### UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



# **Empowering Innovation: Introduction to Intellectual Property Wright State University IP Day**

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Director, Elijah J McCoy Midwest Regional USPTO

September 7, 2016

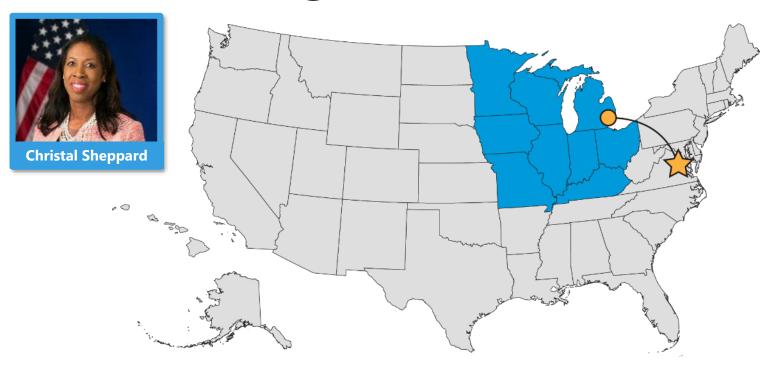


### **Objectives**

- Establishing a Regional Presence: USPTO Regional Offices
- Intellectual Property Awareness
- Introduction to Patents, Trademarks, Copyrights, and Trade Secrets



### **Meet the Regional Offices: Detroit**





### Elijah J. McCoy Midwest Regional Office



# **Detroit Highlights**

- Operational at 300 River Place since July 2012
- 121 Examiners Trained / 11 Administrative Patent Judges
- Outreach Highlights

#### **Patent Trademark and Resource Center Tour**

- 7 Events between March and July 2016
   K-12, University, and Law School Outreach
   Monthly Programming
  - Trademark Tuesdays
  - Patent Wednesdays
  - IP Basics and Resource Tour
- Stakeholders Reached:
  - Approx. 5,500 between July 2012 and Jan 2015
  - Approx. 18,106\* between Feb 2015 to Present





# Detroit Highlights cont.

- April 4-5, 2016 Additive Manufacturing User Group
  - St. Louis, Missouri
- April 14, 2016 Chicago Women in IP
  - Chicago, Illinois
- May 18-20, 2016 AIPLA Spring Meeting
  - Minneapolis, Minnesota
- June 3, 2016 Michigan SBA Encore Entrepreneurs
  - Detroit, Michigan
- June 15, 2016 Oakland County Economic Development Medical Main Street Roundtable
  - Pontiac, Michigan
- July 11, 2016 STAIRS to Success: STEM & Information Research Skills
  - Highland Heights, Kentucky
- July 18 20, 2016 Association of University Technology Managers Central Regional Meeting
  - Milwaukee, Wisconsin



### **AIA Section 23(b)**

The purposes of the satellite offices established under subsection (a) are to—

- (1) increase outreach activities to better connect patent filers and innovators with the Office;
- (2) enhance patent examiner retention;
- (3) improve recruitment of patent examiners;
- (4) decrease the number of patent applications waiting for examination; and
- (5) improve the quality of patent examination.



### **USPTO Offices**



#### **Detroit**

- Operational since July 2012

#### **Denver**

- Byron G. Rogers
   Federal Building
- Operational July 2014

#### **Silicon Valley**

- San Jose City Hall Building
- Operational October 2015

#### **Dallas**

- Terminal Annex
   Federal Building
- Operational November 2015



# **Working with Startups**

#### <u>Programs for the Innovation Community designed to:</u>

- Increase Awareness of Intellectual Property
  - IP Strategy <u>IS</u> a Business Strategy
- Identify Risks of Early Public Disclosure
  - U.S. is now a First Inventor to File System
    - Understanding the Grace Period
  - Loss of rights internationally
    - % foreign filing
  - Crowdfunding Campaigns
    - Disclosure vs. On Sale Bar issues?
- Where to get help



# IP Strategy IS a Business Strategy

#### • IP:

- Is attractive to investors and buyers
- Deters infringement lawsuits
- Can increase leveraging power
  - Mergers and acquisitions
- Is a property right that can add value to a company's assets

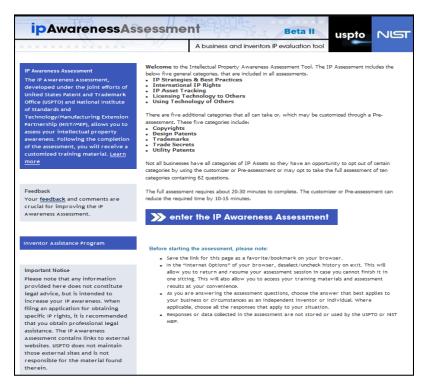


# **Developing an IP Strategy**

- Assess your company's IP assets and prioritize
- Know your competition & what they're up to
- What's the pace of innovation & opportunities for growth?
- Determine the best way to protect your IP
  - Patents (Utility, Design, Plant)
  - Trademarks (Trademark, Service Marks, geographic certification, etc.)
  - Copyrights
  - Trade Secrets
- Develop a plan, set goals and implement
- Get help!



### **IP Awareness Assessment Tool**



http://www.uspto.gov/inventors/assessment/



### **Overview of IP: Types**

#### Trademarks

- Protects marks in commerce that indicate the source or origin of goods or services
- Source: Federal, State, and Common Law

#### Copyrights

- Protects original (art) works fixed in a tangible medium
- Source: U.S. Const., Art. I, Sec. 8

#### Trade Secrets

- Protects commercially valuable information
- Source: State and Common law

#### Patents

- Protects inventions
- Source: U.S. Const., Art. I, Sec. 8



### **Overview of Intellectual Property**

	<u>Utility</u> <u>Patent</u>	Design Patent	Trade Secrets	<u>Copyrights</u>	<u>Trademarks</u>
What is protected	Inventions – Process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter	Ornamental characteristics embodied in, or applied to, an article of manufacture	Business-related information (formulas, techniques, information)	Art, in an all- encompassing sense	Marks that indicates the source or origin of goods or services
Requirements	Utility, novelty, and nonobviousness	Novelty and nonobviousness	Commercial value, generally not known, and reasonable efforts of secrecy	Original, authorship, and fixation in a tangible medium	Use in commerce and either distinctiveness or secondary meaning
Protects Against	Making, selling, offering for sale, and importing	Making, selling, offering for sale, and importing	Stealing	Copies, performances, displays, and derivative works	Use of a mark that causes the likelihood of confusion
Endures until	20 years from filing date	15 years from issuance	Publicly disclosed	The life of the author + 70 years	Abandoned
Rights of Independent Third Party Creators	None	None	Full	Full	None







### **Overview of IP: Trademarks**

### Key Purposes:

- Allow consumers to identify the source or producer of different products and services – helps their buying decisions
- Encourage trademark owners to provide goods and services of consistent quality and to build goodwill in the trademark



### **Overview of IP: Trademarks**



#### **Common Law**

protection derived from use (™)

#### **State Registration**

 registered with one or more U.S. states

#### **Federal Registration**

 registered in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office

Protects against confusion as to the source of goods or services, not from competition that does not confuse customers

### Federally Registered Trademarks

- Right to enforce nationally and bring legal action in federal courts
- Use of federal Trademark registration symbol ®
- Right to record mark with Customs
- Serve as basis for foreign filing
- Publication in U.S. Trademark database









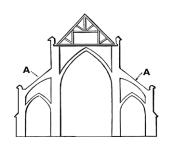
# **Overview of IP: Copyright**

- Protects "original works of authorship" including literary, dramatic, musical, artistic and other works fixed in a tangible medium
- Library of Congress administers registration; USPTO advises the Executive branch on intellectual property issues including copyright
- C symbol can be used without registration











### **Copyright Registration**

- Copyright protection is secured automatically upon creation (fixation)
  - A work is "created" when it is fixed in a copy for the first time
- No publication or registration is required
  - There are, however, advantages to registration





### **Overview of IP: Trade Secrets**



- Any information that derives economic value from not being generally known or ascertainable
- Can be formulas, patterns, compilations, programs, devices, methods, techniques or processes
- Protection stems from common law dating to the 1800's
- All states have some sort of trade secret protection
- Most laws based on the Uniform Trade Secrets Act
- In 2016, the Defend Trade Secrets Act was signed by the President

# Why use a Trade Secret?

#### **Trade Secret Basics:**

- Protects <u>commercially valuable proprietary information</u>,
   e.g., formulas or business information that gives a <u>competitive advantage</u>
- Trade Secrets are not generally known and must be subject to reasonable efforts to preserve confidentiality

#### Common Ways to Lose a Trade Secret:

- Failure to take adequate steps to prevent disclosure
- Owner or owner-authorized disclosure
- Reverse engineering
- Independent development





### Why are Trade Secrets useful?

- Protects <u>commercially valuable proprietary information</u>, e.g., formulas, recipes, or business information that gives a <u>competitive advantage</u>
  - Customer lists
  - Product formulations
  - Search algorithms



No set term for protection



### **How to Lose a Trade Secret?**

- Failure to take adequate steps to prevent disclosure
- Owner or owner-authorized disclosure
- Reverse engineering
- Independent development





### Overview of IP: What is a Patent?

- A Property Right
  - Right to <u>exclude others</u> from making, using, selling, offering for sale or importing the claimed invention
  - Limited term
  - Territorial: protection only in territory that granted patent; NO world-wide patent
- Government grants the property right in exchange for the disclosure of the invention

# Why get a Patent?

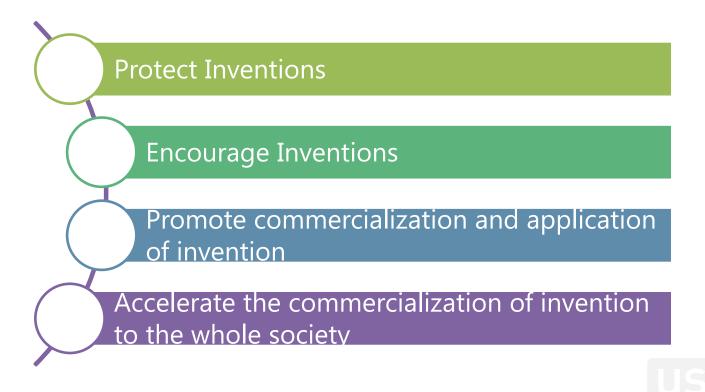
- A patent can be:
  - Used to gain entry into, and deter others from, a market



- Used as a marketing tool to promote unique aspects of a product
- Assert/enforce rights against an infringer or competitor
- Used as collateral to obtain funding
- Create revenue sell or license like other property



### The Role of the Patent System



### **Design vs. Utility**

- Design Patent protects the way an article looks (35 U.S.C. § 171)
  - Protects ornamental characteristics
- Utility Patent protects the way an article is used and works (35 U.S.C. § 101)
  - Protects functional characteristics



### Overview of IP: A Mobile Phone

#### Trademarks:

- Made by "Apple" (logo)
- Product "iPhone"
- Software "iOS", "Safari"

#### Patents:

- Semiconductor circuits
- Touch Screen
- Battery/Power Control
- Antenna
- Speaker
- Device Housing

#### Copyrights:

- Software code
- Instruction manual
- Ringtone

#### Trade secrets:

• ???

#### Designs (some of them patented):

- Form of overall phone
- Placement of button & speaker
- Color pattern of trim
- Surface finish





# **USPTO** Initiatives

# **Law School Clinical Programs**

The Law School Clinic
Certification Pilot
program allows law
students enrolled in a
participating law school's
clinic program to practice
Intellectual Property Law
before the USPTO under
the strict guidance of a
Law School Faculty Clinic
Supervisor.



http://www.uspto.gov/ip/boards/oed/practitione r/agents/law\_school\_pilot.jsp



# Law School Clinic Program

- Students at participating law schools to practice IP Law before the USPTO
- Under strict guidance of Law School Faculty Clinic Supervisor
- Can assist independent inventors with drafting and filing applications, as well as prosecution
- Services are provided pro bono, each school has its own requirements for acceptance
- Local participating Universities include University of Detroit Mercy and Wayne State University



# Patent Pro Bono Program

- Assists financially under-resourced independent inventors and small businesses.
  - Section 32 of the AIA calls on the USPTO to work with and support IP law associations to establish pro bono programs.
  - Executive Action in February 2014 required the USPTO to expand the programs to all 50 states.
  - 50 state coverage achieved and maintained since August 2015.
- Promote small business growth and development.
- Help ensure that no deserving invention lacks patent protection because of a lack of money for IP counsel.
- Opportunity for patent attorneys to serve in their area of expertise.

#### **General Criteria for Inventors**

- Gross household income region dependent, but most regions limit to 300% of the poverty levels.
  - A single person could have an income of up to \$34,500.
  - A family of 4 could have a gross income of up to \$72,900.
- Knowledge of the patent system.
  - Have at least a provisional application on file with the USPTO or successfully complete the certificate training course at <a href="http://www.uspto.gov/video/cbt/certpck/index.htm">http://www.uspto.gov/video/cbt/certpck/index.htm</a>.
- Have an invention, not merely an idea.
  - To demonstrate that there is an invention one should be able to describe the invention so that someone could make and use the invention ("reduction to practice").
- Pay all USPTO fees (discounts may be available).
- Be an active participant in your patent application prosecution!

# Applying to the Patent Pro Bono Program for Inventors

Two ways to apply:

- 1. Apply through an online portal, the National Clearinghouse, operated by the Federal Circuit Bar Association
  - https://fedcirbar.org/Pro-Bono Scholarships/PTO-Pro-Bono/Overview-FAQ
- 2. Apply directly to your regional program.
  - See <u>www.uspto.gov/probonopatents</u>

### Patent and Trademark Resource

**Centers** 

- A nationwide network of public, state and academic libraries that are designated by the USPTO to disseminate patent and trademark information and to support intellectual property needs of the public.
- Located in almost every state -<u>http://www.uspto.gov/products/library/ptdl/locations/index.jsp</u>
- PTRC library staff can assist with the following:
  - Provide access to resources PubEAST and PubWEST, examiner-based search systems
  - Explain the application process and fee schedule
  - Demonstrate how to use search tools to conduct a patent or trademark search
  - Share a directory of local patent attorneys who are licensed to practice before USPTO
  - Offer classes on intellectual property (varies by location)
  - Offer assistance on how to do historical research on patents and trademarks
  - Show how to track current research by company or nonprofit
  - Help find assignee information and much more



### **Micro Entity Status**

- 75% off most patent fees
- Low cost submission to establish filing date
  - Provisional Application Filing Fees
    - \$130 small entity
    - \$65 micro entity
- Micro entity certifies that he/she:
  - Qualifies as a small entity (less than 500 employees);
  - Has not been named as an inventor on more than 4 previously filed patent applications;
  - Did not, in calendar year preceding the calendar year in which the applicable fee is paid, have a gross income exceeding 3 times median household income; and
  - Has not assigned, granted, or conveyed (and is not under obligation to do so) a license or other ownership interest in the application concerned to an entity that, in calendar year preceding the calendar year in which applicable fee is paid, had a gross income exceeding 3 times the median household income.

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## Inventors Eye – Easy to Subscribe!



#### December's Featured Article Article



Celebrating Innovation

In This Issue





On the Road to Invention with SBIR Ever have the feeling you're talking to someone you know but just can't remember their

name or wh



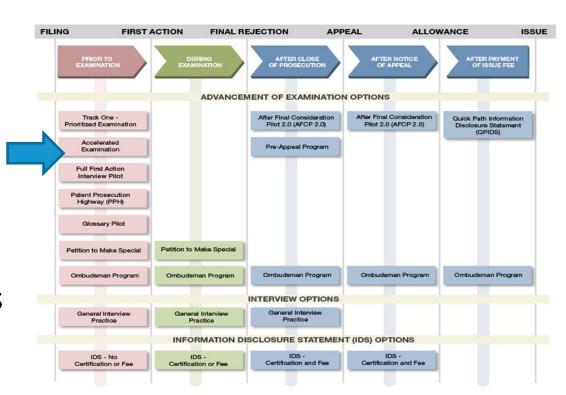
Walk Tall and Innovate Innovation changes lives every day.



### **Patent Application Initiatives**

You can get to the program pages by selecting a tile.

There are numerous programs that may speed up the examination process



## **USPTO Patent Application Initiatives**



After Notice of Appeal Payment of Issue Fee

http://www.uspto.gov/patents/init\_events/patapp-initiatives-timeline.jsp



### **Tools Prior to Examination**

Track One – Prioritized Examination

Full First Action Interview Pilot

Global Patent Prosecution Highway (IP5 -1/6/14)

Patent Prosecution Highway (PPH 2.0, includes PCT PPH 2.0)

**Glossary Pilot** 

Ombudsman Program

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# **Track One – Prioritized Examination**



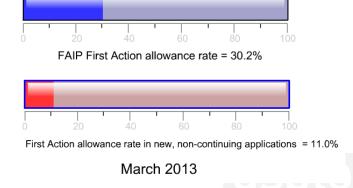
- Fee \$4000/\$2000/\$1000
- Claim Limits 4 Independent, no more than 30 claims



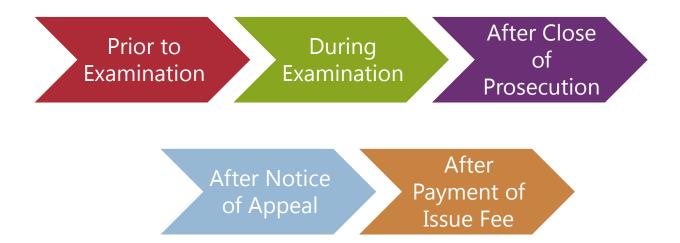
### **First Action Interview Pilot**

 Under this Program, an applicant is entitled to a first action interview, upon request, prior to the first Office action on the merits.

Need to file a Petition.



## **USPTO Patent Application Initiatives**





http://www.uspto.gov/patents/init\_events/patapp-initiatives-timeline.jsp

### **Tools During Examination**

Petition to Make Special

Ombudsman Program

General Interview Practice IDS – Certification or Fee

http://www.uspto.gov/patents/init\_events/patapp-initiatives-during.jsp

## **Ombudsman Program**

 Enhances the USPTO's ability to assist applicants or their representatives with issues that arise during patent application prosecution.



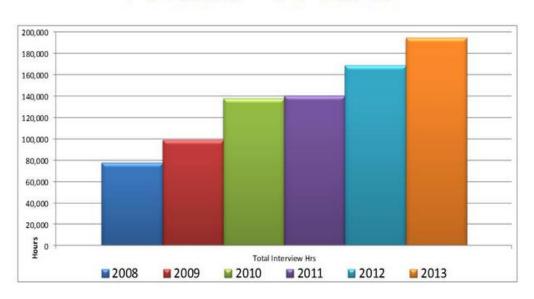
Contact an Ombudsman by:

http://www.uspto.gov/patents/ombudsman.jsp



### **General Interview Practice**

Interview Time FY 2008 – FY 2013





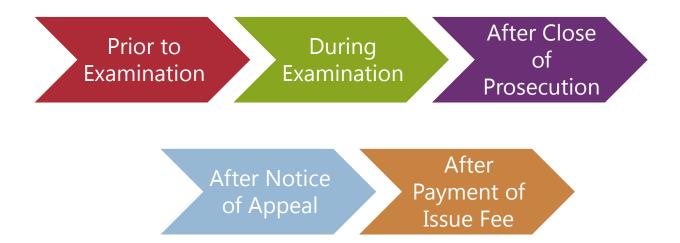
http://www.uspto.gov/patents/law/ipractice/index.jsp

#### **General Interview**

- The USPTO encourages examiners to take a proactive approach to examination by reaching out and engaging our stakeholders in an effort to resolve issues and shorten prosecution.
- WebEx Video conferencing tool that allows examiners and stakeholders to share information and collaborate in real time.
- Public Interview Room Private room on the USPTO campus to hold video conferences via WebEx with remote examiners.
  - Established in Alexandria, Denver and Detroit.
  - Examiners will reserve the room.



## **USPTO Patent Application Initiatives**





http://www.uspto.gov/patents/init\_events/patapp-initiatives-timeline.jsp

### **Tools After Close of Prosecution**

After Final
Consideration Pilot
2.0

Pre-Appeal Program Ombudsman Program

General Interview Practice

Quick Path
Information
Disclosure
Statement (QPIDS)



### **Patent Litigation Online Toolkit**

## Been Sued or Gotten a Demand Letter?

Answers To Common Questions About Abusive Patent Litigation





## STOPfakes.gov



STOPfakes.gov was launched to serve as a one-stop shop for U.S. government tools and resources on intellectual property rights (IPR). The federal agencies behind STOPfakes.gov have developed a number of resources to educate and assist businesses, particularly small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs), as well as consumers, government officials, and the general public.



#### The STOPFakes.gov Website



## IP Attaché Program

- USPTO IP Attachés help improve intellectual property systems internationally.
- Assisted businesses in the protection and enforcement of their IP rights by...
  - Seeking improvements in policies, laws, and regulations
  - Educating host government officials on IP matters
  - Building grassroots support for U.S. policy positions by conducting public awareness programs on IP

## IP Attaché Program

#### IP ATTACHÉ ASSIGNMENTS

- Bangkok, Thailand (covering Southeast Asia)
- Beijing, China (covering China)
- Kuwait City, Kuwait (covering the Middle East and North Africa)
- Geneva, Switzerland (covering the WTO and WIPO)
- Guangzhou, China (covering China)
- Mexico City, Mexico (covering Mexico, Central America, and the Caribbean)
- Moscow, Russia (covering Russia and the Commonwealth of Independent States)
- New Delhi, India (covering South Asia)
- Rio de Janeiro, Brazil (covering South America)
- Shanghai, China (covering China)



#### **Electronic Resources from the USPTO**

- Patent Process Overview An & step overview of a patent application and maintenance process <a href="www.uspto-gov/patents-getting-started/patent-process-overview">www.uspto-gov/patents-getting-started/patent-process-overview</a>
- Trademark Process Overview A & step overview of a trademark application and maintenance process <u>www.uspto.gov/trademarks-getting-started/trademark-process</u>
- EFS-Web Guidance and Resources Provides information on using the Electronic Filing System (EFS-Web) <u>www.uspto.gov/patents-</u> <u>application-process/applying-online/efs-web-guidance-and-</u> <u>resources#heading-l</u>
- Inventors & Entrepreneurs Resources Provides links to patent and trademark resources, educational material and general information www.uspto.gov/learning-and-resources/inventors-entrepreneursresources
- Inventors Assistance Center (IAC) Answers general questions concerning patent examining policy and procedure 800-786-9199 www.uspto.gov/learning-and-resources/support-centers/inventors-assistance-center-iac

#### **Electronic Resources from the USPTO**

- Free Legal Representation The Patent Pro Bono Program <u>www.uspto.gov/patents-getting-started/using-legal-services/pro-bono</u>
- Law School Clinic Certification Program

  www.uspto.gov/learning-and-resources/ip-policy/publicinformation-about-practitioners/law-school-clinic-l
- Where to Search Visit us at one of our USPTO Office
   Locations <u>www-uspto-gov/about-us/uspto-office-locations</u>
- Patent and Trademark Resource Centers (PTRCs)
   www.uspto.gov/learning-and-resources/support-centers/patentand-trademark-resource-centers-ptrcs
- USPTO Fee Schedule Provides information and fee rates for products and services provided by the USPTO www.uspto.gov/learning-and-resources/fees-and-payment/usptofee-schedule

