A grand model for chemical product design - DTU Orbit (09/11/2017)

A grand model for chemical product design

Chemical engineering has been expanding its focus from primarily business-to-business products (B2B) to business-toconsumer (B2C) products. The production of B2B products generally emphasizes on process design and optimization, whereas the production of B2C products focuses on product quality, ingredients and structure. Market and competitive analysis, government policies and regulations have to be explicitly considered in product design. All these considerations are accounted for in the Grand Product Design Model, which consists of a process model, a property model, a quality model, a cost model, a pricing model, an economic model as well as factors such as company strategy, government policies and regulations. This article introduces the model and highlights selected aspects of the model with two case studies. One is a die attach adhesive that illustrates how pricing affects profitability, and how product composition changes with market conditions. Another is a hand lotion that illustrates how product quality affects the profit.(C) 2016 Elsevier Ltd. All rights reserved.

General information

State: Published Organisations: Department of Chemical and Biochemical Engineering, CAPEC-PROCESS, Hong Kong University of Science and Technology Authors: Fung, K. Y. (Ekstern), Ng, K. M. (Ekstern), Zhang, L. (Intern), Gani, R. (Intern) Pages: 15-27 Publication date: 2016 Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences

Publication information

Journal: Computers and Chemical Engineering Volume: 91 ISSN (Print): 0098-1354 Ratings: BFI (2017): BFI-level 2 Web of Science (2017): Indexed yes BFI (2016): BFI-level 2 Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 3.39 SJR 1.008 SNIP 1.607 Web of Science (2016): Indexed yes BFI (2015): BFI-level 2 Scopus rating (2015): SJR 1.122 SNIP 1.724 CiteScore 3.04 Web of Science (2015): Indexed yes BFI (2014): BFI-level 2 Scopus rating (2014): SJR 1.184 SNIP 1.738 CiteScore 3.22 Web of Science (2014): Indexed yes BFI (2013): BFI-level 2 Scopus rating (2013): SJR 1.223 SNIP 1.776 CiteScore 3.06 ISI indexed (2013): ISI indexed yes Web of Science (2013): Indexed yes BFI (2012): BFI-level 2 Scopus rating (2012): SJR 1.161 SNIP 1.92 CiteScore 3.05 ISI indexed (2012): ISI indexed yes Web of Science (2012): Indexed yes BFI (2011): BFI-level 2 Scopus rating (2011): SJR 1.185 SNIP 1.736 CiteScore 2.8 ISI indexed (2011): ISI indexed yes Web of Science (2011): Indexed yes BFI (2010): BFI-level 2 Scopus rating (2010): SJR 1.176 SNIP 1.796 Web of Science (2010): Indexed yes BFI (2009): BFI-level 2 Scopus rating (2009): SJR 1.154 SNIP 2.166 Web of Science (2009): Indexed yes BFI (2008): BFI-level 2 Scopus rating (2008): SJR 1.293 SNIP 2.127

Web of Science (2008): Indexed yes Scopus rating (2007): SJR 1.625 SNIP 1.959 Web of Science (2007): Indexed yes Scopus rating (2006): SJR 1.304 SNIP 1.936 Scopus rating (2005): SJR 1.314 SNIP 1.953 Web of Science (2005): Indexed yes Scopus rating (2004): SJR 1.125 SNIP 1.908 Web of Science (2004): Indexed yes Scopus rating (2003): SJR 1.348 SNIP 1.936 Scopus rating (2002): SJR 1.042 SNIP 0.92 Web of Science (2002): Indexed yes Scopus rating (2001): SJR 0.955 SNIP 0.728 Web of Science (2001): Indexed yes Scopus rating (2000): SJR 1.366 SNIP 1.025 Web of Science (2000): Indexed yes Scopus rating (1999): SJR 1.073 SNIP 1.113 Original language: English Product design, Product ingredients, Product structure, Product price, Government policies DOIs: 10.1016/j.compchemeng.2016.03.009 Source: FindIt Source-ID: 2302961683 Publication: Research - peer-review > Journal article - Annual report year: 2016