## Large-Scale Resource Sharing at Public Funded Organizations e-Human "Grid" Ecologye-Human "Grid" Ecology

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The Erasmus Computing Grid (ECG) is the largest desktop grid for the biomedical research and care sectors. The computers of **Erasmus Medical Center and the Hogeschool Rotterdam are donated** to the ECG and technically exploited using the middleware CONDOR and a newly developed management system. Currently, the ECG has an installed capacity of ~10 Tera FLOPS and ~10,000 computing cores available for user applications (total existing capacity: ~30 Tera FLOPS and ~30,000 computing cores, respectively). In absolute terms this is also one the largest dedicated computer resources world wide available to users via a central entry port managed by

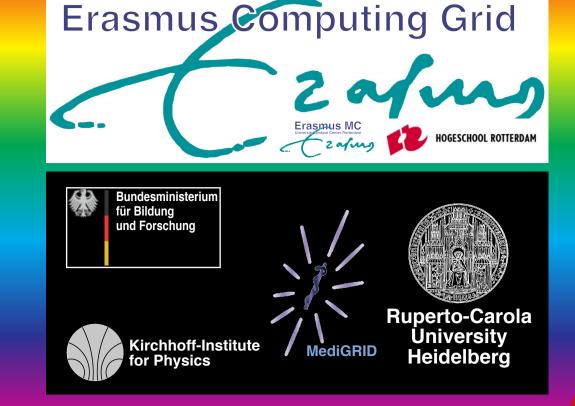
With ever-new technologies emerging from research and development, also the amount of data, which has to be stored and analysed by advanced information technologies, is growing exponentially. In no other than the IT sector it is immanently simpler to share existing but unexploited resources. However, the resulting grid phenomenon and its implications show that this is similar complicated to the ecology/climate/environmental challange!

INVERSE

**TRAGEDY OF THE COMMONS** 



MediGRID and its services branch Services@MediGRID operate the national German biomedical research and care grid and is one of ~20 community grids of the German nation wide D-Grid initiative. The resources are cluster computers which are located and maintained at local universities. These resources run different middlewares and are connected by a a central access portal. Special security protocols allow data transfer between the clusters at different organizations under high-security medical conditions. The German MediGRID is one of the most advanced HealthGrids in the world combining data storage, computing power and sharing of





**Fig. 1:** The main organization structure of the ECG is determined by the user groups which via the ECG centralized office have access to the desctop computers of the two donor organizations - the Erasmus Medical Center and the Hogeschool Rotterdam with ~15,000 PCs being

~10 BioMedical User Groups ECG Centralized Office

Two Donor Organizations

~15,000 PC "Owners"

**Fig. 2:** The aim of the ECG is to serve the areas of research, education, and diagnostics according to the mission of the donating public organizations. Beyond, the aim is to develop the ECG to the point that it is a general broker for computing resources also for industry and other

### Research:

- genomic and proteomic analysis epidemiology - image analysis

Education: - training the future grid IT specialists - new concept development

Diagnostics: - clinical image and data analysis - operation planning and support

Industry: - brokerage of computing resources

The Tragedy of the Commons: A resource belonging to all and being on limited demand is overexploited and/or destroyed by the user due to responsibility diffusion!

=> TRANSFORMS INTO =>

:The INVERSE Tragedy of the Commons A resource belonging to all and being in affluent availability on limited demand is UNDEREXPLOITED by potential users due to responsibility diffusion!

The grid challenges reside in the e-Social embedding of grid phenomenons: Micro-Sociality: Macro-Sociality: The sharing attitude and the The organization culture of socialisation of the the embedding institution.

> Similarity: **Renewable Energy Resources!**

Huge resources are availabe e.g. in the IT and the renewable energy sectors, but are not exploited due

CONCLUSION

Fig. 4: To serve research, education, and diagnostics in the biomedical research and care sectors MediGRID is organized in different modules which are distributed via different institutions throughout Germany. Services are provided to MediGRID by its special services branch

Module Coordination: - coordination of distributed office

Module Resource Integration: - sharing of the integrated resources

Module Middleware: - grid technical virtualization

Module Ontology Tools: - ontology development for grid

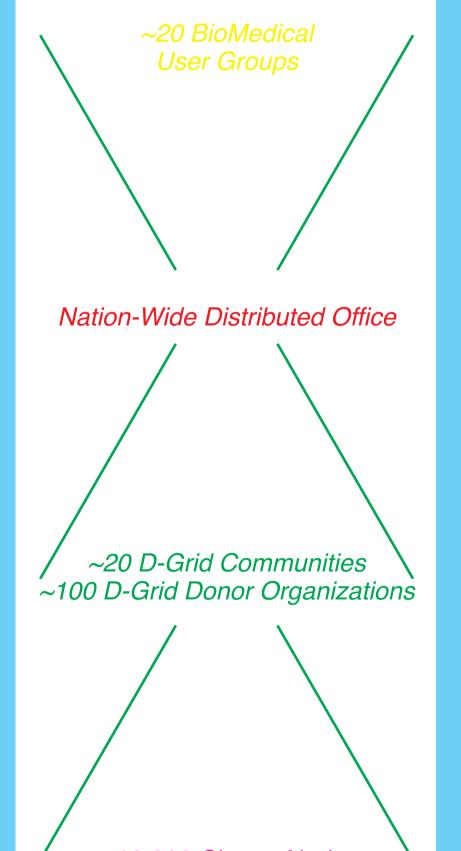
Module Biomedical Informatics: - user projects in clinical imaging

Module Clinical Imaging - user projects in clinical imaging

Module e-Science: - general research on e-grid science

Services@MediGRID:

**Fig. 3:** The main organization structure of MediGRID is determined by user groups, which access via a central portal (organized by a decentral office) the distributed resources donated by different local organizations, which run cluster computers at their local institutions



~10,000 Cluster Nodes

### i.e. Local PC Donors

# AUTOPOIETIC **SOCIAL SYSTEMS**

The challenge of integrating resources in a virtualized manner involves naturally all stakeholders of society as e.g. the ECG and MediGRID organization (Fig. 1 -4). The existence of an inverse tragedy of the commons in the grid sector and its macro and micro social aspects point to the major importance of the complexity of the interaction of the social sub-systems. I.e. that the social systems theory by Niklas Luhmann (1927-1998) - based on the autopoietic concept of Humberto Maturana and Francisco Varela (1946-2001) - can be used as the most advanced social systems theory to describe the huge complexity of the macro sociality of the grid phenomenon. Consequently, many of the conundrums appearing during the internalization of grids into society become evident and are in agreement

- Religion	
- Education	
- Science	=> Currently grid involves only cons
- Art	
- Economy	

to the existence of an inverse tragedy of the commons. To exploit those resources both the autopoietic tragedy of social sub-subsystems and the individual risk psychology have to be integrated in a human ecology manner both on the micro and macro level. Consequently, the grid challenge in IT of virtualizing the huge and largely available hardware resources can be made achieved by e-Human "Grid" Ecology which on the operational level means the participative integration of individual applyers with the set-up of open and sustainable management structures complying to autopoietic e-Social sub-systems. Consequently, e-Human "Grid" Ecology can serve as a solution for the inverse tragedy of the commons and its challenge in many sectors as e.g. in the renewable energy sector and thus the climate problem.

e-HUMAN "GRID"

ECOLOGY

~2,000 Medical Secured

# GRID **PSYCHOLOGY**

Each implementation and internalization of a new technology is based on a positive relation between the risk and the profit involved. Every society is constituted by its individuals, thus the challenge of integrating resources in a virtualized manner involves as a matter of fact the individual human beings of the different institutionalized stakeholders of society. These individuals shape the individual actions of e.g. the ECG and MediGRID organization according to their function in a social sub-system. How an individual is perceiving the risk/profit ratio depends on its personal individual risk psychology matrix. The personal position and the code of the social sub-systems constitute a complex conflict field whose state determines the success of the actions of both the



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e-Human "Grid" Ecology

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### Abstract

With ever-new technologies emerging also the amount of information to be stored and processed is growing exponentially and is believed to be always at the limit. In contrast, however, huge resources are available in the IT sector alike e.g. the renewable energy sector, which are often even not at all used. This under-usage bares any rational especially in the IT sector where e.g. virtualisation and grid approaches could be fast implemented due to the great technical and fast turnover opportunities. Here, we describe this obvious paradox for the first time as the Inverse Tragedy of the Commons, in contrast to the Classical Tragedy of the Commons where resources are overexploited. From this perspective the grid IT sector attempting to share resources for better efficiency, reveals two challenges leading to the heart of the paradox: i) From a macro perspective all grid infrastructures involve not only mere technical solutions but also dominantly all of the autopoietic social sub-systems ranging from religion to policy. ii) On the micro level the individual players and their psychology and risk behaviour are of major importance for acting within the macro autopoietic framework. Thus, the challenges of grid implementation are similar to those of e.g. climate protection. This is well described by the classic Human Ecology triangle and our extension to a rectangle: environment-individual-society-environment. Extension of this classical interdisciplinary field of basic and applied research to an e-Human Grid Ecology rational, allows the Inverse Tragedy of the Commons of the grid sector to be understood and approached better and implies obvious guidelines in the day-to-day management for grid and other (networked) resources, which is of importance for many fields with similar paradoxes as in (e-)society.

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#### Keywords:

Human ecology, e-human grid ecology, society, social systems, e-social challenge, inverse tragedy of the commons, grid phenomenon, parallel super computing, grid computing, volunteer computing, micro-sociality, macro-sociality, autopoietic tragedy of social sub-systems, micro subsystems, macro subsystems, micro operationality, grid psychology micro riskmanagement, macro riskmanagement, information browser, visual data base access, holistic viewing system, integrative data management, extreme visualization, three-dimensional virtual environment, virtual paper tool.

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