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NEWS

The '2015 European guideline on the management of *Chlamydia trachomatis* infections' has now been published

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On 24 November 2015, the evidence-based '2015 European guideline on the management of *Chlamydia trachomatis* infections' was published online [1]. This guideline is a comprehensively updated version of the 2010 European *C. trachomatis* guideline [2] and provides up-to-date and detailed guidance regarding the testing, diagnosis, treatment and general management of *C. trachomatis* infections in Europe. The important updates include, for example:

- broader indications for testing and treatment of *C. trachomatis infections*;
- clearer recommendation of using exclusively validated and quality assured highly sensitive and specific nucleic acid amplification tests for diagnosis;
- advice on (repeated) *C. trachomatis* testing;
- recommendations of increased testing particularly at sexually transmitted infections and sexual health clinics to reduce the incidence of pelvic inflammatory disease and prevent exposure to infection;
- recommendations to identify, verify and report C. trachomatis variants.

Details are also available in the newly launched guideline regarding the aetiology, transmission, clearance, epidemiology and taxonomy of *C. trachomatis*, clinical features, recommended diagnostics (including quality assurance), advice for *C. trachomatis* infected patients, indications for therapy, recommended and alternative treatment regimens for urogenital and extragenital *C. trachomatis* infections, contact tracing and management, and the notification of *C. trachomatis* cases [1]. For further details regarding background, evidence base of recommendations and discussions, see also the published background review for the guideline [3].

C. trachomatis infection, which most frequently is asymptomatic, is the most common bacterial sexually transmitted infection and a major public health concern globally. In 2012, the World Health Organization (WHO) estimated 130.9 million urogenital cases among adults worldwide (8.9 million in the WHO European region) [4]. In the European Union (EU) and European Economic Area (EEA), 384,555 chlamydial cases were reported in 26/31 EU/EEA Member States (incidence: 182 cases per 100,000 population) in 2013. The incidence was higher among females (incidence: 207) than in males (incidence: 153) [5]. The true incidence is certainly significantly higher, due to the asymptomatic nature of chlamydial infection, lack of sufficient testing, appropriate diagnostic methods and surveillance systems across Europe. For example, 83% of all cases were reported in four countries (Denmark, Norway, Sweden and the UK). Two thirds of all chlamydial infections were reported in the 15-24 years age group, with the highest incidence among females 20 to 24 years of age (incidence: 1,717). Heterosexual transmission accounted for 88% of cases. In countries reporting consistently between 2004 and 2013, the overall reporting rate has increased by 68%.

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