

# LHCb: an international research facility

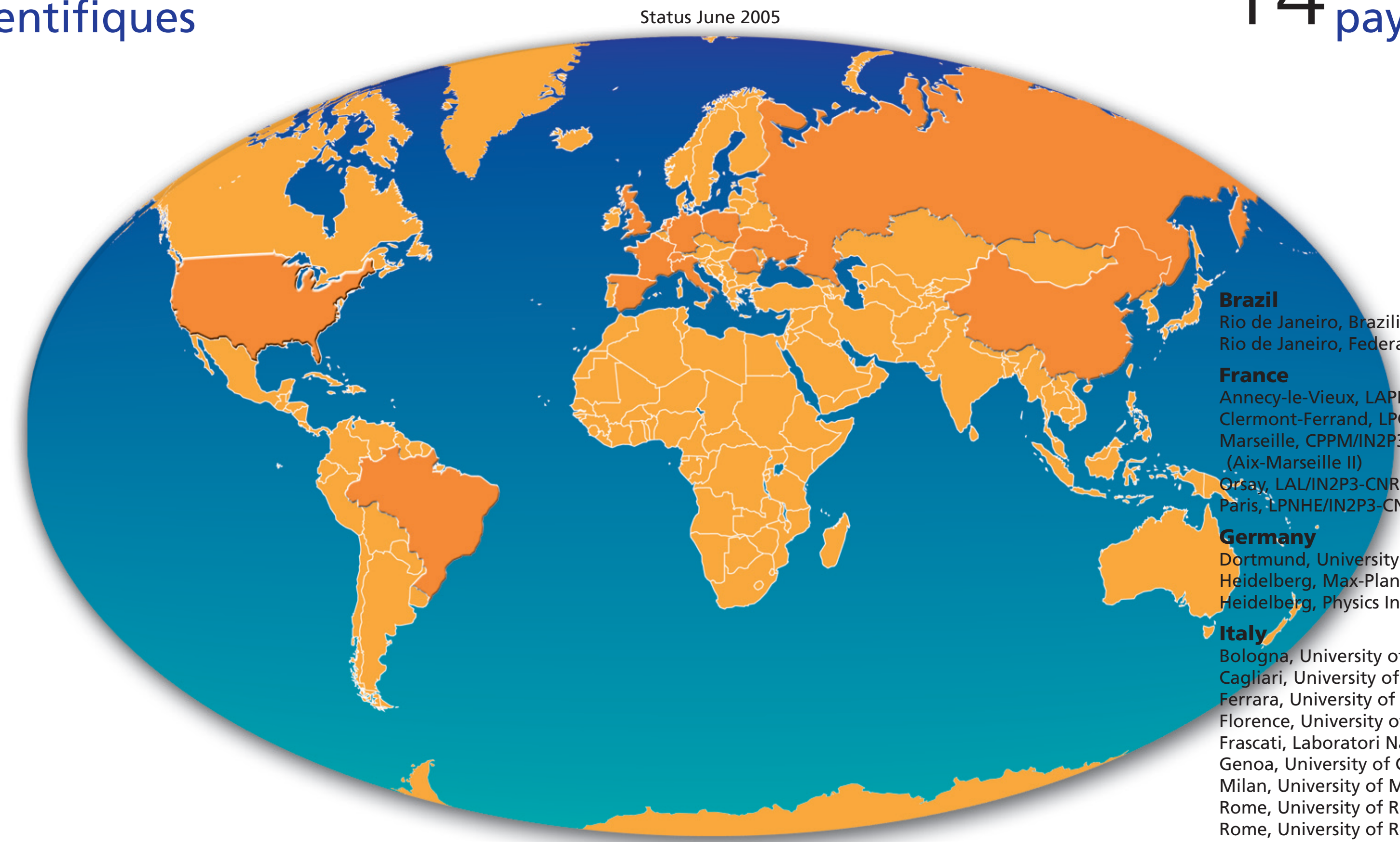
LHCb : une installation internationale de recherche



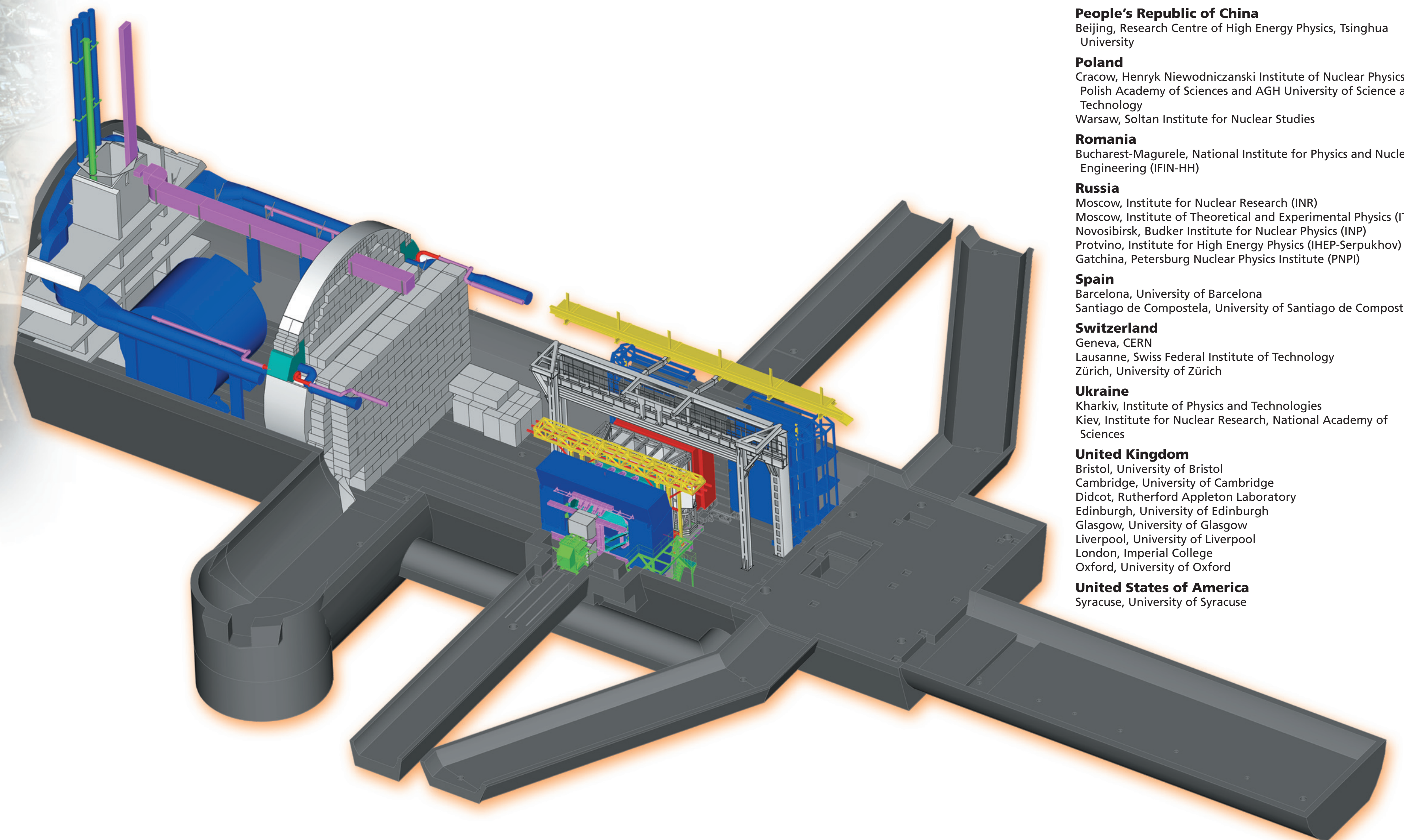
600 **scientists**  
scientifiques

47 **universities and laboratories**  
universités et laboratoires

14 **countries**  
pays



- Status June 2005
- Brazil**  
Rio de Janeiro, Brazilian Center for Research in Physics (CBPF)  
Rio de Janeiro, Federal University of Rio de Janeiro (UFRJ)
  - France**  
Annecy-le-Vieux, LAPP/IN2P3-CNRS  
Clermont-Ferrand, LPC/IN2P3-CNRS and University Blaise Pascal  
Marseille, CPPM/IN2P3-CNRS and University de la Méditerranée (Aix-Marseille II)  
Orsay, LAL/IN2P3-CNRS and University of Paris-Sud  
Paris, LPNHE/IN2P3-CNRS and Universities of Paris VI and VII
  - Germany**  
Dortmund, University of Dortmund  
Heidelberg, Max-Planck Institute for Nuclear Physics  
Heidelberg, Physics Institute, University of Heidelberg
  - Italy**  
Bologna, University of Bologna and INFN  
Cagliari, University of Cagliari and INFN  
Ferrara, University of Ferrara and INFN  
Florence, University of Florence and INFN  
Frascati, Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati-INFN  
Genoa, University of Genoa and INFN  
Milan, University of Milan-Bicocca and INFN  
Rome, University of Rome 'La Sapienza' and INFN  
Rome, University of Rome 'Tor Vergata' and INFN
  - Netherlands**  
Amsterdam, NIKHEF  
Amsterdam, Free University  
Amsterdam, University of Amsterdam
  - People's Republic of China**  
Beijing, Research Centre of High Energy Physics, Tsinghua University
  - Poland**  
Cracow, Henryk Niewodniczanski Institute of Nuclear Physics, Polish Academy of Sciences and AGH University of Science and Technology  
Warsaw, Sołtan Institute for Nuclear Studies
  - Romania**  
Bucharest-Magurele, National Institute for Physics and Nuclear Engineering (IFIN-HH)
  - Russia**  
Moscow, Institute for Nuclear Research (INR)  
Moscow, Institute of Theoretical and Experimental Physics (ITEP)  
Novosibirsk, Budker Institute for Nuclear Physics (INP)  
Protvino, Institute for High Energy Physics (IHEP-Serpukhov)  
Gatchina, Petersburg Nuclear Physics Institute (PNPI)
  - Spain**  
Barcelona, University of Barcelona  
Santiago de Compostela, University of Santiago de Compostela
  - Switzerland**  
Geneva, CERN  
Lausanne, Swiss Federal Institute of Technology  
Zürich, University of Zürich
  - Ukraine**  
Kharkiv, Institute of Physics and Technologies  
Kiev, Institute for Nuclear Research, National Academy of Sciences
  - United Kingdom**  
Bristol, University of Bristol  
Cambridge, University of Cambridge  
Didcot, Rutherford Appleton Laboratory  
Edinburgh, University of Edinburgh  
Glasgow, University of Glasgow  
Liverpool, University of Liverpool  
London, Imperial College  
Oxford, University of Oxford
  - United States of America**  
Syracuse, University of Syracuse



The LHCb apparatus will be the most sensitive instrument ever created to detect tiny differences between matter and antimatter.

L'expérience LHCb est dotée du dispositif le plus sensible jamais créé pour détecter les infimes différences entre matière et antimatière.