CORE

SUMMARY

The Isolation, Serotyping and Antimicrobial Susceptibility of Pasteurella multocida

strains in cattle in the region of Aydın and İzmir

In this study, a total of 570 intratracheal swabs were examined for the Pasteurella

multocida isolation that were taken 350 of from İzmir region slaughterhouse and were taken

220 of from Aydın region slaughterhouse.

P. multocida was identified from 28 (4,9%) of 570 intratracheal swabs that were

examined in this study. Pasteurella multocida was identified from 18 (5,14%) of 350 in İzmir

region and 10 (4,54) of 220 in Aydın region.

In the study, a total of 28 field Pasteurella multocida strains were serotyped as ; 15

(53,6 %) type B, 10 (35,7%) type A and 1 (3,5%) type D, respectively. Of 2 Pasteurella

multocida strains were untypeable.

The Pasteurella multocida strains were found to be susceptible to Flourphenicol (93,0

%), Enrofloxacine (61,0 %), Oxytetracycline (54,0 %) and were found to be resistant to

Erythromycine (82,0 %), Sulphamethaxsazole-Trimethoprim (82,0 %), Gentamycine (64,0 %)

and Amoxycilline-Clavulanic acid (61,0 %).

Key words: Pasteurella multocida, isolation, identification, serotyping