

## Supplementary Figure 1. Yar1 ankyrin-repeat core interacts with the Rps3 N-domain

(a) The Yar1 ankyrin-repeat core (~amino acids 15-137) interacts with Rps3 in vitro. His6Rps3 and the indicated Yar1 truncations were co-expressed in E. coli and after cell lysis purified via Ni-NTA agarose beads. Cell lysates and Ni-NTA eluates were analyzed by SDSPAGE and Coomassie staining or western blotting. Note that upon co-expression of Rps3 with non-interacting Yar1 fragments (i.e. fragments 24-200 and 1-119) the r-protein becomes insoluble resulting in decreased His6-Rps3 yields in the respective eluates. Asterisks indicate the different Yar1 fragments. (b) Rps3 N-domain is necessary and sufficient for interaction with Yar1. His6-tagged full-length Rps3 (FL), an Rps3 fragment lacking the N-terminal 15 amino acids (16-240) or the Rps3 N -domain (1-95) were co-expressed with full-length Yar1 in E. coli. After cell lysis, the His6-tagged proteins were purified via Ni-NTA agarose. Cell lysates and Ni-NTA eluates were analyzed by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie staining or western blotting. Asterisks indicate the different Rps3 fragments.


## Supplementary Figure 2. SAXS of Rps3/Yar1 full-length complex and truncations

(a) SAXS scattering curves of Rps3 N -domain/Yar1 complexes. Experimental (blue line) and calculated (dashed green line) scattering curves for the complexes shown in Figure 1a. (b) Definition of the dimers present in the Rps3/Yar1 crystal structure. The Rps3/Yar1 complexes are numbered and color-coded as indicated in the labels. Each complex contacts
three other complexes, resulting in three possible dimer conformations (e.g. complex 1 contacts complexes 2, 3, and 4, resulting in dimers 1-2, 1-3 and 1-4). (c) SAXS modeling of full-length Rps3/Yar1 complexes. Models (left) and fit to the experimental (blue line) and calculated (dashed green line) scattering curves (right) of Rps3/Yar1 dimers, for the three possible conformations extracted from the crystal structure in $\mathbf{b}$. All models were fit into the same representative envelope. Yar1 is colored blue and light blue, Rps3 is colored red and orange. The best fit was observed with dimer 1-4. The model of dimer 1-4 is also shown in Figure 1b.

b

| dimer contacts | mutant | exchanges |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| E135-K187 | SL1 | T46A R64K E135G |
|  | SL3 | E28D K187E |
| V136-V186 | SL5 | T70A V186A |
| L110-V175 | SL2 | F25S L110S K223R |
|  | SL4 | I84T N111Y |

Supplementary Figure 3. rps3 mutants displaying synthetic growth defects with the yar1 $\Delta$ mutant contain mutations in residues implicated in domain swapping contacts
(a) Regions of Rps3 involved in domain swapping are shown in two orientations (structure extracted from Figure 1d, left panel). Elements belonging to the two different Rps3 protomers are shown in red and orange, respectively. Amino acids involved in important dimer contacts are indicated. (b) rps3 mutants isolated in a screen for enhanced growth defects in combination with yar1 deletion (see also ${ }^{1}$ ). The exchanges in the respective mutants are indicated. Exchanges affecting the contacts involved in domain swapping are highlighted in bold. The fifth mutant isolated in the screen (SL4) contained an N111Y exchange. N111 is not in direct contact with the domain swapped $\beta$-sheets, however, mutation of N 111 likely results in an altered positioning of L110, which might disrupt the interaction between L110 and V175.


## Supplementary Figure 4. Rps3 is assembled into pre-ribosomes as a monomer

(a) Amounts of Rps 3 relative to other r -proteins are equal in pre-ribosomal particles and mature 40 s subunits. TAP-eluates of the indicated bait proteins were analyzed by SDSPAGE and western blotting with the indicated antibodies against $r$-proteins. The large subunit r-protein Rpl35 was detected to estimate the extent of contamination of the purifications with mature ribosomes and is specifically co-purified only in the Rps3 TAP-purification. (b) Rps3 and Ltv1 directly interact in vitro. His6-Rps3 and Ltv1-Flag were co-expressed in E. coli. In a first purification step, His6-Rps3 was pulled down with Ni-NTA agarose and the obtained eluate (E-His) was subjected to a second purification step with anti-Flag agarose (E-Flag). Cell lysate, unbound supernatants of the two purifications steps (Sup.-His, Sup.-Flag) and the eluates (E-His, E-Flag) were analyzed by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie staining.


Supplementary Figure 5. Serines 336, 339, and 342 comprise the main Ltv1 phosphorylation site
(a) Growth phenotype of Itv1 mutants. The growth phenotypes of the indicated Itv1 mutant strains were assessed on SD-Leu plates incubated at $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 3 d . Itv1.S6A and Itv1.S6E: all six serines (see Fig. 4a) were mutated to alanine and glutamate, respectively. Itv1.S3A/S3E: the first three serines were mutated to alanine, the last three serines to glutamate. (b) Dominant negative effects upon overexpression of ltv1 phosphomutants. Wild-type LTV1 and
indicated Itv1 mutants were overexpressed from the galactose inducible GAL1-10 promoter in wild-type cells. The growth was examined after incubation on glucose (repressed condition) or galactose (induced condition) containing plates at $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 3 and 7 d respectively. (c) Ltv1 is efficiently phosphorylated by Hrr25 in vitro. Ltv1-Flag and GST-TEVHrr25 were expressed in E. coli and purified with anti-Flag agarose and elution with Flagpeptide or GSH agarose and elution with TEV protease, respectively. The purified proteins were incubated in the presence or absence (+/-) of ATP. In addition, $\lambda$-phosphatase was added to one sample additionally to ATP and Hrr25. Samples were analyzed by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie staining or Western blotting. The efficient Ltv1 phosphorylation is obvious from the full bandshift to a slower migrating band in the gel. (d) rRNA processing defects in Itv1 phosphomutants. The indicated Itv1 mutants were analyzed by Northern blotting with probes directed against immature 20 S and mature 18 S rRNA species. In contrast to the other Itv1 phosphomutants, 20S processing was not affected in the Ltv1(S6A) mutant. (e) Delayed nuclear recycling of phosphomutated Ltv1. The localization of wild-type Ltv1 or of the indicated phosphomutant proteins fused to GFP was examined in leptomycin B (LMB) sensitive crm1 mutant cells prior to and after cycloheximide (CHX) and LMB treatment. LMB was added after incubating the cells for 10 min with CHX . Note that, while the Ltv1(S336A/S339A)- and Ltv1(S336A/S339A/S342A)-GFP fusions both displayed a delay in recycling back to the nucleus, the nuclear trapping of the Ltv1(S6A)-GFP occurred with an efficiency comparable to wild-type Ltv1. Scale bar is $5 \mu \mathrm{~m}$.


## Supplementary Figure 6. SV40-NLS fusion does not restore growth defects of rps3-

 (KKRK>A) mutantsAn rps3D strain supplemented with RPS3 on a URA3-plasmid was transformed with plasmids carrying wild-type RPS3, the $r p s 3(\mathrm{KKRK}>\mathrm{A})$ mutant or the indicated rps3 alleles fused with the nuclear localization signal (NLS) of the SV40 large T-antigen. The growth phenotypes after loss of the URA3-RPS3 wild-type copy were examined on 5-FOA containing plates incubated at $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 4 d .


## Supplementary Figure 7. Model of Rps3 assembled to pre-40S particles

Cryo-EM density of the S. cerevisiae pre-40S ribosomal particle isolated from Itv14 cells (Rio2-TAP; emdb 1924, shown in white); including the difference density derived from the corresponding wild-type pre-40S particle (emdb 1927), represented in violet and most likely containing Ltv1 and Enp1 ${ }^{2}$. The rRNA interaction sites of Ltv1 identified by UV-crosslinking and cDNA analysis (CRAC) ${ }^{3}$, comprising helix 16 and helix 41, are displayed in pink. Left panel: Rps20 (PDB 3U5C) and Rps3 (PDB 3U5C) were placed by modeling the mature 40 S structure (PDB 3U5C) into the cryo-EM density of the pre-40S particle. Middle and right panel: Rps20 (PDB 3U5C; shown in green) and rotated Rps3 from the Rps3/Yar1 complex (PDB 4BSZ) were modeled into the cryo-EM structure, assuming that Rps3 is assembled via the Rps3 C-domain (shown in red; middle panel) or the Rps3 N -domain (shown in orange; right panel). Note that in the mature and N -domain assembled orientation, the Rps3 N domain is in contact with helix 41, while in the rotated conformation with the C-domain assembled, the N -domain comes close to helix 16. The Figure was generated with Chimera ${ }^{4}$.


## Supplementary Figure 8. Uncropped scans of Coomassie stained gels and western

blots shown in Figures 2b and 2d. (a) The strong Yar1-TAP signal in the anti-Yar1 western blot results from binding of proteinA to the secondary peroxidase-conjugated antibody. (b) The band marked with an asterisk (*) in the Yar1 western blot might represent traces of contamination with uncleaved Rps3-TAP protein and appear due to binding of proteinA to the
secondary peroxidase-conjugated antibody. Hashes indicate degradation products of Rps3-
TAP. S=protein standard

Supplementary Table 1. SAXS data collection and modeling statistics

## http://doc.rero.ch

|  | Yar1 FL | Yar1 core/ Rps3 Ndomain | Yar1 FL/ <br> Rps3 Ndomain | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Yar1 FL/ } \\ & \text { Rps3 FL } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Data-collection parameters |  |  |  |  |
| Instrument | SWING | SWING | SWING | SWING |
| Beam geometry (mm) | $0.4 \times 0.1$ | $0.4 \times 0.1$ | $0.4 \times 0.1$ | $0.4 \times 0.1$ |
| Wavelength ( $\AA$ ) | 1.03 | 1.03 | 1.03 | 1.03 |
| q range ( $\AA^{-1}$ ) | 0.07-0.5 | 0.07-0.5 | 0.07-0.5 | 0.07-0.5 |
| Exposure time (s) / nb frames | $1 / 100$ | $1 / 100$ | $1 / 100$ | 1 / 100 |
| Concentration range (mg.ml ${ }^{-1}$ ) | 2-10 | 2-10 | 2-10 | 2-10 |
| Temperature | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 |
| Structural parameters |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{I}(0)\left(\mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right)$ [from P(r)] | 0.24 | 0.27 | 0.29 | 0.61 |
| $\mathrm{Rg}(\AA)$ [from P(r)] | 32.5 | 21.4 | 28.6 | 45.5 |
| $\mathrm{I}(0)\left(\mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right)$ [from Guinier] | 0.23 | 0.27 | 0.29 | 0.61 |
| $\mathrm{Rg}(\AA)$ [from Guinier] | 32.6 | 21.5 | 28.5 | 45.7 |
| $\mathrm{D}_{\max }(\AA)$ | 114.2 | 74.9 | 100 | 155.7 |
| Porod estimate $\left(\AA^{3}\right)$ | 44004 | 45369 | 54977 | 183758 |
| Dry volume calculated from sequence ( $\AA^{3}$ ) | 29000 | 34150 | 44037 | 62408 |
| Molecular-mass determination |  |  |  |  |
| Partial specific volume ( $\mathrm{cm}^{3} . \mathrm{g}^{-1}$ ) | 0.707 | 0.720 | 0.718 | 0.728 |
| Contrast ( $\Delta \rho \times 10^{10} \mathrm{~cm}^{-2}$ ) | 3.259 | 2.980 | 3.074 | 2.930 |
| Molecular mass $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{r}}[$ from I(0)] | 27502 | 28355 | 34250 | 120851 |
| Calculated monomeric $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{r}}$ from sequence | 23944 | 28224 | 36376 | 51559 |
| Software employed |  |  |  |  |
| Primary data reduction |  | FOXTROT |  |  |
| Data processing |  | PRIMUS |  |  |
| Ab initio analysis |  | DAMMIF |  |  |
| Validation and averaging |  | DAMAVER |  |  |
| Rigid-body modeling |  | DADIMOD |  |  |
| Computation of model intensities |  | CRYSOL |  |  |
| Three dimensional graphics representation |  | PyMOL |  |  |

## Supplementary Table 2. Yeast strains

| Name | Genotype | Source |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| W303 | ```ade2-1, his3-11, 15, leu2-3,112, trp1-1, ura3-1, can1-100``` | Thomas and Rothstein, 1989 |
| C303 | ADE2 wild-type integration into W303 | this study |
| YDK11-5A | W303 MAT 1 ade3::kanMX4 | Kressler et al., 1999 |
|  | W303 MAT 1 Itv1::HIS3MX4 | this study |
|  | W303 MATa hrr25::natNT2 Itv1::HIS3MX4 ade3::kanMX4 [pHT4467D-HRR25] | this study |
| rps3 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ shuffle (YGM90) | W303 MAT $\alpha$ rps3::natNT2 ade3::kanMX4 [pHT44674-RPS3] | this study |
|  | W303 MATa rps3::natNT2 Itv1::HIS3MX4 ade3::kanMX4 [pHT44674-RPS3] | this study |
| rps30 shuffle yar1ه (YGM187) | W303 MAT $\alpha$ rps3::natNT2 yar1::HIS3MX4 ade3::kanMX4 [pHT44674-RPS3] | this study |
| rps200 shuffle (YGM286) | W303 MATa rps20::natNT2 ade3::kanMX4 pHT44674-RPS20 | this study |
| rps204 shuffle ltv1仡 | W303 MATa rps20::natNT2 Itv1::hphNT1ade3::kanMX4 [pHT44674-RPS20] | this study |
|  | W303 MATa rps20::natNT2 Itv1::HIS3MX4 ade3::kanMX4 [pHT4467 $4-$ RPS20] | this study |
| rps3 3 shuffle rps200 shuffle (YGM295) | W303 MAT $\alpha$ rps3::natNT2 rps20:: HIS3MX4 ade3::kanMX4 [pHT44674-RPS3] [YCplac33RPS20] | this study |
| crm1-1 ltv1品 | C303 MATa crm1T539C::kanMX4 Itv1::HIS3MX6 | this study |
| UTP22-TAP | W303 MATa UTP22-TAP::natNT2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Koch et al., } \\ & 2012 \end{aligned}$ |
| KRR1-TAP | W303 MATa KRR1-TAP::natNT2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Koch et al., } \\ & 2012 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| ENP1-TAP | MGD353-13D MATa ade2, arg4, leu2, trp1, ura3, ENP1-TAP::TRP1 | Cellzome, Koch et al., 2012 |
| RIO2-TAP | W303 MATa RIO2-TAP : HIS3MX6 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Koch et al., } \\ & 2012 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| NIP1-TAP | DS1-2b MATa his3, leu2, trp1, ura3, NIP1TAP::TRP1 | Cellzome |
| RPS3-TAP | W303 MATa RPS3-TAP::natNT2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Koch et al., } \\ & 2012 \end{aligned}$ |
| YAR1-TAP/YAR1 RPS3Flag/RPS3 | W303 MATa/ $\alpha$ YAR1-TAP::HIS3MX4/YAR1 RPS3-Flag::natNT2/RPS3 | this study |
| YAR1-TAP/YAR1-TAP RPS3Flag/RPS3 | W303 MATa/ $\alpha$ YAR1-TAP::HIS3MX4/YAR1TAP::HISMX4 RPS3-Flag::natNT2/RPS3 | this study |
| YAR1-TAP/YAR1-TAP RPS3-Flag/RPS3-Flag | W303 MATa/ $\alpha$ YAR1-TAP::HIS3MX4/YAR1TAP::HISMX4 RPS3-Flag::natNT2/RPS3Flag::natNT2 | this study |
| YAR1-TAP/YAR1-TAP RPS3/RPS3 | W303 MATa/ $\alpha$ YAR1-TAP::HIS3MX4/YAR1TAP::HIS3MX4 | this study |
| RPS-TAP/RPS3-TAP YAR1Flag/YAR1 | W303 MATa/ $\alpha$ RPS3-TAP::HIS3MX4/RPS3TAP::natNT2 YAR1-Flag::natNT2 | this study |
| PJ69-4A | trp1-901 leu2-3,112 ura3-52 his3-200 gal44 gal804 LYS2::GAL1-HIS3 GAL2-ADE2 met2::GAL7-lacZ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { James et al., } \\ & 1996 \end{aligned}$ |

Supplementary Table 3. Yeast plasmids

| Name | Relevant Information | Source |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| pHT4467 4 -RPS3 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CEN6 (instable), URA3, ADE3, } \\ & \text { PRPS3, TADH1 } \end{aligned}$ | this study |
| pHT4467 ${ }^{\text {-RPS20 }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CEN6 (instable), URA3, ADE3, } \\ & \text { PRPS20, TADH1 } \end{aligned}$ | this study |
| YCplac33-RPS20 | CEN, URA3, PRPS20, TADH1 | this study |
| pHT4467 4 -HRR25 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CEN6 (instable), URA3, ADE3, } \\ & \text { PHRR25, TADH1 } \end{aligned}$ | this study |
| YCplac111-RPS3 | CEN, LEU2, PRPS3, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac111-rps3-K7A/K10A | CEN, LEU2, PRPS3, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac111-rps3-K8A/R9A | CEN, LEU2, PRPS3, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac111-rps3-K7A/K8A/R9A/K10A | CEN, LEU2, PRPS3, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac111-rps3-K7E | CEN, LEU2, PRPS3, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac111-rps3-K10D | CEN, LEU2, PRPS3, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac111-rps3-K7E/K10D | CEN, LEU2, PRPS3, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac111-SV40NLS-RPS3 | CEN, LEU2, PRPS3, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac111-SV40NLS-rps3-K7A/K10A | CEN, LEU2, PRPS3, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac111-SV40NLS-rps3-K8A/R9A | CEN, LEU2, PRPS3, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac111-SV40NLS-rps3K7A/K8A/R9A/K10A | CEN, LEU2, PRPS3, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac22-RPS3 | CEN, TRP1, PRPS3, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac22-rps3-K7A/K10A | CEN, TRP1, PRPS3, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac22-rps3-K8A/R9A | CEN, TRP1, PRPS3, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac22-rps3-K7A/K8A/R9A/K10A | CEN, TRP1, PRPS3, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac22-rps3-K7E/K10D | CEN, TRP1, PRPS3, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac111-RPS20 | CEN, LEU2, PRPS20, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac111-rps20-D113K/E115K | CEN, LEU2, PRPS20, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac22-RPS20 | CEN, TRP1, PRPS20, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac22-rps20-D113K/E115K | CEN, TRP1, PRPS20, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac111-LTV1 | CEN, LEU2, PLTV1, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac111-Itv1-S336A | CEN, LEU2, PLTV1, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac111-Itv1-S339A | CEN, LEU2, PLTV1, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac111-Itv1-S342A | CEN, LEU2, PLTV1, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac111-ltv1-S336A/S339A | CEN, LEU2, PLTV1, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac111-ltv1-S339A/S342A | CEN, LEU2, PLTV1, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac111-ltv1-S336A/S339A/S342A | CEN, LEU2, PLTV1, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac111-ltv1-S344A/S345A/S346A | CEN, LEU2, PLTV1, TADH1 | this study |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { YCplac111-Itv1- } \\ & \text { S342A/S344A/S345A/S346A } \end{aligned}$ | CEN, LEU2, PLTV1, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac111-ltv1-S336A/S339A/ S342A/S344A/S345A/S346A | CEN, LEU2, PLTV1, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac111-ltv1-S336E/S339E/S342E | CEN, LEU2, PLTV1, TADH1 | this study |
| ```YCplac111-ltv1- S336A/S339A/S342A/S344E/S345E/S34 6E``` | CEN, LEU2, PLTV1, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac111-Itv1-S336E/S339E/S342E/ S344E/S345E/S346E | CEN, LEU2, PLTV1, TADH1 | this study |
| YCplac111-LTV1-yEGFP | CEN, LEU2, PLTV1, TADH1, Cterminal (GA) 5 -yEGFP | this study |
| YCplac111-Itv1-S339A/S342A-yEGFP | CEN, LEU2, PLTV1, TADH1, Cterminal (GA) 5 -yEGFP | this study |
| YCplac111-ltv1-S336A/S339A/S342AyEGFP | CEN, LEU2, PLTV1, TADH1, Cterminal (GA) 5 -yEGFP | this study |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { YCplac111-Itv1- } \\ & \text { S336A/S339A/S342A/S345A/S346A- } \\ & \text { yEGFP } \end{aligned}$ | CEN, LEU2, PLTV1, TADH1, Cterminal (GA) $5_{5}$-yEGFP | this study |
| YCplac111-Itv1暞ES-yEGFP | CEN, LEU2, PLTV1, TADH1, C- | this study |


|  | terminal (GA) 5 -yEGFP |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| pGAL111-LTV1 | CEN, LEU2, PGAL1, TADH1 | this study |
| pGAL111-Itv1-S336A | CEN, LEU2, PGAL1, TADH1 | this study |
| pGAL111-Itv1-S339A | CEN, LEU2, PGAL1, TADH1 | this study |
| pGAL111-Itv1-S342A | CEN, LEU2, PGAL1, TADH1 | this study |
| pGAL111-Itv1-S336A/S339A | CEN, LEU2, PGAL1, TADH1 | this study |
| pGAL111-Itv1-S339A/S342A | CEN, LEU2, PGAL1, TADH1 | this study |
| pGAL111-Itv1-S336A/S339A/S342A | CEN, LEU2, PGAL1, TADH1 | this study |
| pGAL111-Itv1-S344A/S345A/S346A | CEN, LEU2, PGAL1, TADH1 | this study |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { pGAL111-ltv1- S336A/S339A/S342A/ } \\ & \text { S344A/S345A/S346A } \end{aligned}$ | CEN, LEU2, PGAL1, TADH1 | this study |
| pGAL111-Itv1-S336E/S339E/S342E | CEN, LEU2, PGAL1, TADH1 | this study |
| pGAL111-Itv1- S336A/S339A/S342A/S344E/S345E/S34 6E | CEN, LEU2, PGAL1, TADH1 | this study |
| pGAL111-ltv1- S336E/S339E/S342E/ S344E/S345E/S346E | CEN, LEU2, PGAL1, TADH1 | this study |
| pGAG4ADC111-YAR1 | CEN, LEU2, PADH1, TADH1, Cterminal (GA) 5 -G4AD | this study |
| pGAG4ADC111-LTV1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CEN, LEU2, PADH1, TADH1, C- } \\ & \text { terminal (GA) } \end{aligned}$ | this study |
| pGAG4ADC111-LTV1(57-463) | CEN, LEU2, PADH1, TADH1, Cterminal (GA) 5 -G4AD | this study |
| pGAG4ADC111-LTV1(120-463) | CEN, LEU2, PADH1, TADH1, Cterminal (GA) ${ }_{5}$-G4AD | this study |
| pGAG4ADC111-LTV1(218-463) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CEN, LEU2, PADH1, TADH1, C- } \\ & \text { terminal (GA) } \end{aligned}$ | this study |
| pGAG4ADC111-LTV1(1-219) | CEN, LEU2, PADH1, TADH1, Cterminal (GA) 5 -G4AD | this study |
| pGAG4ADC111-LTV1(1-122) | CEN, LEU2, PADH1, TADH1, Cterminal (GA) ${ }_{5}$-G4AD | this study |
| pGAG4ADC111-LTV1(1-105) | CEN, LEU2, PADH1, TADH1, C- $\text { terminal }(\mathrm{GA})_{5}-\mathrm{G} 4 \mathrm{AD}$ | this study |
| pGAG4ADC111-LTV1(57-219) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CEN, TRP1, PADH1, TADH1, C- } \\ & \text { terminal (GA) } 5 \text {-G4AD } \end{aligned}$ | this study |
| pGAG4ADC111-LTV1(57-122) | CEN, LEU2, PADH1, TADH1, Cterminal (GA) ${ }_{5}$-G4AD | this study |
| pGAG4ADC111-LTV1(57-105) | CEN, LEU2, PADH1, TADH1, Cterminal (GA) 5 -G4AD | this study |
| pGAG4ADC111-LTV1(105-219) | CEN, LEU2, PADH1, TADH1, Cterminal (GA) ${ }_{5}$-G4AD | this study |
| pGAG4ADC111-ENP1 | CEN, LEU2, PADH1, TADH1, Cterminal (GA) 5 -G4AD | this study |
| pGAG4BDC22-RPS3 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CEN, TRP1, PADH1, TADH1, C- } \\ & \text { terminal (GA) } \\ & 5-\mathrm{G} 4 \mathrm{BD} \end{aligned}$ | this study |
| pGAG4BDC22-RPS3(1-198) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CEN, TRP1, PADH1, TADH1, C- } \\ & \text { terminal (GA) }{ }_{5} \text {-G4BD } \end{aligned}$ | this study |
| pGAG4BDC22-RPS3(1-95) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CEN, TRP1, PADH1, TADH1, C- } \\ & \text { terminal (GA) }{ }_{5} \text {-G4BD } \end{aligned}$ | this study |
| pGAG4BDC22-RPS3(1-90) | CEN, TRP1, PADH1, TADH1, Cterminal G4DBD | this study |
| pGAG4BDC22-RPS3(1-30) | CEN, TRP1, PADH1, TADH1, C- $\text { terminal }(\mathrm{GA})_{5}-\mathrm{G} 4 \mathrm{BD}$ | this study |
| pGAG4BDC22-RPS3(1-15) | CEN, TRP1, PADH1, TADH1, Cterminal G4DBD | this study |
| pGAG4BDC22-RPS3(11-95) | CEN, TRP1, PADH1, TADH1, Cterminal (GA) ${ }_{5}$-G4BD | this study |
| pGAG4BDC22-RPS3(15-95) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CEN, TRP1, PADH1, TADH1, C- } \\ & \text { terminal (GA) }{ }_{5} \text {-G4BD } \end{aligned}$ | this study |


| pGAG4BDC22-RPS3(15-240) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CEN, TRP1, PADH1, TADH1, C- } \\ & \text { terminal (GA) }{ }_{5} \text {-G4BD } \end{aligned}$ | this study |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| pGAG4BDC22-RPS3(30-240) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CEN, TRP1, PADH1, TADH1, C- } \\ & \text { terminal }(\mathrm{GA})_{5}-\mathrm{G} 4 \mathrm{BD} \end{aligned}$ | this study |
| pGAG4BDC22-RPS3(95-240) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CEN, TRP1, PADH1, TADH1, C- } \\ & \text { terminal (GA) } \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ | this study |

P and T denote promoter and terminator, respectively.

## Supplementary Table 4. E. coli expression plasmids

| Name | Relevant Information | Source |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| pETDuet-1-His6-Yar1 | amp ${ }^{\text {r }}$, T7 promoter/lac operator | Koch et al., 2012 |
| pETDuet-1-Flag-Yar1 | amp ${ }^{\text {r }}$, 77 promoter/lac operator | this study |
| pETDuet-1-Yar1/Rps3-His6 | amp ${ }^{\text {r }}$, T 7 promoter//ac operator | this study |
| pETDuet-1-Yar1/Rps3(1-95)-His6 | ampr ${ }^{\text {r }}$, 77 promoter/lac operator | this study |
| pETDuet-1-Yar1(8-153)/Rps3(1-95)-His6 | amp ${ }^{\text {r }}$, T7 promoter/lac operator | this study |
| pETDuet-1-Yar1(15-200)/Rps3-His6 | ampr ${ }^{\text {r }}$, 77 promoter//ac operator | this study |
| pETDuet-1-Yar1(24-200)/Rps3-His6 | amp ${ }^{\text {r }}$, T7 promoter/lac operator | this study |
| pETDuet-1-Yar1(1-150)/Rps3-His6 | ampr ${ }^{\text {r }}$, T7 promoter//ac operator | this study |
| pETDuet-1-Yar1(1-137)/Rps3-His6 | ampr ${ }^{\text {r }}$, 77 promoter/lac operator | this study |
| pETDuet-1-Yar1(1-119)/Rps3-His6 | amp ${ }^{\text {r }}$, T7 promoter/lac operator | this study |
| pETDuet-1-His6-Rps3/Yar1 | ampr ${ }^{\text {r }}$, T7 promoter/lac operator | this study |
| pETDuet-1-His6-Rps3(1-95)/Yar1 | amp ${ }^{\text {r }}$, T7 promoter/lac operator | this study |
| pETDuet-1-His6-Rps3(16-240)/Yar1 | ampr ${ }^{\text {r }}$, T7 promoter/lac operator | this study |
| pETDuet-1-His6-Rps3/Ltv1-Flag | amp ${ }^{\text {r }}$, 77 promoter/lac operator | this study |
| pETDuet-1-His6-Rps20/Ltv1-Flag | amp ${ }^{\text {r }}$, T7 promoter//ac operator | this study |
| pETDuet-1-His6-Rps20/Ltv1(1-122)-Flag | amp ${ }^{\text {r }}$, T7 promoter/lac operator | this study |
| pETDuet-1-His6-Rps20/Ltv1(1-217)-Flag | amp ${ }^{\text {r }}$, T 7 promoter//ac operator | this study |
| pETDuet-1-His6-Rps20/Ltv1(218-463)-Flag | amp ${ }^{\text {r }}$, 77 promoter/lac operator | this study |
| pETDuet-1-His6-Rps20/Ltv1(310-463)-Flag | amp ${ }^{\text {r }}$, T7 promoter/lac operator | this study |
| pET15b-Ltv1-Flag | amp ${ }^{\text {r }}$, T7 promoter/lac operator | this study |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { pET15b-Ltv1(S336 } \underline{A} / S 339 \underline{A} / S 342 \underline{A}>A)- \\ & \text { Flag } \end{aligned}$ | ampr ${ }^{\text {r }}$, T7 promoter//ac operator | this study |
| pET15b-Ltv1(S6>A)-Flag | amp ${ }^{\text {r }}$, T7 promoter/lac operator | this study |
| pET15b-Enp1-Flag-TEV-ProteinA | amp ${ }^{\text {r }}$, T7 promoter/lac operator | this study |
| pProEx-GST-TEV-Hrr25 | amp ${ }^{\text {r }}$, TRC promoter/lac operator | this study |

## Supplementary References

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