

Future Research

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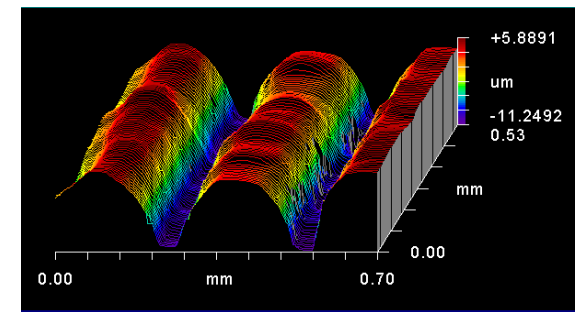
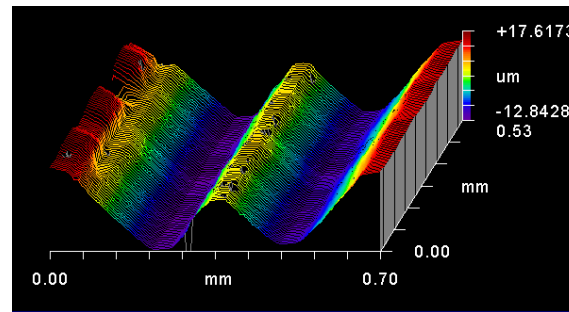
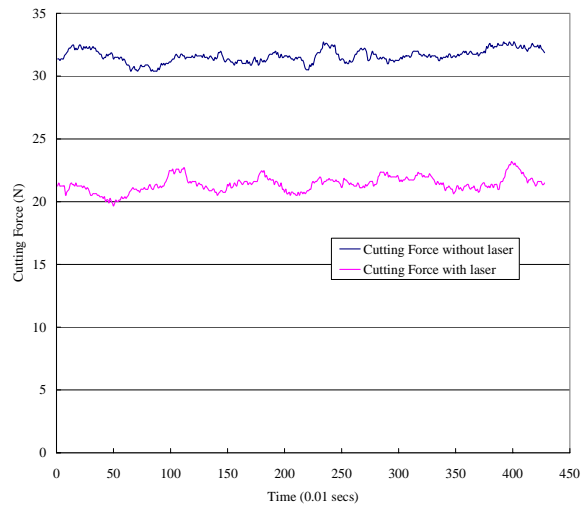
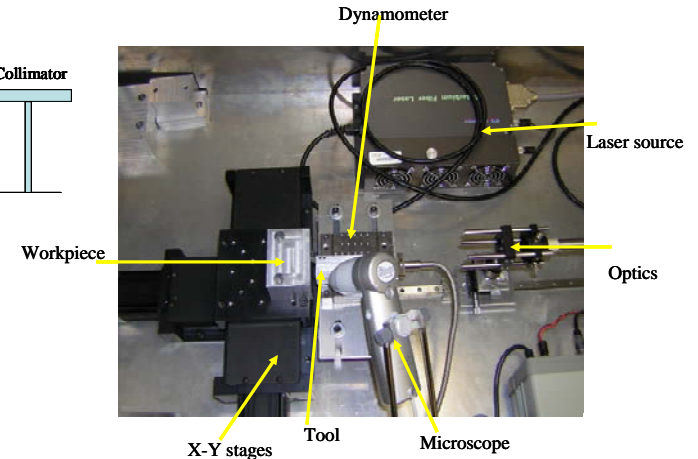
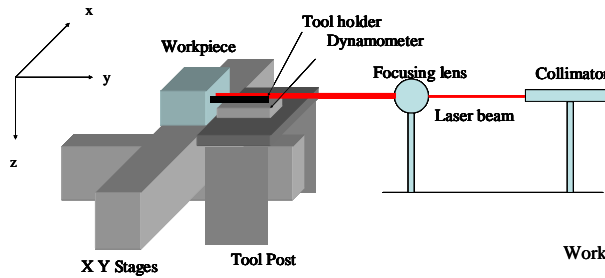
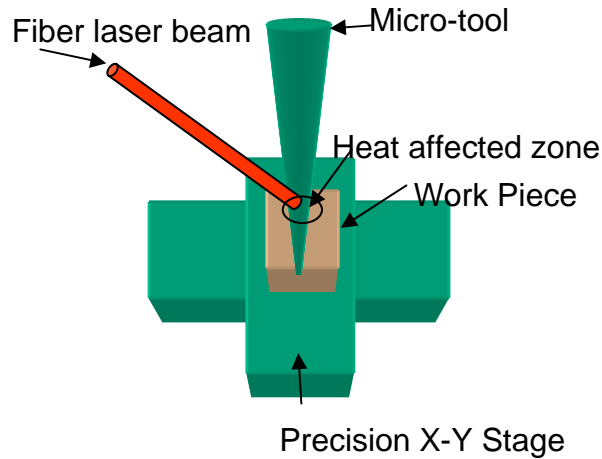
Web: <http://pmrc.marc.gatech.edu/fmpr>

PMRC IAB Meeting, 15th March 2006

Laser Based Processes

- ***Laser Assisted Micromechanical Machining***
 - ***Laser Based Surface Treatment***

Further Development of LAMM Process

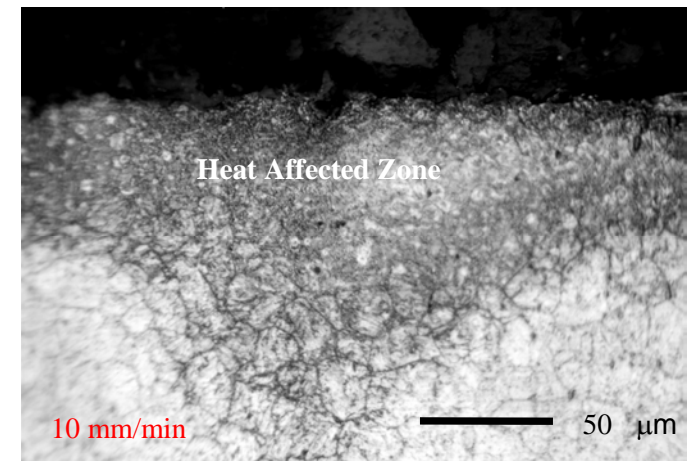


Future work:

- Apply to ceramics (Al_2O_3 , Zirconia)
- Process optimization
- Extend to micro milling

Laser Based Surface Treatment

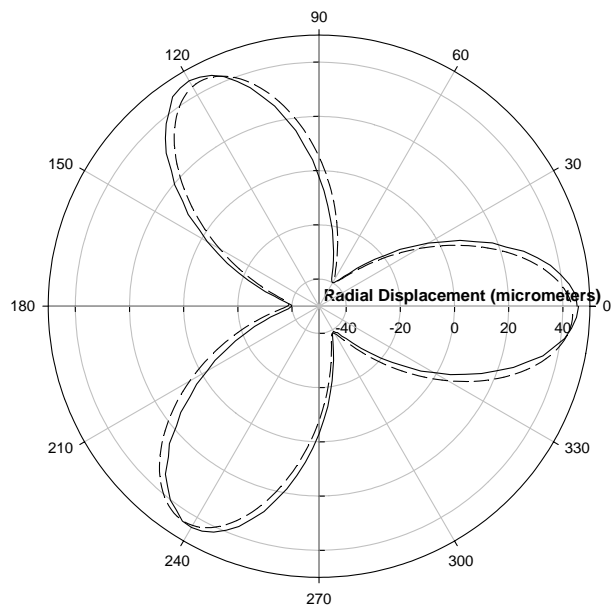
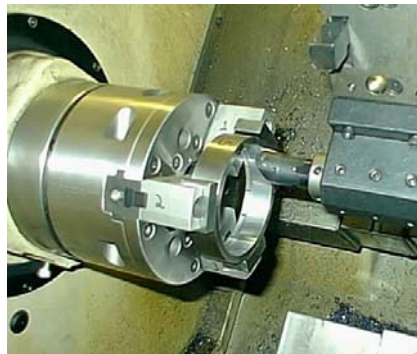
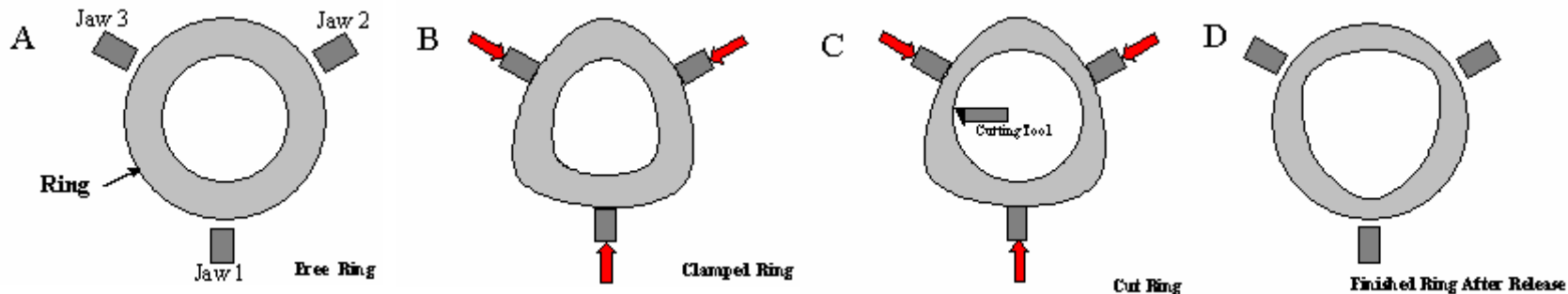
- Objective: Investigate use of continuous and pulsed lasers for surface treatment of metallic and ceramic parts
- Applications:
 - Localized alteration of microstructure and properties (hardness, residual stress, etc.)
 - Localized surface structuring for improved tribological performance
- Technical challenges:
 - Control of heat affected zone
 - Optimization of laser parameters



Fixturing

***- Fixturing Analysis & Optimization for
Precision Machining of Mechanical Seals***

Fixturing Optimization for Precision Machining of Mechanical Seals (Sponsor: Caterpillar Precision Seals)



Ring_GUI3

Ring Material Property

Material: AISI52100
 E: 201.33e9 Pa
 G: 7.7494e10 Pa

Ring Geometry

Outer radius: 0.0373 m
 Inner radius: 0.0323 m
 Width: 0.0182 m

number of jaws: 3
min required force: 424.0 N
max allowable force: 1356.5 N

Cutting Force

Tangential: 70 N
 Radial: 60 N

Friction: 0.2
Tolerance: 50 micrometer

Ring Profile

Min required force
 Max allowable force

Unit System

English Unit System
 SI Unit System

Calculate Reset

Finished cut profile using min force

Finished cut profile using max force

Peak to Valley: 19.2 micrometer (min force)
 Peak to Valley: 50.0 micrometer (max force)

Probabilistic Modeling of Machining Processes

Engineering-Statistical Modeling & Robust Optimization of Machining (with R. Joseph, J. Wu, ISYE)

- Problem: Machining process models are deterministic whereas real process has stochastic variation
- Objective: Develop engineering-statistical predictive models and robust optimization methods for machining processes
 - Account for variation in model parameters, model uncertainty
 - Application to turning, milling, etc.
- Technical challenges:
 - Formal methods for combining complex physics-based models and empirical knowledge
 - Developing efficient methods for robust optimization when using complex process models (e.g. finite element based models)

