



ATLAS

# QCD Studies at LHC with the Atlas detector

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(on behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration)

- Introduction
- Examples of QCD studies
  - Minimum bias & underlying event
  - Jet-physics
  - $W/Z$  + Jets
- Summary



# Introduction

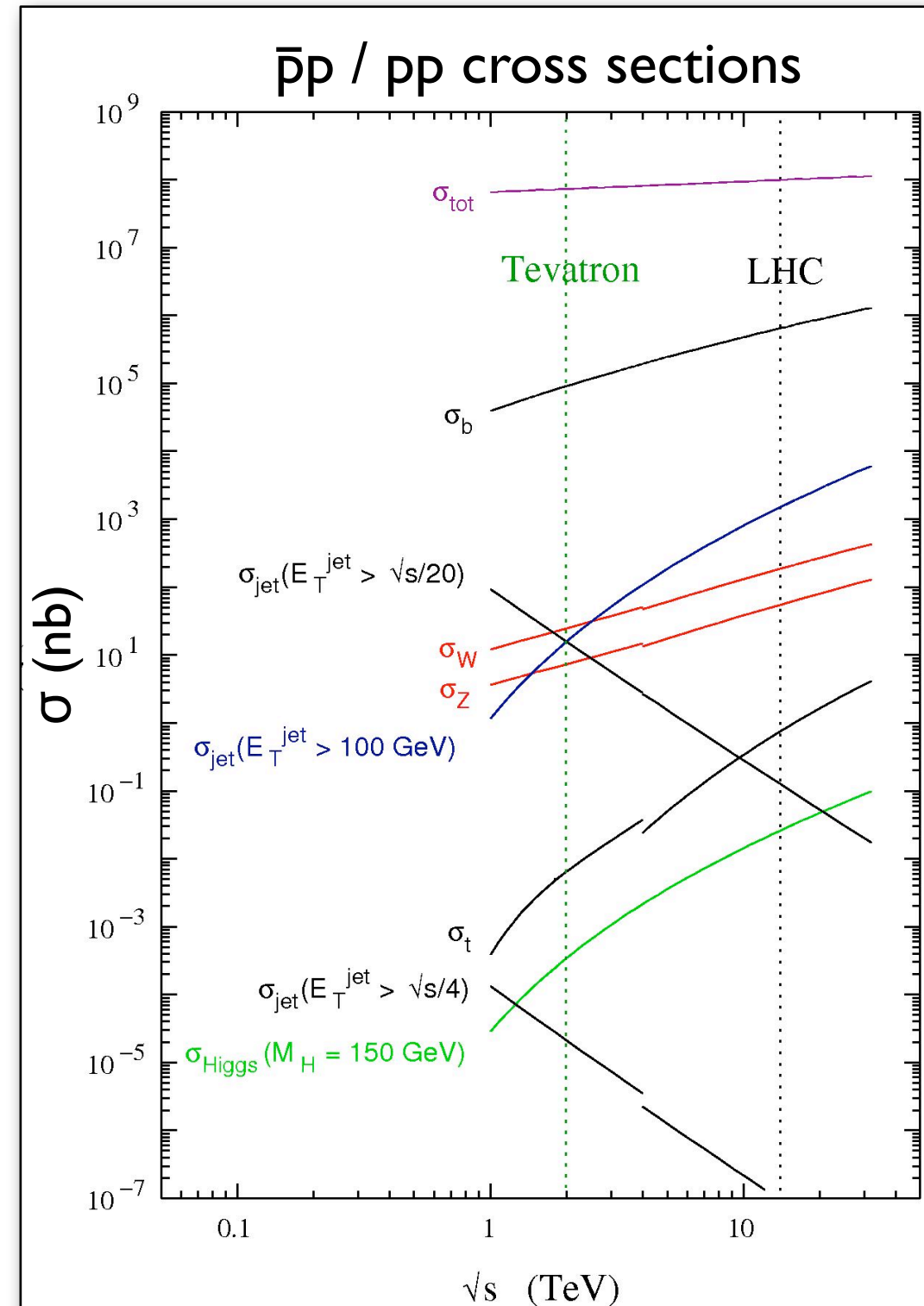
- The Large Hadron Collider

- p-p collision up to  $\sqrt{s} = 14 \text{ TeV}$  (x7 wrt Tevatron)
- Luminosities up to  $10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$  (x30 wrt Tevatron)
- $\sim 100 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  per year at design luminosity
- Huge QCD cross sections -  
 $\sigma_{\text{jet}}(E_T > 700 \text{ GeV}) \sim 0.1 \text{ nb}$

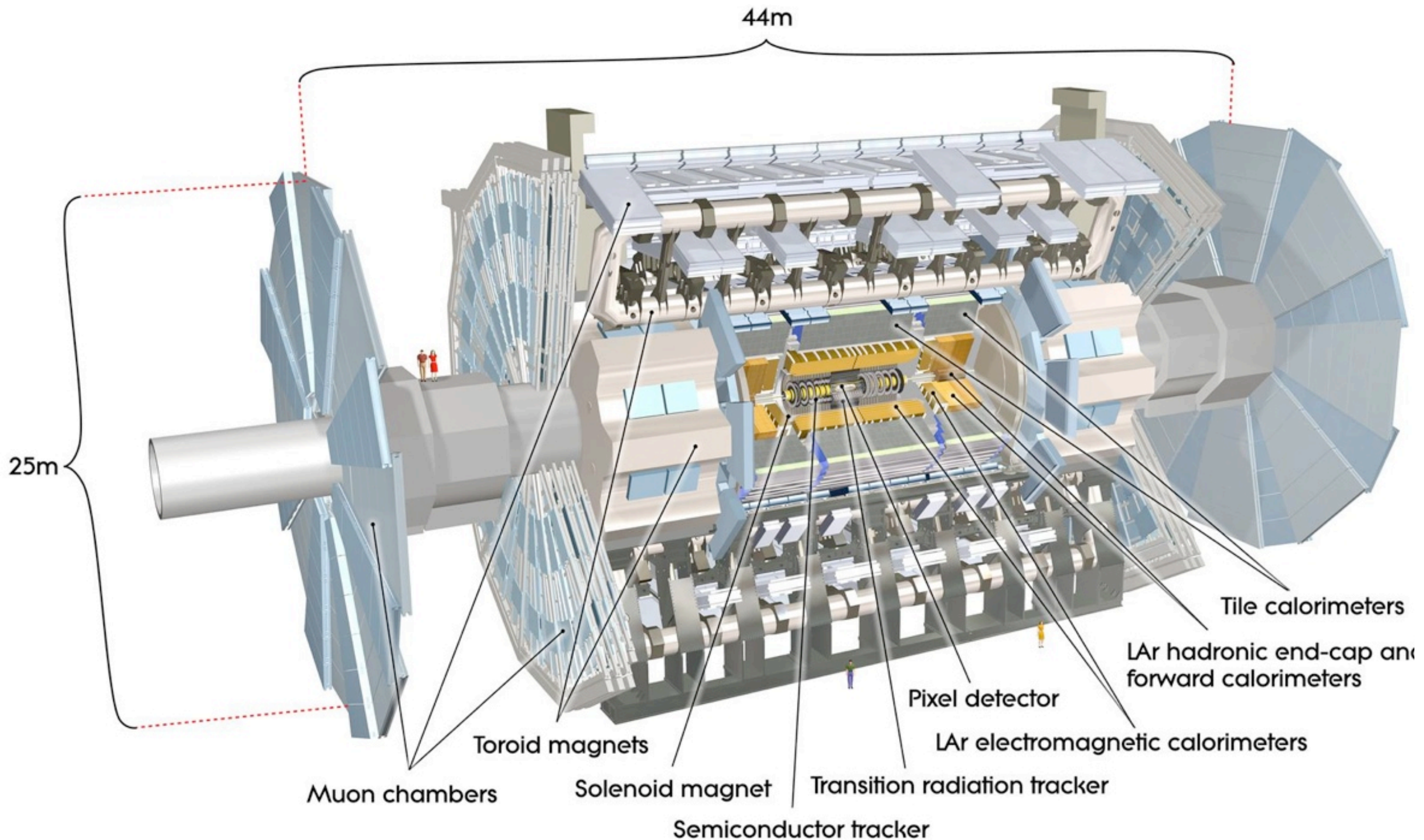
- Current schedule

- Start-up by mid-November
- First physics run in 2010 at  $\sqrt{s} = 7\text{-}10 \text{ TeV}$  and lower luminosity
- Aim to collect  $\sim 100 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  in first physics run:

Determines possible first physics!



# The Atlas experiment





# What can be done with early data?

Process	$\sigma(\text{nb})$	$\mathcal{L}=10\text{pb}^{-1}$	$\mathcal{L}=10\text{fb}^{-1}$
Minimum bias	$10^8$	$10^{12}$	$\sim 10^{15}$
Inclusive jets – $p_T > 200\text{GeV}$	100	$10^6$	$\sim 10^9$
$W \rightarrow e\nu$	15	$10^5$	$\sim 10^8$
$Z \rightarrow e^+e^-$	1.5	$10^4$	$\sim 10^7$
Dibosons	0.2	10	$10^4$

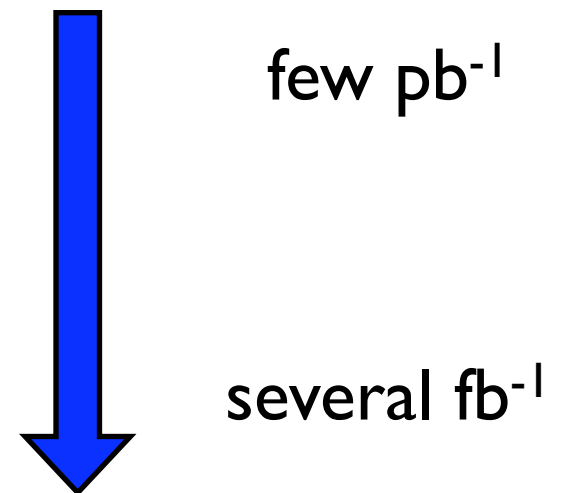
(Numbers for  $\sqrt{s} = 14\text{TeV}$ )

## • Short term plans:

- Minimum bias & underlying event:
  - constrain uncertainties in MC generators from extrapolations to LHC energies in the very beginning
  - baseline for understanding of pile up corrections
- Jets:
  - Angular de-correlation: early benchmark of MC generators
  - Inclusive Jets: Reach beyond Tevatron energy regime already in first data
- Studies presented used  $\sqrt{s} = 14\text{TeV}$  and full detector simulation

## • Medium & long term plans:

- Use W, Z and top for calibration of detector and trigger
- Study W, Z, top and QCD multi-jets for proper background-estimation
- Improve current SM measurements to provide consistency tests of the underlying theory



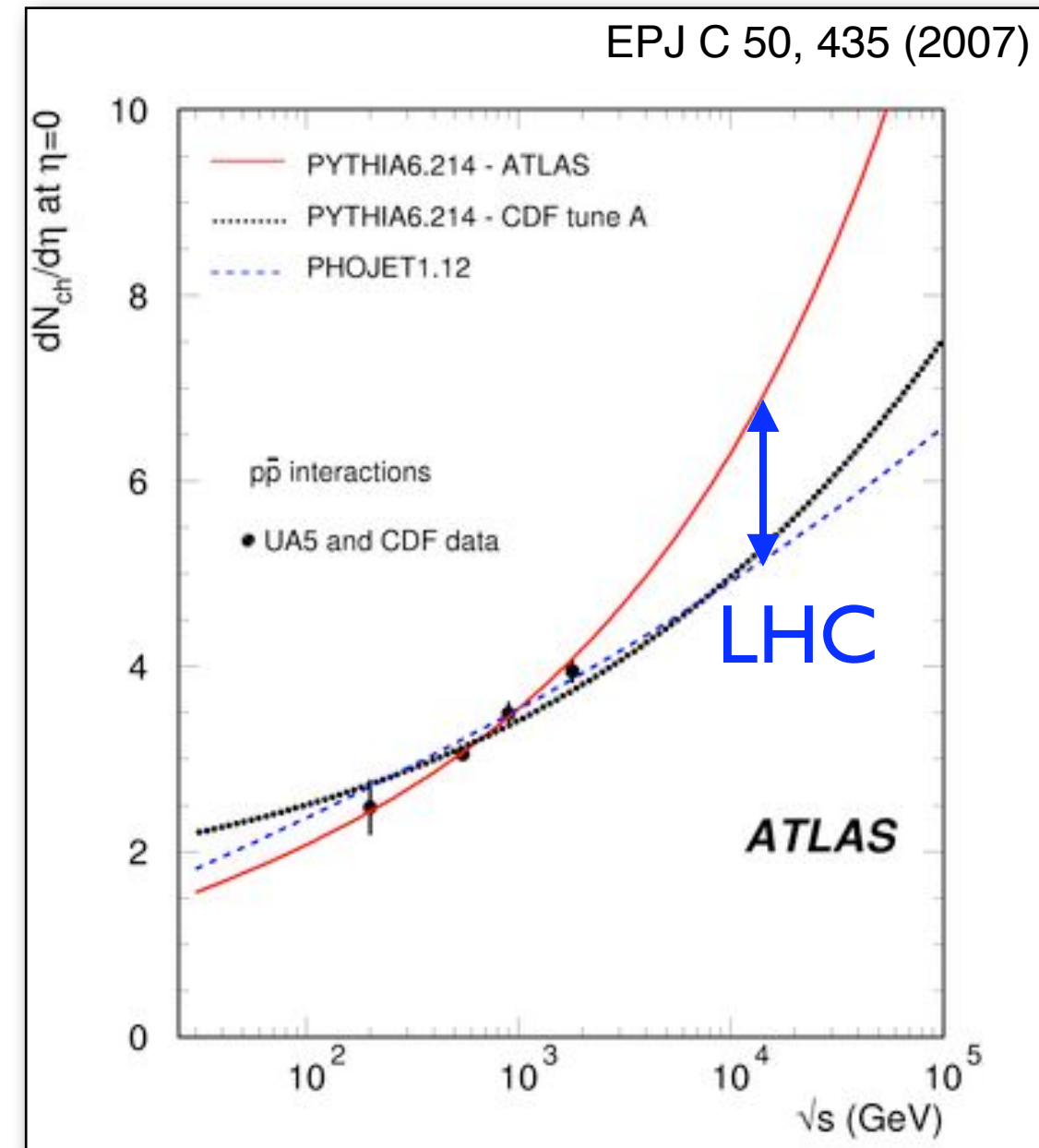
# Minimum bias measurements

- **Experimental definition:** any inelastic collision of two protons
- Usually also referred to as 'non-single-diffractive' (nsd):

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}} = \sigma_{\text{elas}} + \sigma_{\text{sd}} + \sigma_{\text{dd}} + \sigma_{\text{nd}}$$



- ,Removal' of  $\sigma_{\text{sd}}$  very difficult
- Extrapolations to LHC energies suffer from large energy gap in data
  - $\sigma_{\text{tot}} \sim 102 - 118 \text{ mb}$
  - $\sigma_{\text{nsd}} \sim 65 - 73 \text{ mb}$
- **Proper modeling of min. bias pile-up and underlying event requirement for high  $p_T$  physics!**
- Minimum bias studies should be done at low luminosity to minimize effects from pile-up
- Statistics only limited by allocated trigger bandwidth!

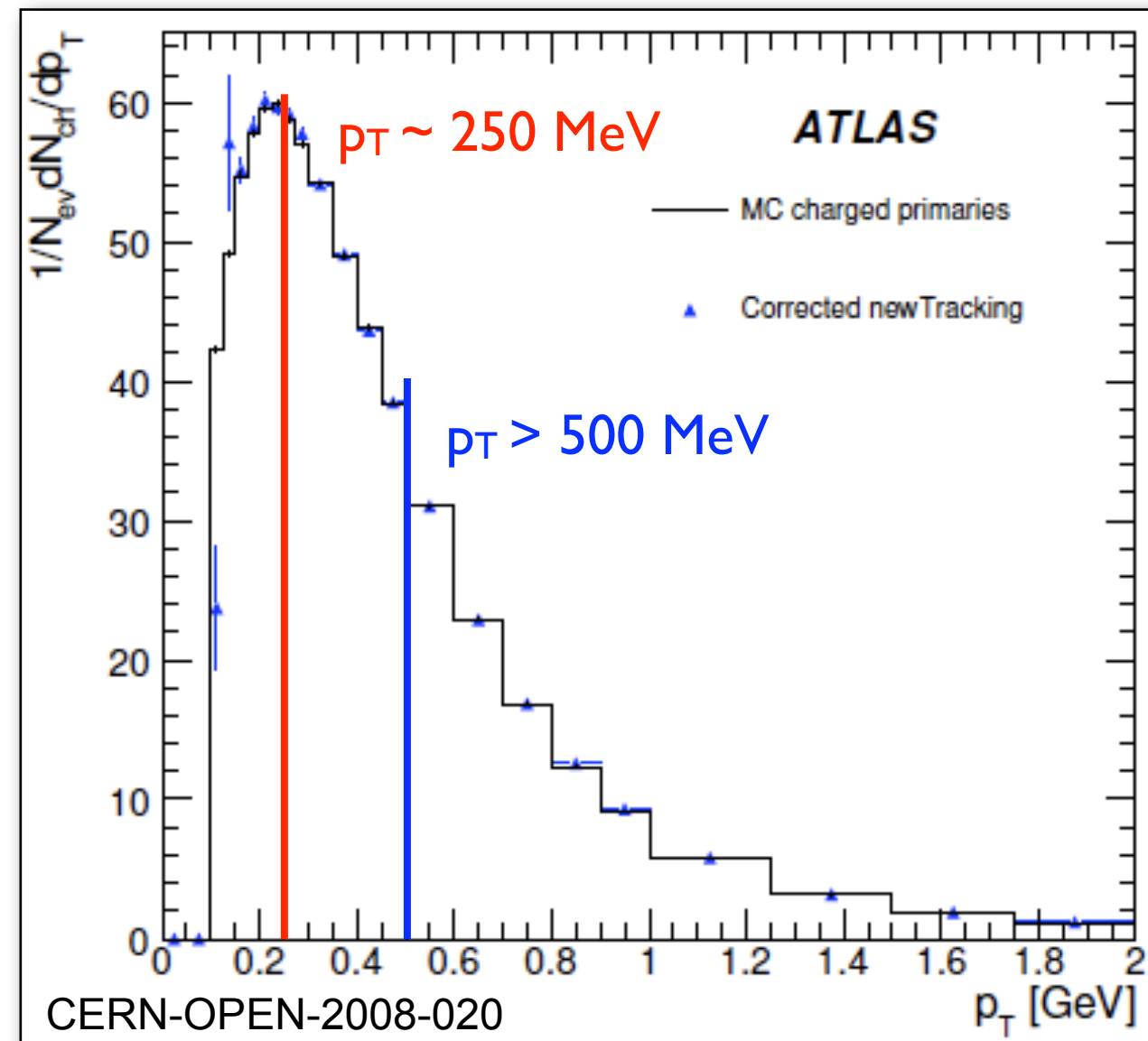


# Minimum bias measurements

- Reconstructing minimum bias events:
- Need to recover all charged particles  
-> main challenge: tracking!
- Default reconstruction only for track  $p_T > 500$  MeV  
(lower energy particles curl up in magnetic field)

- Dedicated tracking software pushes low  $p_T$  limit to  $\sim 150$  MeV
- Avoids large corrections in uncovered phase space

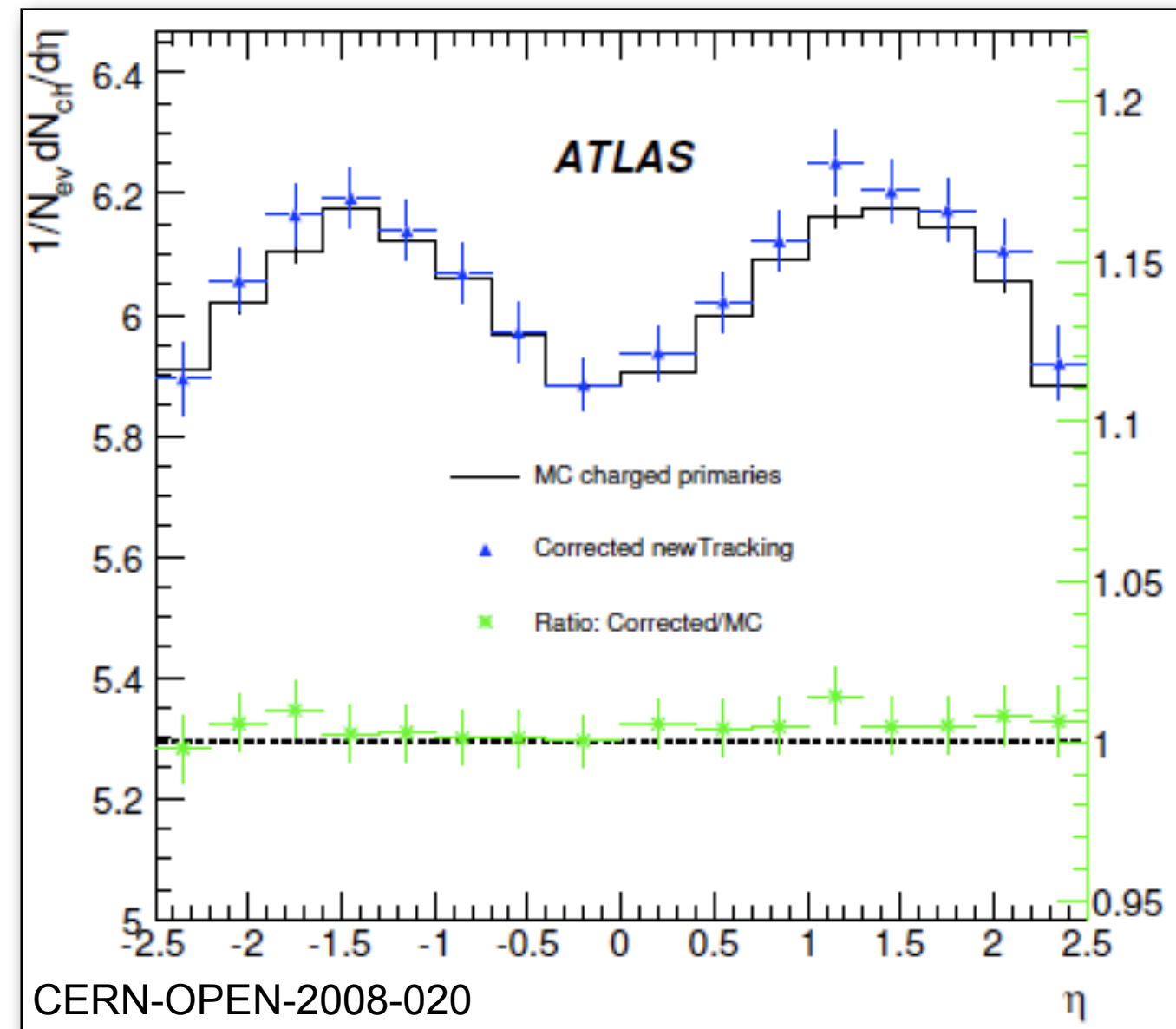
- Integrated luminosity  $\ll 1$  pb $^{-1}$
- Study done for  $\sqrt{s} = 14$  TeV



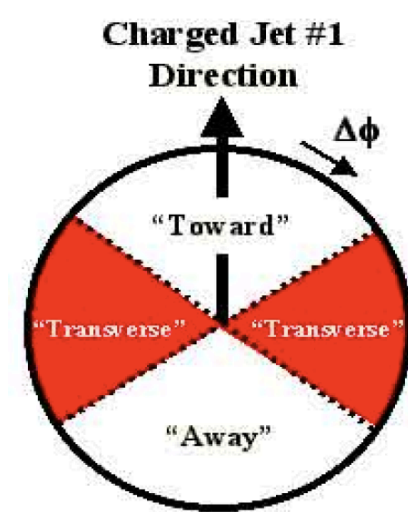
# Minimum bias measurements

- Charged particle multiplicity,  $p_T > 150$  MeV
- Corrections involve:
  - Track-to-particle correction
  - Vertex reconstruction correction
  - Trigger (in)efficiency
- Systematic uncertainties dominate:

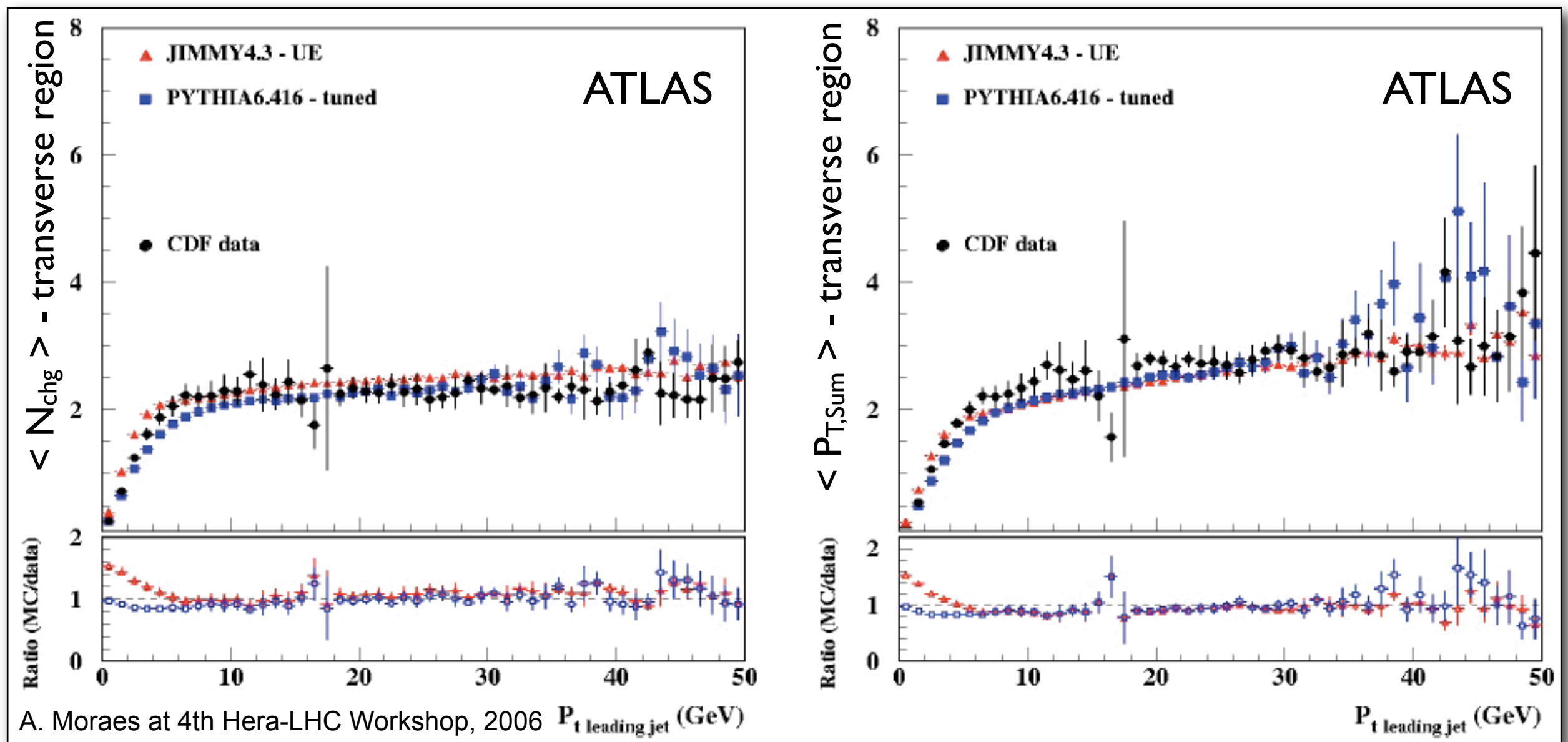
Track selection cuts	2%
Mis-estimate of secondaries	1.5%
Vertex reconstruction bias	0.1%
Mis-alignment	6%
Beam-gas & pile-up	1%
Particle composition	2%
Diffractive cross sections	4%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>8%</b>



# Underlying event



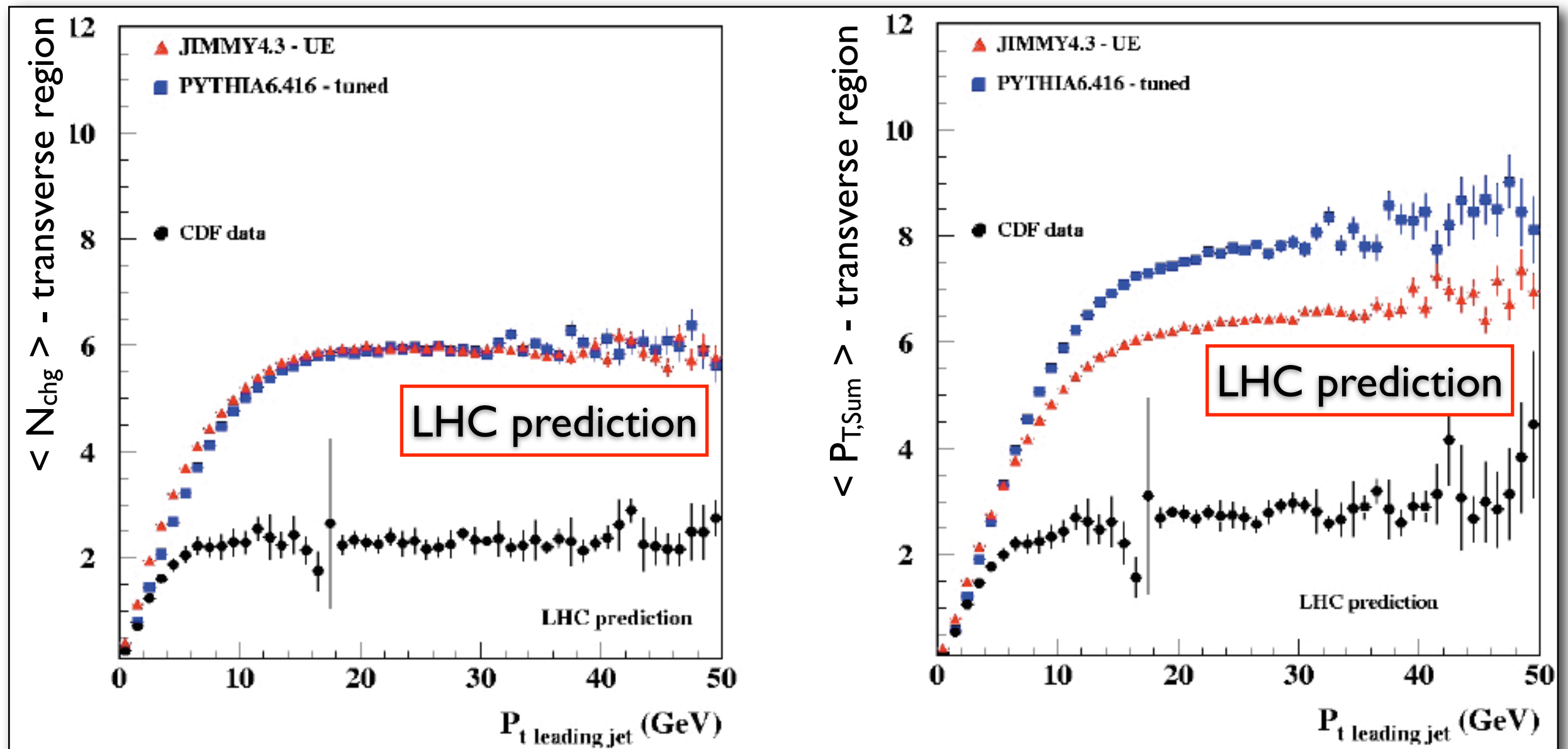
- Important check of MC generators
- ,jetty' environment - understanding needed for jet energy corrections
- CDF-Data used to tune ATLAS monte carlo
- currently relying on Jimmy4.3 and PYTHIA6.416 (appropriately tuned) to describe UE
- both generators describe CDF data reasonably well





# Underlying event

- Extrapolations to LHC (@ 14 TeV) energies differ
- Generators agree in  $\langle N_{\text{chg}} \rangle$  in transverse region
- Disagreement in  $\langle P_T \rangle$  in transverse region
- Validation needed with early data - combined with minimum bias description



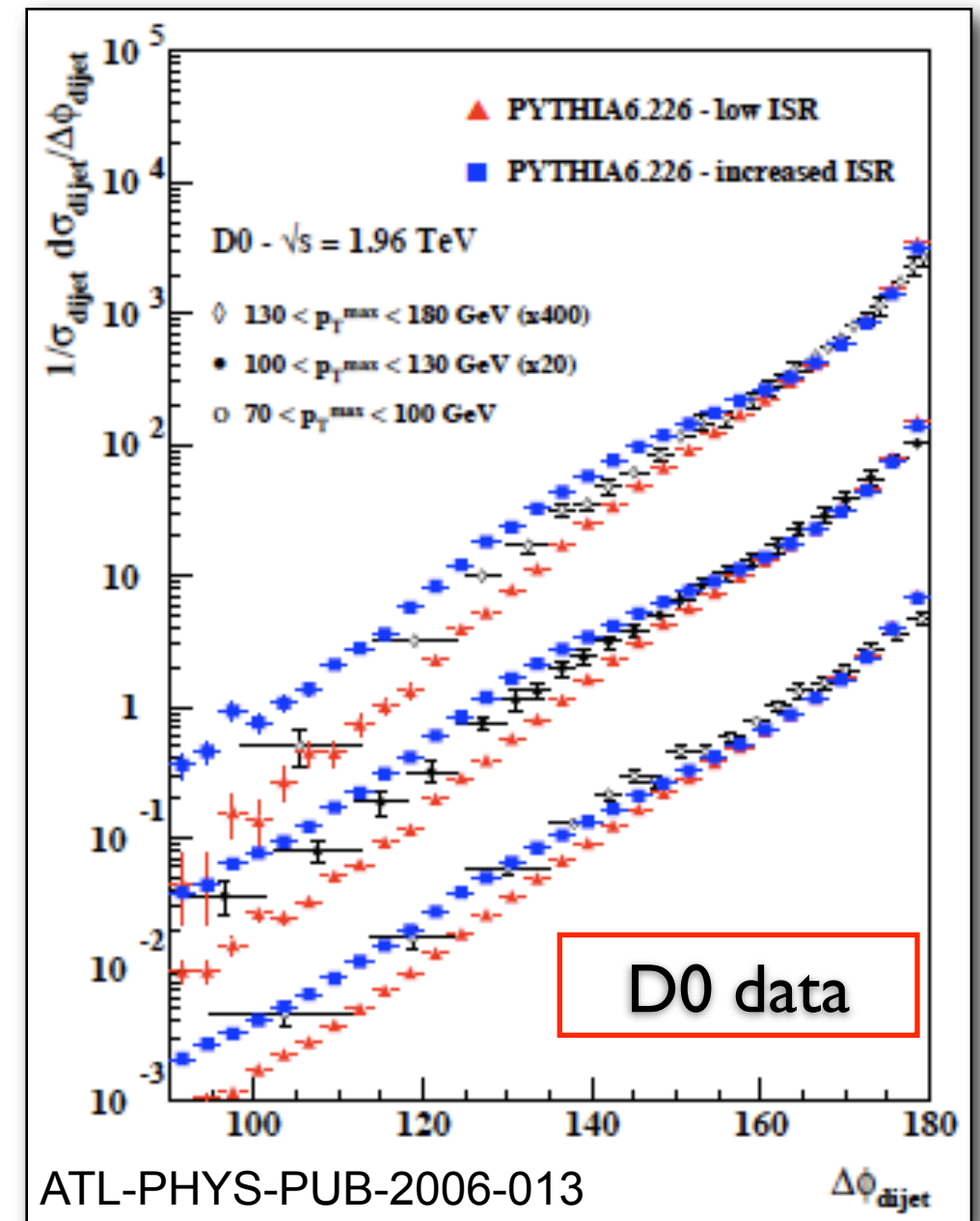
A. Moraes at 4th Hera-LHC Workshop, 2006

# Dijet angular de-correlation

- Very early possible check of generators
- Sensitivity mainly to ISR / parton showering
- Uncomplicated measurement of  $\Delta\phi = |\phi_{\text{jet1}} - \phi_{\text{jet2}}|$ 
  - $\Delta\phi \sim \pi$ : clean dijet event, small deviations due to soft radiation
  - $\Delta\phi < \pi$ : increasingly harder radiation
  - Probes transition from soft to hard radiation



- Analysis divided into regions of leading jet  $p_T$

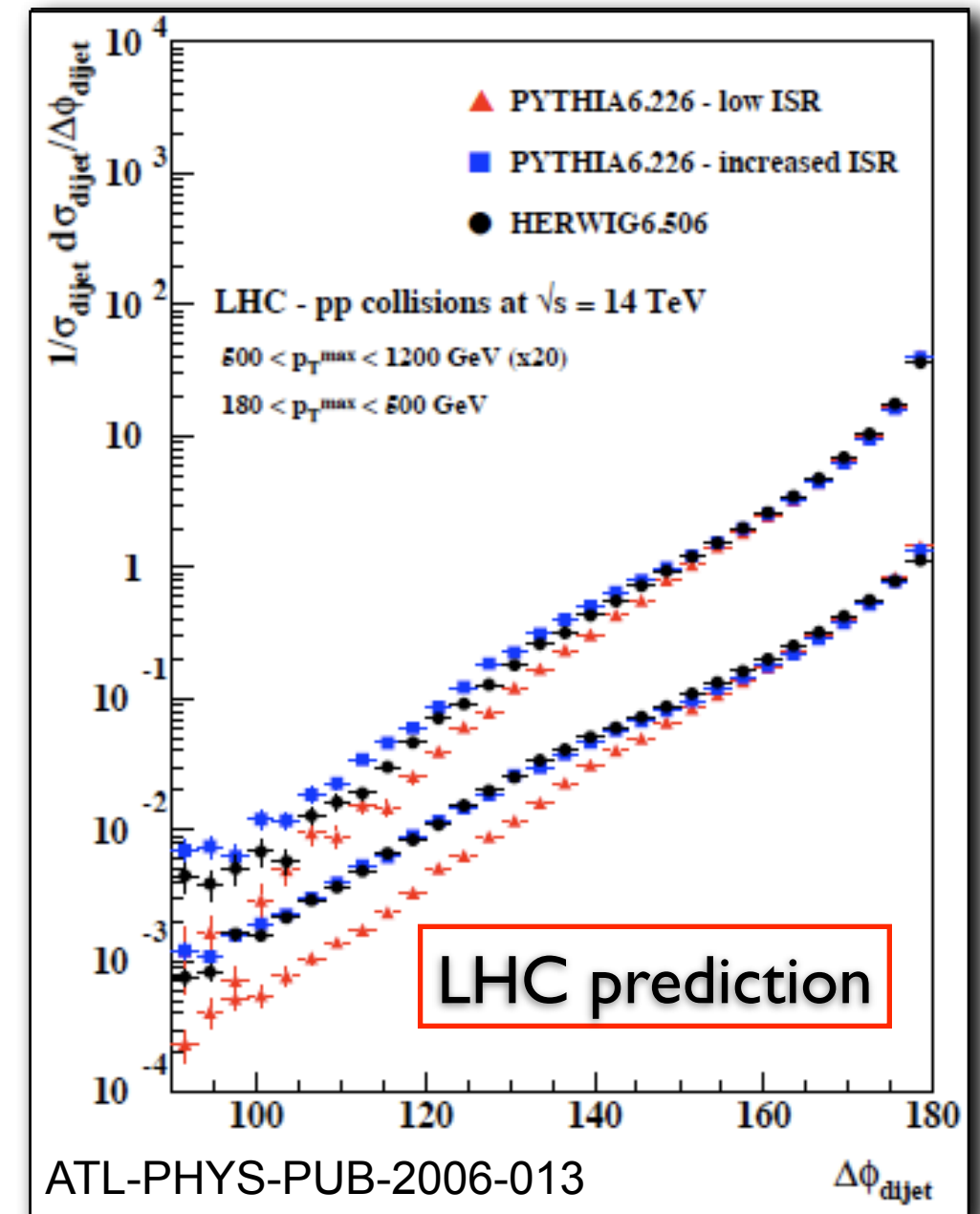


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- Analysis divided into regions of leading jet  $p_T$
- Again, extrapolations to LHC energies differ between generators

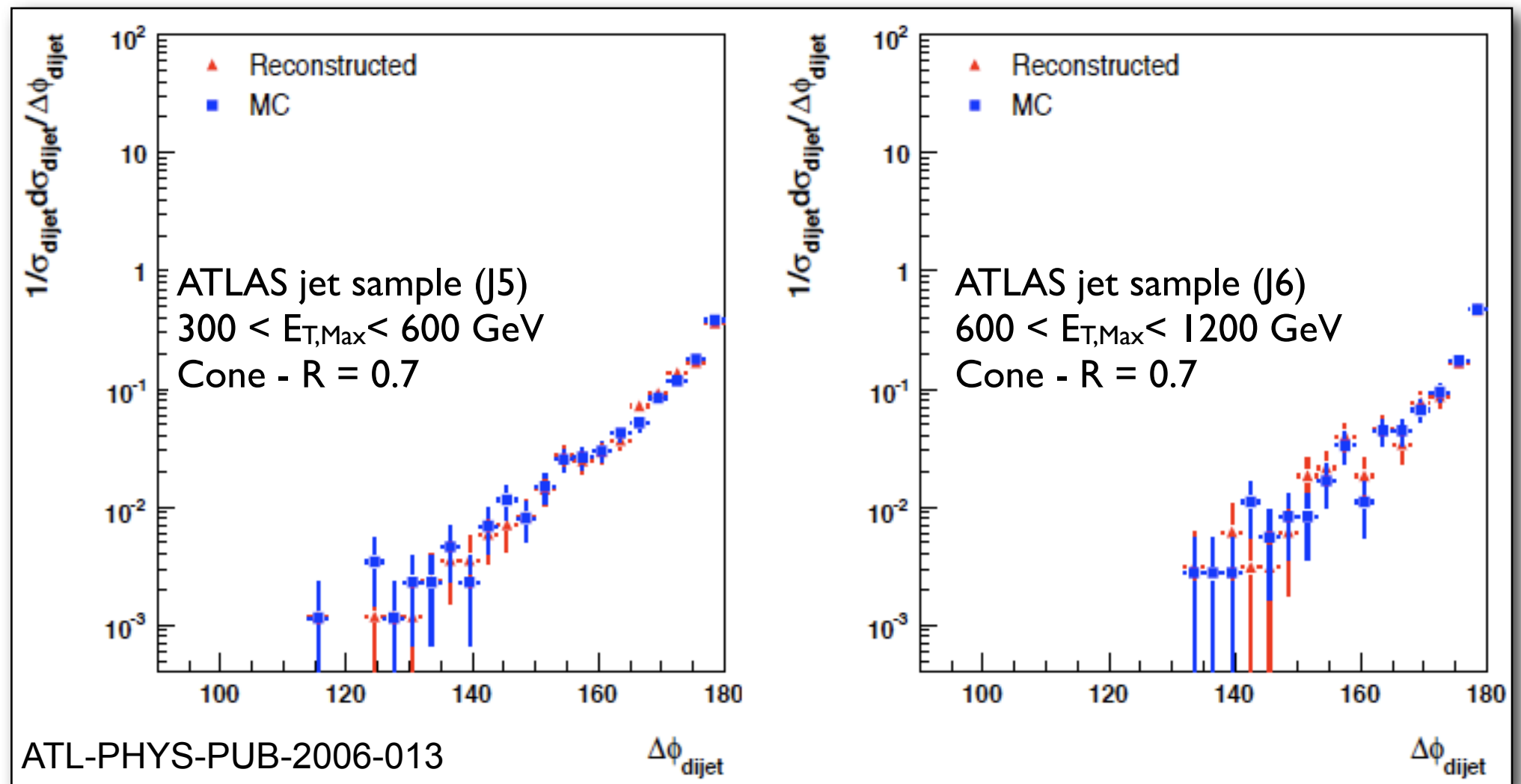


# Dijet angular de-correlation

- Cone jet algorithm ( $R = 0.7$ ),  $|y_{\text{Jet}}| < 0.5$
- Defined two analysis regions:
  - Simulated 20k events for both regions:  $1.6 \text{ pb}^{-1} / 56 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  integrated luminosity  
-> expect  $\sim 50$  fold / doubled statistics by end of 2010 run
  - $300 \text{ GeV} < E_{T,\text{Jet}1} < 600 \text{ GeV}$ ;  $600 \text{ GeV} < E_{T,\text{Jet}1} < 1200 \text{ GeV}$
- Only very few further selections applied:  $E_{T,\text{Jet}2} > 80 \text{ GeV}$

**Agreement of  
measured and  
true  
distribution.**

**Practically no  
corrections  
necessary!**





# Jet physics

- Jets above 1 TeV will be first 'new physics':  $O(100)$  Jets in  $100\text{pb}^{-1}$
- Di-jets provide easy access to  $x$  values of scattered partons  
-> constrain on PDFs esp. at high  $x$  and  $Q^2$  possible
- Currently large uncertainties in high  $x$  gluon densities -  
estimated impact of ATLAS jet data
  - Toy-study made using ATLAS pseudo jet data: incl. cross section in bins of  $|\eta|$

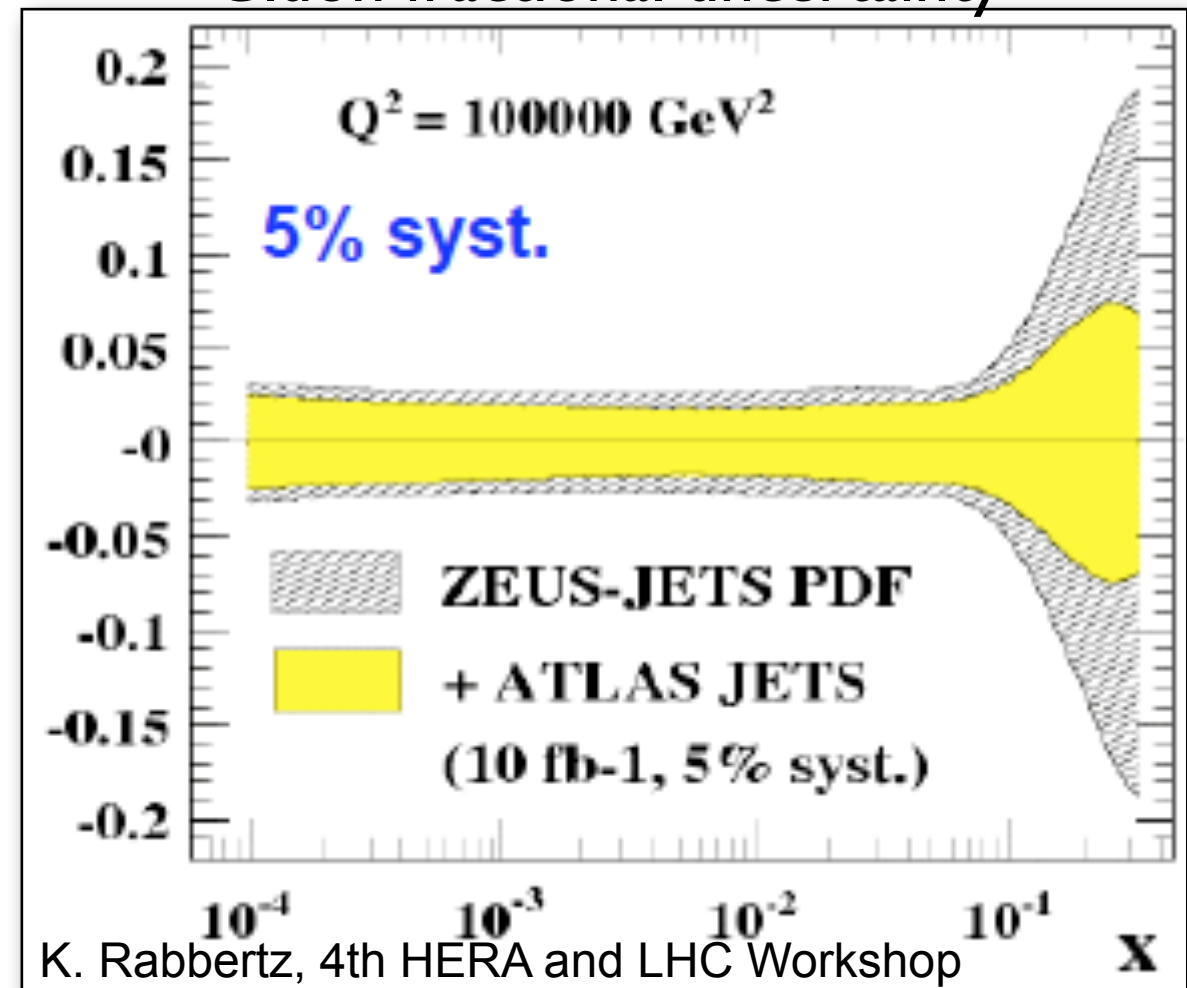
- Not an early data analysis  
- simulated  $10\text{fb}^{-1}$  with 5% syst. uncertainty

- Significant improvement in gluon PDF!

- Systematic uncertainties dominate:

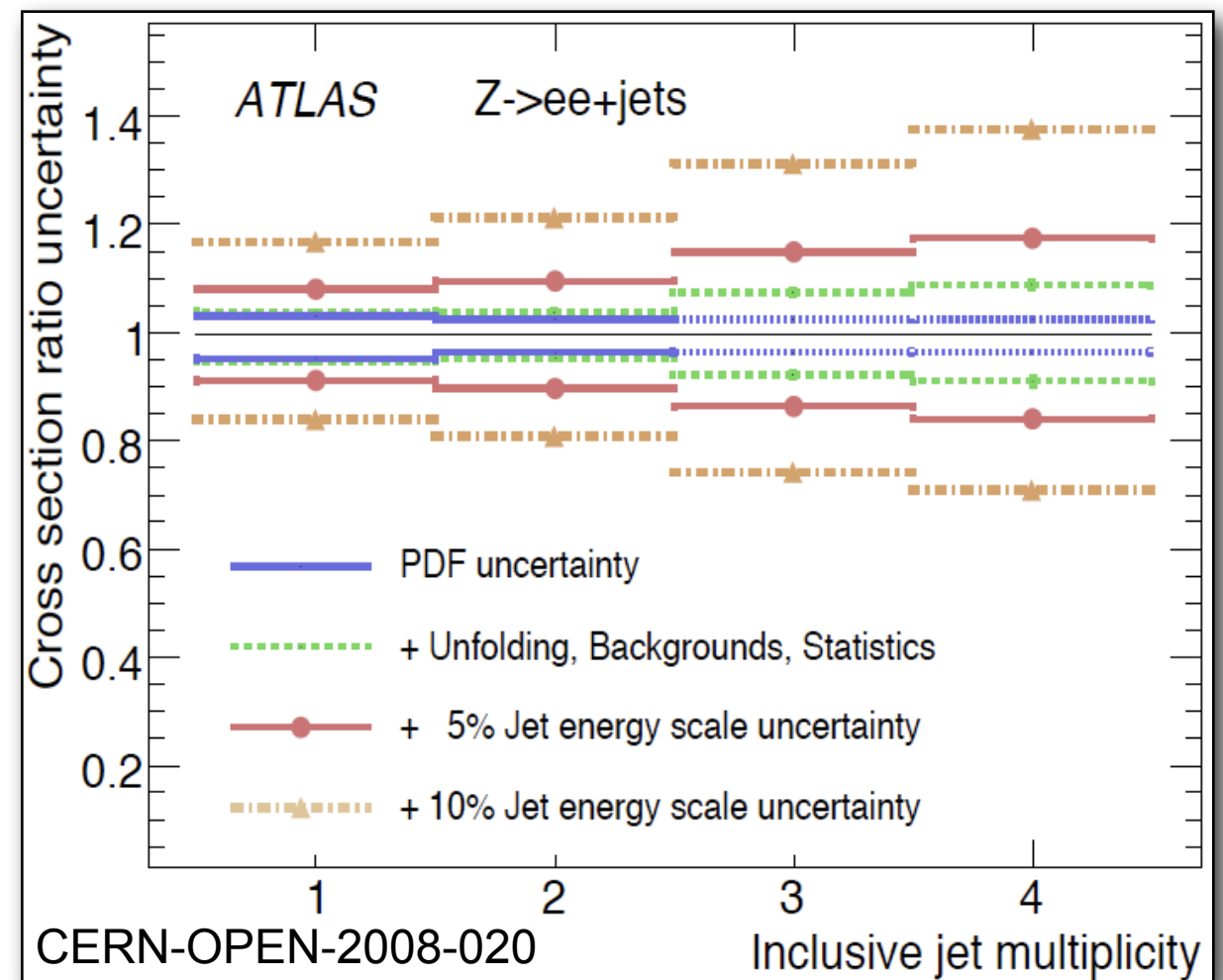
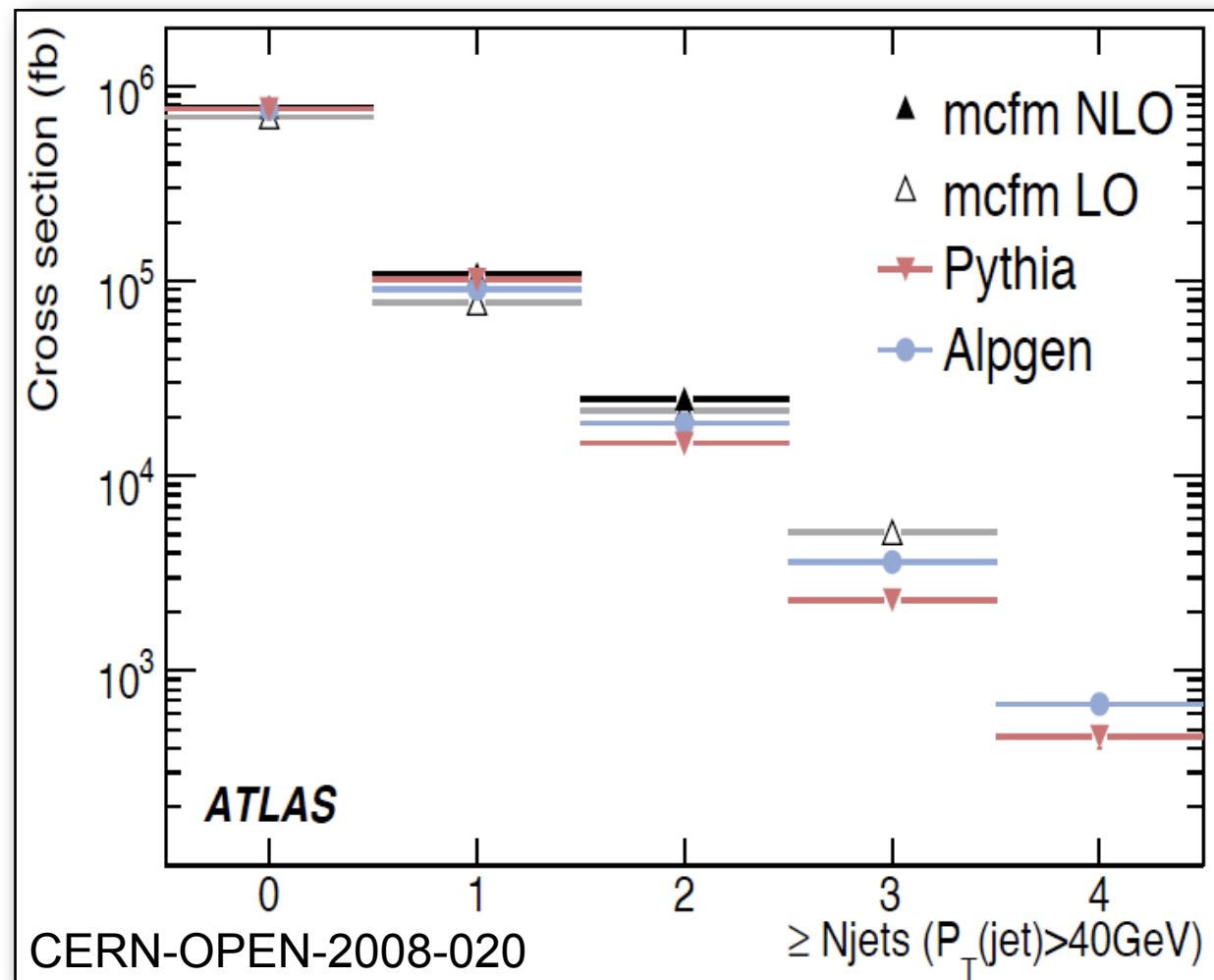
- Luminosity
- Jet energy scale & resolution
- Jet trigger efficiencies
- Underlying event

Gluon fractional uncertainty



# W/Z + Jets

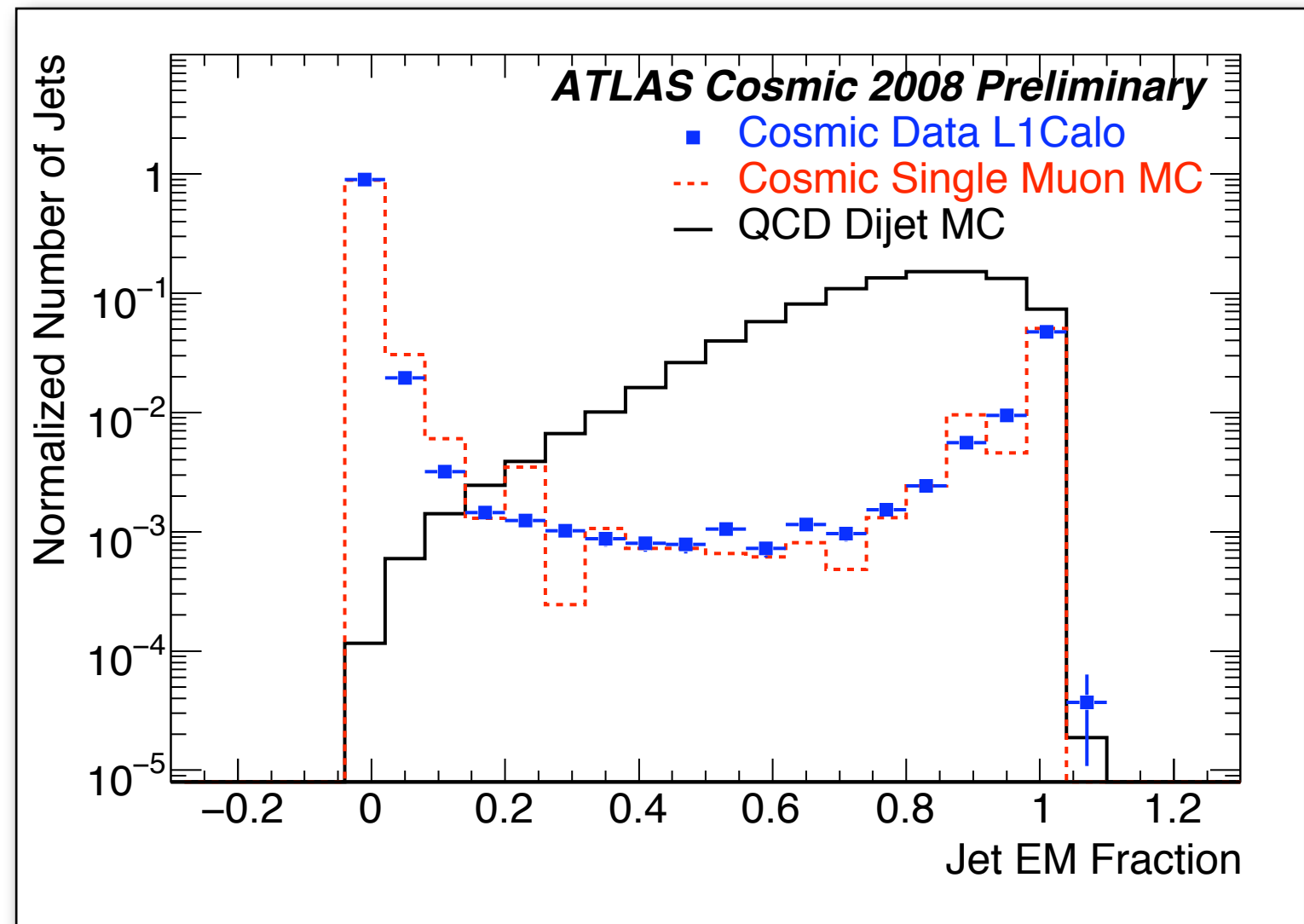
- Important background in SM analysis & searches for physics beyond the SM
- Current MC generator and calculations differ by 10-60%
- Given 5% jet energy scale uncertainty, we'll be competitive with generator-differences!
  - reasonable goal for 1 fb<sup>-1</sup>
- Comparably small PDF uncertainty



# Jets in cosmic ray data

- Today's data - tomorrow's background
- Muons experiencing catastrophic energy loss are visible as 'jets' - study properties for future background rejection
- Good agreement of cosmic monte carlo and data

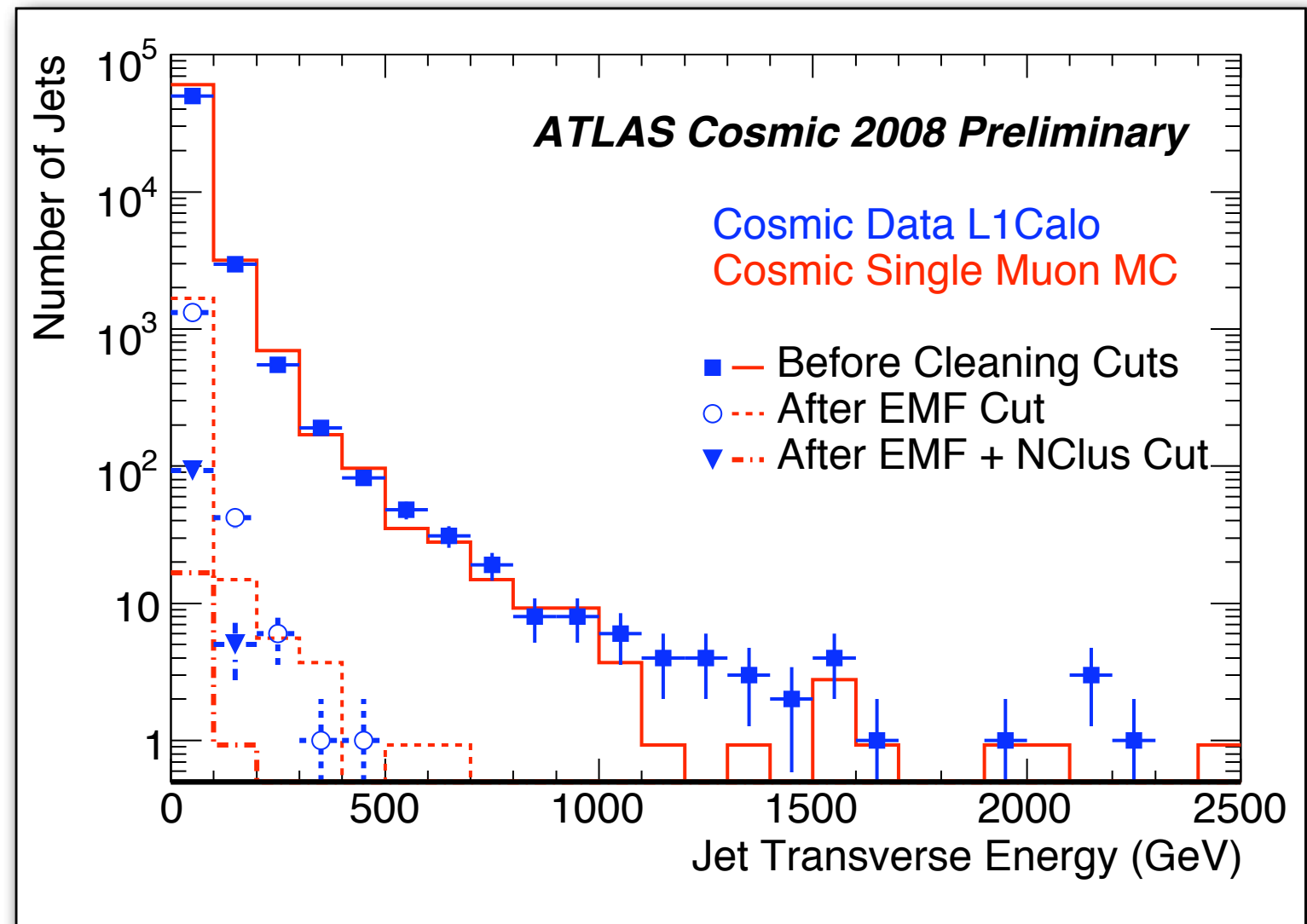
- Examined jet cleaning cuts:
- Most muon showers either in em. or had. calorimeter
- Fraction of total energy in EM calorimeter:  
 $0.2 < \text{JetEMFraction} < 0.97$ :
- Number of clusters:  
 $N_{\text{Clus}} > 6$
- Rejection by factor  $\sim 1000$



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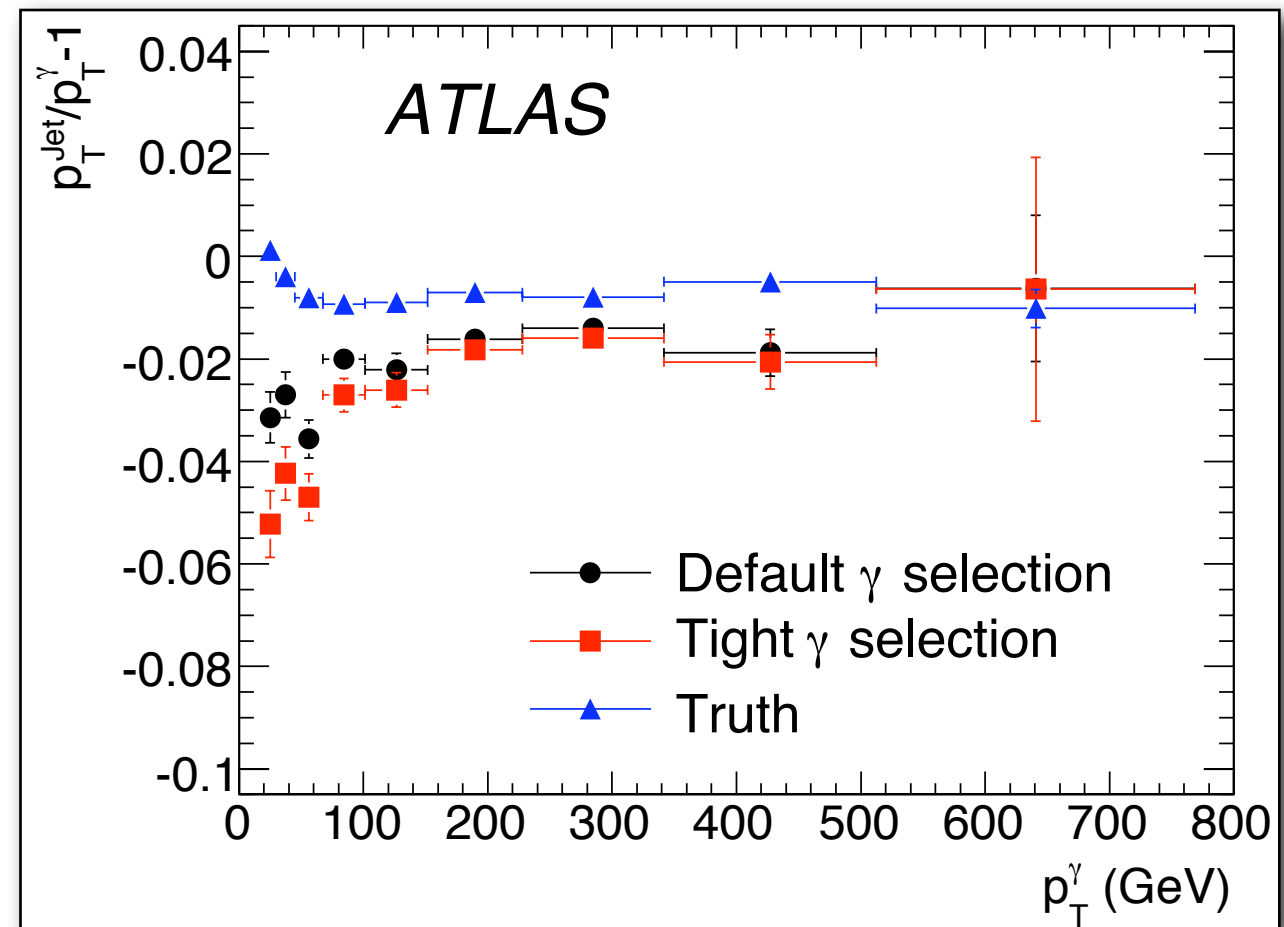
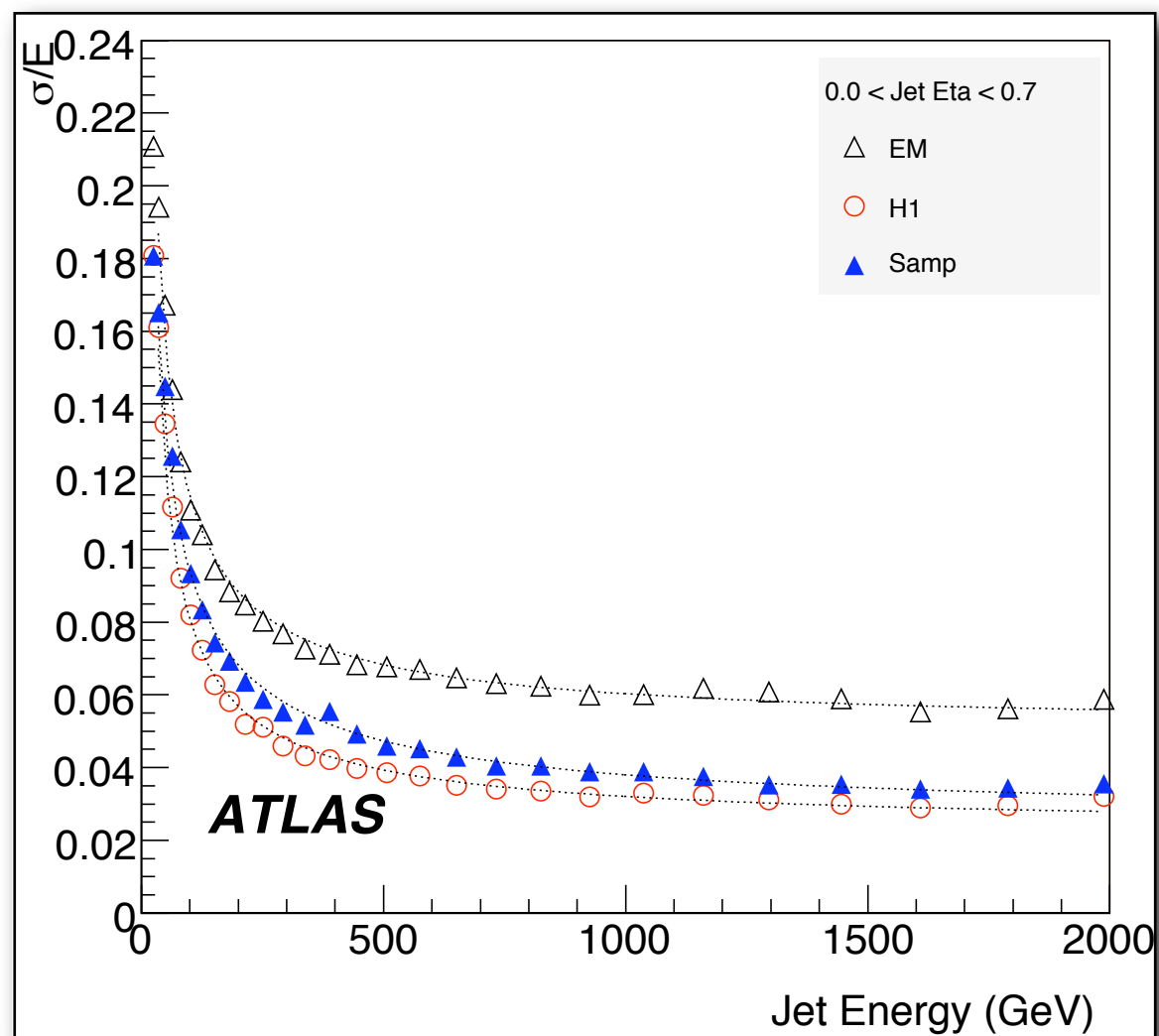


# Summary

- ATLAS studied a variety of QCD analysis
- Minimum bias and underlying event studies in early data will help to tune MC generators
- Angular decorrelation will discriminate between ISR models
- Early jet physics will reach beyond Tevatron's kinematic limit
- Ready for the re-discovery of the Standard Model

# Jet calibration at ATLAS

- Focus on in-situ calibration procedures in early data
- Use  $\gamma/Z$ +jet events to validate/set jet energy scale



- Longer term plans:
- Validate monte carlo based calibrations
- Based on energy density cell weighting
- Supposed to double energy resolution at high jet energies

# Jet physics

- Jets above 1 TeV will be first 'new physics'
  - $O(100)$  Jets in  $100\text{pb}^{-1}$
- Will provide test of pQCD in new energy regime
- Inclusive and multi jet cross section allows  $\alpha_s$  measurement
- Multi-jets are significant background for several physics studies
- Statistical uncertainties will be small
- Systematic uncertainties:
  - Luminosity (if applicable): 5 - 10%
  - Jet energy scale - conservative: 10-20% in first data
  - Jet trigger efficiencies
  - Underlying event
  - Theory: PDFs

