.

Results:

- This literature review indicates testing specific prototypes of AT to promote meaningful occupations of individuals with ADRD is in the preliminary stages
- Prototypes have shown the potential of promoting participation within the individual's living space
- Prototypes are continually being modified to maximize engagement in meaningful occupations
- AT decreases caregiver assistance during daily occupations
- The simplicity and familiarity of the design of AT increases its use by individuals with ADRD and caregivers
- When using AT it is critical to consider the environment
- Satisfaction of individuals with ADRD and caregivers are important in implementing clientcentered AT interventions
- Occupational therapists are equipped with the knowledge and skills to serve as consultants during the development of AT

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